

Government of India Ministry of Environment & Forests Regional Office (Central Region)

Kendriya Bhawan, 5th Floor Sector-H, Aliganj, Lucknow-226024 Telefax: 0522-2326696

File No. 8A/UCP/05/1155/2012 577

Date: 16.01.2013

To.

The Sr. Assistant Inspector General of Forest Forest Conservation Division Ministry of Environment and Forests Paryavaran Bhawan, CGO Complex, Lodhi road, New Delhi- 110003

Sub.: Site inspection report for diversion of 1380.03 ha. of forest land for collection of minor mineral from river bed of Ganga & its tributaries for next 10 yrs to Uttarakhand Forest Development Corporation , in district Haridwar , Uttarakhand

Ref- MoEF, New Delhi letter no. 8-16/2000-FC(PT) dated 27.12.2012

Sir,

I am directed to refer to the letter of MoEF, reference cited above, for Site inspection report for diversion of 1380.03 ha. of forest land for collection of minor mineral from river bed of Ganga & its tributaries for next 10 yrs to Uttarakhand Forest Development Corporation, in district Haridwar, Uttarakhand. The site inspection was carried out by the undersigned and the report is enclosed for your perusal and further necessary action.

Enclosure: Inspection Report

Yours truly,

(Prachi Gangwar)

Deputy Conservator of Forests (C)

251/Pr6140/13

Site inspection report for diversion of 1380.03 ha. of forest land for collection of minor mineral from river bed of Ganga & its tributaries for next 10 yrs to Uttarakhand Forest Development Corporation, in district Haridwar, Uttarakhand

The site inspection of the proposal was carried out by the undersigned on 09.01.2013 and 10.01.2013. The concerned officers of the forest department and the user agency along with other staff of the Forest Department were present. The report of the site inspection on prescribed Performa is as follows:

All the data as produced hereinafter is the convergence of perusal of available documents and other pertinent discussions during the course of site inspection.

1. Legal status of the forest land proposed for diversion.

Legal Status of the area proposed for collection of minor mineral from river bed of Ganga & its tributaries is Reserve Forest.

Item wise break-up details of the forest land proposed for diversion.

The entire area proposed for diversion falls in the Haridwar Forest division and Haridwar district. The river bed-wise area proposed for collection is as follows-

Sr.	Name of the river/place for collection of minor minerals	Area (in Ha.)
No.		
1	Ganga river Bishanpur	237.918
2	Ganga river Bhogpur	190.57
3	Ganga river Shyampur	219.442
4	Ganga river Chidiyapur	325.75
5	Pili river	131.31
6	Kotawali river	74.66
7	Rawason first	99.79
8	Rawason second	100.50
	Total	1380.03

Whether proposal involves any construction of buildings (including residential) or not. If yes, details thereof.

No, the proposal does not involve construction of buildings.

4. Total cost of project at present rates.

Not applicable, as only collection of riverbed material is proposed.

5. Wild- Life

Whether forest area proposed for diversion is important from wildlife point of view or not.

Moderately conducive to wildlife at most of the places. The proposed area for collection of riverbed material is part of Shiwalik Elephant Reserve. The average distance, of the proposed areas, from Rajaji National Park is 12 km. However some areas, like in Pili river it is 4.75 km and Rawason river second and in Ganga river Shyampur are located at a distance of 5.5 km only from Rajaji National Park. (Annexure 1- letter of Director, Rajaji National Park)

6. Vegetation:

No trees exist in the river-bed area proposed for collection of river-bed material.

Total number of trees to be felled .-

No trees felling is involved

7. Background note on proposal.

Earlier the approval was accorded for diversion of 2900 ha. of forest land for collection of Bajri, boulder & sand from Ganga and its tributaries vide Ministry's letter No. 8-16/2000-F.C. dtd 28.10.2002, for a period of 10 years. Now, after the expiry of lease period, State Govt. has submitted the proposal for diversion of 1380.03 ha of forest land for collection of river-bed material from Ganga and its tributaries in Haridwar district

8. Compensatory afforestation:

There are two lists attached in the proposal (at page no. 50 and 159) enlisting the areas for compensatory afforestation. However, during site inspection, DFO, Haridwar informed that the list given at page no. 159 is the final list for the area details of Compensatory Afforestation to be done under this project. Compensatory Afforestation as per this list (Annexure-2) is proposed in total area of 1380.00 Ha of forest land.

S.No.	Name of	Proposed area	District	Legal Status	Area in ha.
	Range				
1.	Chidiyapur	Kotawali Compt. No. 5	Haridwar	Reserve Forest	50.00
	Range	Kotawali Compt. No. 11			100.00
		Kotawali Compt. No. 12			100.00
2.	Rasiyabad	Nallowaia Compt. No. 7	Haridwar	Reserve Forest	70.00
	Range	Nallowala Compt. No. 9b			50.00
3.	Shyampur	Shyampur Compt. No. 10	Haridwar	Reserve Forest	50.00
	Range	Pili 2 A			50.00
	, tange	Mitthiberi 1 A	1		50.00
		Nallowala 1 A			50.00
		Shyampur Compt. No. 7			50.00

				Total (Ha)	1380.00
		Baadshahpur			20.00
		Bhogpur Van Block			60.00
		Теер			1
		Sherpur Bela Mahajee			100.00
		Jogawala Van Block			20.00
6.	Laksar Range	Hastmauli Van Block	Haridwar	Reserve Forest	10.00
		Sikrauda Van Block			150.00
		Rasulpur Papdi			60.00
		Hajara Van Block			90.00
	1	Aurangabad Van Block			80.00
5.	Khanpur Range	Sahamansoor Van Block	Haridwar	Reserve Forest	70.00
	-	Pathari Compt. No. 3			40.00
	Range	Pathari Compt. No. 2			50.00
4.	Haridwar	Pathari Compt. No. 1	Haridwar	Reserve Forest	10.00

(i) Whether land for compensatory afforestation is suitable for plantation and management point of view or not.

The Suitability certificate of the DFO to certify that the land proposed for compensatory afforestation is suitable for plantation is not attached. This needs to be submitted by the DFO.

(ii) Whether land for compensatory afforestation is free from encroachment/ other encumbrances

Detail not provided. Suitability certificate of DFO not attached

(iii) Whether land for compensatory afforestation is important from religious/ archaeological point of view.

Detail not provided

(iv) Land identified for raising compensatory afforestation is in how many patches, whether patches are compact or not.

As per proposal, 23 locations in district Haridwar are proposed for CA. All these areas are in Reserve Forest.

(v) Map with detail.

Attached in the proposal

(vi) Total financial outlay.

Not given. However it is mentioned in the proposal that Rs. 74100 per ha. would be the estimated cost of CA.

Whether proposal involves violation or Forest (Conservation) Act, 1980 or not. If yes, a
detailed report on violation including action taken against the concerned officials.

No

 Whether proposal involves rehabilitation of displaced persons. If yes, whether rehabilitation plan has been prepared by the State Government or not.

No

11. Reclamation Plan

Certain amount should be ear marked for soil conservation works and river training programme.

Hence accordingly a reclamation plan of the area should be prepared and amount earmarked should be used for strengthening of river banks.

12. Details on catchment and command area under the project.

NA

13. Cost benefit ratio:

Cost benefit ratio is not worked out. However it is mentioned that about 11000 people would get direct and indirect employment and about 18 crores would be generated as revenue.

14. Recommendations of the Principal Chief Conservator of Forest/ State Government.

The proposal has been recommended by DFO, CF Shiwalik and the Principal Secretary Forest.

15. Utility of the project.

Project is proposed for collection of sand, boulders and bajri from river-bed.

Numbers of Scheduled Caste/Scheduled Tribes to be benefited by the project.

Not furnished in the proposal. No information on this could be provided at the time of site inspection as well.

16. Whether land being diverted has any socio-cultural/religious value.

No such information is available in the proposal and during site inspection also no information was provided.

Whether any sacred grove or very old growth trees/forests exist in the areas proposed for

diversion.

No such information is available in the proposal.

Whether the land under diversion forms part of any unique eco-system.

No such information is available in the proposal.

17. Situation W.R.T. any P.A.

The area proposed is not part of any Wildlife sanctuary or National Park, though some areas are found to be very close to Rajaji National Park. However the proposed area is a part of Shiwalik Elephant Reserve. The comments or NOC of Chief Wild Life Warden with respect to the impact of elephant movement in the area are not attached.

18. Any other information relating to the project:

- (I) It was informed by DFO that the boulders, bajri and sand get deposited in the river-bed during rainy season every year. If these materials are not removed, then the course of river is likely to change. The amount of river bed material available, which can be removed as per the silvicultural standards has to be worked out. It was informed by DFDM, Uttarakhand Forest Development Corporation that a study has been awarded to Central Soil and Water Conservation Research & Training Institute, Dehradun for evaluating the same, the report of which is still awaited.
- (II) In compliance of the conditions, imposed earlier, in the final approval granted by MoEF vide its letter dated 28.10.2002 (Annexure -3), DFO Haridwar Forest Division informed, that till 2011-12, CA has been done only in 575 ha of forest land, though it had to be done in 1380 ha(Annexure 4- Abstract of Compensatory afforestation done in lieu of diversion of 1380 ha in 2002) .Soil conservation works and river training programmes have been carried out at most of the places.
- (III) As per the orders of Supreme Court dated 28th March, 2008, sale proceeds from collection of boulders /silts are to be used for protection/ conservation of forests. Therefore certain amount (may be equivalent to 25% of the net profit earned by the user agency from the collection of riverbed material) should be ear marked for soil conservation works and river training programme as well as for afforestation. Accordingly a reclamation plan of the area should be prepared and amount earmarked should be used for strengthening of river bank.
- (IV) The area proposed for CA is forest land. Certificate of DFO is required certifying that land proposed for Compensatory Afforestation is degraded forest land and is suitable for plantation and management purposes.
- (V) The letter from each Gram Sabha needs to be submitted, indicating that all formalities/process under FRA have been carried out and that they have given their consent to the

proposed diversion. Also a certificate from the concerned DM's that no case under FRA, in the proposed area is pending in their jurisdiction.

- (VI) As area is a part of Shiwalik Elephant reserve, hence approval of Chief Wildlife Warden has to be taken and area details of the Elephant reserve vis-à-vis the area proposed for collection of river-bed material have to be provided.
- **(VII)** It was observed during site inspection of Ganga Bishanpur and Ganga Bhogpur that in these areas certain local saints and environmentalists are protesting against collection of riverbed material from river Ganga. They are against the quarrying and stone crushing activities going in and around Ganga.
- (VIII) In Ganga Bishanpur,and Ganga Bhogpur the District Magistrate ordered(Annexure-5)for collection of riverbed material & stone crushing from Gram Sabha land and there is no demarcation of forest land vis-à-vis revenue land or naap land. Also no proper map showing forest boundaries on toposheet is available. Later, Managing Director, GMVN suspended all such activities at Ganga Bishanpur,and Ganga Bhogpur (Annexure-6) but illegal collection of riverbed material is still going on from forest areas as well, along with Gram Sabha land.
- (IX) In mining cases, leased area is required to be demarcated on the ground and RCC pillars are to be fixed by the lessee at his own cost as per stipulations made in first stage approval. Although no quarrying/ mining on the surface, is required in this case, yet the river bed areas, proposed for diversion, will need to be demarcated by fixing pillars and this is even otherwise essential in view of observations made in para (point no. VIII) above.
- (X) Quarrying of river sand is an important economic activity as it forms a crucial raw material for the infrastructural development and other constructions but, excessive collection of riverbed material from these rivers may cause degradation of rivers. According to the report of the group constituted by MoEF in March 2010, for looking into environmental aspects of Quarrying of minor minerals, it is to be noted that-
 - Depth of collection of riverbed material to be restricted to 3m/water level, whichever
 less is and safety zones should be worked out. Depth of collection is important as it
 has an impact on the hydrological regime of the area .A note on depth of collection as
 well as safety zones to be worked out in the proposed areas of collection, is required
 from the User agency.
 - For carrying out collection of riverbed material in proximity to a bridge(as in Ganga Shyampur & Pili river)and embankments, appropriate safety zones should be worked out on case to case basis taking into account the structural parameters, locational aspects, flow rate etc. and no collection should be carried out in these safety zones.
 - Collection of riverbed material shall be done only from middle half of the width
 of river bed, leaving intact one-fourth of the width of riverbed along its each bank and
 collection of minor minerals during a working season shall start from the center of the
 river and shall gradually extend to the boundary of the permissible area. This would help
 in creation of natural embankments in these rivers.

In view of all the above observations, State Govt . needs to refine the modalities for this work so that this silvicultural work can be executed in a more scientific manner.

It is also suggested that the soil conservation works and river training works should be done in consultation with CSWCRTI, Dehradun

Photographs of site inspection



Ganga Bishanpur



Kotawali 2



Pili Nadi



Ganga Shyampur

(Prachi Gangwar)
Deputy Conservator of Forest,
Regional Office, Lucknow

19. Regional Chief Conservator of Forests shall give detailed comments whether there are any alternative routs/alignments for location the project on non-forest land:

The site inspection report of DCF is comprehensive. The proposed renewal of forest area for collection of river bed material from river bed of Ganga and its tributary is site specific and as such there is no alternative suggested. The removal of RMB is essential activity to channelise the flow of river. However it should be ensured that the collection is made from the middle of the river bed.

20. Recommendations of Regional Chief Conservator of Forests along with detailed reasons:

The collection of minor mineral from the river bed of Ganga and its tributary for next 10 years involving 1380.03 ha of forest land is proposed by the State Government. The approval of Central Government was conveyed for diversion of 2900 ha of forest land vide Ministry's letter No. 8-16/2000-FC dated 28.10.2002. The proposed diversion is from the same area however the total extent of area is now been restricted to 1380.03 ha. As informed in the site inspection report the compensatory afforestation was stipulated in equivalent degraded forest land. As per the report furnished, the CA has been taken up only in 575 ha of forest land so far. Therefore the compliance of the conditions of CA stipulated in the last approval accorded by the Ministry has not been made fully. As per the FCA guidelines CA is not required in the proposal of renewal of mining lease, if the CA had been stipulated and done in respect of this area at the time of grant of renewal of lease earlier. But in this case only partial compliance have been done, therefore the Ministry has to take decision if the condition of CA in equivalent or balance portion should be required to be taken up in this case. However in the proposal the details of CA proposed in the area of 1380 ha in degraded forest area is given.

Similarly for NPV, the same was not stipulated in the last approval accorded by the Ministry. As per the guidelines given in the Ministry's No. 5-3/2007-FC dated 05.02.2009 there is full exemption for collection of boulder / silts from the river beds in the forest. The Ministry may take decision if the exemption from the realization of NPV is considered as per the guidelines. In another case of collection of river bed material from Gola river approved by the Ministry vide No. 8-61/1999-FC dated 08.04.2011 the condition of NPV has been stipulated alongwith the CA in double degraded forest land.

Further as mentioned in DCF's site inspection report the area under reference is part of Shivalik elephant reserve for which no comments have been given by the Chief Wildlife Warden. Also the average distance of the proposed area from Rajaji National Park is 12 Km but some of the area such as Peeli River, Ganga River, Shyampur, Rawasan River, the distance is about 5 Km only. As per Environmental Protection Act, approval of the Ministry for environmental clearance is required in this case.

The removal of bed material should be based on the study being carried out by Central Soil and Water Conservation Research and Training Institute, Dehradun (CSWCRTI) and the collection of bed material should be restricted in the middle portion of the river bed and ¼ of width of the river bed on both the banks should be kept intact in order to channelize the flow of water. The work of soil conservation and river training should be taken up in consultation with CSWCRTI, Dehradun.

The proposal is recommended for approval.

(AZAM ZAIDI)
Addl. PCCF(Central)

कार्यालय, निवेशक / वन संरक्षक , राजाजी राष्ट्रीय पार्क , वेहरादून ,उत्तराखण्ड।

पत्रांक संख्या 3//

/24-2 दिनांक , देहरादून 14 अगस्त, 2012

सेवा में.

प्रमुख वन संरक्षक (वन्यजीव)/ मुख्य वन्यजीव प्रतिपालक, उत्तराखण्ड।

विषयः

गंगा एवं सहायक निदयों में आरक्षित वन क्षेत्र के 1380.03 हैं0 क्षेत्र से उप खनिज (रेत, बजरी, पत्थर, वोल्डर) के चुगान हेतु आगामी 10 वर्षो (2012 से 2022–23 तक) वन संरक्षण अधिनियम 1980 की धारा–2 के अन्तर्गत नवीनीकरण प्रस्ताव का प्रेषण।

सन्दर्भः

वन संरक्षक, शिवालिक वृत्त की नोटशीट पर आपके द्वारा दिनांक 24.07.2012 से मांगी गई आख्या।

महोदय,

जपरोक्त विषयक क्रम में वन क्षेत्राधिकारी, हरिद्वार से आख्या प्राप्त की गयी। वनक्षेत्राधिकारी, हरिद्वार के पत्रांक 36/26 दिनांक 01.08.2012 द्वारा दी गयी आख्या के क्रम में अवगत कराना है कि उक्त खनन क्षेत्र हरिद्वार वन प्रभाग के अन्तर्गत है तथा राजाजी राष्ट्रीय पार्क सीमा के निकटतम बिन्दु से उनकी दूरी निम्न प्रकार हैं :—

क्र.सं.	खनन क्षेत्र का विवरण	क्षेत्रफल	राoराoपार्क सीमा से दूरी (किमीo में)
1.	गंगा नदी बिसनपुर	237.918	9.50
2	गंगा नदी भोगपुर	190.570	10.70
3	कोटावाली नदी	74.660	11.10
4	रवासन नदी पार्ट -1	99.790	9.60
5	रवासन नदी पार्ट –2	100.590	5.50
6	गंगा नदी श्यामपुर	219.442	5.50
	पीली नदी	131.310	4.75
8	गंगा नदी चिडियापुर	325.75	11.75

वन निगम द्वारा प्रस्तुत उपरोक्त विषयक भूमि हस्तांतरण प्रस्ताव तथा नोट शीट मूल में संलग्न प्रेषित है।

संलग्न : उपरोक्तानुसार।

भवदीय,

निदेशक | वन संरक्षक राजाजी राष्ट्रीय पार्क,

311 / २४-2

प्रतिलिपि प्रभागीय वन विकास निगम, भूपतवाला बाईपास रोड़, हरिद्वार को सूचनार्थ प्रेषित।

मिन्द दिलाम प्रवस्थ स्वत वन दिकास निजम निदेशक / वन संरक्षक राजाजी राष्ट्रीय पार्क, ब्रिट्टरादून।

क्षतिपूरक वृक्षारेपण हेतु चयानित स्थलों की सूची

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	3	कोटावली कक्ष सं0 11	100.00
		कोटावली कक्ष रां० 12	100.00
		योग	250.00
2	र्शरोगाबड रेन्ज	नलोवाला कक्षा राठ 7	70.00
		नलोवाल। कक्ष रां० ९ व	50.00
		योग	120.00
3	श्यामपुर रेंन्ज	श्यामपुर कक्ष सं० १०	50.00
Ü		पीली 2 ए	50.00
		गिठठीबेरी ' १ ए	50.00
		नलोवाला १ ए	50.00
		श्यामपुर कक्ष सं0 7	50.00
		योग	250.00
4	हरिद्वार रेंन्ज	पथरी कक्ष २१० ।	10.00
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		पथरी कक्ष सं0 3	40.00
		योग	100.00
<u>1</u> 5	खानुपर रेज	शाहमन्सूर वन ब्लाक	70.00
.,		औरगांबाद वन ब्लाक	80.00
		हजारा वंन ब्लाक	90.00
		रसूलपुर पापडी -'-	60 00
		सिकरौड़ा वन ब्लाक	150.00
		थींग	450.00
6	लक्सर रेन्ज	हस्तमीली वन ब्लाक	10.00
U		जोगावाला वन ब्लाक	20.00
		शेरपुर बेला महाजी टीप	100.00
		भोगपुर वन ब्लाक	60.00
		बादशाहतर	20.00
		योग	210.00
		प्रभाग का सोग	1380.00 ਵੈ0

प्रवासीकं उन्देशिकेशी इस्तिसर तेल प्रमान हरिहार

F.No.8-16/2000-FC Government of India Ministry of Environment & Forests (F.C. Division)

Paryavaran Bhawan, C.G.O. Comptex, Lodi Road, New Dethi-110003.

New Delhi, the 28th October, 2002.

The Secretary (Forests), Government of Uttaranchal, Dehradun A.

b: Diversion of 2900 ha, of forest land for collection of baja, boulders and sand from river beds in District Haridwar, Uttaranchal

(1) Letter No.2229/14-2-99-500(65)/99 dated 15-12-99 of Dy. Scoretury, Forest Department U.P.

(2) Letter No.1678/11C-Haridwar dated 4-5-2001 of Nodal Officer, Uttaranchal. (3) Letter No.645/11C-Haridwar dated 4-9-2001 of Nodal Officer, Uttaranchal.

Sching prior approval of the Central Government under Section 2 of Forest (Conservation) Act, 1980 and 10 say that the proposal has been examined by the Advisory Committee constituted by the Central Government under Section 3 of the aforesaid Act.

After careful consideration of the proposal of the State Government, the Centrel Government hereby conveys its approval under Section 2 of the Forest (Conservation) Act, 1986 for diversion of 2900 ha, of forest land for collection of bujir, boulders and sand from river bed in District Haridwar, Uttaranchal subject to fulfillment of following conditions:

Legal status of the forest shall remain unchanged.

Uttaranchal Forest Development Corporation which have been assigned to execute the project may deposit Rs.90.50 lakhs every six months for a period of 10 (ten) years to the State Government for carrying out compensatory afforestation, soil conservation work and river training programme. It has got the approval of competent authority.

Compensatory afforestation shall be raised over equivalent degraded forest land

Soil conservation work and river training programme shall be executed under the

No use felling in the area shall be carried out.

Ok. No damage to the flora and fauna of the area shall be caused.

The forest land shall not be used for any purpose other than that specified in the proposal. It shall be ensured that no labour camps will be set up inside the forest a ea.

9. The collection of Caps, Southers and those shows to come by each to

16. Any other condition that the State Governmen C.CF (Coronia, Remaind Office, Eachnow may impose from time to time for the presention and Japan come, and flora red found in the forest area.

Yours faithfully,

(Amrag Bajpai) Assistant Inspector General of Forests

Copy to:

1. The Principal Chief Conservator of Forests, Government of Uttaranchal, Dehradun.

2. The Nodal Officer, Forest Department, Government of Uttaranchal, Debradum

3 Regional Chief Conservator of Foresta (CZ). Luckmon

4. User Agency.

5. Guard file.

(Anurag Bajpai)

Assistant Inspector General of Forests



Government of India Ministry of Environment & Forests Regional Office (Central Region)

Kendriya Bhawan, 5th Floor Sector-H, Aliganj, Lucknow-226024 Telefax: 0522-2326696

File No. 8A/UCP/05/1155/2012 /577

Date: 16.01.2013

To,

The Sr. Assistant Inspector General of Forest Forest Conservation Division Ministry of Environment and Forests Paryavaran Bhawan, CGO Complex, Lodhi road, New Delhi- 110003

Sub.: Site inspection report for diversion of 1380.03 ha. of forest land for collection of minor mineral from river bed of Ganga & its tributaries for next 10 yrs to Uttarakhand Forest Development Corporation , in district Haridwar , Uttarakhand

Ref- MoEF, New Delhi letter no. 8-16/2000-FC(PT) dated 27.12.2012

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Yours truly,

(Prachi Gangwar)

Deputy Conservator of Forests (C)

251/pr61+42/13

Site inspection report for diversion of 1380.03 ha. of forest land for collection of minor mineral from river bed of Ganga & its tributaries for next 10 yrs to Uttarakhand Forest Development Corporation, in district Haridwar, Uttarakhand

The site inspection of the proposal was carried out by the undersigned on 09.01.2013 and 10.01.2013. The concerned officers of the forest department and the user agency along with other staff of the Forest Department were present. The report of the site inspection on prescribed Performa is as follows:

All the data as produced hereinafter is the convergence of perusal of available documents and other pertinent discussions during the course of site inspection.

1. Legal status of the forest land proposed for diversion.

Legal Status of the area proposed for collection of minor mineral from river bed of Ganga & its tributaries is Reserve Forest.

2. Item wise break-up details of the forest land proposed for diversion.

The entire area proposed for diversion falls in the Haridwar Forest division and Haridwar district. The river bed-wise area proposed for collection is as follows-

Sr.	Name of the river/place for collection of minor minerals	Area (in Ha.)
No.		
1	Ganga river Bishanpur	237.918
2	Ganga river Bhogpur	190.57
3	Ganga river Shyampur	219.442
4	Ganga river Chidiyapur	325.75
5	Pili river	131.31
6	Kotawali river	74.66
7	Rawason first	99.79
8	Rawason second	100.50
	Total	1380.03

Whether proposal involves any construction of buildings (including residential) or not. If yes, details thereof.

No, the proposal does not involve construction of buildings.

4. Total cost of project at present rates.

Not applicable, as only collection of riverbed material is proposed.

5. Wild- Life

Whether forest area proposed for diversion is important from wildlife point of view or not.

Moderately conducive to wildlife at most of the places. The proposed area for collection of riverbed material is part of Shiwalik Elephant Reserve. The average distance, of the proposed areas, from Rajaji National Park is 12 km. However some areas, like in Pili river it is 4.75 km and Rawason river second and in Ganga river Shyampur are located at a distance of 5.5 km only from Rajaji National Park. (Annexure 1- letter of Director, Rajaji National Park)

6. Vegetation:

No trees exist in the river-bed area proposed for collection of river-bed material.

Total number of trees to be felled .-

No trees felling is involved

7. Background note on proposal.

Earlier the approval was accorded for diversion of 2900 ha. of forest land for collection of Bajri ,boulder & sand from Ganga and its tributaries vide Ministry's letter No. 8-16/2000-F.C. dtd 28.10.2002, for a period of 10 years. Now, after the expiry of lease period, State Govt. has submitted the proposal for diversion of 1380.03 ha of forest land for collection of river-bed material from Ganga and its tributaries in Haridwar district

8. Compensatory afforestation:

There are two lists attached in the proposal (at page no. 50 and 159) enlisting the areas for compensatory afforestation. However, during site inspection, DFO, Haridwar informed that the list given at page no. 159 is the final list for the area details of Compensatory Afforestation to be done under this project. Compensatory Afforestation as per this list (Annexure-2) is proposed in total area of 1380.00 Ha of forest land.

S.No.	Name of Range	Proposed area	District	Legal Status	Area in ha.
1.	Chidiyapur Range	Kotawali Compt. No. 5 Kotawali Compt. No. 11 Kotawali Compt. No. 12	Haridwar	Reserve Forest	50.00 100.00 100.00
2.	Rasiyabad Range	Nallowala Compt. No. 7 Nallowala Compt. No. 9b	Haridwar	Reserve Forest	70.00 50.00
3.	Shyampur Range	Shyampur Compt. No. 10 Pili 2 A Mitthiberi 1 A Nallowala 1 A Shyampur Compt. No. 7	Haridwar	Reserve Forest	50.00 50.00 50.00 50.00 50.00

	+	Dunas		Total (Ha)	1380.00
		Baadshahpur			20.00
		Bhogpur Van Block	1		60.00
		Теер			
		Sherpur Bela Mahajee			100.00
ο.	Lansai Kange	Jogawala Van Block	İ		20.00
6.	Laksar Range	Hastmauli Van Block	Haridwar	Reserve Forest	10.00
		Sikrauda Van Block			150.00
		Rasulpur Papdi			60.00
		Hajara Van Block			90.00
,.	1anpar remig	Aurangabad Van Block			80.00
5.	Khanpur Range	Sahamansoor Van Block	Haridwar	Reserve Forest	70.00
	Kango	Pathari Compt. No. 3			40.00
	Range	Pathari Compt. No. 2			50.00
ļ	Haridwar	Pathari Compt. No. 1	Haridwar	Reserve Forest	10.00

Whether land for compensatory afforestation is suitable for plantation and management point of view or not.

The Suitability certificate of the DFO to certify that the land proposed for compensatory afforestation is suitable for plantation is not attached. This needs to be submitted by the DFO.

(ii) Whether land for compensatory afforestation is free from encroachment/ other encumbrances

Detail not provided. Suitability certificate of DFO not attached

(iii) Whether land for compensatory afforestation is important from religious/archaeological point of view.

Detail not provided

(iv) Land identified for raising compensatory afforestation is in how many patches, whether patches are compact or not.

As per proposal, 23 locations in district Haridwar are proposed for CA. All these areas are in Reserve Forest.

(v) Map with detail.

Attached in the proposal

(vi) Total financial outlay.

Not given. However it is mentioned in the proposal that Rs. 74100 per ha. would be the estimated cost of CA.

Whether proposal involves violation or Forest (Conservation) Act, 1980 or not. If yes, a
detailed report on violation including action taken against the concerned officials.

No

 Whether proposal involves rehabilitation of displaced persons. If yes, whether rehabilitation plan has been prepared by the State Government or not.

No

11. Reclamation Plan

Certain amount should be ear marked for soil conservation works and river training programme.

Hence accordingly a reclamation plan of the area should be prepared and amount earmarked should be used for strengthening of river banks.

12. Details on catchment and command area under the project.

NA

13. Cost benefit ratio:

Cost benefit ratio is not worked out. However it is mentioned that about 11000 people would get direct and indirect employment and about 18 crores would be generated as revenue.

14. Recommendations of the Principal Chief Conservator of Forest/ State Government.

The proposal has been recommended by DFO, CF Shiwalik and the Principal Secretary Forest.

15. Utility of the project.

Project is proposed for collection of sand, boulders and bajri from river-bed.

Numbers of Scheduled Caste/Scheduled Tribes to be benefited by the project.

Not furnished in the proposal. No information on this could be provided at the time of site inspection as well.

16. Whether land being diverted has any socio-cultural/religious value.

No such information is available in the proposal and during site inspection also no information was provided.

Whether any sacred grove or very old growth trees/forests exist in the areas proposed for

diversion.

No such information is available in the proposal.

Whether the land under diversion forms part of any unique eco-system.

No such information is available in the proposal.

17. Situation W.R.T. any P.A.

The area proposed is not part of any Wildlife sanctuary or National Park, though some areas are found to be very close to Rajaji National Park. However the proposed area is a part of Shiwalik Elephant Reserve. The comments or NOC of Chief Wild Life Warden with respect to the impact of elephant movement in the area are not attached.

18. Any other information relating to the project:

- (I) It was informed by DFO that the boulders, bajri and sand get deposited in the river-bed during rainy season every year. If these materials are not removed, then the course of river is likely to change. The amount of river bed material available, which can be removed as per the silvicultural standards has to be worked out. It was informed by DFDM, Uttarakhand Forest Development Corporation that a study has been awarded to Central Soil and Water Conservation Research & Training Institute, Dehradun for evaluating the same, the report of which is still awaited.
- (II) In compliance of the conditions, imposed earlier, in the final approval granted by MoEF vide its letter dated 28.10.2002 (Annexure -3), DFO Haridwar Forest Division informed, that till 2011-12, CA has been done only in 575 ha of forest land, though it had to be done in 1380 ha(Annexure 4- Abstract of Compensatory afforestation done in lieu of diversion of 1380 ha in 2002) .Soil conservation works and river training programmes have been carried out at most of the places.
- (III) As per the orders of Supreme Court dated 28th March, 2008, sale proceeds from collection of boulders /silts are to be used for protection/ conservation of forests. Therefore certain amount (may be equivalent to 25% of the net profit earned by the user agency from the collection of riverbed material) should be ear marked for soil conservation works and river training programme as well as for afforestation. Accordingly a reclamation plan of the area should be prepared and amount earmarked should be used for strengthening of river bank.
- (IV) The area proposed for CA is forest land. Certificate of DFO is required certifying that land proposed for Compensatory Afforestation is degraded forest land and is suitable for plantation and management purposes.
- (V) The letter from each Gram Sabha needs to be submitted, indicating that all formalities/process under FRA have been carried out and that they have given their consent to the

proposed diversion. Also a certificate from the concerned DM's that no case under FRA, in the proposed area is pending in their jurisdiction.

- (VI) As area is a part of Shiwalik Elephant reserve, hence approval of Chief Wildlife Warden has to be taken and area details of the Elephant reserve vis-à-vis the area proposed for collection of river-bed material have to be provided.
- (VII) It was observed during site inspection of Ganga Bishanpur and Ganga Bhogpur that in these areas certain local saints and environmentalists are protesting against collection of riverbed material from river Ganga. They are against the quarrying and stone crushing activities going in and around Ganga.
- (VIII) In Ganga Bishanpur, and Ganga Bhogpur the District Magistrate ordered (Annexure-5) for collection of riverbed material & stone crushing from Gram Sabha land and there is no demarcation of forest land vis-à-vis revenue land or naap land. Also no proper map showing forest boundaries on toposheet is available. Later, Managing Director, GMVN suspended all such activities at Ganga Bishanpur, and Ganga Bhogpur (Annexure-6) but illegal collection of riverbed material is still going on from forest areas as well, along with Gram Sabha land.
 - (IX) In mining cases, leased area is required to be demarcated on the ground and RCC pillars are to be fixed by the lessee at his own cost as per stipulations made in first stage approval. Although no quarrying/ mining on the surface, is required in this case, yet the river bed areas, proposed for diversion, will need to be demarcated by fixing pillars and this is even otherwise essential in view of observations made in para (point no. VIII) above.
 - (X) Quarrying of river sand is an important economic activity as it forms a crucial raw material for the infrastructural development and other constructions but, excessive collection of riverbed material from these rivers may cause degradation of rivers. According to the report of the group constituted by MoEF in March 2010, for looking into environmental aspects of Quarrying of minor minerals, it is to be noted that-
 - Depth of collection of riverbed material to be restricted to 3m/water level, whichever less is and safety zones should be worked out. Depth of collection is important as it has an impact on the hydrological regime of the area. A note on depth of collection as well as safety zones to be worked out in the proposed areas of collection, is required from the User agency.
 - For carrying out collection of riverbed material in proximity to a bridge(as in Ganga Shyampur & Pili river)and embankments, appropriate safety zones should be worked out on case to case basis taking into account the structural parameters, locational aspects, flow rate etc. and no collection should be carried out in these safety zones.
 - Collection of riverbed material shall be done only from middle half of the width
 of river bed, leaving intact one-fourth of the width of riverbed along its each bank and
 collection of minor minerals during a working season shall start from the center of the
 river and shall gradually extend to the boundary of the permissible area. This would help
 in creation of natural embankments in these rivers.

In view of all the above observations, State Govt . needs to refine the modalities for this work so that this silvicultural work can be executed in a more scientific manner.

It is also suggested that the soil conservation works and river training works should be done in consultation with CSWCRTI, Dehradun

Photographs of site inspection



Ganga Bishanpur



Kotawali 2



Pili Nadi



Ganga Shyampur

(Prachi Gangwar)
Deputy Conservator of Forest,
Regional Office, Lucknow

19. Regional Chief Conservator of Forests shall give detailed comments whether there are any alternative routs/ alignments for location the project on non-forest land:

The site inspection report of DCF is comprehensive. The proposed renewal of forest area for collection of river bed material from river bed of Ganga and its tributary is site specific and as such there is no alternative suggested. The removal of RMB is essential activity to channelise the flow of river. However it should be ensured that the collection is made from the middle of the river bed.

20. Recommendations of Regional Chief Conservator of Forests along with detailed reasons:

The collection of minor mineral from the river bed of Ganga and its tributary for next 10 years involving 1380.03 ha of forest land is proposed by the State Government. The approval of Central Government was conveyed for diversion of 2900 ha of forest land vide Ministry's letter No. 8-16/2000-FC dated 28.10.2002. The proposed diversion is from the same area however the total extent of area is now been restricted to 1380.03 ha. As informed in the site inspection report the compensatory afforestation was stipulated in equivalent degraded forest land. As per the report furnished, the CA has been taken up only in 575 ha of forest land so far. Therefore the compliance of the conditions of CA stipulated in the last approval accorded by the Ministry has not been made fully. As per the FCA guidelines CA is not required in the proposal of renewal of mining lease, if the CA had been stipulated and done in respect of this area at the time of grant of renewal of lease earlier. But in this case only partial compliance have been done, therefore the Ministry has to take decision if the condition of CA in equivalent or balance portion should be required to be taken up in this case. However in the proposal the details of CA proposed in the area of 1380 ha in degraded forest area is given.

Similarly for NPV, the same was not stipulated in the last approval accorded by the Ministry. As per the guidelines given in the Ministry's No. 5-3/2007-FC dated 05.02.2009 there is full exemption for collection of boulder / silts from the river beds in the forest. The Ministry may take decision if the exemption from the realization of NPV is considered as per the guidelines. In another case of collection of river bed material from Gola river approved by the Ministry vide No. 8-61/1999-FC dated 08.04.2011 the condition of NPV has been stipulated alongwith the CA in double degraded forest land.

Further as mentioned in DCF's site inspection report the area under reference is part of Shivalik elephant reserve for which no comments have been given by the Chief Wildlife Warden. Also the average distance of the proposed area from Rajaji National Park is 12 Km but some of the area such as Peeli River, Ganga River, Shyampur, Rawasan River, the distance is about 5 Km only. As per Environmental Protection Act, approval of the Ministry for environmental clearance is required in this case.

The removal of bed material should be based on the study being carried out by Central Soil and Water Conservation Research and Training Institute, Dehradun (CSWCRTI) and the collection of bed material should be restricted in the middle portion of the river bed and ¼ of width of the river bed on both the banks should be kept intact in order to channelize the flow of water. The work of soil conservation and river training should be taken up in consultation with CSWCRTI, Dehradun.

The proposal is recommended for approval.

Addl. PCCF(Central)

कार्यालय, निदेशक / वन संरक्षक , राजाजी राष्ट्रीय पार्क , देहरादून ,उत्तराखण्ड।

पत्रांक संख्या 3//

/24-2 दिनांक .

देहरादून 14 अगस्त, 2012

सेवा में,

प्रमुख वन संरक्षक (वन्यजीव) / मुख्य वन्यजीव प्रतिपालक,

उत्तराखण्ड।

विषय:

गंगा एवं सहायक नदियों में आरक्षित वन क्षेत्र के 1380.03 है0 क्षेत्र से उप खनिज (रेत, बजरी, पत्थर, वोल्डर) के चुगान हेतु आगामी 10 वर्षों (2012 से 2022–23 तक) वन संरक्षण अधिनियम 1980 की धारा–2 के अन्तर्गत नवीनीकरण प्रस्ताव का प्रेषण।

सन्दर्भः

वन संरक्षक, शिवालिक वृत्त की नोटशीट पर आपके द्वारा दिनांक 24.07.2012 से मांगी गई आख्या।

महोदय,

उपरोक्त विषयक क्रम में वन क्षेत्राधिकारी, हरिद्वार से आख्या प्राप्त की गयीं। वनक्षेत्राधिकारी, हरिद्वार के पत्रांक 36/26 दिनांक 01.08.2012 द्वारा दी गयी आख्या के क्रम में अवगत कराना है कि उक्त खनन क्षेत्र हरिद्वार वन प्रभाग के अन्तर्गत है तथा राजाजी राष्ट्रीय पार्क सीमा के निकटतम बिन्दु से उनकी दूरी निम्न प्रकार है :--

क्र.सं.	खनन क्षेत्र का विवरण	क्षेत्रफल	रा0रा0पार्क सीमा से दूरी (किमी0 में)
1.	गंगा नदी बिसनपुर	237.918	9.50
2	गंगा नदी भोगपुर	190.570	10.70
3	कोटावाली नदी	74.660	11.10
4	रवासन नदी पार्ट –1	99.790	9.60
5	रवासन नदी पार्ट –2	100.590	5.50
6	गंगा नदी श्यामपुर	219.442	5.50
7	पीली नदी	131.310	4.75
8	गंगा नदी चिडियापुर	325.75	11.75

वन निगम द्वारा प्रस्तुत उपरोक्त विषयक भूमि हस्तांतरण प्रस्ताव तथा नोट शीट मूल में संलग्न प्रेषित है।

संलग्न : उपरोक्तानुसार।

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भवदीय,

निदेशक / वन संरक्षक राजाजी राष्ट्रीय पार्क,

वेहराद्न।

311/24-2

प्रतिलिपि प्रभागीय वन विकास निगम, भूपतवाला बाईपास रोड़, हरिद्वार को सूचनार्थ प्रेषित।

प्रभागीय नग किलाम प्रबन्ध इसराम्बल वन विकास निगम इसराम्बल वस्तिवास निदेशक वन संरक्षक राजाजी राष्ट्रीय पार्क,

*व्य*र्दहरादून।

क्षतिपूरक वृक्षारेपण हेतु वयनित स्थलों की सूची

0ांग्र ा स	रेंन्ज का नाग	कक्ष का नाम व कक्ष संव	वयनित क्षेत्रफल हैं में
1	2	3	4
1	चिडियापुर रेंज	कोटावली कक्ष सं0 5	50.00
		कोटावली कक्ष सं0 11	100.00
		कोटावली कक्ष रां० 12	100.00
		योग	250.00
2	रशियाबंड रेन्ज	नलीवाला कक्षा रां० 7	70.00
		नलोवाला कक्षा रांठ ९ ४	50.00
		योग	120.00
3	श्यामपुर रेंन्ज	श्यामपुर कक्ष सं0 10	50.00
		पीली 2 ए	50.00
		मिठठीबेरी • 1 ए	50.00
		नलोवाला १ ए	50.00
		श्यामपुर कक्ष सं0 7	50.00
		योग	250.00
4	हरिद्वार रेंन्ज	पथरी कक्ष सं० 1	10.00
		पथरी-कक्ष सं0 2	50.00
		पथरी कक्ष संव 3	40.00
		योग	100.00
5	खानुपर रेज	शाहगन्सूर वन ब्लाक	70.00
	3	औरगांबीद वन ब्लाक	80.00
		हजारा वन ब्लाक	90.00
		रसूलपुर पापडी -'-	60 00
		सिकरोंडा वन ब्लाक	150.00
		योग	450.00
6	लक्सर रेन्ज	हस्तामेली वन ब्लाक	10.00
		जोगावाला वन ब्लाक	20.00
		शेरपुर बेला महाजी टीप	100.00
		भोगपुर वन ब्लाक	60.00
		बादशाह्रपुर	20.00
		योग	210.00
		प्रभाग का योग	1380.00 है0

प्रमाणीक वर्वमधिकारी चरिहार चेन प्रभूषम हरिहार

F.No.8-16/2000-FC Government of India Ministry of Environment & Forests (F.C. Division)

Paryavaran Bhawan, C.G.O. Complex. Lodi Road, New Delhi-110003.

New Delhi, the 28th October, 2002.

The Secretary (Forests), Government of Uttaranchal. Deliradun.

Diversion of 2900 ha, of forest land for collection of bajri, boulders and sand from river beds' in District Haridwar, Uttaranchal,

Ref.: (1) Letter No.2229/14-2-99-500(65)/99 dated 15-12-99 of Dy. Scoretary, Forest_ Department, U.P.

(2) Letter No. 1678/11C-Haridwar dated 4-5-2001 of Nodal Officer, Uttaranchal. (3) Letter No.645/11C-Haridwar dated 4-9-2001 of Nodal Officer, Uttaranchal.

Than directed to refer to your above mentioned letters regarding the given subject, seeking prior approval of the Central Government under Section 2 of Forest (Conservation) Act, 1980 and to say that the proposal has been examined by the Advisory Committee constituted by the Central Government under Section 3 of the aforesaid Act.

After careful consideration of the proposal of the State Government, the Central Covernment hereby conveys its approval under Section 2 of the Forest (Conservation) Act, 1980 for diversion of 2900 ha, of forest land for collection of bujri, boulders and sand from river bedin District Haridwar, Uttaranchal subject to fulfillment of following conditions:

Legal status of the forest shall remain unchanged.

"Uttaranchal Forest Development Corporation which have been assigned to execute the project may deposit Rs.90.50 lakhs every six months for a period of 10 (ten) years to the State Government for carrying out compensatory afforestation, soil conservation work and river training programme. It has got the approval of competent authority.

Compensatory afforestation shall be raised over equivalent degraded forest land.

Soil conservation work and river training programme shall be executed under the supervision of State Forest Department

5. No tree felling in the area shall be carried out.

O. No damage to the flora and fauna of the area shall be caused.

The forest land shall not be used for any purpose other than that specified in the proposal 18. It shall be ensured that no labour camps will be set up inside the forest a ea9. The collection of bajor to door camb sheet should be come by care or the

16. Any other condition that the State Government CCF (Control Research Office, Lucknow may impose from time to time for the protection and Jon to come to illustrated fauna in the forest area.

Yours faithfully,

Januag Bajpai i Assitt at impenter General of Forests

Cony to:

1. The Principal Chief Conservator of Forests, Government of Uttaranchal, Debradan

2. The Nodal Officer, Forest Department, Government of Uttaranchar, Debradum.

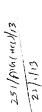
3. Regional Chief Conservator of Forest (CZ). Lucknow

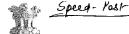
4. User Agency.

5. Guard file.

(Anurag Bajpai)

Assistant Inspector General of Forests





Government of India Ministry of Environment & Forests Regional Office (Central Region)

Kendriya Bhawan, 5th Floor Sector-H, Aliganj, Lucknow-226024 Telefax: 0522-2326696

File No. 8A/UCP/05/1155/2012 577

Date: 16.01.2013

To,

The Sr. Assistant Inspector General of Forest Forest Conservation Division Ministry of Environment and Forests Paryavaran Bhawan, CGO Complex, Lodhi road, New Delhi- 110003

Sub.: Site inspection report for diversion of 1380.03 ha. of forest land for collection of minor mineral from river bed of Ganga & its tributaries for next 10 yrs to Uttarakhand Forest Development Corporation , in district Haridwar , Uttarakhand

Ref- MoEF, New Delhi letter no. 8-16/2000-FC(PT) dated 27.12.2012

Sir.

I am directed to refer to the letter of MoEF ,reference cited above, for Site inspection report for diversion of 1380.03 ha. of forest land for collection of minor mineral from river bed of Ganga & its tributaries for next 10 yrs to Uttarakhand Forest Development Corporation , in district Haridwar , Uttarakhand. The site inspection was carried out by the undersigned and the report is enclosed for your perusal and further necessary action.

Enclosure: Inspection Report

Yours truly,

(Prachi Gangwar)

Deputy Conservator of Forests (C)

Site inspection report for diversion of 1380.03 ha. of forest land for collection of minor mineral from river bed of Ganga & its tributaries for next 10 yrs to Uttarakhand Forest Development Corporation, in district Haridwar, Uttarakhand

The site inspection of the proposal was carried out by the undersigned on 09.01.2013 and 10.01.2013. The concerned officers of the forest department and the user agency along with other staff of the Forest Department were present. The report of the site inspection on prescribed Performa is as follows:

All the data as produced hereinafter is the convergence of perusal of available documents and other pertinent discussions during the course of site inspection.

1. Legal status of the forest land proposed for diversion.

Legal Status of the area proposed for collection of minor mineral from river bed of Ganga & its tributaries is Reserve Forest.

2. Item wise break-up details of the forest land proposed for diversion.

The entire area proposed for diversion falls in the Haridwar Forest division and Haridwar district. The river bed-wise area proposed for collection is as follows-

Sr.	Name of the river/place for collection of minor minerals	Area (in Ha.)
No.		
1	Ganga river Bishanpur	237.918
2	Ganga river Bhogpur	190.57
3	Ganga river Shyampur	219.442
4	Ganga river Chidiyapur	325.75
5	Pili river	131.31
6	Kotawali river	74.66
7	Rawason first	99.79
8	Rawason second	100.50
	Total	1380.03

Whether proposal involves any construction of buildings (including residential) or not. If yes, details thereof.

No, the proposal does not involve construction of buildings.

4. Total cost of project at present rates.

Not applicable, as only collection of riverbed material is proposed.

Wild- Life

Whether forest area proposed for diversion is important from wildlife point of view or not.

Moderately conducive to wildlife at most of the places. The proposed area for collection of riverbed material is part of Shiwalik Elephant Reserve. The average distance, of the proposed areas, from Rajaji National Park is 12 km. However some areas, like in Pili river it is 4.75 km and Rawason river second and in Ganga river Shyampur are located at a distance of 5.5 km only from Rajaji National Park. (Annexure 1- letter of Director, Rajaji National Park)

6. Vegetation:

No trees exist in the river-bed area proposed for collection of river-bed material.

Total number of trees to be felled .-

No trees felling is involved

7. Background note on proposal.

Earlier the approval was accorded for diversion of 2900 ha. of forest land for collection of Bajri ,boulder & sand from Ganga and its tributaries vide Ministry's letter No. 8-16/2000-F.C. dtd 28.10.2002, for a period of 10 years. Now, after the expiry of lease period, State Govt. has submitted the proposal for diversion of 1380.03 ha of forest land for collection of river-bed material from Ganga and its tributaries in Haridwar district

8. Compensatory afforestation:

There are two lists attached in the proposal (at page no. 50 and 159) enlisting the areas for compensatory afforestation. However, during site inspection, DFO, Haridwar informed that the list given at page no. 159 is the final list for the area details of Compensatory Afforestation to be done under this project. Compensatory Afforestation as per this list (Annexure-2) is proposed in total area of 1380.00 Ha of forest land.

S.No.	Name of	Proposed area	District	Legal Status	Area in ha.
	Range				
1.	Chidiyapur	Kotawali Compt. No. 5	Haridwar	Reserve Forest	50.00
	Range	Kotawali Compt. No. 11			100.00
		Kotawali Compt. No. 12			100.00
2.	Rasiyabad	Nallowala Compt. No. 7	Haridwar	Reserve Forest	70.00
	Range	Nallowala Compt. No. 9b			50.00
3.	Shyampur	Shyampur Compt. No. 10	Haridwar	Reserve Forest	50.00
	Range	Pili 2 A			50.00
	_	Mitthiberi I A			50.00
		Nallowala 1 A			50.00
		Shyampur Compt. No. 7			50.00

4.	Haridwar	Pathari Compt. No. 1	Haridwar	Reserve Forest	10.00
	Range	Pathari Compt. No. 2			50.00
		Pathari Compt. No. 3			40.00
5.	Khanpur Range	Sahamansoor Van Block	Haridwar	Reserve Forest	70.00
		Aurangabad Van Block			80.00
		Hajara Van Block			90.00
		Rasulpur Papdi			60.00
		Sikrauda Van Block			150.00
6.	Laksar Range	Hastmauli Van Block	Haridwar	Reserve Forest	10.00
		Jogawala Van Block			20.00
		Sherpur Bela Mahajee			100.00
		Теер			
		Bhogpur Van Block			60.00
		Baadshahpur			20.00
				Total (Ha)	1380.00

Whether land for compensatory afforestation is suitable for plantation and management point of view or not.

The Suitability certificate of the DFO to certify that the land proposed for compensatory afforestation is suitable for plantation is not attached. This needs to be submitted by the DFO.

(ii) Whether land for compensatory afforestation is free from encroachment/ other encumbrances

Detail not provided. Suitability certificate of DFO not attached

(iii) Whether land for compensatory afforestation is important from religious/archaeological point of view.

Detail not provided

(iv) Land identified for raising compensatory afforestation is in how many patches, whether patches are compact or not.

As per proposal, 23 locations in district Haridwar are proposed for CA. All these areas are in Reserve Forest.

(v) Map with detail.

Attached in the proposal

(vi) Total financial outlay.

Not given. However it is mentioned in the proposal that Rs. 74100 per ha. would be the estimated cost of CA.

Whether proposal involves violation or Forest (Conservation) Act, 1980 or not. If yes, a
detailed report on violation including action taken against the concerned officials.

No

 Whether proposal involves rehabilitation of displaced persons. If yes, whether rehabilitation plan has been prepared by the State Government or not.

No

11. Reclamation Plan

Certain amount should be ear marked for soil conservation works and river training programme.

Hence accordingly a reclamation plan of the area should be prepared and amount earmarked should be used for strengthening of river banks.

Details on catchment and command area under the project.

NA

13. Cost benefit ratio:

Cost benefit ratio is not worked out. However it is mentioned that about 11000 people would get direct and indirect employment and about 18 crores would be generated as revenue.

14. Recommendations of the Principal Chief Conservator of Forest/ State Government.

The proposal has been recommended by DFO, CF Shiwalik and the Principal Secretary Forest.

15. Utility of the project.

Project is proposed for collection of sand, boulders and bajri from river-bed.

Numbers of Scheduled Caste/Scheduled Tribes to be benefited by the project.

Not furnished in the proposal. No information on this could be provided at the time of site inspection as well.

16. Whether land being diverted has any socio-cultural/religious value.

No such information is available in the proposal and during site inspection also no information was provided.

Whether any sacred grove or very old growth trees/forests exist in the areas proposed for

diversion.

No such information is available in the proposal .

Whether the land under diversion forms part of any unique eco-system.

No such information is available in the proposal.

17. Situation W.R.T. any P.A.

The area proposed is not part of any Wildlife sanctuary or National Park, though some areas are found to be very close to Rajaji National Park. However the proposed area is a part of Shiwalik Elephant Reserve. The comments or NOC of Chief Wild Life Warden with respect to the impact of elephant movement in the area are not attached.

18. Any other information relating to the project:

- (I) It was informed by DFO that the boulders, bajri and sand get deposited in the river-bed during rainy season every year. If these materials are not removed, then the course of river is likely to change. The amount of river bed material available, which can be removed as per the silvicultural standards has to be worked out. It was informed by DFDM, Uttarakhand Forest Development Corporation that a study has been awarded to Central Soil and Water Conservation Research & Training Institute, Dehradun for evaluating the same, the report of which is still awaited.
- (II) In compliance of the conditions, imposed earlier, in the final approval granted by MoEF vide its letter dated 28.10.2002 (Annexure -3), DFO Haridwar Forest Division informed, that till 2011-12, CA has been done only in 575 ha of forest land, though it had to be done in 1380 ha(Annexure 4- Abstract of Compensatory afforestation done in lieu of diversion of 1380 ha in 2002) .Soil conservation works and river training programmes have been carried out at most of the places.
- (III) As per the orders of Supreme Court dated 28th March, 2008, sale proceeds from collection of boulders /silts are to be used for protection/ conservation of forests. Therefore certain amount (may be equivalent to 25% of the net profit earned by the user agency from the collection of riverbed material) should be ear marked for soil conservation works and river training programme as well as for afforestation. Accordingly a reclamation plan of the area should be prepared and amount earmarked should be used for strengthening of river bank.
- (IV) The area proposed for CA is forest land. Certificate of DFO is required certifying that land proposed for Compensatory Afforestation is degraded forest land and is suitable for plantation and management purposes.
- (V) The letter from each Gram Sabha needs to be submitted, indicating that all formalities process under FRA have been carried out and that they have given their consent to the

proposed diversion. Also a certificate from the concerned DM's that no case under FRA, in the proposed area is pending in their jurisdiction.

- (VI) As area is a part of Shiwalik Elephant reserve, hence approval of Chief Wildlife Warden has to be taken and area details of the Elephant reserve vis-à-vis the area proposed for collection of river-bed material have to be provided.
- (VII) It was observed during site inspection of Ganga Bishanpur and Ganga Bhogpur that in these areas certain local saints and environmentalists are protesting against collection of riverbed material from river Ganga. They are against the quarrying and stone crushing activities going in and around Ganga.
- (VIII) In Ganga Bishanpur,and Ganga Bhogpur the District Magistrate ordered(Annexure-5) for collection of riverbed material & stone crushing from Gram Sabha land and there is no demarcation of forest land vis-à-vis revenue land or naap land. Also no proper map showing forest boundaries on toposheet is available. Later, Managing Director, GMVN suspended all such activities at Ganga Bishanpur,and Ganga Bhogpur (Annexure-6) but illegal collection of riverbed material is still going on from forest areas as well, along with Gram Sabha land.
- (IX) In mining cases, leased area is required to be demarcated on the ground and RCC pillars are to be fixed by the lessee at his own cost as per stipulations made in first stage approval. Although no quarrying/ mining on the surface, is required in this case, yet the river bed areas, proposed for diversion, will need to be demarcated by fixing pillars and this is even otherwise essential in view of observations made in para (point no. VIII) above.
- (X) Quarrying of river sand is an important economic activity as it forms a crucial raw material for the infrastructural development and other constructions but, excessive collection of riverbed material from these rivers may cause degradation of rivers. According to the report of the group constituted by MoEF in March 2010, for looking into environmental aspects of Ouarrying of minor minerals, it is to be noted that-
 - Depth of collection of riverbed material to be restricted to 3m/water level, whichever
 less is and safety zones should be worked out. Depth of collection is important as it
 has an impact on the hydrological regime of the area. A note on depth of collection as
 well as safety zones to be worked out in the proposed areas of collection, is required
 from the User agency.
 - For carrying out collection of riverbed material in proximity to a bridge(as in Ganga Shyampur & Pili river)and embankments, appropriate safety zones should be worked out on case to case basis taking into account the structural parameters, locational aspects, flow rate etc. and no collection should be carried out in these safety zones.
 - Collection of riverbed material shall be done only from middle half of the width
 of river bed, leaving intact one-fourth of the width of riverbed along its each bank and
 collection of minor minerals during a working season shall start from the center of the
 river and shall gradually extend to the boundary of the permissible area. This would help
 in creation of natural embankments in these rivers.

In view of all the above observations, State Govt . needs to refine the modalities for this work so that this silvicultural work can be executed in a more scientific manner.

It is also suggested that the soil conservation works and river training works should be done in consultation with CSWCRTI, Dehradun

Photographs of site inspection



Ganga Bishanpur



Kotawali 2



Pili Nadi



Ganga Shyampur

(Prachi Gangwar)
Deputy Conservator of Forest,
Regional Office, Lucknow

19. Regional Chief Conservator of Forests shall give detailed comments whether there are any alternative routs/ alignments for location the project on non-forest land:

The site inspection report of DCF is comprehensive. The proposed renewal of forest area for collection of river bed material from river bed of Ganga and its tributary is site specific and as such there is no alternative suggested. The removal of RMB is essential activity to channelise the flow of river. However it should be ensured that the collection is made from the middle of the river bed.

20. Recommendations of Regional Chief Conservator of Forests along with detailed reasons:

The collection of minor mineral from the river bed of Ganga and its tributary for next 10 years involving 1380.03 ha of forest land is proposed by the State Government. The approval of Central Government was conveyed for diversion of 2900 ha of forest land vide Ministry's letter No. 8-16/2000-FC dated 28.10.2002. The proposed diversion is from the same area however the total extent of area is now been restricted to 1380.03 ha. As informed in the site inspection report the compensatory afforestation was stipulated in equivalent degraded forest land. As per the report furnished, the CA has been taken up only in 575 ha of forest land so far. Therefore the compliance of the conditions of CA stipulated in the last approval accorded by the Ministry has not been made fully. As per the FCA guidelines CA is not required in the proposal of renewal of mining lease, if the CA had been stipulated and done in respect of this area at the time of grant of renewal of lease earlier. But in this case only partial compliance have been done, therefore the Ministry has to take decision if the condition of CA in equivalent or balance portion should be required to be taken up in this case. However in the proposal the details of CA proposed in the area of 1380 ha in degraded forest area is given.

Similarly for NPV, the same was not stipulated in the last approval accorded by the Ministry. As per the guidelines given in the Ministry's No. 5-3/2007-FC dated 05.02.2009 there is full exemption for collection of boulder / silts from the river beds in the forest. The Ministry may take decision if the exemption from the realization of NPV is considered as per the guidelines. In another case of collection of river bed material from Gola river approved by the Ministry vide No. 8-61/1999-FC dated 08.04.2011 the condition of NPV has been stipulated alongwith the CA in double degraded forest land.

Further as mentioned in DCF's site inspection report the area under reference is part of Shivalik elephant reserve for which no comments have been given by the Chief Wildlife Warden. Also the average distance of the proposed area from Rajaji National Park is 12 Km but some of the area such as Peeli River, Ganga River, Shyampur, Rawasan River, the distance is about 5 Km only. As per Environmental Protection Act, approval of the Ministry for environmental clearance is required in this case.

The removal of bed material should be based on the study being carried out by Central Soil and Water Conservation Research and Training Institute, Dehradun (CSWCRTI) and the collection of bed material should be restricted in the middle portion of the river bed and ¼ of width of the river bed on both the banks should be kept intact in order to channelize the flow of water. The work of soil conservation and river training should be taken up in consultation with CSWCRTI, Dehradun.

The proposal is recommended for approval.

(AZAM ZAIDI)
Addl. PCCF(Central)

े कार्यालय, निदेशक / वन संरक्षक , राजाजी राष्ट्रीय पार्क , देहरादून ,उत्तराखण्ड। सख्या ताक 2621007E-mail:-director.rajaji@gmail.com के साईट :www.rajajinationalpark.co.

पञ्जांक संख्या 311 /२4-२ दिनांक , देहरादून 14 अगस्त, 2012

सेवा में.

प्रमुख वन संरक्षक (वन्यजीव)/ मुख्य वन्यजीव प्रतिपालक,

उत्तराखण्ड।

विषय:

गंगा एवं सहायक नदियों में आरक्षित वन क्षेत्र के 1380.03 है0 क्षेत्र से उप खनिज (रेत, बजरी, पत्थर, वोल्डर) के चुगान हेतु आगामी 10 वर्षो (2012 से 2022–23 तक) वन संरक्षण अधिनियम 1980 की धारा—2 के अन्तर्गत नवीनीकरण प्रस्ताव का प्रेषण।

सन्दर्भः

वन संरक्षक, शिवालिक वृत्त की नोटशीट पर आपके द्वारा दिनांक 24.07.2012 से मांगी गई आख्या।

महोदय,

उपरोक्त विषयक क्रम में वन क्षेत्राधिकारी, हरिद्वार से आख्या प्राप्त की गयी। वनक्षेत्राधिकारी, हरिद्वार के पत्रांक 36/26 दिनांक 01.08.2012 द्वारा दी गयी आख्या के क्रम में अवगत कराना है कि उक्त खनन क्षेत्र हरिद्वार वन प्रभाग के अन्तर्गत है तथा राजाजी राष्ट्रीय पार्क सीमा के निकटतम बिन्दु से उनकी दूरी निम्न प्रकार है :--

क्र.सं.	खनन क्षेत्र का विवरण	क्षेत्रफल	रा0रा0पार्क सीमा से दूरी (किमी0 में)
1.	गंगा नदी बिसनपुर	237.918	9.50
2	गंगा नदी भोगपुर	190.570	10.70
3	कोटावाली नदी	74.660	11.10
4	रवासन नदी पार्ट –1	99.790	9.60
5	रवासन नदी पार्ट –2	100.590	5.50
6	गंगा नदी श्यामपुर	219.442	5.50
7	पीली नदी	131.310	4.75
8	गंगा नदी चिडियापुर	325.75	11.75

वन निगम द्वारा प्रस्तुत उपरोक्त विषयक भूमि हस्तांतरण प्रस्ताव तथा नोट शीट मूल में संलग्न प्रेषित है।

संलग्न : उपरोक्तानुसार।

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भवदीय

निदेशक / वन संरक्षक राजाजी राष्ट्रीय पार्क,

🛷 देहरादून।

311/24-2 प्रतिलिपि प्रभागीय वन विकास निगम, भूपतवाला बाईपास रोड, हरिद्वार को सूचनार्थ प्रेषित।

वन विकास निगम इरिदाय

निदेशक / वन संरक्षक राजाजी राष्ट्रीय पार्क, *ि* दहरादून ।

क्षतिपूरक वृक्षारेषण हेतु चयनित स्थलों की सूवी

50 रा 0	रेंन्ज का नाग	कक्ष का नाम व कक्ष रां0	
1	2	3	4
1	विडियापुर रेंज	कोटावली कक्ष सं0 5	50.00
		कोटावली कक्ष सं0 11	100.00
		कोटावली कक्ष ५10 12	100.00
		योग	250.00
2	रशियाबङ रेन्ज	नलोवाला कक्षा रां० 7	70.00
		नलोवाला कक्ष सं0 9 व	50.00
		योग	120.00
3	श्यामपुर रेंन्ज	श्यामपुर कक्ष रां० 10	50.00
Ü		पीली 2 ए	50.00
		मिठठीबेरी । 1 ए	50.00
		नलोवाला १ ए	50.00
		श्यामपुर कक्ष सं० ७	50.00
		योग	250.00
4	हरिद्वार रेंन्ज	पथरी कक्ष २१० १	10.00
7	er ar	पथरी कक्ष स० 2	50.00
		पथरी कक्ष संव 3	40.00
		योग	100.00
5	खानुपर रेज	शाहमन्सूर वन ब्लाक	70.00
	ary (C.	औरगांबाद वन ब्लाक	80.00
		हजारा वन ब्लाक	90.00
		रसूलपुर पापडी -'-	60.00
		सिकरौड़ा वन ब्लाक	150.00
	l İ	योग	450.00
 6	लक्सर रेन्ज	हरतमोली वन ब्लाक	10.00 .
ю	(14/11/20)	जोगावाला वन ब्लाक	20.00
		शेरपुर बेला महाजी टीप	100.00
		भोगपुर वन स्लाक	60.00
		ના દેશા દેવર	20.00
		योग	210.00
		प्रभाग का योग	1380.00 है0

प्रभागिक वर्**श**केकारी चरिद्धार तेल प्रशास वरिद्धार

F.No.8-16/2000-FC Government of India Ministry of Environment & Forests (F.C. Division)

Paryayaran Bhawan, C.G.O. Comptex, Lodi Road, New Delhi-110003.

New Delhi, the 28th October, 2002.

The Secretary (Forests), Government of Uttaranchal, Debradum.

多分分子 建化

Diversion of 2000 ha, of forest land for collection of bajri, boulders and sand from river beds in District Haridwar, Uttaranchal.

Ref.: (1) Letter No.2229/14-2-99-500(65)/99 dated 15-12-99 of Dy. Secretary, Forest Department U.P.

(2) Letter No.1678/11C-Haridwar dated 4-5-2001 of Nodal Officer, Uttaranchal.

(3) Letter No.645/11C-Haridwar dated 4-9-200! of Nodal Officer, Uttaranchal.

Tanny directed to refer to your above mentioned letters regarding the given subject, seeking prior approval of the Central Government under Section 2 of Forest (Conservation) Act, 1980 and 10 say that the proposal has been examined by the Advisory Committee constituted by the Central Government under Section 3 of the aforesaid Act.

After careful consideration of the proposal of the State Government, the Central Covernment hereby conveys its approval under Section 2 of the Forest (Conservation) Act, 1986 for diversion of 2000 ha, of forest land for collection of bajir, boulders and sand from river beds in District Haridwar. Uttaranchal subject to fulfillment of following conditions:

Legal status of the forest shall remain unchanged

Uttaranchal Forest Development Corporation which have been assigned to execute the project may deposit Rs.90.50 lakhs every six months for a period of 10 (ten) years to the State Government for carrying out compensatory afforestation, soil conservation work and niver training programme. It has got the approval of competent authority.

Compensatory afforestation shall be raised over equivalent degraded forest land.

Soil conservation work and river training programme shall be executed under the supervision of State Forest Department.

No tree felling in the area shall be carried out

6. No damage to the flora and fauna of the area shall be caused.

7. The forest land shall not be used for any purpose other than that specified in the proposal 8. It shall be ensured that no labour camps will be set up inside the forest a ea.

9. The collection of bays, is office, and most should be above to see a first a sur-

16. Any other condition that the state Governmen, C.Ch. (Cerusela, Research Office, Eacknow may impose from time to time for the presention and Jupic comes, of flore and fauna in the forest area.

Yours faithfully,

(Amarag Bajpai) Assistant Inspector General of Forests

Cany to: 1

1. The Principal Chief Conservator of Forests, Government of Uttaranchal, Dehradun.

2. The Nodal Officer, Forest Department, Government of Uttaranchal, Dehradun.

3 Regional Chief Conservator of Forest (CZ), Lucknin.

4. User Agency.

5. Guard file.

(Anurag Bajpai)

Assistant Inspector General of Forests

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क्र0सं0	राजि का नाम	क्षेत्र का नाम	क्षेत्रफल (है0 में)	-
1	लक्सर	बादशाहपुर	15.00	7
		धर्मपुर	5.00	Ģ
2.	श्यामपुर	अंजनी कक्ष सं0-1	25.00	-
3.	चिडियापुर	नलोवाला कक्ष सं0-7ए	15.00	
4.	खानपुर	रसूलपुर पापड़ी	15.00	7.5
_		योग	75.00	-

क्र0सं0	राजि का नाम	क्षेत्र का नाम	क्षेत्रफल (है0 में)
1	लक्सर	भोगपुर 1	8.00
		भोगपुर 2	8.00
		भोगपुर 3	9.00
2.	श्यामपुर	अंजनी कक्ष सं0-2	25.00
3.	चिङ्गियापुर	नलोवाला कक्ष सं0-9बी	25.00
4.	हरिद्वार	खैर टापू-1	15.00
		खैर टापू-2	10.00
		योग	100.00

खर्च 2006<u></u>_07

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क्र0सं0	राजि का नाम	क्षेत्र का नाम	क्षेत्रफल (है0 में)
1	लक्सर	भोगपुर 1	10.00
		भोगपुर 2	10.00
		भोगपुर 3	10.00
-		भोगपुर 4	10.00
2.	श्यामपुर	श्यामपुर कक्ष सं0-9	1,0,00
		श्यामपुर कक्ष सं0-5	10,00
		अंजनी कक्ष सं0-1	15.00
		मिठ्ठीबेरी	15.00
3.	चिड़ियापुर	सबलगढ – ६ ए	19,00
4.	हरिद्वार	पथरी - 1	12.00
		पथरी – 2 (पूर्वी)	.15.90
		पथरी — 2 (केन्द्रीय)	8.00
		पथरी – 3	10.00
		पथरी - 3	5,00
,		योग	150.00

		वर्ष 2007—08		
व्र ग्राप्तं	राजि का नाम	क्षेत्र का नाम	क्षेत्रफल (है0 में)	à,
1	लक्सर	भोगपुर 1	10.00	7
		भोगपुर 2	10.00	
		भोगपुर 3	6.00	7
		भोगपुर 4	5.00	
		भोगपुर 5	9.00	1, 47
		भोगपुर 6	10.00	-
2.	श्यामपुर	चाण्डी कक्ष सं0-4	20.00	7.5
	0.0	श्यामपुर कक्ष सं0-6ए	20.00	
3.	चिड़ियापुर	नलोवाला – 3	10.00	
		नलोवाला – 8ए	10.00	
4.	हरिद्वार	पथरी – 1 (पूर्वी)	7.00	
'		पथरी – १ (पूर्वी)	6.00	
		पथरी - 2	10.00	
		पथरी - 3	9.005	
		पथरी – 3	.00	
		्रं योग	150:00	. 1

	T	99 2011-12	र्वे क्रि
क्र0'स0	राजि का नाम	क्षेत्र का नाम	क्षेत्रफल (हैं0 में)
1	श्यामपुर	मिठ्ठीबेरी-1ए प्रथम	10.00
		मिठ्ठीबेरी—1ए द्वितीय	10.00
	!	मिठ्ठीबेरी-1ए तृतीय	10.00
		मिठ्ठीबेरी-1ए चतुर्थ	10.00
		मित्ठीबेरी-1ए पचम	10,00
2	हरिद्वार	देवपुरा-2	10,00
3.	चिड़ियापुर	सबलगढ़-2	10.00
4.	खानपुर	सिकरौड़ा—2ए	15,00
		शाहमन्सूर	1,5,00
		योग	Q100.Q0

1,1,13 111-111 Hill 1979 18:31 The stee 152 4132

4.41. ताव क

जिलाधिकारी, हरिद्वार।

दिनांक े नज्ञन्बर, 2012

शासने के आवेश संस्था—2384 / VII-I/11/2011, दिनाक 05 दिसम्बर, 2014 के द्वारा जनपद हरिद्वार के गंगा नदी क्षेत्रात्तर्गत गढवाल मण्डल विकास निगम को आबंदित राजस्व लॉट बिशनपुर एवं भोगपुर तथा बन विकास निगम को आबंदित लॉट बिशनपुर एवं भोगपुर में उपस्विनिज के चुगान डोने से पर्यावरण पर पड़ने वाले प्रभाव का विश्लेषण कराये जाने के निर्देश देते हुए उठा क्षेत्रों में खनन एवं केशिंग कार्य पर्यावरण प्रभाव की न्सिट प्राप्त हाने तक स्थागित किय जाने 🥫 आदेश निर्गत किये गये थे।

इस संबंध में प्रमुख सचिव, ओद्योगिक विकास विभाग उत्तरगखण्ड शासन देहरादून के आदेश संख्या—1596/VII-I/31-ख/2012 दिनांक 27 नवम्बर, 2012 के द्वारा सम्यक् विधारोपरान्त चक्त आदेश संख्या—2384 ∕ VII-I/11/2011, दिनांक 05 दिसम्बर, 2011 को अतिक्रमित करते हु९ जनपद हरिद्वार के बिशनपुर एवं भोगपुर में नियमानुसार खनन एवं केशिंग कार्य प्रारम्भ करने की अनमति प्रदान की गई है।

अतः शासन के उक्त आदेश संख्या-1596/VII-I/31-ख/2012 दिनांक 27 नवम्बर 2012 के अनुपालन में दिये गये निर्देशानुसार नियमानुसार उक्त क्षेत्रों में खनन एवं केशिंग कार्य सनिश्चित किया जाये।

> जिलाधिकारी. हरिद्वार ।

प्रतिलिपि:--निम्नलिखित को सूचनार्थ एवं आवश्यक कार्यवाही हेतु प्रेषित।

प्रमुख सचिव, औद्योगिक विकास विभाग उत्तराखण्ड शासन देहरादून।

निदेशक,भूतत्व एवं खनिकर्म निदेशालय, देहरादून। 2--

प्रबन्ध निदेशक, गढ़वाल मण्डल विकास निगम देहरादून को इस आशय से प्रेषित कि 3-उक्त क्षेत्रों में नियमानुसार खनन कार्य प्रारम्भ करने हेतु आवश्यक कार्यवाही करने का कष्ट

प्रबन्ध निदेशक, उत्तराखण्ड वन विकास निगम देहरादून को इस आशय से प्रेषित कि उक्त क्षेत्रों में नियमानुसार खनन कार्य प्रारम्भ करने हेतु आवश्यक कार्यवाही. करने का कष्ट

प्रभागीय वनाधिकारी, सामाजिक वानिकी वन प्रभाग, हरिद्वार।

ज्येष्ठ खान अधिकारी, भूतत्व एवं खनिकर्म निदेशालय, देंहरादून को आवश्यक

कार्यवाही हेतु प्रेषित।

उप जिलाधिकारी हरिद्वार को इस आशय से प्रेषित कि उक्त के अनुपालन में विशनपुर एव भोगपुर में स्थित स्टोन केशर्स को नियमानुसार केशिंग कार्य सुनिश्चित करने हेतु निर्देशित करना सुनिश्चित करें।

समन्वयक,गढ़वाल मण्डल विकास निम्मर्ग, हरिद्वार को अनुपालनार्थ।

प्रभागीय वन विकास प्रबन्धक अर्त्तराखण्ड वन विकास निगम हरिद्वार को अनुवालनार्थ।

जिलाधिकारी, हरिद्रार ।

Kind Attention to Sof Prachi Gangerer.

आदेश

ं निगम द्वारा जनपद हरिद्वार के विशनपुर एवं भोगपुर सॉटों पर की जा रही खनम संक्रियाओं पर अग्रिम आदेशों तक पूर्णतः रोक लगाई जाती है। महा प्रबन्धक (खनन) एवं प्रभारी खनन को निर्देशित किया जाता है कि तत्काल उक्त दोनों लाटों पर खनन संक्रियाये बन्द करवाना सुनिश्चित करें।

उक्त आदेश तत्काल प्रभावी होंगा।

प्रबन्ध निदेशक

गढवाल मण्डल विकास निगम लि0 74/1 राजपुर रोड देहरादून।

दिनांक 🙌 जनवरी 2013

संख्या:- 886 /खनन स्था०

प्रसिलिपि - निम्नलिखित को सुधनार्थ्स एवं आवश्यक कार्यवाही हेत् प्रेषित।

- 1- प्रमुख सन्विव, औद्योगिक विकास विभाग उत्तराखण्ड शासन को सादर सूचनार्थ।
- _2- जिलाधिकारी हरिहार को सादर सूचनार्थ।
 - 3-महा प्रबन्धक-खनम्।
 - 4- प्रभारी खनन।
 - 5- महा प्रबन्धक(पर्यटन / प्रशासन)
 - 6- करपनी सचिव।
 - 7- उप महा प्रबन्धक(प्रशासन)
 - 8- प्रशासनिक अधिकारी।
 - 9- वरिष्ट लेखाकार खनन।
 - 10- समन्वयक जनपद हरिद्वार!
 - 11-सैक्टर प्रभारी(विशनपुर एवं भोगपुर) जनपद हरिद्वार।
 - 12- अधिकान आदेश पुस्तिका।

(डा० पंकज कुमार पाण्डेय)