

ਪੰਜਾਬ ਸਰਕਾਰ,

ਵਣ ਅਤੇ ਜੰਗਲੀ ਜੀਵ ਸੁਰੱਖਿਆ ਵਿਭਾਗ, ਪੰਜਾਬ, ਦਫਤਰ ਵਣ ਮੰਡਲ ਅਫਸਰ, ਅੰਮ੍ਰਿਤਸਰ। ਫਾਰੈਸਟ ਕੰਪਲੈਕਸ, ਤਾਰਾਂ ਵਾਲਾ ਪੁੱਲ, ਅੰਮ੍ਰਿਤਸਰ।

ਫੋਨ/ਫੈਕਸ ਨੰ : 0183-2585480 Email : <u>dfoamritsar@rediffmail.com</u>

ਸੇਵਾ ਵਿਖੇ:-

ਵਧੀਕ ਪ੍ਰਧਾਨ ਮੁੱਖ ਵਣ ਪਾਲ (ਐਫ.ਸੀ), ਅਤੇ ਨੌਡਲ ਅਫਸਰ (ਐਫ.ਸੀ.ਏ.), ਪੰਜਾਬ, ਐਸ.ਏ.ਐਸ ਨਗਰ।

ਨੰਬਰ 911 ਪ੍ਰ

ਮਿਤੀ <u>21/11/2082</u>

ਵਿਸ਼ਾ:-

Proposal No. FP/PB/Approach/120478/2021:-Diversion of 0.0116 ha. of forest land for approach road to Residential Colony Named Empire Estate at Kala Ghanpur Sub-Urban, Opp. Dera Radha Swami, Ram Tirath Road on Amritsar-Ramritath Road Tehsil & Distt. Amritsar.

ਹਵਾਲਾ:-

ਆਪ ਜੀ ਦੇ ਦਫਤਰ ਦਾ ਪੱਤਰ ਨੰ: I/237100/2021 ਮਿਤੀ 26-08-2021

ਉਪਰੋਕਤ ਵਿਸ਼ੇ ਤੇ ਹਵਾਲੇ ਅਧੀਨ ਪੱਤਰ ਦੇ ਸਬੰਧ ਵਿੱਚ ਆਪ ਜੀ ਵੱਲੋਂ ਲਗਾਏ ਗਏ ਇਤਰਾਜ ਦੂਰ ਕਰਨ ਉਪਰੰਤ ਰਿਪੋਟ ਹੇਠ ਲਿਖੇ ਅਨੁਸਾਰ ਆਪ ਜੀ ਨੂੰ ਸੂਚਨਾਂ ਅਤੇ ਲੋੜੀਂਦੀ ਕਾਰਵਾਈ ਹਿੱਤ ਭੇਜੀ ਜਾਂਦੀ ਹੈ:-

<sup>1</sup> ਲੜੀ ਨੂੰ 1 ਸਬੰਧੀ ਰਾਜ ਸਰਕਾਰ ਵੱਲੋਂ ਮਿਤੀ 07-07-2021 ਰਾਹੀਂ ਜਾਰੀ ਕੀਤੀ ਗਈ Comprehensive Policy ਅਤੇ ਮਿਤੀ 26-07-2021 ਦੀਆਂ ਹਦਾਇਤਾਂ ਅਨੁਸਾਰ ਯੂਜ਼ਰ ਏਜੰਸੀ ਪਾਸੋਂ ਪ੍ਰਾਪਤ ਨਾਨ-ਫਾਰੈਸਟ ਲੈਂਡ ਦੀ ਅੰਡਰਟੇਕਿੰਗ ਸਮੇਤ ਸਾਲ 2022-23 ਦੇ ਕੁਲੈਕਟਰ ਰੇਟਾਂ ਦੀ ਲਿਸਟ ਦੇ ਲੜ੍ਹੀ ਨੰ: 13 ਤੇ ਦਰਜ ਕਮਰਸ਼ੀਅਲ ਰੇਟ <u>7200/- ਰੁਪਏ ਪ੍ਰਤੀ ਮਰਲਾ</u> ਦੇ ਹਿਸਾਬ ਨਾਲ ਪਾਰਟ-2 ਵਿੱਚ ਅਪਲੋਡ ਕਰ ਦਿੱਤੀ ਗਈ ਹੈ।

2 ਲੜੀ ਨੂੰ 2 ਸਬੰਧੀ ਯੂਜ਼ਰ ਏਜੰਸੀ ਵੱਲੋਂ ਆਨ-ਲਾਈਨ ਪਾਰਟ-1 ਵਿੱਚ ਲੋੜੀਂਦੀ ਸੋਧ ਕਰ ਦਿੱਤੀ ਗਈ ਹੈ ਅਤੇ ਪਾਰਟ−1 ਦੀ ਕਾਪੀ ਨਾਲ ਨੱਥੀ ਕੀਤੀ ਜਾਂਦੀ ਹੈ।

ਲੜ੍ਹੀ ਨੰ 3 ਸਬੰਧੀ ਯੂਜ਼ਰ ਏਜੰਸੀ ਵੱਲੋਂ ਉਕਤ ਤਜਵੀਜ਼ ਵਿੱਚ ਪ੍ਰਾਪਤ EC ਲਾਗੂ ਨਾ ਹੋਣ ਬਾਰੇ ਦਿੱਤੀ ਗਈ ਜਸਟੀਫਿਕੇਸ਼ਨ ਆਨ-ਲਾਈਨ ਪਾਰਟ-2 ਵਿੱਚ ਅਪਲੋਡ ਕਰ ਦਿੱਤੀ ਗਈ ਹੈ। ਇਸ ਤੋਂ ਇਲਾਵਾ ਯੂਜ਼ਰ ਏਜੰਸੀ ਵੱਲੋਂ ਇਸ ਸਬੰਧੀ ਦਿੱਤੀਆਂ ਗਈਆਂ ਹਦਾਇਤਾਂ ਦੀ ਕਾਪੀ ਸਮੇਤ ਅਪਰੂਵਡ ਨਕਸ਼ੇ ਦੇ ਨਾਲ ਨੱਥੀ ਕਰਕੇ ਆਪ ਜੀ ਨੂੰ ਸੂਚਨਾਂ ਅਤੇ ਅਗਲੀ ਯੋਗ ਕਾਰਵਾਈ ਲਈ ਭੇਜਦੇ ਹੋਏ ਬੇਨਤੀ ਕੀਤੀ ਜਾਂਦੀ ਹੈ ਕਿ ਇਸ ਕੇਸ ਦੀ ਮੁੱਢਲੀ ਪ੍ਰਵਾਨਗੀ ਜਾਰੀ ਕਰਨ ਦੀ ਖੇਚਲ ਕੀਤੀ ਜਾਵੇ ਜੀ।

ਨੱਥੀ ਉਪਰਵਾਂਗ।

ਵਣ ਮੰਡਲ ਅਫਸਰ, ਅੰਮ੍ਰਿਤਸਰ।

ਪਿੱਠ ਅੰਕਣ ਨੰ:

ਮਿਤੀ

ਕਾਪੀ ਵਣ ਪਾਲ ਬਿਸਤ ਸਰਕਲ ਪੰਜਾਬ ਜਲੰਧਰ ਜੀ ਨੂੰ ਉਹਨਾਂ ਦੇ ਪਿੱਠ ਔਕਣ ਨੰ: 2390 ਮਿਤੀ 01-09-2021 ਦੇ ਹਵਾਲੇ ਵਿੱਚ ਸੂਚਨਾਂ ਅਤੇ ਅਗਲੀ ਕਾਰਵਾਈ ਲਈ ਭੇਜੀ ਜਾਂਦੀ ਹੈ। ਨੱਥੀ ਉਪਰਵਾਂਗ।

> ਵਣ ਮੈਡਲ ਅਫਸਰ, ਅੰਮ੍ਰਿਤਸਰ।

Full title of the Project-: DIVERSION OF 0.0116 HA OF FOREST LAND FOR APPROACH ROAD TO RESIDENTIAL COLONY NAMED EMPIRE ESTATE AT KALA GHANUPUR SUB-URBAN,OPP. DERA RADHA SWAMI,RAMTIRATH ROAD ON AMRITSAR -RAMTIRATH ROAD TEHSIL & DISTRICT AMRITSAR

Undertaking for Providing Cost of Non-Forest Land equivalent to the forest area being diverted under FCA, 1980

I, <u>HARINDER SINGH PARTNER OF EMPIRE ESTATE</u> hereby undertake to provide the cost of non forest land equivalent to the forest area being diverted under FCA 1980.

After receipt of the In principle approval, cost of equivalent non forest land Rs. 42,927 /- as per nature of the project (Rs. 7200) will be deposited with the forest department.

PLACE:- ASR

Signatures of User Agency

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DATE:- 11/11/2022

**COUNTERSIGNED BY:** 

DIVISIONAL FOREST OF EICER

Divisional Forest Officer Amritsar Forest Division

Amritsar 🔑

**AMRITSAR** 

ਅਤਿ ਜਰੂਚੀ/ਮਿਤੀ ਬੰਧ

(2)

ਵਿਧਾਰੀ ਕਮਿਸ਼ਨਰ ਅੰਮ੍ਰਿਤਸਰ ।

ਨੰਡਰ ਐਚ.ਆਰ.ਸੀ। 686-698 ਮਿਤੀ 19.1-2022

ਕੁਲੈਕਟਰ ਚੇਣ ਚੀਵਾਈਜ ਕਰਨ ਬਾਰੇ ਸਾਲ 2022–23

ਉਪਰੋਕਤ ਵਿਸ਼ੇ ਦੇ ਸਬੰਧ ਵਿਚ ਆਪ ਨੂੰ ਲਿਖਿਆ ਜਾਂਦਾ ਹੈ ਕਿ ਪੰਜਾਬ ਸਰਕਾਰ ਮਾਲ, ਪੁਨਰਵਾਸ ਅਤੇ ਡਿਜਸਟਰ ਮੈਨੇਜਮੈਂਟ(ਅਸਟਾਮ ਅਤੇ ਰਜਿਸਟਰੀ ਸ਼ਾਖਾ ) ਚੰਡੀਗੜ ਜੀ ਨੇ ਪੱਤਰ ਨੰਬਰ 1/1/2020-ਐਸ.ਟੀ-2/8797 ਮਿਤੀ 21-6-2022 ਪ੍ਰਾਪਤ ਹੋਇਆ ਹੈ, ਜਿਸ ਵਿਚ ਲਿਖਿਆ ਹੈ ਕਿ ਪੰਜਾਬ ਸਟੇਂਪ ਫ਼ੀਲਿੰਗ ਆਫ ਅੰਡਰ ਵੈਲਿਯੂਡ ਇੰਨਸਟਰੂਮੈਂਟ ਰੂਲਜ 1983 ਦੇ ਰੂਲ 3-ਏ ਅਧੀਨ ਪੰਜਾਬ ਰਾਜ ਵਿਚ ਹਰ ਜਾਣ ਜਮੀਨ ਦੀਆਂ ਕੀਮਤਾਂ ਵਿਚ ਹੋਏ ਉਤਰਾਅ ਚੜਾਅ ਦੇ ਸਨਮੁੱਖ ਕੁਲੈਕਟਰ ਰੇਟ ਰੀਵਾਈਜ ਕੀੜੇ ਜਾਂਦੇ ਹਨ। ਇਸ ਲਈ ਇਸ ਸਾਲ ਵੀ ਨਿਯਮਾਂ ਅਨੁਸਾਰ ਜਮੀਨ ਦੀਆਂ ਕੀਮਤਾਂ ਵਿਚ ਹੋਏ ਉਤਰਾਅ- ਚੜਾਵ ਦੇ ਜਨਮੁੱਖ ਕੁਲੈਕਟਰ ਰੇਟ ਰੀਵਾਇਜ ਕੀਤੇ ਜਾਣ ਅਤੇ ਇਸ ਸਬੰਧੀ ਇਕ ਕਾਪੀ ਸਰਕਾਰ ਨੂੰ ਸੂਚਨਾਂ ਰਿਤ ਵੇਜੀ ਜਾਵੇ।

ਇਸ ਸਬੰਧੀ ਆਪ ਵੱਲੋਂ ਸਾਲ 2022–23 ਲਈ ਜਮੀਨ ਜਾਇਦਾਦਾਂ ਦੇ ਕੁਲੈਕਟਰ ਰੇਟਾਂ ਵਿਚ ਸੌਂਧ ਕਰਕੇ ਇਸ ਦੀਆਂ ਲਿਸਟਾਂ ਇਸ ਦਫਤਰ ਵਿਚ ਭਿਜਵਾਈਆਂ ਹਨ,ਜ਼੍ਰਿਨਾਂ ਉਪਰ ਮਾਨਯੋਗ ਕੁਲੈਕਟਰ ਅੰਮ੍ਰਿਤਸਰ ਜੀ ਵੱਲੋਂ ਪ੍ਰਵਾਨਗੀ ਦਿੱਤੀ ਜਾ ਚੁੱਕੀ ਹੈ।ਇਸ ਲਈ ਆਪ ਨੂੰ ਸਾਲ 2022–23 ਦੇ ਪ੍ਰਵਾਨਿਤ ਕੁਲੈਕਟਰ ਰੇਟ ਦੀ ਲਿਸਟ ਦੀ ਕਾਪੀ ਨਾਲ ਸ਼ਾਮਲ ਕਰਦਿਆ ਹਦਾਇੰਤ ਕੀਤੀ ਜਾਂਦੀ ਹੈ ਕਿ\ਇਹ ਕੁਲੈਕਟਰ ਰੇਟ ਮਿਤੀ 20–7–2022 ਤੋਂ ਤੁਰੰਤ ਲਾਗੂ ਕਰਕੇ ਇਸ ਦਫਤਰ ਨੂੰ ਸੂਚਿਤ ਕੀਤਾ ਜਾਵੇ

ਇਸਨੂੰ ਅਤਿ ਜਰੂਰੀ ਸਮਝਿਆ ਜਾਵੇ ।

ਨਥੀ:ਉਕਤ ਅਨੁਸਾਰ

ਵਾਂ: ਕੁਲੈਕਟਰ

ਅੰਮ੍ਰਿਤਸਰ

ਨੰਬਰ ਐਚ.ਆਰ.ਸੀ/

ਮਿਤੀ:

ਇਸਦਾ ਇਕ ਉਤਾਰਾ ਸਮੇਤ ਸਹਿ ਪੱਤਰ ਦੇ:-

) ਅਧੀਨ ਸਕਤਰ,ਪੰਜਾਬ ਸਰਕਾਰ ਮਾਲ, ਪੁਨਰਵਾਸ ਅਤੇ ਡਿਜਸਟਰ ਮੈਨੇਜਮੈਂਟ(ਅਸਟਾਮ ਅਤੇ ਰਜਿਸਟਰੀ ਸਾਖਾ) ਚੰਡੀਗੜ ਜੀ ਨੂੰ ਉਨਾਂ ਦੇ ਦਫਤਰ ਦੇ ਪੱਤਰ ਨੰਬਰ 1/1/2020–ਐਸ.ਟੀ-2/8797 ਮਿਤੀ 21–6–2022 ਦੇ ਸਬੰਧ ਵਿਚ ਸੂਚਨਾ ਹਿਤ ਭੇਜਿਆ ਜਾਂਦਾ ਹੈ

2) ਇੰਚਾਰਜ ਪੀ.ਐਲ.ਆਰ.ਐਸ ਦਫਤਰ ਡਿਪਟੀ ਕਮਿਸ਼ਨਰ ਅੰਮ੍ਰਿਤਸਰ ਨੂੰ ਸਮੇਤ ਜਮੀਨ ਜਾਇਦਾਦਾਂ ਦੇ ਕੁਲੈਕਟਰ ਰੇਟਾਂ ਦੀਆਂ ਲਿਸਟਾ ਲੌਤੀਦੀ ਕਾਰਵਾਈ ਹਿਤ ਭੇਜੀਆਂ ਜਾਂਦੀਆਂ ਹਨ । ^ੈ।

ਨੱਥੀ: ਉਕਤ ਅਨੁਸਾਰ

ਅੰਮਿਤਸਰ

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# FORM - A

Form for seeking prior approval of Central Government under section 2 of the Forest(Conservation) Act, 1980 for

# PART - I (To be filled up by User Agency)

# A. General Details

- A-1. Project Details
  - (i). Proposal No.: FP/PB/Approach/120478/2021
- (ii). Name of Project for which Forest Land is required: RESIDENTIAL COLONY NAMED EMPIRE ESTATE AT
- (iii). Short narrative of the proposal and Project/scheme for which the forest land is required: DIVERSION OF 0.0116 HA OF FOREST LAND FOR APPROACH ROAD TO RESIDENTIAL COLONY NAMED EMPIRE ESTATE AT KALA GHANUPUR SUB-URBAN, OPP. DERA RADHA SWAMI, RAMTIRATH ROAD ON AMRITSAR -
- (iv). State: Punjab
- (v). Category of the Proposal : Approach Access
- (vi). Shape of forest land proposed to be diverted: Linear
- (vii). Estimated cost of the Project(Rupees in lacs): 550
- (viii). Area of forest land proposed for diversion(in ha.): 0.0116
- (ix). Non-forest land required for this project(in ha.): 5.1597
- (x). Total period for which the forest land is proposed to be diverted(in years): 99
- A-2. Details of User Agency
  - (i). Name: RESIDENTIAL COLONY NAMED EMPIRE ESTATE
  - (ii). Address1: AT KALA GHANUPUR OPP. DERA RADHA SWAMI RAMTIRATH ROAD ON AMRITSAR -RAMTIRATH
- (iii). Address2: NIL
- (iv). State: Punjab

Divisional Forest Officer Amritsar Forest Divion

Harrian &

v). District : Amritsar

(vi). Pin: 143001

(vii). Landmark: NIL

(viii). Email address: harinderrandhawa63@gmail.com

(ix). Landline Telephone No. : 0-

(x). Fax No.: 0-

(xi). Mobile No.: 9915523969

(xii). Website (if any): NIL

(xiii). Legal status of User Agency: Private

A-3. Details of Person Making Application

(i). First Name: HARINDER

(ii). Middle Name: NIL

(iii). Last Name: SINGH

(iv). Gender: Male

(v). Designation: PARTNER

(vi). Address 1: AT KALA GHANUPUR OPP DERA RADHA SWAMI RAMTIRATH ROAD ON AMRITSAR RAMTIRATH ROAD TEHSIL AND DISTRICT AMRITSAR

(vii). Address 2: NIL

(viii). State: Punjab

(ix). District: Amritsar

(x). Tehsil: Amritsar- II

(xi). Pin: 143001

(xii). Landmark: NIL

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arance.nic.in/viewreport.aspx?pid=FP/PB/Approach/120478/2021

mail Address: harinderrandhawa63@gmail.com

(xiv). Landline Telephone No.: 0-

(xv). Fax No.: NIL

(xvi). Mobile No.: 9915523969

application to make application on behalf of the User Agency: (xvii). Copy of documents in support of the competence/authority of the person making this

# B. Details of land required for the Project

B-1. Details of proposal seeking prior approval of Central Government under the Act for diversion of forest land for the Project already submitted in the past

NIL	S.no	
	Proposal Status.	
	Proposal Proposal Status. No.	The British
	Moef File No.	List of
	Moef Area Proposed File for In- No. Diversion(Ha.) Diverted(Ha.) Approval	List of proposal submitted in Past
	Area Diverted(Ha.)	ed in Past
	Date of In- Principle Approval	
	Date of Final Approval	

# B-2. Details of forest land proposed to be diverted

# B-2.1 Details of Divisions involved

	Details of Divisions involved	sions involved	
S.no	Division Name	Forest Land(ha.)	Non-Forest Land(ha.)
1.	Amritsar	0.0116	5.1597
14	Total	0.0116	5.1597
		The state of the s	

# **B-2.2 Details of Districts involved**

	District wise breakup	e breakup	
S.no	District Name	Forest Land(ha.)	Non-Forest Land(ha.)
i.	Amritsar	0.0116	5.1597
	Total	0.0116	5.1597

# B-2.3 Village wise breakup

		Villages wise breakup	se breakup		
1.	S.no	Village	Forest Land(ha.)	Non-Forest Land(ha.)	
	1	KALA GHANURUR SUB -URBAN	0.0116	5.1597	
		Total	0.0116	5.1597	
					\

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DIVISIONAL FOREST Officer
Amritsar Forest Division

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B-2.4 Component wise breakup

2.00	Component	wise breakup	
S.no	Component	Forest Land(ha.)	Non-Forest
1	PROJECT SITE	,,	Land(ha.)
2	DIVERTED FOREST AREA FOR	0	5.1597
	APPROACH TO SITE	0.0096	0
3	DIVERTED FOREST AREA OF CURVE		
	FOR APPROACH TO SI	0.002	0
	Total		
		0.0116	5.1597

# C. Maps of forest land proposed to be diverted

Division 1. : Amritsar

(i). Area of forest land proposed to be diverted(in ha.): 0.0116

(ii). Nature of the Project: Linear

(b). No. of Segments: One

	Segm	ent wise details
Segments	Segment Area(in ha.)	Kml File of Segments (To view KML file on google the same may be downloaded and then open if in google earth install in your computer).
1.	0.0116	View File

(iii). Copy of Survey of India Toposheet indicating boundary of forest land proposed to be diverted:

- (iv). Scanned copy of the Geo-referenced map of the forest land proposed to be diverted prepared by using GPS or Total Station:
- D. <u>Justification for locating the Project in forest land and details of alternatives</u> examined:
  - (i). Copy of note containing justification for locating the Project in forest land:
  - (ii). Whether a copy of map indicating location of alternative examine is required to be provided: No
  - (a). Reason for not providing such map: NIL
- E. Employment likely to be generated

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orestsclearance.nic.in/viewreport.aspx?pid=FP/RE/Approach/120478/2021

Divisional Forest Officer Amritsar Forest Division nether the Project is likely to generate employment ?: Yes

- (ii). Permanent/Regular Employment(Number of persons): 5
- (iii). Temporary Employment(Number of person-days): 0
- F. Displacement of People due to the Project, if any
  - (i). Whether Project involves displacement?: No
- G. Details of Cost-Benefit analysis for the Project
  - (i). Whether the Project requires Cost-Benefit analysis?: No
- H. Status of Environmental Clearance
  - (i). Whether the Project requires Clearance under the Environment (Protection) Act 1986?: No
- I. Status of Wildelife Clearance
  - (i). Whether the Project or a part thereof is located in any Protected Area or their Eco sensitive zone? : No
- J. Applicability of special provisions governing Scheduled Areas
  - (i). Whether the Project or a part thereof is located in a Scheduled Area? : No
- K. Status of settlement of rights under the Forest Rights Act, 2006 on the forest land proposed to be diverted
  - (i). Whether the process for settlement of Rights under the Forest Rights Acts 2006 on the forest land proposed to be diverted has been completed? : No
- L. Details of land identified for Compensatory Afforestation
  - (i). Whether non-forest or Revenue forest land is required to be provided by User Agency?: Not Applicable
  - (ii). Whether the area of non-forest land or Revenue forest land required to be provided by User Agency for raising Compensatory Afforestation is less than area of forest land proposed to be diverted?: Not Applicable
  - (iii) . Reason for not providing Non-Forest Land: Not Applicable

**Additional information Details** 

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	Documents	
S.No	Documents	Remarks
1	Acc.	ALL UNDERTAKINGS
2	<u>.</u>	DC LETTER FOR FRA
3	- Control of the Cont	CLU
4	POR CANAL CONTRACT OF THE PARTY	ID PROOF
5	1701 	JAMABANDI
6	100 - 2 944	JAMABANDI TRANSLATION
7		POWER OF ATTORNEY
8	TOOL .	PROMOTER LICENCE
9	<u>~</u>	PROMOTER REGISTRATION
10	P24	PWD NOC
11		PWD NOC TRANSLATION
12		PWD APPROVED MAP WITH FOREST AREA CALCULATION

Print

Harrida G

Divisional Forest Officer Amritsar Forest Division Amritsar

FULL TITLE OF THE PROJECT:- DIVERSION OF 0.0116 HA OF FOREST LAND FOR APPROACH ROAD TO RESIDENTIAL COLONY NAMED EMPIRE ESTATE AT KALA GHANUPUR SUB-URBAN,OPP. DERA RADHA SWAMI,RAMTIRATH ROAD ON AMRITSAR -RAMTIRATH ROAD TEHSIL & DISTRICT AMRITSAR

File No:-	AND ANTICIDAR
	Date of Proposal:-
(	CHECK LIST SEDIAL ALLA ASSES

CHECK LIST SERIAL NUMBER:-10

# JUSTIFICATION/UNDERTAKING

(EIA 2006 FOR ENVIRONMENT CLEARANCE)

I, HARINDER SINGH, PARTNER OF EMPIRE ESTATE ,has applied to the DIVERSION OF 0.0116 HA OF FOREST LAND FOR APPROACH ROAD TO RESIDENTIAL COLONY NAMED EMPIRE ESTATE AT KALA GHANUPUR SUB-URBAN,OPP. SWAMI, RAMTIRATH ROAD ON AMRITSAR -RAMTIRATH ROAD TEHSIL & DISTRICT AMRITSAR .Our Project is Fall in Town ship and Area development Project as per guidelines of ENVIRONMENT CLEARANCE of Para no 8 (B) According to ENVIRONMENT CLEARANCE Exempted Below 150000 sqm Our Project Buildup Area 25000 sqm .so we have no need to ENVIRONMENT CLEARANCE, we are attaching guidelines of **ENVIRONMENT CLEARANCE.** 

## ATTACHED -

- 1) GUIDELINES NON ENVIROMENT CLEARANCE
- 2) LICENCE TO DEVELOP THE COLONY
- 3) LAYOUT PLAN

PLACE:- ASP

DATE :- 11/21/2022

Signatures of User Agency Harrida S

COUNTERSIGNED BY:-

**DIVISIONAL FOREST OFFICER** 

FOREST DIVISION AND

# Guidelines for seeking Environmental Clearance for Construction

Environment clearance is necessary for a few categories of construction projects and area development projects under the new EIA Notification, 2006 as amended from time to time as

8	Building /Construction pro	ojects/Area Development projec	ts and Townships
8(a)	Building and Construction projects	≥20000 sq.mtrs and <1,50,000 sq.mtrs. of built-up area#	The built up area for the purpose of this notification is defined as "The built up or covered area on all the floors put together including basement(s) and other service areas, which are proposed in the building/construction projects"
8(b)	Townships and Area  Development projects.	Covering an area ≥ 50 ha and or built up area ≥1,50,000 sq .mtrs ++	

Sometimes, a few project proponent ask for the clarifications whether their projects require environment clearance or not if the total built up area is less than 20,000 sq. meters and for the Townships and Area Development projects if the total plot area is less than 50 hectares. It is for the information of the general public that even in the projects where EC is not required, the following approvals/NOC's are necessary:-

(a)	NOC and subsequently 'Consent to Operate' from the State Pollution Control Board under Air & Water Acts and all the conditions laid down by HSPCB in the NOC/ 'Consent to Operate' are to be complied with by the Project Proponent.
(b)	'NOC' from Local Municipal Committee/Panchayat.
(c)	Approval from Fire Safety Department.
(d)	'NOC' from Civil Aviation Department, if applicable.
(e)	Approval from the Regional Office of the (and) Union Ministry of Environment & Forests, Govt. of India for the right of way for approach road to the Construction Project in question under the Forest (Conservation)Act, 1980, if any forest land is involved in the approach road to the Project.
THE STATE OF	

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(f)	Approval from Chief Controller of Explosive for keeping the diesel in storage during construction stage and operational phase, if applicable.
(g)	Approval from Mining Department of the State Govt. for excavation of basements in the Project, if applicable.
(h)	Approval from the National Highway Authority of India(NHAI) for the approach road to the Project, if applicable.
(i)	Approval from the Central Ground Water Board for running of bore wells in the project.
(j)	NOC/approval from any other local or State Authority as applicable in the case.
(k)	Approval from any other authorities which are applicable in this case in pursuance of directions of any Court applicable in the region.

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A BI   B2   Common   Storage and Disposal Facilities (TSDFs)   Indicincration   A landfill or incincration   A landfill or incinc	It	em Project	Cal	togory with at			
Storage and Disposal Facilities (TSDFs)  Storage and Disposal Incincration & I	-		Category with threshold limit Conditions if any				
Facilities (TSDFs)  All projects  Treatment Facilities  36 Common Bio-Medical Waste Treatment Facilities  37 Ports, harbors, barbors, because and capital dredging (inside and outside the ports or harbors) and channels)  38 Highways or Expressways or Multi-modal corridors or Ring Roads  19 Expansion or widening of existing National Highways or Expressways or Multi-modal corridors or Ring Roads  10 Expansion or widening of existing National Highways or Expressways or Multi-modal corridors or Ring Roads  10 Expansion or widening of existing National Highways or Expressways or Multi-modal corridors or Ring Roads by length more than 100 km involving widening or right of way more than 70 m on existing alignments or realignments or by-passes.  39 Aerial ropeways  39 Aerial ropeways  All projects  All projects  All projects in daily projects in respect of Inland water ways  (ii) ≥ 3,0000 ten per annum of fish handling capacity.  (iii) ≥ 3,0000 ten widening of existing National Highways of the Highways or Expressways or Multi-modal corridors or Ring Roads by length more than 100 km involving widening or right of way more than 70 m on existing alignments or realignments or by-passes.  39 Aerial ropeways  39 Aerial r	C		(2)				
Solution   Signature   Sign	- 1	Storage and Disposa	The state of the s		(5)	(6)	
Medicial Waste Treatment Facilities   Treatment Facilities		racinites (1SDFs)					
Medical Waste Treatment Facilities   Sampling to the ports or harbors and channels	3	6 Common Di	incineration alone.				
Treatment Facilities  77 Ports. harbors, breakwaters and capital dredging (inside and outside and outside the ports or harbors and channels)  88 Highways or Expressways or Corridors or Ring Roads  80 Highways or Expressways or Multi-modal corridors or Ring Roads by length new than 100 km involving widening or right of way more than 70 m on existing alignments or by-passes.  80 Aerial ropeways  90 Aerial ropeways  10	1	Common Bio		All projects			
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Brighways   Figure	1			(ii) > 30000 ton			
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Roads   Roads   Righway   Roads   Righway   Roads	1	8		(ii) State	or Expressways or	intersection of other	
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Common Effluent Treatment Plants (CETP)							
Treatment Plants (CETP)  41 Common Municipal Solid Waste Management Facility (CMSWMF) involving land filling and / or incineration  42 Building Construction and Area Development  Treatment Plants (CETP)  All projects   (i) ≥20,000 sq. mtrs. and ≤50,000 sq. mtrs. and ≤50,000 sq. mtrs. of built-up area and or total  (ii) of Column (5) sl. (iii) of Column (5) sq. mtrs. of built-up area and or total	<u></u>		*				
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All projects  Solid Waste Management Facility (CMSWMF) involving land filling and / or incineration  42 Building Construction and Area Development  All projects   All projects   S1,50,000 sq. mtrs. of built-up area and or total    Order		The second secon				,	
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(CMSWMF) involving land filling and / or incineration  42 Building Construction and Area Development		Management Facility	y.				
involving land filling and / or incineration  42 Building >1,50,000 sq. (i) ≥20,000 sq. Mote Construction and Area Development area and or total  Area Development area and or total					The state of the s		
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Construction and Area Development mtrs. of built-up area and or total mtrs. of built-up area and or total mtrs. of built-up (ii) of Column (5) sl	42		••	>1,50,000 so.	(i) $\geq 20,000$ sq.	Note	
Area Development area and or total sq. mtrs. of built-up (ii) of Column (5) sl	-					1. Projects under (i) and	
1 famor						(ii) of Column (5) shall	
projects     land area of > 50   area     life be referred		projects	,	land area of $\geq 50$	area 🕴	not be referred to	
hectare Appraisal Committee.		L. ojetio				Appraisal Committee.	
(ii) > 50,000 sq.					(ii) > $50.000 \text{ sa.}$	• •	

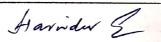
Page **44** of **83** 

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Iten	Project	Category with threshold limit			Conditions if any
		A	B1	B2	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)
				mtrs. and ≤ 1, 50,000 sq. mtrs. of built-up area projects having provisional 'certificate of green building' or relating to industrial sheds, educational institutions, hospitals and hostels for educational institutions	2. Any change in the intended use, priorpermission from the Regulatory Authority for amendment in the prior-EP shall be obtained. All such cases shall be referred to Appraisal Committee.
		<i>y</i> 1 .	1984 11 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	> 50,000 sq. mtrs. and ≤ 1, 50,000 sq. mtrs. of built-up area	Column (5) shall be
43	Elevated roads or standalone flyovers or bridges	·	/ 35/Ste	>1,50,000 sq. mtrs. of built-up area	

### Note:

- 1. General Conditions shall not apply for:
  - i. Items 9, 10(f), 11(b), 25, 38, 40, 41, 42, and 43
  - ii. River bed mining projects on account of inter-state boundary; and
  - iii. All Category 'B2' projects.
- 2. Category 'B2' projects shall not be placed before Appraisal Committee except for those projects mentioned against the item



# Environmental Impact Assessment (EIA): Draft 2020

# **Environmental Impact Assessment (EIA)**

- EIA as per UNEP: The <u>UNEP</u> defines <u>Environmental Impact Assessment (EIA)</u> as a tool used to identify the environmental, social and economic impacts of a project prior to decision-making.
- Aim of EIA: It aims to predict environmental impacts at an early stage in project planning and design, find ways and means to reduce adverse impacts, shape projects to suit the local environment and present the predictions and options to decision-makers.

## Importance of EIA

- Provides a cost effective method to eliminate or minimize the adverse impact of developmental
- Enables the decision makers to analyse the effect of developmental activities on the environment well before the developmental project is implemented.
- Encourages the adaptation of mitigation strategies in the developmental plan.
- Makes sure that the developmental plan is environmentally sound and within the limits of the capacity of assimilation and regeneration of the ecosystem.

### **EIA** and India

- History: The need first arose in 1976-77 when the Planning Commission asked the Department of Science and Technology to examine the river-valley projects from an environmental angle.
  - The first EIA notification was promulgated in 1994 by the then Ministry of Environment and Forests (now the Ministry of Environment, Forests and Climate Change).
    - The notification mandated Environmental Clearance (EC) for expansion or modernisation of any activity or for setting up new projects listed in Schedule 1 of the same.
- Statute: The Environment Impact Assessment in India is statutorily backed by the Environment Protection Act, 1986 which contains various provisions on EIA methodology and process.

### 2006 Amendment to the EIA Notification

- Decentralisation of Project Clearances: It classified the developmental projects in two categories:
  - Category A (national level appraisal): projects are appraised by Impact Assessment Agency (IAA) and the Expert Appraisal Committee (EAC)
  - Category B (state level appraisal): State Level Environment Impact Assessment Authority (SEIAA) and State Level Expert Appraisal Committee (SEAC) provide clearance to the Category B projects.

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Introduction of Different Stages: The Amendment introduced four stages into EIA Cycle; Screening, Scoping, Public hearing and Appraisal.

Category A projects require mandatory environmental clearance and thus they do not have to undergo the screening process.

Category B projects undergo a screening process and are further classified into B1

(Mandatorily requiring EIA) and B2 (Not requiring EIA).

projects with Mandatory Clearance: Projects such as mining, thermal power plants, river valley, infrastructure (road, highway, ports, harbours and airports) and industries including very small electroplating or foundry units are mandated to get environment clearance.

# **Draft EIA Notification 2020**

- The Ministry of Environment, Forest and Climate Change (MoEF&CC) has published the draft Environment Impact Assessment (EIA) Notification 2020, with the intention of replacing the existing EIA Notification, 2006 under the Environment (Protection) Act, 1986. The Key Proposals of the 2020 Draft include:
  - Reduced Time for Public Hearings: One of the major steps of the EIA Mechanism is the public participation. The 2020 draft proposes to reduce the notice period for public hearings from 30 days to 20 days.
    - However, the MoEFCC has claimed it to be "in tune with the times", given the growth of internet and mobile telephony.
  - Exemption of Projects: Furthermore, by classifying a number of projects into A, B1 and B2, a host of projects are exempted from public scrutiny.
    - Category B2 projects do not require mandatory Environment Clearance (EC), unlike the Category A and B1 projects.
    - Exempted Projects: The projects under this exempted category include:
      - Offshore and onshore oil, gas and shale exploration.
      - Hydroelectric projects up to 25 MW.
      - Irrigation projects between 2,000 and 10,000 hectares of command area.
      - Small and medium cement plants.
      - Acids other than phosphoric or ammonia, sulphuric acid.
      - MSMEs in dye and dye intermediates, bulk drugs, synthetic rubbers, medium-sized paint units.
      - All inland waterway projects and expansion or widening of highways between 25 km and 100 km with defined parameters.
        - These include roads that cut through forests and dredging of major rivers.
      - Aerial ropeways in ecologically sensitive areas.
      - Specified building construction and area development projects; built-up area up to 1,50,000 sq. m.
  - Post-clearance compliance: It implies that once a project gets approved by the concerned authority, the proponent projects are required to adhere to certain rules laid down in the EIA report in order to ensure that no further environmental damages take
  - Annual Submission of Reports: The new draft EIA, proposes the submission of compliance reports annually whereas as per the 2006 notification, the compliance report was to be submitted every six months.
    - Environmental experts are of the view that allowing a longer period for filling the compliance report will give an opportunity to project proponents to hide disastrous consequences, which could go unnoticed.
  - Report Prepared Solely by Project Proponents: Meanwhile, submission of the compliance report will be solely prepared by the project proponents itself, which, without oversight and review, may lead to inaccurate information submitted on the project.
  - No Public Reporting for Non-Compliance: The EIA Notification 2020 excludes reporting of violations and non-compliance by the public. Harrida &

- Instead, the government will take cognisance of reports only from the violator-promoter, government authority, Appraisal Committee or Regulatory
- Post-facto Clearance: Another major proposal in the draft 2020 is granting 'post-facto clearance' where a project that has been operating without environmental clearance, can be regularised or allowed to apply for clearance.
  - The judiciary has held, as in the case of Alembic Pharmaceutical vs. Rohit Prajapati in April 2020 that "environment law cannot countenance the notion of an ex post
- **Penalty for Firms:** Firms found violating the terms of their establishment, if they have to get the clearance, however, will have to pay a penalty.

### **Issues Associated**

- Opens the Floodgates of Violations: The environmental lawyers have argued that the Post-Facto Clearance of the Projects is likely to encourage industries to commence operations without bothering clearance and eventually get regularized by paying the penalty amount and thus opening the floodgates of violations.
- Strengthens the Government but Weakens the Public: The draft offers no remedy for the
  political and bureaucratic stronghold on the EIA process, and thereby on industries.
  - Instead, it proposes to bolster the government's discretionary power while limiting public engagement in safeguarding the environment.
  - Also, the draft, by limiting public consultation, is not in consonance with protecting the rights of tribals, among others.
- Easy Clearance for 'Strategic' Projects: While projects concerning national defence and security are naturally considered strategic, the government gets to decide on the "strategic" tag for other projects.
  - The 2020 draft says no information on "such projects shall be placed in the public domain".
     This opens a window for clearance for any project deemed strategic without having to explain why.
- Reduced Time means Reduced Awareness: The reduced notice period for public hearing from 30 days to 20 days will only make it difficult to study the draft EIA report, more so when it is not widely available or provided in the regional language.
  - Moreover, the reduction of time would particularly pose a problem in those areas where information is not easily accessible or areas in which people are not that well aware of the process itself.
- Non-Conformity to International Frameworks And Conventions: India's has been an active participant of the <u>United Nations (UN) Conference on Human, Environment and Development in Stockholm in 1972</u>, the Rio Summit in 1992, <u>the United Nations Framework Convention on Climate Change (UNFCCC)</u> and the <u>Paris Climate Accord</u> which has significantly strengthened its environmental governance.
  - After pledging allegiance to these international environmental instruments and now on the contrary proposing to weaken its EIA regime at the domestic level, India is in a position of cognitive dissonance.
  - Such a non-conformity to pledges made at international negotiations and agreements will weaken India's stance as a global leader in environmental governance and climate politics.

## **Way Forward**

- The ministry, instead of reducing the time for public consultation, should focus on ensuring access to information as well as awareness about the public hearing and its impact upon the whole EIA process.
- In order to improve ease of doing business, the government should bring down the average delay

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days in granting environmental clearance, that emanates from bureaucratic delays and lex laws.

frow now, sustain later should not be the policy, as the notion is dangerously tilted against the concept of sustainable development.

PDF Refernece URL: https://www.drishtiias.com/printpdf/environmental-impact-assessment-eia-draft-2020

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