

**50th MEETING OF
THE STANDING COMMITTEE OF NATIONAL BOARD FOR WILDLIFE
7th SEPTEMBER 2018**



**GOVERNMENT OF INDIA
MINISTRY OF ENVIRONMENT, FOREST AND CLIMATE CHANGE
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50.1. Confirmation of the minutes of 49th Meeting of the Standing Committee of National Board for Wildlife held on 13th June 2018

The minutes of the 49th Meeting of the Standing Committee of National Board for Wildlife held on 13th June 2018 and circulated to all the Members on 29th June 2018. Copy of the minutes is placed at **ANNEXURE 50.1**.

However representations have been received from the user agencies on some of the proposals and such cases would be dealt State-wise.

1. AGENDA ITEMS OF ANDHRA PRADESH

A. FRESH PROPOSALS WITHIN PROTECTED AREAS

Following are the proposals for taking up non-forestry activities within Protected Areas:

S.No.	State	F.No.	Subject
1	Andhra Pradesh	6-29/2018 WL	Diversion of 6.34 ha of forestland in Kancherlamoram RF & Kanchelamoram Extn RF of Proddatur (WL) Division for erection of 220 KV DC line from 400 KV Talamanchipatnam SS to 220 KV SS Porumamilla
2	Andhra Pradesh	6-30/2018 WL	Diversion of 27.744 ha forestland in Kancherlamorum RF, Compt No.156 of Gangayapalli Beat Range and in Kancherlamoram Extn R.F. Compt No.265 & 266 of Jangamrajupalli Beat of Badvel Range for erecting of 765 KV double circuit transmission line from Chilakaluripeta to Kadapa

(1)

1	Name of the proposal	Diversion of 6.34 ha of forestland in Kancherlamoram RF & Kanchelamoram Extn RF of Proddatur (WL) Division for erection of 220 KV DC line from 400 KV Talamanchipatnam SS to 220 KV SS Porumamilla
2	Name of the protected Area involved	Nagarjunasagar-Srisailem Tiger Reserve
3	File No.	6-29/2018 WL
4	Name of the State	Andhra Pradesh
5	Whether proposal is sub-judice	Not sub-judice
6	Area of the protected area	464449.8 ha
7(a)	Area proposed for diversion/ Denotification	6.34 ha
7(b)	Area so far diverted from the protected area(s)	19.876 ha diverted for erection of 400 KV multi-circuit transmission in 2012 40.19 ha diverted for erection of 765 KV multi-circuit transmission in 2014 Total area : 60.66 ha
8	Status of ESZ if any	ESZ proposal has not been received from the State
9	Name of the applicant agency	AP Transco, Kadapa
10	Total number of tree to be felled	Barest minimum
11	Maps depicting the Sanctuary and the diversion proposal included or not	Yes
12	Recommendation of State Board for Wildlife SBWL recommended the proposal in its meeting held on 13.05.2018.	
13	Brief justification on the proposal as given by the applicant agency Proposal requires diversion of 6.34 ha of forestland for erection of 220 KV DC line from 400 KV Talamanchipatnam SS to 220 KV SS Porumamilla in Compt. No.156 & 265 of Kancherlamoram RF and Kancherla Extn. The proposed electrical line is passing through the tiger corridor area. It is passing through a distance of 2.30 km away from the boundary of Sri Lankamalleswara Wildlife Sanctuary. Proposal has public interest.	
14	Rare and endangered species found in the area Nagarjunasagar - Srisailem Tiger Reserve is home to tiger, leopard, sambar, bear, wild pig, wild dog, langur, fox, porcupine, spotted deer, hare, jungle fowl, peacock, etc.	
15	Opinion of the Chief Wildlife Warden The State CWLW has recommended the proposal with the following conditions: (1) Wildlife Mitigation Plan is proposed with an amount of Rs.100.00 lakh for habitat improvement, protection, prevention of man-animal conflict and publicity extension wildlife awareness activities in the tiger corridor area of Nagarjunasagar-Srisailem Tiger Reserve and in the vicinity of Sri Lankamalleswara WLS. (2) The User Agency shall deposit the money into Biodiversity Conservation Society of Andhra Pradesh Account. (3) Erection of sign boards by the User Agency to create awareness of wildlife conservation.	
16	Comments of Ministry NTCA has recommended the proposal with the following conditions: <i>Mandatory safeguards during designing the transmission line</i>	

	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. All the existing parallel power lines should be merged into a single installation. Insulated cables should be used on the proposed transmission line passing through the forest lands and important wildlife areas across its entire length in between Talamanchipatnam and Porumamilla; so as to avoid hindrance to avifauna and other arboreal species. 2. As assessment of impact of the windmills and its associated power lines on the critically endangered Jerdon's Courser whose only global population resides in this region is required, if not already done. Ecological impacts of the wind mills coming near Porumamilla town should be evaluated by an independent agency, preferably the BNHS since they have long-term information of the Jerdon's Courser and other avifauna in the region. Laying of the proposed transmission line should be initiated only after that. Chief Wildlife Warden, Andhra Pradesh State should evaluate and monitor this. 3. All power lines within 5 km of forest and scrub patches and important wildlife areas across its entire length in between Talamanchipatnam and Porumamilla will be marked with bird diverters (with solar powered night flashers) spaced at 10m intervals⁸ (Figure 3). 4. In areas without insulated cable, APTRANSCO shall maintain >1.5 m spacing (larger than the wrist-to-wrist or head-to-foot distance of a bird) between energized components and grounded hardware^{7,8}. 5. In compliance with MoEFCC's guidelines, no clearance of vegetation shall be allowed for open areas with sparse vegetation (such as scrublands, grasslands, wetlands etc.). A 5.8 m vertical clearance above ground, 2.5 m vertical clearance from the vegetation and 1.2 m horizontal clearance from the vegetation could be permitted in other areas of the transmission line. These dimensions are based on clearance requirements for powerlines under Rules 77, 79 and 80, read with Rule 82A(3) in the Indian Electricity Rules 1956 (as amended up to 25 November 2000) and local forest officials should monitor strict implementation of this on ground. 6. Width of the right of the way for the transmission line on forest land should not be over 35 m (<i>vide</i> MoEFCC Guidelines). The alignment of the powerline should be made such that minimum numbers of trees are felled. Any felling/pollarding/pruning of trees for allowing electrical clearance/maintenance will be done with the permission of the local DFO. Only those trees that are of sufficient height to compromise the requirements of minimal vertical and horizontal clearance from the conductor wires at maximum sag point should be lopped. 7. As far as possible vegetation clearing along the stretches of transmission corridor passing through forested areas may be minimized or avoided by increasing the height of tower structures to maintain safe vertical clearance over natural vegetation to prevent disruption of vegetation or forest continuity. 8. The user agency should adhere to the guidelines issued by Hon'ble National Green Tribunal in its judgement in Janajagarithi Samiti versus Union of India and Others (Appeal No.10 of 2012) related to transmission line passing through the forest in Western Ghats [Annexure 1]. 9. Forest Clearance Division of MoEFCC in consultation with the Central Electricity Authority had also issued guidelines pertaining to transmission lines passing through the forests (<i>vide</i> F.No.7-25/2012-FC dated 5th May, 2014). The user agency should follow this guideline while constructing the powerline [Annexure 2].
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10. Periodic clearing of vegetation along the powerline may bring up invasive species. The plantation of native, palatable species should be actively promoted by the user agency in collaboration with the Forest Department below the powerline. This will not only prevent growth of invasive unpalatable species like but also will provide excellent food for wild ungulates in form of its leaves and fruits.
11. APTRANSCO should also mitigate the existing transmission line (765KV and 400KV) by putting insulated cables, marking with reflectors wherever they are passing through forest lands and important wildlife areas.

Mandatory safeguards during construction phase

- (a) No construction/maintenance work shall be permitted between 6 PM to 6 AM. Labor camps should be at least 1 km away from the boundaries of forest land along the entire length of the proposed transmission line.
- (b) No construction material (including soil, stones etc.) should be collected from the forest. The topsoil to a depth of 30 cm should be first gathered, piled aside and covered with a tarpaulin or suitable other material. The topsoil should be re-spread as early as possible over the disturbed or excavated area after completion of work to a depth of 30 cm. Construction debris should not be dumped inside the forest areas and they should be transported by the user agency to suitable dumping sites outside the forest.
- (c) In compliance with MoEFCCs guidelines, construction of new approach/access route will require prior approval under Forest Conservation Act, 1980.

Post-construction mandatory safeguards

- (d) The user agency shall deposit 5% of the total project cost (Rs.9,000 lakhs) to Biodiversity Society of Andhra Pradesh (BIOSAP). Andhra Pradesh Forest Department should utilize this money for eco-restoration, prey augmentation, reducing public dependence on forests and promoting traditional local livelihoods in the corridor landscape.
- (e) The user agency may decommission other power transmission and distribution facilities; preferably in the area or in other forested parts of the state; which have become obsolete, defunct or damaged. Decommissioning activities may include demolition and removal of the installed infrastructure (e.g., transmission towers, substations, aboveground and underground utilities and access/approach road decommissioning) and reclamation of the project site, including ground stabilization and re-vegetation with native species typical to the natural vegetation of the area. Obsolete lines and infrastructure, and powerlines that require extensive and costly annual clearing of vegetation, shall be prioritized for decommissioning.
- (f) Andhra Pradesh Forest Department should consider future proposal on any linear infrastructure in this corridor landscape very carefully since further loss of habitat might constrict the pinch points and make the corridor nonfunctional.
- (g) Chief Wildlife Warden, Andhra Pradesh State should constitute a monitoring committee comprising of members from local forest officials, MoEFCC and NTCA regional offices and user agency to oversee the implementation of the project in adherence to the mitigation measures suggested herein and/or by state forest department.

The Standing Committee may like to take a view on the proposal.

1	Name of the proposal	Diversion of 27.744 ha forestland in Kancherlamorum RF, Compt No.156 of Gangayapalli Beat Range and in Kancherlamoram Extn R.F. Compt No.265 & 266 of Jangamrajupalli Beat of Badvel Range for erecting of 765 KV double circuit transmission line from Chilakaluripeta to Kadapa
2	Name of the protected Area involved	Nagarjunasagar-Srisailem Tiger Reserve
3	File No.	6-30/2018 WL
4	Name of the State	Andhra Pradesh
5	Whether proposal is sub-judice	Not sub-judice
6	Area of the protected area	464449.8 ha
7(a)	Area proposed for diversion/ Denotification	27.744 ha
7(b)	Area so far diverted from the protected area(s)	19.876 ha diverted for erection of 400 KV multi-circuit transmission in 2012 40.19 ha diverted for erection of 765 KV multi-circuit transmission in 2014 Total: 60.66 ha
8	Status of ESZ, draft notified / notified, if any	ESZ proposal has not been received from the State
9	Name of the applicant agency	Power-grid Southern Interconnector Transmission System Limited, Badvel
10	Total number of tree to be felled	NIL
11	Maps depicting the Sanctuary and the diversion proposal included or not	Yes
12	Recommendation of State Board for Wildlife SBWL recommended the proposal in its meeting held on 13.05.2018.	
13	Brief justification on the proposal as given by the applicant agency Proposal requires diversion of 27.744 ha forestland in Kancherlamorum RF, Compt No.156 of Gangayapalli Beat Range and in Kancherlamoram Extn R.F. Compt No.265 & 266 of Jangamrajupalli Beat of Badvel Range for erecting of 765 KV double circuit transmission line from Chilakaluripeta to Kadapa. The proposed electrical line is passing through the tiger reserve and ESZ of Sri Lankamalla Wildlife Sanctuary. It is passing through a distance of 930 m km away from the boundary of Sri Lankamalleswara Wildlife Sanctuary. the sag lines of the transmission line [project are about 15.5 m above the ground. The aim of project is to supply electricity to the public.	
14	Rare and endangered species found in the area Nagarjunasagar - Srisailem Tiger Reserve is home to tiger, leopard, sambar, bear, wild pig, wild dog, langur, fox, porcupine, spotted deer, hare, jungle fowl, peacock, etc.	
15	Opinion of the Chief Wildlife Warden The State CWLW has recommended the proposal with the following conditions: (1) Wildlife Mitigation Plan is proposed with an amount of Rs.3.00crore for habitat improvement, protection, prevention of man-animal conflict and publicity extension wildlife awareness activities in the tiger corridor area of Nagarjunasagar - Srisailem Tiger Reserve (NSTR) and in the vicinity of Sri Lankamalleswara WLS. (2) The User Agency shall deposit the money into Biodiversity Conservation Society of Andhra Pradesh Account.	

	(3) Erection of sign boards by the User Agency to create awareness of wildlife conservation.
16	<p>Comments of Ministry</p> <p>NTCA has recommended the proposal with the following conditions and mitigation measures</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. The vegetation observed at the proposed diversion site is mainly of scrub jungle type. The user agency should not undertake too much vegetation clearing under the transmission lines since the dispersing wildlife may start avoiding the cleared area due to excessive clearing/interventions. 2. Further, considering the factors like strategic location of the Sanctuary, presence of IBA and other water bodies in the adjoining landscape, there are high chances of critically endangered bird species like Jordon's Courser and other migratory birds may collide with high power transmission lines. In order to prevent the instances of collision of critically endangered Jordon's Courser and migratory birds with transmission lines, it is suggested the user agency should sue line marker devices along the entire length of transmission line to improve the visibility of earth wires. These marker devices available in a variety of color and are visible to birds from a long distance. The different types of marker devices available are spheres, swinging plates, spiral vibration dampers, strips, flight diverters, bird flappers, ribbons, tapes, flags and crossed bands. 3. Further, it is suggested the line markers should be as large as possible to enhance their visibility. The spacing/distance between the line markers should not be more than 5 to 10 meter. The marker color selection should be such that it contrasts with the background color. 4. These bird collision reducing interventions may be proposed for all transmission line projects (even outside the PA/forest areas) of Andhra Pradesh. 5. Work should be finished within specified time of the day (9 AM - 5PM) and no camping of labors inside Reserve Forest /WLS beyond this time frame should be allowed. Local beat officer(s) and forester(s) should be made responsible for monitoring the power transmission tower & cable work strictly on daily basis and report the progress to the District Forest Officer. 6. As prescribed by the chief Wildlife Warden, Andhra Pradesh, the agency shall deposit the funds required for implementation of wildlife Mitigation Plan with the Biodiversity Conservation Society for Andhra Pradesh (BIOSAP). Further, the user agency shall also abide by other terms & conditions prescribed by Chief Wildlife Warden, Andhra Pradesh and other competent authorities. <p>The Standing Committee may like to take a view on the proposal.</p>

2. AGENDA ITEMS OF ARUNACHAL PRADESH

A. ACTION TAKEN REPORT

S.No.	Agenda Item	Action Taken	Category
1	46.3.2. Judgement of the Hon'ble National Green Tribunal, Chennai dated 24-10-2017 in Appeal no. 30 of 2015(SZ) titled Bimal Gogoi & Anr. vs. Union of India & ors	<p>Proposal diversion of 1415.92 ha forest land for the hydel project was considered and recommended with the conditions by the Standing Committee of NBWL in its 24th meeting held on 13th December 2011. However the Hon'ble National Green Tribunal has directed the Standing Committee of NBWL to reconsider.</p> <p>During 46th meeting the Standing Committee decided that a Committee comprising of R Sukumar, Member NBWL, representative of WII and representative of NTCA would visit the site and submit a detailed report to the Ministry within 30 days for further consideration.</p> <p>During 47th meeting the Standing Committee decided that the Director, GEER Foundation, Member NBWL, would replace R Sukumar and requested it to complete site inspection and submit a detailed report to the Ministry within 30 days for further consideration. Committee visited the project site on 25th - 28th February 2018.</p> <p><i>Standing Committee in its 48th meeting held on 27th March 2018 decided that WII would carry out hydrology / ecology study and submit the report in three months for further consideration.</i></p> <p><i>Site Inspection committee submitted report (ANNEXURE 50.2).</i></p>	Hydropower

B. FRESH PROPOSALS WITHIN PROTECTED AREAS

Following is the proposal for taking up non-forestry activities within Protected Area:

S.No.	State	F.No.	Subject
1	Arunachal Pradesh	6-108/2018 WL	Diversion of 2.12 ha of forestland situated within Sessa Orchid Sanctuary for Army Transit Camp and Convoy Ground

(1)

1	Name of the proposal	Diversion of 2.12 ha of forestland situated within Sessa Orchid Sanctuary for Army Transit Camp and Convoy Ground
2	Name of the protected Area involved	Sessa Orchid Wildlife Sanctuary
3	File No.	6-108/2018 WL
4	Name of the State	Arunachal Pradesh
5	Whether proposal is sub-judice	Not sub-judice
6	Area of the protected area	100 sq.km
7(a)	Area proposed for diversion / Denotification	2.12 ha
7(b)	Area so far diverted from the protected area(s)	13.50 ha for the improvement and widening of Balipara – Chadwar – Tawang (BCT) road (5 km to 88 km) in 2016
8	Status of ESZ, draft notified / notified, if any	Proposal has not been received from the State Govt.
9	Name of the applicant agency	Indian Army, West Kemang
10	Total number of tree to be felled	NIL
11	Maps depicting the Sanctuary and the diversion proposal included or not	Yes
12	Recommendation of State Board for Wildlife SBWL recommended the proposal in its 2 nd meeting held on 26.04.2018	
13	Brief justification on the proposal as given by the applicant agency Diversion of 2.12 ha of forestland is required by the Indian army for administration / operations purpose. The forest area is in possession of army with effect from 18 Jan 1964 and being used since then. Sessa is the most suitable place for using as convoy ground. Further it was mentioned in the proposal that due to the presence of army any attempt of illegal timber operation / hunting in the sanctuary will be restricted.	
14	Rare and endangered species found in the area Sessa Orchid Sanctuary is home to more than 200 orchid species with 5 new and endemic species. Sub-tropical types include the genera <i>Dendrobium</i> , <i>Bulbophyllum</i> , <i>Coelogyne</i> , <i>Eria</i> , <i>Phaius</i> and <i>Liparis</i> . The sanctuary is unique in having 7 endemic species of saprotrophic orchids. 12 rare species of different families were found in one study of the area.	
15	Opinion of the Chief Wildlife Warden State CWLW has recommended the proposal without imposing conditions.	
16	Comments of Ministry The Standing Committee may like to take a view on the proposal.	

C. PROPOSALS FOR TAKING UP ACTIVITIES WITHIN 10 KM FROM THE BOUNDARIES OF PROTECTED AREAS

Following is the proposal for taking up non-forestry activities within 10 km from the boundary of Protected Area:

S.No.	State	F.No.	Subject
1	Arunachal Pradesh	6-109/2018 WL	Diversion of 3.07 ha of forestland for the construction of Roing – Hunli Road (Green Field Alignamnet) section km 24.64 to km 47.00 and km 62.97 to km 74.01 falling within draft ESZ of Mehao Wildlife Sanctuary

(1)

1	Name of the Proposal	Diversion of 3.07 ha of forestland for the construction of Roing – Hunli Road (Green Field Alignamnet) section km 24.64 to km 47.00 and km 62.97 to km 74.01 falling within draft ESZ of Mehao Wildlife Sanctuary
2	Name of the protected Area involved	Mehao Wildlife Sanctuary
3	File No.	6-109/2018 WL
4	Name of the State	Arunachal Pradesh
5	Whether proposal is sub-judice	Not sub-judice
6	Area of the protected area	281.50 ha
7(a)	Area proposed for diversion/ Denotification	3.07 ha
7(b)	Area so far diverted from the protected area(s)	3.60 ha diverted for the widening of existing Roing-Hunli Road
8	Status of ESZ draft notified / notified if any	Draft notified on 23.02.2016. ESZ extend up to 5.6 km. Project falls in the draft notified ESZ. Construction activity falls under regulated activity as per the draft ESZ notification.
9	Name of the applicant agency	NHIDCL, Arunachal Pradesh
10	Total number of tree to be felled	Not mentioned
11	Maps depicting the Sanctuary and the diversion proposal included or not	YES
12	Recommendation of State Board for Wildlife	SBWL recommended the proposal in its 2 nd meeting held on 26.04.2017.
13	Brief justification on the proposal as given by the applicant agency	The propsoed Roing – Hunli Road (Green Field Alignamnet) section km 24.64 to km 47.00 amd km 62.97 to km 74.01 road passes through highly terrain in Lower Dibang Valley District. Road geometry has serious deficiencies such as sharp bends, S-curves, poor sight distances, etc., which call for change in the alignment of project road. The proposed project will connect the district head quarters Anini/ Lower Dibang Valley with rest of country and help in development of boarder area as well as provide connectivity to major hydroelectricity project of NHPC.
14	Rare and endangered species found in the area	Mehao Wildlife Sanctuary is home to leopard cat, spotted linsang, Asiatic wild dog, Malay tree shrew, common otter, slow loris, etc.
15	Opinion of the Chief Wildlife Warden	The CWLW has recommended the proposal with the following conditions: (1) Construction of speed breakers in vulnerable places especially in wildlife corridors wherever necessary. (2) Erection of glow sign boards / signage at regular intervals as may be required. (3) Preparation of Wildlife Conservation Plan and its implementation at project cost. (4) No use of pressure horn.
16	Comments of Ministry	The Standing Committee may like to take a view on the proposal.

3. AGENDA ITEMS OF ASSAM

A. PROPOSALS FOR TAKING UP ACTIVITIES WITHIN 10 KM FROM THE BOUNDARY OF PROTECTED AREAS

Following is the proposal for taking up non-forestry activities within 10 km from the boundary of Protected Area:

S.No.	State	F.No.	Subject
1	Assam	6-37/2018 WL	Proposal for diversion of 208.807 Ha of forestland for construction of 400 KV (Quad) Jigmelling – Alipurduar transmission line

1	Name of the proposal	Proposal for diversion of 208.807 Ha of forestland for construction of 400 KV (Quad) Jigmelling – Alipurduar transmission line
2	Name of the protected Area involved	Manas Tiger Reserve
3	File No.	6-37/2018 WL
4	Name of the State	Assam
5	Whether proposal is sub-judice	Not sub-judice
6	Area of the protected area	950 sq.km
7(a)	Area proposed for diversion/ Denotification	208.807 ha
7(b)	Area so far diverted from the protected area(s)	NIL
8	Status of ESZ, draft notified / notified, if any	ESZ proposal has not been received from the State
9	Name of the applicant agency	Power Grid corporation of India
10	Total number of tree to be felled	NIL
11	Maps depicting the Sanctuary and the diversion proposal included or not	Yes
12	Recommendation of State Board for Wildlife SBWL recommended the proposal. In its 10 th meeting held on 22.02.2018.	
13	Brief justification on the proposal as given by the applicant agency GoI has entrusted power Grid Corporation of India for erection of 400 KV D/C (Quad) Jigmelling – Alipurduar transmission line for evacuating power from 720 MW Mangdechhu HEP, Bhutan. The project requires diversion of 208.807 Ha of forestland from the Manas Tiger Reserve. It has national interest and will improve the overall power scenario without major damage of forest and environment.	
14	Rare and endangered species found in the area Manas Tiger Reserve is home to Indian elephants, Indian rhinoceros, gaurs, Asian water buffaloes, barasingha, Indian tigers, Indian leopards, clouded leopards, Asian golden cats, dholes, capped langurs, golden langurs, Assamese macaques, slow loris, hoolock gibbons, smooth-coated otters, sloth bears, barking deers, hog deers, black panthers, sambar deers, chitals, etc.	
15	Opinion of the Chief Wildlife Warden The State CWLW has recommended the proposal with the following conditions: (1) Towers shall be fenced with elephant proof fence maintained properly (2) The conductors shall be sufficiently high to avoid chances of any accident due to sagging of conductors and such guidelines in this regard. (3) The user agency shall maintain and monitor the line passing through the tiger reserve area regularly jointly with the Forest Department and incur such expenditures as and when required. (4) Necessary retrofitting measures as and when required in the interest of wild animal movement and protection shall be done by the user agency in future. (5) The user agency shall provide sufficient funds to the Wildlife Department as per the guidelines from NBWL.	
16	Comments of Ministry NTCA recommended the proposal with following conditions: 1. Since the proposed line is a High Voltage Transmission line, it is recommended that the stretch from Tower No. 4 to 6 having dense forest should be fenced around to prevent wild elephants from coming in contact with Towers. In the above stretch, the conductors should be erected at sufficient height to avoid chances of any accident due to sagging. The Power Grid Corporation shall maintain the line after commissioning to avoid any accident to specially the wild elephants moving through the areas.	

	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 2. Insulated cables should be used in the stretch of proposed transmission line passing through the forest and important wildlife areas across its entire length. All power lines within 5 km of forest and scrub patches and important wildlife areas across its entire length will be marked with bird diverters (with solar powered night flashers) spaced at 10 m intervals. 3. In areas without insulated cable, Power Grid shall maintain > 1.5m spacing (larger than wrist-to-wrist or head-to- foot distance of a bird) between energized components and grounded hardware. In compliance with MOEFCC,s guidelines, no clearance of vegetation shall be allowed for open areas with sparse vegetation (such as scrublands, grasslands, wetlands, wetlands etc.), A 5.8 m vertical clearance areas of the transmission and 1.2 m horizontal clearance from the vegetation could be permitted in other areas of the transmission line. These dimensions area based on clearance requirements for power lines under Rules 77,79, and 80 read with Rule 82 A (3) in the Indian electricity Rules 1956 (as amended up to 20 November 2000) and local forest officials should monitor strict implementation of this on ground. 4. The width of the right of way for the transmission line on forest land should not be over 35 m. The alignment of the Power line should be made such that minimum numbers of trees are felled. Any felling/ pollarding/ pruning of trees for allowing electrical clearance/ maintenance will be done with the permission of the local DFO. Only those trees that are of sufficient height to compromise the requirements of minimal vertical and horizontal clearance from the conductor wires at maximum sag point should be lopped. 5. The user agency should adhere to the guidelines issued by Hon'ble National Green tribunal in its judgments in Janajagarithi Samiti versun Union of India and Others (Appeal No.10 of 2012) related to transmission line passing through the forest in Western Ghats. Forest Clearance Division, MoEF&CC in consultation with Central Electricity Authority had also issued guidelines pertaining to transmission lines passing through the forests. The User agency should follow these guidelines while construction the Power line. 6. Periodic clearing of vegetation along the power line may bring up invasive species. The plantation of native, palatable species should be actively promoted by the user agency in collaboration with the Forest Department below the Power line. This will not only prevent growth of invasive unpalatable species like but also will provide excellent forage for wild ungulates in from of its leaves and fruits. No construction/ maintenance work shall be permitted between 6 PM to 7 AM. Labour camps should be at least 1 km away from the boundaries of forest land along the entire of the proposed transmission line. In compliance with MoEFCC's guidelines, construction of new approach/ access route will require prior approval under Forest Conservation Act, 1980. 7. The user agency shall deposit 5% of the total project cost to the Manas Tiger Reserve Management which should utilize this money for eco- restoration, prey augmentation, reducing public dependence on forests and promoting traditional local livelihoods in the landscape. The Chief Wildlife Warden, Assam should constitute a monitoring committee comprising of members from local forest officials, MoEF &CC and NTCA regional office and user agency to oversee the implementation of the project in adherence to the mitigation measures suggested herein and / or by State Forest Department. <p>The Standing Committee may like to take a view on the proposal.</p>
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4. AGENDA ITEMS OF DELHI

B. PROPOSALS FOR TAKING UP ACTIVITIES WITHIN 10 KM FROM THE BOUNDARY OF PROTECTED AREAS

Following is the proposal for taking up non-forestry activities within 10 km from the boundary of Protected Area:

S.No.	State	F.No.	Subject
1	Delhi	6-94/2018 WL	Construction of CBI Residential Complex

(1)

1	Name of the Proposal	Construction of CBI Residential Complex
2	Name of the protected Area involved	Asola Bhatti Wildlife Sanctuary
3	File No.	6-94/2018 WL
4	Name of the State	New Delhi
5	Whether proposal is sub-judice	sub-judice
6	Area of the protected area	4845.58 acres
7(a)	Area proposed for diversion/ Denotification	Nil Proposed site is 54 m away from the Asola Bhatti Wildlife Sanctuary, falling in the notified ESZ
7(b)	Area so far diverted from the protected area(s)	Nil (Govt. land 3.1 ha allotted by DDA)
8	Status of ESZ, draft / finally notified, if any	ESZ notified on 11.09.2017. ESZ extend from 0.0 km to 1.0 km. Proposal falls under <i>regulated activity category</i> .
9	Name of the applicant agency	Central Bureau of Investigation
10	Total number of tree to be felled	9 Nos.
11	Maps depicting the Sanctuary and the diversion proposal included or not	No
12	Recommendation of State Board for Wildlife	It is mentioned in Part-V of the proposal that recommendation of SBWL is not applicable as SBWL has not been constituted in Delhi.
13	Brief justification on the proposal as given by the applicant agency	Project is for the construction of CBI residential complex at Maidan Garhi falling in the ESZ, located at 54 m away from the boundary of Asola Bhatti Wildlife Sanctuary. The total built up area is 93623.97 sq.m.
14	Rare and endangered species found in the area	Asola Bhatti Wildlife Sanctuary is home to jungle cat, Indian civet, Indian grey mongoose, hyaena, black buck, small Indian mongoose, pea-fowl, spiny tailed lizard, etc.
15	Opinion of the Chief Wildlife Warden	Chief Wildlife Warden has recommended the proposal subject to deposit of 5% of project fund for soil moisture conservation works and improvement of wildlife habitat in the sanctuary in larger interest of wildlife habitat conservation. The area falling under ridge / morphological ridge of 0.50 ha should be brought under dense plantation of indigenous species in supervision of the Department of Forest & wildlife, Government of NCT of Delhi by a professional agency / group to avoid noise and air pollution and maintenance of water table. No soil / Badarpur excavation is permitted in ridge / morphological ridge area contiguous to the project site. Curtains / PVC rolls should be raised to restrict the speed of dust pollution in the surroundings.
16	Comments of Ministry	The Standing Committee may like to take a view on the proposal.

5. AGENDA ITEMS OF JHARKHAND

A. FRESH PROPOSALS WITHIN PROTECTED AREAS

Following is the proposal for taking up non-forestry activities within Protected Area:

S.No.	State	F.No.	Subject
1	Jharkhand	6-110/2018 WL	Construction of Koderma detour (PPP Mode) km 148.210 to km 157.500 in Hazaribagh District under Dankuni to Sonnagar Section of Eastern Dedicated Freight Corridor Project

1	Name of the Proposal	Construction of Koderma detour (PPP Mode) km 148.210 to km 157.500 in Hazaribagh District under Dankuni to Sonnagar Section of Eastern Dedicated Freight Corridor Project
2	Name of the protected Area involved	Gautam Buddha Wildlife Sanctuary
3	File No.	6-110/2018 WL
4	Name of the State	Jharkhand
5	Whether proposal is sub-judice	Not sub-judice
6	Area of the protected area	138.33 sq.km
7(a)	Area proposed for diversion/ denotification	82.8 ha
7(b)	Area so far diverted from the protected area (s)	117.025 ha diverted in 2017 for the construction of railway line
8	Status of ESZ, draft notified / notified, if any	Notified on 12.07.2017. Project falls in the PA.
9	Name of the applicant agency	Dedicated Freight Corridor Corporation of India Limited, Ministry of Railways, Govt. of India.
10	Total number of tree to be felled	1000 trees
11	Maps depicting the Sanctuary and the diversion proposal included or not	YES
12	Recommendation of State Board for Wildlife SBWL recommended the proposal in its meeting held on 23.05.2018.	
13	Brief justification on the proposal as given by the applicant agency Dedicated Freight Corridor Corporation of India Limited (DFCCIL) in the Eastern Corridor is planned between Dankuni to Dadri & Ludhiana to help cater to the freight on this route. The section between Dankuni to Sonnagar is proposed to be implemented through PPP mode for which appropriate PPP is being developed by DFCCIL. The proposed freight corridor is being designed for a maximum speed of 100 km per hour for train operation. The proposed alignment from DFCC chainage km 148.210 to km 157.500 in Hazaribagh District falls under Gautam Buddha WLS. As far as the technical and engineering aspects are concerned there is no other suitable alternative alignment. The layout of the forest area is such that there is no alternative but to intrude the PA. However attempts were made to minimize the requirement of PA by restricting the improvement proposal up to the formation width on in the PA section. The construction of proposed alignment through PA would require 82.8 ha land from Gautam Buddha WLS. The proposed corridor will provide safe, faster and economical mode of transportation exclusively for goods. The proposed track is also strategic since the track is passing through the left wing extremist Districts.	
14	Rare and endangered species found in the area Gautam Buddha Wildlife Sanctuary supports wildlife namely leopard, jungle cat, Indian civet, Mongoose, striped hyena, wolf, golden jackal, fox, sloth bear, palm squirrel, porcupine, Indian hare, chital, blue bull, sambar, barking deer, wild boar, rhesus macaque, langur, mouse, etc.	
15	Opinion of the Chief Wildlife Warden The CWLW has recommended the proposal with the following conditions: (1) Sufficient number of under / over passes shall be constructed as per the site requirement at regular intervals in complete stretch of sanctuary area to facilitate the movement of wildlife across the track.	

	<p>(2) Water courses inside the sanctuary shall not be disturbed.</p> <p>(3) Other suitable mitigation measures may be provided based on the impact assessment study of WII. Fund for the site specific wildlife management plan shall be provided by user agency.</p>
16	<p>Comments of Ministry</p> <p>The Standing Committee may like to take a view on the proposal.</p>

6. AGENDA ITEMS OF KARNATAKA

A. ACTION TAKEN REPORT

S.No.	Agenda Item	Action Taken	Category
1	48.5.4 Diversion of 595.64 ha of forestland in Karwar, Yellapura and Dharwad Division for the construction of New Broad Gauge Railway line of Hubballi - Ankola	<p>Proposal was considered by the Standing Committee in its 47th meeting held on 25th January 2018 (<i>Fact Sheet placed at ANNEXURE 50.3</i>).</p> <p>Site Inspection Committee has not recommended the proposal on the grounds that (1) the proposed railway line passes through very forest cover and cuts across the Western Ghats, and also fragments the old migration path of India elephants and (2) out of the 6 tiger occupied landscapes, possesses best habitat connectivity and contiguity.</p> <p><i>Standing Committee in its 48th meeting held on 27th March 2018 decided that a committee comprising of one representative of WII, one representative of NTCA and one person from the Wildlife Division would visit the site and submit the report to the Ministry within 30 days for further consideration.</i></p> <p><i>Site Inspection Report still awaited.</i></p>	Railway
2	<p>42.4.1.15. Diversion of 96.65 ha (Reduced from 131.67 ha) in Muthinakoppa Minor Forest & Aramballi State Forest in Koppa Division for construction of a irrigation canal under the Bhadra Upper Project Package I, Karnataka Neeravari Nigam Limited, Division 1, Gajanur Shivamogga, Karnataka</p> <p>&</p> <p>Diversion of 110.10 ha of forest land (reduced from 186.42 ha) in Bhadravathi Division for the construction of a lift irrigation canal under the Upper Bhadra Project Package II, (lifting of water from Bhadra Tiger Reserve at Ajjampura delivery Chamber) B R Project, Bhadravathi, Karnataka</p>	<p>Proposal was considered and recommended with the mitigations measures imposed by the State CWLW and Site Inspection Committee by the Standing Committee in its 43rd meeting held on 27th June 2017 (<i>Fact Sheet at ANNEXURE 50.4</i>).</p> <p>However representation dated 11th June 2018 was received from the proponent that the <i>construction of underground close conduit of 1.91 km from the Pump House to Bhandra Reservoir is technically impossible and requested to permit the construction of technically feasible 0.5 km of close conduit and 1.41 km of open canal. State Govt also recommended for the construction of technically feasible 0.5 km of close conduit and 1.41 km of open canal.</i></p> <p>Matter was referred to the NTCA by this Ministry's letter dated 18th July 2018. <i>Reply dated 4th September 2018 received from the NTCA and therein it was stated that the office of NTCA stands by the recommendations of the Site Inspection Report only.</i></p> <p>Standing Committee may like to take a view on the requisition of State Govt.</p>	Irrigation

B. FRESH PROPOSALS WITHIN PROTECTED AREAS

Following is the proposal for taking up non-forestry activities within Protected Area:

S.No.	State	F.No.	Subject
1	Karnataka	6-48/2017 WL	Re-notifying the boundaries of Shettihalli Wildlife Sanctuary without reducing the area and extent

(1)

1	Name of the proposal	Re-notifying the boundaries of Shettihalli Wildlife Sanctuary without reducing the area and extent from 700 sq.km to 395.608 sq.km
2	Name of the protected Area involved	Shettihalli Wildlife Sanctuary
3	File No.	6-48/2017 WL
4	Name of the State	Karnataka
5	Whether proposal is sub-judice	Not sub-judice
6	Area of the protected area	700.00 sq.km
7(a)	Area proposed for diversion/ Denotification	395.608 sq.km
7(b)	Area so far diverted from the protected area(s)	NIL
8	Status of ESZ, draft notified / notified, if any	Proposal has been received and is under scrutiny
9	Name of the applicant agency	State Govt. of Karnataka
10	Total number of tree to be felled	NA
11	Maps depicting the Sanctuary and the diversion proposal included or not	Yes
12	Recommendation of State Board for Wildlife SBWL recommended the proposal in its meeting held on 31.08.2016.	
13	Brief justification on the proposal as given by the applicant agency Proposal is for rectification / rationalization of boundary of Shettihalli Wildlife Sanctuary. An area of >300sq.km comprising of townships, villages and agricultural lands have also been included inadvertently in the notification of sanctuary in 1974. The State Govt. has requested to exclude >300 sq.km from the total area of 700 sq.km, and notify total area of 395.608 sq.km as the area of sanctuary.	
14	Rare and endangered species found in the area Shettihalli Wildlife Sanctuary is home to tiger, leopard, elephant, jackal, spotted deer, malabar giant squirrel, giant flying squirrel, pangolin, porcupine, common mongoose, bonnet macaque, sloth bear, common langur, wild pig, etc.	
15	Opinion of the Chief Wildlife Warden State CWLW recommended the proposal without imposing conditions.	
16	Comments of Ministry The Standing Committee may like to take a view on the proposal.	

7. AGENDA ITEMS OF MADHYA PRADESH

A. ACTION TAKEN REPORT

S.No.	Agenda Item	Action Taken	Category
1	49.4.1.4 Construction of 1.7 km road from A B road to Girwai via Tilli Factory road in Son Bird Sanctuary	<p>Proposal was considered and suggested by the Standing Committee in its 49th meeting held on 13th June 2018 to request the State Government to clarify whether the proposed road is for the public utility or for the factory before taking a final decision on the matter (<i>Fact Sheet placed at ANNEXURE 50.5</i>).</p> <p><i>To this Ministry's letter dated 27.06.2018, State Govt vide its letter dated 30.07.2018 stated that the project is for the public utility of Girwai village.</i></p>	Road

B. FRESH PROPOSALS WITHIN PROTECTED AREAS

Following is the proposal for taking up non-forestry activities within Protected Areas:

S.No.	State	F.No.	Subject
1	Madhya Pradesh	6-12/2018 WL	Construction of Bineka to Borpani 8.55 km cement concrete road in Ratapni Wildlife Sanctuary
2	Madhya Pradesh	6-13/2018 WL	Construction of Gaganwada to Kertoli 5.3 km road in Singhori Wildlife Sanctuary

(1)

1	Name of the proposal	Construction of Bineka to Borpani 8.55 km cement concrete road in Ratapni Wildlife Sanctuary
2	Name of the protected Area involved	Ratapni Wildlife Sanctuary
3	File No.	6-12/2018 WL
4	Name of the State	Madhya Pradesh
5	Whether proposal is sub-judice	Not sub-judice
6	Area of the protected area	907.712 sq.km
7(a)	Area proposed for diversion/ Denotification	5.6625 ha
7(b)	Area so far diverted from the protected area(s)	60.633 ha diverted for various development projects
8	Status of ESZ, if any	Notified dated 11.08.2017. However the project site falls in the PA
9	Name of the applicant agency	M.P Rural Development Department
10	Total number of tree to be felled	NIL
11	Maps depicting the Sanctuary and the diversion proposal included or not	Yes
12	Recommendation of State Board for Wildlife SBWL recommended the proposal in its 15 th meeting held on 10.07.2017.	
13	Brief justification on the proposal as given by the applicant agency Proposal requires diversion of 5.6625 ha of forestland for the upgradation of Bineka to Borpani 8.55 km cement concrete road in Ratapni Wildlife Sanctuary. The project is necessary to provide connectivity to the villagers situated in the interior place of the sanctuary and will also be used for patrolling by forest staff.	
14	Rare and endangered species found in the area Ratapni Wildlife Sanctuary is home to tiger, leopard, spotted deer, barking deer, four-horned antelope, blue bull, wild boar, Indian gazelle, sloth bear, jackal, wild dog, hyena, porcupine, hanuman langur, etc.	
15	Opinion of the Chief Wildlife Warden The State CWLW has recommended the proposal with the conditions of making bridge / underpasses, speed breakers, caution marks, signboard by the user agency, maximum speed limit in the PA for wildlife protection as mentioned by the PA in-charge officer and all the construction material will be brought from outside the sanctuary.	
16	Comments of Ministry The Standing Committee may like to take a view on the proposal.	

(2)

1	Name of the proposal	Construction of Gaganwada to Kertoli 5.3 km road in Singhori Wildlife Sanctuary
2	Name of the protected Area involved	Singhori Wildlife Sanctuary
3	File No.	6-13/2018 WL
4	Name of the State	Madhya Pradesh
5	Whether proposal is sub-judice	Not sub-judice
6	Area of the protected area	312.036 sq.km
7(a)	Area proposed for diversion/ Denotification	3.975 ha
7(b)	Area so far diverted from the protected area(s)	NIL
8	Status of ESZ, if any	Notified dated 11.08.2017. However the project site falls in the PA
9	Name of the applicant agency	M.P Rural Development Department
10	Total number of tree to be felled	94
11	Maps depicting the Sanctuary and the diversion proposal included or not	Yes
12	Recommendation of State Board for Wildlife SBWL recommended the proposal in its 15 th meeting held on 10.07.2017.	
13	Brief justification on the proposal as given by the applicant agency Proposal requires diversion of 3.975 ha of forestland for the upgradation of Gaganwada to Kertoli road of length 5.3 km falling in Singhori Wildlife Sanctuary. The project is necessary to provide connectivity to the villagers situated in the interior place of the sanctuary and will also be used for patrolling by forest staff. <i>It was mentioned in Part IV that the proposal was recommended by the NBWL in its 20th meeting held on 13th October 2010 with the condition of no black topping and width of road will not be more than 3 m. It was also mentioned that without upgradation and widening is not possible with shoulders in 3 m width and thus upgradation of the existing road is very necessary for connectivity and wildlife patrolling.</i>	
14	Rare and endangered species found in the area Singhori Wildlife Sanctuary is home to sambar, wild pig, wild dog, fox, porcupine, spotted deer, hare, jungle fowl, peacock, etc.	
15	Opinion of the Chief Wildlife Warden The State CWLW has recommended the proposal with the conditions of making bridge / underpasses, speed breakers, caution marks, signboard by the user agency, maximum speed limit in the PA for wildlife protection as mentioned by the PA in-charge officer and all the construction material will be brought from outside the sanctuary.	
16	Comments of Ministry The Standing Committee may like to take a view on the proposal.	

8. AGENDA ITEMS OF MAHARASHTRA

A. ACTION TAKEN REPORT

Representations have been received from the user agencies on the recommendations of the 49th Meeting of the Standing Committee of National Board for Wildlife held on 13th June 2018 on the following proposals:

- 49.4.2.1** Proposal for the construction of residential and commercial complexes by M/s. Reliable Housing India Pvt. Ltd. at Village Achole, Ta. Vasai, Dist. Palghar. Sy.No. 153-B,154 (pt) (*Fact Sheet placed at ANNEXURE 50.6*).
- 49.4.2.2** Proposal for the construction of residential and commercial construction project by M/s. Rashmi Ameya Developers Housing and Estate Realtors Pvt. Ltd. at Village Gokhivare, Ta. Vasai, Dist. Palghar Sy.No.62 H. No.1&7, Sy.No 63 & others Sy.Nos (*Fact Sheet placed at ANNEXURE 50.6*).
- 49.4.2.3** Proposal for the construction of residential and commercial complexes by M/s. Ameya Townhome Private Limited at Village Sandor, Ta. Vasai, Dist. Palghar Sy.No.230 H.No. 1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8; Sy.No.231 H.No.1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8 & 9; Sy.No.235 H.No.1/2,2,3,4, 5,6,7,8,9,10,11/1&11/2 and Sy.No 236-H.No.1,2,3, 7,8,11,12,13,14,15,17,18,19,20,21,22, 23-part, 24,25A,25B,27,28 & 29 (*Fact Sheet placed at ANNEXURE 50.6*).
- 49.4.2.4** Proposal for the construction of residential and commercial complexes M/s. Navkar Estate & Home Private Limited in Village Juchandra Ta. Vasai, Dist. Palghar Sy.No.332/1,2,3,4,6A,6B,7,B,333/1,2,335/1,2, 336/2, 3C,3D, 3F & 351/1,2 (*Fact Sheet placed at ANNEXURE 50.6*).
- 49.4.2.5** Proposal for the construction of residential and commercial complexes by M/s. Shree Tirupati Developers at Village Manpada Ta. & Dist. Thane, Sy.No.59A/2E, 59A/2F & 59A/3A, Borivali (*Fact Sheet placed at ANNEXURE 50.6*).
- 49.4.2.6** Proposal for construction of residential cum commercial complexes at Village Temghar Sy.No.128/3,129/1,129/2 and Bhadwad Sy.No.40/1P, 40/2/2, 40/3/2,40/4,40/5,40/6,40/7,40/8,40/9,40/10,40/11,40/12,40/13/1P,40/13/2,42,43/1,43/2,43/3,44/1P,44/2P,44/2/P,44/3/1,44/3/2,44/4, 44/5,44/6, 45/1, 45/2P, 45/3P, 45/4,5/5,45/6,45/7,45/8,45/9,45/12,58/6,58/7/1,58/7/2,58/8,58/9,58/11,58/12, 58/13,58/1,58/16,58/17,58/18,58/19,58/20,58/21,58/22,83/3,83/4,83/6,83/8,83/9,84/1 on plot bearing at Ta. Bhiwandi, Dist. Thane by M/s. Prakhhyat Dwellings LLP (*Fact Sheet placed at ANNEXURE 50.6*).
- 49.4.2.7** Proposal for the construction of residential and commercial complexes in the Eco-Sensitive Zone of the Sanjay Gandhi National Park and deemed Eco-Sensitive Zone of the Tungareashwar Wildlife Sanctuary (TWLS) at plot

bearing S. No. 51/26, 69/13 of Village: Mire and S.No.76/1/2 of Village Mahajanwadi, Taluka & Dist. Thane, Maharashtra by Sanghvi Premises Pvt. Ltd (*Fact Sheet placed at ANNEXURE 50.6*).

- 49.4.2.8** Proposal for the construction of residential and commercial complexes in the Eco-Sensitive Zone of the Sanjay Gandhi National Park and deemed Eco-Sensitive Zone of the Tungareshwar Wildlife Sanctuary (TWLS) at Village: Vadavali- Survey Nos. 21/1, 21/3, 21/4, 21/5, 21/6, 21/7, 21/8A, 21/8B and Village: Owale – Old Survey Nos. (New Survey Nos.) 107/8 (72/8), 112/1, (71/1), 113/1 (66/1), 113/2 (66/2), 113/4), (66/4), 113/6 to 19 (66/6 to 19), 113/21 to 23 (66/21 to 23), 114/1 & 2 (65/1&2), 120/1 (45/1) in Taluka & District: Thane, Maharashtra by Unnathi Associates (*Fact Sheet placed at ANNEXURE 50.6*).
- 49.4.2.9** Proposal for the construction of residential and commercial complexes on plot bearing Old S.No. 98/1A, 1B, New S.No.98/3, and New S.No. 100/11/1,2 & 4 Bhayandarpada, Ghodbunder Road, Thane by M/s. Puranik Builders Pvt. Ltd (*Fact Sheet placed at ANNEXURE 50.6*).
- 49.4.2.10** Proposal for the construction of residential and commercial complexes is situated on plot bearing Sy.No.67(111)/1, 67(111)/2, 67(111)/3, 67/(111)/4, 67(111)/5,67(111)/6,67(111)/7,109(70)/1,109(70)/2,71(112)/3,71(112)/4,71(112)/5, 72(107)/4, 72(107)/6B, 110/1, 68(110)/3 of Village – Owale, Ghodbunder Road, Thane by M/s. Sai Pusho Enterprises (PRARAMBH V) (*Fact Sheet placed at ANNEXURE 50.6*).
- 49.4.2.11** Proposal for the construction of residential and commercial complexes on plot bearing S.No73 (108)1, 73(108)/2, 73(108) /3, 73(108)/4, 73(108)/5, 73(108)/6, 73/(108)7, 73(108)/8 of Village - Owale, Ghodbunder road, Thane by M/s. Sai Pushp Enterprises (PRARAMBH V) (*Fact Sheet placed at ANNEXURE 50.6*).
- 49.4.2.12** Proposal for the construction of residential and commercial complexes on plot bearing S.No.21/11A, 21/9, 22/5, 22/1, 23/2/1, 23/3/1, 23/4 at Village - Vadavli, Ghodbunder road, Thane by M/s. Sai Pushp Enterprises (PRARAMBH V) (*Fact Sheet placed at ANNEXURE 50.6*).

Proposals were considered and recommended by the Standing Committee in its 49th meeting held on 13th June 2018 with the conditions of the State Chief Wildlife Warden. One of the conditions of the State Chief Wildlife Warden was that the project proponent shall deposit an amount equivalent 2% of the total cost of the projects as per the decision of 8th meeting of State Board for Wildlife held on 20.02.2014.

However the Secretary in Part V of the proposal / SBWL in its 3rd meeting held on 31.01.2018 recommended that the project proponent shall deposit an amount equivalent 1% of the total cost of the projects.

In this regard the project proponents represented to correct the minutes of 49th Meeting of the Standing Committee of National Board for Wildlife held on 13th June 2018 and permit to pay 1% of the total cost of the projects in instalments.

The Standing Committee may like to take a view on the representation.

B. PROPOSALS FOR TAKING UP ACTIVITIES WITHIN 10 KM FROM THE BOUNDARIES OF PROTECTED AREAS

Following are the proposals for taking up non-forestry activities within 10 km from the boundary of Protected Areas:

S.No.	State	F.No.	Subject
1	Maharashtra	6-66/2018 WL	Proposal for the construction of Nagpur – Mumbai Super Expressway Package-II, District Thane (Konkan Revenue Division) border by MSRDC
2	Maharashtra	6-67/2018 WL	Proposal for the construction of Nagpur – Mumbai Super Expressway Package-II, District Washim (Amravati Revenue Division) border by MSRDC
3	Maharashtra	6-68/2018 WL	Proposal for the construction of Nagpur – Mumbai Super Expressway Package-II, District Wardha / Amravati border by MSRDC
4	Maharashtra	6-71/2018 WL	Proposal of commercial and residential project by Viva holdings is situated on plot bearing New Survey no.54, 62, 63, 78 to 83 & 192, 193 at village More, Tal. Vasai, Dist. Palghar, Maharashtra

(1)

1	Name of the proposal	Proposal for the construction of Nagpur – Mumbai Super Expressway Package-II, District Thane (Konkan Revenue Division) border by MSRDC
2	Name of the protected Area involved	Tansa Wildlife Sanctuary
3	File No.	6-66/2018 WL
4	Name of the State	Maharashtra
5	Whether proposal is sub-judice	Not sub-judice
6	Area of the protected area	304.81 sq.km
7(a)	Area proposed for diversion/ Denotification	NIL Project is located outside of PA / draft ESZ
7(b)	Status of ESZ, draft notified / finally notified, if any	Draft ESZ proposal dated 10.08.2017 was notified
8	Area so far diverted from the protected area(s)	NIL
9	Name of the applicant agency	Maharashtra State Road Development Corporation
10	Total number of tree to be felled	NIL
11	Maps depicting the Sanctuary and the diversion proposal included or not	Yes
12	Recommendation of State Board for Wildlife SBWL recommended the proposal in its 3 rd meeting held on 31.01.2018.	
13	Brief justification on the proposal as given by the applicant agency Nagpur – Mumbai Super Expressway of 40.0 km is aimed to attain vehicular speed of 100 km per hour and for the development of industrial / educational / commercial / tourism in Districts Nashik and Thane. The proposed project is located at 1.475 km away from the boundary of Tansa Wildlife Sanctuary and 0.325 km away from the boundary of deemed ESZ.	
14	Rare and endangered species found in the area Tansa Wildlife Sanctuary is home to black buck, hyena, wolf, nilgai, leopard, jungle cat, hare, wild boar, etc.	
15	Opinion of the Chief Wildlife Warden CWLW has recommended the proposal with the following conditions: (1) In the deemed ESZ, the project authority shall put signages mentioning the prohibition on uses of horns. (2) Adequate number of underpasses for the animals shall be provided in the forest area in consultation with the forest Department and Wildlife Wing. (3) As decided in the 8 th meeting of wildlife held on 20 th February 2014 the project proponent shall deposit 2% of the total cost of the project for wildlife conservation measures in Tansa Wildlife Sanctuary and adjoining forests.	
16	Comments of Ministry The Standing Committee may like to take a view on the proposal.	

1	Name of the proposal	Proposal for the construction of Nagpur – Mumbai Super Expressway Package-II, District Washim (Amravati Revenue Division) border by MSRDC
2	Name of the protected Area involved	Katepurna Wildlife Sanctuary
3	File No.	6-67/2018 WL
4	Name of the State	Maharashtra
5	Whether proposal is sub-judice	Not sub-judice
6	Area of the protected area	76.69 sq.km
7(a)	Area proposed for diversion/ Denotification	NIL Project is located outside of PA
7(b)	Status of ESZ, draft notified / finally notified, if any	ESZ proposal has been received and is under process
8	Area so far diverted from the protected area(s)	NIL
9	Name of the applicant agency	Maharashtra State Road Development Corporation
10	Total number of tree to be felled	NIL
11	Maps depicting the Sanctuary and the diversion proposal included or not	Yes
12	Recommendation of State Board for Wildlife SBWL recommended the proposal in its 3 rd meeting held on 31.01.2018.	
13	Brief justification on the proposal as given by the applicant agency Nagpur – Mumbai Super Expressway of 29.6 km is aimed to attain vehicular speed of 100 km per hour and for the development of industrial / educational / commercial / tourism in Buldhana, Washim and Vidarbha regions. The proposed project is located at 0.2 km to 0.56 km away from the boundary of Katepurna Wildlife Sanctuary.	
14	Rare and endangered species found in the area Katepurna Wildlife Sanctuary is home to Black buck, Hyena, Wolf, Nilgai, Leopard, Jungle cat, Hare, Wild boar, etc.	
15	Opinion of the Chief Wildlife Warden CWLW has recommended the proposal with the following conditions: (1) In the deemed ESZ, the project authority shall put signages mentioning the prohibition on uses of horns. (2) The proposed project would be fenced from both sides and hence there will be no danger to wildlife because of movement of vehicles. (3) Underpasses shall be constructed at the places suggested by the Field Director, Melghat Tiger Reserve in consultation with the Wildlife Institute of India, Dehradun. (4) As decided in the 8 th meeting of wildlife held on 20 th February 2014 the project proponent shall deposit 2% of the cost of the 29.60 km of the proposed project which passes through the deemed ESZ should be deposited with the Melghat Tiger Conservation Foundation for the Habitat Improvement of the Katepurna Wildlife Sanctuary and adjoining forests.	
16	Comments of Ministry The Standing Committee may like to take a view on the proposal.	

1	Name of the proposal	Proposal for the construction of Nagpur – Mumbai Super Expressway Package-II, District Wardha / Amravati border by MSRDC
2	Name of the protected Area involved	Karanja - Sohol Black-Buck Sanctuary
3	File No.	6-68/2018 WL
4	Name of the State	Maharashtra
5	Whether proposal is sub-judice	Not sub-judice
6	Area of the protected area	18.321 sq.km
7(a)	Area proposed for diversion/ Denotification	NIL Project is located outside of PA
7(b)	Status of ESZ, draft notified / finally notified, if any	ESZ proposal has been received and is under process
8	Area so far diverted from the protected area(s)	NIL
9	Name of the applicant agency	Maharashtra State Road Development Corporation
10	Total number of tree to be felled	NIL
11	Maps depicting the Sanctuary and the diversion proposal included or not	Yes
12	Recommendation of State Board for Wildlife SBWL recommended the proposal in its 3 rd meeting held on 31.01.2018.	
13	Brief justification on the proposal as given by the applicant agency Nagpur – Mumbai Super Expressway of 29.15 km is aimed to attain vehicular speed of 100 km per hour and for the development of industrial / educational / commercial / tourism in Marathwada and Vidarbha regions. The proposed project is located at 6.29 km away from the boundary of Karanja - Sohol Black-Buck Sanctuary.	
14	Rare and endangered species found in the area Karanja-Sohol Black-Buck Sanctuary is home to black buck, panther, Indian wolf, grey Indian Pangolin, nilgai, wild boar, etc.	
15	Opinion of the Chief Wildlife Warden CWLW has recommended the proposal with the following conditions: (1) Underpasses shall be constructed at the places suggested by the Forest Department to facilitate movement of wild animals, besides the existing minor bridges, major bridges, culverts, etc. (2) As decided in the 8 th meeting of wildlife held on 20 th February 2014 the project proponent shall deposit 2% of the cost of the 29.15 km of the proposed project which passes through the deemed ESZ should be deposited with the Melghat Tiger Conservation Foundation for the Habitat Improvement of the Karanja –Sohol Black – Buck Sanctuary and adjoining forests.	
16	Comments of Ministry The Standing Committee may like to take a view on the proposal.	

1	Name of the Proposal	Proposal of commercial and residential project by Viva holdings is situated on plot bearing New Survey no.54, 62, 63, 78 to 83 & 192, 193 at village More, Tal. Vasai, Dist. Palghar, Maharashtra
2	Name of the protected Area involved	Sanjay Gandhi National Park
3	File No.	6-71/2016 WL
4	Name of the State	Maharashtra
5	Whether proposal is sub judice	Not sub judice
6	Area of the protected area	Notified area of Sanjay Gandhi NP=86.96 Sq. Km Total area of Sanjay Gandhi NP=103.68 km ² Notified Area of Tungareshwar WLS=85.70 km ² Total Area of Tungareshwar WLS=95.25 km ²
7(a)	Area proposed for diversion/ Denotification	Nil, the said project is located 13.5 km from the notified area of Sanjay Gandhi National Park and also 6.00 km away from the boundary of Tungareshwar Wildlife Sanctuary and ~5.50 km from ESZ of Tungareshwar WLS.
7(b)	Area so far diverted from the protected area(s)	98.4332 ha
8	Status of ESZ, draft notified / finally notified, if any	Not notified ESZ proposal has been received and is under scrutiny
9	Name of the applicant agency	M/s Viva holding Pvt. Ltd.
10	Total number of tree to be felled	No clearing of vegetation is required.
11	Maps depicting the Sanctuary and the diversion proposal included or not	Yes
12	Recommendation of State Board for Wildlife	The State Board for Wildlife has recommended the proposal in its meeting held on 5 th April 2016. The State Government recommends this proposal with the condition that the project proponent will deposit 2% of the total cost of the project with Sanjay Gandhi National Park, Borivali and fulfill the conditions laid down by the Chief Wildlife Warden, Maharashtra State.
13	Brief justification on the proposal as given by the applicant agency	<p>Proposal of commercial and residential project by Viva holdings is situated on plot bearing New Survey No. 54, 62, 63, 78 to 83 & 192, 193 at village more, Tal. Vasai, Dist. Palghar, Maharashtra.</p> <p>Positive Impacts: After completion of the project are the mandatory works like landscaping, tree plantation. Development of Recreation Garden which is 15% of total plot area and also the sewage treatment plant, rainwater harvesting system, solar energy system etc. these activities will have positive impact to the surrounding of the project premises.</p> <p>Negative impacts: There are certain negative impacts during construction activities like noise & air pollution in the building construction area. The project is a residential development so it is non-polluting.</p>
14	Rare and endangered species found in the area	The proposal indicates the presence of Leopard, Jungle Cat, Rusty Spotted Cat, Small Indian Civet, Common Palm Civet, Jackal, Four Horned Antelope, Mouse Deer, Barking Deer, Sambar, Spotted Deer and Crested Porcupine etc.

15	<p>Opinion of the Chief Wildlife Warden</p> <p>The area required for the project is outside the Sanjay Gandhi NP, Borivali but falls within the deemed ESZ area. Project site does not come under the corridor of wildlife from Sanjay Gandhi NP to Tungareshwar Wildlife Sanctuary. It is surrounded by residential and commercial housing project in very high density in the periphery of 10 km.</p> <p>The Chief Wildlife Warden has recommended the proposal with the following conditions:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. The proponent assures and abides to comply with the conditions laid down by MoEF for Environmental Clearance. 2. Natural growing trees which may be earmarked for retention during EIA exercise of wildlife species like Wad (Ficus benghalensis), Pair, Mango, Karanj & other fruit bearing trees shall be retained from list of the trees enumerated in EIA report as submitted by project proponent. 3. The project on the condition that excavated material at the time of construction will not be thrown in sea, bay of sea and natural drainage. 4. The project proponent will provide Rs.2% of the project cost (i.e. Rs.320.00 Crores) to be deposited with Chief Conservator of Forest & Director, Sanjay Gandhi NP, Borivali for habitat development, protection and conservation of Sanjay Gandhi NP, Borivali and Tungareshwar Wildlife Sanctuary in accordance with the approved management plan.
16	<p>Comments of Ministry</p> <p>The Standing Committee may like to take a view on the proposal.</p>

9. AGENDA ITEMS OF MANIPUR

A. PROPOSALS FOR TAKING UP ACTIVITIES WITHIN 10 KM FROM THE BOUNDARIES OF PROTECTED AREAS

Following is the proposal for taking up non-forestry activities within 10 km from the boundary of Protected Area:

S.No.	State	F.No.	Subject
1	Manipur	6-104/2018 WL	Construction and up-gradation of existing Ukhrol – Tolloi Tadubi Section of NH-102 A (115 km) of district Ukhrol and Senapati

1	Name of the proposal	Construction and up-gradation of existing Ukhrul – Tolloi Tadubi Section of NH-102 A (115 km) of district Ukhrul and Senapati
2	Name of the protected Area involved	Shirui National Park
3	File No.	6-104/2018 WL
4	Name of the State	Manipur
5	Whether proposal is sub-judice	Not sub-judice
6	Area of the protected area	100 sq.km
7(a)	Area proposed for diversion/ Denotification	26.154 ha
7(b)	Area so far diverted from the protected area(s)	NIL
8	Status of ESZ, if any	ESZ proposal has not been received from the State Govt.
9	Name of the applicant agency	NHIDCL, GoI
10	Total number of tree to be felled	Barest minimum
11	Maps depicting the Sanctuary and the diversion proposal included or not	Yes
12	Recommendation of State Board for Wildlife SBWL recommended the proposal by circulation	
13	Brief justification on the proposal as given by the applicant agency Project is for the diversion of 26.154 ha of forestland lies inside the deemed ESZ of Shirui National Park, located at 5.58 km away from the boundary for construction and upgradation of existing Ukhrul – Tollo – Tadubi Section of NH-102 A (115 km) of districts Ukhrul and Senapati. It improves socio-economic the standards of people of these districts.	
14	Rare and endangered species found in the area Shirui National Park is home to hoolock gibbon, himalayan black bear, barking deer, sambar, leopard, jackal, migratory Indian elephant along Indo-Myanmar, pangolin, wild boar, jungle cat, flying squirrel, martens, clouded leopard, golden cat, slow loris, hog badger, serow, stump tailed macaque, bison, otter, etc.	
15	Opinion of the Chief Wildlife Warden State CWLW has recommended the proposal with the following conditions: (1) The status of the sanctuary shall remain unchanged. (2) Compensatory of afforestation shall be taken up in degraded forests as proposed by DFO, Eastern Forest Division, Ukhrul with 10 years maintenance preferably in Eastern Forest Division, Ukhrul at the cost to be borne by the user agency. (3) As the proposed area falls within the ESZ, the user agency shall pay the NPV which shall be the amount fixed by the Hon'ble Supreme Court and worked out by the DFO / Eastern Forest Division, Ukhrul based on the forest type, eco-class and site quality. (4) To mitigate the adverse impact of the project, an impact mitigation and wildlife management plan has been proposed at cost of Rs. 204.02 lakh. The cost will be borne by the user agency. (5) Avenue plantation preferably with local species along the national highway including the raising of nursery, creation of green belt between the national park and the highway and on the road median shall be taken up at the cost be borne by the user agency in consultation with the DFO / Wildlife or DFO / Eastern Forest Division. (6) (a) The user agency shall bear the cost of logging and transporation of the felled trees as per	

	<p>estimates of DFO/Eastern Forest Division and DFO/Wildlife. Bare minimum of number of trees which are strictly essential, will be felled for the execution of the project under strict supervision of DFO/Eastern Forest Division and DFO/Wildlife; (b) the felled trees shall be distributed to forest bonafide villagers of the proposed areas in consultation with DFO/ Eastern Forest Division and DFO/Wildlife in the manner as provided u/s 29 Of the Wildlife (Protection) Act, 1972.</p> <p>(7) All the non-timber forest produces (NTEPs) removed during execution of the project shall be made available to the local people for their bonafide uses on the equitable basis.</p> <p>(8) At least 6 (six) corridors for the movement of wildlife of minimum 6m width are to be provided by the user agency. The corridors shall be well demarcated on the highway by the user agency with caution signages.</p> <p>(9) The user agency shall not take any such activity which contravenes wildlife (Protection) Act, 1972 or rules made therein.</p> <p>(10) Speed breakers near corridors, turnings and blind turnings shall be provided at on the highway. Speed breakers or series of smaller speed breakers at a distance of every 2 (two) km in between particularly near corridors as per the specifications of WII, Dehradun.</p> <p>(11) Caution sign boards warnings wildlife crossings shall be installed by the user agency at all necessary points along the highways in consultation with DFO/Wildlife.</p> <p>(12) 9a0 Since the terrain is hilly with loose soil texture, it is necessary to undertake comprehensive soil conservation measures to make slopes stable, check soil erosion and landslides; (b) the user agency shall make necessary provisions in their project cost and construct retaining walls, breast walls, Gabion structures, etc. at all necessary locations (both hill side and valley side) in consultation with CRRI (Central Road Research Institute) and the State Forest Department.</p> <p>(13) The user agency shall also construct storm drains all along the proposed roads with culverts at appropriate locations at their cost. The user agency shall make necessary provisions in their project cost accordingly. They shall not take up such construction, which diverts, stops or enhances flow of the water into or outside of the national park.</p> <p>(14) Cost for demarcation of the diverted forestland and installation of boundary pillars shall be borne by the user agency.</p> <p>(15) The user agency shall ensure that there is no damage to surrounding forests, environment, wildlife, natural resources like water bodies and other public properties.</p> <p>(16) The user agency and the district administration will ensure that no resettlement takes place on forestland which would eventually results in encroachment,</p> <p>(17) Heavy machines and explosives shall not be used except under unavoidable circumstances and with the prior permissions on the DFO/Wildlife or DFO/Eastern Forest Division.</p> <p>(18) The user agency shall supply fuel wood, preferably alternate fuel to the laborers working at the site to avoid damage / felling of the trees. No camp-fires or pitching of tents for construction staff or engineers shall be allowed.</p> <p>(19) The muck / debris generated in the earth cutting shall be disposed off at the designated sites and in no case the muck / debris shall be allowed to roll down the hill slopes.</p> <p>(20) Wherever possible and technically feasible, the user agency shall undertake strip plantation on both sides of the national highways.</p>
16	<p>Comments of Ministry</p> <p>The Standing Committee may like to take a view on the proposal.</p>

10.AGENDA ITEMS OF TAMIL NADU

A. Action Taken Report

S.No.	Agenda Item	Action taken	Category
1	46.3.1 Order of the Hon'ble High Court of Madras, Madurai bench dated 22.08.2017 in Writ Petition (MD) No. 7349/2016 and Writ Petition (MD) No. 6174 of 2016 regarding stone quarries operating near Megamalai Wildlife Sanctuary	<p>Proposal for the extension of mining lease in 2.50 ha located within 5 km from the boundary of Megamalai WLS was considered by the Standing Committee in its 46th meeting held on 8th December 2017 as directed by the Hon'ble High Court.</p> <p>Proposal was considered in 46th, 47th and 48th meetings of Standing Committee.</p> <p>Letter was sent on 27.06.2018 to the State Government to forward the proposal.</p> <p><i>Response is still awaited from the State.</i></p>	Mining
2	48.3.1. Order of the Hon'ble High Court of Madras dated 27.10.2017 in Writ Petition nos. 26106 to 26108 of 2017 title A. Gopinath vs., Union of India & ors, Gopinath operating near Cauvery Wildlife Sanctuary	<p>Online proposal for the mining of granite quarry has been pending with the State Government since 12th January 2016.</p> <p>Proposal was considered in 46th, 47th 48th meetings of Standing Committee.</p> <p>Letter was sent on 27.06.2018 to the State Government to forward the proposal.</p> <p><i>Response is still awaited from the State Government.</i></p>	Mining
3(i)	49.4.2.15(vi) Proposal for multi-colour granite S.No.511/A over an area of 2.115 ha situated in Karandapalli village, Denkanikotai Taluk, Krishnagiri District by Surya Mining Agencies	<p>Proposal was considered and suggested by the Standing Committee in its 49th meeting held on 13th June 2018 to request the State Government to verify the project location <i>vis-a-vis</i> the proposed ESZ of North Cauvery Wildlife Sanctuary and furnish the report to the Ministry for further consideration (<i>Fact Sheet placed at ANNEXURE 50.7).</i></p> <p><i>To this Ministry's letter dated 27.06.2018, State Govt vide its letter dated 30.07.2018 stated that the project site falls at distance of 0.03 km away from the boundary of proposed ESZ.</i></p>	Mine

3(ii)	49.4.2.15(vii) Proposal for multi granite over an area of 1.00 ha of patta land falling in S.No.623/1(P) & 623/2(P) situated in Agalakottai village, Denkanikotai Taluk, Krishnagiri District by Loganathan	Proposal was considered and suggested by the Standing Committee in its 49 th meeting held on 13 th June 2018 to request the State Govt to verify the project location <i>vis-a-vis</i> the proposed ESZ of North Cauvery Wildlife Sanctuary and furnish the report to the Ministry for further consideration (Fact Sheet placed at ANNEXURE 50.7).	Mine
		<i>To this Ministry's letter dated 27.06.2018, State Govt vide its letter dated 30.07.2018 stated that the project site falls at distance of 0.46 km away from the boundary of proposed ESZ.</i>	
3(iii)	49.4.2.15(viii) Proposal for block granite over an area of 1.215 ha falling in S.No.322/1(Part) situated in Agalakottai village, Denkanikotai Taluk, Krishnagiri District by Karnataka State Industrial and Infrastructure Development Corporation Limited	Proposal was considered and suggested by the Standing Committee in its 49 th meeting held on 13 th June 2018 to request the State Government to verify the project location <i>vis-a-vis</i> the proposed ESZ of North Cauvery Wildlife Sanctuary and furnish the report to the Ministry for further consideration (Fact Sheet placed at ANNEXURE 50.7).	
		<i>To this Ministry's letter dated 27.06.2018, State Govt vide its letter dated 30.07.2018 stated that the project site falls at distance of 0.27 km away from the boundary of proposed ESZ.</i>	
3(iv)	49.4.2.15(ix) Proposal for block granite over an area at of 1.075 ha falling in S.No.511/1 situated in Agalakottai village, Denkanikotai Taluk, Krishnagiri District by Karnataka State N M granites Private Limited	Proposal was considered and suggested by the Standing Committee in its 49 th meeting held on 13 th June 2018 to request the State Government to verify the project location <i>vis-a-vis</i> the proposed ESZ of North Cauvery Wildlife Sanctuary and furnish the report to the Ministry for further consideration (Fact Sheet placed at ANNEXURE 50.7).	Mine
		<i>To this Ministry's letter dated 27.06.2018, State Govt vide its letter dated 30.07.2018 stated that the project site falls at distance of 0.41 km away from the boundary of proposed ESZ.</i>	
3(v)	49.4.2.15(xvi) Proposal for granite quarry located in patta land S.F.No.59/2B, 59/3A (Part), 59/3B, 60/2A & 60/3A over an area of 3.445 ha situated in Karanadapalli village, Denkanikotai Taluk, Krishnagiri District by Surya Mining Services	Proposal was considered and suggested by the Standing Committee in its 49 th meeting held on 13 th June 2018 to request the State Govt to verify the project location <i>vis-a-vis</i> the proposed ESZ of North Cauvery Wildlife Sanctuary and furnish the report to the	

		<p>Ministry for further consideration (<i>Fact Sheet placed at ANNEXURE 50.7</i>).</p> <p><i>To this Ministry's letter dated 27.06.2018, State Govt vide its letter dated 30.07.2018 stated that the project site falls at distance of 0.41 km away from the boundary of proposed ESZ.</i></p>	
3(vi)	<p>49.4.2.17(i) Proposal for rough stone quarry over an area of 1.785 ha of S.No.794/3 located at Padmanagamangalam village, Srivaikuntam Taluk, Thoothukudi District by K. Kathirkamaraj</p>	<p>Proposal was considered and suggested by the Standing Committee in its 49th meeting held on 13th June 2018 to request the State Government to verify the project location <i>vis-a-vis</i> the proposed ESZ of Vallanadu Blackbuck Sanctuary and furnish the report to the Ministry for further consideration (<i>Fact Sheet placed at ANNEXURE 50.8</i>).</p> <p><i>To this Ministry's letter dated 27.06.2018, State Govt vide its letter dated 30.07.2018 stated that the project site falls at distance of 0.14 km away from the boundary of proposed ESZ.</i></p>	Mine
3(vii)	<p>49.4.2.17(ii) Proposal for rough stone quarry over an area of 1.790 ha of S.No.794/1 located at Padmanagamangalam village, Srivaikuntam Taluk, Thoothukudi District by K. Kathirkamaraj</p>	<p>Proposal was considered and suggested by the Standing Committee in its 49th meeting held on 13th June 2018 to request the State Govt to verify the project location <i>vis-a-vis</i> the proposed ESZ of Vallanadu Blackbuck Sanctuary and furnish the report to the Ministry for further consideration (<i>Fact Sheet placed at ANNEXURE 50.8</i>)</p> <p><i>To this Ministry's letter dated 27.06.2018, State Govt vide its letter dated 30.07.2018 stated that the project site falls at distance of 0.96 km away from the boundary of proposed ESZ.</i></p>	
3(viii)	<p>49.4.2.17(v) Proposal for establishment of rough stone quarry over an area of 1.84 ha of S.No.739/1 located at Padmanagamangalam village, Srivaikuntam Taluk, Thoothukudi District by Raja Jeba Doss</p>	<p>Proposal was considered and suggested by the Standing Committee in its 49th meeting held on 13th June 2018 to request the State Government to verify the project location <i>vis-a-vis</i> the proposed ESZ of Vallanadu Blackbuck Sanctuary and furnish the report to the Ministry for further consideration (<i>Fact Sheet placed at ANNEXURE 50.8</i>).</p> <p><i>To this Ministry's letter dated 27.06.2018, State Govt vide its letter dated 30.07.2018 stated that the proposed project site falls at distance of 1.81 km away from the boundary of proposed ESZ.</i></p>	Mine

3(ix)	<p>49.4.2.18 Proposal for development of Industrial Estate in Krishnagiri District by GMR Krishnagiri SEZ Ltd located at 0.58 km from the boundary of North Cauvery Wildlife Sanctuary</p>	<p>Proposal was considered and suggested by the Standing Committee in its 49th meeting held on 13th June 2018 to request the State Government to verify the project location <i>vis-a-vis</i> the proposed ESZ of North Cauvery Wildlife Sanctuary and furnish the report to the Ministry for further consideration (<i>Fact Sheet placed at ANNEXURE 50.9</i>).</p> <p><i>To this Ministry's letter dated 27.06.2018, State Govt vide its letter dated 30.07.2018 stated that the proposed project site falls at distance of 0.025 km away from the boundary of proposed ESZ.</i></p>	
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B. FRESH PROPOSALS WITHIN PROTECTED AREAS

Following is the proposal for taking up non-forestry activities within Protected Areas is as follows:

S.No.	State	F.No.	Subject
1	Tamil Nadu	6-89/2018 WL	Cyclone – Ockhi – Kanyakumari district – Damage caused in forest areas of Kanyakumari Wildlife Sanctuary- Approval of the Standing Committee of National Board for Wildlife

Sub: Cyclone – Ockhi – Kanyakumari district – Damage caused in forest areas of Kanyakumari Wildlife Sanctuary- Approval of the Standing Committee of National Board for Wildlife

Ref: Letter No.2053/FR.5/2018-1 dated 23.04.2018 received from the Principal Secretary, Govt. of Tamil Nadu

1. The Principal Secretary, Govt. of Tamil Nadu for removal of about 10,000 number of fallen trees damaged, uprooted and wind fallen due to Ockhi Cyclone in Kanyakumari Wildlife Sanctuary.
2. In 2008, similar proposal was received from the Govt. of Gujarat and recommended for the removal of about 9,414 number of fallen trees damaged, uprooted and wind fallen due to cyclone from the Jambughoda Wildlife Sanctuary.

Proposal was recommended by the Standing Committee in its 13th meeting held on 12th December 2008.

3. State Board for Wildlife of Tamil Nadu in its meeting on 23rd January 2018 has recommended the proposal for the removal of fallen trees.
4. There are no Part I, II, III, IV, V, Map, etc. with the communication received.
5. However the Supreme Court vide its order dated 09.05.2002 in its interim order stated that

“No permission under Section 29 of the Wildlife (Protection) Act, 1972 should be granted without getting the approval of the Standing Committee of National Board for Wildlife”

6. Section 29 of the Wildlife (Protection) Act, 1972 stipulates that

“Provided that where the forest produce removed from the PA, the same may be used for the meeting the needs of the people living near the sanctuary and shall be used for any commercial purpose”

The Standing Committee may like to take a view on the proposal.

11. AGENDA ITEMS OF UTTARAKHAND

Following are the list of proposals for taking up non-forestry activities within Protected Areas:

S.No.	State	F.No.	Subject
1	Uttarakhand	6-116/2018 WL	Uttarakhand Disaster Recovery Project Naranu reconstruction of bridge in district Uttarakashi, Block Mori, Uttarakhand
2	Uttarakhand	6-118/2018 WL	Construction of bridle road from Bheembali to Rambara (Chainage 81.325 to 82.825) as link road to provide connectivity to Shri Kedarnath Dham
3	Uttarakhand	6-119/2018 WL	Establishment of boarder outpost in Tripani general area

(1)

1	Name of the Proposal	Uttarakhand Disaster Recovery Project Naranu reconstruction of bridge in district Uttarakashi, Block Mori, Uttarakhand			
2	Name of the protected Area involved	Govind Pashu Vihar National Park and Sanctuary			
3	File No.	6-116/2018 WL			
4	Name of the State	Uttarakhand			
5	Whether proposal is sub-judice	Not sub-judice			
6	Area of the protected area	95796.90 ha			
7(a)	Area proposed for diversion/ Denotification	0.1164 ha			
7(b)	Area so far diverted from the protected area(s)	S.No.	Project Name	Area diverted (in ha)	Year of diversion
		1	Netwar Sewa Road	4.634	1987
		2	Youth hostel	4.0	1982
		3	Hydro electric project	0.1235	1996
		Total : 8.7575 ha			
8	Status of ESZ, if any	ESZ proposal has not been received from the State Govt.			
9	Name of the applicant agency	World Bank Division PWD, Uttarakashi			
10	Total number of tree to be felled	NIL			
11	Maps depicting the Sanctuary and the diversion proposal included or not	YES			
12	Recommendation of State Board for Wildlife SBWL recommended the proposal in its meeting held on 15.06.2018				
13	Brief justification on the proposal as given by the applicant agency Proposal is for the reconstruction of 70 m span pedestrian steel truss bridge over Rupin River connecting Nuranu village in block Mori near Netwar Sewa Motor road. It has objectives of fast and safe connectivity, decongestion of traffic in the project road, savings in fuel, travel time and total transportation cost of road users, due to improved road condition, reduction road accidents, reduction pollution due to constant flow, employment opportunity to people, quick transportation of agricultural products and perishable goods like fruits, vegetables, milk, etc.				
14	Rare and endangered species found in the area Govind Pashu Vihar National Park is home to black bear, brown bear, leopard, musk deer, bharal, Himalayan tahr, serow, Indian crested porcupine, European otter, goral, civet, hedgehog, Himalayan field rat, Hodgson’s giant flying squirrel, wild boar, masked palm civet and Sikkim mountain vole. Birds found here include golden eagle, steppe eagle, black eagle, bearded vulture, Himalayan snow-cock, Himalayan monal pheasant, cheer pheasant, western tragopan, etc.				
15	Opinion of the Chief Wildlife Warden The CWLW has recommended the project without imposing conditions:				
16	Comments of Ministry The Standing Committee may like to take a view on the proposal.				

1	Name of the Proposal	Construction of bridle road from Bheembali to Rambara (Chainage 81.325 to 82.825) as link road to provide connectivity to Shri Kedarnath Dham
2	Name of the protected Area involved	Kedarnath Musk Deer Wildlife Sanctuary
3	File No.	6-118/2018 WL
4	Name of the State	Uttarakhand
5	Whether proposal is sub-judice	Not sub-judice
6	Area of the protected area	97517 ha
7(a)	Area proposed for diversion/ Denotification	0.900 ha
7(b)	Area so far diverted from the protected area(s)	6.3571 ha was diverted for developmental projects
8	Status of ESZ, if any	Draft notified, ESZ extends from 0 to 11.6 km. However projects falls in the PA
9	Name of the applicant agency	Civil Work Unit, DDMA, Rudraprayag
10	Total number of tree to be felled	NIL
11	Maps depicting the Sanctuary and the diversion proposal included or not	YES
12	Recommendation of State Board for Wildlife State Board for Wildlife has recommended the proposal in its meeting held on 15.06.2018.	
13	Brief justification on the proposal as given by the applicant agency GoI has embarked in a mission to provide proper and safe connectivity of high altitude portions of the Uttarakhand State having religious, heritage and tourism/strategic importance to the main land keeping in view safety of road users/pilgrims in case any future disaster. The proposed road of length 1.50 km, has strategic importance leading to Kedarnath Dham. Following are the objectives: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> (1) Fast and safe connectivity. (2) Decongestion of traffic in the project road (3) Savings in fuel, travel time and total transportation cost of road users (4) Due to improved road condition, reduction road accidents (5) Reduction pollution due to constant flow (6) Employment opportunity to people (7) Development of tourism and pilgrimage (8) Development of local industry and handicrafts (9) Quick transportation of agricultural products and perishable goods like fruits, vegetables, milk, etc. However this project will lead to increased inflow of tourists and pilgrims to the area which will in turn lead to increased disturbance to the ecosystem of Kedarnath Wildlife Sanctuary which was established for the conservation of musk deer.	
14	Rare and endangered species found in the area Kedarnath WLS is home to jackal, fox, Himalayan black bear, yellow-throated marten, leopard cat, leopard, snow leopard, wild boar, Himalayan musk deer, Indian muntjac, rhesus macaque, common langur, brown-toothed shrew, red giant flying squirrel, Royle's pika, etc.	
15	Opinion of the Chief Wildlife Warden CWLW has recommended the proposal without imposing conditions.	
16	Comments of Ministry The Standing Committee may like to take a view on the proposal.	

(3)

1	Name of the Proposal	Establishment of boarder outpost in Tripani general area
2	Name of the protected Area involved	Gangotri National Park
	File No.	6-119/2018 WL
4	Name of the State	Uttarakhand
5	Whether proposal is sub-judice	Not sub-judice
6	Area of the protected area	239002.40 ha
7(a)	Area proposed for diversion/ Denotification	1.62 ha
7(b)	Area so far diverted from the protected area(s)	118.1612 ha for various development projects
8	Status of ESZ, if any	Draft ESZ notified dated 16.04.2018 Project site falls in PA
9	Name of the applicant agency	35 th BN ITB Police, Mahidanda
10	Total number of tree to be felled	NIL
11	Maps depicting the Sanctuary and the diversion proposal included or not	YES
12	Recommendation of State Board for Wildlife State Board for Wildlife has recommended the proposal in its meeting held on 15.06.2018.	
13	Brief justification on the proposal as given by the applicant agency Proposal requires the diversion of 1.62 ha of forestland for establishment of boarder outpost in Tripani. The proposed area is near to the international boundary between India and China. This proposal has strategic significance and is important for national security.	
14	Rare and endangered species found in the area Gangotri National Park is home to snow leopard, black bear, brown bear, musk deer, blue sheep or bharal, Himalayn that, serow, Himalayan chetrole, red fox, yellow, throated marten, mountain weasel, etc.	
15	Opinion of the Chief Wildlife Warden The CWLW has recommended the proposal subject to the following conditions: (1) No quarrying of stone shall be permissible in the national park. (2) The debris in the national park should be deposited in area in consultation with the park officials and not thrown in areas with steep slopes.	
16	Comments of Ministry The Standing Committee may like to take a view on the proposal.	

12. AGENDA ITEMS OF UTTAR PRADESH

A. PROPOSALS FOR TAKING UP ACTIVITIES WITHIN 10 KM FROM THE BOUNDARIES OF PROTECTED AREAS

Following is the proposal for taking up non-forestry activities within Protected Area:

S.No.	State	F.No.	Subject
1	Uttar Pradesh	6-98/2015 WL	Proposal for setting up the Retail Outlet, proposed by Indian oil Corporation Ltd, Noida Division, along with NH-24 (Hapur-Moradabad) at private land Plot No.2528/2529, village Garh Bangar, tehsil Garh Mukteshwar, distt. Hapur, U.P. located near the boundary of Hastinapur Wildlife Sanctuary
2	Uttar Pradesh	6-127/2015 WL	Denotification of Kachhua Wildlife Sanctuary from 940 km to 970 km

1	Name of the Proposal	Proposal for setting up the Retail Outlet, proposed by Indian oil Corporation Ltd, Noida Division, along with NH-24 (Hapur-Moradabad) at private land Plot No.2528/2529, village Garh Bangar, tehsil Garh Mukteswar, distt. Hapur, U.P. located near the boundary of Hastinapur Wildlife Sanctuary
2	Name of the protected Area involved	Hastinapur Wildlife Sanctuary
3	File No.	6-98/2015 WL
4	Name of the State	Uttar Pradesh
5	Whether proposal is sub-judice	Not sub-judice
6	Area of the protected area	2073 Sq. Km
7(a)	Area proposed for diversion/Denotification	NIL Land for entrance and exit 0.1035 ha Govt. land (NH-24)
7(b)	Area so far diverted from the protected area(s)	Nil
8	Status of ESZ	Draft notified. ESZ extends from 0 to 1 km. Projects falls under regulated activity.
9	Name of the applicant agency	Indian Oil Corporation Ltd, Noida Divisional Office E-8, Sector-1, Noida.
10	Total number of tree to be felled	No clearing of vegetation is required
11	Maps depicting the Sanctuary and the diversion proposal included or not	Yes
12	Recommendation of State Board for Wildlife	The State Board for Wildlife has recommended the proposal in its meeting held on 26 th May 2015.
13	Brief justification on the proposal as given by the applicant agency	The retail outlet /petrol pump is proposed by Indian Oil Corporation Ltd, Divisional Office, Sector-1, Noida at village Garh Banger, tehsil Garh mukteswar, district Hapur Uttar Pradesh. The land in question for the project of petrol pump is private land Khasra No.2528/2529, of village Garh Bangar, and located in the outskirts of the village. The project site is near outer boundary of Hastinapur Wildlife Sanctuary. No land of sanctuary is required for the project. No forest land is involved in the said proposed project. The proposed project area is situated among human habitation. As such the proposal will provide fuel to the local people but it will not have any negative impact for wild life habitat. There are no alternatives to the proposal.
14	Rare and endangered species found in the area	Hastinapur Wildlife Sanctuary is home to sloth bear, jackal, wild pig and the lesser cats- fishing cat, leopard cat, jungle cat, civet, etc.
15	Opinion of the Chief Wildlife Warden	The Chief Wildlife Warden has recommended the proposal with the following mitigation measures: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> (1) Protection and mitigation measures for wildlife should be ensured as per standard practice in such cases. (2) Land shall not be used for any other purpose other than that specified in the proposal. (3) Rules and regulation of the concerned departments for establishing the project shall be complied with. (4) The instructions/orders passed by the State Govt/Central Govt. and the directions passed by Hon'ble High Court/Supreme Court from time to time regarding such project shall be

	<p>complied with.</p> <p>(5) User agency will ensure that the project personnel engaged in the project shall observe the provisions of the Wildlife (Protection) Act, 1972 & Rules made thereafter.</p> <p>(6) Construction waste materials will not be thrown inside the sanctuary area or movement corridor of wildlife.</p> <p>(7) User agency will take all precautions including technical measures to contain the noise and air pollution, protection from fire due to construction activities.</p> <p>(8) The project proponent shall obtain consent to establish and to operate from U.P. Pollution Control Board and effectively implement all the conditions stipulated therein.</p> <p>(9) Two GPS sets shall be provided for the survey and demarcation of the sanctuary boundaries to the Bijnor forest division.</p> <p>(10) No labour camp shall be established in the sanctuary/forest area or other sensitive area.</p>
16	<p>Comments of Ministry</p> <p>The Standing Committee may like to take a view on the proposal.</p>

Sub: De-notification of Kachhua Wildlife Sanctuary from 940 km to 970 km- reg.

Ref: Letter No.2219/14-4-2018-809/1992 dated 02.09.2018 from the Secretary, Govt of Uttarakhand

1. Placed at **F/R** is the copy of (i) Agenda and Minutes of SBWL and (ii) WII's Assessment of the wildlife values of the river Ganga from Bijnor to Ballia including Turtle Wildlife Sanctuary received in the Division from the Government of Uttarakhand.
2. SBWL in its meeting held on 30.08.218 discussed the WII report.
3. No Part I, II, III, IV and colour map.

The Standing Committee may like to take a view on the deliberations of the SBWL.

MINUTES OF 49th MEETING OF THE STANDING COMMITTEE OF NATIONAL BOARD FOR WILDLIFE WAS HELD OF 13th JUNE 2018

The 49th Meeting of the Standing Committee of National Board for Wildlife was held of 13th June 2018 under the chairmanship of Hon'ble Minister for Environment, Forest & Climate Change. List of participants are placed at ANNEXURE- I.

Hon'ble Chairman welcomed all the participants to the 49th Meeting of the Standing Committee of National Board for Wildlife and asked the IGF(WL) to initiate the discussions on the Agenda Items.

AGENDA ITEM No. 1

Confirmation of the minutes of the 48th Meeting of the Standing Committee of National Board for Wildlife held on 27th March 2017

The IGF(WL) mentioned that the minutes of the 48th Meeting of the Standing Committee of National Board for Wildlife held on 27th March 2017 were circulated to all the members of the Standing Committee on 18th April 2017. Representations were received from the State Governments to amend the minutes of 46th and 48th meetings of the Standing Committee as follows:

43.1.19 Realignment of area of the buffer area of Indravati Tiger Reserve, Chhattisgarh

The IGF(WL) briefed the Standing Committee on proposal and stated that the proposal for the realignment of the buffer area of Indravati Tiger Reserve was considered and recommended in the 46th meeting held on 8th December 2017 while the minutes were issued with an inadvertent error *to denotify* buffer area of 1383.134 sq.km with Bhairamgarh Wildlife Sanctuary in it. The Standing Committee had recommended the proposal *to notify* buffer area of 1383.134 sq.km with Bhairamgarh Wildlife Sanctuary in it.

After discussions the Standing Committee agreed to replace the word *to denotify* with *to notify*.

46.4.4.21 Construction of third railway track including electrification, signaling and telecommunication between Barkhera km 789.430 to Budni km 770.040 passing through Ratapani WLS in Districts Raisen and Sehore

The IGF(WL) briefed the Standing Committee on proposal and stated that the proposal for the construction of third railway track including electrification, signalling and telecommunication between from Barkhera to Budni passing through Ratapani Wildlife Sanctuary was considered and recommended by the Standing Committee in its 48th meeting held on 27th March 2018 along with the conditions and mitigation measure imposed by the Chief Wildlife Warden, NTCA and Site Inspection Committee. However the representation dated 19th April 2018 was received from the user agency to waive off the conditions imposed by the Chief Wildlife Warden and the Site Inspection Committee: (1) train speed of 20 km per hour, and (2) 30 m width of under passes and over passes.

After discussions the Standing Committee decided that the train speed should be 60 km per hour and 30 m width of underpasses / overpasses be constructed wherever are feasible in the sanctuary area considering the terrain.

AGENDA ITEM No. 2

(ACTION TAKEN REPORT)

46.3.1 Order of the Hon'ble High Court of Madras, Madurai bench dated 22.08.2017 in Writ Petition (MD) No. 7349/2016 and Writ Petition (MD) No. 6174 of 2016 regarding stone quarries operating near Megamalai Wildlife Sanctuary

The IGF(WL) briefed the Standing Committee on the Order of the Hon'ble High Court of Madras, Madurai bench and stated that the District Collector, Theni District of Tamil Nadu forwarded the representations of the petitioners to the Standing Committee of National Board for Wildlife. The Hon'ble High Court directed the Standing Committee to pass suitable orders within a period of four weeks and intimate decision to the petitioners. He mentioned that the proposal involves the extension of mining lease of the petitioners (two associations by name Sangili Karadu Kalludaikkum Mahalir Nala Sangam and K K Patty Kalludaikkum Mahalir Nala Sangam) for stone quarry in 2.50 ha, each in Kamayagoundapatty village, Uthamapalayam Taluk, Theni District. The mines are located within 5 km from the boundary of Megamalai Wildlife Sanctuary and require the recommendation of Standing Committee of National Board for Wildlife as part of Environmental Clearance.

Further IGF(WL) stated that the issue was considered by the Standing Committee in its 46th meeting held on 8th December 2017. The IGF(WL) also stated that this Ministry's letters

vide dated 17.10.2017, 04.01.2018 and 08.02.2018, has requested the State Chief Wildlife Warden to furnish the comments. *However so far no response has been received and consequently the Standing Committee decided to delist the proposal.*

46.3.2 Judgement of the Hon'ble National Green Tribunal, Chennai dated 24-10-2017 in Appeal no. 30 of 2015(SZ) titled Bimal Gogoi & Anr. Vs. Union of India & Ors

The IGF(WL) briefed the Standing Committee on the Order of the Hon'ble National Green Tribunal, Chennai bench and stated that the 1750 MW Demwe Lower Project, proposed to be constructed in the Lohit District of Arunachal Pradesh, is being executed jointly by Athena Energy Ventures and the State Government of Arunachal Pradesh. The Environment Clearance to the project was granted by the MoEF&CC in 2010 and the project site is 8.5 km away from the Kamlang Wildlife Sanctuary. The Standing Committee of NBWL in its 23rd Meeting held on 14th October 2011 wherein it was decided that a site inspection be carried out by Dr Asad Rahmani, Member NBWL and Shri Pratap Singh, CCF(WL), Arunachal Pradesh. After site inspection, two different reports were submitted to the Standing Committee of NBWL. The matter was thereafter considered by the Standing Committee in its 24th meeting held on 13th December 2011. The IGF(WL) also stated that in the 46th meeting, it was decided by the Standing Committee that a Committee comprising of Prof R Sukumar, Member NBWL, one representative of WII and one representative of NTCA would visit the site and submit the detailed report to the Ministry within 30 days for further consideration. However, Prof R Sukumar informed through E-mail about his inability to conduct site inspection and requested to nominate another member for the site inspection.

The Standing Committee in its 47th meeting held on 25th January 2018 decided that the Director, GEER Foundation, Member NBWL, would replace Prof R Sukumar in the aforesaid Committee and requested it to complete site inspection and submit a detailed report to the Ministry within 30 days for further consideration. Committee visited the project site on 25th - 28th February 2018 and furnished the report. In the 48th meeting held on 27th March 2107, Shri R D Kamboj, Member mentioned that a comprehensive peer-reviewed study should be carried out on the hydrology and ecology of three seasons by a reputed and neutral scientific / technical organization(s) before according clearance. Further Dr H S Singh, Member, informed that the impact study of the project has not been carried by the User Agency and the State Government. In the 48th meeting held on 27th March 2107, the Standing Committee decided that the WII, Dehradun to carry out hydrology / ecology study and submit the report to the Ministry in three months.

Dr V B Mathur, Member presented some findings made by WII during the course of the inspection. He assured the report would be submitted by 27th June 2018. Consequently the Standing Committee decided to defer the proposal.

47.3.1 Order of the Hon'ble High Court of Madras dated 27-10-2017 in Writ Petition nos. 26106 to 26108 of 2017 title A. Gopinath vs. Union of India & Ors, Gopinath Granite Quarry operating near Cauvery Wildlife Sanctuary

The IGF(WL) briefed the Standing Committee on the Order of the Hon'ble High Court of Madras and mentioned that the said Court has directed the Secretary, MoEF&CC to consider the application of the petitioner dated 12.01.2016 for seeking Wildlife Clearance on merits and in accordance with law within a period of eight weeks and intimate decision to the petitioners. He also stated that the granite quarries are located within 10 km deemed ESZ from the boundary of the Cauvery Wildlife Sanctuary in Hosur Division Krishnagiri District of Tamil Nadu and require the recommendation of the Standing Committee of NBWL as part of Environment Clearance. The online application of the petitioner seeking Wildlife Clearance from the Standing Committee of NBWL dated 12.01.2016 has been pending at the State level.

Further the IGF(WL) stated that this Ministry's letters vide dated 24.11.2017, 18.12.2017, 04.01.2018 and 08.02.2018 requested the State Chief Wildlife Warden to furnish his comments in Part IV. *However, so far no response has been received and consequently the Standing Committee decided to delist the proposal.*

47.3.3 Hon'ble Supreme Court order dated 19-01-2018 in Writ Petition (C) no. 275 of 2015 titled Vidya Athreya & Anr. Vs. Union of India Ors

The IGF(WL) briefed the Standing Committee on the order of the Hon'ble Supreme Court in the above cited case wherein, the Ministry of Environment, Forests and Climate Change is made Respondent No. 1 and the National Board for Wildlife is made Respondent No. 2, it has directed this Ministry and NBWL to look into the suggestions of the petitioners. The petition is highlighting the issue of absence of an effective policy and programme to save critically endangered species like Great Indian Bustards, snow leopards, the Himalayan Brown Bear and Indian wolves, which are on the verge of extinction. Further the IGF(WL) stated that the Hon'ble Supreme Court has asked the Standing Committee of NBWL to consider the suggestions of the petitioner referred in its order dated 19.01.2018.

The Standing Committee in its 47th meeting held on 25th January 2018 decided that a Committee chaired by the ADGF(WL) and comprising of representative of WII, representative of NTCA, two PCCFs of States where human - wildlife conflict is maximum and IGF(WL) as member secretary would consider the suggestions of the petitioner and submit a report to the Ministry within two months for further consideration. The meeting has been held on 13th March 2018 and the committee furnished the report. Following are the recommendations of the Committee:

A. Human-Animal conflict

- (a) **Priority to studies in Human Wildlife Conflict that have both ecological and Social Components:** The suggestions given are appreciated and the issue is already addressed both by the Govt. Of India and State Govts. The current National Wildlife Action Plan (2017-2031) envisages surveys and studies on Mitigation of Human Wildlife conflict (HWC). As suggested by the petitioner social and ecological aspects of the Human Wildlife conflict will be considered in these studies.
- (b) **Standard Operating Procedures/Action Plans to Deal with emergency situations when Wild Animals come in close contacts of Human beings.** SOP's and guidelines / advisories have been issued by the Ministry for major species like Tigers, Leopards and Elephants. SOP'S/ action plan for other species of wild animals in the centre of Human Wildlife conflict in different states is required to be identified and developed. The ministry will issue an advisory in this regard.
- (c) **(Introduction of human-wildlife conflict as a curriculum in training of Forest Officials:** The ministry should advise the Forest and wildlife training institutes under its control to lay more stress on training of HWC management, if required, by way of modifying the syllabi. Though training curriculum in IGNFA/State Forestry colleges and WII course curriculum includes training in Human Wildlife conflict. The Ministry however, would advise training institute under its control to ensure intensive training of Human Wildlife conflict management.
- (d) **Compulsory course on wildlife veterinary science in the existing veterinary curriculum:** The MoEF&CC should request the Indian Veterinary Council and the Ministry of Agriculture, Animal Husbandry to consider inclusion of wildlife veterinary science as component of existing veterinary curriculum.

- (e) **Use of section 144 of Cr.P.C to prevent people gathering in large numbers, which aggravates wildlife emergency situations:** Advisory to this effect should be issued to the state governments by the MoEF&CC
- (f) **Use of mobile phone app based information system for payment of cash compensation of victims of human-animal conflict:** The ministry may advise the states to explore possibility of developing such applications wherever feasible.
- (g) **Compilation of age-old traditional knowledge and methods of dealing with human-animal conflicts:** The ministry may advise the state governments to compile the traditional practices used in human wild animal conflict management and institutionalize its application in combination with modern tools and technologies.

2. Securing of elephant corridors to minimize human elephant conflict

The ministry should advise the state governments to expedite their action on the Ministry's advisory regarding securing the corridors by acquisition of the land in the corridors and to explore the feasibility of declaring such corridors as Eco sensitive zones in case it is not possible to acquire the lands in these corridors. States can also explore the possibility of utilizing the scheme of voluntary relocation as carried out in the several parts of the country in wildlife and Tiger reserves by suitably considering the voluntary village relocation package of NTCA. For this, the landscape approach to conservation involving the mapping of the elephant corridor shall be institutionalized and the necessary studies shall be carried out.

3. Mitigation measures for reducing animal deaths on roads / highways

The committee was of the view that the ministry should advise all the linear infrastructure development agencies and concerned ministries and departments to carry out necessary modifications in the designs of existing roads as per the WII guidance document and the standing committee of the NBWL can examine these proposals of modifications in the existing roads/ linear infrastructures as and when placed before it. The Ministry shall undertake the findings of the project titled 'Ecological impact of assessment of existing and proposed road infrastructure in important Wildlife Corridors of India', which is being taken up by WII, Dehradun with the support of NTCA. Till such modifications are made in the linear infrastructures intensive human animal conflict management plans having clear provisions of intensive patrolling in the stretches of these existing roads/linear infrastructures within wildlife/Protected Areas with the financial support from the agencies responsible for maintenance of these roads/ linear infrastructures.

4. Animal deaths due to electrocution

- (a) The ministry may consider constituting the task force comprising of MoEF&CC, Power Grid Corporation of India Limited (PGCIL), Central Electricity Authority (CEA), representative from Ministry of Power and wildlife experts/ institutions to deliberate upon the feasibility of suggesting the mitigative measures not covered in WII's guidance document "*Eco-Friendly Measures to Mitigate Impacts of Linear Infrastructure on Wildlife*".
- (b) Ministry should also advise Ministry of power and state governments to direct the Transmission line development agencies to follow the guidelines in the WII guidance document while designing and establishing transmission lines.

5. Recovery plans for critically endangered Great Indian Bustard (GIB)

A recovery plan of the GIB by the MoEF&CC with the funding of CAMPA and the involvement of WII is in place in the States of Rajasthan, Maharashtra and Gujarat. In Rajasthan the following have been done:

- (a) **Survey of Arc like area (polygon) North West of Jaisalmer:** the Rajasthan Forest Department and the Wildlife Institute of India are assessing the population of GIB in the Thar annually with the best scientific design jointly since 2016. The entire area of the arc (except major part of the Pokhran Field Firing Range which is under the control of Indian army and therefore inaccessible) are surveyed.
- (b) **Identification of Government lands in and around Arc and inclusion in the Desert National Park:** Land ownership is identified and mapped by the Rajasthan State Forest Department. The MoEF&CC shall advise the Rajasthan State Government to initiate action for inclusion of Government owned lands within this arc in the area of the Desert National Park.
- (c) **Restriction on change of land use in the Arc:** Power-lines have been identified as the major threat to GIB by the CAMPA funded Species Recovery Program for GIB. Based on the findings the National Green Tribunal has stayed installation of new wind turbines in GIB habitats in the arc and recommended laying down underground power lines in place of overhead transmission lines in and around GIB habitat. Power companies have been mandated to install bird diverters on power lines, samples of which have been supplied by the Wildlife Institute of India to power companies and

tested on a pilot basis. These bird diverters increase visibility of power lines to birds and are known to reduce collision risks to the Great Bustard in Spain.

- (d) **Establishment of Predator Proof Enclosures to protect breeding GIB:** Creation of new enclosures as well as up gradation of existing enclosures has been carried out by Rajasthan State Forest Department. Predator proof fencing has been done in a few cases around nesting grassland patches with good results. Funds for creating this predator proof fencing around breeding areas of GIB have been allocated by the Centre as well as the State Government.
- (e) **Rationalization of the Desert National Park boundaries:** Rationalization of the Desert National Park boundaries has been debated with opposing views by conservationists. Recently Rajasthan State Forest Department has suggested measures of incentive based voluntary relocation (similar to that of Tiger Reserves) of certain critical settlements within important GIB habitat as identified by the Wildlife Institute of India. This initiative has been endorsed by the Rajasthan State Wildlife Board. However, implementation is withheld by Rajasthan State Government due opposition by the local community.
- (f) **Incentives to individual farmers for documenting breeding GIB:** Incentives to individual farmers for documenting breeding GIB on their lands should be discouraged since this incentive causes disturbance to nesting birds which abandon nests on being disturbed. Instead, the Government is considering awarding the gram panchayats where presence of GIB with young chicks is sighted. Awards could be in the form of social recognition of the village by the Collector / CCF and additional community works within the panchayat by the Forest Department.

Furthermore the action on the suggestions regarding recovery plans for GIB has already been taken by the Ministry.

6. SUGGESTIONS OF PRO. R SUKUMAR, MEMBER, NBWL

The National Wildlife Action Plan (2017-2031) which is prepared after wider consultations with stakeholders has the requisite policy framework, which covers Landscape Scale Conservation and Wildlife-Human Conflicts.

Dr H S Singh, Member stated that the recovery plan for the Great Indian Bustard and lesser florican was discussed two years ago and plan was also sanctioned with financial allocation however the recovery plan is yet to be grounded. He further suggested that the planning should be done before a species reaches to a critical stage. The Government of India should not wait for species reaching to critically endangered or endangered level. There is gestation period to develop proper technique to ground the project. All species of grassland and sparse thorn forests are losing ground and they need consist breeding and release.

After discussions the Standing Committee accepted the recommendations of the committee and suggested to initiate implementation of the recommendations.

39.4.2.7 Proposal for stone mining lease area 4 ha (private land) in Khasra No.357 village Ghoora, Tehsil-Rajnagar, Dist. Chhatarpur, Madhya Pradesh. The mining area is 6.67 km away from Panna Tiger Reserve

The IGF(WL) briefed the Committee on the proposal and mentioned that the proposal was considered by the Standing Committee in its 39th, 40th and 41st meetings. The APCCF(WL), Madhya Pradesh mentioned that mining area is a private land and does not form part of any corridor. Further the IGF(WL) stated that the NTCA and the WII have rejected the proposal on the ground that the mining site located within the proposed landscape management plan (also the catchment area of Ken Betua Project) of Panna Tiger Reserve. The Secretary, MoEF&CC received representation on 30.10.2017 to reconsider the proposal from the project proponent. In the 48th meeting of Standing Committee held on 27th March 2017, Dr H S Singh, Member mentioned that no mining should be permitted in the additional area to be added to the Panna Tiger Reserve in lieu of the core area to be diverted for Ken-Betwa river linking project. The Standing Committee in its 48th meeting held on 27th March 2017 decided that the NTCA and the WII to verify the location and furnish the report to the Ministry within one month.

The DIGF(NTCA) informed that the Site Inspection Committee has inspected the project site and would submit the report in a few days. Consequently the Standing Committee decided to defer the proposal.

48.5.4 Diversion of 595.64 ha of forestland in Karwar, Yellapura and Dharwad Division for the construction of New Broad Gauge Railway line of Hubballi - Ankola

The IGF(WL) briefed the Standing Committee on the proposal and stated that the project involves the diversion of cumulative forestland 595.64 ha (42.0 ha from Dharwad Elephant Corridor + 304.06 ha from Yellapura Elephant Corridor + 249.58 ha from Kanwar elephant Corridor) from three elephant corridors for the construction of new broad gauge railway line from Hubballi to Ankola. He added that the State CWLW has recommended the proposal with the condition that the mitigation measures suggested by the IISc Bangalore must be strictly implemented. He also stated that it was mentioned in the Part IV of the proposal that the *post facto* approval of the project will be taken in the forthcoming meeting of the SBWL.

Further the IGF(WL) stated that the Site Inspection Committee of NTCA has not recommended the proposal as the proposed railway line from Hubballi to Ankola passes through Uttara Kannada district which has very forest cover and cuts across the Western Ghats, which are a biodiversity hotspot and a world heritage site. It also fragments the old migration path of India elephants. Out of the 6 tiger occupied landscapes of India, currently the Western Ghats landscape possesses best habitat connectivity and contiguity. The Tiger occupancy in the Western Ghats landscape is highly dynamic and shows spatial and temporal variation. Moreover, the recent research has highlighted that future of tigers in India depends on conserving the habitat connectivity isolated tiger population of tiger reserves. The proposed railway line will be having significant negative impact on long term conservation of tigers and other mega herbivores in the Western Ghats landscape by fragmenting existing habitat connectivity and contiguity. In the 48th meeting held on 27th March 2017 the Standing Committee decided that a committee comprising of one representative of WII, one representative of NTCA and one person from the Wildlife Division would visit the site and submit the report to the Ministry within thirty days.

The DIGF(NTCA) informed that the Site Inspection Committee has not yet inspected the project site. He further stated that the committee would inspect the project site on 13th – 15th June 2017 and submit the report in fifteen days. Consequently the Standing Committee decided to defer the proposal.

48.3.1 Request for consideration of recognizing Bombay Natural History Society (BNHS) as the Nodal Agency for Bird Ringing and as Training Partner of MoEF&CC for the Bird Ringing

The IGF(WL) briefed the Standing Committee and stated that the proposal was considered in the 48th meeting held on 27th March 2018 and decided to seek inputs from

States and Institutes before taking a final decision on the matter. In this regard, letter dated 1st May 2018 was issued to all the States / UTs for inputs. He stated that six States and two institutions have agreed to recognize BNHS as the nodal agency for bird ringing and as training partner of the Ministry.

The Secretary, MoEF&CC stated that SACON, WII would also be the part of bird ringing and training partner.

After discussion the Standing Committee decided that SACON, WII & BNHS would be the bird ringing and training partners of the Ministry.

AGENDA ITEM No. 3

45.3.2. Delegation of powers to the State Government for sanctioning proposal regarding drinking water pipeline in Protected Areas by the Chief Wildlife Warden

The IGF(WL) briefed the Standing Committee and stated that the issue was considered by the Standing Committee in its 45th and 46th meetings. He stated that the Standing Committee delegated its powers for sanctioning proposals on laying of drinking water pipeline and optical fiber cables (OFC) along the Right of Way (RoW) of the roads inside the National Parks, Wildlife Sanctuaries and Tiger Reserves or any other Protected Area notified under the Wildlife (Protection) Act, 1972 to the State Board for Wildlife (SBWL). The Ministry has issued an advisory vide dated 13th February 2018 to all the States / UTs for sanctioning proposals on laying of OFC and drinking water pipeline.

However the Chief Minister, Madhya Pradesh has requested the board to delegate powers to the Chief Wildlife Wardens for sanctioning proposals on laying of drinking water pipeline and optical fiber cables.

The DGF&SS, MoEF&SS suggested that all the States / UTs would constitute the Standing Committee of State Board for Wildlife to streamline the processing of proposals.

The Standing Committee after deliberations decided that ***the powers be delegated to the State Board for Wildlife only*** for sanctioning proposals on laying of drinking water pipeline and optical fiber cables.

49.3.1. Inclusion of species under Recovery Programme for Critically Endangered Species

The IGF(WL) briefed the Standing Committee and stated that the Ministry has been implementing the Centrally Sponsored Scheme – ‘Integrated Development of Wildlife Habitats’ with a view to provide for conservation interventions in the field and is an umbrella scheme catering to management of wildlife across the whole spectrum. The scheme has three components:

- (a) Support to Protected Areas (National Parks, Wildlife Sanctuaries, Conservation Reserves and Community Reserves)
- (b) Protection of Wildlife outside the Protected Areas
- (c) Recovery Programmes for Critically Endangered Species

The component ‘Recovery Programmes for Critically Endangered Species’ is for undertaking the recovery of critically endangered species in the country. Presently, the following species are being taken up under this component: Snow Leopard, Bustard (including Floricans), Dolphin, Hangul, Nilgiri Tahr, Marine Turtles, Dugongs, Edible Nest Swiftlet, Asian Wild Buffalo, Nicobar Megapode, Manipur Brow-antlered Deer, Vultures, Malabar Civet, Indian Rhinoceros, Asiatic Lion, Swamp Deer and Jerdon’s Courser.

Further IGF(WL) stated that there is a provision in the scheme that the Director, Wildlife Preservation, Government of India with the approval of the Standing Committee of NBWL can initiate other recovery programmes or wind up an ongoing programme. In view of this, the Wildlife Division, MoEF&CC proposes inclusion of the following species for taking up recovery programme:

1. **Northern River Terrapin (*Batur baska*):** This is a species of riverine turtles found in the rivers of Eastern India. The IUCN has classified the species as **Critically Endangered**. The species has been exploited for illegal trade across the Indian borders, especially for its meat and carapace. The species is listed in the Schedule-I of the Wild Life (Protection) Act, 1972, thereby according it the highest degree of protection. The species is also listed in Appendix I of the CITES. The West Bengal Forest Department has initiated a hatchery and captive breeding project at Sajnekhali in Sundarbans Tiger Reserve. During the meeting of the Chief Wildlife Wardens of the East and North East Region held on 4th April 2018, the Chief Wildlife Warden, West Bengal had suggested

for inclusion of *Batagur baska* under the list of species for taking up focused recovery programme.

- 2. Clouded Leopard (*Neofelis nebulosa*):** This is a wild cat found in the Himalayan foothills. It is a solitary and nocturnal animal and is threatened due to habitat loss, poaching for their skin and also for live pet trade. The IUCN has categorized the species as 'Vulnerable' and indicates a 'declining trend in its population, as per its Red List assessment of 2016. The Clouded leopard is listed in Schedule-I of the Wild Life (Protection) Act, 1972 and in Appendix I of CITES.

During the meeting of the Chief Wildlife Wardens of the East and North East Region held on 4th April 2018, the Chief Wildlife Wardens of Meghalaya, Mizoram and West Bengal had suggested for inclusion of Clouded Leopard under the list of species for taking up focused recovery programme.

- 3. Arabian Sea Humpback Whale (*Megaptera novaeangliae*):** The Humpback Whale is a cosmopolitan species found in all of the major oceans. International studies on the whales have indicated that the species migrates from the Oman coast through the Arabian sea, along the Indian coasts till the Sri Lankan coast. The studies also indicate that only very few individuals are available in the Arabian Sea. Accidental entanglements in fishing gears, ship strikes, seismic exploration, are the principal threats to the species documented. The Wild Life (Protection) Act, 1972 lists all Cetaceans in Schedule-I and thereby according them highest degree of protection from hunting.

During the 12th Conference of Parties to the Convention on Migratory Species, held during October 2017, a proposal for taking up concerted Action for Arabian Sea Humpback whales was recommended. India had also supported this resolution. India being a Party to the International Whaling Commission also is committed to the protection of Whales and its habitats in the Indian waters.

- 4. Red Panda (*Ailurus fulgens*):** Red Panda is closely associated with montane forests with dense bamboo-thicket understorey. The species is found in India in the states of Sikkim, West Bengal and Arunachal Pradesh. Red Panda is taken for various purposes including wild meat, medicine, pelts and pets. The major threats are habitat loss and fragmentation; habitat degradation; and physical threats. The species is listed in Schedule-I of the Wild Life (Protection) Act, 1972 thereby according them the highest degree of protection. The

IUCN has categorized Red Panda as 'Endangered' and as per their Red List assessment of 2015, the population trend of the species has been indicated a 'decreasing'.

During the meeting of the Chief Wildlife Wardens of the East and North East Region held on 4th April 2018, the Chief Wildlife Wardens of Sikkim and West Bengal had suggested for inclusion of Red Panda under the list of species for taking up focused recovery programme.

Dr H S Singh informed that the recovery of some of the Critically Endangered or Endangered fauna is a difficult task. Except few cases, most of the recovery activities are restricted to study/research and monitoring. The recovery plan for the Great Indian Bustard and Wild Buffalo (Central India Population) was discussed two years ago and plan was also sanction with financial allocation but it is yet to be grounded. Now, we have very less chance of recovery of these species. The planning should be done before a species reaches to a critical stage. We should not wait for species reaching to Critically Endangered or Endangered level. All species of grassland and sparse thorn forests are losing ground and they need consist breeding and release. He suggested that the recovery plan or breeding to replenish the existing population for following species:

Caracal: This medium cat has become rare due to loss of habitat. Its population has declined drastically in India, although has extensive distribution range in the South West Asia. It occurs in Gujarat, Rajasthan, Maharashtra, Madhya Pradesh and dry land of the neighbouring states with low number. This species has disappeared from major part of Gujarat and about two to three dozen survive in the Northern and Western part of Kachchh District. Population is not known in the other state.

Dr H S Singh suggested that desert fox, desert cat, clouded leopard, ratel, pangolin, Great Indian Hornbill, Indian Pied Hornbill and Indian sarus should be included in the recovery programme.

Further Dr H S Singh mentioned that Indian sarus is the tallest bird, endemic to the Indian sub-continent has good population in Uttar Pradesh. Threat factors are high for this bird. Breeding/hatching technique should be developed in two to three states to avoid the risk of loss of the species. He also stated that the multiple agencies, including state agencies are needed for species restoration. MoEF&CC rely too much on the WII Dehradun. Tendency of handing over every problem to one institute weakens country's strength of conservation. Different institutions should be engaged for different species after consulting states. If we

start breeding and release for different species, wildlife science will development in the country. This may result into improvement in capability and capacity of the institutions.

The Standing Committee after deliberations decided to include four species as recommended by the Chief Wildlife Wardens to be taken up by the Ministry for conservation in consultation with the scientific institutions.

AGENDA ITEM No. 4

49.4.1 FRESH PROPOSALS FALLS WITHIN PROTECTED AREAS

49.4.1.1 Up-gradation of black topping of 10 km forest road from Kundasthan (on State Highway) to Bhimbandh in Bhimbandh Wildlife Sanctuary

The IGF(WL) briefed the Standing Committee on the proposal and stated that the proposal is for the black topping of 10 km forest road from Kundasthan to Bhimbandh passing through the Bhimbandh Wildlife Sanctuary. He added that the State Chief Wildlife Warden has recommended the proposal with the following conditions:

- (1) The upgrades back topped road shall remain in the custody and control of Bhimbandh Wildlife Sanctuary authorities of Munger Forest Division of the department of environment & Forest, Bihar and shall not be transferred to other departments, although the road up-gradation with back topping may be executed and subsequent maintenance done by the Govt. Rural Engineering Department / Organizations or Road Construction Department.
- (2) The existing width of the road shall not be increased and the existing carriageway shall not be expanded, except where necessary for safety of vehicles on the curves, slope sections and approaches to the culvert / bridges, etc.
- (3) The alignment of the road shall not be altered, unless the same leads to reduction in use of forestland without sustentative habitat degradation.
- (4) Appropriate and adequate arrangements for regulations, restrictions, checking , monitoring and surveillance of vehicular traffic to safeguard against wildlife and forest offences and also to mitigate the adverse impacts on the wildlife and their habitats shall be provided and enforces by the Munger Forest Division in consultation with the Chief Wildlife warden, Bihar. To fulfill this condition the up-gradation and surveillance facilities and signage, etc and any infrastructure and support utilities like check post and watch tower required there for shall be provided.

- (5) The road facility being improved under this permission shall not entail grounds for conservation of the roads into highway linkage for expansion of road connectivity and vehicular traffic over the larger surrounding region, and upgraded road shall be prudently used for local transport utility only. Any such proposal shall be dealt with on its own merit.
- (6) The appropriate precautionary and mitigation measures shall be ensured during the construction period and subsequent maintenance works to mitigate adverse impacts for wildlife and their habitats in the area in consultation with the Chief Wildlife Warden.

Dr H S Singh, Member stated that the passage plan should be prepared and implemented by the project proponent in consultation with the State Forest Department.

After discussions the Standing Committee decided to recommend the proposal along with the conditions and the wildlife mitigation measures stipulated by Dr H S Singh and the State Chief Wildlife Warden. The WII guidelines named *Eco-friendly Measures to Mitigate Impacts on Linear Infrastructures on Wildlife* will be adopted by the State / User Agency. The annual compliance certificate on the stipulated conditions should be submitted by the User Agency to the State Chief Wildlife Warden.

49.4.1.2 Proposal for black topping of the forest road between Akbarpur and Adhaura village in the already existing alignment inside the Kaimur Wildlife Sanctuary

The IGF(WL) briefed the Standing Committee on the proposal and stated that the proposal involves the diversion of 33.09 ha of forestland for black topping of the forest road from Akbarpur to Adhaura passing through the Kaimur Wildlife Sanctuary. He added that the State Chief Wildlife Warden has recommended the proposal with the following conditions:

- (1) The upgraded road (black-topping or strengthen by other means / technology suitable from security and safety angle in LWE context) shall remain in the custody and control of Kaimur Wildlife Sanctuary authorities to Rohtas Forest Division and Kaimur Forest Division of the Department of Environment & Forest, Bihar and shall not be transferred to other Department.
- (2) The existing width of the road in the sanctuary forests shall not be increased and the existing carriageway shall not be expanded except where necessary for safety of vehicles on the slopes in hilly sections and sharp curves.

- (3) The alignment of the road shall not be altered unless the same leads to reduction in use of forestland without substantive habitat degradation.
- (4) Appropriate and adequate arrangements for regulations, restrictions, checking, monitoring and surveillance of the vehicular traffic to safeguard against wildlife and forest offences and also to mitigate the adverse impacts on the wildlife and their habitats shall be provided and enforced by the Rohtas Forest Division and Kaimur Forest Division in consultation with the CWLW, Bihar. To fulfill this condition the up-gradation project shall include the necessary components of infrastructure and support utilities like check posts, watch towers, IT enabled monitoring and surveillance facilities, signages, etc.
- (5) The road facility being improved under this permission shall not entail grounds for conversion of the road to highway linkage for expansion of road connectivity and vehicular traffic over the larger surrounding region. To ensure this condition, regulations and restrictions as deemed appropriate may be imposed by Kaimur Wildlife Sanctuary authorities of Rohtas Forest Division and Kaimur Forest Division in consultation with CWLW, Bihar.
- (6) The appropriate precautionary and mitigation measures shall be ensured during the construction phase to mitigate adverse impacts for wildlife and their habitats in the area in consultation with CWLW, Bihar.

Dr H S Singh, Member stated that the passage plan should be prepared and implemented by the project proponent in consultation with the State Forest Department.

After discussions the Standing Committee decided to recommend the proposal along with the conditions and the wildlife mitigation measures stipulated by Dr H S Singh and the State Chief Wildlife Warden. The WII guidelines named *Eco-friendly Measures to Mitigate Impacts on Linear Infrastructures on Wildlife* will be adopted by the State / User Agency. The annual compliance certificate on the stipulated conditions should be submitted by the User Agency to the State Chief Wildlife Warden.

49.4.1.3 Proposal for the upgradation of existing 6.5 km Nirawali – Mohana road to Dudapura via Jadidrai road in Son Bird Sanctuary, Ghatigaon, District Gwalior

The IGF(WL) briefed the Standing Committee on the proposal and stated that the proposal is for the up-gradation of 6.5 km forest road from Nirawali Mohana to Dudapura

passing through the Son Bird Sanctuary. He added that the State Chief Wildlife Warden has recommended the proposal with the conditions that adequate safeguards be followed and all the construction material will be brought from outside of the sanctuary.

Dr H S Singh, Member stated that the passage plan should be prepared and implemented by the project proponent in consultation with the State Forest Department.

After discussions the Standing Committee decided to recommend the proposal along with the conditions and the wildlife mitigation measures stipulated by Dr H S Singh and the State Chief Wildlife Warden. The WII guidelines named *Eco-friendly Measures to Mitigate Impacts on Linear Infrastructures on Wildlife* will be adopted by the State / User Agency. The annual compliance certificate on the stipulated conditions should be submitted by the User Agency to the State Chief Wildlife Warden.

49.4.1.4 Construction of 1.7 km road from A B road to Girwai via Tilli Factory road in Son Bird Sanctuary

The IGF(WL) briefed the Standing Committee on the proposal and stated that the proposal is for the up-gradation of 1.7 km forest road from A B road to Girwai via Tilli passing through the Son Bird Sanctuary. He added that the State Chief Wildlife Warden has recommended the proposal with the conditions of following adequate safeguards be followed and all the construction material will be brought from outside the sanctuary.

Dr H S Singh, Member suggested to request the State Government whether the proposed road is for the public utility or for the factory before taking a final decision on the matter.

After discussions the Standing Committee decided to defer the proposal to ascertain facts from the State Government.

49.4.1.5 Proposal of 403 MLD Surya Regional Water Supply Scheme to supply drinking water to Western Sub-region of Mumbai Metropolitan Region, Districts Palghar and Thane

The IGF(WL) briefed the Standing Committee on the proposal and stated that the proposal involves the diversion of 15.694 ha of forestland from the Tungreshwar Wildlife Sanctuary for supplying drinking water to Western Sub-region of Mumbai Metropolitan

Region. He added that the State Chief Wildlife Warden has recommended the proposal with the following conditions:

- (1) The impact of the project on the biodiversity needs to be assessed first along with mitigation measures for wildlife.
- (2) The possible impact of underground tunneling for pipeline of such massive portion on the forest and underground aquifers of Tungareswar wildlife Sanctuary and notified ESZ of Sanjay Gandhi National Park, Borivali must first be assessed and evaluated by one of the reputed institutions by using scientific knowledge and available technical data.
- (3) Proper scientific sealing and back filling of bore holes shall be undertaken.
- (4) The pipeline path 8.0 m width area which will be freed from trees will be managed and maintained as a meadow by MMRDA every year. No weed growth be allowed in the area (responsibility of MMRDA).
- (5) At any time not more than 5 people will be working at Chene Master Balancing Reservoir, unauthorized people will not go to the Master Balancing Reservoir area without the permission of the National Park authorities. The Staff working at Master Balancing Reservoir area will inform the PA Manager regarding poaching, fire and other incidents to control room once it is noticed. The Same principle will be used at Master Balancing reservoir of Kashid Kopar.
- (6) Water will be provided to wild animals and to the Forest Department free of cost to fill waterholes during summer season from both the Master Balancing reservoirs of Chene and Kashid Kopar. And water will be provided to maintain the meadows in the summer season in and around Master Balancing Reservoir of Chene village.
- (7) No muck will be left in the Sanctuary area after digging the tunnel. It will be taken away from the sanctuary and it is suggested to fill the quarries of Sanjay Gandhi National Park Division to prevent wildlife accidents in the quarries as suggested by the Chief Conservator of Forests and Director, Sanjay Gandhi National Park.
- (8) It is suggested to construct 17 water Harvesting structures in Tungareswar Wildlife Sanctuary in the Nala beds wherever site suitability is there to retain water till May end for wildlife particularly in the eastern side of the Tungareswar Wildlife Sanctuary.
- (9) Norms of noise, air, and water pollution to be strictly followed. Adoption of measures for reducing noise, dust and water pollution to be strictly followed.

- (10) Minimum lights will be used at Master Balancing Reservoir offices in the night time to minimize light disturbance to wildlife.
- (11) It is suggested to add 3978.5 ha reserve forest for the expansion of Tungareswar Wildlife Sanctuary as it being an inviolate area.
- (12) Future distribution pipeline to corporations were not included in the proposal. They will be submitted as a separate proposal, may require forestland both for Mira Bhayandar and Vasai – Virar Corporation.
- (13) Necessary permissions of other departments and their conditions and orders of Hon'ble High Court, Mumbai regarding Sanjay Gandhi national Park be strictly implemented.
- (14) A wall will be constructed along the NH-8 in Tungareswar Wildlife Sanctuary on both sides of road to prevent road accidents of wildlife while crossing the NH-8 and to direct wildlife to use the underpasses (by cleaning the bridges) and constructing a overpass in compartment number 1096 for the safe passage of wild animals and also similarly wall will be constructed near Chandra Pada (Kohli, Sy.No.48), Chincholi, Rajawali Villages on the highway boundary. This will act as a corridor connectivity of the sanctuary which is separated by NH-8.
- (15) The said project being in vicinity of area classified in CRZ-1, wide variety of avi-faunal diversity is observed; hence adoption of measures for conservations of habitat of the avi-fauna found in the region shall be desirable.
- (16) As decided in the 8th meeting of State Board for Wildlife held on 20th February 2014 that the project proponent shall deposit an amount equivalent 2% of the total cost of the project for carrying out the activities of protection and conservation of Tungareswar Wildlife Sanctuary. This condition may also be considered by the SBWL for this project.

After discussions the Standing Committee decided to recommend the proposal along with the conditions and the wildlife mitigation measures stipulated by the State Chief Wildlife Warden. The annual compliance certificate on the stipulated conditions should be submitted by the User Agency to the State Chief Wildlife Warden.

49.4.1.6 Diversion of 3.1346 ha of forestland falling in Nellikal RF of WLM Nagarjuna Sagar Division for laying of pipeline / jack well / pump house, etc., for Nellikal Irrigation Scheme

The IGF(WL) briefed the Standing Committee on the proposal and stated that the proposal involves the diversion of cumulative 3.1346 ha of forestland from the Nagarjuna Sagar Srisailem Tiger Reserve for laying of pipeline, construction of jack well and pump house, and other civil structures. He added that the State Chief Wildlife Warden has recommended the proposal with following conditions:

- (1) The User Agency shall provide funds for taking up the following mitigation measures to minimize the impact of the project on the wildlife of the area as under:
- (2) The User Agency shall provide water from the pipeline passing through the wildlife area for filling up the percolation tanks and saucer pits.
- (3) The User Agency shall fell only the barest minimum number of trees while executing the work.
- (4) The works shall be carried out manually without disturbing or damaging flora, fauna or habitat of the area.
- (5) Work shall be carried out from 9.0 A.M to 5.0 P.M.
- (6) The material for carrying out the proposed works shall be kept outside the wildlife sanctuary as and when required they should be carried to the site during execution only.
- (7) No labour camp should be established inside the wildlife sanctuary during the execution of the work.
- (8) The debris formed due to the execution of the works shall be taken away from the wildlife sanctuary on day to day basis.
- (9) The User Agency shall construct masonry pillars to demarcate the proposed project area at every 25 m interval.

S.No.	Component	Quality	Rate	Amount (Lakh)
1	Construction of 2 percolation tanks for harvesting and retaining rain water for the benefit of wildlife	2 Nos	2.50	5.0
2	Drilling of two bore wells with solar powered pumping system	2 Nos	6.0	5.0
3	Developing natural grass land over 10 ha area in the vicinity of the proposed project	10 ha	0.50	5.0
4	Installing informative and regulatory sign boards on the highway	6 Nos	0.50	5.0
5	Construction of saucer pits around the bore wells to provide water for the wildlife during peak summer	20 Nos	0.25	5.0
	Total			30.0

Further the IGF(WL) stated that the NTCA has recommended the project with the following mitigations measures and conditions:

NTCA recommended the proposal with the following mitigation measures:

A. Mitigation measures (Construction phase)

1. Due to the rocky nature of sub soil in the proposed diversion area, the project authorities may have to use controlled blasting for construction of Jack well cum pump house and for laying of pipe line. The project authorities should ensure that qualified experts are involved in controlled blasting and it will be carried out without causing noise pollution.
2. Works like digging of trench for laying water distribution pipes from jack well to Pressure Main and Gravity Main should be done in short stretches and covered so that the trench will not be obstructing free movement of wildlife.
3. Activities like controlled blasting, excavation etc may generate large amount of debris. The project authorities will ensure that there will be no dumping of such debris inside the tiger reserve, suitable arrangements have to be made for transporting debris outside the tiger reserve.
4. For pumping of water and other activities there is requirement of electricity. The project authorities propose to install a power transmission line along the alignment of water pipeline/approach road. As there are possibilities of such electric lines being used by poachers for electrocution of wild animals, the project proponents should lay underground electricity cable inside the tiger reserve.
5. All the construction works and project related activities should be carried out between 9.0 AM to 5.0 PM only. Under no circumstances work should be carried out in the night. The labour camps should be setup outside the tiger reserve and it will be the responsibility of project proponents to ensure that the labours engaged for construction activities will not cause any damage to the tiger reserve habitat through firewood collection, or set fire to the forest or get involved in poaching of wild animals of tiger reserve.
6. As the proposed project is located inside the tiger reserve, the project proponents will take all possible measures to ensure that there is no noise pollution in the area due to project related activities. Heavy machinery like earth movers etc. use should not be used at the project site.

7. All the personnel associated with project should enter project site with prior permission from tiger reserve authorities. Further, the entire work should be supervised by forester/Forest guard of beat concerned on a daily basis, at regular intervals the overall progress of project work should be monitored by Field Director, ATR to ensure that project authorities are complying with rules and regulations.
8. The project proponents will abide by all the other terms & conditions prescribed by Chief Wildlife Warden, Telangana and Field Director, Amrabad Tiger Reserve (ATR).

B. Mitigation measures (post-construction phase)

1. The project authorities will ensure the daily operation of Jackwell cum Pump house will not cause sound pollution by taking appropriate measures.
2. As the project is situated inside the core area, the movement of staff/vehicles should be kept to bare minimum so that the wildlife habitat is not disturbed.
3. Permanent staff quarter should not be setup inside the tiger reserve. An anti-poaching camp should be constructed within the in the vicinity of project area for patrolling and monitoring.
4. The lighting system installed project site (intake well, Jackwell cum pump house etc.) should not cause unwanted glare and cause 'Ecological Light Pollution' inside the tiger reserve. The light pollution which affects the natural ecological systems has been termed as Ecological Light Pollution (ELP) and is known to cause changes to natural light regimes of terrestrial and aquatic ecosystems. The following mitigation measures are suggested for controlling ELP inside the project site inside Amrabad Tiger Reserve: (i) install lights only where required by selecting locations wisely, (ii) use motion sensors to turn lights on and off as and when required. These measures will reduce light pollution while improving security. The lights should be shielded so that no light is focused downward where it is required. To achieve these full cut-off fixtures available in the market may be used, (iii) the lamp and fixture selected should energy efficient as it saves energy and controls pollution, and (iv) the LED and metal halide light fixtures are known to have blue light in large amount in their spectrum. This blue light causes more brightening of night sky than other colors. The project proponents should ensure that the light fixtures used by them will not emit more of blue light.

Dr H S Singh, Member suggested that the State Government should explore the alternatives for the construction of pump house and other civil structures in the non-protected area.

After discussions the Standing Committee decided to recommend the proposal along with the conditions and mitigation measures of the Chief Wildlife Warden and the NTCA, and to explore the alternatives for the construction of pump house and other civil structures in the non-protected area should be explored by the State Government.

49.4.1.7 Proposal for the diversion of 10.617 ha of forestland including 9.197 ha within Chandaka – Dampara Wildlife Sanctuary for the construction of 200 feet wide Master Plan Road over a length of 1.930 km from Utkal Care Health Hospital to Rail Vihar

The IGF(WL) briefed the Standing Committee on the proposal and stated that the proposal is for the construction of 200 feet wide Master Plan Road over a length of 1.930 km from Utkal Care Health Hospital to Rail Vihar in the Chandaka – Dampara Wildlife Sanctuary. He added that the State Chief Wildlife Warden has recommended the proposal with the following conditions:

- (1) Construction of RCC wall of specification 8 feet height with concertina fencing 2 feet is essential all along the road passing through the sanctuary by the user agency before demolition of Elephant Proof stone wall guard concertina fencing to prevent stray of elephants, wild pig & other animals to Bhubaneswar city and loss of life and property of the inhabitants due to Human-Wildlife interface.
- (2) The existing 10 ft Murrum patrolling path over 1.930 km is coming along the proposed alignment of the new road. Alternate patrolling path need to be constructed to ensure unhindered patrolling for protection of wildlife and their habitat.
- (3) Two fly over bridges need to be constructed at elephant crossing points i.e. one at Jagannathprasad on Kalinga studio Chhak – Chandaka road and another at Kujimahall on Baranga-Pitapalli road to facilitate safe passage for elephants.
- (4) Additional plantation of fruit bearing & fodder species will be taken up in Bharatpur Reserved Forest and Jagannathprasad proposed Reserved Forest in open area at the project cost.
- (5) The existing deep bore well, pump house and drip irrigation facility done under MCL – CSR Afforestation Scheme during 2017 - 2018 is coming within the alignment of proposed new road. The same facilities need to be provided by the User Agency for watering of the plantation.

- (6) The user agency and other concerned agencies need to take proactive measures to prevent light & noise pollution so as not to cause any disturbance to wildlife. To ensure the same, a green belt plantation along both sides of the road would be taken up.
- (7) Site Specific Wildlife Conservation Plan is required to be prepared incorporating the aforementioned interventions for implementation at the project cost after approval by the Competent Authority.

Dr H S Singh, Member stated that the passage plan should be prepared and implemented by the project proponent in consultation with the State Forest Department.

After discussions the Standing Committee decided to recommend the proposal along with the conditions and the wildlife mitigation measures stipulated by Dr H S Singh and the State Chief Wildlife Warden. The WII guidelines named *Eco-friendly Measures to Mitigate Impacts on Linear Infrastructures on Wildlife* will be adopted by the State / User Agency. The annual compliance certificate on the stipulated conditions should be submitted by the User Agency to the State Chief Wildlife Warden.

49.4.2 PROPOSALS FOR TAKING UP ACTIVITIES WITHIN 10 KM FROM THE BOUNDARIES OF PROTECTED AREAS

49.4.2.1 Proposal for the construction of residential and commercial complexes by M/s. Reliable Housing India Pvt. Ltd. at Village Achole, Ta. Vasai, Dist. Palghar, Sy.No. 153-B, 154 (pt)

The IGF(WL) briefed the Standing Committee on the proposal and stated that the project is for the construction of residential and commercial complexes in the *private land located at 4.40 km away from the boundary of proposed ESZ of Tungareswar Wildlife Sanctuary*. He added that the State Chief Wildlife Warden has recommended the proposal with the following conditions:

- (1) Natural growing trees existing on the project site Wad (*Ficus bengalensis*), Pimpal, Mango, Karanj and other fruit bearing trees shall be retained or transplanted in the project area sufficient number of native tree species seeding shall be planted in the project area.
- (2) The project is recommended on the condition that excavated material at the time of construction will not be thrown in sea, bay of sea and natural drainage or creek.

- (3) As decided in the 8th meeting of State Board for Wildlife held on 20.02.2014 that the project proponent shall deposit an amount equivalent 2% of the total cost (i.e., Rs. 97.0 crore) of the project. This condition may also be considered by the SBWL for this project.

After discussions the Standing Committee decided to recommend the proposal along with the conditions and the wildlife mitigation measures stipulated by the State Chief Wildlife as it is outside the proposed eco-sensitive zone. The annual compliance certificate on the stipulated conditions should be submitted by the User Agency to the State Chief Wildlife Warden.

49.4.2.2 Proposal for the construction of residential and commercial construction project by M/s. Rashmi Ameya Developers Housing and Estate Realtors Pvt. Ltd. at Village Gokhivare, Ta. Vasai, Dist. Palghar, Sy.No.62, H.No.1 & 7, Sy.No. 63 & others Sy.Nos.

The IGF(WL) briefed the Standing Committee on the proposal and stated that the project is for the construction of residential and commercial complexes in the *private land located at 2.0 km away from the boundary of proposed ESZ of Tungareswar Wildlife Sanctuary*. He added that the State Chief Wildlife Warden has recommended the proposal with the following conditions:

- (1) In the deemed ESZ, the project authority shall put signages mentioning the prohibition on uses of horns.
- (2) Adequate number of underpasses for the animals shall be provided in the forest area in consultation with the forest Department and Wildlife Wing.
- (3) As decided in the 8th meeting of wildlife held on 20th February 2014 the project proponent shall deposit 2% of the total cost of the project for wildlife conservation measures in Tansa Wildlife Sanctuary and adjoining forests.

After discussions the Standing Committee decided to recommend the proposal along with the conditions and the wildlife mitigation measures stipulated by the State Chief Wildlife Warden as it is outside the proposed eco-sensitive zone. The annual compliance certificate on the stipulated conditions should be submitted by the User Agency to the State Chief Wildlife Warden.

49.4.2.3 Proposal for the construction of residential and commercial complexes by M/s. Ameya Townhome Private Limited at Village Sandor, Ta. Vasai, Dist.

Palghar Sy.No.230, H.No. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8; Sy.No.231, H.No.1, 2, 3,4, 5, 6, 7, 8 & 9; Sy.No.235, H.No.1/2, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11/1 & 11/2 and Sy.No 236, H.No.1, 2, 3, 7, 8, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23-Part, 24, 25A, 25B, 27, 28 & 29

The IGF(WL) briefed the Standing Committee on the proposal and stated that the project is for the construction of residential and commercial complexes in *the private land located at 5.75 km away from the boundary of proposed ESZ of Tungareswar Wildlife Sanctuary*. He added that the State Chief Wildlife Warden has recommended the proposal with the following conditions:

- (1) The proponent shall comply the conditions laid by MoEF for environmental clearance.
- (2) Natural growing trees existing on the project site Wad (*Ficus bengalensis*), Pimpal, Mango, Karanj and other fruit bearing trees shall be retained.
- (3) The project is recommended on the condition that excavated material at the time of construction will not be thrown in sea, bay of sea and natural drainage or creek.
- (4) As decided in the 8th meeting of State Board for Wildlife held on 20.02.2014 that the project proponent shall deposit an amount equivalent 2% of the total cost (i.e., Rs. 225.0 crore) of the project. This condition may also be considered by the SBWL for this project.

After discussions the Standing Committee decided to recommend the proposal along with the conditions and the wildlife mitigation measures stipulated by the State Chief Wildlife Warden as it is outside the proposed eco-sensitive zone. The annual compliance certificate on the stipulated conditions should be submitted by the User Agency to the State Chief Wildlife Warden.

49.4.2.4 Proposal for the construction of residential and commercial complexes M/s. Navkar Estate & Home Private Limited in Village Juchandra Ta. Vasai, Dist. Palghar, Sy.No. 332/1, 2, 3, 4, 6A, 6B, 7B, 333/1, 2, 335/1, 2, 336/2, 3C, 3D, 3F & 351/1, 2

The IGF(WL) briefed the Standing Committee on the proposal and stated that the project is for the construction of residential and commercial complexes in the *private land located at 1.25 km away from the boundary of proposed ESZ of Tungareswar Wildlife Sanctuary*. He added that the State Chief Wildlife Warden has recommended the proposal with the following conditions:

- (1) Natural growing trees existing on the project site Wad (*Ficus bengalensis*), Pimpal, Mango, Karanj and other fruit bearing trees shall be retained or transplanted in the project area sufficient number of native tree species seeding shall be planted in the project area.
- (2) The project is recommended on the condition that excavated material at the time of construction will not be thrown in sea, bay of sea and natural drainage or creek.
- (3) As decided in the 8th meeting of State Board for Wildlife held on 20.02.2014 that the project proponent shall deposit an amount equivalent 2% of the total cost (i.e., Rs. 301.04 crore) of the project for carrying out the activities for production and conservation of Tungareshwar Wildlife Sanctuary. This condition may also be considered by the SBWL for this project.

After discussions the Standing Committee decided to recommend the proposal along with the conditions and the wildlife mitigation measures stipulated by the State Chief Wildlife Warden as it is outside the proposed eco-sensitive zone. The annual compliance certificate on the stipulated conditions should be submitted by the User Agency to the State Chief Wildlife Warden.

49.4.2.5 Proposal for the construction of residential and commercial complexes by M/s. Shree Tirupati Developers at Village Manpada Ta. & Dist. Thane, Sy.No. 59A/2E, 59A/2F & 59A/3A, Borivali

The IGF(WL) briefed the Standing Committee on the proposal and stated that the project is for the construction of residential and commercial complexes in the *private land located at 5.40 km away from the boundary of proposed ESZ of Tungareswar Wildlife Sanctuary*. He added that the State Chief Wildlife Warden has recommended the proposal with the following conditions:

- (1) Natural growing trees existing on the project site Wad (*Ficus bengalensis*), Pimpal, Mango, Karanj and other fruit bearing trees shall be retained or transplanted in the project area sufficient number of native tree species seeding shall be planted in the project area.
- (2) The project is recommended on the condition that excavated material at the time of construction will not be thrown in sea, bay of sea and natural drainage or creek.
- (3) The project agency shall ensure that 20 m safe distance should be kept from the boundary wall of SGNP, no building be there in those areas for safety purpose. No focused lights be there towards forest side.

- (4) As decided in the 8th meeting of State Board for Wildlife held on 20.02.2014 that the project proponent shall deposit an amount equivalent 2% of the total cost (i.e., Rs. 245.27 crore) of the project for carrying out the activities for production and conservation of SGNP / Tungtareshwar Wildlife Sanctuary. This condition may also be considered by the SBWL for this project.

After discussions the Standing Committee decided to recommend the proposal along with the conditions and the wildlife mitigation measures stipulated by the State Chief Wildlife Warden as it is outside the proposed eco-sensitive zone. The annual compliance certificate on the stipulated conditions should be submitted by the User Agency to the State Chief Wildlife Warden.

49.4.2.6 Proposal for construction of residential cum commercial complexes at Village Temghar Sy.No. 128/3, 129/1, 129/2 and Bhadwad Sy.No. 40/1P, 40/2/2, 40/3/2, 40/4, 40/5, 40/6, 40/7, 40/8, 40/9, 40/10, 40/11, 40/12, 40/13/1P, 40/13/2, 42, 43/1, 43/2, 43/3, 44/1P, 44/2P, 44 /2/P, 44/3/1, 44/3/2, 44/4, 44/5, 44/6, 45/1, 45/2P, 45/3P, 45/4, 45/5, 45/6, 45/7, 45/8, 45/9, 45/12, 58/6, 58/7/1, 58/7/2, 58/8, 58/9, 58/11, 58/12, 58/13, 58/1, 58/16, 58/17, 58/18, 58/19, 58/20, 58/21, 58/22, 83/3, 83/4, 83/6, 83/7, 83/9, 84/1 on plot bearing at Ta. Bhiwandi, Dist. Thane by M/s. Prakhhyat Dwellings LLP

The IGF(WL) briefed the Standing Committee on the proposal and stated that the project is for the construction of residential and commercial complexes in the *private land located at 8.80 km away from the boundary of proposed ESZ of Tungtareshwar Wildlife Sanctuary*. He added that the State Chief Wildlife Warden has recommended the proposal with the following conditions:

- (1) The proponent shall comply the conditions laid by MoEF for environmental clearance.
- (2) Natural growing trees existing on the project site Wad (*Ficus bengalensis*), Pimpal, Mango, Karanj and other fruit bearing trees shall be retained.
- (3) The project is recommended on the condition that excavated material at the time of construction will not be thrown in sea, bay of sea and natural drainage or creek.
- (4) As decided in the 8th meeting of State Board for Wildlife held on 20.02.2014 that the project proponent shall deposit an amount equivalent 2% of the total cost (i.e., Rs. 600.0 crore) of the project. This condition may also be considered by the SBWL for this project.

After discussions the Standing Committee decided to recommend the proposal along with the conditions and the wildlife mitigation measures stipulated by the State Chief Wildlife Warden as it is outside the proposed eco-sensitive zone. The annual compliance certificate on the stipulated conditions should be submitted by the User Agency to the State Chief Wildlife Warden.

49.4.2.7 Proposal for the construction of residential and commercial complexes in the Eco-Sensitive Zone of the Sanjay Gandhi National Park and deemed Eco-Sensitive Zone of the Tungareshwar Wildlife Sanctuary at plot bearing S. No. 51/26, 69/13 of Village: Mire and S.No. 76/1/2 of Village Mahajanwadi, Taluka & Dist. Thane, Maharashtra by Sanghvi Premises Pvt. Ltd.

The IGF(WL) briefed the Standing Committee on the proposal and stated that the project is for the construction of residential and commercial complexes in the *private land located at 8.7 km away from the boundary of proposed ESZ of Tungareshwar Wildlife Sanctuary*. However the project site falls in the ESZ of Sanjay Gandhi National Park, located at 38.5 m away from the boundary. He added that the State Chief Wildlife Warden has recommended the proposal with the following conditions:

- (1) Natural growing trees existing on the project site Wad (*Ficus bengalensis*), Pimpal, Mango, Karanj and other fruit bearing trees shall be retained or transplanted in the project area sufficient number of native tree species seeding shall be planted in the project area.
- (2) Excavated material at the time of construction will not be thrown in sea, bay of sea and natural drainage of creek.
- (3) The project agency shall ensure that 20 m safe distance should be kept from the boundary wall of SGNP, no building be there in those area for safety purpose. No focused lights be there towards forest side.
- (4) Cleanliness in the site be maintained to prevent stray dogs & domestic pigs in the area & in the surroundings of the project.
- (5) As decided in the 8th meeting of State Board for Wildlife held on 20.02.2014 that the project proponent shall deposit an amount equivalent 2% of the total cost (i.e., Rs. 129.84 crore) of the project for carrying out the activities for production and conservation of SGNP / Tungareshwar Wildlife Sanctuary and adjoining forests. This condition may also be considered by the SBWL for this project.

After discussions the Standing Committee decided to recommend the proposal along with the conditions and the wildlife mitigation measures stipulated by the State Chief Wildlife Warden as it is outside the proposed eco-sensitive zone. The annual compliance certificate on the stipulated conditions should be submitted by the User Agency to the State Chief Wildlife Warden.

49.4.2.8 Proposal for the construction of residential and commercial complexes in the Eco-Sensitive Zone of the Sanjay Gandhi National Park and deemed Eco-Sensitive Zone of the Tungreshwar Wildlife Sanctuary at Village: Vadavali-Survey Nos. 21/1, 21/3, 21/4, 21/5, 21/6, 21/7, 21/8A, 21/8B and Village: Owale – Old Survey Nos. (New Survey Nos.) 107/8 (72/8), 112/1, (71/1), 113/1 (66/1), 113/2 (66/2), 113/4, (66/4), 113/6 to 19 (66/6 to 19), 113/21 to 23 (66/21 to 23), 114/1 & 2 (65/1&2), 120/1 (45/1) in Taluka & District: Thane, Maharashtra by Unnathi Associates

The IGF(WL) briefed the Standing Committee on the proposal and stated that the project is for the construction of residential and commercial complexes in the *private land located at 8.7 km away from the boundary of proposed ESZ of Tungreshwar Wildlife Sanctuary*. However the project site falls in the ESZ of Sanjay Gandhi National Park, located at 38.5 m away from the boundary. He added that the State Chief Wildlife Warden has recommended the proposal with the following conditions:

- (1) Natural growing trees existing on the project site Wad (*Ficus bengalensis*), Pimpal, Mango, Karanj and other fruit bearing trees shall be retained or transplanted in the project area sufficient number of native tree species seeding shall be planted in the project area.
- (2) Excavated material at the time of construction will not be thrown in sea, bay of sea and natural drainage of creek.
- (3) The project agency shall ensure that 20 m safe distance should be kept from the boundary wall of Sanjay Gandhi National Park, no building be there in those area for safety purpose. No focused lights be there towards forest side.
- (4) Cleanliness in the site be maintained to prevent stray dogs & domestic pigs in the area & in the surroundings of the project.
- (5) As decided in the 8th meeting of State Board for Wildlife held on 20.02.2014 that the project proponent shall deposit an amount equivalent 2% of the total cost (i.e., Rs. 129.84 crore) of the project for carrying out the activities for production and conservation of SGNP / Tungreshwar Wildlife Sanctuary and adjoining forests. This condition may also be considered by the SBWL for this project.

After discussions the Standing Committee decided to recommend the proposal along with the conditions and the wildlife mitigation measures stipulated by the State Chief Wildlife Warden as it is outside the proposed eco-sensitive zone. The annual compliance certificate on the stipulated conditions should be submitted by the User Agency to the State Chief Wildlife Warden.

49.4.2.9 Proposal for the construction of residential and commercial complexes on plot bearing Old S.No. 98/1A, 1B, New S.No. 98/3, and New Sy.No. 100/11/1, 2 & 4 Bhayandarpada, Ghodbunder Road, Thane by M/s. Puranik Builders Pvt. Ltd.

The IGF(WL) briefed the Standing Committee on the proposal and stated that the project is for the construction of residential and commercial complexes in the *private land located at 3.5 km away from the boundary of proposed ESZ of Tungareswar Wildlife Sanctuary*. He added that the State Chief Wildlife Warden has recommended the proposal with the following conditions:

- (1) The proponent shall comply the conditions laid by MoEF for environmental clearance.
- (2) Natural growing trees existing on the project site Wad (*Ficus bengalensis*), Pimpal, Mango, Karanj and other fruit bearing trees shall be retained.
- (3) The project is recommended on the condition that excavated material at the time of construction will not be thrown in sea, bay of sea and natural drainage or creek.
- (4) As decided in the 8th meeting of State Board for Wildlife held on 20.02.2014 that the project proponent shall deposit an amount equivalent 2% of the total cost (i.e., Rs. 143.95 crore) of the project. This condition may also be considered by the SBWL for this project.

After discussions the Standing Committee decided to recommend the proposal along with the conditions and the wildlife mitigation measures stipulated by the State Chief Wildlife Warden as it is outside the proposed eco-sensitive zone. The annual compliance certificate on the stipulated conditions should be submitted by the User Agency to the State Chief Wildlife Warden.

49.4.2.10 Proposal for the construction of residential and commercial complexes is situated on plot bearing Sy.No. 67(111)/1, 67(111)/2, 67(111)/3, 67(111)/4, 67(111)/5, 67(111)/6, 67(111)/7, 109(70)/1, 109(70)/2, 71(112)/3, 71(112)/4,

71(112)/ 5, 72(107)/4, 72(107)/6B, 110/1, 68(110)/3 of Village Owale, Ghodbunder Road, Thane by M/s. Sai Pushp Enterprises (PRARAMBH V)

The IGF(WL) briefed the Standing Committee on the proposal and stated that the project is for the construction of residential and commercial complexes in the *private land located at 4.7 km away from the boundary of proposed ESZ of Tungareswar Wildlife Sanctuary*. He added that the State Chief Wildlife Warden has recommended the proposal with the following conditions:

- (1) The proponent shall comply the conditions laid by MoEF for environmental clearance.
- (2) Natural growing trees existing on the project site Wad (*Ficus bengalensis*), Pimpal, Mango, Karanj and other fruit bearing trees shall be retained.
- (3) The project is recommended on the condition that excavated material at the time of construction will not be thrown in sea, bay of sea and natural drainage or creek.
- (4) As decided in the 8th meeting of State Board for Wildlife held on 20.02.2014 that the project proponent shall deposit an amount equivalent 2% of the total cost (i.e., Rs. 325.49 crore) of the project. This condition may also be considered by the SBWL for this project.

After discussions the Standing Committee decided to recommend the proposal along with the conditions and the wildlife mitigation measures stipulated by the State Chief Wildlife Warden as it is outside the proposed eco-sensitive zone. The annual compliance certificate on the stipulated conditions should be submitted by the User Agency to the State Chief Wildlife Warden.

49.4.2.11 Proposal for the construction of residential and commercial complexes on plot bearing S.No.73 (108)1, 73(108)/2, 73(108) /3, 73(108)/4, 73(108)/5, 73(108)/6, 73/(108)7, 73(108)/8 of Village - Owale, Ghodbunder road, Thane by M/s. Sai Pushp Enterprises (PRARAMBH V)

The IGF(WL) briefed the Standing Committee on the proposal and stated that the project is for the construction of residential and commercial complexes in the *private land located at 4.7 km away from the boundary of proposed ESZ of Tungareswar Wildlife Sanctuary*. He added that the State Chief Wildlife Warden has recommended the proposal with the following conditions:

- (1) The proponent shall comply the conditions laid by MoEF for environmental clearance.

- (2) Natural growing trees existing on the project site Wad (*Ficus bengalensis*), Pimpal, Mango, Karanj and other fruit bearing trees shall be retained.
- (3) The project is recommended on the condition that excavated material at the time of construction will not be thrown in sea, bay of sea and natural drainage or creek.
- (4) As decided in the 8th meeting of State Board for Wildlife held on 20.02.2014 that the project proponent shall deposit an amount equivalent 2% of the total cost (i.e., Rs. 134.51 crore) of the project. This condition may also be considered by the SBWL for this project.

After discussions the Standing Committee decided to recommend the proposal along with the conditions and the wildlife mitigation measures stipulated by the State Chief Wildlife Warden as it is outside the proposed eco-sensitive zone. The annual compliance certificate on the stipulated conditions should be submitted by the User Agency to the State Chief Wildlife Warden.

49.4.2.12 Proposal for the construction of residential and commercial complexes on plot bearing S.No.21/11A, 21/9, 22/5, 22/1, 23/2/1, 23/3/1, 23/4 at Village - Vadavli, Ghodbunder road, Thane by M/s. Sai Pushp Enterprises (PRARAMBH V)

The IGF(WL) briefed the Standing Committee on the proposal and stated that the project is for the construction of residential and commercial complexes in the *private land located at 5.0 km away from the boundary of proposed ESZ of Tungareswar Wildlife Sanctuary*. He added that the State Chief Wildlife Warden has recommended the proposal with the following conditions:

- (1) The proponent shall comply the conditions laid by MoEF for environmental clearance.
- (2) Natural growing trees existing on the project site Wad (*Ficus bengalensis*), Pimpal, Mango, Karanj and other fruit bearing trees shall be retained.
- (3) The project is recommended on the condition that excavated material at the time of construction will not be thrown in sea, bay of sea and natural drainage or creek.
- (4) As decided in the 8th meeting of State Board for Wildlife held on 20.02.2014 that the project proponent shall deposit an amount equivalent 2% of the total cost (i.e., Rs. 200.0 crores) of the project. This condition may also be considered by the SBWL for this project.

After discussions the Standing Committee decided to recommend the proposal along with the conditions and the wildlife mitigation measures stipulated by the State Chief Wildlife Warden as it is outside the proposed eco-sensitive zone. The annual compliance certificate on the stipulated conditions should be submitted by the User Agency to the State Chief Wildlife Warden.

49.4.2.13 ONGC-Ramananthapuram exploratory drilling of 22 wells onshore

The IGF(WL) briefed the Standing Committee on the proposal and stated that the project is for drilling of 19 exploratory wells located within 10 km from the boundary of Sakkarakottai Bird Sanctuary, Therthangal Bird Sanctuary and Gulf of Mannar Marine National Park (out of 19 exploratory wells, 6 exploratory wells are located in the proposed ESZ of Gulf of Mannar Marine National Park, 12 wells are located in the proposed ESZ of Sakkarakottai Bird Sanctuary and one well located in the proposed ESZ of Therthangal Bird Sanctuary). Three exploratory wells are located 10 km away from the boundary of PAs. He added that the State Chief Wildlife Warden has recommended the proposal with the following conditions:

- (1) The project proponent is requested to contribute under corporate social responsibilities (CSR) in the interest of Sakkarakottai Bird Sanctuary, Therthangal Bird Sanctuary and Gulf of Mannar Marine National Park.
- (2) Considering the safety measures the project proponent may be directed to provide safety arrangements as highlighted in the Risk Management Plan wherever necessary and as directed by District Forest Officer.
- (3) The project proponent shall submit an undertaking stating that no disturbance will be caused to the wildlife during project implementation.
- (4) Any other condition stipulated by the Conservator of Forests / District Forest Officer shall be allowed.

After discussions the Standing Committee decided to recommend the proposal along with the conditions and the wildlife mitigation measures stipulated by the State Chief Wildlife Warden. The annual compliance certificate on the stipulated conditions should be submitted by the User Agency to the State Chief Wildlife Warden.

49.4.2.14 Proposal for laying of Ramanthapuram to Tuticorin underground natural gas pipeline passing through the default 10 km of ESZ Sakkarakottai Bird

**Sanctuary, Chitrangudi Bird Sanctuary, Melasekvanoor - Keelaselvanoor
Bird Sanctuary and Gulf of Mannar Marine National Park**

The IGF(WL) briefed the Standing Committee on the proposal and stated that the proposal involves the diversion of 46.0 ha of cumulative forestland (Sakkarakottai Bird Sanctuary : 16.34 ha + Chitrangudi Bird Sanctuary : 2.98 ha + Melasekvanoor Keelaselvanoor Bird Sanctuary : 11.91 ha + Gulf of Mannar Marine National Park : 14.68 ha) for underground laying of natural gas pipeline from Ramanthapuram to Tuticorin passing through the default 10 km of ESZ Sakkarakottai Bird Sanctuary, Chitrangudi Bird Sanctuary, Melasekvanoor - Keelaselvanoor Bird Sanctuary and Gulf of Mannar Marine National Park. He added that the State Chief Wildlife Warden has recommended the proposal without imposing conditions.

After discussions the Standing Committee decided to recommend the proposal. The annual compliance certificate on the stipulated conditions should be submitted by the User Agency to the State Chief Wildlife Warden.

49.4.2.15(i) Proposal for rough stone quarry S.No.314(Part 1) over an area of 3.00 ha situated in Tupuganapalii village, Shoolagiri Taluk, Krishnagiri District by G Perumal Rough Stone Quarry

The IGF(WL) briefed the Standing Committee on the proposal and stated that the project is for quarrying of rough stone in the *private land 3.0 ha falling outside of the proposed ESZ located at 8.50 km away from the boundary of North Cauvery Wildlife Sanctuary*. He added that the State Chief Wildlife Warden has recommended the proposal with following conditions:

- (1) The project proponent is requested to contribute under corporate social responsibilities (CSR) in the interest of North Cauvery Wildlife Sanctuary.
- (2) Any other condition stipulated by the Conservator of Forests / District Forest Officer shall be allowed.
- (3) The project proponent shall submit an undertaking stating that no disturbance will be caused to the wildlife during project implementation.

After discussions the Standing Committee decided to recommend the proposal as it is outside the proposed eco-sensitive zone. The annual compliance certificate on the stipulated conditions should be submitted by the User Agency to the State Chief Wildlife Warden.

49.4.2.15(ii) Proposal for rough stone quarry S.No.316 (Part 1) over an area of 2.89 ha situated in Daravendram village, Denkanikotai Taluk, Krishnagiri District by AVS Tech Building Solutions

The IGF(WL) briefed the Standing Committee on the proposal and stated that the project is for quarrying of rough stone in the *private land 2.89 ha falling outside of the proposed ESZ located at 7.50 km away from the boundary of North Cauvery Wildlife Sanctuary*. He added that the State Chief Wildlife Warden has recommended the proposal with following conditions:

- (1) The project proponent is requested to contribute under corporate social responsibilities (CSR) in the interest of North Cauvery Wildlife Sanctuary.
- (2) Any other condition stipulated by the Conservator of Forests / District Forest Officer shall be allowed.
- (3) The project proponent shall submit an undertaking stating that no disturbance will be caused to the wildlife during project implementation.

After discussions the Standing Committee decided to recommend the proposal as it is outside the proposed eco-sensitive zone. The annual compliance certificate on the stipulated conditions should be submitted by the User Agency to the State Chief Wildlife Warden.

49.4.2.15(iii) Proposal for rough stone quarry over an area of 2.70 ha situated in Daravendram village, Denkanikotai Taluk, Krishnagiri District by K M Gopalaiah

The IGF(WL) briefed the Standing Committee on the proposal and stated that the project is for quarrying of rough stone in the *private land 2.70 ha falling outside of the proposed ESZ located at 7.50 km away from the boundary of North Cauvery Wildlife Sanctuary*. He added that the State Chief Wildlife Warden has recommended the proposal with the following conditions:

- (1) The project proponent is requested to contribute under corporate social responsibilities (CSR) in the interest of North Cauvery Wildlife Sanctuary.
- (2) Any other condition stipulated by the Conservator of Forests / District Forest Officer shall be allowed.
- (3) The project proponent shall submit an undertaking stating that no disturbance will be caused to the wildlife during project implementation.

After discussions the Standing Committee decided to recommend the proposal along with the conditions and the wildlife mitigation measures stipulated by the State Chief Wildlife Warden as it is outside the proposed eco-sensitive zone. The annual compliance certificate on the stipulated conditions should be submitted by the User Agency to the State Chief Wildlife Warden.

49.4.2.15(iv) Proposal for granite quarry located in patta land S.No. 1114/2, 114/3(P), 1114/4, 110/2A(P), 116/1(P) over an area of 3.635 ha situated in Irudukottai village, Denkanikotai Taluk, Krishnagiri District by Multi-Colour Granite Quarry

The IGF(WL) briefed the Standing Committee on the proposal and stated that the project is for quarrying of multi-colour granite in the *private land 3.635 ha falling outside of the proposed ESZ located at 2.0 km away from the boundary of North Cauvery Wildlife Sanctuary*. He added that the State Chief Wildlife Warden has recommended the proposal with the following conditions:

- (1) The project proponent is requested to contribute under corporate social responsibilities (CSR) in the interest of North Cauvery Wildlife Sanctuary.
- (2) Any other condition stipulated by the Conservator of Forests / District Forest Officer shall be allowed.
- (3) The project proponent shall submit an undertaking stating that no disturbance will be caused to the wildlife during project implementation.

After discussions the Standing Committee decided to recommend the proposal along with the conditions and the wildlife mitigation measures stipulated by the State Chief Wildlife Warden as it is outside the proposed eco-sensitive zone. The annual compliance certificate on the stipulated conditions should be submitted by the User Agency to the State Chief Wildlife Warden.

49.4.2.15(v) Proposal for granite quarry B2 category located in patta land S.No.1753/A(P) & 1753/2 over an area of 1.705 ha situated in Sandanapalli village, Denkanikotai Taluk, Krishnagiri District by Surya Mining Agencies

The IGF(WL) briefed the Standing Committee on the proposal and stated that the project is for quarrying of granite in the *private land 1.705 ha falling outside of the proposed ESZ located at 2.23 km away from the boundary of North Cauvery Wildlife Sanctuary*. He

added that the State Chief Wildlife Warden has recommended the proposal with the following conditions:

- (1) The project proponent is requested to contribute under corporate social responsibilities (CSR) in the interest of North Cauvery Wildlife Sanctuary.
- (2) Any other condition stipulated by the Conservator of Forests / District Forest Officer shall be allowed.
- (3) The project proponent shall submit an undertaking stating that no disturbance will be caused to the wildlife during project implementation.

After discussions the Standing Committee decided to recommend the proposal along with the conditions and the wildlife mitigation measures stipulated by the State Chief Wildlife Warden as it is outside the proposed eco-sensitive zone. The annual compliance certificate on the stipulated conditions should be submitted by the User Agency to the State Chief Wildlife Warden.

49.4.2.15(vi) Proposal for multi-colour granite S.No.511/A over an area of 2.115 ha situated in Karandapalli village, Denkanikotai Taluk, Krishnagiri District by Surya Mining Agencies

The IGF(WL) briefed the Standing Committee on the proposal and stated that the project is for quarrying of multi-colour granite in the *private land 2.115 ha located at 1.24 km away from the boundary of North Cauvery Wildlife Sanctuary*. He added that the State Chief Wildlife Warden has recommended the proposal with the following conditions:

- (1) The project proponent is requested to contribute under corporate social responsibilities (CSR) in the interest of North Cauvery Wildlife Sanctuary.
- (2) Any other condition stipulated by the Conservator of Forests / District Forest Officer shall be allowed.
- (3) The project proponent shall submit an undertaking stating that no disturbance will be caused to the wildlife during project implementation.

The Standing Committee suggested to request the State Government to verify the project location *vis-a-vis* the proposed ESZ of North Cauvery Wildlife Sanctuary and furnish the report to the Ministry for further consideration.

After discussions the Standing Committee decided to defer the proposal.

49.4.2.15(vii) Proposal for multi granite over an area of 1.00 ha of patta land falling in S.No.623/1(P) & 623/2(P) situated in Agalakottai village, Denkanikotai Taluk, Krishnagiri District by Loganathan

The IGF(WL) briefed the Standing Committee on the proposal and stated that the project is for quarrying of multi-colour granite in the *private land 1.00 ha located at 1.54 km away from the boundary of North Cauvery Wildlife Sanctuary*. He added that the State Chief Wildlife Warden has recommended the proposal with the following conditions:

- (1) The project proponent is requested to contribute under corporate social responsibilities (CSR) in the interest of North Cauvery Wildlife Sanctuary.
- (2) Any other condition stipulated by the Conservator of Forests / District Forest Officer shall be allowed.
- (3) The project proponent shall submit an undertaking stating that no disturbance will be caused to the wildlife during project implementation.

The Standing Committee suggested to request the State Government to verify the project location *vis-a-vis* the proposed ESZ of North Cauvery Wildlife Sanctuary and furnish the report to the Ministry for further consideration.

After discussions the Standing Committee decided to defer the proposal.

49.4.2.15(viii) Proposal for block granite over an area of 1.215 ha falling in S.No.322/1(Part) situated in Agalakottai village, Denkanikotai Taluk, Krishnagiri District by Karnataka State Industrial and Infrastructure Development Corporation Limited

The IGF(WL) briefed the Standing Committee on the proposal and stated that the project is for quarrying of block granite in the *private land 1.215 ha located at 1.37 km away from the boundary of North Cauvery Wildlife Sanctuary*. He added that the State Chief Wildlife Warden has recommended the proposal with the following conditions:

- (1) The project proponent is requested to contribute under corporate social responsibilities (CSR) in the interest of Cauvery North Wildlife Sanctuary.
- (2) Any other condition stipulated by the Conservator of Forests / District Forest Officer shall be allowed.
- (3) The project proponent shall submit an undertaking stating that no disturbance will be caused to the wildlife during project implementation.

The Standing Committee suggested to request the State Government to verify the project location *vis-a-vis* the proposed ESZ of North Cauvery Wildlife Sanctuary and furnish the report to the Ministry for further consideration.

After discussions the Standing Committee decided to defer the proposal.

49.4.2.15(ix) Proposal for block granite over an area at of 1.075 ha falling in S.No.511/1 situated in Agalakottai village, Denkanikotai Taluk, Krishnagiri District by Karnataka State N M granites Private Limited

The IGF(WL) briefed the Standing Committee on the proposal and stated that the project is for quarrying of block granite in the *private land 1.075 ha located at 1.49 km away from the boundary of North Cauvery Wildlife Sanctuary*. He added that the State Chief Wildlife Warden has recommended the proposal with the following conditions:

- (1) The project proponent is requested to contribute under corporate social responsibilities (CSR) in the interest of Cauvery North Wildlife Sanctuary.
- (2) Any other condition stipulated by the Conservator of Forests / District Forest Officer shall be allowed.
- (3) The project proponent shall submit an undertaking stating that no disturbance will be caused to the wildlife during project implementation.

The Standing Committee suggested to request the State Government to verify the project location *vis-a-vis* the proposed ESZ of North Cauvery Wildlife Sanctuary and furnish the report to the Ministry for further consideration.

After discussions the Standing Committee decided to defer the proposal.

49.4.2.15(x) Proposal for establishment of multi-colour granite at S.No. 1158/8, 1158/9, 1160/ 3A, 1164/4, 1161/2 (Part), 1161/3(Part), 1161/4a (Part), 1161/5 (Part) & 1166/5 (Part) over an area at of 3.125 ha falling in situated in Irudhukottai village, Denkanikotai Taluk, Krishnagiri District by Jayaprakash Multi-colored Granite Quarry

The IGF(WL) briefed the Standing Committee on the proposal and stated that the project is for quarrying of multi-colour granite in the *private land 3.125 ha located at 5.0 km away from the boundary of proposed ESZ of North Cauvery Wildlife Sanctuary*. He added that the State Chief Wildlife Warden has recommended the proposal with the following conditions:

- (1) The project proponent is requested to contribute under corporate social responsibilities (CSR) in the interest of Cauvery North Wildlife Sanctuary.
- (2) Any other condition stipulated by the Conservator of Forests / District Forest Officer shall be allowed.
- (3) The project proponent shall submit an undertaking stating that no disturbance will be caused to the wildlife during project implementation.

After discussions the Standing Committee decided to recommend the proposal along with the conditions and the wildlife mitigation measures stipulated by the State Chief Wildlife Warden as it is outside the proposed eco-sensitive zone. The annual compliance certificate on the stipulated conditions should be submitted by the User Agency to the State Chief Wildlife Warden.

49.4.2.15(xi) Proposal for extraction of rough stone quarry S.No. 629(Part I) over an area of 4.0 ha situated in Nagamangalam village, Denkanikotai Taluk, Krishnagiri District by Amrish Rough Stones

The IGF(WL) briefed the Standing Committee on the proposal and stated that the project is for quarrying of rough stone in the *private land 4.0 ha located at 3.48 km away from the boundary of proposed ESZ of North Cauvery Wildlife Sanctuary*. He added that the State Chief Wildlife Warden has recommended the proposal with the following conditions:

- (1) The project proponent is requested to contribute under corporate social responsibilities (CSR) in the interest of Cauvery North Wildlife Sanctuary.
- (2) Any other condition stipulated by the Conservator of Forests / District Forest Officer shall be allowed.
- (3) The project proponent shall submit an undertaking stating that no disturbance will be caused to the wildlife during project implementation.

After discussions the Standing Committee decided to recommend the proposal along with the conditions and the wildlife mitigation measures stipulated by the State Chief Wildlife Warden as it is outside the proposed eco-sensitive zone. The annual compliance certificate on the stipulated conditions should be submitted by the User Agency to the State Chief Wildlife Warden.

49.4.2.15(xii) Proposal for extraction of rough stone quarry S.No.629 (Part II) over an area of 4.0 ha situated in Nagamangalam village, Denkanikotai Taluk, Krishnagiri District by Amrish Rough Stones

The IGF(WL) briefed the Standing Committee on the proposal and stated that the project is for quarrying of rough stone in the *private land 4.0 ha located at 3.51 km away from the boundary of proposed ESZ of North Cauvery Wildlife Sanctuary*. He added that the State Chief Wildlife Warden has recommended the proposal with the following conditions:

- (1) The project proponent is requested to contribute under corporate social responsibilities (CSR) in the interest of Cauvery North Wildlife Sanctuary.
- (2) Any other condition stipulated by the Conservator of Forests / District Forest Officer shall be allowed.
- (3) The project proponent shall submit an undertaking stating that no disturbance will be caused to the wildlife during project implementation.

After discussions the Standing Committee decided to recommend the proposal along with the conditions and the wildlife mitigation measures stipulated by the State Chief Wildlife Warden as it is outside the proposed eco-sensitive zone. The annual compliance certificate on the stipulated conditions should be submitted by the User Agency to the State Chief Wildlife Warden.

49.4.2.15(xiii) Proposal for establishment of grey granite over an area of 3.365 ha in S.No.1202/1C, 1202/1D, 1203/1 & 1203/4 Nagamangalam village, Denkanikotai Taluk, Krishnagiri District by Krishna Grey Granites

The IGF(WL) briefed the Standing Committee on the proposal and stated that the project is for quarrying of grey granite in the *private land 3.365 ha located at 6.20 km away from the boundary of proposed ESZ of North Cauvery Wildlife Sanctuary*. He added that the State Chief Wildlife Warden has recommended the proposal with the following conditions:

- (1) The project proponent is requested to contribute under corporate social responsibilities (CSR) in the interest of Cauvery North Wildlife Sanctuary.
- (2) Any other condition stipulated by the Conservator of Forests / District Forest Officer shall be allowed.
- (3) The project proponent shall submit an undertaking stating that no disturbance will be caused to the wildlife during project implementation.

After discussions the Standing Committee decided to recommend the proposal along with the conditions and the wildlife mitigation measures stipulated by the State Chief Wildlife Warden as it is outside the proposed eco-sensitive zone. The annual compliance certificate on the stipulated conditions should be submitted by the User Agency to the State Chief Wildlife Warden.

49.4.2.15(xiv) Proposal for block granite over an area of 1.9 ha falling in S.No.802/3B1, 803/1, 803/2, 804/3, 805/1(Part), 805/2, 831/2(Part) situated in Irudhukottai village, Denkanikotai Taluk, Krishnagiri District by Seven Hills Granites

The IGF(WL) briefed the Standing Committee on the proposal and stated that the project is for quarrying of block granite in the *private land 1.90 ha located at 5.0 km away from the boundary of proposed ESZ of North Cauvery Wildlife Sanctuary*. He added that the State Chief Wildlife Warden has recommended the proposal with the following conditions:

- (1) The project proponent is requested to contribute under corporate social responsibilities (CSR) in the interest of Cauvery North Wildlife Sanctuary.
- (2) Any other condition stipulated by the Conservator of Forests / District Forest Officer shall be allowed.
- (3) The project proponent shall submit an undertaking stating that no disturbance will be caused to the wildlife during project implementation.

After discussions the Standing Committee decided to recommend the proposal as it is outside the proposed eco-sensitive zone. The annual compliance certificate on the stipulated conditions should be submitted by the User Agency to the State Chief Wildlife Warden.

49.4.2.15(xv) Proposal for extraction of rough stone quarry over an area of 1.915 ha, S.No.1257/1 situated in Nagamangalam village, Denkanikotai Taluk, Krishnagiri District by Dinesh Polavarapu

The IGF(WL) briefed the Standing Committee on the proposal and stated that the project is for quarrying of rough stone in *the private land 1.915 ha located at 1.81 km away from the boundary of proposed ESZ of North Cauvery Wildlife Sanctuary*. He added that the State Chief Wildlife Warden has recommended the proposal with the following conditions:

- (1) The project proponent is requested to contribute under corporate social responsibilities (CSR) in the interest of Cauvery North Wildlife Sanctuary.
- (2) Any other condition stipulated by the Conservator of Forests / District Forest Officer shall be allowed.
- (3) The project proponent shall submit an undertaking stating that no disturbance will be caused to the wildlife during project implementation.

After discussions the Standing Committee decided to recommend the proposal along with the conditions and the wildlife mitigation measures stipulated by the State Chief Wildlife Warden as it is outside the proposed eco-sensitive zone. The annual compliance certificate on the stipulated conditions should be submitted by the User Agency to the State Chief Wildlife Warden.

49.4.2.15(xvi) Proposal for granite quarry located in patta land S.F.No.59/2B, 59/3A (Part), 59/3B, 60/2A & 60/3A over an area of 3.445 ha situated in Karanadapalli village, Denkanikotai Taluk, Krishnagiri District by Surya Mining Services

The IGF(WL) briefed the Standing Committee on the proposal and stated that the project is for quarrying of granite in the *private land 3.445 ha located at 1.54 km away from the boundary of North Cauvery Wildlife Sanctuary*. He added that the State Chief Wildlife Warden has recommended the proposal with the following conditions:

- (1) The project proponent is requested to contribute under corporate social responsibilities (CSR) in the interest of Cauvery North Wildlife Sanctuary.
- (2) Any other condition stipulated by the Conservator of Forests / District Forest Officer shall be allowed.
- (3) The project proponent shall submit an undertaking stating that no disturbance will be caused to the wildlife during project implementation.

The Standing Committee suggested to request the State Government to verify the project location *vis-a-vis* the proposed ESZ of North Cauvery Wildlife Sanctuary and furnish the report to the Ministry for further consideration.

After discussions the Standing Committee decided to defer the proposal.

49.4.2.16 Proposal for capacity enhancement of resin manufacturing from 100 TPM to 1700 TPM at S.F.No. 176B/4, 1818, 182/1, 182/2, 183/3, 186/1B, 186/2, 187/1A, 187/2, 187/1B, 187/2B, 187/3B, 187/1C at Chinna Odulapuram,

Village, Dummidipondi Taluk, Thiruvur District by Century Ply Boards (India) Limited

The IGF(WL) briefed the Standing Committee on the proposal and stated that the project is for enhancing the manufacturing capacity of resin from 100 TPM to 1700 TPM in the private land 10.52 ha *located at 4.28 km away from the boundary of proposed ESZ of Pulicat Bird Sanctuary*. He added that the State Chief Wildlife Warden has recommended the proposal without imposing conditions.

After discussions the Standing Committee decided to recommend the proposal. The annual compliance certificate on the stipulated conditions should be submitted by the User Agency to the State Chief Wildlife Warden.

49.4.2.17(i) Proposal for rough stone quarry over an area of 1.785 ha of S.No. 794/3 located at Padmanagamangalam village, Srivaikuntam Taluk, Thoothukudi District by K Kathirkamaraj

The IGF(WL) briefed the Standing Committee on the proposal and stated that the project is for quarrying of rough stone in the *private land 1.785 ha located at 1.72 km away from the boundary of Vellanadu Blackbuck Wildlife Sanctuary*. He added that the State Chief Wildlife Warden has recommended the proposal with the following conditions:

- (1) The project proponent is requested to contribute under corporate social responsibilities (CSR) in the interest of Vellanadu Blackbuck Wildlife Sanctuary (in order to conserve the flora and fauna mitigation measures are essential). Particularly to conserve the elephant populations by providing Elephant Proof Trenches / Solar Fencings, engaging elephant trackers etc., and mitigation measures if any proposed by the Conservator of Forests / District Forest Officer.
- (2) Any other condition stipulated by the Conservator of Forests / District Forest Officer shall be followed.
- (3) The project proponent shall submit an undertaking stating that no disturbance will be caused to the wildlife during project implementation.

The Standing Committee suggested to request the State Government to verify the project location *vis-a-vis* the proposed ESZ of Vellanadu Blackbuck Wildlife Sanctuary and furnish the report to the Ministry for further consideration.

After discussions the Standing Committee decided to defer the proposal.

49.4.2.17(ii) Proposal for rough stone quarry over an area of 1.790 ha of S.No.794/1 located at Padmanagamangalam village, Srivaikuntam Taluk, Thoothukudi District by K. Kathirkamaraj

The IGF(WL) briefed the Standing Committee on the proposal and stated that the project is for quarrying of rough stone in the *private land 1.790 ha located at 1.40 km away from the boundary of Vellanadu Blackbuck Wildlife Sanctuary*. He added that the State Chief Wildlife Warden has recommended the proposal with the following conditions:

- (1) The project proponent is requested to contribute under corporate social responsibilities (CSR) in the interest of Vellanadu Blackbuck Wildlife Sanctuary (in order to conserve the flora and fauna mitigation measures are essential). Particularly to conserve the elephant populations by providing Elephant Proof Trenches / Solar Fencings, engaging elephant trackers etc., and mitigation measures if any proposed by the Conservator of Forests / District Forest Officer.
- (2) Any other condition stipulated by the Conservator of Forests / District Forest Officer shall be followed.
- (3) The project proponent shall submit an undertaking stating that no disturbance will be caused to the wildlife during project implementation.

The Standing Committee suggested to request the State Government to verify the project location *vis-a-vis* the proposed ESZ of Vellanadu Blackbuck Wildlife Sanctuary and furnish the report to the Ministry for further consideration.

After discussions the Standing Committee decided to defer the proposal.

49.4.2.17(iii) Proposal for rough stone quarry over an area of 4.91 ha located at Srimulakarai village, Srivaikuntam Taluk, Thoothukudi District by Taraparani Enterprises and Realty Private Ltd

The IGF(WL) briefed the Standing Committee on the proposal and stated that the project is for quarrying of rough stone in *the private land 4.91 ha located at 6.0 km away from the boundary of proposed ESZ of Vellanadu Blackbuck Wildlife Sanctuary*. He added that the State Chief Wildlife Warden has recommended the proposal with the following conditions:

- (1) The project proponent is requested to contribute under corporate social responsibilities (CSR) in the interest of Vellanadu Blackbuck Wildlife Sanctuary (in

order to conserve the flora and fauna mitigation measures are essential). Particularly to conserve the elephant populations by providing Elephant Proof Trenches / Solar Fencings, engaging elephant trackers etc., and mitigation measures if any proposed by the Conservator of Forests / District Forest Officer.

- (2) Any other condition stipulated by the Conservator of Forests / District Forest Officer shall be followed.
- (3) The project proponent shall submit an undertaking stating that no disturbance will be caused to the wildlife during project implementation.

After discussions the Standing Committee decided to recommend the proposal as it is outside the proposed eco-sensitive zone. The annual compliance certificate on the stipulated conditions should be submitted by the User Agency to the State Chief Wildlife Warden.

49.4.2.17(iv) Proposal for establishment of new blue metal quarry over an area of 4.91 ha of S.No.717 (Part) and 725 (Part) located at Padmanagamangalam village, Srivaikuntam Taluk, Thoothukudi District by Shri Venkateswara Construction Materials and Industries

The IGF(WL) briefed the Standing Committee on the proposal and stated that the project is for quarrying of blue metal stone in the *private land 4.91 ha located at 3.5 km away from the boundary of proposed ESZ of Vellanadu Blackbuck Wildlife Sanctuary*. He added that the State Chief Wildlife Warden has recommended the proposal with the following conditions:

- (1) The project proponent is requested to contribute under corporate social responsibilities (CSR) in the interest of Vellanadu Blackbuck Wildlife Sanctuary (in order to conserve the flora and fauna mitigation measures are essential). Particularly to conserve the elephant populations by providing Elephant Proof Trenches / Solar Fencings, engaging elephant trackers etc., and mitigation measures if any proposed by the Conservator of Forests / District Forest Officer.
- (2) Any other condition stipulated by the Conservator of Forests / District Forest Officer shall be followed.
- (3) The project proponent shall submit an undertaking stating that no disturbance will be caused to the wildlife during project implementation.

After discussions the Standing Committee decided to recommend the proposal along with the conditions and the wildlife mitigation measures stipulated by the State Chief

Wildlife Warden as it is outside the proposed eco-sensitive zone. The annual compliance certificate on the stipulated conditions should be submitted by the User Agency to the State Chief Wildlife Warden.

49.4.2.17(v) Proposal for establishment of rough stone quarry over an area of 1.84 ha of S.No. 739/1 located at Padmanagamangalam village, Srivaikuntam Taluk, Thoothukudi District by Raja Jeba Doss

The IGF(WL) briefed the Standing Committee on the proposal and stated that the project is for quarrying of rough stone in the *private land 1.84 ha located at 2.0 km away from the boundary of Vellanadu Blackbuck Wildlife Sanctuary*. He added that the State Chief Wildlife Warden has recommended the proposal with the following conditions:

- (1) The project proponent is requested to contribute under corporate social responsibilities (CSR) in the interest of Vellanadu Blackbuck Wildlife Sanctuary (in order to conserve the flora and fauna mitigation measures are essential). Particularly to conserve the elephant populations by providing Elephant Proof Trenches / Solar Fencings, engaging elephant trackers etc., and mitigation measures if any proposed by the Conservator of Forests / District Forest Officer.
- (2) Any other condition stipulated by the Conservator of Forests / District Forest Officer shall be followed.
- (3) The project proponent shall submit an undertaking stating that no disturbance will be caused to the wildlife during project implementation.

The Standing Committee suggested to request the State Government to verify the project location *vis-a-vis* the proposed ESZ of Vellanadu Blackbuck Wildlife Sanctuary and furnish the report to the Ministry for further consideration.

After discussions the Standing Committee decided to defer the proposal.

49.4.2.18(i) Proposal for rough stone mine and gravel quarry over an area of 1.505 ha of S.No.19/4 located at Thuyam Poondurai village, Erode Taluk, Erode District by T. Subramani

The IGF(WL) briefed the Standing Committee on the proposal and stated that the project is for quarrying of rough stone in the *private land 1.505 ha located at 7.069 km away from the boundary of proposed ESZ of Vellode Bird Sanctuary*. He added that the State Chief Wildlife Warden has recommended the proposal with the following conditions:

- (1) The project proponent is requested to contribute under corporate social responsibilities (CSR) in the interest of Vellode Bird Sanctuary (in order to conserve the flora and fauna mitigation measures are essential). Particularly to conserve the elephant populations by providing Elephant Proof Trenches / Solar Fencings, engaging elephant trackers etc., and mitigation measures if any proposed by the Conservator of Forests / District Forest Officer.
- (2) Any other condition stipulated by the Conservator of Forests / District Forest Officer shall be followed.
- (3) The project proponent shall submit an undertaking stating that no disturbance will be caused to the wildlife during project implementation.

After discussions the Standing Committee decided to recommend the proposal along with the conditions and the wildlife mitigation measures stipulated by the State Chief Wildlife Warden as it is outside the proposed eco-sensitive zone. The annual compliance certificate on the stipulated conditions should be submitted by the User Agency to the State Chief Wildlife Warden.

49.4.2.18(ii) Proposal for rough stone mine and gravel quarry over an area of 4.720 ha of S.No. 118/2, 3, 19/1, 1 & 19/3 located at Mugasai Anumanpalli village and Attavanai Anumanpalli village, Erode Taluk, Erode District by K Thangamuthu

The IGF(WL) briefed the Standing Committee on the proposal and stated that the project is for quarrying of rough stone in the *private land 4.720 ha located at 6.581 km away from the boundary of proposed ESZ of Vellode Bird Sanctuary*. He added that the State Chief Wildlife Warden has recommended the proposal with the following conditions:

- (1) The project proponent is requested to contribute under corporate social responsibilities (CSR) in the interest of Vellode Bird Sanctuary (in order to conserve the flora and fauna mitigation measures are essential). Particularly to conserve the elephant populations by providing Elephant Proof Trenches / Solar Fencings, engaging elephant trackers etc., and mitigation measures if any proposed by the Conservator of Forests / District Forest Officer.
- (2) Any other condition stipulated by the Conservator of Forests / District Forest Officer shall be followed.
- (3) The project proponent shall submit an undertaking stating that no disturbance will be caused to the wildlife during project implementation.

After discussions the Standing Committee decided to recommend the proposal along with the conditions and the wildlife mitigation measures stipulated by the State Chief Wildlife Warden as it is outside the proposed eco-sensitive zone. The annual compliance certificate on the stipulated conditions should be submitted by the User Agency to the State Chief Wildlife Warden.

49.4.2.18(iii) Proposal for rough stone mine and gravel quarry over an area of 0.905 ha of S.No. 19/4 located at Attavanai Anumanpalli village, Erode Taluk, Erode District by T Ashok Kumar

The IGF(WL) briefed the Standing Committee on the proposal and stated that the project is for quarrying of rough stone in the *private land 1.505 ha located at 7.069 km away from the boundary of proposed ESZ of Vellode Bird Sanctuary*. He added that the State Chief Wildlife Warden has recommended the proposal with the following conditions:

- (1) The project proponent is requested to contribute under corporate social responsibilities (CSR) in the interest of Vellode Bird Sanctuary (in order to conserve the flora and fauna mitigation measures are essential). Particularly to conserve the elephant populations by providing Elephant Proof Trenches / Solar Fencings, engaging elephant trackers etc., and mitigation measures if any proposed by the Conservator of Forests / District Forest Officer.
- (2) Any other condition stipulated by the Conservator of Forests / District Forest Officer shall be followed.
- (3) The project proponent shall submit an undertaking stating that no disturbance will be caused to the wildlife during project implementation.

After discussions the Standing Committee decided to recommend the proposal along with the conditions and the wildlife mitigation measures stipulated by the State Chief Wildlife Warden as it is outside the proposed eco-sensitive zone. The annual compliance certificate on the stipulated conditions should be submitted by the User Agency to the State Chief Wildlife Warden.

49.4.2.19 Proposal for development of Industrial Estate in Krishnagiri District by GMR Krishnagiri SEZ Ltd located at 0.58 km from the North Cauvery Wildlife Sanctuary

The IGF(WL) briefed the Standing Committee on the proposal and stated that the project is for the development of industrial estate in the *private land 850 ha falls in the proposed ESZ located at 0.58 km away from the boundary of North Cauvery Wildlife Sanctuary*. He added that the State Chief Wildlife Warden has recommended the proposal with the following conditions:

- (1) The project proponent is requested to contribute under corporate social responsibilities (CSR) in the interest of Cauvery North Wildlife Sanctuary (in order to conserve the flora and fauna mitigation measures are essential). Particularly to conserve the elephant populations by providing Elephant Proof Trenches / Solar Fencings, engaging elephant trackers etc., and mitigation measures if any proposed by the Conservator of Forests / District Forest Officer.
- (2) Any other condition stipulated by the Conservator of Forests / District Forest Officer shall be followed.
- (3) The project proponent shall submit an undertaking stating that no disturbance will be caused to the wildlife during project implementation.

The Standing Committee suggested to request the State Government to verify the project location *vis-a-vis* the proposed ESZ of North Cauvery Wildlife Sanctuary and furnish the report to the Ministry for further consideration.

After discussions the Standing Committee decided to defer the proposal.

49.4.2.20 Proposal for setup a cement grinding unit of 1.5 MTPA capacity with packing unit at Sy.No.412 and 413 of Melamaruthur Village, Orttapidaram Taluk, Tuticorn District, Tamil Nadu by M/s. Modern Building Materials Private Ltd.

The IGF(WL) briefed the Standing Committee on the proposal and stated that the project is for setup a cement grinding unit of 1.5 MTPA capacity with packing unit in the *private land of 40.0 ha located at 8.80 km away from the boundary of proposed ESZ of Gulf of Mannar Marine National Park*. He added that the State Chief Wildlife Warden has recommended the proposal with the following conditions:

- (1) The project proponent is requested to contribute under corporate social responsibilities (CSR) in the interest of Gulf of Mannar Marine National Park.
- (2) Any other condition stipulated by the Conservator of Forests / District Forest Officer shall be allowed.

- (3) The project proponent shall submit an undertaking stating that no disturbance will be caused to the wildlife during project implementation.

After discussions the Standing Committee decided to recommend the proposal along with the conditions and the wildlife mitigation measures stipulated by the State Chief Wildlife Warden as it is outside the proposed eco-sensitive zone. The annual compliance certificate on the stipulated conditions should be submitted by the User Agency to the State Chief Wildlife Warden.

49.4.2.21 Proposal for rough stone quarry over an area of 0.46 ha of private land in S.No. 442/2A1 situated in Villukuri village, Denkanikotai Taluk, Krishnagiri District by M/s. Annai Veilankannis Foundation

The IGF(WL) briefed the Standing Committee on the proposal and stated that the project is for quarrying of rough stone in the *private land of 0.46 ha located at 8.20 km away from the boundary of proposed ESZ of Kanyakumari Wildlife Sanctuary*. He added that the State Chief Wildlife Warden has recommended the proposal with the following conditions:

- (1) The project proponent is requested to contribute under corporate social responsibilities (CSR) in the interest of Kanyakumari Wildlife Sanctuary.
- (2) Any other condition stipulated by the Conservator of Forests / District Forest Officer shall be allowed.
- (3) The project proponent shall submit an undertaking stating that no disturbance will be caused to the wildlife during project implementation.

After discussions the Standing Committee decided to recommend the proposal along with the conditions and the wildlife mitigation measures stipulated by the State Chief Wildlife Warden as it is outside the proposed eco-sensitive zone. The annual compliance certificate on the stipulated conditions should be submitted by the User Agency to the State Chief Wildlife Warden.

49.4.2.22 Expansion of Industrial Area Kuber located in Ranpur village, Tehsil Ladpura of Kota District

The IGF(WL) briefed the Standing Committee on the proposal and stated that the project is for expansion of industrial area in the *private land 93.187 ha located at 6.5 km away from the boundary of Mukundara Hills Tiger Reserve*. He added that the State Chief Wildlife Warden has recommended the proposal with the following conditions:

- (1) 2% of proportionate cost of the project within the boundary of Mukundara Hills Tiger Reserve will be deposited by the User Agency in the account of Rajasthan Protected Areas conservation Society (RPACS) for wildlife conservation and mitigation works.
- (2) No material of any kind should be extracted from the protected area.
- (3) Rain water harvesting structures for utilizing and recharging of water should be mandatory for all industrial units.
- (4) Green belt should be created by plantation on the periphery of the project area by the User Agency.
- (5) The User Agency and project personnel will comply with the provisions of the Wildlife (Protection) Act, 1972.

Further the IGF(WL) also stated that the NTCA has recommended the proposal subject to the adherence to the condition that the CWLW, Govt. of Rajasthan shall ensure that the boundary of the proposed ESZ of Mukundara Hills Tiger Reserve is drawn by including activities of regulatory nature in such manner that a shock absorber is created in transition zone as mandated vide NTCA's Letter No. 15-22/2013-NTCA dated 27th February 2015 and 7th July 2015.

After discussions the Standing Committee decided to recommend the proposal along with the conditions and the wildlife mitigation measures stipulated by the State Chief Wildlife Warden and the NTCA. The annual compliance certificate on the stipulated conditions should be submitted by the User Agency to the State Chief Wildlife Warden.

49.4.2.23 Establishment of Lighthouse as advised by Central Advisory Committee for Lighthouses

The IGF(WL) briefed the Standing Committee on the proposal and stated that the project is for establishment of lighthouse *in the private land 0.332 ha located at 0.05 km away from the boundary of Bhittarkanika National Park*. He added that the State Chief Wildlife Warden has recommended the proposal with the condition that the lighting periodicity of light house should be as per the suggestion of the Wildlife Institute of India, Dehradun i.e., relatively short ON (5s) to longer OFF (15s) be followed strictly by the project proponent.

After discussions the Standing Committee decided to recommend the proposal along with the conditions stipulated by the State Chief Wildlife Warden in consultation with WII.

The annual compliance certificate on the stipulated conditions should be submitted by the User Agency to the State Chief Wildlife Warden.

LIST OF PARTICIPANTS

1	Shri Harsh Vardhan Hon'ble Minister for Environment, Forest & Climate Change	Chairman
2	Shri C K Mishra, Secretary, MoEF&CC	Member
3	Shri Siddhanta Das, DGF&SS, MoEF&CC	Member
4	Shri Manmohan Singh Negi, ADGF(WL), MoEF&CC	Member Secretary
5	Dr H S Singh, Member, NBWL	Member
6	Shri R D Kamboj, Member, NBWL	Member
7	Dr V B Mathur, Director, WII Dehradun	Member
8	Shri Saibal Dasgupta, ADGF(FC), MoEF&CC	Invitee
9	Shri Tripurari Sharan, Prl.Secretary, Envi. & Forest, Odisha	Invitee
10	Shri Sandeep Tripathi, PCCF (WL) & CWLW, Odisha	Invitee
11	Shri Dilip Kumar, APCCF (WL), Madhya Pradesh	Invitee
12	Shri M K Rao, APCCF (WL), Maharashtra	Invitee
13	Shri Bharat Jyoti, APCCF & CWLW, Bihar	Invitee
14	Shri Soumitra Dasgupta, IGF(WL), MoEF&CC	Invitee
15	Shri Nishant Verma, DIGF(NTCA)	Invitee
16	Shri Vinod Kumar, Field Director, Telangana	Invitee
17	P Ravi, Scientist (WL), MoEF&CC	Invitee

1	Name of the Proposal	Diversion of 595.64 ha of forestland in Karwar, Yellapura and Dharwad Division for the construction of New Broad Gauge Railway line of Hubballi-Ankola
2	Name of the protected Area involved	Dharwad Elephant Corridor Yellapura Elephant Corridor Dandeli Wildlife Reserve
3	File No.	6-251/2017 WL
4	Name of the State	Karnataka
5	Whether proposal is sub-judice	Not sub-judice
6	Area of the protected area	Dharwad Elephant Corridor : 37711.988 ha Kanwar elephant Corridor : 100131.176 ha
7(a)	Area proposed for diversion/ Denotification	Dharwad Elephant Corridor : 42.0 ha Yellapura Elephant Corridor : 304.06 ha Kanwar elephant Corridor : 249.58 ha Total: 595.64 ha
7(b)	Area so far diverted from the protected area(s)	NIL
8	Name of the applicant agency	Deputy Chief engineer, Construction I, South Western Railway, Hubli, Karnataka
9	Total number of tree to be felled	NIL
10	Maps depicting the Sanctuary and the diversion proposal included or not	YES
11	Recommendation of State Board for Wildlife	No SBWL recommendations. However it was mentioned in the Part V that the <i>post facto</i> approval will be taken in the next SBWL meeting.
12	Brief justification on the proposal as given by the applicant agency	Diversion of 595.64 ha of forestland from Karwar, Yellapura and Dharwad forest Divisions is required for the construction of broad gauge railway line of Hubballi-Ankola. The proposed project would improve the transportation facility in the State. Further it will also provide safe, faster and economical mode of transportation of goods.
13	Rare and endangered species found in the area	Dharwad / Yellapura Elephant Corridor and Dandeli Wildlife Reserve are home to tiger, black panther, Indian sloth bear, Indian pangolin, giant Malabar squirrel, dhole, Indian jackal, barking deer, Indian elephant, etc.
14	Opinion of the Chief Wildlife Warden	The State CWLW/SBWL has recommended the proposal with the following conditions: The mitigation measures suggested by the IISc Bangalore must be strictly implemented.
15	Comments of Ministry	The Standing Committee may like to take a view on the proposal.

1	Name of the Proposal	<p>Diversion of 96.65 ha (Reduced from 131.67 ha) in Muthinakoppa Minor Forest & Aramballi State Forest in Koppa Division for construction of a irrigation canal under the Bhadra Upper Project Package-I, Karnataka Neeravari Nigam Limited, Division-1, Gajanur Shivamogga, Karnataka.</p> <p style="text-align: center;">&</p> <p>Diversion of 110.10 ha of forest land (reduced from 186.42 ha) in Bhadravathi Division for the construction of a lift irrigation canal under the Upper Bhadra Project Package-II, (lifting of water from Bhadra Tiger Reserve at Ajampura delivery Chamber) B R Project, Bhadravathi, Karnataka</p>
2	Name of the protected Area involved	Bhadra Wildlife Sanctuary/Tiger Reserve
3	File No.	6-186/2016 WL
4	Name of the State	Karnataka
5	Whether proposal is sub-judice	Not sub-judice
6	Area of the protected area	500.0007 sq.km
7(a)	Area proposed for diversion/Denotification	<p>96.65 ha Muthinakoppa Minor Forest</p> <p>An area of 14 ha and 50.474 ha is required for Upper Bhadra Project, Package-II in Bhadra Wildlife Sanctuary/TR and in the area of ESZ respectively. However this project required an extent 110.10 ha (68.64+41.46 ha) for diversion of forest area in Tyadgadabgi, Chikkatur Gurupura mines forest and State Forest.</p> <p>110.10 ha Bhadravathi Division</p>
7(b)	Area so far diverted from the protected area(s)	93.07 ha
8	Name of the applicant agency	Karnataka Neeravari Nigam Ltd.
9	Total number of tree to be felled	<p>Clearing of vegetation in forest land of an extent of 96.95 ha in Muthinakoppa Minor Forest & Aramballi State Forest is required.</p> <p>Clearing of vegetation for excavation of canal is required. i.e., Kundru MF= 14.00 ha (34.58 acres) inside Bhadra Wildlife Sanctuary/Tiger Reserve</p>
10	Maps depicting the Sanctuary and the diversion proposal included or not	Yes
11	Recommendation of State Board for Wildlife	The State Board for Wildlife has recommended the proposal in its meeting held on 31 st August 2016.
12	Brief justification on the proposal as given by the applicant agency	The proposed Upper Bhadra Project envisages irrigation facilities for 1,07,265 ha of Chikkamagaluru and Chitradurga districts and Drinking water facilities to parched areas of Chitradurga district, Tumkur and Kolar Districts. 14.00 ha of land required for Upper Bhadra Project which is located within boundary of existing Bhadra Wildlife Sanctuary at the periphery.
13	Rare and endangered species found in the area	The proposal indicates the presence of tiger, leopard, elephant, wild dog, sloth bear, gaur,

	sambar, deer, flying squirrel, etc.
14	<p>Opinion of the Chief Wildlife Warden</p> <p>The Chief Wildlife Warden has recommended the proposal with the condition that the revised mitigation plan be prepared by the user agency in consultation with the Forest Department, Wildlife Expert and the concerned, etc., and implemented as per the resolution of the State Board for Wildlife. The site specific conditions if any as imposed/suggested by the jurisdictional officers shall have to be adhered to by the user agency.</p>
15	<p>Comments of Ministry</p> <p>The Ministry of Environment and Forest has accorded Environmental Clearance vide No.1-12011/7/2009-IA.I, dated 05.01.2010.</p> <p>Recommendations of the NTCA are as given below:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> (1) Considering the significance of the landscape pertaining to tigers distribution/dispersal, leopards, elephants and other endangered species; it is recommended to propose retrofitting canal systems by closed conduit at ground level for UBP canals passing within the boundaries of Bhadra TR. Though initial installation of such underground pipeline system would demand slightly higher financial investment and technological skills, the benefits for irrigation would be much greater in comparison to traditional open canal system with little loss of water by evaporation and seepage, low maintenance cost, long life, flexible to operate, less soil erosion and utilization of the maintenance cost for some other purposes such as plantations etc. (2) Although the UBP aims at diversion of water from Bhadra reservoir only during the monsoon (June to October), however, large scale water abstraction for irrigation and drinking purposes might have severe repercussions on water availability within the river and survival of endangered species living therein. It is recommended to have rigorous monitoring of this large scale water abstraction by the user agency and concerned forest authorities. (3) Moreover, the following mitigatory measures are also recommended so as to ensure compliance during implementation of the UBP within Bhadra TR: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> (i) The legal status of the forest land shall remain unchanged and the implementation of the project should be in strict adherence to all the mitigation measures suggested by (a) the Regional Empowered Committee, MoEF&CC Regional office (SZ) Bengaluru and (b) Karnataka Forest Department in the revised Wildlife Management and Mitigation plan for Upper Bhadra lift irrigation scheme. (ii) The Irrigation pipeline passing through the Tiger Reserve should be at 1-2 meter depth under soil (depending upon the rock profile) and should be covered with native vegetation (plantation is to be carried at the cost of user agency). (iii) The user agency should ensure minimal disturbances to the forest during the construction phase. These include controlled blasting during daytime while absolutely needed, no construction work at night, no night labourer's camp within the forest, dumping of the construction debris should be outside the forest boundaries, monitoring of labourers for extraction of any forest product etc. (iv) Local FRO should ensure that no additional tree (beyond permitted) is felled during the construction of the UBP canals within the Tiger Reserve. (v) An old canal is also running in parallel to the proposed packaged II alignment of UBO up to some distance. Cross over bridges, culverts, super passages (see Glossary of green smart infrastructure) etc. at regular intervals (30 meter wide at every 400 meter intervals) need to be constructed over this canal (as long as it passes through the WLS

or ESZ) for permitting unhindered animal movements. The precise locations of these structures should be decided in consultation with local DFOs & Field Director at site where wildlife crossing is likely to happen.

- (vi) The old canal may get filled with water during the rainy season and in order to avoid accidental animal mortality by drowning, ramps of about 6 meter could be constructed at an interval of every 500 meter.
- (vii) Chain link fencing should be avoided as much as possible since it is likely to fragment the habitat and disrupt animal movements. Construction of the water holes near the proposed canal along the entire length of both the packages should be cautiously planned as those structures will attract animals to approach near the canal and may escalates conflicts.
- (viii) The State Govt. shall charge the Net Present Value of the forest land proposed for diversion from the user agency as per Hon'ble Supreme Court of India's order numbers IA 826 and 566 (dated 28.03.2008 and 09.05.2008) related to a Writ Petition (Civil) No 202/1995.

Following are the observations and recommendations of Dr. R. Sukumar

1. The lift irrigation project comprised two packages (Package I involving diversion of 96.65 ha of forestland in Muthinakoppa Minor Forest and Armballi State Forest of Koppa Forest Division for a canal to lift 17.4 TMC water from Tunga River to Bhadra Reservoir and Package 2 involving diversion of 110.0 ha of forestland in Bhadravathi forest Division for a canal to lift 29.90 TMC water from Bhadra Reservoir to Ajjampura).
2. The canals run through the Eco-sensitive zone of the Bhadra Tiger Reserve but are outside the core and buffer zone of TR.
3. National Tiger Conservation Authority has carried out a site inspection during 16-17 March 2107 and submitted a report with detailed recommendations.
4. Karnataka Forest department has also prepared a detailed revised Wildlife management and Mitigation Plan in the context of this project in April 2107.
5. The main issue is the potential for habitat fragmentation the scale of the larger landscape around the Bhadra Tiger Reserve because of the proposed construction of two open cut canals passing through the forest areas mentioned above. This region harbors a fairly intact fauna typical of the Western Ghats: tiger, leopard, elephant and several ungulates have been recorded in the forest areas around Bhadra Tiger Reserve through which the canals would pass.
6. The management plan of Karnataka Forest Department lays stress on construction of single lane bridges, box culverts / underpasses and super passages for animal crossing at various places.
7. The NTCA report on the other hand observes that "the canals might redefine the spatial distribution of wildlife species in the region and thereby might escalate conflicts with human communities and that they proposes retrofitting canal systems by closed conduit at ground level for UBP canals passing within the boundaries of Bhadra TR."
8. There is merit in the NTCA's recommendation that a part of the canal should be underground sp as to minimize habit fragmentation. In particular the canal under Package I running through Aramballi State Forest has the potential to fragment the broader landscape. From discussions with various officials and conservationists, it seems that there is scope of

	<p>an underground canal under package I between the 2nd Pumphouse point eastward to the Bhadra Reservoir, a distance of about 2 km to 2.5 km with gentle slope. The project proponents should consider this recommendation seriously.</p> <p>9. The proposed canal under Package II runs initially outside the tiger Reserve and reserve forests parallel to an existing canal. It then cuts through the Gurupur State Forest. Construction of bridges across the canal would suffice in this sector as the area of Gurupur State Forest to the north of the canal is relatively small. This area is also a heavily populated and cultivated. It may not be advisable for large mammals such as elephant to move into northern part and cause conflicts. This aspect may be examined in more detail.</p> <p>10. Locations and dimensions of bridges across the canals should be decided in consultation with Karnataka Forest Department and conservationists working in around the Bhadra Tiger Reserve.</p> <p>The project may be cleared subject to the above recommendations, NTCA's observations as well as conditions imposed by the Chief Wildlife Warden, Karnataka.</p> <p>The Standing Committee may like to take a view on the proposal.</p>
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1	Name of the Proposal	Construction of 1.7 km road from A B road to Girwai via Tilli Factory road in Sonchiriya Wildlife Sanctuary		
2	Name of the protected Area involved	Son Chiriya Wildlife Sanctuary		
3	File No.	6-15/2018 WL		
4	Name of the State	Madhya Pradesh		
5	Whether proposal is sub-judice	Not sub-judice		
6	Area of the protected area	512 Sq .km		
7(a)	Area proposed for diversion/Denotification	Revenue land : 1.105 ha		
7(b)	Area so far diverted from the protected area(s)	Name of project	Area diverted	Year of diversion
		Railway line Gwalior to Shivpuri	135.121	1994
		Sank-Swarna Rekha Canal	39.75	1990
		Total	174.871	
8	Status of ESZ, draft notified / finally notified, if any	NIL ESZ proposal has not been received from the State Govt.		
9	Name of the applicant agency	PWD Division, Gwalior		
10	Total number of tree to be felled	NIL		
11	Maps depicting the Sanctuary and the diversion proposal included or not	Yes		
12	Recommendation of State Board for Wildlife State Board for Wildlife has recommended the proposal in its meeting held on 04.01.2018.			
13.	Brief justification on the proposal as given by the applicant agency Proposal is for the construction of 1.7 km road from A B road to Girwai via Tilli Factory road requires the diversion of 1.105 ha of revenue land from the Son Chiriya Wildlife Sanctuary. It was mentioned in the proposal that there are no alternative routes for the construction of proposed road.			
14.	Rare and endangered species found in the area Son Chiriya Wildlife Sanctuary is home to great Indian bustard, cheetal, chinkara, black buck, wild-boar, etc.			
15	Opinion of the Chief Wildlife Warden The Chief Wildlife Warden has recommended the proposal with adequate safeguards and all the construction material will be brought from outside the sanctuary.			
16	Comments of Ministry The Standing Committee may like to take a view on the proposal.			

1	Name of the proposal	Proposal for the construction of residential and commercial complexes by M/s. Reliable Housing India Pvt. Ltd. at Village Achole Ta. Vasai, Dist. Palghar. Sy. No. 153-B, 154 (pt.)
2	Name of the protected Area involved	Tungareshwar Wildlife Sanctuary
3	File No.	6-71/2018 WL
4	Name of the State	Maharashtra
5	Whether proposal is sub-judice	Not sub-judice
6	Area of the protected area	85.7 sq. km
7(a)	Area proposed for diversion/ Denotification	NIL Project is located outside of PA
7(b)	Status of ESZ, draft notified / finally notified, if any	Not notified ESZ proposal has been received and is under scrutiny Project site is located at 4.40 km away from the proposed ESZ
8	Area so far diverted from the protected area(s)	98.432 ha
9	Name of the applicant agency	M/s. Reliable Housing India Pvt. Ltd., Mumbai
10	Total number of tree to be felled	NIL
11	Maps depicting the Sanctuary and the diversion proposal included or not	Yes
12	Recommendation of State Board for Wildlife	State Board for Wildlife has recommended the proposal in its 3 rd meeting held on 31.01.2018.
13	Brief justification on the proposal as given by the applicant agency	Proposed project is of mixed land use with major focus on providing mass housing for middle income and low income groups in the development node of the Municipal Corporation area. The project shall have 2 residential buildings with shops. The development shall comprise of 506 Nos of residential units and 186 Nos of shops and offices. The extent of slums would decrease leading to more open spaces. The proposed project is located at 5.70 km away from the boundary of Tungareshwar Wildlife Sanctuary and 4.40 km away from the boundary of deemed ESZ.
14	Rare and endangered species found in the area	Tungareshwar Wildlife Sanctuary is home to leopard, jungle cat, rusty spotted cat, small Indian civet, common pal civet, jackal, four-horned antelope, mouse deer, barking deer, sambar, spotted deer, crested porcupine, wild boar, langur, bonnet, rhesus macaque, black-naped hare, etc.
15	Opinion of the Chief Wildlife Warden	CWLW has recommended the proposal with the following conditions: (1) Natural growing trees existing on the project site Wad (<i>Ficus bengalensis</i>), Pimpal, Mango, Karanj and other fruit bearing trees shall be retained or transplanted in the project area sufficient number of native tree species seeding shall be planted in the project area.. (2) The project is recommended on the condition that excavated material at the time of construction will not be thrown in sea, bay of sea and natural drainage or creek. (3) As decided in the 8 th meeting of State Board for Wildlife held on 20.02.2014 that the project proponent shall deposit an amount equivalent 2% of the total cost (i.e., Rs. 97.0 crores) of the project. This condition may also be considered by the SBWL for this project
16	Comments of Ministry	The Standing Committee may like to take a view on the proposal.

1	Name of the proposal	Proposal for the construction of residential and commercial construction project by M/s. Rashmi Ameya Developers Housing and Estate Realtors Pvt. Ltd. at Village Gokhivare, Ta. Vasai, Dist. Palghar Sy. No.62 H. No.1 & 7, Sy. No 63 & others Sy. Nos
2	Name of the protected Area involved	Tungareshwar Wildlife Sanctuary
3	File No.	6-72/2018 WL
4	Name of the State	Maharashtra
5	Whether proposal is sub-judice	Not sub-judice
6	Area of the protected area	85.7 sq. km
7(a)	Area proposed for diversion/ Denotification	NIL Project is located outside of PA and 2.0 km away from the proposed ESZ
7(b)	Status of ESZ, draft notified / finally notified, if any	Not notified ESZ proposal has been received and is under scrutiny
8	Area so far diverted from the protected area(s)	NIL
9	Name of the applicant agency	M/s. Rashmi Ameya Developers Housing and Estate Realtors Pvt. Ltd., Nalsopara East, Mumbai
10	Total number of tree to be felled	NIL
11	Maps depicting the Sanctuary and the diversion proposal included or not	Yes
12	Recommendation of State Board for Wildlife State Board for Wildlife has recommended the proposal in its 3 rd meeting held on 31.01.2018.	
13	Brief justification on the proposal as given by the applicant agency Proposed project is of mixed land use with major focus on providing mass housing for middle income and low income groups in the development node of the Municipal Corporation area of VVMC. The project shall have 20 residential buildings with shops comprising 5218 Nos of residential units and 58 Nos of shops The proposed project is located at 2.0 km away from the boundary of Tansa Wildlife Sanctuary and 2.00 km away from the boundary of deemed ESZ.	
14	Rare and endangered species found in the area Tungareshwar Wildlife Sanctuary is home to leopard, jungle cat, rusty spotted cat, small Indian civet, common pal civet, jackal, four-horned antelope, mouse deer, barking deer, sambar, spotted deer, crested porcupine, wild boar, langur, bonnet, rhesus macaque, black-naped hare, etc.	
15	Opinion of the Chief Wildlife Warden CWLW has recommended the proposal with the following conditions: (1) In the deemed ESZ, the project authority shall put signages mentioning the prohibition on uses of horns. (2) Adequate number of underpasses for the animals shall be provided in the forest area in consultation with the forest Department and Wildlife Wing. (3) As decided in the 8 th meeting of wildlife held on 20 th February 2014 the project proponent shall deposit 2% of the total cost of the project for wildlife conservation measures in Tansa Wildlife Sanctuary and adjoining forests.	
16	Comments of Ministry The Standing Committee may like to take a view on the proposal.	

1	Name of the proposal	Proposal for the construction of residential and commercial complexes by M/s. Ameya Townhome Private Limited at Village Sandor, Ta. Vasai, Dist. Palghar Sy.No.230 H.No.1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8; Sy.No.231 H.No.1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8 & 9; Sy.No.235 H.No.1/2, 2,3,4,5,6, 7,8,9,10,11/1&11/2 and Sy.No 236-H.No. 1,2,3,7,8,11, 12,13,14,15,17,18,19,20,21,22,23-part 24, 25A, 25B,27, 28 & 29
2	Name of the protected Area involved	Tungareshwar Wildlife Sanctuary
3	File No.	6-74/2018 WL
4	Name of the State	Maharashtra
5	Whether proposal is sub-judice	Not sub-judice
6	Area of the protected area	85.7 sq. km
7(a)	Area proposed for diversion/ Denotification	NIL Project is located outside of PA
7(b)	Status of ESZ, draft notified / finally notified, if any	ESZ proposal has been received and is under scrutiny. Project site is located at 5.75 km away from the proposed ESZ
8	Area so far diverted from the protected area(s)	NIL
9	Name of the applicant agency	M/s. Ameya Townhome Private Limited, Mumbai
10	Total number of tree to be felled	NIL
11	Maps depicting the Sanctuary and the diversion proposal included or not	Yes
12	Recommendation of State Board for Wildlife	State Board for Wildlife has recommended the proposal in its 3 rd meeting held on 31.01.2018.
13	Brief justification on the proposal as given by the applicant agency	Proposed project is of mixed land use with major focus on providing mass housing for middle income and low income groups in the development node of the Municipal Corporation area of BNCMC. The extent of slums would decrease leading to more open spaces. The proposed project is located at 6.00 km away from the boundary of Tungareshwar Wildlife Sanctuary and 5.75 km away from the boundary of deemed ESZ.
14	Rare and endangered species found in the area	Tungareshwar Wildlife Sanctuary is home to leopard, jungle cat, rusty spotted cat, small Indian civet, common pal civet, jackal, four-horned antelope, mouse deer, barking deer, sambar, spotted deer, crested porcupine, wild boar, langur, bonnet, rhesus macaque, black-naped hare, etc.
15	Opinion of the Chief Wildlife Warden	CWLW has recommended the proposal with the following conditions: (1) The proponent shall comply the conditions laid by MoEF for environmental clearance. (2) Natural growing trees existing on the project site Wad (<i>Ficus bengalensis</i>), Pimpal, Mango, Karanj and other fruit bearing trees shall be retained. (3) The project is recommended on the condition that excavated material at the time of construction will not be thrown in sea, bay of sea and natural drainage or creek. (4) As decided in the 8 th meeting of State Board for Wildlife held on 20.02.2014 that the project proponent shall deposit an amount equivalent 2% of the total cost (i.e., Rs. 225.0 crores) of the project. This condition may also be considered by the SBWL for this project.
16	Comments of Ministry	

	The Standing Committee may like to take a view on the proposal.	
1	Name of the proposal	Proposal for the construction of residential and commercial complexes M/s. Navkar Estate & Home Private Limited in Village Juchandra Ta. Vasai, Dist. Palghar Sy.No.332/1,2,3,4,6A,6 B,7,B,333/1,2,335/ 1,2, 336/2, 3 C, 3 D, 3 F, & 351/1,2
2	Name of the protected Area involved	Tungareshwar Wildlife Sanctuary
3	File No.	6-75/2018 WL
4	Name of the State	Maharashtra
5	Whether proposal is sub-judice	Not sub-judice
6	Area of the protected area	85.7 sq. km
7(a)	Area proposed for diversion/ Denotification	NIL Project is located outside of PA
7(b)	Status of ESZ, draft notified / finally notified, if any	Not notified ESZ proposal has been received and is under scrutiny. Project site is located at 1.25 km away from the proposed ESZ. ESZ of Sanjay Gandhi National Park Notified dated 05.12.2016, ESZ extending from 100 meters to 4.0 km from the boundary. Project site is located in the ESZ of Sanjay Gandhi NP at 35 m away from the boundary. Construction activities are permitted as per the Notification.
8	Area so far diverted from the protected area(s)	98.432 ha
9	Name of the applicant agency	M/s. Navkar Estate & Home Private Limited, Mumbai
10	Total number of tree to be felled	NIL
11	Maps depicting the Sanctuary and the diversion proposal included or not	Yes
12	Recommendation of State Board for Wildlife State Board for Wildlife has recommended the proposal in its 3 rd meeting held on 31.01.2018.	
13	Brief justification on the proposal as given by the applicant agency Proposed project is of mixed land use with major focus on providing mass housing for middle income and low income groups in the development node of the Municipal Corporation area. The project shall have 13 residential buildings in 2 wings each (32 wings) of 44.10 m height with 1734 Nos of residential units and 102 Nos of shops. The extent of slums would decrease leading to more open spaces. The proposed project is located at 1.50 km away from the boundary of Tungareshwar Wildlife Sanctuary and 1.25 km away from the boundary of deemed ESZ.	
14	Rare and endangered species found in the area Tungareshwar Wildlife Sanctuary is home to leopard, jungle cat, rusty spotted cat, small Indian civet, common pal civet, jackal, four-horned antelope, mouse deer, barking deer, sambar, spotted deer, crested porcupine, wild boar, langur, bonnet, rhesus macaque, black-naped hare, etc.	
15	Opinion of the Chief Wildlife Warden CWLW has recommended the proposal with the following conditions: (1) Natural growing trees existing on the project site Wad (<i>Ficus bengalensis</i>), Pimpal, Mango, Karanj and other fruit bearing trees shall be retained or transplanted in the project area sufficient number of native tree species seeding shall be planted in the project area.. (2) The project is recommended on the condition that excavated material at the time of construction will	

	<p>not be thrown in sea, bay of sea and natural drainage or creek.</p> <p>(3) As decided in the 8th meeting of State Board for Wildlife held on 20.02.2014 that the project proponent shall deposit an amount equivalent 2% of the total cost (i.e., Rs. 301.04 crores) of the project for carrying out the activities for production and conservation of Tungreshwar Wildlife Sanctuary. This condition may also be considered by the SBWL for this project</p>
16	<p>Comments of Ministry</p> <p>The Standing Committee may like to take a view on the proposal.</p>

1	Name of the proposal	Proposal for the construction of residential and commercial complexes by M/s. Shree Tirupati Developers at Village Manpada Ta. & Dist. Thane, Sy. No.59A/2E, 59A/2F & 59A/3A, Borivali
2	Name of the protected Area involved	Tungareshwar Wildlife Sanctuary
3	File No.	6-76/2018 WL
4	Name of the State	Maharashtra
5	Whether proposal is sub-judice	Not sub-judice
6	Area of the protected area	85.7 sq. km
7(a)	Area proposed for diversion/ Denotification	NIL Project is located outside of PA
7(b)	Status of ESZ draft notified / finally notified, if any	Not notified. ESZ proposal has been received and is under scrutiny. Project is located at 5.40 km away from the proposed ESZ. The ESZ of Sanjay Gandhi National Park Notified dated 05.12.2016, ESZ extending from 100 meters to 4.0 km from the boundary. Construction activities are permitted as per the Notification.
8	Area so far diverted from the protected area(s)	98.432 ha
9	Name of the applicant agency	M/s. Shree Tirupati Developers, Mumbai
10	Total number of tree to be felled	NIL
11	Maps depicting the Sanctuary and the diversion proposal included or not	Yes
12	Recommendation of State Board for Wildlife	State Board for Wildlife has recommended the proposal in its 3 rd meeting held on 31.01.2018.
13	Brief justification on the proposal as given by the applicant agency	Proposed project is of mixed land use with major focus on providing mass housing for middle income and low income groups in the development node of the Municipal Corporation area. The project shall have 2 residential buildings with shops. The development shall comprise of 506 Nos of residential units and 186 Nos of shops and offices. The extent of slums would decrease leading to more open spaces. The proposed project is located at 7.0 km away from the boundary of Tungareshwar Wildlife Sanctuary and 5.40 km away from the boundary of deemed ESZ.
14	Rare and endangered species found in the area	Tungareshwar Wildlife Sanctuary is home to leopard, jungle cat, rusty spotted cat, small Indian civet, common pal civet, jackal, four-horned antelope, mouse deer, barking deer, sambar, spotted deer, crested porcupine, wild boar, langur, bonnet, rhesus macaque, black-naped hare, etc.
15	Opinion of the Chief Wildlife Warden	CWLW has recommended the proposal with the following conditions: (1) Natural growing trees existing on the project site Wad (<i>Ficus bengalensis</i>), Pimpal, Mango, Karanj and other fruit bearing trees shall be retained or transplanted in the project area sufficient number of native tree species seeding shall be planted in the project area.. (2) The project is recommended on the condition that excavated material at the time of construction will not be thrown in sea, bay of sea and natural drainage or creek. (3) The project agency shall ensure that 20 m safe distance should be kept from the boundary wall of SGNP, no building be there in those areas for safety purpose. No focused lights be there towards

	<p>forest side.</p> <p>(4) As decided in the 8th meeting of State Board for Wildlife held on 20.02.2014 that the project proponent shall deposit an amount equivalent 2% of the total cost (i.e., Rs. 245.27 crores) of the project for carrying out the activities for production and conservation of SGNP / Tungareshwar Wildlife Sanctuary. This condition may also be considered by the SBWL for this project</p>
16	<p>Comments of Ministry</p> <p>The Standing Committee may like to take a view on the proposal.</p>

1	Name of the proposal	Proposal for construction of residential cum commercial complexes at Village Temghar Sy.No.128/3,129/1,129/2 and Bhadwad Sy.No. 40/1P,40/2/2,40/3/2,40/4,40/5,40/6,40/7,40/8,40/9,40/10,40/11, 40/12,40/13/1P,40/13/2,42,43/1,43/2,43/3,44/1P,44/2P,44/2/P,44/3/1,44/3/2,44/4,44/5,44/6,45/1,45/2P,45/3P,45/4,45/5,45/6,45/7,45/8,45/9,45/12,58/6,58/7/1,58/7/2,58/8,58/9,58/11,58/12,58/13,58/14,58/16,58/17,58/18,58/19,58/20,58/21,58/22,83/3,83/4,83/6,83/7, 83/ 9,84/1 on plot bearing at Ta. Bhiwandi, Dist. Thane by M/s. Prakhhyat Dwellings LLP
2	Name of the protected Area involved	Tungareshwar Wildlife Sanctuary
3	File No.	6-77/2018 WL
4	Name of the State	Maharashtra
5	Whether proposal is sub-judice	Not sub-judice
6	Area of the protected area	85.7 sq. km
7(a)	Area proposed for diversion/ Denotification	NIL Project is located outside of PA
7(b)	Status of ESZ, draft notified / finally notified, if any	ESZ proposal has been received and is under scrutiny. Project site is located at 8.80 km away from the proposed ESZ
8	Area so far diverted from the protected area(s)	NIL
9	Name of the applicant agency	M/s. Prakhhyat Dwellings LLP Mumbai
10	Total number of tree to be felled	NIL
11	Maps depicting the Sanctuary and the diversion proposal included or not	Yes
12	Recommendation of State Board for Wildlife	State Board for Wildlife has recommended the proposal in its 3 rd meeting held on 31.01.2018.
13	Brief justification on the proposal as given by the applicant agency	Proposed project is of mixed land use with major focus on providing mass housing for middle income and low income groups in the development node of the Municipal Corporation area of BNCCMC. The extent of slums would decrease leading to more open spaces. The proposed project is located at 9.50 km away from the boundary of Tungareshwar Wildlife Sanctuary and 8.80 km away from the boundary of deemed ESZ.
14	Rare and endangered species found in the area	Tungareshwar Wildlife Sanctuary is home to leopard, jungle cat, rusty spotted cat, small Indian civet, common pal civet, jackal, four-horned antelope, mouse deer, barking deer, sambar, spotted deer, crested porcupine, wild boar, langur, bonnet, rhesus macaque, black-naped hare, etc.
15	Opinion of the Chief Wildlife Warden	CWLW has recommended the proposal with the following conditions: (1) The proponent shall comply the conditions laid by MoEF for environmental clearance. (2) Natural growing trees existing on the project site Wad (<i>Ficus bengalensis</i>), Pimpal, Mango, Karanj and other fruit bearing trees shall be retained. (3) The project is recommended on the condition that excavated material at the time of construction will not be thrown in sea, bay of sea and natural drainage or creek.

	(4) As decided in the 8 th meeting of State Board for Wildlife held on 20.02.2014 that the project proponent shall deposit an amount equivalent 2% of the total cost (i.e., Rs. 600.0 crores) of the project. This condition may also be considered by the SBWL for this project.
16	Comments of Ministry The Standing Committee may like to take a view on the proposal.

1	Name of the proposal	Proposal for the construction of residential and commercial complexes in the Eco- Sensitive Zone of the Sanjay Gandhi National Park and deemed Eco- Sensitive Zone of the Tungareshwar Wildlife Sanctuary (TWLS) at plot bearing S. No. 51/26, 69/13 of Village: Mire and S.No.76/1/2 of Village Mahajanwadi, Taluka & Dist: Thane, Maharashtra by Sanghvi Premises Pvt. Ltd
2	Name of the protected Area involved	Tungareshwar Wildlife Sanctuary
3	File No.	6-80/2018 WL
4	Name of the State	Maharashtra
5	Whether proposal is sub-judice	Not sub-judice
6	Area of the protected area	85.7 sq. km
7(a)	Area proposed for diversion/ Denotification	NIL Project is located outside of PA
7(b)	Status of ESZ, draft notified / finally notified, if any	Not notified ESZ proposal has been received and is under scrutiny. Project site is located at 8.7 km away from the boundary of Tungareshwar Wildlife Sanctuary. ESZ of Sanjay Gandhi National Park Notified dated 05.12.2016, ESZ extending from 100 meters to 4.0 km from the boundary. Project site is located in the ESZ of Sanjay Gandhi NP at 38.5 m away from the boundary. Construction activities are permitted as per the Notification.
8	Area so far diverted from the protected area(s)	98.432 ha
9	Name of the applicant agency	Sanghvi Premises Pvt. Ltd.
10	Total number of tree to be felled	NIL
11	Maps depicting the Sanctuary and the diversion proposal included or not	Yes
12	Recommendation of State Board for Wildlife State Board for Wildlife has recommended the proposal in its 3 rd meeting held on 31.01.2018.	
13	Brief justification on the proposal as given by the applicant agency Proposed project is of mixed land use with major focus on providing mass housing for middle income and low income groups in the development node of the municipal corporation area. The proposed project is located at 8.7 km away from the boundary of Tungareshwar Wildlife Sanctuary. The ESZ of Sanjay Gandhi National Park was notified on 05.12.2016, and the ESZ area extending from 100 meters to 4.0 km from the boundary. Project site is located in the ESZ of Sanjay Gandhi NP at 38.5 m away from the boundary. Construction activities are permitted as per the Notification.	
14	Rare and endangered species found in the area Tungareshwar Wildlife Sanctuary is home to leopard, jungle cat, rusty spotted cat, small Indian civet, common pal civet, jackal, four-horned antelope, mouse deer, barking deer, sambar, spotted deer, crested porcupine, wild boar, langur, bonnet, rhesus macaque, black-naped hare, etc.	
15	Opinion of the Chief Wildlife Warden CWLW has recommended the proposal with the following conditions: (1) Natural growing trees existing on the project site Wad (<i>Ficus bengalensis</i>), Pimpal, Mango, Karanj and other fruit bearing trees shall be retained or transplanted in the project area sufficient number of	

	<p>native tree species seeding shall be planted in the project area.</p> <p>(2) Excavated material at the time of construction will not be thrown in sea, bay of sea and natural drainage of creek.</p> <p>(3) The project agency shall ensure that 20 m safe distance should be kept from the boundary wall of SGNP, no building be there in those area for safety purpose. No focused lights be there towards forest side.</p> <p>(4) Cleanliness in the site be maintained to prevent stray dogs & domestic pigs in the area & in the surroundings of the project.</p> <p>(5) As decided in the 8th meeting of State Board for Wildlife held on 20.02.2014 that the project proponent shall deposit an amount equivalent 2% of the total cost (i.e., Rs. 129.84crores) of the project for carrying out the activities for production and conservation of SGNP / Tungareshwar Wildlife Sanctuary and adjoining forests. This condition may also be considered by the SBWL for this project</p>
16	<p>Comments of Ministry</p> <p>The Standing Committee may like to take a view on the proposal.</p>

1	Name of the proposal	Proposal for the construction of residential and commercial complexes in the Eco- Sensitive Zone of the Sanjay Gandhi National Park and deemed Eco- Sensitive Zone of the Tungareshwar Wildlife Sanctuary (TWLS) at Village: Vadavali- Survey Nos. 21/1, 21/3, 21/4, 21/5, 21/6, 21/7, 21/8A, 21/8B and Village: Owale– Old Survey Nos. (New Survey Nos.) 107/8 (72/8), 112/1, (71/1), 113/1 (66/1), 113/2 (66/2), 113/4, (66/4), 113/6 to 19 (66/6 to 19), 113/21 to 23 (66/21 to 23), 114/1 & 2 (65/1&2), 120/1 (45/1) in Taluka & District: Thane, Maharashtra by Unnathi Associates
2	Name of the protected Area involved	Tungareshwar Wildlife Sanctuary
3	File No.	6-81/2018 WL
4	Name of the State	Maharashtra
5	Whether proposal is sub-judice	Not sub-judice
6	Area of the protected area	85.7 sq. km
7(a)	Area proposed for diversion/ Denotification	NIL Project is located outside of PA
7(b)	Status of ESZ, draft notified / finally notified, if any	Not notified ESZ proposal has been received and is under scrutiny. Project site is located 4.5 km away from the boundary of Tungareshwar Wildlife Sanctuary. ESZ of Sanjay Gandhi National Park Notified dated 05.12.2016, ESZ extending from 100 meters to 4.0 km from the boundary. Project site is located in the ESZ of Sanjay Gandhi NP at 700 m away from the boundary. Construction activities are permitted as per the Notification.
8	Area so far diverted from the protected area(s)	98.432 ha
9	Name of the applicant agency	Unnathi Associates
10	Total number of tree to be felled	NIL
11	Maps depicting the Sanctuary and the diversion proposal included or not	Yes
12	Recommendation of State Board for Wildlife	State Board for Wildlife has recommended the proposal in its 3 rd meeting held on 31.01.2018.
13	Brief justification on the proposal as given by the applicant agency	Proposed project is of mixed land use with major focus on providing mass housing for middle income and low income groups in the development node of the municipal corporation area. The proposed project is located at 8.7 km away from the boundary of Tungareshwar Wildlife Sanctuary. The ESZ of Sanjay Gandhi National Park was notified on 05.12.2016, and the ESZ area extending from 100 meters to 4.0 km from the boundary. Project site is located in the ESZ of Sanjay Gandhi NP at 38.5 m away from the boundary. Construction activities are permitted as per the Notification.
14	Rare and endangered species found in the area	Tungareshwar Wildlife Sanctuary is home to leopard, jungle cat, rusty spotted cat, small Indian civet, common pal civet, jackal, four-horned antelope, mouse deer, barking deer, sambar, spotted deer, crested porcupine, wild boar, langur, bonnet, rhesus macaque, black-naped hare, etc.

15	<p>Opinion of the Chief Wildlife Warden</p> <p>CWLW has recommended the proposal with the following conditions:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> (1) Natural growing trees existing on the project site Wad (<i>Ficus bengalensis</i>), Pimpal, Mango, Karanj and other fruit bearing trees shall be retained or transplanted in the project area sufficient number of native tree species seeding shall be planted in the project area. (2) Excavated material at the time of construction will not be thrown in sea, bay of sea and natural drainage of creek. (3) The project agency shall ensure that 20 m safe distance should be kept from the boundary wall of SGNP, no building be there in those area for safety purpose. No focused lights be there towards forest side. (4) Cleanliness in the site be maintained to prevent stray dogs & domestic pigs in the area & in the surroundings of the project. (5) As decided in the 8th meeting of State Board for Wildlife held on 20.02.2014 that the project proponent shall deposit an amount equivalent 2% of the total cost (i.e., Rs. 129.84crores) of the project for carrying out the activities for production and conservation of SGNP / Tungareshwar Wildlife Sanctuary and adjoining forests. This condition may also be considered by the SBWL for this project.
16	<p>Comments of Ministry</p> <p>The Standing Committee may like to take a view on the proposal.</p>

1	Name of the proposal	Proposal for the construction of residential and commercial complexes on plot bearing Old S.No. 98/1A, 1B, New S.No.98/3, and New S.No. 100/11/1,2 & 4 Bhayandarpada, Ghodbunder road, Thane by M/s. Puranik Builders Pvt. Ltd.
2	Name of the protected Area involved	Tungareshwar Wildlife Sanctuary
3	File No.	6-82/2018 WL
4	Name of the State	Maharashtra
5	Whether proposal is sub-judice	Not sub-judice
6	Area of the protected area	85.7 sq. km
7(a)	Area proposed for diversion/ Denotification	NIL Project is located outside of PA
7(b)	Status of ESZ, draft notified / finally notified, if any	Not notified ESZ proposal has been received and is under scrutiny. Project site is located 3.5 km away from the boundary of Tungareshwar Wildlife Sanctuary.
8	Area so far diverted from the protected area(s)	98.432 ha
9	Name of the applicant agency	Sai Pushp Enterprises (PRARAMBH V)
10	Total number of tree to be felled	NIL
11	Maps depicting the Sanctuary and the diversion proposal included or not	Yes
12	Recommendation of State Board for Wildlife State Board for Wildlife has recommended the proposal in its 3 rd meeting held on 31.01.2018.	
13	Brief justification on the proposal as given by the applicant agency Proposed project is of mixed land use with major focus on providing mass housing for middle income and low income groups in the development node of the municipal corporation area. The proposed project is located at 3.5 km away from the boundary of Tungareshwar Wildlife Sanctuary.	
14	Rare and endangered species found in the area Tungareshwar Wildlife Sanctuary is home to leopard, jungle cat, rusty spotted cat, small Indian civet, common pal civet, jackal, four-horned antelope, mouse deer, barking deer, sambar, spotted deer, crested porcupine, wild boar, langur, bonnet, rhesus macaque, black-naped hare, etc.	
15	Opinion of the Chief Wildlife Warden CWLW has recommended the proposal with the following conditions: (1) The proponent shall comply the conditions laid by MoEF for environmental clearance. (2) Natural growing trees existing on the project site Wad (<i>Ficus bengalensis</i>), Pimpal, Mango, Karanj and other fruit bearing trees shall be retained. (3) The project is recommended on the condition that excavated material at the time of construction will not be thrown in sea, bay of sea and natural drainage or creek. (4) As decided in the 8 th meeting of State Board for Wildlife held on 20.02.2014 that the project proponent shall deposit an amount equivalent 2% of the total cost (i.e., Rs. 143.95 crores) of the project. This condition may also be considered by the SBWL for this project.	
16	Comments of Ministry The Standing Committee may like to take a view on the proposal.	

1	Name of the proposal	Proposal for the construction of residential and commercial complexes is situated on plot bearing Survey No.67(111)/1, 67(111)/2, 67(111)/3, 67(111)/4, 67(111)/5, 67(111)/6, 67(111)/7, 109(70)/1, 109(70)/2, 71(112)/3, 71(112)/4, 71(112)/5, 72(107)/4, 72(107)/6B, 110/1, 68(110)/3 of Village– Owale, Ghodbunder road, Thane by Sai Pusho Enterprises (PRARAMBH V)
2	Name of the protected Area involved	Tungareshwar Wildlife Sanctuary
3	File No.	6-83/2018 WL
4	Name of the State	Maharashtra
5	Whether proposal is sub-judice	Not sub-judice
6	Area of the protected area	85.7 sq. km
7(a)	Area proposed for diversion/ Denotification	NIL Project is located outside of PA
7(b)	Status of ESZ, draft notified / finally notified, if any	Not notified ESZ proposal has been received and is under scrutiny. Project site is located 4.7 km away from the boundary of Tungareshwar Wildlife Sanctuary.
8	Area so far diverted from the protected area(s)	98.432 ha
9	Name of the applicant agency	Sai Pushp Enterprises (PRARAMBH V)
10	Total number of tree to be felled	NIL
11	Maps depicting the Sanctuary and the diversion proposal included or not	Yes
12	Recommendation of State Board for Wildlife	State Board for Wildlife has recommended the proposal in its 3 rd meeting held on 31.01.2018.
13	Brief justification on the proposal as given by the applicant agency	Proposed project is of mixed land use with major focus on providing mass housing for middle income and low income groups in the development node of the municipal corporation area. The proposed project is located at 4.7 km away from the boundary of Tungareshwar Wildlife Sanctuary.
14	Rare and endangered species found in the area	Tungareshwar Wildlife Sanctuary is home to leopard, jungle cat, rusty spotted cat, small Indian civet, common pal civet, jackal, four-horned antelope, mouse deer, barking deer, sambar, spotted deer, crested porcupine, wild boar, langur, bonnet, rhesus macaque, black-naped hare, etc.
15	Opinion of the Chief Wildlife Warden	CWLW has recommended the proposal with the following conditions: (1) The proponent shall comply the conditions laid by MoEF for environmental clearance. (2) Natural growing trees existing on the project site Wad (<i>Ficus bengalensis</i>), Pimpal, Mango, Karanj and other fruit bearing trees shall be retained. (3) The project is recommended on the condition that excavated material at the time of construction will not be thrown in sea, bay of sea and natural drainage or creek. (4) As decided in the 8 th meeting of State Board for Wildlife held on 20.02.2014 that the project proponent shall deposit an amount equivalent 2% of the total cost (i.e., Rs. 325.49 crores) of the project. This condition may also be considered by the SBWL for this project.
16	Comments of Ministry	The Standing Committee may like to take a view on the proposal.

1	Name of the proposal	Proposal for the construction of residential and commercial complexes on plot bearing S.No73 (108)1, 73(108)/2, 73(108)/3, 73(108)/4, 73(108)/5, 73(108)/6, 73/(108)7, 73(108)/8 of Village- Owale, Ghodbunder road, Thane by Sai Pushp Enterprises (PRARAMBH V)
2	Name of the protected Area involved	Tungareshwar Wildlife Sanctuary
3	File No.	6-84/2018 WL
4	Name of the State	Maharashtra
5	Whether proposal is sub-judice	Not sub-judice
6	Area of the protected area	85.7 sq. km
7(a)	Area proposed for diversion/ Denotification	NIL Project is located outside of PA
7(b)	Status of ESZ, draft notified / finally notified, if any	Not notified ESZ proposal has been received and is under scrutiny. Project site is located 4.7 km away from the boundary of Tungareshwar Wildlife Sanctuary.
8	Area so far diverted from the protected area(s)	98.432 ha
9	Name of the applicant agency	Sai Pushp Enterprises (PRARAMBH V)
10	Total number of tree to be felled	NIL
11	Maps depicting the Sanctuary and the diversion proposal included or not	Yes
12	Recommendation of State Board for Wildlife State Board for Wildlife has recommended the proposal in its 3 rd meeting held on 31.01.2018.	
13	Brief justification on the proposal as given by the applicant agency Proposed project is of mixed land use with major focus on providing mass housing for middle income and low income groups in the development node of the municipal corporation area. The proposed project is located at 4.7 km away from the boundary of Tungareshwar Wildlife Sanctuary.	
14	Rare and endangered species found in the area Tungareshwar Wildlife Sanctuary is home to leopard, jungle cat, rusty spotted cat, small Indian civet, common pal civet, jackal, four-horned antelope, mouse deer, barking deer, sambar, spotted deer, crested porcupine, wild boar, langur, bonnet, rhesus macaque, black-naped hare, etc.	
15	Opinion of the Chief Wildlife Warden CWLW has recommended the proposal with the following conditions: (1) The proponent shall comply the conditions laid by MoEF for environmental clearance. (2) Natural growing trees existing on the project site Wad (<i>Ficus bengalensis</i>), Pimpal, Mango, Karanj and other fruit bearing trees shall be retained. (3) The project is recommended on the condition that excavated material at the time of construction will not be thrown in sea, bay of sea and natural drainage or creek. (4) As decided in the 8 th meeting of State Board for Wildlife held on 20.02.2014 that the project proponent shall deposit an amount equivalent 2% of the total cost (i.e., Rs. 134.51 crores) of the project. This condition may also be considered by the SBWL for this project.	
16	Comments of Ministry The Standing Committee may like to take a view on the proposal.	

1	Name of the proposal	Proposal for the construction of residential and commercial complexes on plot bearing S.No.21/11A, 21/9, 22/5, 22/1, 23/2/1, 23/3/1, 23/4 at Village-Vadavli, Ghodbunder road, Thane by Sai Pushp Enterprises (PRARAMBH V)
2	Name of the protected Area involved	Tungareshwar Wildlife Sanctuary
3	File No.	6-85/2018 WL
4	Name of the State	Maharashtra
5	Whether proposal is sub-judice	Not sub-judice
6	Area of the protected area	85.7 sq. km
7(a)	Area proposed for diversion/ Denotification	NIL Project is located outside of PA
7(b)	Status of ESZ, draft notified / finally notified, if any	Not notified ESZ proposal has been received and is under scrutiny. Project site is located 5.0 km away from the boundary of Tungareshwar Wildlife Sanctuary.
8	Area so far diverted from the protected area(s)	98.432 ha
9	Name of the applicant agency	Sai Pushp Enterprises (PRARAMBH V)
10	Total number of tree to be felled	NIL
11	Maps depicting the Sanctuary and the diversion proposal included or not	Yes
12	Recommendation of State Board for Wildlife State Board for Wildlife has recommended the proposal in its 3 rd meeting held on 31.01.2018.	
13	Brief justification on the proposal as given by the applicant agency Proposed project is of mixed land use with major focus on providing mass housing for middle income and low income groups in the development node of the municipal corporation area. The proposed project is located at 5.0 km away from the boundary of Tungareshwar Wildlife Sanctuary.	
14	Rare and endangered species found in the area Tungareshwar Wildlife Sanctuary is home to leopard, jungle cat, rusty spotted cat, small Indian civet, common pal civet, jackal, four-horned antelope, mouse deer, barking deer, sambar, spotted deer, crested porcupine, wild boar, langur, bonnet, rhesus macaque, black-naped hare, etc.	
15	Opinion of the Chief Wildlife Warden CWLW has recommended the proposal with the following conditions: (1) The proponent shall comply the conditions laid by MoEF for environmental clearance. (2) Natural growing trees existing on the project site Wad (<i>Ficus bengalensis</i>), Pimpal, Mango, Karanj and other fruit bearing trees shall be retained. (3) The project is recommended on the condition that excavated material at the time of construction will not be thrown in sea, bay of sea and natural drainage or creek. (4) As decided in the 8 th meeting of State Board for Wildlife held on 20.02.2014 that the project proponent shall deposit an amount equivalent 2% of the total cost (i.e., Rs. 200.0 crores) of the project. This condition may also be considered by the SBWL for this project.	
16	Comments of Ministry The Standing Committee may like to take a view on the proposal.	

1	Name of the Proposal	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Proposal for rough stone quarry S.F.No.314(Part 1) over an area of 3.00 ha situated in Tuppuganapalii village, Shoolagiri Taluk, Krishnagiri District by G Perumal Rough Stone Quarry 2. Proposal for rough stone quarry S.F.No.316(Part 1) over an area of 2.89 ha situated in Daravendram village, Denkanikotai Taluk, Krishnagiri District by AVS Tech Building Solutions 3. Proposal for rough stone quarry over an area of 2.70 ha situated in Daravendram village, Denkanikotai Taluk, Krishnagiri District by K M Gopalaiah 4. Proposal for granite quarry located in patta land S.F.No.1114/2, 114/3(P),1114/4, 110/2A(P), 116/1(P), over an area of 3.635 ha situated in Irudukottai village, Denkanikotai Taluk, Krishnagiri District by Multi Colour Granite Quarry 5. Proposal for granite quarry B2 category located in patta land S.F.No.1753/A(P) & 1753/2 over an area of 1.705 ha situated in Sandanapalli village, Denkanikotai Taluk, Krishnagiri District by Surya Mining Agencies 6. Proposal for multi-colour granite S.No.511/A over an area of 2.115 ha situated in Karandapalli village, Denkanikotai Taluk, Krishnagiri District by Surya Mining Agencies 7. Proposal for multi granite over an area of 1.00 ha of patta land falling in S.No.623/1(P) & 623/2(P) situated in Agalakottai village, Denkanikotai Taluk, Krishnagiri District by Loganathan 8. Proposal for block granite over an area of 1.215 ha falling in S.No.322/1(Part) situated in Agalakottai village, Denkanikotai Taluk, Krishnagiri District by Karnataka State Industrial and Infrastructure Development Corporation Limited 9. Proposal for block granite over an area at of 1.075 ha falling in S.No.511/1 situated in Agalakottai village, Denkanikotai Taluk, Krishnagiri District by Karnataka State N M granites Private Limited 10. Proposal for establishment of multi-colour granite at S.No.1158/8, 1158/9, 1160/3A, 1164/4, 1161/2 (Part), 1161/3(Part), 1161/4a (Part), 1161/5 (Part) & 1166/5(Part) over an area at of 3.125 ha falling in situated in Irudhukottai village, Denkanikotai Taluk, Krishnagiri District by Jayaprakash Multi-colored Granite Quarry 11. Proposal for extraction of rough stone quarry S.No.629(Part I) over an area of 4.0 ha situated in Nagamangalam village, Denkanikotai Taluk, Krishnagiri
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		<p>District by Amrish Rough Stones</p> <p>12. Proposal for extraction of rough stone quarry S.No.629(Part II) over an area of 4.0 ha situated in Nagamangalam village, Denkanikotai Taluk, Krishnagiri District by Amrish Rough Stones</p> <p>13. Proposal for establishment of grey granite over an area of 3.365 ha in S.No.1202/1C, 1202/1D, 1203/1 & 1203/4 Nagamangalam village, Denkanikotai Taluk, Krishnagiri District by Krishna Grey Granites</p> <p>14. Proposal for block granite over an area of 1.9 ha falling in S.No.802/3B1, 803/1, 803/2, 804/3, 805/1(Part), 805/2, 831/2(Part) situated in Irudhukottai village, Denkanikotai Taluk, Krishnagiri District by Seven Hills Granites</p> <p>15. Proposal for extraction of rough stone quarry over an area of 1.915 ha, S.No.1257/1 situated in Nagamangalam village, Denkanikotai Taluk, Krishnagiri District by Dinesh Polavarapu</p> <p>16. Proposal for granite quarry located in patta land S.F.No.59/2B, 59/3A (Part), 59/3B, 60/2A & 60/3A over an area of 3.445 ha situated in Karanadapalli village, Denkanikotai Taluk, Krishnagiri District by Surya Mining Services (Total No: 16)</p>									
2	Name of the protected Area involved	North Cauvery Wildlife Sanctuary									
3	File No.	6-32/2018 WL, 6-33/2018 WL, 6-36/2018 WL 6-41/2018 WL, 6-42/2018 WL, 6-43/2018 WL 6-44/2018 WL, 6-49/2018 WL, 6-50/2018 WL 6-52/2018 WL, 6-53/2018 WL, 6-54/2018 WL 6-57/2018 WL, 6-58/2018 WL, 6-60/2018 WL 6-61/2018 WL									
4	Name of the State	Tamil Nadu									
5	Whether proposal is sub-judice	Not sub-judice									
6	Area of the protected area	504.3348 sq. km									
7(a)	Area proposed for diversion / Denotification	<p>NIL. Projects falls outside WLS</p> <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Proposal name</th><th>Area (ha.)</th><th>Distance from the boundary of WLS (km)</th></tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>Proposal for rough stone quarry S.F.No.314(Part 1) over an extent of 3.00 ha situated in Tupuganapalii village, Shoolagiri Taluk, Krishnagiri District by G Perumal Rough Stone Quarry</td><td>3.00</td><td>8.50</td></tr> <tr> <td>Rough stone quarry S.F.No.316 (Part 1) over an extent of 2.89 ha situated in Daravendram village, Denkanikotai Taluk, Krishnagiri District</td><td>2.89</td><td>7.50</td></tr> </tbody> </table>	Proposal name	Area (ha.)	Distance from the boundary of WLS (km)	Proposal for rough stone quarry S.F.No.314(Part 1) over an extent of 3.00 ha situated in Tupuganapalii village, Shoolagiri Taluk, Krishnagiri District by G Perumal Rough Stone Quarry	3.00	8.50	Rough stone quarry S.F.No.316 (Part 1) over an extent of 2.89 ha situated in Daravendram village, Denkanikotai Taluk, Krishnagiri District	2.89	7.50
Proposal name	Area (ha.)	Distance from the boundary of WLS (km)									
Proposal for rough stone quarry S.F.No.314(Part 1) over an extent of 3.00 ha situated in Tupuganapalii village, Shoolagiri Taluk, Krishnagiri District by G Perumal Rough Stone Quarry	3.00	8.50									
Rough stone quarry S.F.No.316 (Part 1) over an extent of 2.89 ha situated in Daravendram village, Denkanikotai Taluk, Krishnagiri District	2.89	7.50									

		Proposal for rough stone quarry over an area of 2.70 ha situated in Daravendram village, Denkanikotai Taluk, Krishnagiri District by K M Gopalaiah	2.70	7.5
		Proposal for granite quarry located in patta land S.F.No.1114/2, 114/3(P), 1114/4, 110/2A(P), 116/1(P), 3.635 ha situated in Irudukottai village, Denkanikotai Taluk, Krishnagiri District by Multi Colour Granite Quarry	3.635	2.0
		Proposal for granite quarry B2 category located in patta land S.F.No.1753/A(P) & 1753/2 over an area of 1.705 ha situated in Sandanapalli village, Denkanikotai Taluk, Krishnagiri District by Surya Mining Agencies	1.705	2.23
		Proposal for multi-color granite S.No.511/A over an area of 2.115 ha situated in Karandapalli village, Denkanikotai Taluk, Krishnagiri District by Surya Mining Agencies	2.115	1.24
		Proposal for multi granite over an area of 1.00 ha of patta land falling in S.No.623./1(P) & 623/2(P) situated in Agalakottai village, Denkanikotai Taluk, Krishnagiri District by Loganathan	1.0	1.54
		Proposal for block granite over an area of 1.215 ha falling in S.No.322./1(Part) situated in Agalakottai village, Denkanikotai Taluk, Krishnagiri District by Karnataka State Industrial and Infrastructure Development Corporation Limited	1.215	1.37
		Proposal for block granite over an area at of 1.075 ha falling in S.No.511/1 situated in Agalakottai village, Denkanikotai Taluk, Krishnagiri	1.075	1.49

		District by Karnataka State N M granites Private Limited		
		Proposal for establishment of multi-colour granite at S.No.1158/8, 1158/9, 1160/3A, 1164/4, 1161/2 (Part), 1161/3(Part), 1161/4a (Part), 1161/5 (Part) & 1166/5(Part) over an area at of 3.125 ha falling in situated in Irudhukottai village, Denkanikotai Taluk, Krishnagiri District by Jayaprakash Multi-colored Granite Quarry	3.125	5.0
		Proposal for extraction of rough stone quarry S.No.629 (Part I) over an area of 2.115 ha situated in Nagamangalam village, Denkanikotai Taluk, Krishnagiri District by Amrish Rough Stones	4.0	3.48
		Proposal for extraction of rough stone quarry S.No.629 (Part II) over an area of 4.0 ha situated in Nagamangalam village, Denkanikotai Taluk, Krishnagiri District by Amrish Rough Stones	4.0	3.51
		Proposal for establishment of grey granite over an area of 3.365 ha in S.No.1202/1C, 1202/1D, 1203/1 & 1203/4 Nagamangalam village, Denkanikotai Taluk, Krishnagiri District by Krishna Grey Granites	3.365	6.20
		Proposal for block granite over an area of 1.9 ha falling in S.No.802/3B1, 803/1, 803/2, 804/3, 805/1(Part), 805/2, 831/2(Part) situated in Irudhukottai village, Denkanikotai Taluk, Krishnagiri District by Seven Hills Granites	1.90	5.0
		Proposal for extraction of rough stone quarry over an area of 1.915 ha, S.No.1257/1 situated in Nagamangalam village, Denkanikotai Taluk, Krishnagiri	1.915	1.81

		District by Dinesh Polavarapu		
		Proposal for granite quarry located in patta land S.F.No.59/2B, 59/3A (Part), 59/3B, 60/2A & 60/3A over an area of 3.445 ha situated in Karanadapalli village, Denkanikotai Taluk, Krishnagiri District by Surya Mining Services	3.445	1.54
7(b)	Area so far diverted from the protected area(s)	NIL		
8	Status of ESZ of PA draft notified / finally notified, if any	Not notified ESZ proposal has been received and is under scrutiny		
9	Name of the applicant agency	Krishnagiri Granite Association, Krishnagiri		
10	Total number of tree to be felled	NIL		
11	Maps depicting the Sanctuary and the diversion proposal included or not	Yes		
12	Recommendation of State Board for Wildlife State Board for Wildlife has recommended the proposal in its meeting held on 23.01.2018			
13	Brief justification on the proposal as given by the applicant agency Proposed granite mines are not the part of elephant corridor or the migratory path of wild animals. Project sites falls outside of the North Cauvery WLS (1.2 km to 8.50 km) and would not be significantly affected by the projects. The proposed projects would generate employment to the local people and thus alleviating poverty in the region.			
14	Rare and endangered species found in the area North Cauvery Wildlife Sanctuary is home to elephant, wild boar, leopard, spotted deer, barking deer, sambar, four-horned antelope, black-naped hare, common langur, bonnet macaque, etc.			
15	Opinion of the Chief Wildlife Warden The Chief Wildlife Warden has recommended the proposal with the following conditions: (1) The project proponent is requested to contribute under corporate social responsibilities (CSR) in the interest of Cauvery North Wildlife Sanctuary. (2) Any other condition stipulated by the Conservator of Forests / District Forest Officer shall be allowed. (3) The project proponent shall submit an undertaking stating that no disturbance will be caused to the wildlife during project implementation.			
16	Comments of Ministry The Standing Committee may like to take a view on the proposal.			

1	Name of the Proposal	<div>1. Proposal for rough stone quarry over an area of 1.785 ha of S.No.794/3 located at Padmanagamangalam village, Srivaikuntam Taluk, Thoothukudi District by K. Kathirkamaraj</div> <div>2. Proposal for rough stone quarry over an area of 1.790 ha of S.No.794/1 located at Padmanagamangalam village, Srivaikuntam Taluk, Thoothukudi District by K. Kathirkamaraj</div> <div>3. Proposal for rough stone quarry over an area of 4.91 ha located at Srimulakarai village, Srivaikuntam Taluk, Thoothukudi District by Taraparani Enterprises and Realty Private Ltd</div> <div>4. Proposal for establishment of new blue metal quarry over an area of 4.91 ha of S.No.717 (Part) and 725 (Part) located at Padmanagamangalam village, Srivaikuntam Taluk, Thoothukudi District by Shri Venkateswara Construction Materials and Industries</div> <div>5. Proposal for establishment of rough stone quarry over an area of 1.84 ha of S.No.739/1 located at Padmanagamangalam village, Srivaikuntam Taluk, Thoothukudi District by Raja Jeba Doss</div>														
2	Name of the protected Area involved	Vellanadu Blackbuck Wildlife Sanctuary														
3	File No.	6-38/2018 WL, 6-39/2018 WL, 6-48/2018 WL, 6-51/2018 WL, 6-56/2018 WL														
4	Name of the State	Tamil Nadu														
5	Whether proposal is sub-judice	Not sub-judice														
6	Area of the protected area	1641.21 ha														
7(a)	Area proposed for diversion / Denotification	<div>NIL, Projects falls outside WLS</div> <table><tr><th>Proposal name</th><th>Area (ha.)</th><th>Distance from the boundary of WLS (km)</th></tr><tr><td>Proposal for rough stone quarry over an area of 1.785 ha of S.No.794/3 located at Padmanagamangalam village, Srivaikuntam Taluk, Thoothukudi District by K. Kathirkamaraj</td><td>1.785</td><td>1.72</td></tr><tr><td>Proposal for rough stone quarry over an area of 1.790 ha of S.No.794/1 located at Padmanagamangalam village, Srivaikuntam Taluk, Thoothukudi District by K. Kathirkamaraj</td><td>1.790</td><td>1.40</td></tr><tr><td>Proposal for rough stone quarry over an area of 4.91 ha located at Srimulakarai village, Srivaikuntam Taluk,</td><td>4.91</td><td>6.00</td></tr></table>			Proposal name	Area (ha.)	Distance from the boundary of WLS (km)	Proposal for rough stone quarry over an area of 1.785 ha of S.No.794/3 located at Padmanagamangalam village, Srivaikuntam Taluk, Thoothukudi District by K. Kathirkamaraj	1.785	1.72	Proposal for rough stone quarry over an area of 1.790 ha of S.No.794/1 located at Padmanagamangalam village, Srivaikuntam Taluk, Thoothukudi District by K. Kathirkamaraj	1.790	1.40	Proposal for rough stone quarry over an area of 4.91 ha located at Srimulakarai village, Srivaikuntam Taluk,	4.91	6.00
Proposal name	Area (ha.)	Distance from the boundary of WLS (km)														
Proposal for rough stone quarry over an area of 1.785 ha of S.No.794/3 located at Padmanagamangalam village, Srivaikuntam Taluk, Thoothukudi District by K. Kathirkamaraj	1.785	1.72														
Proposal for rough stone quarry over an area of 1.790 ha of S.No.794/1 located at Padmanagamangalam village, Srivaikuntam Taluk, Thoothukudi District by K. Kathirkamaraj	1.790	1.40														
Proposal for rough stone quarry over an area of 4.91 ha located at Srimulakarai village, Srivaikuntam Taluk,	4.91	6.00														

		Thoothukudi District by Taraparani Enterprises and Realty Private Ltd		
		Proposal for establishment of new blue metal quarry over an area of 4.91 ha of S.No.717 (Part) and 725 (Part) located at Padmanagamangalam village, Srivaikuntam Taluk, Thoothukudi District by Shri Venkateswara Construction Materials and Industries	4.91	3.5
		Proposal for establishment of rough stone quarry over an area of 1.84 ha of S.No.739/1 located at Padmanagamangalam village, Srivaikuntam Taluk, Thoothukudi District by Raja Jeba Doss	1.84	2.0
7(b)	Area so far diverted from the protected area(s)	NIL		
8	Status of ESZ, draft notified / finally notified, if any	Not notified ESZ proposal has been received and is under scrutiny		
9	Name of the applicant agency	K. Kathirkamaraj Taraparani Enterprises and Realty Private Ltd Shri Venkateswara Construction Materials and Industries Raja Jeba Doss		
10	Total number of tree to be felled	NIL		
11	Maps depicting the Sanctuary and the diversion proposal included or not	Yes		
12	Recommendation of State Board for Wildlife	State Board for Wildlife has recommended the proposal in its meeting held on 23.01.2018		
13	Brief justification on the proposal as given by the applicant agency	Proposed granite mines falls in the private lands away (1.4 km to 6.0 km) from the boundary of the Vellanadu Blackbuck Wildlife Sanctuary and would not be significantly affected by the projects. The proposed projects would generate employment to the local people and thus alleviating poverty in the region.		
14	Rare and endangered species found in the area	Vellanadu Blackbuck Wildlife Sanctuary is home to blackbuck, spotted deer, macaque, jungle cat, monkey, wild cat, mongoose, blacknaped hare, scaly anteater, etc.		
15	Opinion of the Chief Wildlife Warden	The Chief Wildlife Warden has recommended the proposal with the following conditions: (1) The project proponent is requested to contribute under corporate social responsibilities (CSR) in the interest of Vellanadu Blackbuck Wildlife Sanctuary (in order to conserve the flora and fauna mitigation measures are essential). Particularly to conserve the elephant populations by providing Elephant Proof Trenches / Solar Fencings, engaging elephant trackers etc., and mitigation measures if any proposed by the Conservator of Forests / District Forest Officer. (2) Any other condition stipulated by the Conservator of Forests / District Forest Officer shall be followed.		

	(3) The project proponent shall submit an undertaking stating that no disturbance will be caused to the wildlife during project implementation.
16	Comments of Ministry The Standing Committee may like to take a view on the proposal.

1	Name of the Proposal	Proposal for development of Industrial Estate in Krishnagiri District by GMR Krishnagiri SEZ Ltd located at 0.58 km from the North Cauvery Wildlife Sanctuary
2	Name of the protected Area involved	North Cauvery Wildlife Sanctuary
3	File No.	6-40/2018 WL
4	Name of the State	Tamil Nadu
5	Whether proposal is sub-judice	Not sub-judice
6	Area of the protected area	504.3348 sq. km
7(a)	Area proposed for diversion / Denotification	NIL, Projects falls outside WLS 850 ha of Non-PA area
7(b)	Area so far diverted from the protected area(s)	NIL
8	Status of ESZ of PA draft notified / finally notified, if any	Not notified ESZ proposal has been received and is under scrutiny
9	Name of the applicant agency	GMR Krishnagiri SEZ Ltd., Denkanikottai, Krishnagiri
10	Total number of tree to be felled	NIL
11	Maps depicting the Sanctuary and the diversion proposal included or not	Yes
12	Recommendation of State Board for Wildlife	State Board for Wildlife has recommended the proposal in its meeting held on 23.01.2018
13	Brief justification on the proposal as given by the applicant agency	GMR Krishnagiri SEZ Ltd in joint venture with the Tamil Nadu Industrial Development Corporation would like to develop which includes sector specific special economic zones, industrial areas, logistics, social, residential & commercial in an area of 850 ha at Thimjepalli village. Project site is located at 0.58 km from the boundary of the sanctuary. The proposed project is not a part of elephant corridor and migratory path of wild animals
14	Rare and endangered species found in the area	North Cauvery Wildlife Sanctuary is home to elephant, wild boar, leopard, spotted deer, barking deer, sambar, four-horned antelope, black-naped hare, common langur, bonnet macaque, etc.
15	Opinion of the Chief Wildlife Warden	The Chief Wildlife Warden has recommended the proposal with the following conditions: (1) The project proponent is requested to contribute under corporate social responsibilities (CSR) in the interest of Cauvery North Wildlife Sanctuary (in order to conserve the flora and fauna mitigation measures are essential). Particularly to conserve the elephant populations by providing Elephant Proof Trenches / Solar Fencings, engaging elephant trackers etc., and mitigation measures if any proposed by the Conservator of Forests / District Forest Officer. (2) Any other condition stipulated by the Conservator of Forests / District Forest Officer shall be followed. (3) The project proponent shall submit an undertaking stating that no disturbance will be caused to the wildlife during project implementation. (4) An undertaking shall be given by the project proponent stating that the Wildlife Clearance purely issued for creating special investment region only. The project proponent shall obtain separate clearance for establishment of the individual industrial units within the zone from competent authorities.
16	Comments of Ministry	The Standing Committee may like to take a view on the proposal.