



**WILDLIFE MANAGEMENT & MITIGATION PLAN  
FOR  
TUMKUR BRANCH CANAL, UPPER BHADRA PROJECT**



**KARNATAKA FOREST DEPARTMENT  
GOVERNMENT OF KARNATAKA**



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## ABBREVIATIONS

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BPL	Below Poverty Line
CA	Compensatory Afforestation
CH	Chainage
ESZ	Eco-Sensitive Zone
GoI	Government of India
GoK	Government of Karnataka
KSNDMC	Karnataka State Natural Disaster Monitoring Centre
MoEF&CC	Ministry of Environment, Forest & Climate Change
NBWL	National Board for Wildlife
RF	Reserve Forest
SBWL	State Board for Wildlife
TBC	Tumkur Branch Canal
WLS	Wild Life Sanctuary

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## 1.1 Preamble

Upper Bhadra lift irrigation Scheme envisages lifting of 17.40 TMC of water in first stage from Tunga River to existing Bhadra reservoir and lifting of 29.90 TMC of water in second stage from Bhadra reservoir to Tunnel near Ajjampura in Tungabhadra sub-basin of Krishna basin. After Tunnel, through Chitradurga Branch Canal and Tumkur Branch Canal, it is planned to irrigate an extent of 2,25,515 ha by drip irrigation in districts of Chikmagalur, Chitradurga, Tumkur and Davangere. Out of 29.90 TMC of water, 19.04 TMC of water is earmarked for irrigation and remaining 10.86 TMC is allocated for filling of MI tanks. Ministry of Environment, Forests and Climate Change (MoEF&CC), Govt. of India accorded Environmental Clearance for the proposed project vide letter nos. J-12011/7/2009-IA.I dated 05.01.2010 and J-12011/7/2009-IA.I (Vol-II) dated 10.07.2017. The map showing the command area of the project is enclosed as Annexure-I.

Earlier, the proposed project involves diversion of 318.62 Ha of forest land for the construction of main canal from Tunga River to Bhadra Reservoir (96.95 Ha) for which the process for obtaining Stage-II Forest Clearance is under process; Bhadra Reservoir to Ajjampura tunnel (110.10 Ha) and Chitradurga Branch Canal (111.57 Ha) for which Stage II Forest Clearance has been obtained from MoEF&CC, GoI. However, in case of Chitradurga Branch Canal, the Forest Land requirement has been reduced to 91.89 Ha and the same has been communicated to Forest Department for onward submission to MoEF&CC.

The project components of Package-I of Upper Bhadra Project were proposed at a distance of 1 Km from the Bhadra Tiger Reserve and it falls within the ESZ of Bhadra Wildlife Sanctuary. In view of this, recommendation from NBWL was obtained vide Ltr. No. F. No. 6-119/2107 WL; dt: 21.07.2017.

Further, an additional forest land of 60.10 Ha belonging to Udugere RF (9.28 ha) in Kadur Taluk, Chikkamagalur District and Bukkapatna RF (50.82 Ha) of Sira Taluk, Tumkur District is required for construction of Tumkur Branch Canal. Of which the proposed forest land to be diverted within Bukkapatna RF i.e., 50.82 Ha falls within the “Bukkapatna Chinkara Wildlife Sanctuary”. Hence, the proposal requires recommendation of NBWL through SBWL. The map showing the alignment of TBC in Bukkapatna Chinkara WLS is as given below;

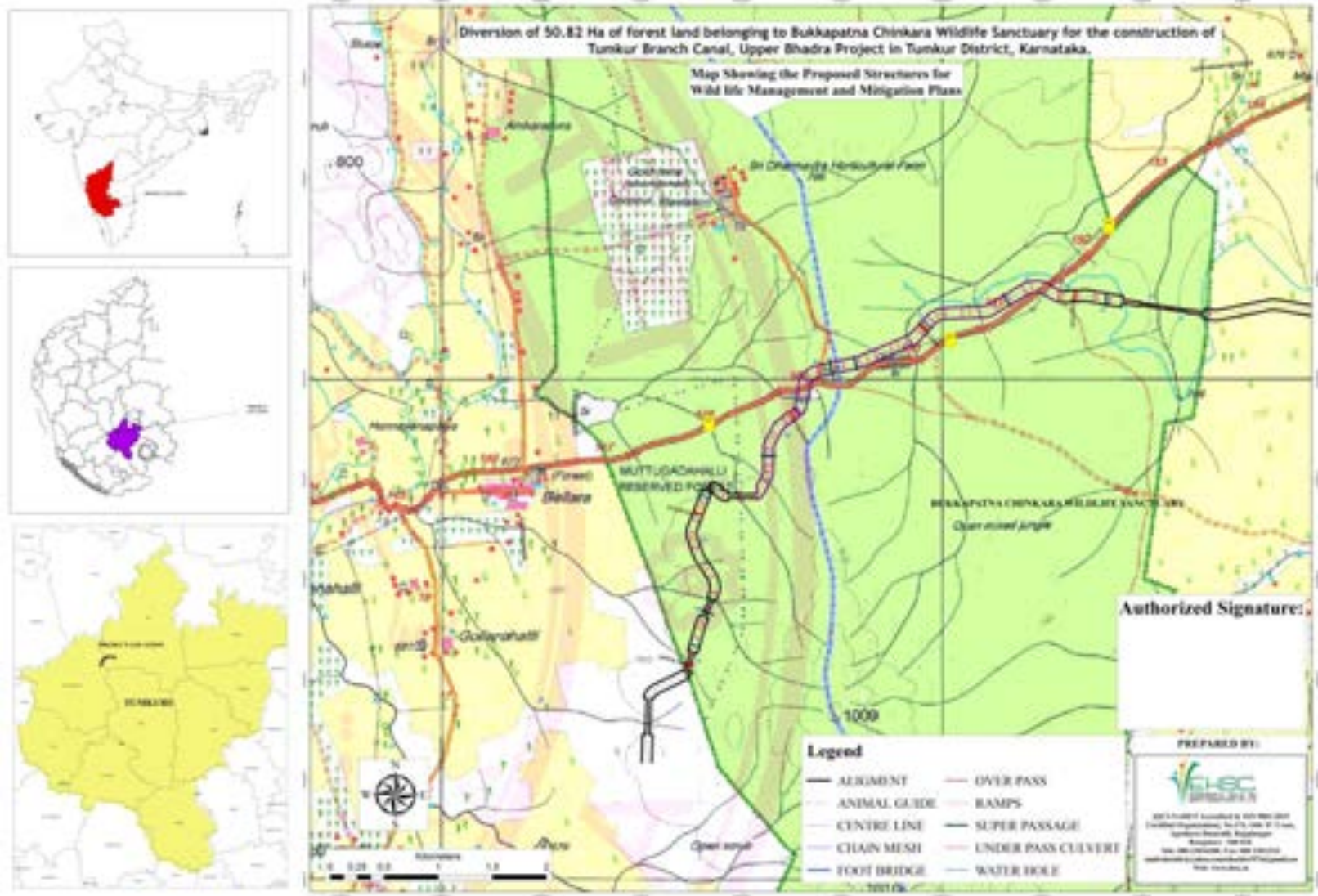


Figure 1 Map showing the location and alignment of Tumkur Branch Canal in Bukkapatna Chinkara WLS.

## **1.2 Need for the Project**

Challakere, Hiriya, Holalkere, Molakalmuru and Hosadurga Taluks in Chitradurga district, Jagalur Taluk in Davanagere district and Chicknayakanahalli, Pavagada and Sira Taluks are declared as severely drought affected Taluks by Karnataka State Natural Disaster Monitoring Centre (KSNDMC). Most of the families in the district are Below Poverty Line (BPL) and the agriculture is dwindling due to the unusual rainfall. Agriculture is the main economic source of income coupled with low annual rainfall of the order of 574 mm is posing threat to the livelihood and income of the people. Large variance in annual rainfall and uncertainty within a year causes the agriculture a risky venture. The people of the region have no other employment opportunities except agriculture. Hence providing irrigation and stabilizing the agricultural production, provides a much needed relief to the people. It improves the per capita income and standard of living of the people.

Excessive use of nitrate based fertilizers in the aforesaid Taluks, as well as presence of fluoride underground has resulted in contamination of ground water. This has made water unpalatable and unhealthy for human consumption. Hence, there is a need to provide the drinking water for human and domestic consumption and recharging the existing tanks to dilute the excess salts is of primary concern.

In this context, the project aims at providing sustainable irrigation facilities in Kharif season, recharge the ground water table and provide drinking water by filling 367 tanks in drought-prone taluks of the above said districts.

The benefits of Tumkur Branch Canal (TBC) under Upper Bhadra Project are as follows;

1. The area under TBC is dry facing erratic rainfall and droughts that are common in the region and the TBC runs for about 158 Km from Ajjampura Tunnel thereby helps in mitigating drought conditions of the region.
2. A total of 375 villages will be benefitted upon implementation of TBC.

3. TBC is planning to irrigate 84,900 Ha of command area in Chikkamagalur District (22130 Ha), Chitradurga District (43555 Ha) and Tumkur District (19215 Ha).
4. The objectives of TBC include providing drinking water supply and underground recharge along with filling up of 131 MI tanks in 3 districts.

### **1.3 Need for Wildlife Management Plan**

Out of 60.1 Ha of forest land required for construction of Tumkur Branch Canal (TBC), 50.82 Ha of forest land belongs to Bukkapatna RF which has been notified as “Bukkapatna Chinkara Wildlife Sanctuary” vide GoK Notification No: FEE 63 FWL 2019; dt: 16.05.2019. The total area of the sanctuary is 13611.47 Ha which acts as a unique habitat for all 3 types of Antelopes viz., Four horned antelope, Black buck and Chinkara along with other Scheduled species such as Bear, Leopard, Hyena, Indian Wolf, etc. About 25 mammals, 12 amphibians, 28 reptiles, 54 butterflies and 160 avifaunal species are found in general in this forest.

Wildlife habitat is considered as the environment used by an animal and is essential for food, mating, cover and other requirements for survival. Any disturbance or loss of such habitat will have adverse effect on the overall population of the animals which live in that area. Whereas, linear projects such as irrigation canal is important to the country for economic growth and to meet the demands of basic needs of the people. Hence, incorporating the ecological considerations into modern design techniques will result in favorable win to win approach to safeguard the interests of both wildlife and people.

In this context, the objectives of the present Wildlife Management & Mitigation plan are as follows;

- To provide a plan to mitigate the impacts due to construction of canal inside the forest areas.
- To provide wildlife-crossings at suitable places, which are comfortable and conducive for wildlife movement across the proposed canal.

- There are no sources of water for the wildlife of the Bukkapatna Chinkara WLS except Boranakanive Lake located about 6 Km from the sanctuary and 2 non perennial lakes located within the sanctuary.
- To provide structures such as crossings, overpass bridges, culverts, water holes, etc so as not to disrupt the wildlife behaviour and its activities.
- To improve the habitat factors by augmenting the availability of water to wildlife during pinch period and by carrying out plantation of suitable species.
- To ensure the safety of wildlife by erecting chain link mesh fence along the canal abutting the NH-234 for about 4.5 Km to prevent road kills and accidental falls into the canal.
- There are no existing Wildlife structures proposed as part of NH-234 which is further proposed to be converted into a four lane highway. The Wildlife Management & Mitigation plan under TBC provides necessary wildlife crossings and structures essential for the wildlife activities and movements along the canal which abuts the NH-234 for about 4.5 Km length.
- Monitor of wildlife crossings and study the long-term impacts.

**2.1 TUMKUR BRANCH CANAL**

The Tumkur Branch canal involves diversion of 60.1 Ha of Forest land belonging to Udugere RF (9.28 Ha) in Kadur Taluk, Chikmagalur District and Bukkapatna RF / Bukkapatna Chinkara WLS (50.82 Ha) of Sira Taluk, Tumkur District. The total length of Tumkur Branch Canal is 1,59,684 m; out of which, 7,547 m from CH 150.735 Km to CH.158.282 Km falls within the Bukkapatna Chinkara WLS. The proposed Tumkur Branch Canal abuts the NH-234 for about 4.5 Km from CH.153.785 to 156.875 Km within Bukkapatna Chinkara Wildlife Sanctuary. The proposed TBC passes along the middle of the Bukkapatna Chinkara WLS thereby avoiding creation of isolated fragments of the WLS. The proposed alignment of Tumkur Branch Canal was considered after carrying out detailed studies involving 4 alternatives at Bukkapatna RF. The proposed alignment was found to be techno-economically feasible since it was finalized based on the irrigation contours and is also considered to involve the barest minimum forest area compared to the other alternatives. The map showing alternative analysis for the proposed alignment of TBC is given as Annexure - II

The project attracts provisions of Forest (Conservation) Act, 1980 and Wildlife (Protection) Act, 1972 and requires approval from Regional Office, MoEF&CC and NBWL through SBWL respectively for diversion of Forest and Wildlife land. The application seeking prior approval of Central Government under Section 2 of Forest (Conservation) Act, 1980 has been submitted to the Deputy Conservator of Forest and District Commissioner of Tumkur and Chikmagalur Districts respectively on 18.07.2019 for onward site visits and Stage - I approval.

The SoI map and Geo-referenced maps showing the alignment of TBC in Bukkapatna Chinkara WLS are annexed as Annexure- III & IV respectively. The chainage wise details of forest land required for the construction of TBC along with GPRS Coordinates in Bukkapatna Chinkara Wildlife Sanctuary are as given below;

Table 1 Forest land required for diversion to construct Tumkur Branch Canal, Bukkapatna WLS.

Sr. No	Village Limits	Survey No	Chainage		Length of canal in Mtrs.	Canal width in Mtrs.	Land Required in ha
			From	To			
1	BELLARA	38	150735	150773	38	70	0.27
2		38	150773	150944	171	35	0.6
3		38	150944	151299	355	70	2.49
4		38	151299	151357	58	31	0.18
5		37				4	0.02
6		38	151357	151483	126	3	0.04
7		37				32	0.4
8		37	151483	151533	50	60	0.3
9		33				10	0.05
10		37	151533	151574	41	10	0.04
11		33				60	0.25
12		33	151574	151710	136	70	0.95
13		37	151710	151852	142	20	0.28
14		33				50	0.71
15		37	151852	152034	182	60	1.09
16		33				10	0.18
17		35	152034	152423	389	70	2.72
18		33	152423	152570	147	20	0.29
19		35				50	0.74
20		35	152570	152604	34	15	0.05
21		33				15	0.05
22		33	152604	152629	25	30	0.08
23		33	152629	152819	190	70	1.33
24		33	152819	152949	130	40	0.52
25		32	152949	153078	129	40	0.52
26		32	153078	153973	895	70	6.27
27		32	153973	154000	27	30	0.08
28		32	154000	154225	225	80	1.8
29		32	154225	154240	15	75	0.11
30		Road				5	0.01
31		32	154240	154267	27	4	0.01
32		31				5	0.01
33		Road				71	0.19
34		31	154267	154277	10	75	0.08
35		Road				5	0.01

Sr. No	Village Limits	Survey No	Chainage		Length of canal	Canal width	Land Required
36		31	154277	154573	296	80	2.37
<b>TOTAL</b>					<b>3838</b>		<b>25.08</b>
1	KANAVIRAMPURA	1	154573	156743	2170	80	17.36
<b>TOTAL</b>					<b>2170</b>		<b>17.36</b>
1	BUDDIGUDDADAKAVALU	22	156743	157022	279	80	2.23
2		22	157022	157044	22	60	0.13
3		23				20	0.04
4		22	157044	157068	24	10	0.02
5		23				70	0.17
6		23	157068	157453	385	80	3.08
7		23	157453	157543	90	40	0.36
8		23	157543	158123	580	25	1.45
9		23	158123	158195	72	35	0.25
10		23	158195	158228	33	70	0.23
11		23	158228	158282	54	75	0.41
<b>TOTAL</b>					<b>1539</b>		<b>8.38</b>
<b>TOTAL EXTENT IN BUKKAPATNA CHINKARA WLS</b>					<b>7547</b>		<b>50.81</b>

Table 2: GPRS Coordinates of Forest land to be diverted for the construction of Tumkur Branch Canal in Bukkapatna Chinkara WLS.

Sl.No	GPRS Point	Latitude	Longitude	Sl.No	GPRS Point	Latitude	Longitude
1	Sp 1	13.600100°	76.687075°	39	Dp 56	13.615620°	76.689325°
2	Dp 3	13.600209°	76.687292°	40	Dp 56	13.615620°	76.689325°
3	DP 4	13.600582°	76.687401°	41	Dp 58	13.615536°	76.689417°
4	Dp 5	13.600629°	76.687255°	42	Dp 60	13.615455°	76.689492°
5	Sp 3	13.601042°	76.687374°	43	Dp 62	13.615156°	76.689811°
6	Sp 6	13.601545°	76.687523°	44	Dp 64	13.615040°	76.689967°
7	Dp 5	13.602108°	76.687685°	45	Dp 66	13.614968°	76.690222°
8	Dp 7	13.602073°	76.687843°	46	Dp 68	13.614965°	76.690534°
9	Sp 7	13.602828°	76.688063°	47	Dp 69	13.615093°	76.690537°
10	SP 9	13.603684°	76.688312°	48	Sp 20	13.615105°	76.691049°
11	SP 11	13.604525°	76.688558°	49	Sp 22	13.615092°	76.691756°
12	Dp 9	13.605090°	76.688806°	50	Sp 24	13.615080°	76.692252°
13	Dp 10	13.605158°	76.688646°	51	Sp 26	13.615092°	76.692557°
14	Sp 14	13.605832°	76.688940°	52	Dp 72	13.615209°	76.692922°
15	DP 13	13.606683°	76.689314°	53	Dp 73	13.615078°	76.692922°
16	DP 15	13.606630°	76.689470°	54	Dp 76	13.615199°	76.693123°
17	DP 17	13.607191°	76.689693°	55	Dp 77	13.615340°	76.693280°

Sl.No	GPRS Point	Latitude	Longitude	Sl.No	GPRS Point	Latitude	Longitude
18	Dp 19	13.607645°	76.689745°	56	Dp 78	13.615597°	76.693476°
19	Dp 21	13.608150°	76.689684°	57	Sp 27	13.616142°	76.693750°
20	Dp 23	13.608744°	76.689458°	58	Sp 29	13.616692°	76.694031°
21	Dp 25	13.609258°	76.689106°	59	Sp 31	13.616892°	76.694119°
22	Dp 27	13.609838°	76.688728°	60	Sp33	13.617040°	76.694171°
23	DP 29	13.610354°	76.688382°	61	Sp 35	13.617208°	76.694193°
24	Dp 31	13.611658°	76.687910°	62	Sp 37	13.617374°	76.694194°
25	Dp 33	13.612014°	76.687824°	63	Sp 39	13.618318°	76.694211°
26	Dp 35	13.612318°	76.687809°	64	Sp 40	13.619401°	76.694231°
27	Dp 37	13.612622°	76.687892°	65	Sp 43	13.619554°	76.694280°
28	SP 13A	13.613301°	76.688186°	66	Sp 45	13.620946°	76.695029°
29	Sp 15	13.614044°	76.688448°	67	Sp 47	13.621495°	76.695753°
30	Sp 17	13.614676°	76.688706°	68	Dp 80	13.621841°	76.696245°
31	Dp 41	13.615353°	76.688980°	69	Dp 81	13.621977°	76.696147°
32	Dp 39	13.615428°	76.688819°	70	Dp 83	13.622125°	76.696358°
33	Dp 43	13.615618°	76.688901°	71	Dp 86	13.621954°	76.696496°
34	Dp 45	13.615724°	76.688969°	72	Dp 87	13.622114°	76.696715°
35	Dp 47	13.615744°	76.689000°	73	Dp 88	13.622286°	76.696840°
36	Dp 49	13.615557°	76.689070°	74	Sp 49	13.622797°	76.696971°
37	Dp 51	13.615656°	76.689158°	75	Sp 51	13.623586°	76.697132°
38	Dp 53	13.615702°	76.689248°	76	Sp 53	13.624534°	76.697267°
82	Sp 55	13.624703°	76.697314°	125	Sp 86	13.632395°	76.717745°
83	Sp 57	13.624891°	76.697430°	126	Sp 83	13.632797°	76.717123°
84	Sp 59	13.625138°	76.697665°	127	Sp 81	13.633118°	76.716238°
85	Sp 63	13.625267°	76.697985°	128	Sp79	13.632970°	76.715365°
86	Sp 64	13.625643°	76.699684°	129	Sp 77	13.630996°	76.712010°
87	Sp 66	13.626112°	76.701661°	130	Sp 75	13.630924°	76.711546°
88	Sp 68	13.627911°	76.705903°	131	Sp 73	13.630635°	76.707867°
89	Sp 70	13.629669°	76.707592°	132	Sp 71	13.630280°	76.707199°
90	Sp 72	13.629987°	76.708201°	133	Sp 69	13.628582°	76.705623°
91	Sp 74	13.630188°	76.711517°	134	Sp 67	13.626813°	76.701458°
92	Sp 76	13.630283°	76.712153°	135	Sp 65	13.626357°	76.699545°
93	Sp 78	13.632299°	76.715625°	136	Sp 64	13.625947°	76.697713°
94	Sp 80	13.632355°	76.716325°	137	Sp 62	13.625799°	76.697381°
95	Sp 82	13.632043°	76.716913°	138	Sp 61	13.625628°	76.697127°
96	Sp 85	13.631669°	76.717611°	139	Sp 60	13.625455°	76.696955°
97	Sp 87	13.631588°	76.718397°	140	Sp 58	13.625183°	76.696740°
98	Sp 89	13.631641°	76.719212°	141	Sp 56	13.624936°	76.696615°
99	Sp 91	13.631690°	76.719998°	142	Sp 54	13.624607°	76.696525°

Sl.No	GPRS Point	Latitude	Longitude	Sl.No	GPRS Point	Latitude	Longitude
100	Sp 93	13.631196°	76.723012°	143	Sp 52	13.623789°	76.696432°
101	Sp 95	13.631373°	76.723059°	144	Sp 50	13.623181°	76.696312°
102	Sp 97	13.631260°	76.723878°	145	Dp 89	13.622623°	76.696177°
103	Sp 99	13.631330°	76.723900°	146	Dp 85	13.622537°	76.696055°
104	Sp 101	13.630534°	76.729191°	147	Dp 84	13.622351°	76.696183°
105	Sp 102	13.630489°	76.729189°	148	Dp 82	13.622220°	76.695989°
106	Sp 105	13.630383°	76.729839°	149	Dp 79	13.622362°	76.695876°
107	Sp 107	13.630265°	76.729828°	150	Sp 48	13.622006°	76.695383°
108	Sp 109	13.630217°	76.730115°	151	Sp 46	13.621336°	76.694528°
109	Sp 111	13.630167°	76.730122°	152	Sp 44	13.619852°	76.693708°
110	Sp 113	13.630093°	76.730607°	153	Sp 42	13.619726°	76.693654°
111	Sp 114	13.630756°	76.730702°	154	Sp 41	13.619508°	76.693603°
112	Sp 112	13.630834°	76.730225°	155	Sp 38	13.618336°	76.693564°
113	Sp 110	13.630817°	76.730216°	156	Sp 36	13.617509°	76.693548°
114	Sp 108	13.630856°	76.729922°	157	Sp 34	13.617352°	76.693551°
115	Sp 106	13.630702°	76.729889°	158	Sp 32	13.617209°	76.693540°
116	Sp 104	13.630802°	76.729237°	159	Sp 30	13.616997°	76.693469°
117	Sp 103	13.630765°	76.729234°	160	Sp 28	13.616532°	76.693233°
118	Sp 100	13.631565°	76.723939°	161	Sp 28	13.616532°	76.693233°
119	Sp 98	13.631613°	76.723937°	162	Dp 75	13.615969°	76.692938°
120	Sp 96	13.631733°	76.723124°	163	Dp 74	13.615686°	76.692928°
121	Sp 94	13.631917°	76.723136°	157	Dp 71	13.615564°	76.692778°
122	Sp 92	13.632402°	76.719957°	158	Sp 25	13.615461°	76.692559°
123	Sp 90	13.632356°	76.719286°	159	Sp 23	13.615446°	76.692312°
124	Sp 88	13.632308°	76.718476°	160	Sp 21	13.615443°	76.691768°
161	Sp 19	13.615447°	76.691094°	185	Dp 28	13.609587°	76.688123°
162	Dp 70	13.615462°	76.690541°	186	Dp 26	13.609038°	76.688476°
163	Dp 67	13.615597°	76.690527°	187	Dp 24	13.608594°	76.688780°
164	Dp 65	13.615612°	76.690258°	188	Dp 22	13.608187°	76.689004°
165	Dp 63	13.615751°	76.690106°	189	Dp 20	13.607735°	76.689098°
166	Dp 61	13.616031°	76.689816°	190	Dp 18	13.607313°	76.689051°
167	Dp 59	13.616205°	76.689646°	191	DP 16	13.606876°	76.688881°
168	Dp 57	13.616322°	76.689465°	192	Dp 14	13.606794°	76.689055°
169	Dp 54	13.616352°	76.689212°	193	Sp 13	13.605953°	76.688695°
170	Sp 52	13.616298°	76.689020°	194	Dp 11	13.605273°	76.688394°
171	DP 50	13.616212°	76.688848°	195	DP 12	13.605337°	76.688214°
172	Dp 48	13.616026°	76.688909°	196	SP 12	13.604733°	76.687950°
173	Dp 46	13.615947°	76.688820°	197	Sp 10	13.603928°	76.687716°
174	Dp 44	13.615810°	76.688703°	198	SP 8	13.603065°	76.687460°

<b>Sl.No</b>	<b>GPRS Point</b>	<b>Latitude</b>	<b>Longitude</b>		<b>Sl.No</b>	<b>GPRS Point</b>	<b>Latitude</b>	<b>Longitude</b>
175	Dp 40	13.615533°	76.688562°		199	Dp 8	13.602247°	76.687220°
176	Dp 42	13.615601°	76.688384°		200	Dp 6	13.602203°	76.687379°
177	Sp 18	13.614918°	76.688111°		201	Sp 5	13.601654°	76.687221°
178	Sp 16	13.614330°	76.687882°		202	Sp 4	13.601137°	76.687064°
179	Sp 14	13.613611°	76.687607°		203	Dp 2	13.600718°	76.686941°
180	Dp 38	13.612795°	76.687260°		204	Dp 1	13.600743°	76.686823°
181	Dp 36	13.612402°	76.687175°		205	Sp 2	13.600353°	76.686971°
182	Dp 34	13.612005°	76.687165°					
183	DP 32	13.611591°	76.687248°					
184	Dp 30	13.610132°	76.687770°					

The forests of Tumkur Division consist of a wealth of deciduous species topping a thorny undergrowth typical of maidan areas of Karnataka. According to Champion & Seth (1968), Tumkur Forest Division falls under group five of Southern tropical dry deciduous forests. Low, stunted, brandy poles, and diffuse crown contribute to make up a patchy forest canopy. The tree growth is poor on account of many unfavorable factors such as inadequate rainfall, poor shallow soils and biotic factors.

### 3.1 Flora in Bukkapatna Chinkara WLS

- The forest area (Bukkapatna Chinkara WLS) proposed for diversion belongs to Bukkapatna Range of Tumkur Division.
- According to Champion & Seth (1968), the forest land of Bukkapatna Chinkara WLS belongs to the category “Dry thorny scrub forests”.
- Due to biotic factors like lopping, felling, excessive grazing, recurrent fires, poor and unevenly distributed rainfall and hilly nature, large areas of dry deciduous forests have degraded to poorer forest types.
- The trees tends to be bushy and stunted and do not grow more than five meters tall.
- The tree components are almost same as in dry deciduous forests but are distributed sparsely and vary very much in frequency of their occurrence.
- The main tree species includes *Acacia sp.*, *Albizia amara*, *Anogeissus latifolia*, *Bauhinia racemosa*, *Butea monosperma*, *Dalbergia paniculata*, *Ixora arborea*, *Semecarpus anacardium*, *Strychnos potatorum*, *Wrightia tinctoria*, *Tectona grandis*, *Grewia hirsuta*, *Morinda pubescens*, *Hardwickia binata*, *Phyllanthus emblica*, *Cassia fistula*, *Eucalyptus citriodor* and *Albizia lebbeck*.
- The undergrowth has *Canthium parviflora*, *Erythroxylum monogynum*, *Randia dumetorum*, *Pterolobium hexapetalum*, *Lantana camara*, *Dodonaea viscosa*, *Cassia auriculata* and others.

### 3.2 Demand & timber and non timber forest produce

The important forest products of utility in the division are timber, small timber, non-timber forest products like tamarind, seethaphala, maradi seeds, honey wax, thatching grass, medicinal plants, myrobolams, *Eucalyptus* and *Casuarina* poles. In general the following are the species identified in the forests of division which cater to the needs of timber, small timber, non-timber forest products, fruits, fodder and other cultural needs. Industrial requirement of mineral is also met to some extent. The cement factory at Ammasandra is the principal consumer of limestone quarried from nearby forests.

- **Timber and small timber:** *Acacia nilotica*, *Acacia auriculiformis*, *Albizia spp*, *Azadirachta indica*, *Eucalyptus* and *Casuarina* poles.
- **Bamboo:** *Dendrocalamus strictus*, *Bambusa bambos*.
- **Non-timber forest products:** *Tamarindus indica*, *Diospyros sp*, *Annona squamosa*, *Buchanania spp*, myrobolams, honey and medicinal plants.
- **Trees considered culturally important:** *Aegle marmelos*, *Azadirachta indica*, *Ficus bengalensis*, *Ficus religiosa*, *Madhuca indica* etc.
- **Minerals:** Iron, manganese and limestone.



Bukkapatna Chinkara WLS

### 4.1 Fauna in thorn and scrub forests of Tumkur Division

Though the forest cover is not substantial, the forests are inhabited by a variety of animal life. However, larger animals are scarce in the district. The predominant fauna of the thorn and shrub forests of Tumkur Division includes Sloth bears, Black bucks, Wild sheeps, panthers and hares. Some of the other fauna in the Division includes;

- **Mammals:** Common langur, Common fox, Fruit bat, Hyena, Indian porcupine, Indian wolf, Jackal, Jungle cat, Mice, Mongoose, Rat, Squirrel, Spotted deer, Wild boar.
- **Birds:** Ashy wren warbler, Black drongo, Black winged kite, Blossom headed parakeet, Blue Jay, Black headed oriole, Common weaver bird, Crow pheasant, Chestnut bellied nut hatch, Common myna, Common hawk, Cattle egret, Common peafowl, Common kingfisher, Grey babbler, Grey wagtail, Grey jungle fowl, Great horned owl, Gray partridge, Golden backed woodpecker, House sparrow, Indian robin, Jungle Babbler, Jungle myna, Jungle crow, Koel, Luggar falcon, Munia, Pied wagtail, Pariah kite, Red vented bulbul, Red turtledove, Rose ringed parakeet, Whistling thrush.
- **Reptiles:** Cobra, Chameleon, Garden lizard, Krait, Monitor lizard, Python, Viper.

### 4.2 Fauna in Bukkapatna Chinkara WLS

The total area of the sanctuary is 13611.47 Ha which acts as a unique habitat for all 3 types of Antelopes viz., Four horned antelope, Black buck and Chinkara along with other Scheduled species such as sloth bear, Leopard, Hyena, Indian Wolf, etc. About 25 mammals, 12 amphibians, 28 reptiles, 54 butterflies and 160 avifaunal species are found in general in this forest.

#### 4.2.1 Conservation status of mega-faunal species in Bukkapatna Chinkara WLS

Table 3: IUCN conservation status, 2019 and Wildlife (Protection) Act, 1972 of the mega-faunal species recorded in Bukkapatna Chinkara WLS

Sl. No.	Common Name	Scientific Name	IUCN Conservation status, 2019	Wildlife (Protection) Act, 1972 Schedule
1	Four horned antelope	<i>Tetracerus quadricornis</i> (Blainville, 1816)	Vulnerable	I
2	Black buck	<i>Antelope cervicapra</i> (Linnaeus, 1758)	Least Concern	I
3	Chinkara	<i>Gazella bennettii</i> (Sykes, 1831)	Least Concern	I
4	Sloth bear	<i>Melursus ursinus</i> (Shaw, 1791)	Vulnerable	I
5	Leopard	<i>Panthera pardus</i> (Linnaeus, 1758)	Vulnerable	I
6	Striped Hyena	<i>Hyaena hyaena</i> (Linnaeus, 1758)	Near Threatened	III
7	Indian Wolf	<i>Canis lupus pallipes</i> (Sykes, 1831)	Not Assessed	I

The conservation aspects for the preparation of Wildlife Management & Mitigation Plan of the above mega-fauna are arrived based on their behaviour, preferable habitats, breeding sites, food and water availability in the region. The details are as given below;

Table 4: Conservation aspects of mega-faunal species recorded in Bukkapatna Chinkara WLS

Species	Behavior	Habitat & breeding site	Food	Conservation aspects to be considered
Black buck	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Primarily grazers, but browse when lack of grasses.</li> <li>Mainly sedentary, but in summer may move longer distances in search of water and forage.</li> <li>Require water every day.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Open grassland, dry thorn scrub, scrubland and lightly-wooded country as well as agricultural margins.</li> </ul>	Grasses, leaf litter, flowers and fruits	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Wildlife crossings to provide accessibility to the resources on the other side of the canal.</li> <li>Water holes for drinking purpose.</li> <li>Plantation of flower and fruit bearing species along</li> </ul>

Species	Behavior	Habitat & breeding site	Food	Conservation aspects to be considered
				the canal banks and overpass bridges.
Chinkara	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Shy and avoid human habitation.</li> <li>• Nocturnal feeding habits and are most active just prior to sunset and throughout the night.</li> <li>• They are facultative drinkers, and so can live in very arid areas without water for long periods.</li> <li>• They sometimes raid fields cultivated with rape seed and sorghum in desert regions</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Arid plains and hills, deserts, dry scrub and light forests.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Their diet typically consists of grasses, herbs, various leaves, crops and fruits.</li> <li>• Herbs preferred includes; <i>Crotalaria burhia</i> (42% of diet), <i>Ziziphus nummularia</i> (15%), <i>Maytenus emerginata</i> (11%), and <i>Prosopis cineraria</i> (9%).</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Wildlife crossings to provide accessibility to the resources on the other side of the canal.</li> <li>• Plantation of fruit bearing trees along with preferred herbs along the canal banks and overpass bridges.</li> </ul>
Four horned antelope	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Primarily grazers, but browse when lack of grasses.</li> <li>• Diurnal and solitary by nature.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Open grassland, dry thorn scrub, scrubland and lightly-wooded country as well as agricultural margins.</li> <li>• Habitats close to water bodies.</li> </ul>	Grasses, herbs, shrubs, foliage, flowers and fruits.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Wildlife crossings to provide accessibility to the resources on the other side of the canal.</li> <li>• Water holes for drinking purpose. Plantation of flower and fruit bearing trees along the canal banks and overpass bridges.</li> <li>• Plantation of flower and fruit bearing species along the canal banks and overpass bridges.</li> </ul>

Species	Behavior	Habitat & breeding site	Food	Conservation aspects to be considered
Indian wolf	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Social animal and live in small packs.</li> <li>• Territorial.</li> <li>• Nocturnal</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Ubiquitous where there is suitable food and prey biomass is highest.</li> </ul>	Extremely variable food including moose, caribou, deer, wild boar, smaller prey items, livestock, carrion, garbage, etc.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Wildlife crossings to provide accessibility to the resources on the other side of the canal.</li> <li>• Water holes for drinking purpose.</li> </ul>
Leopard	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Solitary and nocturnal carnivores.</li> <li>• Less diurnal in areas close to human habitats.</li> <li>• Most comfortable in the lower forest canopy, where they often feed, and descend from the canopy head-first.</li> <li>• Comfortable in water and are adequate swimmers.</li> <li>• Carries the carcass to a secluded feeding location, typically in a nearby tree.</li> <li>• Rest in the branches of trees with dense canopies in order to escape the heat of the day and increase their sense of safety.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Leopards inhabit a variety of terrain.</li> <li>• Also occupies mountainous, scrub, and desert habitats.</li> <li>• Favor trees throughout their entire geographic distribution.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Mid-sized ungulates, which includes small antelopes (Bovidae), gazelles (Gazella), deer (Cervidae), pigs (Sus), primates (Primates) and domestic livestock.</li> <li>• Also feeds on birds (Aves), reptiles (Reptilia), rodents (Rodentia), arthropods (Arthropoda), and carrion when available.</li> <li>• Facultative drinkers and obtain much of their water requirements from ingested prey.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Wildlife crossings to provide accessibility to the resources on the other side of the canal.</li> <li>• Plantation of trees with dense canopies along the canal banks.</li> </ul>
Sloth bear	Nocturnal or crepuscular	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Wide range of habitats including wet and dry tropical forests, savannahs, scrublands, and grasslands. It shelters in rock outcrops,</li> </ul>	Termites, ants, and fruits	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Wildlife crossings and culvert boxes to provide accessibility to the resources on the other side of the canal.</li> </ul>

Species	Behavior	Habitat & breeding site	Food	Conservation aspects to be considered
		thickets, and tree cavities.		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Water holes for drinking purpose.</li> <li>• Plantation of fruit bearing trees along the canal banks and overpass bridges.</li> </ul>
Striped Hyena	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Generally considered solitary, but has some social organization.</li> <li>• Forages individually principally at night and is rarely seen in groups.</li> <li>• Water is consumed every night if it is available, but can survive without water for long periods and live under desert conditions.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Arid, mountainous regions with scrub woodland. It dens in rocky hills, ravines, and crevices.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Predominantly a scavenger.</li> <li>• Diet consists mainly of carrion and human refuse.</li> <li>• Scavenges large and medium-sized mammals, such as zebras, wildebeests, gazelles, and impalas, even eating bones from carcasses if the meat has been picked off.</li> <li>• Supplements its diet with fruit, insects, and occasionally by killing small animals like hare, rodents, reptiles, and birds.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Wildlife crossings to provide accessibility to the resources on the other side of the canal.</li> <li>• Water holes for drinking purpose.</li> </ul>

### **5.1 Habitat Fragmentation**

Habitat fragmentation is defined as a process during which 'a large area of habitat is transformed into a number of smaller patches of smaller total area, isolated from each other by a matrix of habitats unlike the original' (Wilcove *et al.* 1986).

Out of 1,59,684 m of the TBC, 7,547 m (CH 150.735 Km to CH.158.282 Km) of the canal falls within the Bukkapatna Chinkara WLS. Construction of the canal acts as a physical barrier for wildlife. The species belonging to the area proposed for canal construction will lose their habitat and fragmentation will take place. Animal movement will be blocked and chances of animals fall into the canal result in death or injury.

Bukkapatna Chinkara WLS is a unique habitat for antelopes, sloth bears, leopards, wolves, etc. However these mammals are not confined to a particular place and move across and between the nearby Reserve Forests. Therefore, the construction of the canal may cause habitat fragmentation but with suitable mitigation measures such as, wildlife crossings, overpasses, underpasses, bridges, etc can be constructed to minimize the effect of habitat fragmentation.

### **5.2 Loss of Habitat**

The area proposed for diversion is a habitat for antelopes and sloth bears along with other species. Habitat loss has direct negative effect on genetic diversity and population growth rate. Habitat loss occurs when an area of suitable habitat is altered and becomes unsuitable leading to displacement of resident species. However, landscape as a whole, the area proposed for diversion is small (0.37 % of the total area) and any changes occurred would be recoverable with appropriate mitigation measures.

### **5.3 Disturbance during project implementation**

Impacts due to labour force for construction activities will lead to establishment of campsites, generation of sewage, waste water and solid waste. Further, they may engage in activities that are detrimental to natural habitat such as hunting, illegal extraction of timber for fuel wood and non timber forest products.

Air and noise pollution will arise due to activities such as excavation, cutting, drilling and filling and compaction work, as well as operation of construction related vehicles during the construction phase will cause disturbance to the wild animals. This can be avoided by following appropriate mitigative measures.

#### **5.4 Road kills/accidental fall into canal**

The alignment of TBC for a stretch of 4.5 km abuts the NH-234 which may lead to road kills of wildlife during its movement to the other side of the canal. Drowning or accidental fall of animal's especially small and medium sized animals into the canal will result in death or injury to these animals. This can be avoided with erection of chain link mesh based fencing on either sides of the canal.

The impacts stated in Chapter 5 can be minimized through several mitigation measures which are a part of the Wildlife Management Plan. The mitigation measures are as follows;

### **6.1 Provision of wildlife crossings**

Wildlife, like any other living species require the primary needs of food, shelter, water and territory to roam, hunt, search for food etc. The construction of canal in the WLS may pose as a barrier restricting the movement of animals. Daily, weekly or seasonal movements across landscape is necessary for the most terrestrial species.

It may not be a serious threat for the smaller mammal and other terrestrial species but the large mammals may get highly affected. This leads to habitat fragmentation and the major impacts are as follows (Jaeger et. al., 2005);

- Limits the availability of habitat for any wild species
- Prevents access to water and other resources on the other side of the canal
- Subdivide wildlife populations into smaller and more vulnerable sub-populations
- Affects the regular movement path of the wildlife

Hence it is necessary to construct wildlife crossings in order to facilitate the smooth movement of animals all through its natural habitat. The crossing over construction is necessary for the following elements:

- To restore pre-development wildlife movement pattern
- To reduce wild life physical barrier due to canals

These structures allow animals to cross human-made barriers safely. These crossings may include: underpass tunnels, viaducts, and overpasses (mainly for large or herd-type animals); amphibian tunnels; tunnels and culverts (for small mammals); green roofs (for butterflies and birds) (Bank et al. 2002). All of these structures are designed to provide semi-natural corridors above and below human constructed barriers like canals so that animals can safely cross without endangering themselves.

Wildlife crossings are a practice in habitat conservation, allowing connections or reconnections between habitats, combating habitat fragmentation. They also assist in avoiding falling and drowning of animals in the canals. Some of the examples of the wildlife crossing across the world are given below;

Site selection for the construction of the wild life crossing (Overpass or Underpass) construction has to consider the following factor;

- Multiple crossing structures should be constructed keeping in view of the water bodies within the WLS and at a crossing point to provide connectivity for all species likely to use a given area with water availability (Little, 2003). Different species prefer different types of structures (Clevenger et al. 2001; McDonald & St Clair 2004; Clevenger & Waltho 2005; Mata et al. 2005). For deer or other ungulates, bridge is preferable and for black bear, large box culverts with natural earthen substrate flooring are optimal (Evink, 2002).
- At least one crossing structure should be located within an individual's home range. Because most reptiles, small mammals, and amphibians have small home ranges, metal or cement box culverts should be installed at intervals of 150-300m (Clevenger et al. 2001). For ungulates and large carnivores, larger crossing structures should be located no more than 1.5 km apart (Mata et al. 2005; Clevenger and Wierzchowski 2006).
- Suitable habitat for species should occur on both sides of the crossing structure (Ruediger 2001; Barnum 2003; Cain et al. 2003; Ng et al. 2004).

Considering the above points and views of animals using the location, topography and observations of forest officials, following wildlife crossings were suggested;

<b>Sl. No.</b>	<b>Proposed Structure</b>	<b>Criteria</b>	<b>No of structures proposed</b>
1	Single lane (Over pass) bridges	One for every 1500 m	5 Nos.
2	Under passes/ culverts	One for every 150 m	50 Nos.
3	Super passages	One for every 1500 m	5 Nos.
4	Foot bridges	One for every 1500 m	5 Nos.
5	Water holes	One for every 500 m	15 Nos.
6	Animal Guide	One for every 300 m	25 Nos.

Sl. No.	Proposed Structure	Criteria	No of structures proposed
7	Ramps	One for every 300 m	25 Nos.
8	Chain link mesh on either sides of canal	CH.153.785 to 156.875 Km near NH-234	For approximately 4.5 Km

### 6.1.1 Single Lane (over pass) bridges

Single lane bridges are structures built across the canal for easy movement of mega faunal species such as, Blackbuck, Hyena, Jackal, Panther, Sloth bear, Spotted deer, Four horned antelope, Chinkara, Indian fox, Indian wolf, etc. The floor of these bridges of 15 m width will be covered with soil and vegetation to make the movement more comfortable. These structures will be built at 5 places for every 1500 m along Tumkur Branch Canal within the WLS. Construction of single lane bridge near this linkage help the mega fauna to crossover to the other side of the canal for the accessibility of water and other resources.

### 6.1.2 Underpasses (culverts)

Underpasses (Box culverts) are structures meant for flow of water under the canal. Fifty underpass bridges/culverts of 2 m width will be constructed for every 150 m of Tumkur Branch Canal within WLS as it will help in the movement of vast population of sloth bears along with other small, medium animals and reptiles. There might be a regular wildlife movement near to this chain linkage due to available water source. Construction of the passage in this area help the easy movement of the wildlife without disturb in their regular movement.



Figure 2: Typical view of culvert

### **6.3 Super passages**

Super passage is an hydraulic structure in which the natural drainage is passing over the irrigation canal. The drainage is taken through a rectangular or trapezoidal trough of channel which is constructed on the deck supported by piers. Smaller mammals and reptiles such as porcupine, hare, mangoose, snakes, etc can make use of this structure for their movement easily. Five super passages of 3 m width will be constructed for every 1500 m of Tumkur Branch Canal within WLS.

### **6.4 Foot bridges**

Foot bridge is a structure designed for low mobile mammals and reptiles and lower order animals and provides safe and sustainable crossings. These structures are provided with RC railings for safe movement. Five foot bridges will be constructed for every 1500 m along Tumkur Branch Canal within WLS.

## **6.2 Mitigation of impacts during project implementation phase**

- Water shall be sprayed by high-pressure water hoses during dust generating construction activities e.g. excavation, crushing/demolishing, concrete mixing, material handling etc. to suppress dust; and vehicles delivering loose and fine materials like sand and fine aggregates shall be covered by tarpaulin to reduce spills on roads.
- All roads (internal and external) to be used by the project authorities should be made 'pucca' (Sprinkled with water) to mitigate the dust generation along the roads.
- Exhausts of other equipment used for construction (e.g. generators), if any shall be positioned at a sufficient height to ensure dispersal of exhaust emissions and meet the standards set by CPCB. Idle running of vehicles will be minimized during transport and handling activities.
- The noise pollution will be checked and maintained by installing sound barricades around crushing plants and by taking up regular maintenance of heavy earth moving vehicles. Selection of equipment with less noise generation will be used.

- On site workers near the noise generating equipment shall be provided with noise protection devices like earmuffs/earplugs. Controlled blasting and drilling will be undertaken to avoid the noise pollution.
- No labor camps are allowed inside the forest areas.
- Labors will be trained for protection of trees and conservation and importance of wildlife. Smoking is prohibited in the forest areas and regular monitoring will be undertaken to avoid forest fires.
- Labor camps will be provided with LPG for cooking and hence illegal felling of trees will be avoided.
- During construction phase, forest department will depute staff to monitor the activities.

### **6.3 Provision for chain link mesh**

Erection of chain link mesh based fencing on either side of the canal (4.5 Km length from CH.153.785 to 156.875 Km near NH-234) to secure wild animals from road kills and accidental fall leading to drowning in the canal. The fence type is metal with high gauge and more durable. Habitat improvement through raising of plantations and providing water holes is increased in the density of animals in that area.

### **6.4 Augmenting the factors of habitat**

#### **6.4.1 Creation of water holes**

Generally during summer, drowning of animals into the canal will be anticipated to access the drinking water. In order to avoid the drowning of animals due to drinking water, artificial water holes will be created with continuous water supply from the canal throughout the year. Water holes of not less than 700 Sq. m. area will be proposed at every 500 m and the water will be supplied with the canal water through piped conveyance system. A total of 15 water holes are proposed to cater the drinking water needs of wildlife.



Figure 3: Typical view of water holes

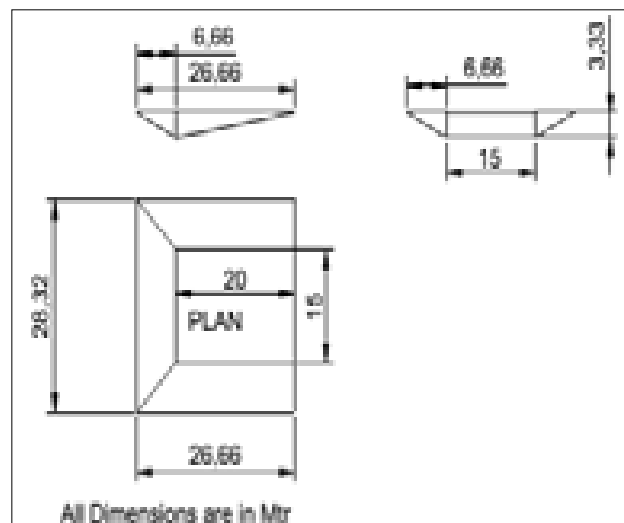


Figure 4: Typical design of water holes

#### 6.4.2 Plantation along canal banks

In order to enhance greenery along the barriers across canal so as create a natural and comfortable environment to the wildlife, plantation of tall, greater crown, broad leaved,

fruit bearing, shade providing trees shall be planted. The plantation will be taken up in due consultation with KFD and species proposed for plantation is given below.

Table 5: Checklist of native tree species proposed for plantation alongside canals

<b>A. Canal Bank Plantation</b>				
<b>Sl.No</b>	<b>Scientific Name</b>	<b>Common Name</b>	<b>Family</b>	<b>Uses</b>
1	<i>Aegle marmelos</i> (L.) Corrêa	Bilvapatre	Rutaceae	Edible
2	<i>Alangium salvifolium</i> (Lam.)	Ankole	Cornaceae	Fruit
3	<i>Anacardium occidentale</i> L.	Gerubeeja	Anacardiaceae	Fruit
4	<i>Swietenia mahagoni</i> (L.) Jacq.	Mahogany	Meliaceae	Shade
5	<i>Azadirachta indica</i> A.Juss.	Bevu	Meliaceae	Shade
6	<i>Terminalia chebula</i> Retz.	Alale kaayi	Combretaceae	Shade
7	<i>Ficus benghalensis</i> L.	Aladamara	Moraceae	Fruit
8	<i>Ficus racemosa</i> L.	Attimara	Moraceae	Fruit
9	<i>Annona squamosa</i> L.	Seetaaphal	Annonaceae	Fruit
10	<i>Lagerstroemia speciosa</i> Deepu & Pandur.	Nandi mara	Lytharaceae	Flowering
11	<i>Hardwickia binata</i> Roxb.	Kamara	Fabaceae	Edible
12	<i>Neolamarckia cadamba</i> (Roxb.) Bosser	Kaduavalatige	Rubiaceae	Broad Leaf
13	<i>Dalbergia sissoo</i> Roxb.	Beete	Fabaceae	Shade
14	<i>Pithecellobium dulce</i> (Roxb.) Benth.	Seeme hunase	Fabaceae	Fruit
15	<i>Pongamia pinnata</i> (L.) Pierre	Honge mara	Fabaceae	Shade
16	<i>Tectona grandis</i> L.f.	Tega	Verbenaceae	Timber
17	<i>Mangifera indica</i> L.	Mavu	Anacardiaceae	Fruit
18	<i>Syzygium cumini</i> (L.) Skeels.	Nerale	Myrtaceae	Fruit
19	<i>Artocarpus heterophyllus</i> Lam.	Halasu	Moraceae	Fruit
20	<i>Bambusa bambos</i> (L.) Voss.	Biduru	Poaceae	Edible
21	<i>Terminalia bellirica</i> (Gaertn.) Roxb.	Thare mara	Combretaceae	Fruit
22	<i>Mallotus philippensis</i> (Lam.) Müll.Arg.	Kunkuma mara	Euphorbiaceae	Shade
23	<i>Bridelia retusa</i> (L.) A.Juss	Mullu Honne	Phyllanthaceae	Fruit
24	<i>Bauhinia purpurea</i> L.	Basavana pada	Magnoliaceae	Flower
<b>B. Plantation at Single lane (overpass) bridges</b>				
1	<i>Asparagus racemosus</i> Willd.	Shatawari	Asparagaceae	Edible
2	<i>Phyllanthus emblica</i> L.	Bettada Nelli	Phyllanthaceae	Fruit
3	<i>Wrightia tinctoria</i> (Roxb.) R.Br.	Hale mara	Apocynaceae	Edible
4	<i>Cymbopogon flexuosus</i> (Nees ex Steud.) W.Watson	Lemon Grass	Poaceae	Edible
5	<i>Vitex alata</i> Willd.	Naviladi	Lamiaceae	Shade
6	<i>Rauvolfia serpentina</i> (L.) Benth. ex Kurz	Sarphagandha	Apocynaceae	Medicinal
7	<i>Cassia fistula</i> L.	Kakke mara	Fabaceae	Edible
8	<i>Erythroxylum monogynum</i> Roxb.	Jeevadaali	Erythroxylaceae	Edible
9	<i>Gardenia gummifera</i> L.f.	Bikkegidha	Rubiaceae	Edible
10	<i>Zizyphus mauritiana</i> LAM.	Bore hannu	Rhamnaceae	Fruit
11	<i>Dodonaea viscosa</i> Jacq.	Barlu	Sapindaceae	Edible

12	<i>Dendrocalamus strictus</i> NEES	Biduru	Poaceae	Edible
13	<i>Catharanthus roseus</i> (L.) G.DON	Nithya Pushpa	Apocynaceae	Medicinal

### 6.5 Provision of animal guides

The possibility of wild animals drown into the canal is expected and to avoid the same and rescue the wild animals, provision for animal guides (25 Nos.) at every 300 m will be provided for the entire length of the canal. "An animal guide is a combination of two pillar posts at a certain longitudinal distance on the opposite bed ends of canal joined by steel chains that helps guide the drowning animals towards a bank and saves life. Such animal Guides should have alternately opposite layout configuration (Govt. of Nepal, 2011)". This experiment was successfully implemented in Rani Jamara Kulariya Irrigation Scheme - Phase I, Nepal. Typical design and view of the animal guide is given below;

### 6.6 Provision of ramps

Whenever the wild animals fall into the canal, it is proposed to construct ramps with rough surface of 5 m at every 300 m. This will enable the animals to easy access the ground immediately. About 25 ramps are proposed.



Figure 5: Typical view of ramps

### 6.7 Impact monitoring

Changes in movement of wild animals shall be closely observed by monitoring the movement by establishing a separate monitoring wing at Kaniverampura village. This wing also acts as wildlife rescue team if necessary. The success of the proposed mitigation measures depends on how well the implementing staff has been trained on wildlife aspects

by subject experts. Hence, adequate training will be provided to the staff working at ground level.

## 6.8 Compensatory afforestation

The most significant impact that will arise due to the project includes loss of habitats due to establishment of the proposed canal and temporary access roads. As part of compensatory afforestation for the proposed diversion, 364.50 ha of non forest land had been identified for raising Compensatory Afforestation (CA) in Sy.No 343 of Varavu Kaval village, Nayakanahatti Hobli, Chalkere Tq, Chitradurga District and transferred to Karnataka Forest Department. The CA land suitability certificate and RTC mutation copy are enclosed as Annexure V. The details of the utilization of the compensatory afforestation land for Upper Bhadra Project Package I&II are as given below;

Table 6 : Details of Forest land required and CA land provided to Karnataka Forest Department

Sl.No	Project Components	Forest land Utilization (Ha)	Stage-I Forest Clearance Reference No.	CA Land provided in (Ha)
1	Package – I (Canal from Tunga River to Bhadra Reservoir)	96.95	F.No.4-KRA 1037/2014-BAN/8002 Dt: 11.02.2016	96.95
2.	Package – II (Canal from Bhadra Reservoir to Ajjampura Tunnel)	110.10	F.No.4-KRA 1036/2014-BAN/7710 Dt: 12.11.2015	110.10
3.	Construction of Chitradurga Branch Canal	91.89	F.No.4-KRA 1035/2014-BAN/8084 Dt: 04.03.2016	111.57
<b>Total</b>		<b>298.94</b>		<b>318.62</b>

Table 7: Additional Forest Land Required for construction of Tumkur Branch Canal

Sl.No.	Name of the project component	Chainage (km)	Name of the RF	Name of the Taluk and District	Forest Land required in (Ha)
1	Tumkur Branch Canal	65.479 to 66.423	Udugere RF	Kadur Taluk of Chikmagalur district	9.28 Ha
2		150.735 to 158.282	Bukkapattana RF	Sira taluk of Tumkur District.	50.82 Ha
<b>Total</b>					<b>60.10 Ha</b>

Table 8 : Compensatory Afforestation Land utilization

<b>Sl.No</b>	<b>Name of the Project Component</b>	<b>Forest Land utilized/Required Ha</b>		<b>CA Land Provided in Ha</b>
1	Package I, II and III of Upper Bhadra Project	298.94	359.04	364.50
2	Construction of proposed Tumkur Branch Canal	60.10		
<b>Balance CA Land</b>				<b>5.46</b>

Once the project activities are completed, degraded areas along the canal could be restored by carrying out a reforestation/ restoration programmes. Trees can be planted along the access roads and across the canal.

Detailed cost estimates and designs of these structures will be finalized after due consultation Forest Department and for providing site specific activity plan. However, based on the initial studies, a total of Rs. Twenty Six Crores Twenty Two Lakhs is earmarked for implementation of wildlife management plan. The abstract showing the cost estimates for different components and along with detailed estimates are given below;

Table 9 : Cost estimate for implementation of Wildlife Management & mitigation Plan

Sl. No.	Proposed Structure	Criteria	No. of proposed structures for canal of 7547 m length	Cost per structure (Rs./-)	Total Cost (Rs./-)
1	Single lane (Over pass) bridges	One for every 1500 m	5 Nos.	1,00,00,000/-	5,00,00,000/-
2	Under passes/ culverts	One for every 150 m	50 Nos.	33,00,000/-	16,50,00,000/-
3	Super passages	One for every 1500 m	5 Nos.	63,00,000/-	3,15,00,000/-
4	Foot bridges	One for every 1500 m	5 Nos.	10,00,000/-	50,00,000/-
5	Water holes	One for every 500 m	15 Nos.	1,00,000/-	15,00,000/-
6	Animal Guide	One for every 300 m	25 Nos.	50,000/-	12,50,000/-
7	Ramps	One for every 300 m	25 Nos.	3,00,000/-	75,00,000/-
8	Chain link mesh on either sides of canal	CH.153.785 to 156.875 Km near NH-234	For 4.5 Km	1,00,000/-	4,50,000/-
9	Canal bank plantations	All along canal banks	6000 saplings (Rs. 250/- per sapling)	15,00,000/-	1,12,50,000/-
10	Maintenance of canal bank plantation for 3 years	-	-	-	25,92,000/-
<b>Total Estimated Cost (Rs./-)</b>					<b>27,60,42,000/-</b>

(In words: Twenty Seven Crores Sixty Lakhs Forty Two Thousand only)

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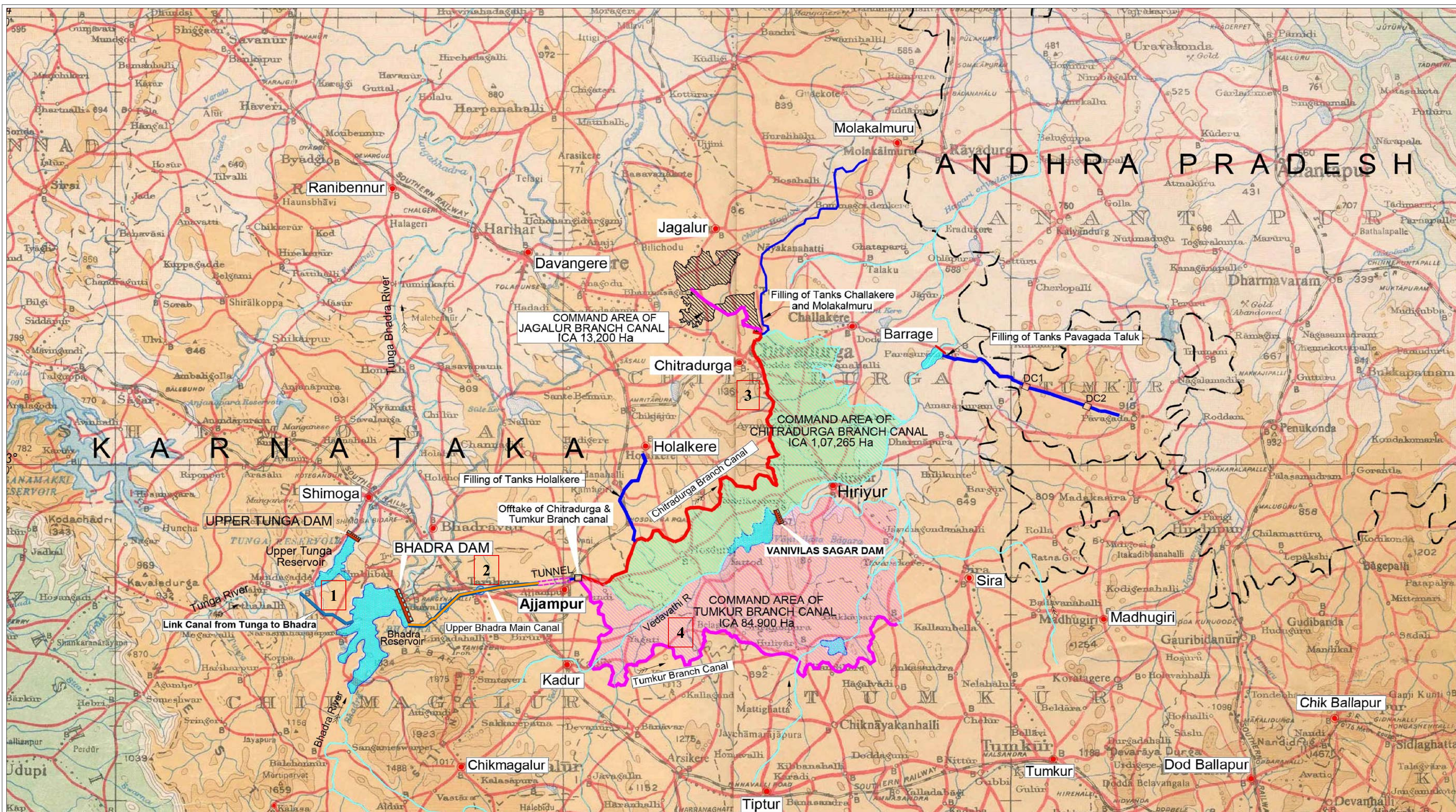
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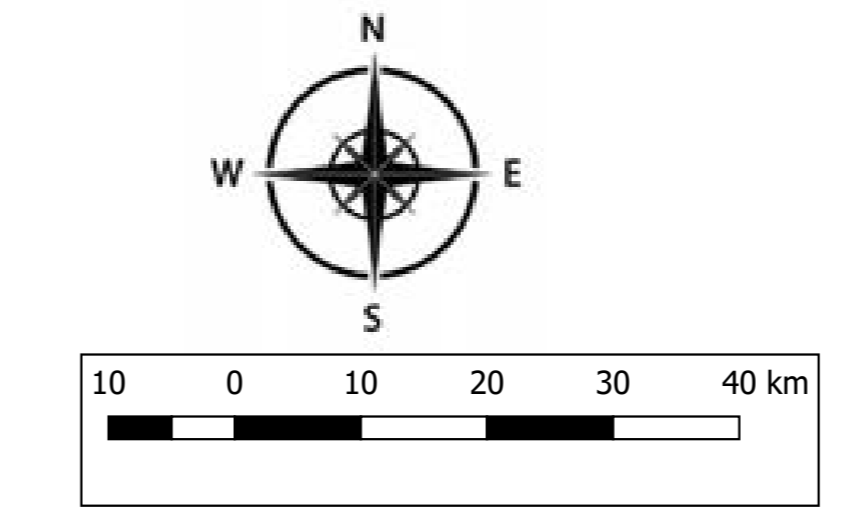
**ANNEXURE - 1**  
**Command area map of Upper Bhadra Project and  
Administrative approval accorded for the project**



**DIVERSION OF 50.82 HA OF FOREST LAND BELONGING TO BUKKAPATNA CHINKARA WILDLIFE SANCTUARY FOR THE CONSTRUCTION OF TUMKUR BRANCH CANAL, UPPER BHADRA PROJECT.**

**INDEX MAP SHOWING THE ENTIRE UPPER BHADRA PROJECT**

LEGEND	
1	Proposed Command Area of Chitradurga Branch Canal
2	Proposed Command Area of Tumkuru Branch Canal
3	Command Area Jagaluru Branch Canal
4	Reservoir
5	Chitradurga Branch Canal
6	Tumkuru Branch Canal
7	Package I (Lift Canal from Tunga to Bhadra)
8	Package II (Canal from Bhadra Reservoir to Ajjampura Tunnel)



Scale  
1:250000

BASE MAP:  
SURVEY OF INDIA  
TOPOSHEET

Sl. No	Project Components	Forest Land Utilization (Ha)	Stage I Forest Clearance Reference No.
1	Package I( Canal from Tunga river to Bhadra Reservoir)	96.95	F.No.4-KRA 1037/2014-BAN8002 Dt:11.02.2016
2	Package II( Canal from Bhadra Reservoir to Ajjampura Tunnel)	110.1	F.No.4-KRA 1036/2014-BAN7710 Dt:12.11.2015
3	Construction of Chitradurga Branch Canal	91.89	F.No.4-KRA 1036/2014-BAN7710 Dt:12.11.2015
4	Construction of Tumkuru Branch Canal	60.1	FDP. No: FP/KA/Canal/37818/2018

**AUTHORIZED SIGNATURE:**

*(Signature)*  
Executive Engineer  
V.J.N.L. U.B.P. Division No. 4  
Hosadurga.

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## ಕರ್ನಾಟಕ ಸರ್ಕಾರದ ನಡವಳಿಗಳು

ನಿವೇಶನ: ಭದ್ರಾ ಮೇಲ್ಮಂಡೆ ಯೋಜನೆಯ ರೂ.12340.00 ಕೋಟಿಗಳ ಕಾಮಗಾರಿಯ ಪರಿಷ್ಕೃತ ಅಂದಾಜಿಗೆ ಅರ್ಥಶಾಸ್ತ್ರ ಅನುಮೋದನೆ ನೀಡುವ ಕುರಿತು.

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**ಓದಲಾಗಿದೆ :-**

1. ಸರ್ಕಾರದ ಆದೇಶ ಸಂಖ್ಯೆ ಜಸಂಇ 63 ವಿಜ್ಞಾಪ 2000, ದಿನಾಂಕ:23.08.2003.
2. ಸರ್ಕಾರದ ಆದೇಶ ಸಂಖ್ಯೆ ಜಸಂಇ:152:ವಿಜ್ಞಾಪ:2004 ಭಾ-1, ದಿನಾಂಕ: 15.09.2008.
3. ವ್ಯವಸ್ಥಾಪಕ ನಿರ್ದೇಶಕರು, ಕರ್ನಾಟಕ ನೀರಾವರಿ ನಿಗಮ ನಿಯಮಿತ, ಬೆಂಗಳೂರು ರವರ ಪತ್ರ ಸಂಖ್ಯೆ:ಕನಿ:ನಿ:ಭ.ಮೇ.ಯೋ:ಪ್ಲಾಂ:ಎಕ್ಸಿ:2013-14:4994:ದಿನಾಂಕ:07.02.2014.

**ಪ್ರಸ್ತಾವನೆ :-**

ಮೇಲೆ ಓದಲಾದ(1) ಸರ್ಕಾರದ ಆದೇಶದಲ್ಲಿ, ಭದ್ರಾ ಮೇಲ್ಮಂಡೆ ಯೋಜನೆ ಹಂತ-1 (ಉಪಗ್ರಾಹಿ ವಿತ ನೀರಾವರಿ ಯೋಜನೆ ಸೇರಿದಂತೆ) ಯೋಜನೆಯನ್ನು ಪ್ಲಾಂ-ಎ' ಅಡಿಯಲ್ಲಿ 23 ಟಿ.ಎಂ.ಎ. ನೀರಿನ ಬಳಕೆಯೊಂದಿಗೆ (ಭದ್ರಾ ನದಿಯಿಂದ 10 ಟಿ.ಎಂ.ಎ ನೀರು ಮತ್ತು ಕುಂಗಾ ಅಣೆಕಟ್ಟು ಸಾಲೆಗಳು, ಭದ್ರಾ ಅಣೆಕಟ್ಟು ಸಾಲೆಗಳು ಮತ್ತು ವಿಜಯನಗರ ಸಾಲೆಗಳ ಆಧುನೀಕರಣದಿಂದ ಉಳಿತಾಯವಾಗುವ 13.00 ಟಿ.ಎಂ.ಎ ನೀರು) ರೂ.2813.00 ಕೋಟಿಗಳ ಅಂದಾಜಿಗೆ ಅರ್ಥಶಾಸ್ತ್ರ ಅನುಮೋದನೆಯನ್ನು ನೀಡಿ ಅನುಷ್ಠಾನಕ್ಕಾಗಿ ಯೋಜನೆಯನ್ನು ಕರ್ನಾಟಕ ನೀರಾವರಿ ನಿಗಮ ನಿಯಮಿತಕ್ಕೆ ಪಸ್ತಾಂತರಿಸಲಾಗಿರುತ್ತದೆ.

ಮೇಲೆ ಓದಲಾದ(2) ಸರ್ಕಾರದ ಆದೇಶದಲ್ಲಿ, ಭದ್ರಾ ಮೇಲ್ಮಂಡೆ ಯೋಜನೆ ಹಂತ-1ರ ಮಾರ್ಪಾಡಿಕೆ ಅಂದಾಜು ಮೊತ್ತವಾದ ರೂ.5985.00 ಕೋಟಿಗಳಿಗೆ ತಾಂತ್ರಿಕ ಅನುಮೋದನೆಯನ್ನು ನೀಡಲಾಗಿದೆ. ಭದ್ರಾ ಮೇಲ್ಮಂಡೆ ಯೋಜನೆ ಹಂತ-1ರ ಮೊದಲನೆ ಹಂತದಲ್ಲಿ, ನೀರಾವರಿ ಭಾಗದ ಕಾಮಗಾರಿಗಳನ್ನು ಪೂರ್ಣಗೊಳಿಸಿ ಕೈಗೊಂಡು ಮೂರ್ಗಗೊಳಿಸುವ ಹಿತದೃಷ್ಟಿಯಿಂದ, ಕರ್ನಾಟಕ ನೀರಾವರಿ ನಿಗಮ ನಿಯಮಿತದ ನಿರ್ದೇಶಕರ ಮಂಡಳಿ ಮತ್ತು ತಾಂತ್ರಿಕ ಉಪ ಸಮಿತಿಯಿಂದ ವಿಧಿಸಲಾಗಿರುವ ಪರತ್ತುಗಳಿಗೆ ಮತ್ತು ಮುಂದೆಯೂ ಸಹ ವಿಧಿಸಬಹುದಾದ ಪರತ್ತುಗಳಿಗೆ ಮತ್ತು ಕಾಲ ಕಾಲಕ್ಕೆ ಸಕ್ರಮ ಪ್ರಾದಿಸಾರದ ಅನುಮತಿಯನ್ನು ಪಡೆದು ಅದರಂತೆ ಮುಂದುವರಿಯುವ ಪರತ್ತಿಗೆ ಒಳಪಟ್ಟು ಸರ್ಕಾರದ ಅನುಮೋದನೆಯನ್ನು ನೀಡಲಾಗಿತ್ತು.

ಮೇಲೆ ಓದಲಾದ (3)ರ ಪತ್ರದಲ್ಲಿ, ವ್ಯವಸ್ಥಾಪಕ ನಿರ್ದೇಶಕರು, ಕರ್ನಾಟಕ ನೀರಾವರಿ ನಿಗಮ ನಿಯಮಿತ, ರವರು, "ಒಂದೇ ಹಂತದಲ್ಲಿ ಅನುಷ್ಠಾನಗೊಳಿಸಲು ರೂ.12340.00 ಕೋಟಿಗಳ ಮೊತ್ತದ ಸಮಗ್ರ ಭದ್ರಾ ಮೇಲ್ಮಂಡೆ ಯೋಜನೆಯ ಪರಿಷ್ಕೃತ ವಿವರವಾದ ಯೋಜನಾ ವರದಿಯನ್ನು ತಯಾರಿಸಿದ್ದು, ಇದಕ್ಕೆ ದಿನಾಂಕ-5/12/2013 ಮತ್ತು 8/1/2014ರಂದು ಜಾರಿಗೊಂಡ ನಿಗಮದ 2ನೇ ಮತ್ತು 3ನೇ ಅಂದಾಜು ಪರಿಶೀಲನಾ ಸಮಿತಿ ಸಭೆಯಲ್ಲಿ ಮಂಡಿಸಿ ತೀರ್ಮಾನ ಪಡೆದಿದ್ದು, ಸಮಿತಿಯು ಪರಿಷ್ಕೃತ ಅರ್ಥಶಾಸ್ತ್ರ ಅನುಮೋದನೆಗಾಗಿ ಸರ್ಕಾರಕ್ಕೆ ಸಲ್ಲಿಸಲು ಶಿಫಾರಸ್ಸು ಕೋರಿ ನಿಗಮದ ನಿರ್ದೇಶಕರ ಮಂಡಳಿಯ ಮುಂದೆ ಮಂಡಿಸಲು ಸೂಚಿಸಿದೆ ಎಂದು ತಿಳಿಸಿರುತ್ತಾರೆ. ಇದರನ್ವಯ, ಸಮಗ್ರ ಭದ್ರಾ ಮೇಲ್ಮಂಡೆ ಯೋಜನೆಯ ವಿವರವಾದ ಯೋಜನಾ ವರದಿಯನ್ನು ದಿನಾಂಕ.24.01.2014 ರಂದು ಜಾರಿಗೊಂಡ ನಿಗಮದ 62ನೇ ನಿರ್ದೇಶಕರ ಮಂಡಳಿಯ ಸಭೆಯಲ್ಲಿ ಅನುಮೋದನೆಗಾಗಿ ಮಂಡಿಸಲಾಗಿದ್ದು ಚರ್ಚೆಯ ನಂತರ, ನಿಗಮದ ಅಂದಾಜು ಪರಿಶೀಲನಾ ಸಮಿತಿಯ ಶಿಫಾರಸ್ಸಿನಂತೆ ರೂ.12340.00 ಕೋಟಿಗಳ ಮೊತ್ತದ ಸಮಗ್ರ ಭದ್ರಾ ಮೇಲ್ಮಂಡೆ ಯೋಜನೆಯ ಪರಿಷ್ಕೃತ ವಿವರವಾದ ಯೋಜನಾ ವರದಿಯನ್ನು ಮಂಡಳಿಯು ಅನುಮೋದಿಸಿ, ಸರ್ಕಾರದ ಅರ್ಥಶಾಸ್ತ್ರ ಅನುಮೋದನೆಗೆ ಸಲ್ಲಿಸಲು ಶಿಫಾರಸ್ಸು ಮಾಡಿದೆ ಎಂದು ವರದಿ ಮಾಡಿರುತ್ತಾರೆ.

ಈ ಒನ್ನೆಲೆಯಲ್ಲಿ ವ್ಯವಸ್ಥಾಪಕ ನಿರ್ದೇಶಕರು, ಕರ್ನಾಟಕ ನೀರಾವರಿ ನಿಗಮ ನಿಯಮಿತ, ಇವರು ಚಿಕ್ಕಮಗಳೂರು, ಚಿತ್ರದುರ್ಗ, ದಾವಣಗೆರೆ ಮತ್ತು ತುಮಕೂರು ಜಿಲ್ಲೆಗಳ 2,25,515 ಹೆ. ಭೂಪ್ರದೇಶಕ್ಕೆ ಸೂಕ್ತ ನೀರಾವರಿ ಪದ್ಧತಿಯನ್ನು ಅಳವಡಿಸಿಕೊಂಡು 19.04 ಟಿ.ಎಂ.ಸಿ. ನೀರಿನ ಬಳಕೆಯೊಂದಿಗೆ ಚಿತ್ರದುರ್ಗ ತಾಜಾ ಕಾಲುವೆ, ಜಗಜೂರು ತಾಜಾ ಕಾಲುವೆ, ತರೀಕೆರೆ ಎಕೆ ಹಾಗೂ ಗುರುತ್ತ ಕಾಲುವೆ ಮತ್ತು ತುಮಕೂರು ತಾಜಾ ಕಾಲುವೆಗಳನ್ನು ನಿರ್ಮಿಸಿ, ಇವರಡಿಯಲ್ಲಿ ನೀರಾವರಿ ಸೌಲಭ್ಯ ಕಲ್ಪಿಸಲು ಮತ್ತು ಈ ಜಿಲ್ಲೆಗಳಲ್ಲಿನ 367 ಸಣ್ಣ ನೀರಾವರಿ ಕೆರೆಗಳನ್ನು 8.86 ಟಿ.ಎಂ.ಸಿ. ನೀರನ್ನು ಬಳಸಿಕೊಂಡು ಪಂಪಿಂಗು ಮತ್ತು ವಾಣಿವಿಲಾಸ ಸಾಗರಕ್ಕೆ 2.00 ಟಿ.ಎಂ.ಸಿ. ನೀರು ಪಂಪಿಸುವ ಒಟ್ಟಾರೆ 29.90 ಟಿ.ಎಂ.ಸಿ. ನೀರಿನ ಬಳಕೆಯ ರೂ.12340.00 ಕೋಟಿಗಳ ಮೊತ್ತಕ್ಕೆ (2012-13ರ ದರಪಟ್ಟಿಯಂತೆ) ತಯಾರಿಸಲಾಗಿರುವ ಸಮಗ್ರ ಭದ್ರಾ ಮೇಲ್ವಿಚಾರಣೆ ಯೋಜನೆಯ ಪರಿಷ್ಕೃತ ಯೋಜನಾ ಪರದಿಯನ್ನು ಅಡಳಿತಾತ್ಮಕ ಅನುಮೋದನೆಗಾಗಿ ಸರ್ಕಾರಕ್ಕೆ ಸಲ್ಲಿಸಿರುತ್ತಾರೆ.

ವ್ಯವಸ್ಥಾಪಕ ನಿರ್ದೇಶಕರು, ಕರ್ನಾಟಕ ನೀರಾವರಿ ನಿಗಮ ನಿಯಮಿತ, ಬೆಂಗಳೂರು ರವರು ಸಲ್ಲಿಸಿರುವ ಪ್ರಸ್ತಾವನೆಯನ್ನು ಪರಿಶೀಲಿಸಲಾಗಿದ್ದು, ಈ ಕೆಳಗಿನಂತೆ ಆದೇಶವನ್ನು ಹೊರಡಿಸಲಾಗಿದೆ.

ಸರ್ಕಾರಿ ಆದೇಶ ಸಂ: ಜಸಂಇ 53 ದಿನಾಂಕ 2014, ಬೆಂಗಳೂರು, ದಿನಾಂಕ: 06.03.2015

ಸೂಕ್ತ ನೀರಾವರಿ ಪದ್ಧತಿಯನ್ನು ಅಳವಡಿಸಿಕೊಂಡು 2,25,515 ಹೆ. ಭೂಪ್ರದೇಶಕ್ಕೆ ನೀರಾವರಿ ಕಲ್ಪಿಸಲು ಮತ್ತು 367 ಸಣ್ಣ ನೀರಾವರಿ ಕೆರೆಗಳನ್ನು ಅವುಗಳ ಸಾಮರ್ಥ್ಯದ ಕೀ.50 ರಷ್ಟು ಪಂಪಿಂಗು ಮತ್ತು ತುಮಕೂರು ತಾಜಾ ಕಾಲುವೆ ಮುಖಾಂತರ 2 -ಟಿ.ಎಂ.ಸಿ. ನೀರನ್ನು ವಾಣಿವಿಲಾಸ ಸಾಗರಕ್ಕೆ ಪೂರೈಸುವ ಭದ್ರಾ ಮೇಲ್ವಿಚಾರಣೆ ಯೋಜನೆಯ ರೂ.12,340.00 ಕೋಟಿ ಮೊತ್ತದ ಪರಿಷ್ಕೃತ ವಿವರವಾದ ಯೋಜನಾ ಪರದಿಗೆ ಸರ್ಕಾರದ ಅಡಳಿತಾತ್ಮಕ ಅನುಮೋದನೆಯನ್ನು ನೀಡಲಾಗಿದೆ.

ಮುಂದುವರೆದು, ಸದರಿ ಯೋಜನೆಯನ್ನು ರಾಷ್ಟ್ರೀಯ ಯೋಜನೆಯನ್ನಾಗಿ ಪರಿಗಣಿಸಲು ಕೇಂದ್ರ ಸರ್ಕಾರಕ್ಕೆ ಪ್ರಸ್ತಾವನೆ ಸಲ್ಲಿಸುವುದು ಹಾಗೂ ಪರಿಷ್ಕೃತ ಯೋಜನಾ ಪರದಿಯಲ್ಲಿನ ಅವಶ್ಯವಿರುವ ತುರ್ತು ಕಾಮಗಾರಿಗಳನ್ನು ತೆಗೆದುಕೊಳ್ಳುವ ಬಗ್ಗೆ ಕ್ರಮವಹಿಸುವುದು ಎಂದು ಆದೇಶಿಸಲಾಗಿದೆ.

ಈ ಆದೇಶವನ್ನು ಆರ್ಥಿಕ ಇಲಾಖೆಯ ಟಿಪ್ಪಣಿ:ಸಂಖ್ಯೆ: FB 596 FC-1/2014 ದಿನಾಂಕ 22.11.2014 ಹಾಗೂ ಅ.ಖ. ಸಂಖ್ಯೆ: FD/PS/1974/2015, ದಿನಾಂಕ 24.01.2015 ರಲ್ಲಿ ನೀಡಿರುವ ಸಹಮತಿಯೊಂದಿಗೆ ಹೊರಡಿಸಲಾಗಿದೆ.

ಕರ್ನಾಟಕ ರಾಜ್ಯಪಾಲರ ಅಪ್ಪಣಮಹಾರ  
ಮತ್ತು ಅವರ ಹೆಸರಿನಲ್ಲಿ,  
  
6/3/2015  
(ಕೆ.ಎಸ್. ನಾಗರಾಜ)  
ಸರ್ಕಾರದ ಅಧೀನ ಕಾರ್ಯದರ್ಶಿ (ತಾಂತ್ರಿಕ-4),  
ಜಲ ಸಂಪನ್ಮೂಲ ಇಲಾಖೆ.

ಇವರಿಗೆ

- 1) ಪ್ರಧಾನ ಮಹಾಲೇಖಪಾಲರು (ಜೆ & ಎಸ್. ಎಸ್ ಎ), ಕರ್ನಾಟಕ, ಹೊಸ ಕಟ್ಟಡ, ಅಡಿಲ್ ಭವನ, ಅಂಚೆ ಪುಟ್ಟಿ ಸಂಖ್ಯೆ:5398, ಬೆಂಗಳೂರು-560001.

- 2) ಮಹಾರಾಜವಿಮಲರು (ಲೆಕ್ಕ ಪತ್ರ/ಲೆಕ್ಕ ಪರಿಶೋಧನೆ), ಕರ್ನಾಟಕ, ಬೆಂಗಳೂರು.
- 3) ಸರ್ಕಾರದ ಮುಖ್ಯ ಕಾರ್ಯದರ್ಶಿಯವರ ಆಪ್ತ ಕಾರ್ಯದರ್ಶಿಗಳು, ವಿಧಾನ ಸೌಧ, ಬೆಂಗಳೂರು.
- 4) ಸರ್ಕಾರದ ಮುಖ್ಯ ಕಾರ್ಯದರ್ಶಿಯವರ ಆಪ್ತ ಕಾರ್ಯದರ್ಶಿ (ಸಚಿವ ಸಂಪುಟ ಇಲಾಖೆ), ವಿಧಾನ ಸೌಧ, ಬೆಂಗಳೂರು (ಸಚಿವ ಸಂಪುಟ ವಿಷಯ ಸಂಖ್ಯೆ:04:2015, ದಿನಾಂಕ:08.01.2015ರ ಉತ್ತರಕ್ಕೆ ಹಾಗೂ ದಿನಾಂಕ 21.01.2015 ರಂದು ನಡೆದ ಸಚಿವ ಸಂಪುಟ ಸಭೆಯಲ್ಲಿಯ ಸ್ಥಿರೀಕರಣದನ್ವಯ).
- 5) ಸರ್ಕಾರದ ಆಪರ ಮುಖ್ಯ ಕಾರ್ಯದರ್ಶಿಯವರ ಆಪ್ತ ಕಾರ್ಯದರ್ಶಿಗಳು, ವಿಧಾನ ಸೌಧ, ಬೆಂಗಳೂರು.
- 6) ಸರ್ಕಾರದ ಆಪರ ಮುಖ್ಯ ಕಾರ್ಯದರ್ಶಿ ಹಾಗೂ ಅಭಿವೃದ್ಧಿ ಆಯುಕ್ತರ ಆಪ್ತ ಕಾರ್ಯದರ್ಶಿಗಳು, ವಿಧಾನ ಸೌಧ, ಬೆಂಗಳೂರು.
- 7) ಸರ್ಕಾರದ ಆಪರ ಮುಖ್ಯ ಕಾರ್ಯದರ್ಶಿಗಳು, ಜಲಸಂಪನ್ಮೂಲ ಇಲಾಖೆ ಇವರ ಆಪ್ತ ಕಾರ್ಯದರ್ಶಿಗಳು, ವಿಶಾಸ ಸೌಧ, ಬೆಂಗಳೂರು.
- 8) ಸರ್ಕಾರದ ಪ್ರಧಾನ ಕಾರ್ಯದರ್ಶಿಯವರ ಆಪ್ತ ಕಾರ್ಯದರ್ಶಿಗಳು, ಪರಿಸರ, ಅರಣ್ಯ ಮತ್ತು ಜೀವವಿಕಾಸ ಇಲಾಖೆ, ಬಹುಮಹಡಿಗಳ ಕಟ್ಟಡ, ಬೆಂಗಳೂರು.
- 9) ಸರ್ಕಾರದ ಪ್ರಧಾನ ಕಾರ್ಯದರ್ಶಿಗಳು, ಆರ್ಥಿಕ ಇಲಾಖೆ ಇವರ ಆಪ್ತ ಕಾರ್ಯದರ್ಶಿಗಳು, ವಿಧಾನ ಸೌಧ, ಬೆಂಗಳೂರು.
- 10) ಸರ್ಕಾರದ ಕಾರ್ಯದರ್ಶಿಗಳು, ಜಲಸಂಪನ್ಮೂಲ ಇಲಾಖೆ ಇವರ ಆಪ್ತ ಸಹಾಯಕರು, ವಿಶಾಸ ಸೌಧ, ಬೆಂಗಳೂರು.
- 11) ಮಾನ್ಯ ಜಲಸಂಪನ್ಮೂಲ ಸಚಿವರ ಆಪ್ತ ಕಾರ್ಯದರ್ಶಿಯವರು, ವಿಧಾನ ಸೌಧ, ಬೆಂಗಳೂರು.
- 12) -ನೀರೇಷಾಧಿಕಾರಿ ಮತ್ತು ಪದನಿಮಿತ್ರ ಸರ್ಕಾರದ ಉಪ ಕಾರ್ಯದರ್ಶಿಗಳು, ದೋಣೋಪಯೋಗಿ ಇಲಾಖೆ (ಆರ್ಥಿಕ ಕೋಶ), ವಿಧಾನಸೌಧ, ಬೆಂಗಳೂರು.
- 13) ಜಲಸಂಪನ್ಮೂಲ ಇಲಾಖೆಯ ಎಲ್ಲಾ ಉಪ ಕಾರ್ಯದರ್ಶಿಗಳು/ ವಿಶೇಷ ಕರ್ತವ್ಯಾಧಿಕಾರಿಗಳು/ ಅಧೀನ ಕಾರ್ಯದರ್ಶಿಗಳು , ವಿಶಾಸ ಸೌಧ, ಬೆಂಗಳೂರು.
- 14) ಮುಖ್ಯ ಇಂಜಿನಿಯರ್, ಜಲಸಂಪನ್ಮೂಲ ಅಭಿವೃದ್ಧಿ ಸಂಸ್ಥೆ / ಅಂತರರಾಜ್ಯ ಜಲ ವಿಚಾರ, ಅನಂದ್ ರಾವ್ ವೃತ್ತ, ಬೆಂಗಳೂರು-9.
- 15) ವ್ಯವಸ್ಥಾಪಕ ನಿರ್ದೇಶಕರು, ಕರ್ನಾಟಕ ನೀರಾವರಿ ನಿಗಮ ನಿಯಮಿತ, ಕಾಫಿ ಬೋರ್ಡ್ ಕಟ್ಟಡ, ಬೆಂಗಳೂರು.
- 16) ಮುಖ್ಯ ಇಂಜಿನಿಯರ್, ಕನೀನಿನಿ, ಭದ್ರಾ ಮೇಲ್ಮಂಡೆ ಯೋಜನೆ, ಚಿತ್ರದುರ್ಗ.
- 17) ನಿರ್ದೇಶಕರು, ರಾಜ್ಯ ಪತ್ರಾಗಾರ ಇಲಾಖೆ, ವಿಶಾಸಸೌಧ ಬೆಂಗಳೂರು, 10 ಪ್ರತಿಗಳು.
- 18) ನಿರ್ದೇಶಕರು, ಜಿಯೋಮೆಟ್ರಿಕ್ ಕೆಬ್ಲರ್, ಅನಂದರಾವ್ ವೃತ್ತ, ಬೆಂಗಳೂರು.
- 19) ಶಾಖಾ ರಣ್ಣ ಕಡತ/ಹೆಚ್ಚಿನ ಪ್ರತಿ.

**Government of Karnataka**

Sub: Administrative approval for work estimates of Rs. 12,340 Crores for Upper Bhadra Project

Ref: (1) Government Order No. WRD 63 VBT 2000, dated 23.08.2003

(2) Government Order No. WRD 152 VBE 2001, Part-1, dated 15.09.2008

(3) The Managing Director, Karnataka Neeravari Nigam Ltd, Letter No: KNNL/UPBs A&B/2013-14/4496 dated 07.02.2014

**PROPOSAL:-**

Based on the above reference (1), under scheme –A, Upper Bhadra project phase-1 (including Ubrani Lift Irrigation Scheme) is granted administrative approval with Rs. 2813 Crores for utilizing 23 TMC water (10 TMC water from Bhadra River and remaining 13 TMC of water saved due to modernization of Vijayanagara, Tunga and Bhadra canals) and is been handed over to Karnataka Neeravari Nigam Ltd for project implementation.

With respect to above reference (2), Upper Bhadra project phase-1 is given in-principle approval for revised estimate of Rs. 5985 Crores. With the view of immediate implementation of irrigation works of Upper Bhadra project stage–1, Government has accorded revised administrative approval subject to fulfillment of conditions stated by the Board of Directors, Technical Sub Committee and Karnataka Neeravari Nigam Ltd from time to time.

Vide reference (3), above the Managing Director, Karnataka Neeravari Nigam Ltd has prepared a scheme for overall implementation of upper Bhadra project at a cost of Rs.12, 340 crores. The same has been revised during 2 and 3 estimates review committee meeting held on 5/12/13 and 8/1/14. The committee has recommended to the board of directors to submit the same to the government towards obtaining administrative approval, hence the DPR for the Upper Bhadra Project was placed at the board of directors' 62<sup>nd</sup> meeting held on 24.01.2014. In the said meeting, as per the recommended action of the estimates review committee, the DPR for Rs 12340 Crores for integrated Upper Bhadra Project has been approved by the Nigam and the same has been submitted to the government for the administrative approval.

In the light of same Managing Director, Karnataka Neeravari Nigam Ltd has proposed to irrigate 2,25,215Ha of land using micro irrigation in Chikamagalur, Chitradurga, Davangere and Chitradurga branch canals, Jagalur branch canal, Tarikere lift as well as gravity canal and Tumkur branch canals. The detailed project report for the Upper Bhadra Project, involving total water utilization of 29.9 TMC at the cost of Rs. 12, 340 Crores (2012-13 estimates). The project proposes micro irrigation scheme for 2,25,215 Ha of land in Chikamagalur, Chitradurga, Davangere and Tumkur, utilizing 19.04 TMC water and construction of Chitradurga branch canals, Jagalur branch canal, Tarikere lift, Gravity canal and Tumkur branch canals. In addition Under this project, along with proposed irrigation facility, filling up of 367 Minor Irrigation tanks using 8.86 TMC water in the above mentioned districts as well as supplying 2 TMC water to Vanivilas Sagar has been proposed. The said DPR has been submitted to the Government by the Managing Director, Karnataka Neeravari Nigam Ltd seeking administrative approval.

Examining the proposal submitted by the Managing Director, Karnataka Neeravari Nigam Ltd, the following order is issued.

**Govt. Order No: WRD 53 VBE 2014, Bangalore Date: 06.03.2015**

The Government hereby accords revised administrative approval to the Upper Bhadra Project, which proposes to irrigate 2,25,215Ha Land using micro irrigation, filling up of 367 MI tanks to 50% of their capacity and supplying 2 TMC of water to Vanivilas Sagar through the Tumkur branch canal.

In continuation, it is also hereby ordered to submit a proposal to have this project declared a 'National Project' to the Central Government as well as take steps to commence any emergency works at the earliest.

This order has been issued with the approval of Finance Department vide circular No. FD 596 FC-1/2014 dated 22.11.2014 and F.D/PS/1974/2015 dated 24.01.2015.

By and order in the name of  
Governor of Karnataka  
Sd/-

(K. S. Nagaraja)

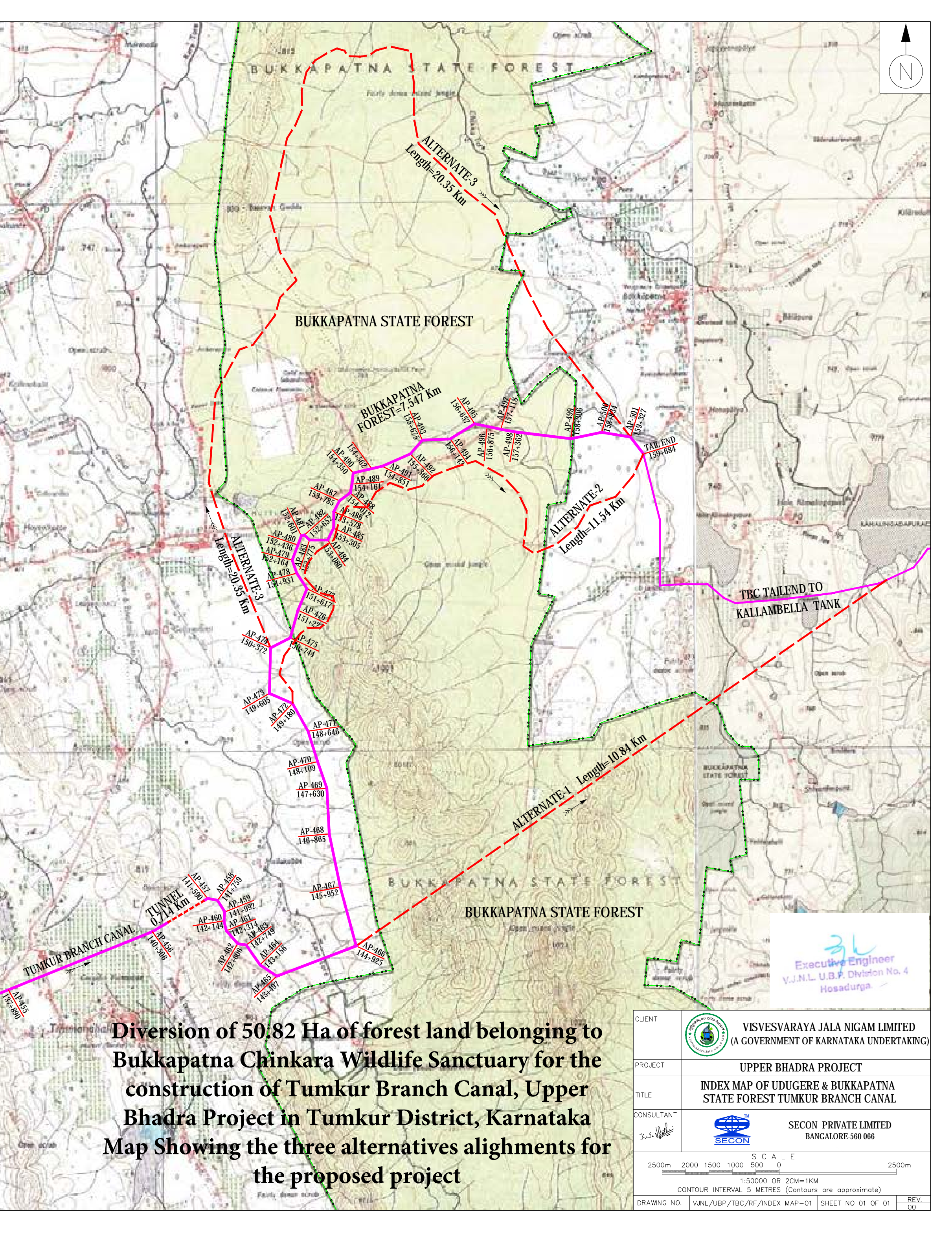
Under Secretary to the Government (Technical-4)  
Water Resource Department

To

1. The Chief Principal Accountant General (G and S.S.A), Karnataka, new building, audit bhavan, Post box No.5398, Bangalore-560001.



2. The Principal Accountant General, Karnataka, Bangalore.
3. The Personal Secretary to the Chief Secretary ,Vidhana Soudha Bangalore,
4. The Personal Secretary to the Chief Secretary (Cabinet Committee),Vidhana Soudha Bangalore, (Subject no: C.04/2014, dated 08.01.2015 regarding and as approved by the Cabinet Committee meeting dated 21.01.2015).
5. The Personal Secretary to the Additional Chief Secretary ,Vidhana Soudha Bangalore
6. The Personal Secretary to the Additional Chief Secretary and Development Commissioner Vidhana Soudha Bangalore,
7. The Personal Secretary to the Additional Chief Secretary Water Resource Department. Vikasa Soudha Bangalore
8. The Personal Secretary to the Principal Secretary. Environment, Forest and Ecology department. M.S building Bangalore.
9. The Personal Secretary to the Principal Secretary, Finance Department Vidhana Soudha Bangalore
10. The Personal Secretary to the Secretary Water Resource Department. Vikasa Soudha Bangalore
11. The Personal Secretary to the Hon'ble minister for Water Resource Department, Vidhana Soudha Bangalore.
12. The Special Officer and Deputy Secretary to the Government, Finance Department (PWD, Treasury), Vidhana Soudha, Bangalore.
13. All Deputy Secretary / Special Duty Officer/ Under Secretary, Water Resource Department. Vikasa Soudha Bangalore
14. The Chief Engineer, Water Resource Development Board. Anandrao Circle, Bangalore.
15. The Managing Director, Karnataka Neeravari Nigam Ltd, Coffee Board, Bangalore
16. The Chief Engineer, Karnataka Neeravari Nigam Ltd, Upper Bhadra Project, Chitradurga.
17. The Director, State Gazette Department, Bangalore.
18. The Director. Centre for Geometric, Anandrao Circle, Bangalore.
19. Guard file / additional copies.

**ANNEXURE – 2**  
**Map showing alternative analysis of the proposed  
alignment of TBC in Bukkapatna Chinkara WLS**

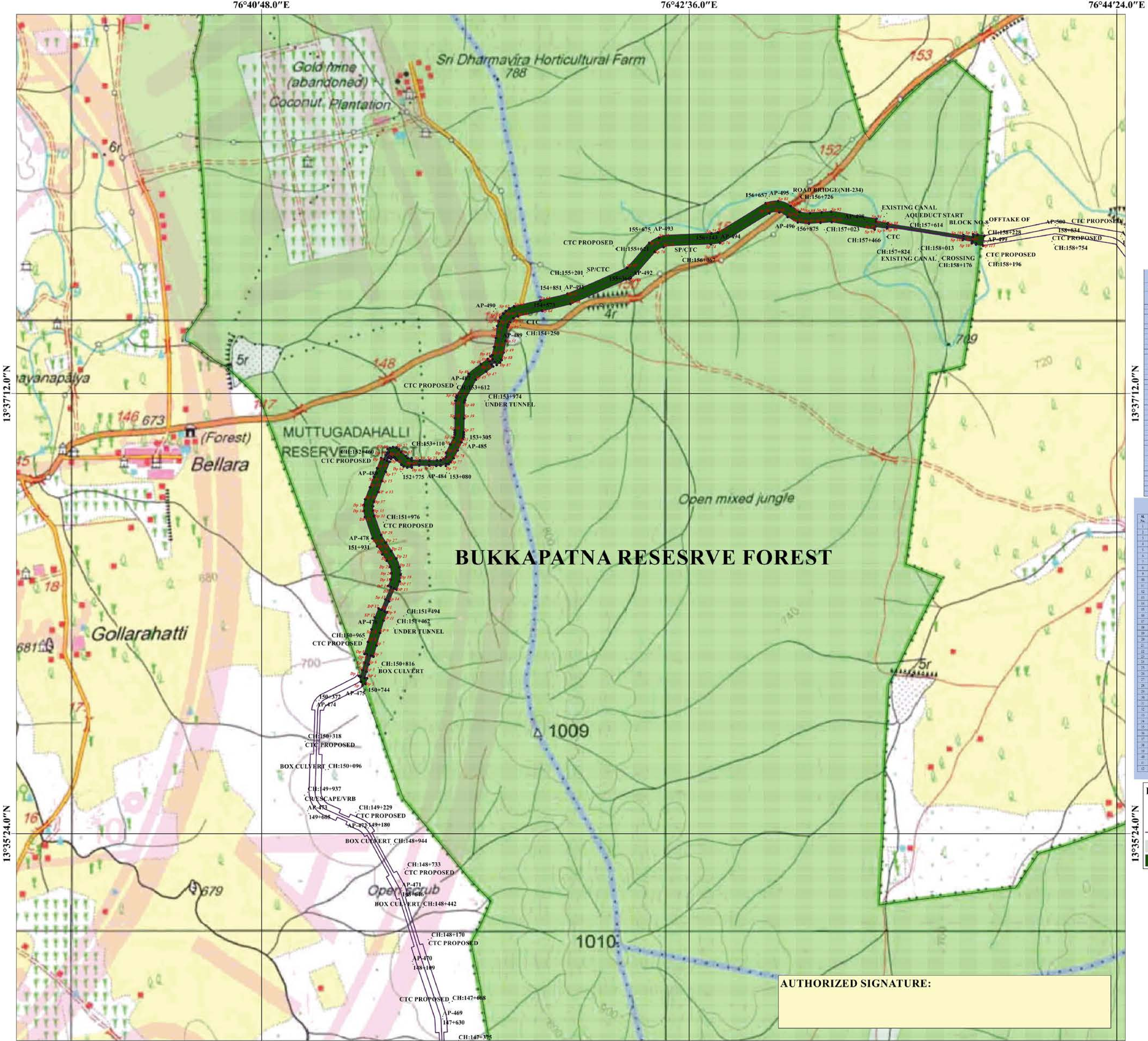


**Diversion of 50.82 Ha of forest land belonging to Bukkapatna Chinkara Wildlife Sanctuary for the construction of Tumkur Branch Canal, Upper Bhadra Project in Tumkur District, Karnataka**  
**Map Showing the three alternatives alignments for the proposed project**

Executive Engineer  
 V.J.N.L. U.B.P. Division No. 4  
 Hosadurga

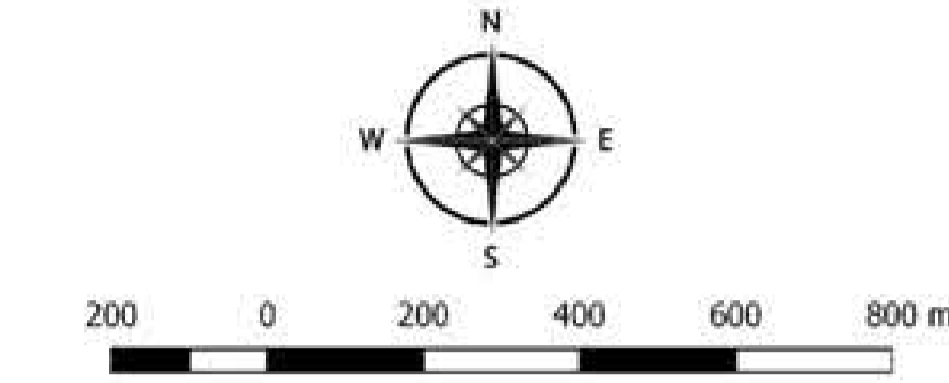
CLIENT	 VISVESVARAYA JALA NIGAM LIMITED (A GOVERNMENT OF KARNATAKA UNDERTAKING)
PROJECT	UPPER BHADRA PROJECT
TITLE	INDEX MAP OF UDUGERE & BUKKAPATNA STATE FOREST TUMKUR BRANCH CANAL
CONSULTANT	 SECON PRIVATE LIMITED BANGALORE-560 066
SCALE 2500m 2000 1500 1000 500 0 2500m 1:50000 OR 2CM=1KM CONTOUR INTERVAL 5 METRES (Contours are approximate)	
DRAWING NO.	VJNL/UBP/TBC/RF/INDEX MAP-01
SHEET NO	01 OF 01
REV.	00

**ANNEXURE – 3**  
**SoI Toposheet showing the alignment of TBC in**  
**Bukkapatna Chinkara WLS and mitigation measures**



**Diversion of 50.82 Ha of forest land belonging to Bukkapatna Chinkara Wildlife Sanctuary for the construction of Tumkur Branch Canal, Upper Bhadra Project in Tumkur District, Karnataka**

**Map showing the alignments passing through the Bukkapatna Chinkara Wildlife Sanctuary**



**Scale 1:10000**

**BASE MAP: SURVEY OF INDIA TOPOSHEET**

FOREST LAND REQUIRED FOR DIVERSION TO THE CONSTRUCTION OF TUMKUR BRANCH CANAL, UPPER BHADRA PROJECT IN BUKKAPATNA RESERVE FOREST, SHIMOGA TALUK, TUMKUR DISTRICT

Sl. No.	Village Limits	Survey No.	Change	Length of canal in Mts.	Canal width in Mts.	Land Required in Ha.	Sl. No.	Village Limits	Survey No.	Change	Length of canal in Mts.	Canal width in Mts.	Land Required in Ha.	TOTAL		
														From	To	From
1	BELLARA	18/15019	18/15019	38	50	0.27	1	KANAYASAPETRA	1/14975	1/14975	80	80	17.56			
2	BELLARA	18/15075	18/15074	171	50	0.66										
3	BELLARA	18/15084	18/15209	355	50	2.89										
4	BELLARA	18/15209	18/15357	50	50	0.62										
5	BELLARA	18/15357	18/15443	126	50	1.04										
6	BELLARA	18/15443	18/15500	77	50	0.62										
7	BELLARA	18/15500	18/15557	57	50	0.47										
8	BELLARA	18/15557	18/15614	57	50	0.47										
9	BELLARA	18/15614	18/15671	57	50	0.47										
10	BELLARA	18/15671	18/15728	57	50	0.47										
11	BELLARA	18/15728	18/15785	57	50	0.47										
12	BELLARA	18/15785	18/15842	57	50	0.47										
13	BELLARA	18/15842	18/15899	57	50	0.47										
14	BELLARA	18/15899	18/15956	57	50	0.47										
15	BELLARA	18/15956	18/16013	57	50	0.47										
16	BELLARA	18/16013	18/16070	57	50	0.47										
17	BELLARA	18/16070	18/16127	57	50	0.47										
18	BELLARA	18/16127	18/16184	57	50	0.47										
19	BELLARA	18/16184	18/16241	57	50	0.47										
20	BELLARA	18/16241	18/16298	57	50	0.47										
21	BELLARA	18/16298	18/16355	57	50	0.47										
22	BELLARA	18/16355	18/16412	57	50	0.47										
23	BELLARA	18/16412	18/16469	57	50	0.47										
24	BELLARA	18/16469	18/16526	57	50	0.47										
25	BELLARA	18/16526	18/16583	57	50	0.47										
26	BELLARA	18/16583	18/16640	57	50	0.47										
27	BELLARA	18/16640	18/16697	57	50	0.47										
28	BELLARA	18/16697	18/16754	57	50	0.47										
29	BELLARA	18/16754	18/16811	57	50	0.47										
30	BELLARA	18/16811	18/16868	57	50	0.47										
31	BELLARA	18/16868	18/16925	57	50	0.47										
32	BELLARA	18/16925	18/16982	57	50	0.47										
33	BELLARA	18/16982	18/17039	57	50	0.47										
34	BELLARA	18/17039	18/17096	57	50	0.47										
35	BELLARA	18/17096	18/17153	57	50	0.47										
36	BELLARA	18/17153	18/17210	57	50	0.47										
37	BELLARA	18/17210	18/17267	57	50	0.47										
38	BELLARA	18/17267	18/17324	57	50	0.47										
<b>TOTAL</b>														1889	8.88	
<b>TOTAL ESTIMATED IN BUKKAPATNA FOREST</b>																8.88

**GPS COORDINATES IN DEGREE DECIMALS**

Sl. No.	Point	Latitude	Longitude	Sl. No.	Point	Latitude	Longitude	Sl. No.	Point	Latitude	Longitude	Sl. No.	Point	Latitude	Longitude
1	P1	13.37120	76.40480	16	P16	13.35240	76.42360	31	P31	13.33360	76.44240	46	P46	13.31480	76.46120
2	P2	13.37120	76.40480	17	P17	13.35240	76.42360	32	P32	13.33360	76.44240	47	P47	13.31480	76.46120
3	P3	13.37120	76.40480	18	P18	13.35240	76.42360	33	P33	13.33360	76.44240	48	P48	13.31480	76.46120
4	P4	13.37120	76.40480	19	P19	13.35240	76.42360	34	P34	13.33360	76.44240	49	P49	13.31480	76.46120
5	P5	13.37120	76.40480	20	P20	13.35240	76.42360	35	P35	13.33360	76.44240	50	P50	13.31480	76.46120
6	P6	13.37120	76.40480	21	P21	13.35240	76.42360	36	P36	13.33360	76.44240	51	P51	13.31480	76.46120
7	P7	13.37120	76.40480	22	P22	13.35240	76.42360	37	P37	13.33360	76.44240	52	P52	13.31480	76.46120
8	P8	13.37120	76.40480	23	P23	13.35240	76.42360	38	P38	13.33360	76.44240	53	P53	13.31480	76.46120
9	P9	13.37120	76.40480	24	P24	13.35240	76.42360	39	P39	13.33360	76.44240	54	P54	13.31480	76.46120
10	P10	13.37120	76.40480	25	P25	13.35240	76.42360	40	P40	13.33360	76.44240	55	P55	13.31480	76.46120
11	P11	13.37120	76.40480	26	P26	13.35240	76.42360	41	P41	13.33360	76.44240	56	P56	13.31480	76.46120
12	P12	13.37120	76.40480	27	P27	13.35240	76.42360	42	P42	13.33360	76.44240	57	P57	13.31480	76.46120
13	P13	13.37120	76.40480	28	P28	13.35240	76.42360	43	P43	13.33360	76.44240	58	P58	13.31480	76.46120
14	P14	13.37120	76.40480	29	P29	13.35240	76.42360	44	P44	13.33360	76.44240	59	P59	13.31480	76.46120
15	P15	13.37120	76.40480	30	P30	13.35240	76.42360	45	P45	13.33360	76.44240	60	P60	13.31480	76.46120

- Legend**
- Chainage
  - GPS CO-ORDINATES
  - Alignment
  - BUKKAPATNA RESERVE FOREST
  - BUKKAPATNA RESERVE FOREST (INSIDE ALIGNMENT)

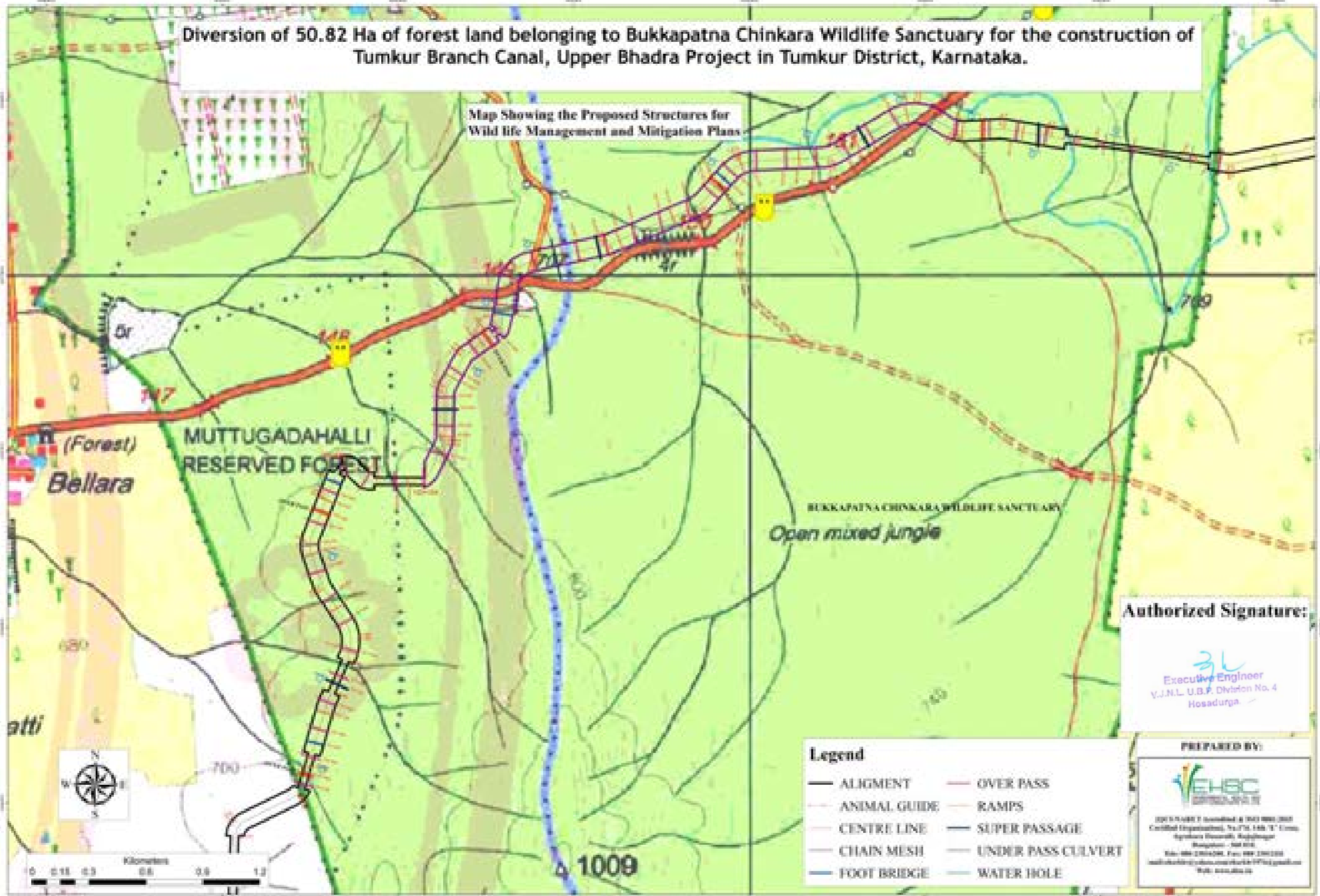
Prepared By:



AUTHORIZED SIGNATURE:

**Diversion of 50.82 Ha of forest land belonging to Bukkapatna Chinkara Wildlife Sanctuary for the construction of Tumkur Branch Canal, Upper Bhadra Project in Tumkur District, Karnataka.**

Map Showing the Proposed Structures for Wild life Management and Mitigation Plans



Authorized Signature:

*3L*  
Executive Engineer  
V.J.N.L. U.B.P. Division No. 4  
Hosadurga.

**Legend**

- |                |                      |
|----------------|----------------------|
| — ALIGNMENT    | — OVER PASS          |
| — ANIMAL GUIDE | — RAMP               |
| — CENTRE LINE  | — SUPER PASSAGE      |
| — CHAIN MESH   | — UNDER PASS CULVERT |
| — FOOT BRIDGE  | — WATER HOLE         |

PREPARED BY:

**VEHBC**  
KARNATAKA

207/A/485/1, Hosdurga Road, Hosdurga, Karnataka  
 Certified Organization, No. 178, 1A8/17, Hosdurga  
 Hosdurga, Karnataka  
 Bangalore - 562 002  
 Tel: 0844-2202004, Fax: 0844-2202005  
 website: [www.vehbc.org](http://www.vehbc.org)  
 Email: [vehbc@vehbc.org](mailto:vehbc@vehbc.org)

**ANNEXURE - 4**  
**Geo-referenced village maps showing the alignment of**  
**TBC in Bukkapatna Chinkara WLS**

Sl. No.	DETAILS	CHANGING	EXISTING	NORTHING	EASTING	LATITUDE	LONGITUDE
1	FOREST BOUND	150+735	150+735	150715.000	150715.000	12° 21' 31.867" N	75° 21' 31.867" E
2		151+735	151+735	150715.000	150715.000	12° 21' 31.867" N	75° 21' 31.867" E
3		152+735	152+735	150715.000	150715.000	12° 21' 31.867" N	75° 21' 31.867" E
4		153+735	153+735	150715.000	150715.000	12° 21' 31.867" N	75° 21' 31.867" E
5		154+735	154+735	150715.000	150715.000	12° 21' 31.867" N	75° 21' 31.867" E
6		155+735	155+735	150715.000	150715.000	12° 21' 31.867" N	75° 21' 31.867" E
7		156+735	156+735	150715.000	150715.000	12° 21' 31.867" N	75° 21' 31.867" E
8		157+735	157+735	150715.000	150715.000	12° 21' 31.867" N	75° 21' 31.867" E
9		158+735	158+735	150715.000	150715.000	12° 21' 31.867" N	75° 21' 31.867" E
10		159+735	159+735	150715.000	150715.000	12° 21' 31.867" N	75° 21' 31.867" E
11		160+735	160+735	150715.000	150715.000	12° 21' 31.867" N	75° 21' 31.867" E
12		161+735	161+735	150715.000	150715.000	12° 21' 31.867" N	75° 21' 31.867" E
13		162+735	162+735	150715.000	150715.000	12° 21' 31.867" N	75° 21' 31.867" E
14		163+735	163+735	150715.000	150715.000	12° 21' 31.867" N	75° 21' 31.867" E
15		164+735	164+735	150715.000	150715.000	12° 21' 31.867" N	75° 21' 31.867" E
16		165+735	165+735	150715.000	150715.000	12° 21' 31.867" N	75° 21' 31.867" E
17		166+735	166+735	150715.000	150715.000	12° 21' 31.867" N	75° 21' 31.867" E



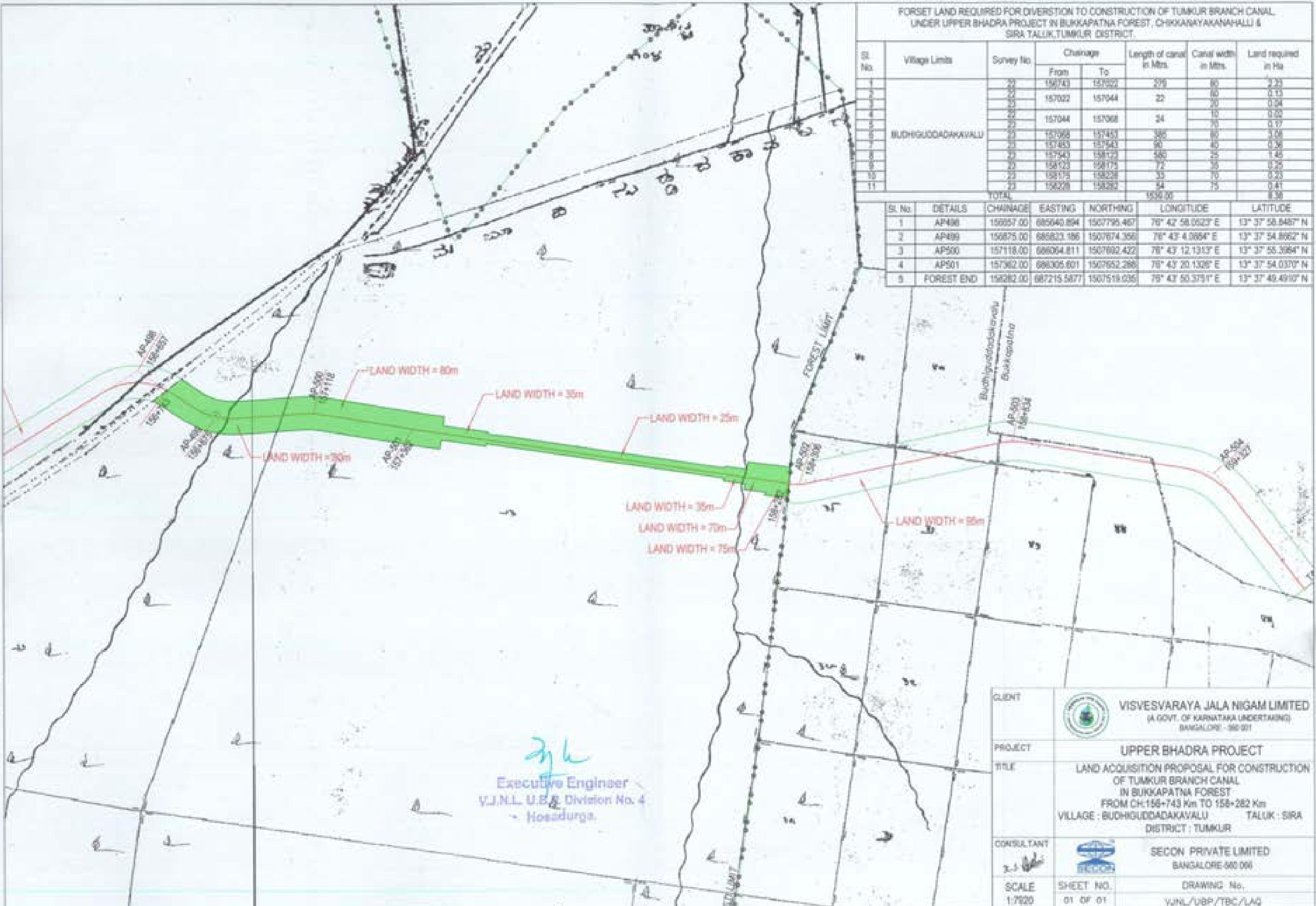
Executive Engineer  
U.P. Division No. 4  
Hosangur

CLIENT	 VISVESVARAYA JALA NIGAI (A GOVT. OF KARNATAKA UNDER BANGALORE - 560 071)
PROJECT	UPPER BHADRA PROJECT
TITLE	LAND ACQUISITION PROPOSAL FOR CONSTI OF TUMKUR BRANCH CANAL IN BUKKAPATNA FOREST FROM CH:150+735 Km TO 154+573 K VILLAGE: BELLARA TALUK : CHIKKANAY DISTRICT : TUMKUR
CONSULTANT	 SECCON PRIVATE LIMITED BANGALORE-560 006
SCALE	1:7020
SHEET NO.	01 OF 01
DRAWING No.	WNL/UBP/TBC/LAC

FORSET LAND REQUIRED FOR DIVERSION TO CONSTRUCTION OF TUMKUR BRANCH CANAL UNDER UPPER BHADRA PROJECT IN BUKKAPATNA FOREST, CHIKKANAYAKANAHALLI & SIRA TALUK, TUMKUR DISTRICT.

Sl No.	Village Limits	Survey No.	Chainage		Length of canal in Mts.	Canal width in Mts.	Land required in Ha.
			From	To			
			156743	157022	279	80	2.23
			157022	157044	22	80	0.13
			157044	157068	24	80	0.24
	BUDHIGUDDADAKAVVALU		157068	157453	385	75	3.07
			157453	157543	90	75	0.68
			157543	158123	580	75	4.45
			158123	158175	52	75	0.42
			158175	158228	53	75	0.43
11			158228	158282	54	75	0.41
TOTAL					1530.00		8.38

Sl. No.	DETAILS	CHAINAGE	EASTING	NORTHING	LONGITUDE	LATITUDE
1	AP488	156857.00	686040.894	1507793.467	79° 42' 58.0523" E	13° 37' 58.8487" N
2	AP489	156875.00	686823.186	1507674.356	79° 43' 4.0884" E	13° 37' 54.8662" N
3	AP500	157118.00	686064.811	1507692.432	79° 43' 12.1313" E	13° 37' 55.3984" N
4	AP501	157362.00	686305.601	1507652.286	79° 43' 20.1326" E	13° 37' 54.0370" N
5	FOREST END	158282.00	687215.5877	1507519.035	79° 43' 50.3751" E	13° 37' 49.4910" N



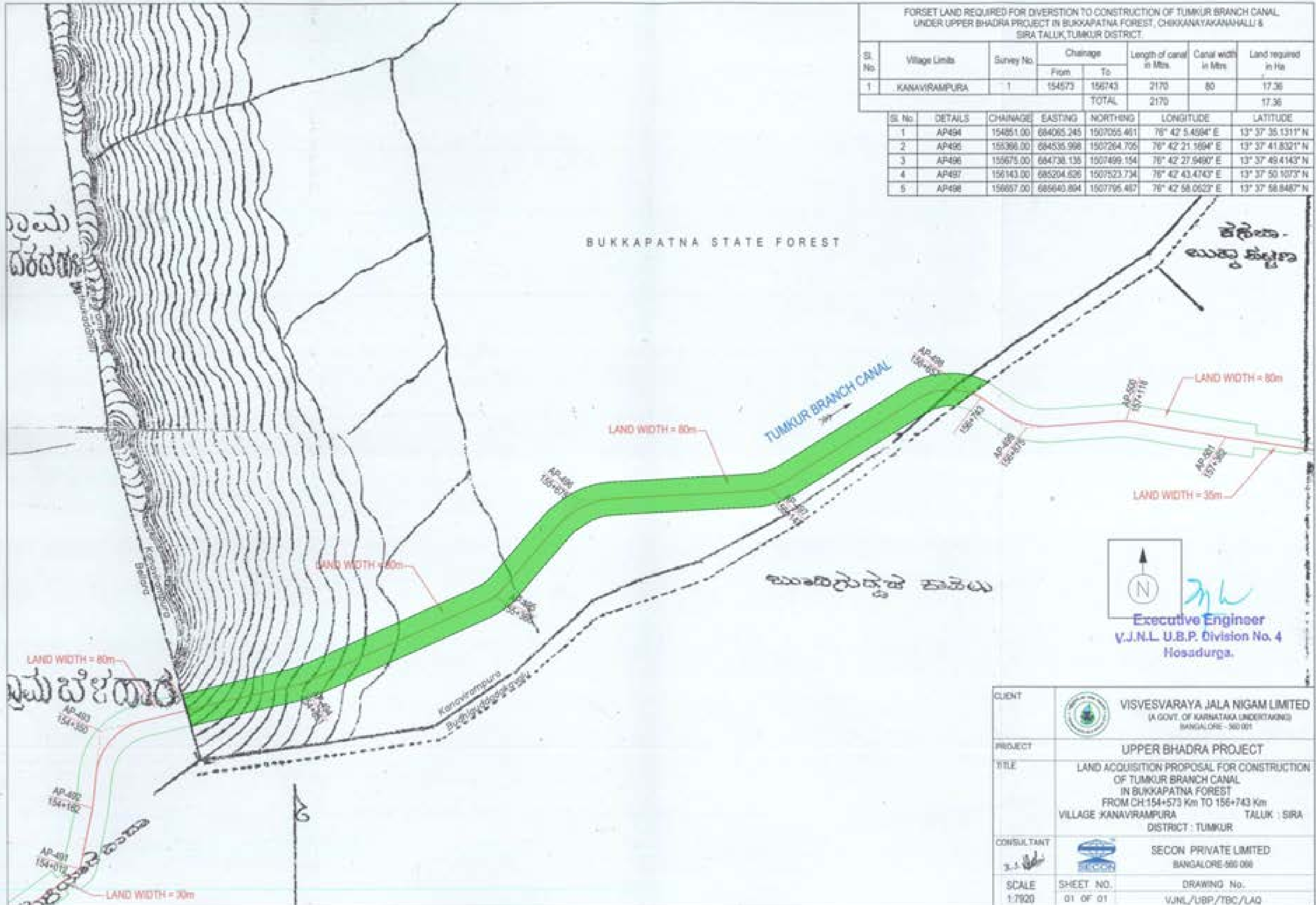
*[Signature]*  
 Executive Engineer  
 V.J.N.L. U.B.P. Division No. 4  
 - Hosadurga.

CLIENT	 VISVESVARAYA JALA NIGAM LIMITED (A GOVT. OF KARNATAKA UNDERTAKING) BANGALORE - 56001
PROJECT	UPPER BHADRA PROJECT
TITLE	LAND ACQUISITION PROPOSAL FOR CONSTRUCTION OF TUMKUR BRANCH CANAL IN BUKKAPATNA FOREST FROM CH-156-743 Km TO 158-282 Km VILLAGE : BUDHIGUDDADAKAVVALU TALUK : SIRA DISTRICT : TUMKUR
CONSULTANT	 SECOM PRIVATE LIMITED BANGALORE-560 006
SCALE	1:7500
SHEET NO.	01 OF 01
DRAWING No.	VJNL/UBP/TBC/LAQ

FORSET LAND REQUIRED FOR DIVERSION TO CONSTRUCTION OF TUMKUR BRANCH CANAL UNDER UPPER BHADRA PROJECT IN BUKKAPATNA FOREST, CHIKKANAYAKANAHALLI & SIRA TALUK, TUMKUR DISTRICT.

Sl. No.	Village Limits	Survey No.	Chainage		Length of canal in Mts.	Canal width in Mts.	Land required in Ha.
			From	To			
1	KANAVIRAMPURA	1	154573	156743	2170	80	17.36
TOTAL					2170		17.36

Sl. No.	DETAILS	CHAINAGE	EASTING	NORTHING	LONGITUDE	LATITUDE
1	AP494	154851.00	684085.245	1507055.461	76° 42' 5.4594" E	13° 37' 35.1311" N
2	AP495	155386.00	684535.998	1507264.705	76° 42' 21.1694" E	13° 37' 41.8321" N
3	AP496	155675.00	684738.136	1507499.154	76° 42' 27.5490" E	13° 37' 49.4143" N
4	AP497	156143.00	685204.826	1507523.734	76° 42' 43.4743" E	13° 37' 50.1073" N
5	AP498	156657.00	685640.894	1507795.467	76° 42' 58.0523" E	13° 37' 58.8487" N



CLIENT	 VISVESVARAYA JALA NIGAM LIMITED (A GOVT. OF KARNATAKA UNDERTAKING) BANGALORE - 560 001
PROJECT	UPPER BHADRA PROJECT
TITLE	LAND ACQUISITION PROPOSAL FOR CONSTRUCTION OF TUMKUR BRANCH CANAL IN BUKKAPATNA FOREST FROM CH:154+573 Km TO 156+743 Km VILLAGE :KANAVIRAMPURA TALUK : SIRA DISTRICT : TUMKUR
CONSULTANT	 SEC CON PRIVATE LIMITED BANGALORE-560 006
SCALE	1:7500
SHEET NO.	01 OF 01
DRAWING No.	VJNL/UBP/TBC/LAQ

NO.	DATE	CHANGING	EASTING	NORTHING	LONGITUDE	LATITUDE
1	1987.00	10000.00	10000.00	10000.00	10000.00	10000.00
2	1987.00	10000.00	10000.00	10000.00	10000.00	10000.00
3	1987.00	10000.00	10000.00	10000.00	10000.00	10000.00
4	1987.00	10000.00	10000.00	10000.00	10000.00	10000.00
5	1987.00	10000.00	10000.00	10000.00	10000.00	10000.00
6	1987.00	10000.00	10000.00	10000.00	10000.00	10000.00
7	1987.00	10000.00	10000.00	10000.00	10000.00	10000.00
8	1987.00	10000.00	10000.00	10000.00	10000.00	10000.00
9	1987.00	10000.00	10000.00	10000.00	10000.00	10000.00
10	1987.00	10000.00	10000.00	10000.00	10000.00	10000.00
11	1987.00	10000.00	10000.00	10000.00	10000.00	10000.00
12	1987.00	10000.00	10000.00	10000.00	10000.00	10000.00
13	1987.00	10000.00	10000.00	10000.00	10000.00	10000.00
14	1987.00	10000.00	10000.00	10000.00	10000.00	10000.00
15	1987.00	10000.00	10000.00	10000.00	10000.00	10000.00
16	1987.00	10000.00	10000.00	10000.00	10000.00	10000.00
17	1987.00	10000.00	10000.00	10000.00	10000.00	10000.00
18	1987.00	10000.00	10000.00	10000.00	10000.00	10000.00
19	1987.00	10000.00	10000.00	10000.00	10000.00	10000.00
20	1987.00	10000.00	10000.00	10000.00	10000.00	10000.00
21	1987.00	10000.00	10000.00	10000.00	10000.00	10000.00
22	1987.00	10000.00	10000.00	10000.00	10000.00	10000.00
23	1987.00	10000.00	10000.00	10000.00	10000.00	10000.00
24	1987.00	10000.00	10000.00	10000.00	10000.00	10000.00
25	1987.00	10000.00	10000.00	10000.00	10000.00	10000.00
26	1987.00	10000.00	10000.00	10000.00	10000.00	10000.00
27	1987.00	10000.00	10000.00	10000.00	10000.00	10000.00
28	1987.00	10000.00	10000.00	10000.00	10000.00	10000.00
29	1987.00	10000.00	10000.00	10000.00	10000.00	10000.00
30	1987.00	10000.00	10000.00	10000.00	10000.00	10000.00

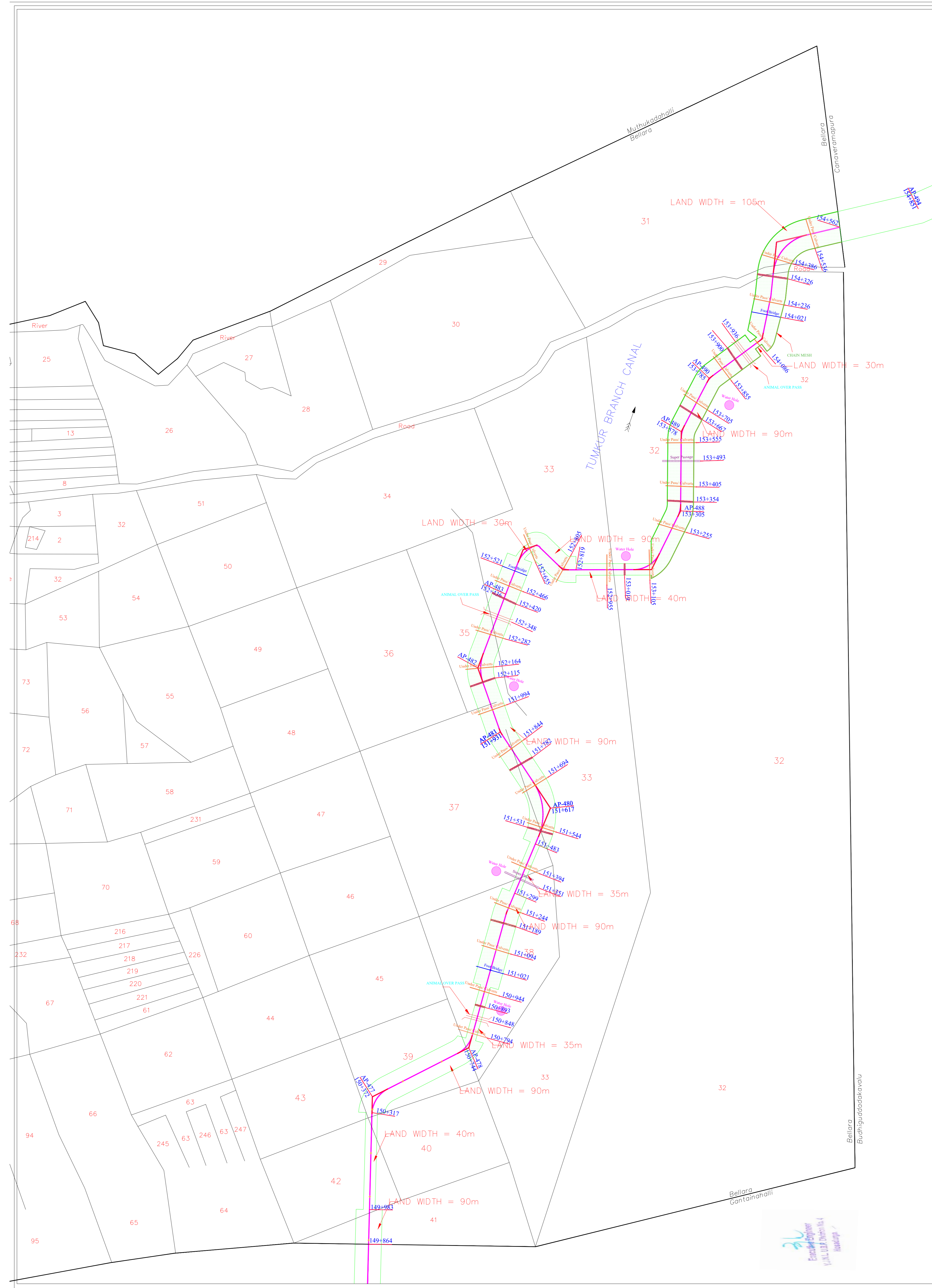


TABLE 1: SUMMARY OF THE PROPOSED PROJECT AND THE EXISTING SITUATION

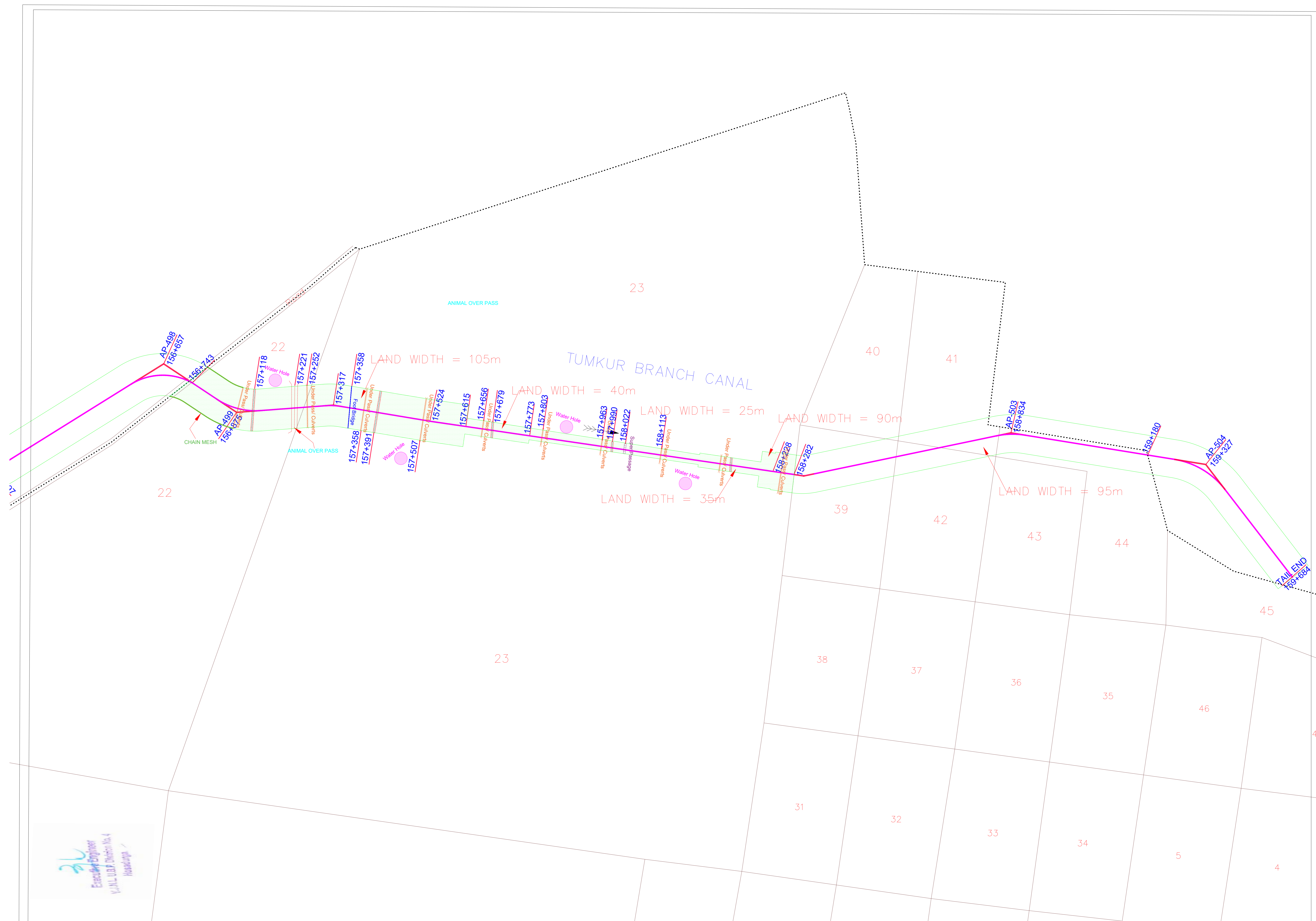
NO.	DESCRIPTION	UNIT	AMOUNT
1	...	...	...
2	...	...	...
3	...	...	...
4	...	...	...
5	...	...	...
6	...	...	...
7	...	...	...
8	...	...	...
9	...	...	...
10	...	...	...
11	...	...	...
12	...	...	...
13	...	...	...
14	...	...	...
15	...	...	...
16	...	...	...
17	...	...	...
18	...	...	...
19	...	...	...
20	...	...	...
21	...	...	...
22	...	...	...
23	...	...	...
24	...	...	...
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26	...	...	...
27	...	...	...
28	...	...	...
29	...	...	...
30	...	...	...
31	...	...	...
32	...	...	...
33	...	...	...
34	...	...	...
35	...	...	...
36	...	...	...
37	...	...	...
38	...	...	...
39	...	...	...
40	...	...	...
41	...	...	...
42	...	...	...
43	...	...	...
44	...	...	...
45	...	...	...
46	...	...	...
47	...	...	...
48	...	...	...
49	...	...	...
50	...	...	...


  
**MINISTRY OF WATER RESOURCES AND IRRIGATION**
  
**GENERAL DIRECTORATE OF WATER RESOURCES**
  
**GENERAL DIRECTORATE OF WATER RESOURCES**
  
**GENERAL DIRECTORATE OF WATER RESOURCES**

**ANNEXURE - 5**  
**Village maps showing TBC and mitigation measures**



<p>Project Name            Diversion of 50.82 Ha of forest land belonging to Bukkapatna Chinkara Wildlife Sanctuary for the construction of Tumkur Branch Canal, Upper Bhadra Project in Tumkur District, Karnataka</p> <p>Village Map Showing the Proposed Structures for Wild Life Management and Mitigation Plan.            Village: Bellara            Taluka: Chikkanayakanahalli            District: Tumkur</p>	<b>LEGEND</b>			
		Under Pass/Culvert		Chain Mesh
		Over pass/single lane Bridge		Ramp
		Water hole		Foot Bridge
		Super passage		Animal Guide
				<p><b>PREPARED BY:</b></p> <p></p> <p>Environmental Health and Safety Consultants Pvt. Ltd.            [QCI-NABET Accredited &amp; ISO 9001:2015 Certified Organization], No.174, 14th 'E' Cross, Agrahara Dasaralli, Rajajinagar Bangalore - 560 010.            Tele: 080-23016200, Fax: 080 23012111            Email: ehscblr@yahoo.com/ehscblr1974@gmail.com            Web: www.ehsc.in</p>



**Project Name**  
 Diversion of 50.82 Ha of forest land belonging to Bukkapatna Chinkara Wildlife Sanctuary for the construction of Tumkur Branch Canal, Upper Bhadra Project in Tumkur District, Karnataka

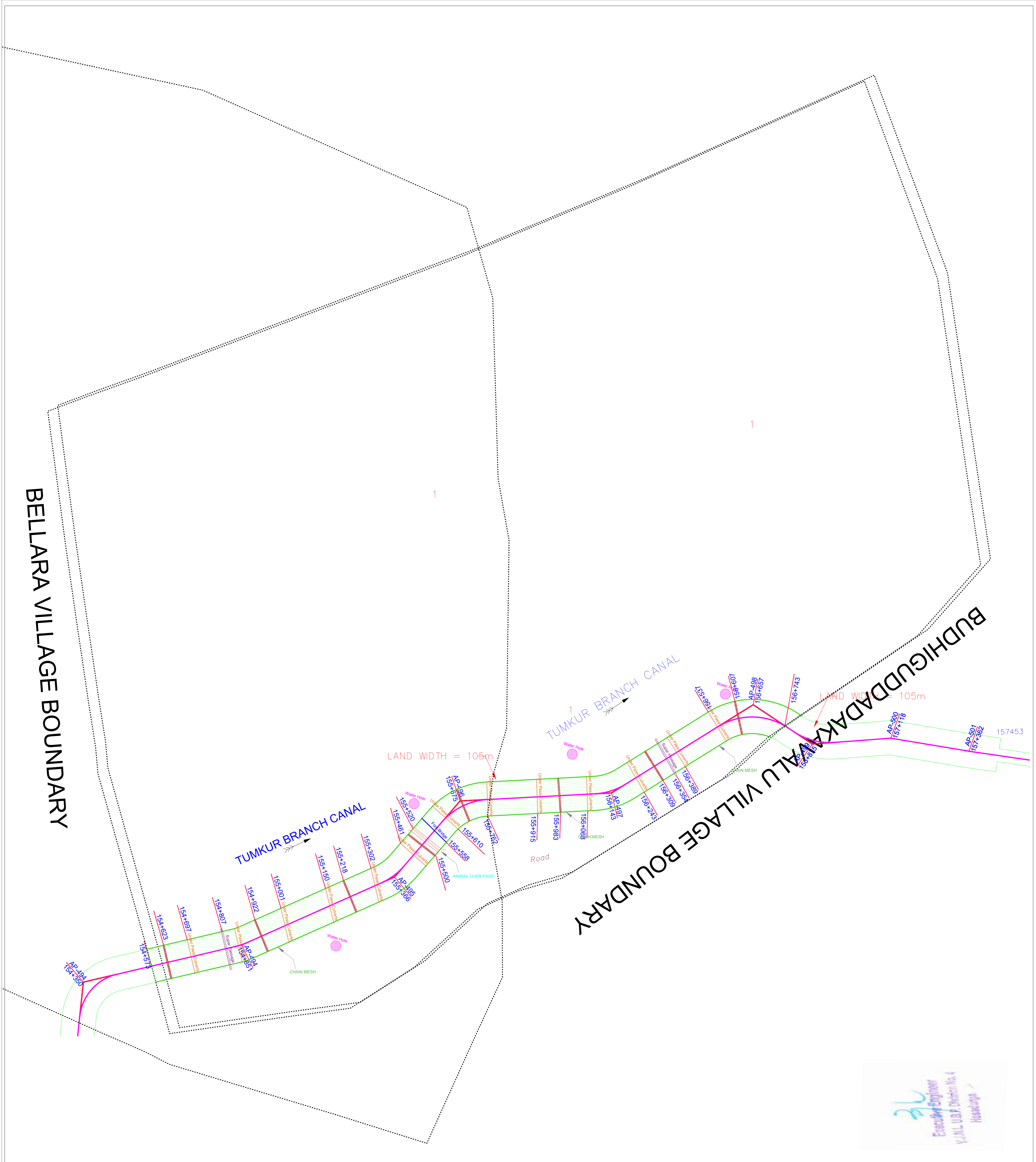
Village Map Showing the Proposed Structures for Wild Life Management and Mitigation Plan.  
 Village: Budhiguddada Kavalu  
 Taluka: Sira  
 District: Tumkuru

LEGEND			
	Under Pass/Culvert		Chain Mesh
	Over pass/single lane Bridge		Ramp
	Water hole		Foot Bridge
	Super passage		Animal Guide

**PREPARED BY:**

**EHS&C**  
 ENVIRONMENTAL HEALTH AND SAFETY CONSULTANTS PVT. LTD.

[QCI-NABET Accredited & ISO 9001:2015 Certified Organization], No.174, 14th 'E' Cross, Agrahara Dasaralli, Rajajinagar Bangalore - 560 010.  
 Tele: 080-23016200. Fax: 080 23012111  
 mail:ehsblr@yahoo.com/ehsblr1974@gmail.com  
 Web: www.ehsc.in



Executive Engineer  
 M.H.L. U.B.P. Division No. 4  
 Hoasur

**Project Name**  
 Diversion of 50.82 Ha of forest land belonging to Bukkapatna Chinkara Wildlife Sanctuary for the construction of Tumkur Branch Canal, Upper Bhadra Project in Tumkur District, Karnataka

Village Map Showing the Proposed Structures for Wild Life Management and Mitigation Plan.  
 Village: Kanavirampura  
 Taluka: Sira  
 District: Tumkur

LEGEND			
	Under Pass/Culvert		Chain Mesh
	Over pass/single lane Bridge		Ramp
	Water hole		Foot Bridge
	Super passage		Animal Guide

**PREPARED BY:**

ENVIRONMENTAL HEALTH AND SAFETY CONSULTANTS PVT. LTD.

[QCI-NABET Accredited & ISO 9001:2015 Certified Organization], No.174, 14th 'E' Cross, Agrahara Dasaralli, Rajajinagar Bangalore - 560 010.  
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 Email: ehsblr@yahoo.com/ehsblr1974@gmail.com  
 Web: www.ehsc.in

**ANNEXURE – 6**  
**Compensatory Afforestation land suitability certificate,  
RTC mutation copy, Sol toposheet and village map  
showing CA land.**

## ANNEXURE

### SUITABILITY CERTIFICATE OF AREA IDENTIFIED FOR COMPENSATORY AFFORESTATION

Certified that, an area of 364.50 ha. of non-forest land Sy.No.343 of Varavukaval Village, Nayakanahatti Hobli, Challakere taluk of Chitradurga District is identified for compensatory afforestation by the Executive Engineer, Karnataka Niravari Nigam Limited, Upper Bhadra Project, Hosadurga in lieu of the diversion of 111.57 ha. forest land for construction of Upper Bhadra Canal in Devaragudda RF, Jankal RF and Lakkihalli RF of Hosadurga Range, Chitradurga Forest Division, is suitable compensatory afforestation and it is adjoining to forest area. It is also suitable for management of point of view.

  
Deputy Conservator of Forests,  
Chitradurga Division, chitradurga.

**ತಹಸೀಲ್ದಾರ್ ರವರ ಕಾರ್ಯಾಲಯ, ಚಳ್ಳಕೆರೆ ತಾಲ್ಲೂಕು, ಚಳ್ಳಕೆರೆ.**

ಸಂ.ಎಲ್.ಎನ್.ಡಿ.ಸಿ.ಆರ್. 71/2010-11

ದಿನಾಂಕ: 22.04.2016.

ಪಲಯ ಅಧ್ಯಕ್ಷಾಧಿಕಾರಿಗಳು,  
ಚಳ್ಳಕೆರೆ ಪಲಯ,  
ಚಳ್ಳಕೆರೆ.  
ಮಾನ್ಯರೇ,

- ವಿಷಯ :** ಚಳ್ಳಕೆರೆ ತಾಲ್ಲೂಕು ನಾಯಕನಹಳ್ಳಿ ಪೋಲೀಸ್ ವರದ್ದು ಕಾವಲು ಗ್ರಾಮದ ರಿ.ಸ.ನಂ:343 ರಲ್ಲಿ 364-50 ಹೆಕ್ಟೇರ್ (901-00 ಎಕರೆ) ಜಮೀನನ್ನು ಪರಿಷ್ಕಾರಕ್ಕೇ ನೆಡು ಪೋಷು ಬೆಳೆಸಲು ಅರಣ್ಯ ಇಲಾಖೆಗೆ ಹಸ್ತಾಂತರಿಸುವ ಬಗ್ಗೆ.
- ಉಲ್ಲೇಖ :** ಮಾನ್ಯ ಜಿಲ್ಲಾಧಿಕಾರಿಗಳು, ಚಿತ್ರದುರ್ಗ ರವರ ಅಧಿಕೃತ ಜ್ಞಾನ ಪತ್ರ ಸಂ.ಎಲ್.ಎನ್.ಡಿ.ಸಿ.ಆರ್.71/2009-10 ದಿನಾಂಕ:01.01.2016.

\*/\*\*

ಮೇಲ್ಕಂಡ ವಿಷಯಕ್ಕೆ ಸಂಬಂಧಿಸಿದಂತೆ, ಭದ್ರಾ ಮೇಲ್ಕಂಡ ಯೋಜನೆಗಾಗಿ ಅರಣ್ಯ ಇಲಾಖೆಯ ಜಮೀನನ್ನು ಲಘು ಮಾತಿರುವುದರಿಂದ ಪರ್ಯಾಯ ಅರಣ್ಯೀಕರಣಕ್ಕಾಗಿ ಚಳ್ಳಕೆರೆ ತಾಲ್ಲೂಕು ನಾಯಕನಹಳ್ಳಿ ಪೋಲೀಸ್ ವರದ್ದು ಕಾವಲು ಗ್ರಾಮದ ರಿ.ಸ.ನಂ:343 ರಲ್ಲಿ 364-50 ಹೆಕ್ಟೇರ್ (901-00 ಎಕರೆ) ಜಮೀನನ್ನು ಪರಿಷ್ಕಾರಕ್ಕೇ ನೆಡುಪೋಷು ಬೆಳೆಸಲು ಅರಣ್ಯ ಇಲಾಖೆಗೆ ಹಸ್ತಾಂತರಿಸಿ ಪರ್ಯಾಯನು ಉಲ್ಲೇಖದ ಅಧಿಕೃತ ಜ್ಞಾನ ಪತ್ರದಲ್ಲಿ ಮಾನ್ಯ ಜಿಲ್ಲಾಧಿಕಾರಿಗಳು, ಚಿತ್ರದುರ್ಗ ಜಿಲ್ಲೆ ರವರು ಅದರಿಸಿದುದ್ದು.

ಮಾನ್ಯ ಜಿಲ್ಲಾಧಿಕಾರಿಗಳವರ ಅದೇಶದಂತೆ ಪರಿಷ್ಕಾರಕ್ಕೇ ನೆಡುಪೋಷು ಬೆಳೆಸಲು ಚಳ್ಳಕೆರೆ ತಾಲ್ಲೂಕು ನಾಯಕನಹಳ್ಳಿ ಪೋಲೀಸ್ ವರದ್ದು ಕಾವಲು ಗ್ರಾಮದ ರಿ.ಸ.ನಂ:343 ರಲ್ಲಿ 364-50 ಹೆಕ್ಟೇರ್ ಜಮೀನಿನ ಬಗ್ಗೆ ಅಧಿಕೃತ ಹಾಗೂ ಮ್ಯಾಜಿಸ್ಟ್ ದಾಖಲೆಯೊಂದಿಗೆ ಹಸ್ತಾಂತರಿಸಿದೆ.

ತಮ್ಮ ವಿಜ್ಞಾನಿ,  
ತಹಸೀಲ್ದಾರ್,  
ಚಳ್ಳಕೆರೆ ತಾಲ್ಲೂಕು.



ಪ್ರತಿಯನ್ನು:

- 1) ಮಾನ್ಯ ಜಿಲ್ಲಾಧಿಕಾರಿಗಳು, ಚಿತ್ರದುರ್ಗ ಜಿಲ್ಲೆ, ಚಿತ್ರದುರ್ಗ ರವರಿಗೆ ಮಾಹಿತಿಗಾಗಿ ಸಲ್ಲಿಸಿದೆ.
- 2) ಉಪ ಅರಣ್ಯ ಸಂರಕ್ಷಣಾಧಿಕಾರಿಗಳು, ಚಿತ್ರದುರ್ಗ ಉಪ ವಿಭಾಗ, ಚಿತ್ರದುರ್ಗ ರವರಿಗೆ ಮಾಹಿತಿಗಾಗಿ ಸಲ್ಲಿಸಿದೆ.
- 3) ಸಾರ್ವಜನಿಕ ಅಧ್ಯಯನಕರರು, ಕೆ.ಎನ್.ಎನ್.ಎಲ್. ಯು.ಪಿ.ಡಿ.ಡಿ.ಎಸ್. ನಂ:4 ಕೆ.ಬೆ.ಕೆ.ಎಂ. ಕಾರ್ಡುಗೆ, ಹೊಸದುರ್ಗ

*Received*  
28/4/16  
*B. Anand*

ಖ. ಇಂ	71-601
ದ. ಪ. ಅ	
ಅಧಿಕೃತ:	2016-08-16
ವಿ. ನಂ	71-2016

ತಹಸೀಲ್ದಾರ್,  
ಚಳ್ಳಕೆರೆ ತಾಲ್ಲೂಕು  
22/4/16

**ತಹಸೀಲ್ದಾರ್ ರವರ ಕಾರ್ಯಾಲಯ, ಚಳ್ಳಕೆರೆ ತಾಲ್ಲೂಕು, ಚಳ್ಳಕೆರೆ.**

ಸಂಎಲ್ ಎನ್ ಡಿ.ಎಲ್ ಆರ್ : /2010-11

ದಿನಾಂಕ: 22.04.2016.

**: ಕಚ್ಚೆ ಪಡಿಸಿಕೊಡುವ ಬಗ್ಗೆ :**

**ವಿಷಯ :** ಚಳ್ಳಕೆರೆ ತಾಲ್ಲೂಕು ನಾಯಕನಹಟ್ಟಿ ಪೋಲೀಸ್ ವರವು ಕಾವಲು ಗ್ರಾಮದ ರಿ.ಸಂ:343 ರಲ್ಲಿ 364-50 ಹೆಕ್ಟೇರ್ (901-00 ಎಕರೆ) ಜಮೀನನ್ನು ಪರಿಪಾಲಕನಹಟ್ಟಿ ನೆಡು ಪೋಲೀಸ್ ಠಾಣೆ ಅರಣ್ಯ ಇಲಾಖೆಗೆ ಹಸ್ತಾಂತರಿಸುವ ಬಗ್ಗೆ.

**ಉಲ್ಲೇಖ :** ಮಾನ್ಯ ಪಲ್ಲಾಡಿ ಕಾರಿಗಲು, ಚಿತ್ರದುರ್ಗ ರವರ ಅಧಿಕೃತ ಪತ್ರದ ಪತ್ರ ಸಂ:ಎಲ್ ಎನ್ ಡಿ.ಎಲ್ ಆರ್:71/2009-10 ದಿನಾಂಕ:03.03.2016.

..//..

ಮೇಲ್ಕಂಡ ವಿಷಯಕ್ಕೆ ಸಂಬಂಧಿಸಿದಂತೆ, ಭದ್ರಾ ಮೇಲ್ಕಂಡ ಯೋಜನೆಗಾಗಿ ಅರಣ್ಯ ಇಲಾಖೆಯ ಜಮೀನನ್ನು ಬಳಕೆ ಮಾಡಿರುವುದರಿಂದ ಪರ್ಯಾಯ ಅರಣ್ಯೀಕರಣಕ್ಕಾಗಿ ಚಳ್ಳಕೆರೆ ತಾಲ್ಲೂಕು ನಾಯಕನಹಟ್ಟಿ ಪೋಲೀಸ್ ವರವು ಕಾವಲು ಗ್ರಾಮದ ರಿ.ಸಂ:343 ರಲ್ಲಿ 364-50 ಹೆಕ್ಟೇರ್ (901-00 ಎಕರೆ) ಜಮೀನನ್ನು ಪರಿಪಾಲಕನಹಟ್ಟಿ ನೆಡು ಪೋಲೀಸ್ ಠಾಣೆ ಅರಣ್ಯ ಇಲಾಖೆಗೆ ಹಸ್ತಾಂತರಿಸಿ ವರ್ಗಾಯಿಸಲು ಉಲ್ಲೇಖಿತ ಅಧಿಕೃತ ಪತ್ರದ ಪತ್ರದಲ್ಲಿ ಮಾನ್ಯ ಪಲ್ಲಾಡಿ ಕಾರಿಗಲು, ಚಿತ್ರದುರ್ಗ ಜಿಲ್ಲೆ ರವರು ಆದೇಶಿಸಿರುತ್ತಾರೆ.

ತಾಲ್ಲೂಕು	ಪೋಲೀಸ್	ಗ್ರಾಮ	ಸ.ಸಂ.	ವಿಸ್ತೀರ್ಣ	ಪರಾ
ಚಳ್ಳಕೆರೆ	ನಾಯಕನಹಟ್ಟಿ	ವರವು ಕಾವಲು	343	364-50 ಹೆಕ್ಟೇರ್	

ಪ್ರಯುಕ್ತ ಈ ಕೆಳಕಂಡ ಪಕ್ಕುಬಂದಿ ಮುಖ್ಯಯುಕ್ತ ಜಮೀನನ್ನು ಪರ್ಯಾಯ ಅರಣ್ಯ ನೆಡು ಪೋಲೀಸ್ ಠಾಣೆ ಅರಣ್ಯ ಇಲಾಖೆಗೆ ಪಡೆನೆ, ಮುಖೇವರ್ ದಾಖಲೆ ಪಾಕೂ ಸನ್ನೆಯೊಂದಿಗೆ ಹಸ್ತಾಂತರಿಸಿದೆ.

**ಪಕ್ಕುಬಂದಿ**

ಪೂರ್ವಕ್ಕೆ: ರಿ.ಸಂ:343ರ ಉಳಿದ ಪ್ರದೇಶ  
ಪಕ್ಕುಮಕ್ಕೆ: ಮೊಮ್ಮಪ್ಪನಗತಿತಳ್ಳ ಗಡಿ  
ಉತ್ತರಕ್ಕೆ: ಡಿ.ಆರ್.ಡಿ.ಪಿ. ಪ್ರದೇಶ  
ದಕ್ಷಿಣಕ್ಕೆ: ನನ್ನಿವಾಳ ಗಡಿ

**ಪರತ್ತುಗಳು**

- 1) ಜಮೀನನ್ನು ವರ್ಗಾಯಿಸಿರುವ ಉದ್ದೇಶಕ್ಕೆ ಮಾತ್ರ ಬಳಕೆ ಮಾಡತಕ್ಕದ್ದು.
- 2) ಯೋಜನೆ ಉದ್ದೇಶಕ್ಕೆ ಎರಡು ವರ್ಷದೊಳಗೆ ಬಳಕೆ ಮಾಡತಕ್ಕದ್ದು.
- 3) ಪರಿ ಜಮೀನಿನಲ್ಲಿ ಯಾವುದೇ ಅತಿಕ್ರಮಣದಾಗದಂತೆ ನೋಡಿಕೊಳ್ಳತಕ್ಕದ್ದು.
- 4) ಮೇಲ್ಕಂಡ ಯಾವುದೇ ಪರತ್ತುಗಳು ಉಲ್ಲಂಘನೆಯಾದಲ್ಲಿ ಯಾವುದೇ ಮುನ್ನಡವೆ ನೀಡದೆ ಜಮೀನನ್ನು ಎಲ್ಲಾ ಮೇಣಭಾಗಗಳಿಂದ ಮುಕ್ತಗೊಳಿಸಿ ಸರ್ಕಾರದಲ್ಲಿ ನಿಂತುಕೊಳ್ಳಿಸಲಾಗುವುದು.

ಜಮೀನನ್ನು ಹಸ್ತಾಂತರಿಸುವವರು

  
ತಹಸೀಲ್ದಾರ್  
ಚಳ್ಳಕೆರೆ ತಾಲ್ಲೂಕು

ಜಮೀನನ್ನು ಹಸ್ತಾಂತರಿಸಿಕೊಳ್ಳುವವರು

  
Range Forest Officer,  
Chalshikere Taluqa, Chitalkem.

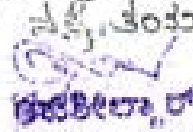
ವರವುಕಾಪಲು ಗ್ರಾಮದ ರಿ.ಸ.ನಂ:343 ರ ಬಲಬ್ಬು ನಕ್ಕೆ


63

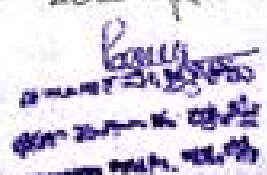


ಇಲ್ಲಿನ ಬಲಬ್ಬುನಿಂದ ತೋಡಿದ ಲೆ.ಸ.ನಂ 343 ರಲ್ಲಿ 6300 ಎ.ನಂ. ಅಕ್ಷರವಾದ  
 - 4000 - DRDO, 900 - ಉತ್ತರಭಕ್ತ ಯೋಜನೆ ಬಾಬಿ ಪಂಚಾಯತು  
 ಉತ್ತರಭಕ್ತರವರಿಗೆ ಮಂಜೂರು ಮಾಡಿದ್ದು ಬಳಿದ 1000 - ಪ್ರದೇಶದಲ್ಲಿ  
 ಕುರುಡಲು, ಗಡನಲ್ಲು, ಬಲ್ಲೆನಂದ ಕೊಡಿಸುತ್ತದೆ. ಯಾವುದೇ ಉತ್ತರ  
 ಚಿತ್ರವಿಲ್ಲ.

ಚಿತ್ರವಿಲ್ಲ :- ಪು: ಲೆ.ಸ.ನಂ 343ರಲ್ಲಿ ಬಳಿದ ಪ್ರದೇಶ ಎ:DRDO ಪ್ರದೇಶ  
 ಪ: ಬೊಮ್ಮವನಹಳ್ಳಿ ನಡಿ. ದ: ಸಿ.ವಿ.ವಾ. ನಡಿ.  
 ಪು: ಮಾನ್ಯ ತಹಶೀಲ್ದಾರವರಿಗೆ L.N.R 94/14-15 ರ ಘಡದ ಮೇರೆಗೆ  
 ಸಂಬಂಧಿಸಿದ ಉತ್ತರಭಕ್ತರವರಿಗೆ, ರಾಜ್ಯ, ರಾಜಕೀಯವಾಗಿ ಮೇಲೆ A/P ತುಂಬ  
 ಮಾಡಿ ನಕ್ಷೆ ತಯಾರಿಸುತ್ತದೆ.

  
 ತಹಶೀಲ್ದಾರ,  
 ಬಲಬ್ಬು ನಕ್ಕೆ

  
 ಎ. ಶಿವಶಂಕರ್,  
 ತಹಶೀಲ್ದಾರ,  
 ಬಲಬ್ಬು ನಕ್ಕೆ

  
 ಡಿ.ಪಿ.ಎಸ್.,  
 ಬಲಬ್ಬು ನಕ್ಕೆ

ನಮೂನೆ-ವರದಿ  
ಮ್ಯೂಚುಯಲ್ ರಿಜಿಸ್ಟ್ರಲ್ ಪ್ರತಿ

ಮುದ್ರಿಸಿದ ದಿನಾಂಕ: 15/04/2016  
ಪುಟ ಸಂಖ್ಯೆ: 1

ಶಿಲ್ಪ :  
ಲಾಭಾಕ್ಷರ  
ಪೋಲಿ  
ಗ್ರಾಮ

ಶಿಕ್ಷಕರು  
ಶಿಕ್ಷಕರ  
ನಾಯಕನಹಳ್ಳಿ  
ವರವುಣಾಲ

ವಹಿವಾಲು ವರ್ಷ: 2015-2016  
ವಹಿವಾಲು ಸಂಖ್ಯೆ: 99  
ಖಜಾನೆ ಸಂಖ್ಯೆ: 1120

ಮೂಲ ಸರಕಾರಿ ಅರೇಜ  
ಅರೇಜದ ರೀತಿ: ವಹಿವಾಲು ಅರೇಜ  
ಪ್ರಾರ್ಥನಾ ರೀತಿ: ಮಂಜೂರು  
ಸಂಖ್ಯೆ: 180/2015/11/07/09  
ದಿನಾಂಕ: 01/03/2016

ನಿರೀಕ್ಷಣಾ ಎಕರ ಮತ್ತಿಗೂ

ಅಧಿಕಾರದ ಪದವಿ ಮತ್ತು ಹುದ್ದೆ	ಅಧಿಕಾರದ ವಿವರ	ನಿರೀಕ್ಷಣಾ	ಅಧಿಕಾರದ ವಿವರ	ನಿರೀಕ್ಷಣಾ	ಅಧಿಕಾರದ ವಿವರ
34077 ಶಿಕ್ಷಕರ ಸಂಖ್ಯೆ: 1.50	<p>ವಹಿವಾಲು</p> <p>ಅಧಿಕಾರ : ಮುಖ್ಯಾಧಿಕಾರಿ ವಹಿವಾಲು ಅಧಿಕಾರಿಗಳ ಇವರಿಂದ ವಹಿವಾಲು ಅಧಿಕಾರ ಗುತ್ತಿಗೆಯನ್ನು 2015/15-16 ರಂತೆ ವಹಿವಾಲು ಅಧಿಕಾರಿಗಳ ವಹಿವಾಲು ಅಧಿಕಾರಿಗಳ ಎಕರ ಅಧಿಕಾರಿಗಳ 2015/15-16 ರಂತೆ ವಹಿವಾಲು ಅಧಿಕಾರಿಗಳ 174 ಎಕರ ಮತ್ತು 2016 2015/15-16 ರಂತೆ 1.50 ಅಧಿಕಾರಿಗಳ ಅಧಿಕಾರಿಗಳ ನೀಡಲಾಗಿದೆ. ಕುರಿತು.</p> <p>ಅಧಿಕಾರ ಮತ್ತು ವಹಿವಾಲು ಅಧಿಕಾರಿಗಳು ಮುಖ್ಯಾಧಿಕಾರಿಗಳ ಇವರಿಂದ ವಹಿವಾಲು ಅಧಿಕಾರಿಗಳ ಅಧಿಕಾರಿಗಳು, ಅಧಿಕಾರಿಗಳು ಇವರಿಗೆ ಪ್ರತ್ಯೇಕ ಗುತ್ತಿಗೆ ರೀತಿ 1000 ಎಕರ ಪ್ರದೇಶ.</p>	991.00.00.00	<p>ಅಧಿಕಾರಿಗಳ ಅಧಿಕಾರ ಮತ್ತು ಅಧಿಕಾರಿಗಳ</p>	991.00.00.00	ಅಧಿಕಾರಿಗಳ ಅಧಿಕಾರ ಮತ್ತು ಅಧಿಕಾರಿಗಳ



ಮ್ಯೂಚುಯಲ್ ಅಧಿಕಾರದ ವಿವರ:  
ಪ್ರಮುಖ ಮ್ಯೂಚುಯಲ್  
ಅಧಿಕಾರಿಗಳಿಗೆ.

ಮುಖ್ಯಾಧಿಕಾರಿ : ಶಿಕ್ಷಕರ  
ಮ್ಯೂಚುಯಲ್ ಅಧಿಕಾರದ ದಿನಾಂಕ: 15/04/2016

ವಹಿವಾಲು  
ಅಧಿಕಾರಿಗಳಿಗೆ  
ನಾಯಕನಹಳ್ಳಿ



136588991

Valid from 01/01/2022 To Till Date

1. ಸರ್ಕಾರಿ ಖಾತೆ 240	2. ವಿವರಣೆ L.A. ಬಿ.ಎಂ. ಫೇಸ್ ಖಾತೆ (ಎ) ಫೇಸ್ ಖಾತೆ (ಬಿ) ಖಾತೆ	3. ಸಂಖ್ಯೆ	4. ದಿನಾಂಕ (ಎ) ಫೇಸ್ ಖಾತೆ (ಬಿ) ಫೇಸ್ (ಸಿ) ಫೇಸ್ (ಡಿ) ಫೇಸ್	5. ಲಾ. ಸಂಖ್ಯೆ	6. ಸಂಖ್ಯೆ	7. ಸಂಖ್ಯೆ	8. ಸಂಖ್ಯೆ	9. ಸಂಖ್ಯೆ	10. ಸಂಖ್ಯೆ	11. ಸಂಖ್ಯೆ	12. ಸಂಖ್ಯೆ
	<p>11. ಸರ್ಕಾರಿ ಖಾತೆ ವಿವರಣೆ</p> <p>12. ಸರ್ಕಾರಿ ಖಾತೆ ವಿವರಣೆ</p>										

1. ಸರ್ಕಾರಿ ಖಾತೆ	2. ವಿವರಣೆ	3. ಸಂಖ್ಯೆ	4. ದಿನಾಂಕ				5. ಲಾ. ಸಂಖ್ಯೆ	6. ಸಂಖ್ಯೆ	7. ಸಂಖ್ಯೆ			10. ಸಂಖ್ಯೆ	11. ಸಂಖ್ಯೆ	12. ಸಂಖ್ಯೆ
			10	11	12	13			14	15	16			

# ಜಿಲ್ಲಾಧಿಕಾರಿಗಳ ಕಾರ್ಯಾಲಯ, ಚಿತ್ರದುರ್ಗ ಜಿಲ್ಲೆ, ಚಿತ್ರದುರ್ಗ.

ಸಂ:ಎಲ್ ಎನ್ ಡಿ:ಎಲ್ ಕೆ:ಸಿಆರ್-71/2009-10

ದಿನಾಂಕ:3-3-2016.

## ಅಧಿಕೃತ ಜ್ಞಾಪನ ಪತ್ರ

**ವಿಷಯ:** ಭದ್ರಾ ಮೇಲ್ಮಂಡೆ ಯೋಜನೆಗಾಗಿ ಅರಣ್ಯ ಇಲಾಖೆಯ ಜಮೀನನ್ನು ಬಳಕೆ ಮಾಡಿರುವುದರಿಂದ ಚಿತ್ರದುರ್ಗ ಜಿಲ್ಲೆ ಚಳ್ಳಕೆರೆ ತಾಲ್ಲೂಕು ನಾಯಕನಹಟ್ಟಿ ಹೋಬಳಿ ವರವು ಕಾವಲು ಗ್ರಾಮದ ಸರ್ವೆ ನಂ:343ರಲ್ಲಿ 364-50ಹೆಕ್ಟರ್ (901 ಎಕರೆ) ಜಮೀನನ್ನು ಪರ್ಯಾಯ ಅರಣ್ಯೀಕರಣಕ್ಕಾಗಿ ಅರಣ್ಯ ಇಲಾಖೆಗೆ ವರ್ಗಾಯಿಸುವ ಬಗ್ಗೆ.

- ಉಲ್ಲೇಖ:**
- 1) ಸರ್ಕಾರದ ಅಧೀನ ಕಾರ್ಯದರ್ಶಿ, ಕಂದಾಯ ಇಲಾಖೆ, (ಭೂ ಮಂಜೂರಾತಿ-3) ಬೆಂಗಳೂರು ಇವರ ಆದೇಶ ಸಂ:ಆರ್‌ಡಿ-31:ಎಲ್‌ಜಿಎ 2013 ದಿ:26-2-2013.
  - 2) ಮುಖ್ಯ ಇಂಜಿನಿಯರ್, ಭೂಮಿಯೋಜನೆ, ಚಿತ್ರದುರ್ಗ ಇವರ ಪತ್ರ ಸಂ:ಮುಇಂಜಿ:ಕನೀನಿನಿ:ಭೂಮಿಯೋಜನೆ:ತಾಂ.ಸ-4/2015-16/905 ದಿ:13-7-2015.
  - 3) ಕಾರ್ಯಪಾಲಕ ಇಂಜಿನಿಯರ್, ಕನೀನಿನಿ, ಭದ್ರಾ ಮೇಲ್ಮಂಡೆ ಯೋಜನೆ ವಿಭಾಗ, ನಂ:1, ಮುತ್ತಿನಕೊಪ್ಪ ಇವರ ಪತ್ರ ಸಂ:ಕಾಇಂ:ಕನೀನಿನಿ:ಭೂಮಿಯೋಜನೆ:ವಿ-1/ಯೋಶಾ-1/ಪ್ಯಾ-1:ಅರಣ್ಯ/2015-16/657 ದಿ:1-2-2016.
  - 4) ಉಪ ಅರಣ್ಯ ಸಂರಕ್ಷಣಾಧಿಕಾರಿ, ಚಿತ್ರದುರ್ಗ ವಿಭಾಗ, ಚಿತ್ರದುರ್ಗ ಇವರ ಪತ್ರ ಸಂ:ಎ-6:ಭೂಮಿ:ಭದ್ರಾ ಮೇಲ್ಮಂಡೆ:ಜಿಎಲ್‌ಡಿ-3462.3699/2015-16/1082 ದಿ:26-2-2015.
  - 5) ಮಾನ್ಯ ಕರ್ನಾಟಕ ಉಚ್ಚ ನ್ಯಾಯಾಲಯದ ರಿಟ್ ಒಟಿಷನ್ ಸಂ:26144-26147/2012 (ಕೆಎಲ್‌ಆರ್-ಆರ್‌ಇಎಸ್-ಒಐಎಲ್) ಆದೇಶ ದಿ:30-9-2013.


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ಭದ್ರಾ ಮೇಲ್ಮಂಡೆ ಯೋಜನೆಗಾಗಿ ಅರಣ್ಯ ಇಲಾಖೆಯ ಜಮೀನನ್ನು ಬಳಕೆ ಮಾಡಿರುವುದರಿಂದ ಚಿತ್ರದುರ್ಗ ಜಿಲ್ಲೆ ಚಳ್ಳಕೆರೆ ತಾಲ್ಲೂಕು ನಾಯಕನಹಟ್ಟಿ ಹೋಬಳಿ ವರವು ಕಾವಲು ಗ್ರಾಮದ ಸರ್ವೆ ನಂ:343ರಲ್ಲಿ 364-50ಹೆಕ್ಟರ್ (901 ಎಕರೆ) ಜಮೀನನ್ನು ಪರ್ಯಾಯ ಅರಣ್ಯೀಕರಣಕ್ಕಾಗಿ ಅರಣ್ಯ ಇಲಾಖೆಗೆ ವರ್ಗಾಯಿಸಲು ಉಲ್ಲೇಖ(1)ರಂತೆ ಆದೇಶವಾದಂತೆ ಕ್ರಮವಹಿಸಲು ಉಲ್ಲೇಖ(5)ರ ರಿಟ್ ಅರ್ಜಿಗೊಳಪಡಿಸಿ ಆದೇಶ ಮಾಡಿರುವುದರಿಂದ ಹಾಗೂ ಅಪರ ಮುಖ್ಯ ಕಾರ್ಯದರ್ಶಿಗಳು, ಅರಣ್ಯ ಪರಿಸರ ಮತ್ತು ಜೀವಶಾಸ್ತ್ರ ಇಲಾಖೆ, ಬೆಂಗಳೂರು ಇವರು ಆಕ್ಷೇಪಣೆ ವ್ಯಕ್ತಪಡಿಸಿ ಸದರಿ ಜಮೀನು 'ಸಿ ಅಂಡ್ ಡಿ' ಲ್ಯಾಂಡ್ ಆಗಿರುವುದರಿಂದ ಅರಣ್ಯ ಇಲಾಖೆಗೆ ವರ್ಗಾಯಿಸದಿರಲು ಅಭಿಪ್ರಾಯಿಸಿರುತ್ತಾರೆ.

ಈ ಸಂಬಂಧ ಜಿಲ್ಲಾ ಡೀಮ್ಡ್ ನಾನ್ ಡೀಮ್ಡ್ ಸಮಿತಿ ಸಭೆಯಲ್ಲಿ ವರವು ಕಾವಲು ಗ್ರಾಮದ ಸ.ನಂ:343ರಲ್ಲಿ ಒಟ್ಟು 2052-00ಎಕರೆ ಕಂದಾಯ ಇಲಾಖೆಯ ವಹಿಸಿಕೊಳ್ಳುವಂತಹ ಜಮೀನಾಗಿರುತ್ತದೆ ಮತ್ತು ಡೀಮ್ಡ್ ಫಾರೆಸ್ಟ್ ಆಗಿರುವುದಿಲ್ಲವೆಂದು ಈ ಬಗ್ಗೆ ಸೂಕ್ತ ಆದೇಶ ಹೊರಡಿಸಲು ಅಗತ್ಯ ಕ್ರಮ ಕೈಗೊಳ್ಳಲು ಕೋರಿ ದಿ:14-7-2015ರಂದು ಅಪರ ಮುಖ್ಯ ಕಾರ್ಯದರ್ಶಿಗಳು, ಅರಣ್ಯ ಪರಿಸರ ಮತ್ತು ಜೀವಶಾಸ್ತ್ರ ಇಲಾಖೆ, ಬೆಂಗಳೂರು ಇವರಿಗೆ ಪತ್ರ ಬರೆಯಲಾಗಿತ್ತು.

ಉಲ್ಲೇಖ(3)ರಲ್ಲಿ ಭದ್ರಾ ಮೇಲ್ಕಂಡ ಯೋಜನೆಯು ಕರ್ನಾಟಕ ಸರ್ಕಾರದ ಪ್ರತಿಷ್ಠಿತ ಯೋಜನೆಯಾಗಿದ್ದು, ಬರಗಾಲ ಪೀಡಿತ ಪ್ರದೇಶಗಳಾದ ಚಿಕ್ಕಮಗಳೂರು, ಚಿತ್ರದುರ್ಗ, ದಾವಣಗೆರೆ ಹಾಗೂ ತುಮಕೂರು ಜಿಲ್ಲೆಗಳ ಪ್ರದೇಶಗಳಿಗೆ ನೀರುಣಿಸುವ ಯೋಜನೆಯಾಗಿದ್ದು, ಅರಣ್ಯ ಪ್ರದೇಶದ ತೀರುವಳಿ ಪಡೆಯುವಲ್ಲಿ ಅತೀ ವಿಳಂಬವಾಗಿರುತ್ತದೆ. ಆದ್ದರಿಂದ ಸದರಿ ಕಾಮಗಾರಿಗೆ ಅವಶ್ಯವಿರುವ ಅರಣ್ಯ ಪ್ರದೇಶದ ತೀರುವಳಿ ದೊರೆಯುವ ಪ್ರಕ್ರಿಯೆ ಪರ್ಯಾಯ ಅರಣ್ಯೇಕರಣಕ್ಕಾಗಿ ಸರ್ಕಾರದಿಂದ ಮಂಜೂರಾಗಿರುವ ವರವು ಕಾವಲು ಗ್ರಾಮದ ಸ.ನಂ:343ರಲ್ಲಿನ 364-50ಹೆಕ್ಟೇರ್ ಭೂಮಿಯನ್ನು ಕಂದಾಯ ಇಲಾಖೆಯಿಂದ ಅರಣ್ಯ ಇಲಾಖೆಗೆ ವರ್ಗಾಯಿಸಲು ಸಂಬಂಧಪಟ್ಟ ಅಧಿಕಾರಿಗಳಿಗೆ ನಿರ್ದೇಶನ ನೀಡಬೇಕೆಂದು ಕೋರಿರುತ್ತಾರೆ.

ಪ್ರಯುಕ್ತ ಕಂದಾಯ ಇಲಾಖೆಯ ಉಲ್ಲೇಖ(1)ರ ಆದೇಶದಂತೆ ಕೂಡಲೇ ಪ್ರಸ್ತಾವಿತ ಜಮೀನನ್ನು ಕಂದಾಯ ದಾಖಲೆಗಳಲ್ಲಿ ಇಂಡೀಕರಣಗೊಳಿಸಿ ಅರಣ್ಯ ಇಲಾಖೆಗೆ ವಹಿಸಿಕೊಡಲು ತಹಶೀಲ್ದಾರ್, ಚಳ್ಳಕೆರೆ ಇವರಿಗೆ ಆದೇಶಿಸಿದೆ.

  
(ಇಂ.ಕೆ.ಶ್ರೀರಂಗಯ್ಯ)  
ಜಿಲ್ಲಾಧಿಕಾರಿಗಳು,  
ಚಿತ್ರದುರ್ಗ ಜಿಲ್ಲೆ

ಪ್ರತಿಯನ್ನು:

- 1) ಸರ್ಕಾರದ ಅಧೀನ ಕಾರ್ಯದರ್ಶಿ, ಕಂದಾಯ ಇಲಾಖೆ, (ಭೂ ಮಂಜೂರಾತಿ-3) ಬೆಂಗಳೂರು ಇವರಿಗೆ ಮಾಹಿತಿಗಾಗಿ ಸಲ್ಲಿಸಿದೆ.
- 2) ಮುಖ್ಯ ಇಂಜಿನಿಯರ್, ಭದ್ರಾ ಮೇಲ್ಕಂಡ ಯೋಜನೆ, ವಲಯ, ಚಿತ್ರದುರ್ಗ.
- 3) ಉಪವಿಭಾಗಾಧಿಕಾರಿಗಳು, ಚಿತ್ರದುರ್ಗ.
- 4) ಕಾರ್ಯಪಾಲಕ ಇಂಜಿನಿಯರ್, ಕನೀನಿನಿ, ಭದ್ರಾ ಮೇಲ್ಕಂಡ ಯೋಜನೆ ವಿಭಾಗ, ನಂ:1, ಮುತ್ತಿನಕೊಪ್ಪ, ಎನ್.ಆರ್.ಪುರ ತಾಲ್ಲೂಕು, ಚಿಕ್ಕಮಗಳೂರು ಜಿಲ್ಲೆ.
- 5) ಉಪ ಅರಣ್ಯ ಸಂರಕ್ಷಣಾಧಿಕಾರಿ, ಚಿತ್ರದುರ್ಗ ವಿಭಾಗ, ಚಿತ್ರದುರ್ಗ.
- 6) ತಹಶೀಲ್ದಾರ್, ಚಳ್ಳಕೆರೆ ಇವರಿಗೆ ಮುಂದಿನ ಸೂಕ್ತ ಕ್ರಮಕ್ಕಾಗಿ.

೨.



ಕರ್ನಾಟಕ ಸರ್ಕಾರದ ನಡವಳಿಗಳು

ವಿಷಯ: ಭದ್ರಾ ಮೀಲ್ಮಂಡೆ ಯೋಜನೆಗಾಗಿ ಅರಣ್ಯ ಇಲಾಖೆಯ ಜಮೀನನ್ನು ಬಳಕೆಮಾಡುವುದರಿಂದ ಚಿತ್ರದುರ್ಗ ಜಿಲ್ಲೆ ಪಲ್ಕೆರೆ ತಾಲ್ಲೂಕು, ಸಾಯ್ಕನಹಳ್ಳಿ ಪೊಜಿಟಿ, ವರವು ಕಾವಲು ಗ್ರಾಮದ ಸ.ನಂ.343ರಲ್ಲಿ 364-50 ಹೆಕ್ಟೇರ್ (901-00 ಎಕರೆ) ಜಮೀನನ್ನು ಪರ್ಯಾಯ ಅರಣ್ಯೀಕರಣಕ್ಕಾಗಿ ಅರಣ್ಯ ಇಲಾಖೆಗೆ ವರ್ಗಾಯಿಸುವ ಬಗ್ಗೆ

ಓದಲಾಗಿವೆ:

- 1) ಜಿಲ್ಲಾಧಿಕಾರಿ, ಚಿತ್ರದುರ್ಗ ಜಿಲ್ಲೆ ಇವರ ವಕ್ರ ಸಂಖ್ಯೆ ಎಸ್.ಎಸ್.ಡಿ. ಸಿಆರ್. 71/2009-10 ದಿನಾಂಕ: 17.01.2012
- 2) ಸರ್ಕಾರದ ಪ್ರಧಾನ ಕಾರ್ಯದರ್ಶಿ, ಜಲಸಂಪನ್ಮೂಲ ಇಲಾಖೆ ಇವರ ಅ.ಸ.ವಕ್ರ ಸಂಖ್ಯೆ: ಜಸಂಇ 73 ವಿಜ್ಞಾನ2012 ದಿನಾಂಕ: 30.10.2012
- 3) ಕರ್ನಾಟಕ ಉಚ್ಚ ನ್ಯಾಯಾಲಯದಲ್ಲಿನ ರಿಟ್ ಅಪೀಲು ಸಂಖ್ಯೆ: 26144-47/2012

ಪ್ರಸ್ತಾವನೆ:

ಮೇಲೆ ಓದಲಾದ ಕ್ರಮ ಸಂಖ್ಯೆ (1)ರ ವಕ್ರದಲ್ಲಿ ಜಿಲ್ಲಾಧಿಕಾರಿ, ಚಿತ್ರದುರ್ಗ ಇವರು ಭದ್ರಾ ಮೀಲ್ಮಂಡೆ ಯೋಜನೆಯ ಪ್ಯಾಕೇಜ್-1ರ ಸಾಲಿ ಪಂಕ್ತಿಕರಣವು ಚಿತ್ರದುರ್ಗ ಜಿಲ್ಲೆ, ಎಸ್.ಆರ್.ಪುರ ತಾಲ್ಲೂಕು ಪ್ಯಾಕೇಜಿಯಲ್ಲಿ ಬರುವ ಉಪವಿಭಾಗ ಅರಣ್ಯ ಪ್ರದೇಶದಲ್ಲಿ ಹಾದುಹೋಗುತ್ತಿರುವುದಾಗಿಯೂ, ಪ್ಯಾಕೇಜ್-2ರ ಸಾಲಿ ಪಂಕ್ತಿಕರಣವು ಚಿತ್ರದುರ್ಗ ಜಿಲ್ಲೆ ಪರ್ಲೆಕರೆ ಪ್ಯಾಕೇಜಿಯಲ್ಲಿ ಬರುವ ಕುಂದೂರು ಅರಣ್ಯ ಪ್ರದೇಶ ಮತ್ತು ಗುರುಪುರ ಅರಣ್ಯ ಪ್ರದೇಶದಲ್ಲಿ ಹಾದುಹೋಗುತ್ತಿರುವುದಾಗಿಯೂ, ಹಾಗೂ ಚಿತ್ರದುರ್ಗ ಉಪ ಕಾರ್ಯದರ್ಶಿ ಚಿತ್ರದುರ್ಗ ಜಿಲ್ಲೆ, ಹೊಸದುರ್ಗ ತಾಲ್ಲೂಕು, ದೇವರಗುಡ್ಡ, ಪಾನಕಲ್ ಮತ್ತು ಲಕ್ಕಿಹಳ್ಳಿ ಅರಣ್ಯ ಪ್ರದೇಶದಲ್ಲಿ ಹಾದುಹೋಗುತ್ತಿರುವುದಾಗಿಯೂ, ಈ ಪಂಕ್ತಿಕರಣದನ್ವಯ ಕಾರುವ ಸಮಾರಂಭ ಮೇಲಿನ ಅರಣ್ಯ ಪ್ರದೇಶದ ಒಟ್ಟು 364.50 ಹೆಕ್ಟೇರ್ ಪ್ರದೇಶ ಭೂ ಸ್ವಾಧೀನಪಡಿಸಿಕೊಳ್ಳುವ ಅವಶ್ಯಕತೆ ಇದ್ದು, ಅರಣ್ಯ ಸಂರಕ್ಷಣಾ ಕಾಯ್ದೆ, 1920ರನ್ವಯ ಸಮಾನಾಂತರ (ಅರ್ಜಿ ಪ್ರಮಾಣದ) ಕಂದಾಯ ಜಮೀನನ್ನು ಅರಣ್ಯ ಇಲಾಖೆಗೆ ವರ್ಗಾಯಿಸಬೇಕೆಂದು ವ್ಯವಸ್ಥಾಪಕರು ಚಿತ್ರದುರ್ಗ ಜಿಲ್ಲೆ, ಪಲ್ಕೆರೆ ತಾಲ್ಲೂಕು, ಸಾಯ್ಕನಹಳ್ಳಿ ಪೊಜಿಟಿ, ವರವು ಕಾವಲು ಗ್ರಾಮದ ಸ.ನಂ. 343ರಲ್ಲಿ 364-50 ಹೆಕ್ಟೇರ್ (901-00 ಎಕರೆ) ಜಮೀನನ್ನು ಅರಣ್ಯೀಕರಣಕ್ಕಾಗಿ ಅರಣ್ಯ ಇಲಾಖೆಗೆ ವರ್ಗಾಯಿಸಲು ಪ್ರಸ್ತಾವನೆ ಸಲ್ಲಿಸಿರುತ್ತಾರೆ.

ಜಿಲ್ಲಾಧಿಕಾರಿಗಳ ವರದಿಯಂತೆ ಚಿತ್ರದುರ್ಗ ಜಿಲ್ಲೆ, ಪಲ್ಕೆರೆ ತಾಲ್ಲೂಕು, ಸಾಯ್ಕನಹಳ್ಳಿ ಪೊಜಿಟಿ, ವರವು ಕಾವಲು ಗ್ರಾಮದ ಸ.ನಂ. 343ರಲ್ಲಿ ಒಟ್ಟು 6973-13 ಎಕರೆ ಜಮೀನಿದ್ದು, ಇದರಲ್ಲಿ 1200-00 ಎಕರೆ ಸಿ ಮತ್ತು 5773-13 ಎಕರೆ ಸಿ ಚರ್ಚೆ ನಡೆಸಿರುತ್ತದೆ. 100-00 ಎಕರೆ ಪ್ರದೇಶದಲ್ಲಿ ಅರಣ್ಯ ಇಲಾಖೆಯವರು ನೀಲಗಿರಿ ಮತ್ತು ಕಾಯ ಗಿಡಗಳನ್ನು ಬೆಳೆಸಿರುತ್ತಾರೆ. 4937-30 ಎಕರೆ ಜಮೀನು ಉದ್ಯೋಗದ ಮಂಜೂರಾಗಿರುತ್ತದೆ. ಉಳಿದಂತೆ 2900-00 ಎಕರೆ ಭೂಮಿ ಲಭ್ಯವಿರುತ್ತದೆ.

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ಮೇಲೆ ಓದಲಾದ ಕ್ರಮ ಸಂಖ್ಯೆ (2)ರ ಅನುಷ್ಠಾನದಲ್ಲಿ ಪ್ರಧಾನ ಕಾರ್ಯದರ್ಶಿ, ಜಲಸಂಪನ್ಮೂಲ ಇಲಾಖೆ ಇವರು ಭದ್ರಾ ಮೇಲ್ಕಂಡ ಯೋಜನೆಯು ಬರದ ದವಡೆಗೆ ಸಿಲುಕಿರುವ ಜಿಲ್ಲೆಗಳಿಗೆ ನೀರನ್ನು ಒದಗಿಸುವ ಯೋಜನೆಯಾಗಿದ್ದು, ನೀರಾವರಿ ಯೋಜನೆಯನ್ನು ನಿಗದಿತ ಅವಧಿಯಲ್ಲಿ ಅನುಷ್ಠಾನಗೊಳಿಸಬೇಕಾಗಿರುವುದರಿಂದ ಹಾಗೂ ಈ ಯೋಜನೆಗೆ ಕೇಂದ್ರ ಸರ್ಕಾರದಿಂದ ತೀರುವಳ ಪಡೆಯಲು ಸರ್ಕಾರದ ಆದೇಶವು ಅವಶ್ಯವಿರುವುದರಿಂದ ಸರ್ಕಾರದ ಭೂಮಿಯನ್ನು ಅರಣ್ಯ ಇಲಾಖೆಗೆ ವರ್ಗಾಯಿಸಲು ಕೋರಿರುತ್ತಾರೆ.


ಸದರಿ ಪ್ರಸ್ತಾವನೆಯನ್ನು ಕೂಲಂಕಷವಾಗಿ ಪರಿಶೀಲಿಸಿ ಈ ಕೆಳಕಂಡಂತೆ ಆದೇಶಿಸಿದೆ.

ಸರ್ಕಾರದ ಆದೇಶ ಸಂಖ್ಯೆ:ಆರ್.ಡಿ:31:ಎಲ್.ಜಿ.ಸಿ:2013

ಬೆಂಗಳೂರು ದಿನಾಂಕ: 26.02.2013

ಪ್ರಸ್ತಾವನೆಯಲ್ಲಿ ವಿವರಿಸಿರುವ ಹಿನ್ನೆಲೆಯಲ್ಲಿ, ಕರ್ನಾಟಕ ಭೂ ಮಂಜೂರಾತಿ ನಿಯಮಗಳ (1969)ರ ನಿಯಮ 27ನ್ನು ಪಾಲಿಸಿ, ಚಿಕ್ಕಮಗಳೂರು ಜಿಲ್ಲೆಯಲ್ಲಿ ಭದ್ರಾ ಮೇಲ್ಕಂಡ ಯೋಜನೆಗಾಗಿ ಅರಣ್ಯ ಇಲಾಖೆಯ ಜಮೀನನ್ನು ಉಪಯೋಗಿಸಿಕೊಳ್ಳುತ್ತಿರುವುದರಿಂದ ಪರ್ಯಾಯವಾಗಿ ಚಿತ್ರದುರ್ಗ ಜಿಲ್ಲೆ, ಚಳ್ಳಕೆರೆ ತಾಲ್ಲೂಕು, ನಾಯ್ಕನಹಳ್ಳಿ ಹೋಬಳಿ, ವರವು ಕಾವಲು ಗ್ರಾಮದ ರಿ.ಸಂ.343ರಲ್ಲಿ 364-50 ಹೆಕ್ಟೇರ್ (901-00 ಎಕರೆ) ಭೂಮಿಯನ್ನು ಅರಣ್ಯೇಕರಣ ಉದ್ದೇಶಕ್ಕಾಗಿ ಅರಣ್ಯ ಇಲಾಖೆಗೆ ವರ್ಗಾಯಿಸಲು ರಿ. ಅರ್ಜಿ ಸಂಖ್ಯೆ: 26144-47/2012ರಲ್ಲಿನ ಅಂತಿಮ ತೀರ್ಮಾನೋಕ್ತಿಯ ಮಂಜೂರಾತಿ ನೀಡಲಾಗಿದೆ.

ಕರ್ನಾಟಕ ರಾಜ್ಯಪಾಲರ ಆದೇಶಾನುಸಾರ ಮತ್ತು ಅವರ ಹೆಸರಿನಲ್ಲಿ

  
(ಹೆಚ್.ಬಿ.ಲಕ್ಷ್ಮಿ ಕರ್ನಾಟಕ ರಾಜ್ಯಪಾಲರು)  
ಸರ್ಕಾರದ ಅಧೀನ ಕಾರ್ಯದರ್ಶಿ  
ಕಂದಾಯ ಇಲಾಖೆ(ಭೂ ಮಂಜೂರಾತಿ-3)

ಇವರಿಗೆ:

ಸಂಕುಲಸಾರರು, ಕರ್ನಾಟಕ ರಾಜ್ಯಪತ್ರ, ಬೆಂಗಳೂರು ಇವರಿಗೆ ರವಾನಿಸುತ್ತಾ, ಕರ್ನಾಟಕ ರಾಜ್ಯಪತ್ರದ ಮುಂದಿನ ಸಂಪಕೆಯಲ್ಲಿ ಪ್ರಕಟಿಸಿ ಅದರ 100 ಪ್ರತಿಗಳನ್ನು ಕಂದಾಯ ಇಲಾಖೆ, ಭೂ ಮಂಜೂರಾತಿ-3 ಟಾಪ್, ಕೂಲಿ ಸಂಖ್ಯೆ:1035, 1ನೇ ಮಹಡಿ, ಐಸುಮಹಡಿ ಕಟ್ಟಡ, ಬೆಂಗಳೂರು ಇವರಿಗೆ ಕಳುಹಿಸಲು ಕೋರಿದೆ.

ಪ್ರತಿ:

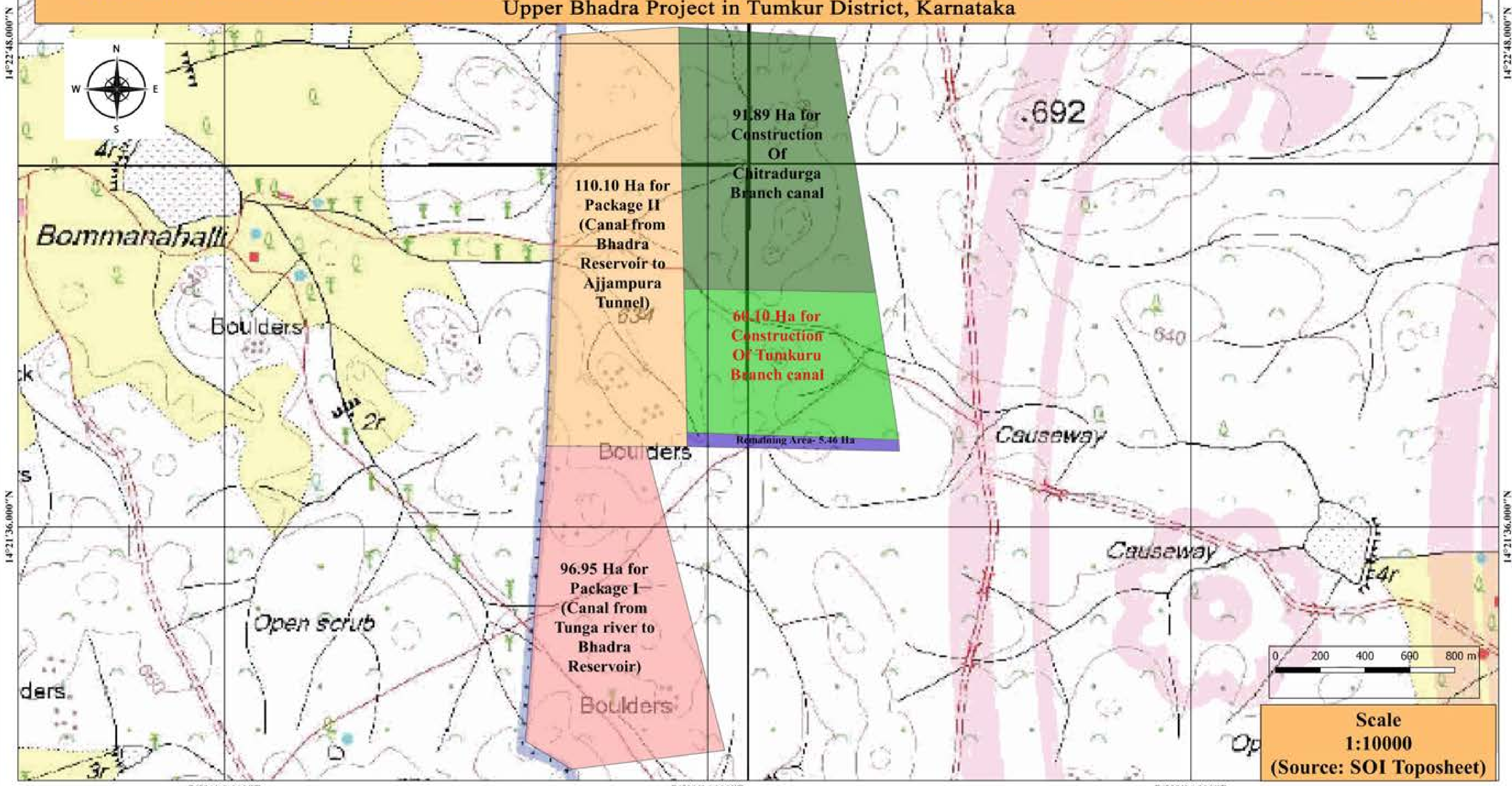
- 1) ಜಿಲ್ಲಾಧಿಕಾರಿ, ಚಿತ್ರದುರ್ಗ ಜಿಲ್ಲೆ: ಚಿತ್ರದುರ್ಗ.
- 2) ಮಾನ್ಯ ಮುಖ್ಯಮಂತ್ರಿಯವರ ಅಭಿಕಾರ್ಯದರ್ಶಿ, ವಿಧಾನಸೌಧ, ಬೆಂಗಳೂರು
- 3) ಮಾನ್ಯ ಉಪಮುಖ್ಯಮಂತ್ರಿಯವರ ಅಭಿಕಾರ್ಯದರ್ಶಿ, ವಿಧಾನಸೌಧ, ಬೆಂಗಳೂರು
- 4) ಸರ್ಕಾರದ ಪ್ರಧಾನ ಕಾರ್ಯದರ್ಶಿಯವರ ಅಭಿ ಕಾರ್ಯದರ್ಶಿ, ಕಂದಾಯ ಇಲಾಖೆ, ಬೆಂಗಳೂರು.
- 5) ಸರ್ಕಾರದ ಪ್ರಧಾನ ಕಾರ್ಯದರ್ಶಿಯವರ ಅಭಿ ಕಾರ್ಯದರ್ಶಿ, ಜಲಸಂಪನ್ಮೂಲ ಇಲಾಖೆ, ಬೆಂಗಳೂರು.
- 6) ಸರ್ಕಾರದ ಪ್ರಧಾನ ಕಾರ್ಯದರ್ಶಿಯವರ ಅಭಿ ಕಾರ್ಯದರ್ಶಿ, ಅರಣ್ಯ, ಪರಿಸರ ಮತ್ತು ಜೀವಿಶಾಸ್ತ್ರ ಇಲಾಖೆ, ಬೆಂಗಳೂರು.
- 7) ಪ್ರಧಾನ ಮುಖ್ಯ ಅರಣ್ಯಸಂರಕ್ಷಣಾಧಿಕಾರಿ, ಅರಣ್ಯಭವನ, 1ನೇ ಅಡ್ಡರಸ್ತೆ, ಮಲ್ಲೇಶ್ವರಂ, ಬೆಂಗಳೂರು.
- 8) ವ್ಯವಸ್ಥಾಪಕ ನಿರ್ದೇಶಕರು, ಕರ್ನಾಟಕ ನೀರಾವರಿ ನಿಗಮ ನಿಯಮಿತ, ಕಾಫಿ ಬೋರ್ಡ್, ಅಂಬೇಡ್ಕರ್ ವೀಡಿ, ಬೆಂಗಳೂರು-560 001.
- 9) ಮುಖ್ಯ ಇಂಜಿನಿಯರ್, ಕರ್ನಾಟಕ ನೀರಾವರಿ ನಿಗಮ ನಿಯಮಿತ, ಭದ್ರಾ ಮೇಲ್ಕಂಡ ಯೋಜನಾ ವಲಯ, ಚಿತ್ರದುರ್ಗ
- 10) ಶಾಖಾ ರಕ್ಷಾ ಕಡತ/ಹೆಚ್ಚುವರಿ ಪ್ರತಿಗಳು

76°31'12.000"E

76°32'24.000"E

76°33'36.000"E

**Diversion of 50.82 Ha of forest land belonging to Bukkapatna Chinkara Wildlife Sanctuary for the construction of Tumkur Branch Canal, Upper Bhadra Project in Tumkur District, Karnataka**



76°31'12.000"E

76°32'24.000"E

76°33'36.000"E

**Geo-referenced Map of  
Compensatory Afforestation Land  
(60.10 Ha) at Varavu Kaval Village,  
Sy.No:343  
Hobli: Nayakanahatti  
Taluka: Challakere  
District: Chitradurga**

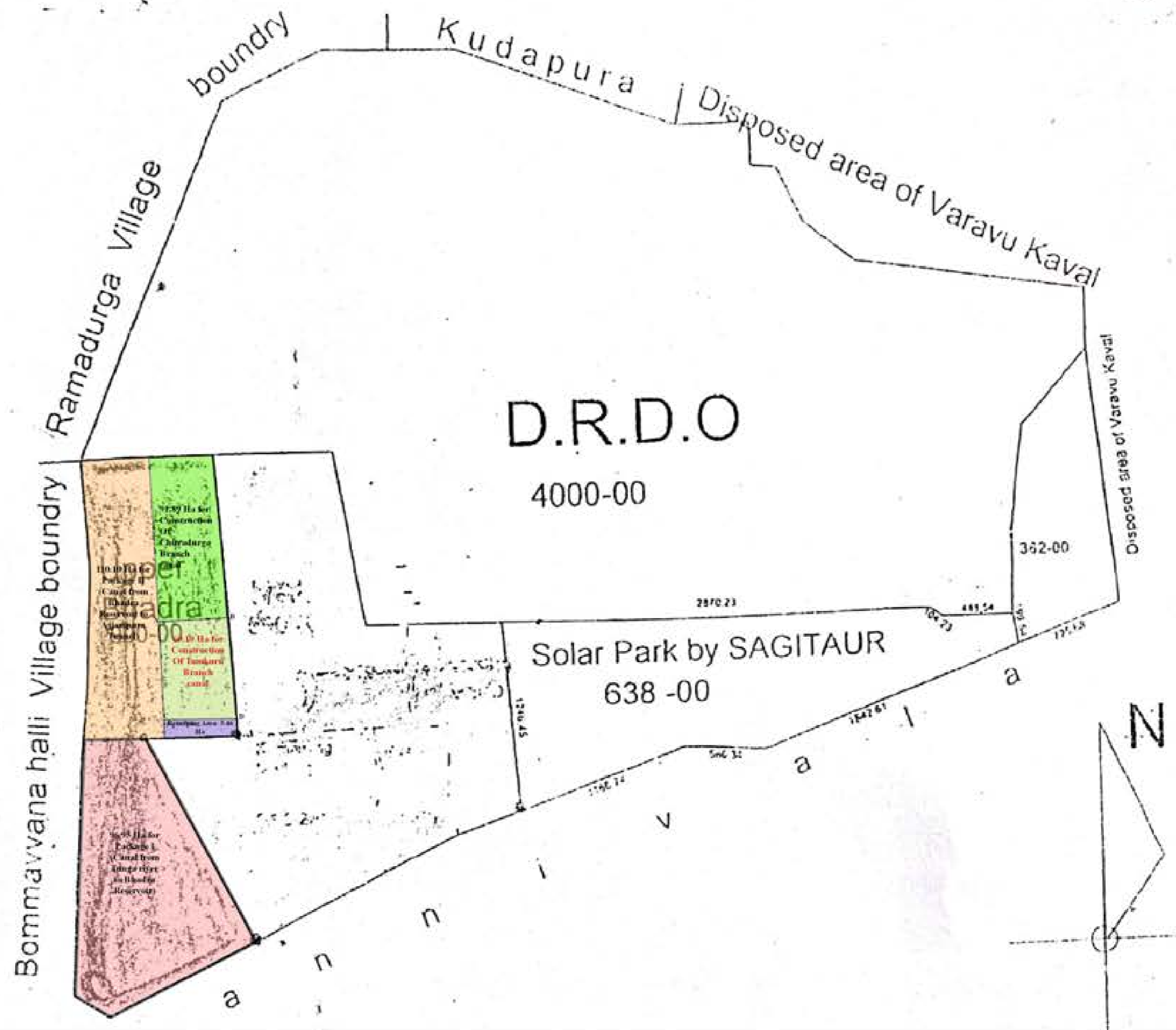
GPS Co-ordinates of CA Land at Varavu Kaval					
Sr. No	Label	Easting	Northing	Longitude	Lattitude
1	A	665948.66 m E	1589183.85 m N	76.539023	14.369851
2	B	666804.67 m E	1589173.98 m N	76.546959	14.36971
3	C	666910.90 m E	1588499.02 m N	76.547902	14.363603
4	D	665966.20 m E	1588526.56 m N	76.539145	14.363909

**Authorized Signature:**

*[Signature]*  
Executive Engineer  
V.J.N.L. U.B.P. Division No. 4  
Hosadurga.

**Prepared By:**

**VEHSC**  
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#174/New No.13/2,  
14th E Cross, Industrial Town,  
Agrahara Dasarahalli,  
Bangalore - 560 044,  
Karnataka  
Tele: 080-23016200



**Village Map of Compensatory  
Afforestation Land (60.10 Ha) at  
Varavu Kaval Village,  
Sy.No:343  
Hobli: Nayakanahatti  
Taluka: Chalakere  
District: Chitradurga**

**GPS Co-ordinates of CA Land at Varavu Kaval**

Sr. No	Label	Easting	Northing	Latitude	Longitude
1	A	665944.32	1589301.43	76.53899002	14.37091398
2	B	666800.35	1589304.56	76.54692705	14.37089053
3	C	665962.25	1588606.94	76.53911328	14.36463576
4	D	666832.12	1588600.61	76.54717792	14.36452599

**Authorized Signature:**

*3L*  
Executive Engineer  
V.J.N.L.U.B.P. Division No. 4  
Hosadurga

**Prepared By:**



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