

Dare to Commit

Letter No- WEUPPL/FP/UP/THE/14236/2015 dated 26/04/2019

To,  
Divisional Forest Officer,  
Mirzapur Division, Forest Department,  
Mirzapur Uttar Pradesh

**Subject: Proposal No. FP/UP/THE/14236/2015 for diversion of 8.3581 ha of forest land for water pipeline corridor and approach road of Mirzapur 1320 MW Thermal Power Project.**

**Ref:**

- 1) Letter No. 2288/ Mirzapur/ 15, dated 15.12.2018 of DFO, Mirzapur to WEUPPL
- 2) Letter No. WEUPPL/FP/UP/THE/14236/2015 dated 19/11/2018 of WEUPPL to Divisional Forest Officer
- 3) Letter No. 469/11-C-FP/UP/thermal/14236/2015, Lucknow dated 29.08.2018 of Nodal Officer to Divisional Forest Officer, Mirzapur
- 4) Letter No. 8B/08/38/2016/FC/478 dated 11.01.2017 of MoEF&CC (Regional Office), Lucknow

Dear Sir,

This is with reference to letter of your good office dated 15.12.2018 to WEUPPL in which it was desired to obtain the fresh Environmental Clearance prior to applying for Forest Clearance in line with the NGT judgement dated 01.05.2017.

We again request you to please refer the OM dated 31st March 2011 of MoEF&CC, para 1 (c) which reads that "the proponent will be asked either to delete the forest land and submit the revised proposal or approach to the EAC after the Stage-I forest clearance for the forest land involved in the project".

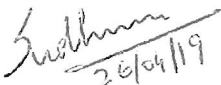
For your information, MoEF&CC has also accepted our application for amendment and revalidation of EC in the light of NGT review judgement dated 01.05.2017 and the MOM of EAC dated 22.02.2019 and 27.03.2019 recommending the amendment in Environmental Clearance of WEUPPL is attached herewith.

Hence, we are approaching to Forest department for needful process of grant the FC Stage-1 Clearance. In such cases, MoEF&CC issue conditional EC that Stage-2 shall be obtained by the project proponent before start of work at site.

As this proposal is delayed and impending at the level of State after return from MoEF&CC (Regional Office), Lucknow vide Letter No. 8B/08/38/2016/FC/478 dated 11.01.2017, the history of proposal in chronological order is attached herewith for ready reference.

We, request you to please forward the proposal with your recommendation to Nodal Officer in reply to his letter dated 29.08.2018 for further needful action.

Thanking you,  
For, Welspun Energy UP Pvt. Ltd



(Sudhir Kumar Srivastava)  
(Authorized Signatory)

**Enclosures:**

- A. Brief history of events in proposal in chronological order
- B. Minutes Meeting of the 25th meeting of EAC dated 22.02.2019 and its amendment dated 27.03.2019
- C. Letter No. 2288/ Mirzapur/ 15, dated 15.12.2018 of DFO, Mirzapur
- D. Letter No. WEUPPL/FP/UP/THE/14236/2015 dated 19/11/2018 of WEUPPL
- E. Letter No. 469/11-C-FP/UP/thermal/14236/2015, Lucknow dated 29.08.2018 of Nodal Officer
- F. Letter No. 8B/08/38/2016/FC/478 dated 11.01.2017 of MoEF&CC (Regional Office), Lucknow

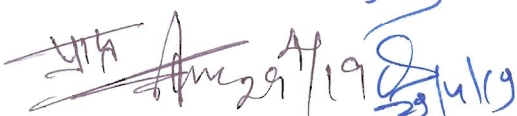
**CC:**

- a) Chief Conservator of Forest, Mirzapur Circle.
- b) Nodal Officer, Forest Department, Aranya Bhawan, 17 Rana Pratap Bhawan, Lucknow
- c) Secretary Forest, Government of UP, Forest Division, 6<sup>th</sup> Floor Babu Bhawan, Lucknow
- d) Regional Office (Central), MoEF&CC, Kendriya Bhawan 5<sup>th</sup> Floor, Sector H, Aliganj, Lucknow

Mirzapur Office:  
Plot No. 241/1 First Floor, C/O Mr. Raj Dular Dubey  
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Mirzapur, Uttar Pradesh 231001

Authorized Signatory Office:  
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## Annexure-A

### Brief history of events in proposal

- **July 2015:** Vide Proposal No. **FP/UP/THE/14236/2015**, M/s Welspun Energy UP Pvt. Ltd. (WEUPPL) has applied for diversion of **8.3581 ha** of forest land for water pipeline corridor and approach road for 1320 MW TPP.
  - **Dec 2016:** Proposal was forwarded by State Government of Uttar Pradesh to MoEF&CC in Dec 2016. Proposal was considered in the meeting of REC in Regional Office of MoEFCC, Lucknow in Jan 2017.
  - **Dec 2016:** On 21.12.2016 NGT judgement in appeal No. 79 of 2014 set aside the EC of the 1320 MW TPP at Mirzapur.
  - **Jan 2017:** In line with the REC meeting, the Regional Office of MoEF&CC, Lucknow vide its letter No. 8B/08/38/2016/FC/478 dated 11.01.2017 desired additional information and reconsideration of the proposal by the State Government in the light of the NGT judgement dated 21.12.2016 in appeal No. 79 of 2014.
  - **Present status of this proposal is showing PENDING at the State Government.**
  - **Feb 2017:** M/s WEUPL filed review petition and NGT.
  - **May 2017:** NGT issued Clarification vide Judgement dated 01.05.2017 that “The project proponent is at liberty to approach to MoEF&CC or any other competent authority for processing of applications for grant of Environmental Clearance upon making up for/ rectifying the defects”.
  - **Aug 2018:** This letter dt 11.01.2017 of MoEFCC was forwarded by State of UP to Nodal Officer for needful action. Nodal officer has forwarded the letter to CCF and DFO.
  - **Sept 2018:** M/s WEUPPL has requested to forest department that:
    - NGT judgment dated 21.12.2016 setting aside Environmental Clearance to WEUPPL had been clarified by NGT judgement dated 01.05.2017.
    - WEUPPL need forest land for pipeline corridor and its application may please be resend to Centre for Forest Clearance.
    - WEUPPL also need Stage-1 FC to approach to MoEFCC either for fresh EC or re-consideration of same EC.
- (Note: OM dated 31<sup>st</sup> March 2011 of MoEF&CC, para 1 (c) “the proponent will be asked either to delete the forest land and submit the revised proposal or approach to the EAC after the Stage-I forest clearance for the forest land involved in the project”. In such cases, MoEFCC issue conditional EC that Stage-2 shall be obtained by the project proponent before start of work at site).
- **Nov 2018:** DFO, Mirzapur has raised online EDS dated 06.11.2018 which requires WEUPPL to obtain EC then come for Forest Proposal which is not aligned with the OM of MoEF&CC dated 31<sup>st</sup> March 2011. WEUPPL replied to the queries raised by the DFO dated 19.11.2018.
  - **Dec 2018:** DFO, Mirzapur has raised online EDS dated 15.12.2018 in which it again it was suggested to obtain EC then come for Forest Proposal
  - **March 2019:** After the NGT review judgement dated 01.05.2017, WEUPPL approached to MoEF&CC in July 2017 with revised Form-1 for reconsideration and revalidation of EC dated 21.08.2014. In March 2019, EAC committee after detailed deliberations, recommended for amendment in Environmental Clearance vide its minutes of meeting dated 22.02.2019 and 27.03.2019.
  - **April 2019:** UP Forest Department to take needful action and forward the forest proposal o MoEFCC for clearance.

Minutes of the 25<sup>th</sup> meeting of the re-constituted Expert Appraisal Committee (EAC) on Environmental Impact Assessment (EIA) of Thermal Power Projects held on 22<sup>nd</sup> February, 2019

The 25<sup>th</sup> meeting of the re-constituted EAC (Thermal Power) was held on 22<sup>nd</sup> February, 2019 in the Ministry of Environment, Forest & Climate Change at Narmada Meeting Hall, Jal Wing, Ground Floor, Indira Paryavaran Bhawan, Jor Bagh Road, New Delhi under the Chairmanship of Dr. Navin Chandra. The following members were present:

1. Dr. Navin Chandra - Chairman
2. Shri Suramya D. Vora - Member
3. Dr. N.P. Shukla - Member
4. Shri G.P. Kundargi - Member
5. Dr. J.K. Pandey - Member
6. Dr. R.K. Giri - Member (Rep. of IMD)
7. Shri N.S. Mondal - Member (Rep. of CEA)
8. Dr. S.K. Paliwal - Member (Rep. of CPCB)
9. Dr. S. Kerketta - Member Secretary

A Special Invitee, Dr. P.V. Murugan, Scientific Officer-D was requested to present during this meeting to discuss the issue on Item No. 25.4 and the Director, Institute of Plasma Research, Gandhinagar has nominated him for the same. Shri N. Mohan Karnat, Dr. S. Lele, Dr. (Mrs). Manjari Srivasta and Dr. S.K. Gupta (Representative of ISM/IIT Dhanbad) could not be present due to pre-occupation.

(25.6) 2x660 MW Super critical coal based Thermal Power Project at Village Dadri Khurd, Tehsil Mirzapur Sadar, District Mirzapur, Uttar Pradesh by M/s Welspun Energy UP Pvt. Ltd. - reg. amendment in EC  
(F.No. J-13012/12/2011-IA.II(T) & Proposal no. IA/UP/THE/10331/2010)

(25.6.1) Project Proponent (PP) submitted the proposal online on 17.06.2017 for amendment of EC accorded vide dated 21.08.2014.

- i. Environmental Clearance for establishing of 2x660 MW Super critical coal based Thermal Power Project at Village Dadri Khurd, Tehsil Mirzapur Sadar, Dist. Mirzapur, Uttar Pradesh has been issued vide Ministry's letter dated 21.08.2014.

- ii. NGT, Principal Bench, Delhi in Appeal No.79/2014 in the matter of Debadityo Sinha vs Union of India in their judgment dated 21.12.2016 set aside the Environmental Clearance dated 21.8.2014 and directed the PP not to carry out any developmental work at the project site, restore the area to its original condition and work of restoration is stayed for a period of two months.
- iii. NGT vide their judgment dated 01.05.2017 directed that Project proponent is at liberty to approach the MoEF&CC or any other competent authority for processing of the applications for grant of EC upon making up for rectifying the defects and deficiencies pointed out in the judgment. However, the authorities concerned are at liberty to process the same in accordance with law while strictly adhering to the content of the judgment.
- iv. NGT vide their judgment dated 21.12.2016 mentioned the following defects in the EC process:
  - a. Deliberate concealment with regard to forest land within the proposed project site.
  - b. Non-submission of Form-1 dated 31.3.2011 for the project site at Mirzapur
  - c. Discrepancies in Form-1 dated 31.03.2011 and the Form-1 furnished later on vide dated 03.12.2011
  - d. Whether the project proponent required forest clearance before the grant of EC as the project site involve forest land
  - e. Concealment of presence of wildlife within the proposed project.
  - f. Usage of water in upper Khajuri Dam and withdrawal of water by the project proponent from the river Ganga to the upper Khajuri Dam would severely impact the nature of the water that is used for human consumption as well as irrigation.
  - g. Impact of the proposed project on Banaras Hindu University (BHU)
  - h. Presence of Kaimur, that is an important mineral resource to be found in the area of Mirzapur.
  - i. Whether the Public Hearing was conducted in a free and fair manner, in view of the fact that there was presence of men carrying arms in the video of the public hearing.

(25.6.2) The proposal was earlier considered in the EAC meeting held on 24.07.2017 and the EAC sought the following additional information:

- i. Hydro-geological study and impact on in-stream uses due to water withdrawal from Ganga river.
- ii. A certificate from State Mines and Geology Department regarding mineralogical map and presence of minerals in the project and surrounding areas.
- iii. Clarification report from District Collector regarding conduct of Public Hearing including law and order issues.
- iv. Recommendations from Standing Committee of National Board for Wildlife (SC-NBWL).
- v. Details of STP within 50 km radius from the project site.
- vi. Commitment for setting up of RO system for providing potable water to Banaras Hindu University.

(25.6.3) As the Project Proponent has not submitted the information within six months, the proposal has been delisted from the pendency list. Subsequently, on the request of project proponent, the proposal has been re-opened and the information sought by EAC was uploaded on 11.02.2019. Accordingly, the proposal has been re-considered in the present meeting. Project Proponent has made the presentation *inter-alia*, submitted the following information:

- i. The water requirement during construction phase is 500 KLD and operation phase is 36 MCM (1 Lakh m<sup>3</sup>/day or 100 MLD). The water during construction phase will be met from groundwater by installation of tube well at the site to meeting drinking and construction water requirement for a period of five years. The water during operation of phase will be sourced from the River Ganga through a pipeline at a distance of about 17 km from the project site for seven months (June-December).
- ii. Hydrogeological Study within 10 km radius area of proposed project has been conducted by IIT, Roorkee.
- iii. The entire study area consisted of Kaimur Sandstone and Alluvium deposits. The groundwater resources as per the CGWB report, 2012-13 indicates that out of 12 blocks in the study area, 7 blocks are in the safe category, 3 blocks are in the semi-critical category and 2 blocks are in the critical category as on 31.03.2009.
- iv. The groundwater simulations in the study area has shown as 'Safe' category. The groundwater usage for irrigation and domestic use is 13.89 MCM and the annual groundwater recharge is 51.96 MCM. The usage of groundwater is about 27% of the available groundwater.
- v. Groundwater quality has been analysed in the study area at 12 locations. The TDS levels in the groundwater at Villages Jhingura, Gopalpur and Agvar are 611 mg/l, 689 mg/l and 877 mg/l, respectively and exceeding the BIS standard of 500 mg/l. Further, hardness in the groundwater at Villages Jaugarh, Jodhipur, Majhubani, Gopalpur, Chikesr, Agvar and Padari are 600 ppm, 610 ppm, 410 ppm, 360 ppm, 320 ppm, 480 ppm and 420 ppm, respectively and exceeding the BIS limit of 300 ppm.
- vi. The Heavy metals such as Cadmium is high at Villages Haritara and Jhingura (3.9787 ppb and 3.661 ppb) as against BIS standard of 0.003 ppb. Further, Magnesium levels at Villages Kathinai and Agvar (33.3096 ppm and 32.991 ppm) are also exceeding the BIS standards of 30 ppm.
- vii. The groundwater in the study area has enough potential to accommodate 500 KLD for five years during construction phase. It is recommended to replenish the extracted groundwater resources by recharging structures at suitable locations which can be constructed within or outside the plant boundary.
- viii. Further, Water source Sustainability Study for the proposed project has been carried out by the CSIR-Advanced Materials and Processes Research Institute (AMPRI), Bhopal.
- ix. Among the fish diversity, 10 species are catfishes which are the indicator of shallow and running water. The maximum species are under the 'Least Concern' category according to the International Union of Conservation of Nature (IUCN) category. One species belongs to the endangered category which needs immediate actions for protection. One species falls under near threatened category and six species fall under the vulnerable group.
- x. The discharge data from River Ganga during 1981-2011 is in the range of 352.96 cumecs in 2009-10 to 2881.353 cumecs in 1981-82. The water discharge for 2018-19 has been predicted using ARIMA (Autoregressive Moving Average) model. The predicted discharge observed to be minimum in month of May is 264.34 cumecs for the year 2018-19. The equivalent discharge is 685.17 MCM/month.
- xi. The water requirement for the proposed project is 36 MCM during June-December from Rive Ganga. The total requirement is 5% of the minimum monthly discharge. Therefore, it is safe to withdraw water in rainy season.
- xii. It is recommended that maximum water may be withdrawn in July, August and September i.e. during high discharge period. Further, comparing the annual required water for project (36 MCM) to the least monthly available water 685.167 MCM in month

- of May shows withdrawal of 36 MCM over a period of 07 months will not have any adverse impact at the upstream and downstream of intake facility in Mirzapur.
- xiii. Study suggests that river flow upstream of intake point will not be affected by proposed withdrawal and there will be no significant impact at the downstream due to water withdrawal for the proposed Mirzapur TPP.
  - xiv. District Mining Officer, Mirzapur vide letter dated 17.4.2018 stated that there is no mining lease issued in the past in the proposed project area and there is no proposal in future to carry out mining activities in the proposed project area.
  - xv. District Collector, Mirzapur vide letter dated 10.4.2018 stated that the public hearing conducted for the proposed power project was concluded in undisputable manner with the Chairmanship of Additional District Magistrate.
  - xvi. Recommendations of Standing Committee of National Board for Wildlife is not applicable for the proposed project as the project area neither falls within National Park nor any Wildlife Sanctuary notified under Wildlife (Protection) Act, 1972. No Eco-Sensitive Zone notified under Environment (Protection) Act, 1986 also.
  - xvii. Regarding, use of treated Sewage Water for the proposed project, a technical feasibility study has been conducted to assess the availability of water for the proposed project.
  - xviii. There are 8 Sewage Treatment Plants (STP) within 50 km radius of the project. The details of the capacities are as below:

Sl.No.	Name	Distance	Existing Capacity (MLD)	Proposed Expansion (MLD)	Total (MLD)	Assured Capacity (MLD) given by UP Jal Nigam
1	Pakka-Pokhara, Mirzapur	20 km	14	8.5	22.5	18
2	Bisunderpur, Mirzapur	23 km	-	8.5	8.5	
3	Vindhyachal	26 km	4	3	7	
4	Chunar	27 km	-	2	2	
5	Ramana, Varanasi	44 km	-	50	50	40
6	DLW, Varanasi	44 km	12	-	12	
7	Bhagwanpur, Varanasi	45 km	9.8	-	9.8	9.8
8	Dinapur, Varanasi	54.33 km	80	140	220	150
9	Goithara, Varanasi	54.61 km	-	120	120	40
10	Ramnagar, Right Bank of Ganga, Varanasi	~43 km	DPR under preparation			
Total Capacity (MLD)			119.8	332	451.8	257.8

- xix. These STPs are located at three places viz. Mirzapur, Chunar and Varanasi. The STPs near Varanasi are located on North Bank of Ganga River. A pipeline is to be laid across River Ganga to transport water to the plant premises. Several permissions are required to lay pipeline across Ganga. Further, Mirzapur and Chunar are located on Southern side of the Ganga River and pipelines can be laid by avoiding the Clearance from National Ganga River Basin Authority.
- xx. The Uttar Pradesh Jal Nigam vide their letter dated 01.10.2018 has assured to provide this treated Sewage Water of 257.8 MLD from Bhagwanpur, Dinapur, Goithaha, Ramana and Mirzapur STP. The water requirement for the proposed project is 100 MLD. The water assured by UP Jal Nigam would be sufficient to meet the water requirements during operation phase.
- xxi. It is technically feasibility for sourcing of treated Sewage from STPs located in and around Mirzapur Town. However, technical feasibility need to be established for sourcing sewage from Varanasi with environmental impact assessment. Crossing Ganga river with sewage pipeline be avoided and utilisation of sewage from STP on north side of Ganga be considered for industries located on North side only.
- xxii. The cost estimate for drawal of 18 MLD treated sewage from 3 STP located in around Mirzapur town will be Rs.83.00 Crores.
- xxiii. The company undertakes to install RO plant to supply drinking water to BHU in their campus.

(25.6.4) Committee noted that groundwater in some of the blocks in the study area is in Semi-critical and Critical zones. Further, Total Dissolved Solids, Hardness, Magnesium and Cadmium (Heavy Metal) are exceeding the BIS standards in some areas. Even though source sustainability study mentions availability of water, committee is of the opinion that treated Sewage shall be used as the assured quantity of about 258 MLD has been made available by Jal Nigam. Further, the water requirement for power project is only 100 MLD. Accordingly, treated Sewage Water would be sufficient to meet the requirement of power project. Further, Committee noted that District Collector, Mirazpur has certified that the public hearing has been concluded in undisputable manner. Further, District Mining Officer has also certified that there is no mining activity proposed in the project area. Project Proponent has given assurance that they will install and supply RO treated water to Banaras Hindu University. However, the capacity of RO treatment system and time bound action plan to implement this activity is yet to be made available.

(25.6.5) **Committee after detailed deliberations, recommended for amendment in Environmental Clearance dated 21.08.2014 subject to the following additional conditions:**

- i. As the assurance from UP Jal Nigam for supplying treated Sewage Water of 257.8 MLD to the proposed project has been given vide letter dated 01.10.2018, only treated Sewage water shall be used during operations. Necessary pipelines in this regard shall be laid. Final layout of the pipelines starting from STPs to the power project shall be submitted.
- ii. No fresh water from Ganga River shall be drawn for the proposed project (Both construction and operation phase).
- iii. The capacity of RO treatment plant to be installed at BHU and timebound action plan for implementation shall be submitted within three months.



- iv. Before drawing the groundwater during construction phase (500 KLD), permission from Central Ground Water Board shall be obtained.

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**Minutes of the 26<sup>th</sup> meeting of the re-constituted Expert Appraisal Committee (EAC) on Environmental Impact Assessment (EIA) of Thermal Power Projects held on 27<sup>th</sup> March, 2019**

The 26<sup>th</sup> meeting of the re-constituted EAC (Thermal Power) was held on 27<sup>th</sup> March, 2019 in the Ministry of Environment, Forest & Climate Change at Narmada Meeting Hall, Jal Wing, Ground Floor, Indira Paryavaran Bhawan, Jor Bagh Road, New Delhi under the Chairmanship of Dr. Navin Chandra. The following members were present:

- |                             |                        |
|-----------------------------|------------------------|
| 1. Dr. Navin Chandra        | - Chairman             |
| 2. Shri Suramya D. Vora     | - Member               |
| 3. Dr. N.P. Shukla          | - Member               |
| 4. Shri G.P. Kundargi       | - Member               |
| 5. Dr. J.K. Pandey          | - Member               |
| 6. Shri N.S. Mondal         | - Member (Rep. of CEA) |
| 7. Dr. Sharatchchandra Lele | - Member               |
| 8. Dr. S. Kerketta          | - Member Secretary     |

A Special Invitee, Dr. P.V. Murugan, Scientific Officer-D was requested to present during this meeting to discuss the issue on Item Nos. 26.1-26.4 and the Director, Institute of Plasma Research, Gandhinagar has nominated him for the same. Dr. R.K. Giri, Member (Rep. of IMD), Dr. S.K. Paliwal, Member (Rep. of CPCB), Dr. (Mrs). Manjari Srivastava, Member and Dr. S.K. Gupta (Representative of ISM/IIT Dhanbad) and Shri Mohan Karnat, Member could not be present due to pre-occupation.

**Item No.26.0: CONFIRMATION OF THE MINUTES OF THE 25<sup>th</sup> EAC MEETING.**

The minutes of the 25<sup>th</sup> EAC (Thermal Power) meeting held on 22.02.2019 were confirmed in presence of members present during the meeting with the following modification:

- ✓ (25.6) **2x660 MW Super critical coal based Thermal Power Project at Village Dadri Khurd, Tehsil Mirzapur Sadar, District Mirzapur, Uttar Pradesh by M/s Welspun Energy UP Pvt. Ltd. - reg. amendment in EC. (F.No. J-13012/12/2011-IA.II(T) & Proposal No. IA/UP/THE/10331/2010)**

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- (25.6.3) (XX) The Uttar Pradesh Jal Nigam vide their letter dated 1.10.2018 has assured to provide this treated Sewage Water of 257.8 MLD from Bhagwanpur, Dinapur, Goithaha, Ramana and Mirzapur STP. The water requirement for the proposed project is 100 MLD. The water assured by UP Jal Nigam would be sufficient to meet the water requirements during operation phase.
- (25.6.4) Committee noted that groundwater in some of the blocks in the study area is in Semi-critical and Critical zones. Further, Total Dissolved Solids, Hardness, Magnesium and Cadmium (Heavy Metal) are exceeding the BIS standards in some areas. Even though source sustainability study mentions availability of water, committee is of the opinion that treated Sewage shall be used as the assured quantity of about 258 MLD has been made available by Jal Nigam. Further, the water requirement for power project is only 100 MLD.

Accordingly, treated Sewage Water would be sufficient to meet the requirement of power project. Further, Committee noted that District Collector, Mirzapur has certified that the public hearing has been concluded in undisputable manner. Further, District Mining Officer has also certified that there is no mining activity proposed in the project area. Project Proponent has given assurance that they will install and supply RO treated water to Banaras Hindu University. However, the capacity of RO treatment system and time bound action plan to implement this activity is yet to be made available.

(25.6.5) Committee after detailed deliberations, recommended for amendment in Environmental Clearance dated 21.8.2014 subject to the following additional conditions:

- I. As the assurance from UP Jal Nigam for supplying treated Sewage Water of 257.8 MLD to the proposed project has been given vide letter dated 1.10.2018, **only treated Sewage water shall be used during operations**. Necessary pipelines in this regard shall be laid. Final layout of the pipelines starting from STPs to the power project shall be submitted.
- II. **No fresh water from Ganga River shall be drawn for the proposed project (Both construction and operation phase).**
- III. The capacity of RO treatment plant to be installed at BHU and timebound action plan for implementation shall be submitted within three months.
- IV. Before drawing the groundwater during construction phase (500 KLD), permission from Central Ground Water Board shall be obtained.

to

(25.6.3)(XX) The Uttar Pradesh Jal Nigam Vide their letter dated 01.10.2018 has assured to provide this treated Sewage Water of 18 MLD from Pakka-Pokhara, Bisundepur and Vindhyachal STP. The water requirement for the proposed project is 100 MLD. The water requirement for the proposed project is 100 MLD. The water assured by UP Jal Nigam can replace part of fresh water requirements by 18 MLD during operation phase.

(25.6.4) The Committee noted that groundwater in some of the blocks in the study area is in semi critical and Critical Zones. Further, Total Dissolved Solids, Hardness, Magnesium and Cadmium (Heavy Metal) are exceeding the BIS standards in some areas. M/s WEUPPL shall optimize the operational water requirement from the River Ganga by replacing the equal quantity of fresh water by available treated sewage from STPs in South of the River Ganga. Further, Committee noted that District Collector, Mirzapur has certified that the public hearing has been concluded in undisputable manner. Further, District Mining Officer has also certified that there is no mining activity proposed in the project area. Project Proponent has given assurance that they will install and supply RO treated water to Banaras Hindu University. However, the capacity of RO treatment system and time bound action plan to implement this activity is yet to be made available.

(25.6.5) Committee after detailed deliberations, recommended for amendment in Environmental Clearance dated 21.08.2014 subject to the following additional conditions:

- I. As the assurance from UP Jal Nigam for supplying treated Sewage Water of 18 MLD to the proposed project has been given vide letter dated 01.10.2018. Necessary pipelines in this regard shall be laid. Final layout of the pipelines starting from STPs to the power project shall be submitted.
- II. M/s WEUPPL shall optimize the operational water requirement from the River Ganga by replacing the equal quantity of fresh water by available treated sewage from STPs in South of the River Ganga.
- III. The capacity of RO treatment plant to be installed at BHU and time bound action plan for implementation shall be submitted within three months.
- IV. Before drawing the groundwater during construction phase (500 KLD), permission from Central Ground Water Board shall be obtained.

**Item No. 26.0: CONSIDERATION OF PROJECTS**

- (26.1) 55 MW Municipal Solid Waste Power Project (Using Cold Plasma Technology to convert Green Power, Purified Water and Fuel at East Delhi Municipal Corporation Opp. Gagan Theatre, Wazirabad Road, Mandoli Extension, Village Mandoli, Delhi by M/s A.G. Dauters Waste Processing Private Limited.- reg. reconsideration of ToR.  
(F.No. J-13012/13/2018-IA.I (T) & Proposal no. IA/DL/THE/84113/2018)
- (26.1.1) Project Proponent has submitted online application on 31.10.2018 for grant of ToR for establishing 55 MW Waste to Energy Power Project from 200 Tons per Day Municipal Solid Waste. The proposal is based on Cold Plasma Gasification Technology which will convert MSW into 55 MW of Green Power, 925 KLD Purified Water and 925 KLD fuel.
- (26.1.2) The proposal has been considered by the EAC (Thermal Power) in its meetings held on 30.11.2018 and 22.2.2019. EAC in its meeting held on 22.2.2019 made following observations and sought the information for re-consideration:
- i. There is no clarity on the type of plasma used in the proposed cold plasma gasification technique.
  - ii. The energy consumed in dissociation of water into hydrogen and oxygen, conversion of waste into syngas and all other processes involved in subsystems were not presented in detailed.
  - iii. The mass and energy balance of the proposed waste disposal plant is not clearly available for evaluation. It only mentions the conversion of waste and wastewater into energy and purified water. But, it does not mention any process of how it is converted.
  - iv. The details provided such as input waste characteristics, process reactions, process by-products and plant output (55 MW power, water and fuel) are appearing superficial.
  - v. A complete process and technical detail along with the working principle of each process involved, mass and energy balance are required for further evaluation.
  - vi. Demonstration of the technology/waste disposal plant in the lower/pilot scale is appreciable before the establishment of the proposed 200 TPD capacity.
- (26.1.3) Project Proponent has submitted the information 14.3.2019. Accordingly, the proposal has been considered in the present meeting. Project Proponent along with their EIA

कार्यालय प्रभागीय वनाधिकारी, मीरजापुर वन प्रभाग, मीरजापुर।

पत्रांक 1221 / मीरजापुर / 15, दिनांक, मीरजापुर, दिसम्बर, 15, 2018.

सेवा में,

श्री सुधीर श्रीवास्तव,  
अधिकृत प्रतिनिधि वेलेस्पन इनर्जी,  
यू0पी0प्रा0लि0 प्लाट नं0 242/1, प्रथम तल,  
बबुआ का पोखरा, ब्रम्हपुरी कालोनी मीरजापुर।

विषय:- वेलेस्पन इनर्जी यू0पी0 प्रा0लि0 द्वारा ग्राम- ददरी खुर्द, तहसील- सदर, जिला- मीरजापुर में प्रस्तावित 1320(2x660) मेगावाट ताप विद्युत गृह की स्थापना हेतु जलापूर्ति बावत भूमिगत वाटर पाइप लाईन एवं सम्पर्क मार्ग निर्माण हेतु 8.3581 हे0 आरक्षित वन भूमि के गैर वानिकी प्रयोग एवं बाधक 296 वृक्षों के पातन की अनुमति के सम्बन्ध में।

संदर्भ- आपका पत्रांक- WEUPPL/FP/UP/THE/14236 dated 19/11/2018  
महोदय,

विषयक के सम्बन्ध में आप अपने उपरोक्त संदर्भित पत्र का अवलोकन करें, पत्र के साथ संलग्न दिनांक 31.03.2018 का आफिस मेमोरेण्डम के पैरा 1(C) में उल्लिखित है कि. The proposals already submitted of environmental clearance will be appraised by the EAC on their merit and in case of involvement of forestland, the proponent will be asked either to delete the forestland and submit the revised proposal or approach the EAC after the stage-I forestry clearance for the forestland involved in the project has been granted, till which time the proposal will stand delisted.

In case of projects for which diversion of forestland has been granted for part of the forestland, the proposal will be appraised taking into account that much of land only (land for which FC granted + Non forestland) for the project with requisite supporting documents.

जबकि मा0 एन.जी.टी. का आदेश दिनांक 05.04.2016 जो दिनांक 21.12.2016 को घोषित किया गया में स्पष्ट रूप से उल्लिखित है कि The Appeal is allowed and EC dated 21-08-2014 is set aside.

अतः विषयक प्रकरण में पुनः मा0 न्यायाधिकरण के निर्णय के आलोक में पुनः फ़ेश Environmental Clearance प्राप्त कर इस कार्यालय को उपलब्ध करावें ताकि प्रकरण में अग्रेतर कार्यवाही की जा सके।

भवदीय  
[हस्ताक्षर]

(राकेश चौधरी)

प्रभागीय वनाधिकारी,

मीरजापुर वन प्रभाग मीरजापुर।

संख्या : अ/समदिनांक

प्रतिलिपि- मुख्य वन संरक्षक, मीरजापुर क्षेत्र, मीरजापुर को सूचनार्थ एवं आवश्यक कार्यवाही हेतु प्रेषित।

[हस्ताक्षर]  
(राकेश चौधरी)

प्रभागीय वनाधिकारी,

मीरजापुर वन प्रभाग मीरजापुर।



Dare to Commit

Letter No- WEUPPL/ FP/UP/THE/14236/2015 dated 19/11/2018

To,

Divisional Forest Officer,  
Mirzapur Division, Forest Department,  
Mirzapur, Uttar Pradesh

**Subject:** Proposal No. FP/UP/THE/14236/2015 for diversion of 8.3581 ha of Forest land for Water Pipeline Corridor and Approach Road of Mirzapur 1320 MW Thermal Power Project.

Ref:

1. Letter No- 1798/Mirzapur/15 dated 06.11.2018 to Mr. Authorized Signatory, WEUPPL
2. Letter No- WEUPPL/FP/UP/THE/14236/2015 of WEUPPL dated 12.10.2018 to DFO, Mirzapur
3. Letter No- 1334/ M. C./33 dated 01.10.2018 to Divisional Forest Officer, Mirzapur
4. Letter No. even/ Mirzapur/ 15 dated 05.09.2018 of Divisional Forest Officer to Area Forest Officer, Marihan
5. Letter No. WEUPPL/FP/UP/THE/14236/2015 dated 30.08.2018 to Divisional Forest Officer, Mirzapur
6. Letter No. 469/11-C-FP/UP/Thermal/14236/2015 dated 29.08.2018 of Nodal Office to Chief Conservator of Forest, Mirzapur Circle
7. Letter of WEUPPL dated 16.07.2018 to Nodal Officer, Forest department Lucknow
8. Letter No 59/Mirzapur/15 Dated 04.07.2018 of Divisional Forest Officer to Nodal Officer, Forest Department, UP
9. Letter No. 2084/11-C-FP/UP/Thermal/14236/2015 dated 08.01.2018 from Nodal Officer, Forest Department, UP to DFO, Mirzapur
10. Letter No. even/Mirzapur/15 dated 22.12.2017 of Divisional Forest Officer to Nodal Office, Lucknow
11. Letter No. 88 /08/38/2016/FC/676 dated 11.12.2017 of Regional Office, MoEF&CC, Government of India w.r.t. its earlier letter dated 11.01.2017
12. Letter No. 2711/14-2-2017 dated 22.11.2017 of Secretary (Forest), Government of U.P to Regional Office, MoEF&CC, Government of India to Secretary (Forest)
13. Letter No. even/ 11-C-FP/ UP/ Thermal/ 14236/ 2015 dated 25.10.2017 of Nodal Office to Secretary (Forest), Government of U.P
14. Letter No. 8B / UP/ 08/38/2016/FC/446 dated 27.09.2017 of Regional Office, MoEF&CC, Government of India to Secretary (Forest), Government of U.P
15. Letter No.2371/ 11-C-FP/UP/ Thermal/ 14236/2015 dated 22.05.2017 of Nodal Office to Secretary (Forest), Government of U.P
16. Letter No. 5238/ Mirzapur/ 33 dated 12.5.2017 of Divisional Forest Officer to Nodal Office, Lucknow
17. Letter No. 3689/ Mirzapur/ 15 dated 03.05.2017 of Divisional Forest Officer to Chief Conservator of Forest, Mirzapur Circle
18. Letter No. 2586/ Mirzapur/ 15 dated 07.02.2017 of Divisional Forest Officer to Chief Conservator of Forest, Mirzapur Circle
19. Letter No. 8B/08/38/2016/FC/478 dated 11.01.2017 of Regional Office, MoEF&CC, Government of India to Secretary (Forest), Government of U.P

Dear Sir,

This is with reference to online EDS dated 16.11.2018 having your Letter No- 1798/Mirzapur/15 dated 06.11.2018 in reply of WEUPL letter No. WEUPPL/FP/UP/THE/14236/2015 which was written in line with others correspondence as above originated from Letter No. 8B/08/38/2016/FC/478 dated 11/1/2017 of Regional Office, MoEF&CC, Government of India to Secretary (Forest), Government of U.P.

*Handwritten signature*

Mirzapur Office:  
Plot No.241/1 First Floor, C/O Mr. Raj Dular Dubey  
Babua Ka Pokhra, Near Bramh Puri Colony,  
Mirzapur, Uttar Pradesh 231001

Authorized Signatory Office:  
Sambhaav House, 8th floor,  
Judges Bungalow Road,  
Bodakdev, Ahmedabad

Tel: +919099995898/07925557498  
Fax: 07925557401  
E-mail: [control@welspunup.com](mailto:control@welspunup.com)  
[weuppl@welspunup.com](mailto:weuppl@welspunup.com)

415  
22/11/18



Dare to Commit

Forest Proposal No. FP/UP/THE/14236/2015 is already forwarded by the Government of U.P to Regional Office of MoEF&CC for approval for forest clearance. MoEF&CC has raised query to Government of U.P through above referred letter on 11/1/2017. **Your letter 06.11.2018 has required WEUPPL to obtain fresh EC in the light of NGT judgment and approach to the U.P Forest department after that.**

As we have already submitted to you the Office Memorandum (OM) dated 31<sup>st</sup> March 2011 of MoEF&CC, we request you to please refer para 1 (c) of this OM again which reads that:

"The proposal already submitted for environmental clearance will be appraised by the EAC on their merit and in case of involvement of forest land, the proponent will be asked either to delete the forest land and submit the revised proposal or approach to the EAC after the Stage-1 forest clearance for the forest land involved in the project has been granted,..."

National Green tribunal (NGT) order dated 01.05.2017, para 3, reads that "The project proponent at liberty to approach to MoEF&CC or any other competent authority for processing of applications for grant of Environmental Clearance upon making up for/ rectifying the defects". Copy of the NGT has already been submitted through above referred letter of WEUPPL.

We request you to please appraise the requirement of MoEF&CC through this OM dated 31<sup>st</sup> March 2011 that in either case to obtain fresh or revalidated Environmental Clearance which is prerogative of MoEF&CC to consider, WEUPPL requires Stage-1 Forest Clearance as the proposal involves the forest land.

Hence, we are approaching to Forest Department for forest clearance applied for this project.

We again request you to please respond to the letter of Nodal officer as referred above for suitable action for diversion of forest as per proposal in subject matter.

Thanking you,  
Authorized Signatory,  
For, Welspun Energy UP Pvt. Ltd

(Sudhir Kumar Srivastava)

**Enclosures:**

1. Office Memorandum of MoEF&CC dated 31.03.2011 regarding Consideration of project for grant of Environmental Clearance under EIA Notification, 2006 which involve Forest land.
2. NGT Review Judgement dated 01.05.2017.
3. Copies of Letters as referred above.

**CC:**

1. Chief Conservator of Forest, Mirzapur Circle
2. Nodal Officer, Forest department, Aranya Bhawan, 17 Rana Pratap Bhawan, Lucknow.
3. Secretary (Forest), Government of UP, Forest Division, 6<sup>th</sup> Floor, Bapu Bhawan, Lucknow.
4. Regional Office (Central Region), MoEF&CC, Kendriya Bhawan 5<sup>th</sup> Floor, Sector-H, Aliganj, Lucknow.

Mirzapur Office:  
Plot No.241/1 First Floor, C/O Mr. Raj Dular Dubey  
Babua Ka Pokhra, Near Bramh Puri Colony,  
Mirzapur, Uttar Pradesh 231001

Authorized Signatory Office:  
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Bodakdev, Ahmedabad

Tel: +919099995898/07925557498  
Fax: 07925557401  
E-mail:

WELSPUN ENERGY UP PVT. LTD.  
WELSPUN ENERGY UP PVT. LTD.



भारत सरकार

पर्यावरण, वन एवं जलवायु परिवर्तन मंत्रालय  
क्षेत्रीय कार्यालय (मध्य)

Ministry of Environment, Forest and Climate Change  
Regional Office (Central Region)



केन्द्रीय भवन, पंचम तल, सेक्टर-एच, अलीगंज, लखनऊ-226024

Kendriya Bhawan, 5<sup>th</sup> Floor, Sector-H, Aliganj, Lucknow- 226024, Telefax: 2326696, 2324340, 2324047, 2324025  
Email: (Env.) m\_env@rediffmail.com, (Forest) goimoeffrolko@gmail.com

पत्र सं० 8बी/08/38/2016/एफ०सी० / 446-478

दिनांक : 11/11/17

सेवा में,  
विशेष सचिव (वन),  
उत्तर प्रदेश शासन,  
बापू भवन, लखनऊ।

विषय:बेलेस्पन एनर्जी यू०पी० प्रा० लि० द्वारा ददरी खुर्द तहसील सदरी जिला मीर्जापुर में प्रस्तावित 1320 (2ग660) मेगावाट ताप विद्युत गृह की स्थापना हेतु जलापूर्ति बावत भूमिगत वाटर पाइप लाईन एवं संपर्क मार्ग निर्माण हेतु 8.3581 हे० आरक्षित वनभूमि के गैर वानिकी प्रयोग एवं बाधक 296 वृक्षों के पातन की अनुमति के संबंध में।

सन्दर्भ:- क्षेत्रीय सशक्त समिति की बैठक दिनांक- 05.01.2017 की कार्यवाही (प्रति संलग्न)

महोदय,

उपरोक्त विषय का आशय ग्रहण करने का कष्ट करें। विषयांकित प्रकरण में राज्य सरकार द्वारा वन (संरक्षण) अधिनियम, 1980 की धारा (2) के अन्तर्गत भारत सरकार की स्वीकृति माँगी है।

उक्त प्रकरण को दिनांक- 05.01.2017 को आहूत की गयी क्षेत्रीय सशक्त समिति (REC) की बैठक में सम्मिलित किय गया था। क्षेत्रीय सशक्त समिति की बैठक (REC) दिनांक- 05.01.2017 की कार्यवाही की प्रति (REC Agenda item 16.7 U.P.) संलग्न है। बैठक में चर्चानुसार निम्न बिन्दुओं पर सूचन चाही गयी है, जिसे शीघ्रातिशीघ्र प्रस्तुत करें ताकि आगे की कार्यवाही की जा सके-

1. As per GIS DSS analysis one of the polygon i.e. polygon I is inviolate.
2. .kml files of minimum three alternatives examined for selection of proposed alignment also needs submission.
3. In pursuance of order of Hon'ble NGT is appeal no. 79 of 2004; Department of Forests, UP may review its stand on the proposal.

संलग्नक- यथोपरि।

भवदीय,  
10/11/17  
ग/स (बृजेन्द्र स्वरूप)  
वन संरक्षक [केन्द्रीय]

प्रतिलिपि सूचनार्थ एवं आवश्यक कार्यवाही हेतु प्रेषित:

1. प्रभागीय निदेशक, सामाजिक वानिकी प्रभाग, मिर्जापुर, उ० प्र०।
2. श्री अनुराग चोखलानी, बेलेस्पन एनर्जी, यू०पी० प्रा० लि०, मिर्जापुर, उ० प्र०।
3. श्री कमल मिश्रा, राजभाषा अनुभाग, पर्यावरण, वन एवं जलवायु परिवर्तन मंत्रालय, क्षेत्रीय कार्यालय, लखनऊ को वेबसाइट पर अपलोडिंग हेतु प्रेषित।
4. आदेश प्रत्रावली

ग/स (बृजेन्द्र स्वरूप)  
10/11/17  
वन संरक्षक [केन्द्रीय]



# कार्यालय प्रभागीय वनाधिकारी, मीरजापुर वन प्रभाग, मीरजापुर

पत्रांक 2506 / मीरजापुर / 15 दिनांक, फरवरी 2017  
सेवा में,

मुख्य वन संरक्षक,  
मीरजापुर क्षेत्र, मीरजापुर।

विषय— वेलेस्पन एनर्जी यू0पी0 प्रा0 लि0 द्वारा ददरी खुर्द तहसील मडिहान जिला—मीरजापुर में प्रस्तावित 1320 (2×660) मेगावाट ताप विद्युत गृह की स्थापना हेतु जलापूर्ति बाबत भूमिगत वाटर पाइप लाईन एवं संपर्क मार्ग निर्माण हेतु 8.3581 हे0 आरक्षित वनभूमि के गैर वानिकी प्रयोग एवं बाधक 296 वृक्षों के पातन की अनुमति के सम्बन्ध में।

संदर्भ— भारत सरकार पर्यावरण वन एवं जलवायु परिवर्तन मंत्रालय क्षेत्रीय कार्यालय (मध्य) का पत्र 8 बी / यू0पी0 / 08 / 38 / 2016 / 437 दि0 08.12.2016 के क्रम में आपका पत्रांक—2992 / मी0 / 33 / दिनांक—19.12.2016।

महोदय,

विषयक प्रस्ताव में भारत सरकार पर्यावरण वन एवं जलवायु परिवर्तन मंत्रालय के संदर्भित पत्र द्वारा 2 बिन्दुओं पर आपत्ति उठाई गयी, जिसमें से बिन्दु संख्या—1,2 प्रस्तावक संस्था से सम्बन्धित होने के कारण उनके द्वारा आपत्तियों का निवारण करते हुये अपेक्षित अभिलेख उपलब्ध कराये गये, जो मूल में तीन प्रतियों में संलग्न कर आवश्यक कार्यवाही हेतु प्रेषित है। कार्यालय मुख्य वन संरक्षक/नोडल अधिकारी, उ0प्र0 लखनऊ के पत्रांक—2501 / 11—सी लखनऊ दि0 24.05.2016 द्वारा निर्धारित प्रारूप में सूचना निम्न प्रकार प्रेषित है :-

Observ No.	Observation of Gol	Reply
1.	As per the Sr.No.7 & 8 of previous EDS; there is need to lay proposed forest land on Google Earth and show geo coordinates of polygon /polygons forming the proposed forest land diversion	Map Showing forest land on Google Earth with geo coordinates of polygon/ polygons forming the proposed forestland diversion is attached as (annexure -1).
2.	The kml files of minimum three alternatives examined for proposed alignment needs submission	Map Showing kml files of minimum three alternatives examined for proposed alignment is attached as (annexure- 2).

संलग्नक—उपरोक्तानुसार।

भवदीय

प्रभागीय वनाधिकारी  
मीरजापुर, वन प्रभाग मीरजापुर

संख्या— 2506 अ / समदिनांक

प्रतिलिपि— श्री अनुराग चोखानी, वेलेस्पन एनर्जी, यू0पी0 प्रा0 लि0 मीरजापुर उ0प्र0 को सूचनार्थ एवं आवश्यक कार्यवाही हेतु प्रेषित।

प्रभागीय वनाधिकारी  
मीरजापुर, वन प्रभाग मीरजापुर

कार्यालय प्रभागीय वनाधिकारी, मीरजापुर वन प्रभाग, मीरजापुर।  
पत्रांक 3689 / मीरजापुर / 15 / दिनांक, मीरजापुर, अप्रैल 3, 2017

सेवा में,

मुख्य वन संरक्षक,  
मीरजापुर क्षेत्र, मीरजापुर।

विषय- वेलस्पन एनर्जी यू0पी0 प्रा0 लि0 द्वारा ग्राम- ददरी खुर्द तहसील- सदर, जिला- मीरजापुर में प्रस्तावित 1320 (2×660) मेगावाट ताप विद्युत गृह की स्थापना हेतु जलापूर्ति बाबत भूमिगत वाटर पाइप लाइन एवं सम्पर्क मार्ग निर्माण हेतु 8.3581 हे0 आरक्षित वन भूमि के गैर वानिकी प्रयोग एवं बाधक 296 वृक्षों के पातन की अनुमति के सम्बन्ध में।

संदर्भ- उ0प्र0 शासन का पत्रांक 588(1)/14-2-2017-800(64)/2016 वन एवं वन्य जीव अनुभाग -2 लखनऊ दि0 26.04.2017 एवं कार्यालय मुख्य वन संरक्षक/नोडल अधिकारी उ0प्र0 लखनऊ का पृष्ठांकन 2222/11-सी0एफ0पी0/यू0पी0/थर्मल/14236/2015 दि0 27.04.2017।

महोदय,

वेलस्पन एनर्जी यू0पी0 प्रा0 लि0 द्वारा ग्राम- ददरी खुर्द तहसील- सदर, जिला- मीरजापुर में प्रस्तावित 1320 (2×660) मेगावाट ताप विद्युत गृह की स्थापना हेतु जलापूर्ति बाबत भूमिगत वाटर पाइप लाइन एवं सम्पर्क मार्ग निर्माण हेतु 8.3581 हे0 आरक्षित वन भूमि के गैर वानिकी प्रयोग एवं बाधक 296 वृक्षों के पातन की अनुमति के सम्बन्ध में, शासन के उपरोक्त संदर्भित पत्र के अनुपालन में प्रस्तावक संस्था द्वारा वन भूमि प्रत्यावर्तन के सम्बन्ध में प्रस्तुत तीन विकल्पों का परीक्षण किया गया। विवरण निम्न प्रकार है।

भूमि की लम्बाई एवं क्षेत्रफल	विकल्प-1	विकल्प-2	विकल्प-3
लम्बाई(किमी0)	13.31 किमी0	19.019 किमी0	18.64 किमी0
क्षेत्रफल (हे0)	8.3581 हे0	15.022 हे0	16.264 हे0

अतः उपरोक्त के आधार पर प्रमाणित किया जाता है। कि परियोजना हेतु प्रस्तावित वन भूमि प्रस्तुत विकल्पों में न्यूनतम वन भूमि प्रभावित होने का विकल्प सम्मिलित है।

श्री 330 330 330  
6391  
33  
11-5-17

भवदीय  
(के0के0 पाण्डे)  
प्रभागीय वनाधिकारी,  
मीरजापुर वन प्रभाग, मीरजापुर।

कार्यालय मुख्य वन संरक्षक, मीरजापुर क्षेत्र, मीरजापुर  
पत्रांक- 5230 /मीरजापुर/ 33 दिनांक, मीरजापुर, मई, 12 2017  
सेवा में,

मुख्य वन संरक्षक/नोडल अधिकारी,  
उ०प्र०, लखनऊ ।

विषय:- वेलस्पन एनर्जी यू०पी० प्रा०लि० द्वारा ग्राम-ददरी खुर्द, तहसील-सदर, जिला- मीरजापुर में प्रस्तावित 1320(2 x 660) मेगावाट ताप विद्युतगृह की स्थापना हेतु जलापूर्ति बाबत भूमिगत वाटर पाइप लाइन एवं सम्पर्क मार्ग निर्माण हेतु 8.3581 हे० आरक्षित वनभूमि के गैर वानिकी प्रयोग एवं बाधक 296 वृक्षों के पातन की अनुमति के सम्बन्ध में ।

संदर्भ:- उ०प्र० शासन का पत्र संख्या- 588(1)/14-2-2017-800(64)/2016 वन एवं वन्य जीव अनुभाग-2 लखनऊ दिनांक 26.04.2017 एवं आपका पत्र संख्या- 2222/ 11-सी०एफ० पी०/यू०पी०/धर्मल /14236/2015 दिनांक 27.04.2017 ।

महोदय,

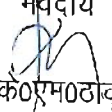
प्रभागीय वनाधिकारी मीरजापुर वन प्रभाग ने अपने पत्र संख्या- 3689/मीरजापुर/15 दिनांक 03.05.2017 द्वारा वेलस्पन एनर्जी यू०पी० प्रा०लि० द्वारा ग्राम-ददरी खुर्द, तहसील-सदर, जिला- मीरजापुर में प्रस्तावित 1320 (2 x 660) मेगावाट ताप विद्युतगृह की स्थापना हेतु जलापूर्ति बाबत भूमिगत वाटर पाइप लाइन एवं सम्पर्क मार्ग निर्माण हेतु 8.3581 हे० आरक्षित वनभूमि के गैर वानिकी प्रयोग एवं बाधक 296 वृक्षों के पातन की अनुमति के सम्बन्ध में प्रस्तावक संस्था द्वारा वन भूमि प्रत्यावर्तन के सम्बन्ध में प्रस्तुत तीन विकल्पों का परीक्षण किया गया है :-

भूमि की लम्बाई एवं क्षेत्रफल	विकल्प- 1	विकल्प- 2	विकल्प- 3
लम्बाई (किमी०)	13.31 किमी०	19.019 किमी०	18.64 किमी०
क्षेत्रफल (हे०)	8.3581 हे०	15.002 हे०	16.264 हे०

प्रभागीय वनाधिकारी, मीरजापुर वन प्रभाग, मीरजापुर द्वारा उपरोक्त के आधार पर प्रमाणित किया गया है कि परियोजना हेतु प्रस्तावित वन भूमि प्रस्तुत विकल्पों में न्यूनतम वन भूमि प्रभावित होने का विकल्प सम्मिलित है ।

अतः प्रभागीय वनाधिकारी, मीरजापुर द्वारा प्रेषित प्रश्नगत आख्या संलग्नकर आवश्यक कार्यवाही हेतु प्रेषित है ।

संलग्नक:-उपरोक्तानुसार

भवदीय  
  
(के०एम०ठाकुर)  
मुख्य वन संरक्षक,  
मीरजापुर क्षेत्र, मीरजापुर

संख्या /अ/समदिनांक ।

प्रतिलिपि प्रभागीय वनाधिकारी मीरजापुर वन प्रभाग मीरजापुर को उनके पत्र संख्या- 3689/मीरजापुर/15 दिनांक 03.05.2017 के क्रम में सूचनार्थ एवं आवश्यक कार्यवाही हेतु प्रेषित ।

मुख्य वन संरक्षक,  
मीरजापुर क्षेत्र, मीरजापुर

जमील/-

कार्यालय, मुख्य वन संरक्षक/नोडल अधिकारी, उत्तर प्रदेश, लखनऊ।  
पत्रांक- 2271 / 11-सी-FP/UP/Thermal/14236/2015, दिनांक, लखनऊ, मई 22 / 2017

सेवा में,

प्रमुख सचिव (वन),  
उ०प्र० शासन,  
वन एवं वन्यजीव अनुभाग-2,  
लखनऊ।

विषय- वेलरपन एनर्जी यू०पी० प्रा०लि० द्वारा ग्राम-ददरी खुर्द, तहसील-सदर, जिला-मीरजापुर में प्रस्तावित 1320 (2 x 660) मेगावाट ताप विद्युतगृह की स्थापना हेतु जलापूर्ति बावत भूमिगत वाटर पाइप लाईन एवं सम्पर्क मार्ग निर्माण हेतु 8.3581 हे० आरक्षित वनभूमि के गैर वानिकी प्रयोग एवं बाधक 296 वृक्षों के पातन की अनुमति के सम्बन्ध में।

सन्दर्भ- अनुसचिव, उ०प्र० शासन का पत्रांक-588(1)/14-2-2017-800(64)/2016, दिनांक 26.04.2017

महोदय,

उपरोक्त विषयक संदर्भित पत्र का अवलोकन करने की कृपा करें। उक्त संदर्भित पत्र के द्वारा विषयांकित प्रकरण में वाञ्छित सूचना/अभिलेख मुख्य वन संरक्षक, मीरजापुर क्षेत्र, मीरजापुर ने अपने पत्रांक-5238/मिर्जापुर/33, दिनांक-12.05.2017 द्वारा इस कार्यालय को प्रेषित किया है।

अतः उक्त पत्र की छायाप्रति सहित सूचना/अभिलेख की दो प्रतियां संलग्न कर आवश्यक अग्रेत्तर कार्यवाही हेतु प्रेषित की जा रही है।

संलग्नक:-यथोक्त।

भवदीय

(वाई०एस०के० शेषकुमार)  
मुख्य वन संरक्षक/नोडल अधिकारी,  
उ०प्र०, लखनऊ।

संख्या- / 11-C-FP/UP/Thermal/14236/2015, दिनांकित।

प्रतिलिपि:-निम्नलिखित अधिकारियों को सूचनार्थ एवं आवश्यक कार्यवाही हेतु प्रेषित:-

- 1- मुख्य वन संरक्षक, मीरजापुर क्षेत्र, मीरजापुर।
- 2- प्रभागीय वनाधिकारी, मिर्जापुर वन प्रभाग, मिर्जापुर।
- 3- श्री अनुराग चोखानी, अधिकृत प्रतिनिधि, वेलरपन एनर्जी, यू०पी० प्रा०लि०, मिर्जापुर।

(वाई०एस०के० शेषकुमार)  
मुख्य वन संरक्षक/नोडल अधिकारी,  
उ०प्र०, लखनऊ।



भारत सरकार  
पर्यावरण, वन एवं जलवायु परिवर्तन मंत्रालय  
क्षेत्रीय कार्यालय (मध्य)



Ministry of Environment, Forest and Climate Change  
Regional Office (Central Region)

केन्द्रीय भवन, पंचम तल, सेक्टर-एच, अलीगंज, लखनऊ-226024

Kendriya Bhawan, 5<sup>th</sup> Floor, Sector-H, Aliganj, Lucknow- 226024, Telefax: 2326696, 2324340, 2324047, 2324025  
Email: (Env.) m\_env@rediffmail.com, (Forest) goimoeffolko@gmail.com

पत्र सं० 8बी/यू०पी०/०८/३८/२०१६/एफ०सी० 446

दिनांक: 27/9/17

सेवा में,

प्रमुख सचिव (वन)  
वन अनुभाग, ६वां तल,  
बापू भवन, लखनऊ

विषय:- वन संरक्षण अधिनियम, 1980 के तहत स्वीकृति हेतु प्राप्त प्रस्तावों में इस कार्यालय द्वारा तीन माह (90 दिन) से अधिक समय में मांगी गई वांछित सूचनाएं/जानकारी न प्राप्त होने पर प्रस्तावों का वन संरक्षण अधिनियम 2003 के पैरा 4.14 (i) के तहत बन्द करने की सूचना।

संदर्भ:- इस कार्यालय का पत्रांक -478, दिनांक-11.01.2017 (छायाप्रति संलग्न)

महोदय,

आपका ध्यान इस कार्यालय के उपरोक्त संदर्भित पत्र की ओर आकृष्ट किया जाता है जिसके तहत प्रकरण, जिसका विवरण नीचे दिया गया है, में आवश्यक सूचना चाही गयी थी।

1. प्रस्ताव का नाम	बेलेस्पन एनर्जी यू०पी० प्रा० लि० द्वारा ददरी खुर्द तहसील सदरी जिला मीर्जापुर में प्रस्तावित 1320 (2x660) मेगावाट ताप विद्युत गृह की स्थापना हेतु जलापूर्ति बावत भूमिगत वाटर पाइप लाईन एवं संपर्क मार्ग निर्माण हेतु 8.3581 हे० आरक्षित वनभूमि के गैर वानिकी प्रयोग एवं बाधक 298 वृक्षों के पातन की अनुमति के संबंध में।
2. राज्य क्रम संख्या	पी-61/14-2-2016-800(64)/2016, दिनांक- 18.04.2016
3. प्रयोक्ता अभिकरण	श्री अनुराग चोखलानी, बेलेस्पन एनर्जी, यू०पी० प्रा० लि०, मुंबई, उ० प्र०।
4. वन क्षेत्र एवं वन प्रभाग	8.3581 हे०, प्रभागीय वनाधिकारी, मिर्जापुर वन प्रभाग, मिर्जापुर, उ० प्र०।

जिसकी अनुपालन आख्या अभी तक इस कार्यालय को प्राप्त नहीं हुई है। अतः प्रकरण में चाही गयी सूचना इस पत्र के जारी होने के 45 दिनों के भीतर प्राप्त नहीं होती है तो वन संरक्षण अधिनियम 2003 के पैरा 4.14 (i) के तहत प्रस्ताव को बन्द कर दिया जाएगा। यहाँ यह स्पष्ट किया जाता है कि प्रकरण में वन संरक्षण अधिनियम 1980 का उल्लंघन हुआ है तो इस उल्लंघन के जिम्मेदार अधिकारी/कर्मचारी सम्बन्धित अधिनियम/नियम के तहत कार्रवाई के पात्र होंगे।

संलग्नक- यथोपरि।

भवदीय  
[Signature]  
(बृजेन्द्र स्वरूप)  
वन संरक्षक (केंद्रीय)  
25.09.17

प्रतिलिपि निम्नलिखित को सूचनार्थ:-

1. अति वन महानिदेशक (एफ.सी.), पर्यावरण, वन एवं जलवायु परिवर्तन मंत्रालय, इन्दिरा पर्यावरण भवन, जोरबाग रोड, नई दिल्ली
2. निदेशक (आर०ओ०एच०क्यू०), पर्यावरण, वन एवं जलवायु परिवर्तन मंत्रालय, इन्दिरा पर्यावरण भवन, जोरबाग रोड, नई दिल्ली
3. नोडल अधिकारी एवं मुख्य वन संरक्षक, वन उपयोग वृत्त, अरण्य भवन, 17 राणा प्रताप मार्ग, उत्तर प्रदेश, लखनऊ।
4. प्रभागीय वनाधिकारी, मिर्जापुर वन प्रभाग, मिर्जापुर, उ० प्र०।
5. श्री अनुराग चोखलानी, बेलेस्पन एनर्जी, यू०पी० प्रा० लि०, मुंबई, उ० प्र०।
6. तकनीकी अधिकारी, पर्यावरण, वन एवं जलवायु परिवर्तन मंत्रालय, क्षेत्रीय कार्यालय, लखनऊ को वेबसाइट पर अपलोडिंग हेतु प्रेषित।
7. आदेश पत्रावली।

[Signature]  
(बृजेन्द्र स्वरूप)  
वन संरक्षक (केंद्रीय)  
25.09.17

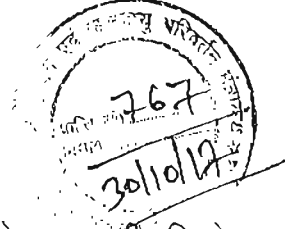
1014

कार्यालय, मुख्य वन संरक्षक/नोडल अधिकारी, उत्तर प्रदेश, लखनऊ।

पत्रांक- /11-सी-FP/UP/Thermal/14236/2015, लखनऊ दिनांक: अक्टूबर 25 2017

जवा में,

प्रमुख सचिव (वन),  
उ०प्र० शासन,  
वन अनुभाग-2,  
लखनऊ।



विषय:- वन (संरक्षण) अधिनियम, 1980 के तहत स्वीकृति हेतु प्राप्त प्रस्तावों में इस कार्यालय द्वारा तीन माह (90 दिन) से अधिक समय में मांगी गई वांछित सूचनाएं/जानकारी न प्राप्त होने पर प्रस्तावों का वन (संरक्षण) अधिनियम, 2003 के पैरा 4.14(i) के तहत बन्द करने की सूचना।

संदर्भ:- भारत सरकार का पत्रांक-8बी/यू.पी./08/38/2016/एफ०सी०/446, दिनांक-27.09.2017

महोदय,

उपरोक्त विषयक संदर्भित पत्र, जो आपको सम्बोधित एवं अधोहस्ताक्षरी व अन्य को पृष्ठांकित हैं, का अवलोकन करने की कृपा करें। उक्त विषयक संदर्भित पत्र के क्रम में अवगत कराना है कि वेलस्पन एनर्जी यू०पी० प्रा०लि० द्वारा ग्राम-ददरी खुर्द, तहसील-सदर, जिला-मीरजापुर में प्रस्तावित 1320 (2x660) मेगावाट ताप विद्युतगृह की स्थापना हेतु जलापूर्ति बाबत भूमिगत वाटर पाइप लाईन एवं सम्पर्क मार्ग निर्माण हेतु 8.3581 हे० आरक्षित वनभूमि के गैर वानिकी प्रयोग एवं बाधक 296 वृक्षों के पातन की अनुमति सम्बन्धी प्रस्ताव में भारत सरकार द्वारा वांछित सूचना/अभिलेख इस कार्यालय के पत्रांक-2142/11-सी-FP/UP/Thermal/14236/2015, दिनांक-19.04.2017 एवं पत्रांक-2371/11-सी-FP/UP/Thermal/14236/2015, दिनांक-22.05.2017 द्वारा आपको पूर्व में प्रेषित किया जा चुका है। अतः सुलभ संदर्भ हेतु उक्त पत्र की छायाप्रति संलग्न कर इस आशय से प्रेषित की जा रही है कि कृपया विषयांकित प्रकरण में आवश्यक अग्रेत्तर कार्यवाही करने की कृपा करें।

संलग्नक:- यथोक्त।

Handwritten signature and date: 27/10/17, 802-2517

भवदीय,

(डा० प्रशान्त कुमार वर्मा)  
मुख्य वन संरक्षक/नोडल अधिकारी,  
उ०प्र०, लखनऊ।

संख्या- 1167 /11 सी-FP/UP/Thermal/14236/2015, दिनांकित।

प्रतिलिपि- निम्नलिखित को सूचनार्थ एवं आवश्यक कार्यवाही हेतु प्रेषित।

- 1- अपर प्रमुख वन संरक्षक (केन्द्रीय), पर्यावरण, वन एवं जलवायु परिवर्तन मन्त्रालय, भारत सरकार, क्षेत्रीय कार्यालय (मध्य क्षेत्र) केन्द्रीय भवन, अलीगंज, लखनऊ को उनके संदर्भित पत्र के क्रम में।
- 2- मुख्य वन संरक्षक, मीरजापुर क्षेत्र, मीरजापुर।
- 3- प्रभागीय वनाधिकारी, मिर्जापुर वन प्रभाग, मिर्जापुर।
- 4- श्री अनुराग चोखलानी, अधिकृत प्रतिनिधि, वेलस्पन एनर्जी, यू०पी० प्रा०लि०, मिर्जापुर।

(डा० प्रशान्त कुमार वर्मा)  
मुख्य वन संरक्षक/नोडल अधिकारी,  
उ०प्र०, लखनऊ।



प्रेषक,

मनोज कुमार सिंह,  
अनुसचिव  
उत्तर प्रदेश शासन।

सेवा में,

✓ मुख्य वन संरक्षक (केन्द्रीय)  
भारत सरकार, पर्यावरण, वन एवं जलवायु परिवर्तन मंत्रालय  
क्षेत्रीय कार्यालय, केन्द्रीय भवन  
पंचम तल सेक्टर एच, अलीगंज विस्तार  
लखनऊ।

वन एवं वन्य जीव अनुभाग-2

लखनऊ, दिनांक 22 नवम्बर 2017

विषय:- बेलेस्पन एनर्जी यू0पी0 प्रा0लि0 द्वारा ग्राम ददरी खुर्द तहसील सदरी जिला मीरजापुर में प्रस्तावित 1320 (2X660) मेगावाट ताप विद्युत गृह की स्थापना हेतु जलापूर्ति बावत भूमिगत वाटर पाइप लाईन एवं सम्पर्क मार्ग निर्माण हेतु 8.3581हे0 आरक्षित वन भूमि के गैर वानिकी प्रयोग एवं बाधक 296 वृक्षों के पातन की अनुमति के सम्बंध में।

महोदय,

उपर्युक्त विषयक कृपया अपने कार्यालय संख्या-8बी/08/38/2016/एफसी/446, दिनांक 27-9-2017 का संदर्भ ग्रहण करें, जिसके माध्यम से विषयगत प्रकरण में अपेक्षित सूचनायें 90 दिन के अंदर उपलब्ध न कराये जाने के कारण विषयगत प्रकरण को बन्द किये जाने का कथन किया गया है।

2- इस सम्बंध में मुझे यह कहने का निदेश हुआ है कि बेलेस्पन एनर्जी यू0पी0 प्रा0लि0 द्वारा ग्राम ददरी खुर्द तहसील सदरी जिला मीरजापुर में प्रस्तावित 1320 (2X660) मेगावाट ताप विद्युत गृह की स्थापना हेतु जलापूर्ति बावत भूमिगत वाटर पाइप लाईन एवं सम्पर्क मार्ग निर्माण हेतु 8.3581हे0 आरक्षित वन भूमि के गैर वानिकी प्रयोग एवं बाधक 296 वृक्षों के पातन की अनुमति के सम्बंध में वांछित सूचनायें अभी तक कतिपय कारणों से प्रेषित नहीं किया जा सका है। प्रकरण में कार्यवाही प्रक्रियाधीन है, जिसमें समय लगने की संभावना है। प्राप्त सूचनाओं के गुण-दोष के आधार पर प्रकरण में अग्रेतर हेतु अवगत कराया जायेगा।

कृपया विषयगत प्रकरण में वस्तुस्थिति से अवगत होने का कष्ट करें।

*Handwritten signature*

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23/11

CP (BS)  
12/11/17

भवदीय,  
*Handwritten signature*  
(मनोज कुमार सिंह)  
अनुसचिव



भारत सरकार  
पर्यावरण, वन एवं जलवायु परिवर्तन मंत्रालय  
क्षेत्रीय कार्यालय (मध्य)

Ministry of Environment, Forest and Climate Change  
Regional Office (Central Region)



केंद्रीय भवन, पंचम तल, सेक्टर-एच, अलीगंज, लखनऊ-226024

Kendriya Bhawan, 5<sup>th</sup> Floor, Sector-H, Aliganj, Lucknow- 226024, Telefax: 2326696, 2324340, 2324047, 2324025  
Email: (Env.) m\_env@rediffmail.com, (Forest) goimoeffrolko@gmail.com

पत्र सं० ४बी/०८/३८/२०१६/एफ०सी०/६७६

दिनांक : 11/12/17

सेवा में,

अनुसचिव (वन),  
उत्तर प्रदेश शासन,  
बापू भवन, लखनऊ।

विषय: बेलेस्पन एनर्जी यू०पी० प्रा० लि० द्वारा ददरी खुर्द तहसील सदरी जिला मीर्जापुर में प्रस्तावित 1320 (2ग०660) मेगावाट ताप विद्युत गृह की स्थापना हेतु जलापूर्ति बावत भूमिगत वाटर पाइप लाईन एवं संपर्क मार्ग निर्माण हेतु 8.3581 हे० आरक्षित वनभूमि के गैर वानिकी प्रयोग एवं बाघक 296 वृक्षों के पातन की अनुमति के संबंध में।

सन्दर्भ:- अनुसचिव, उत्तर प्रदेश शासन का पत्र दिनांक- 27.11/14-2-2017, दिनांक- 22.11.2017

महोदय,

उपरोक्त विषय का आशय ग्रहण करने का कष्ट करें। विषयांकित प्रकरण में इस कार्यालय के समसंख्यक पत्र दिनांक- 11.01.2017 द्वारा प्रकरण में आवश्यक सूचना चाही गयी थी जिसकी अनुपालना निर्धारित समयावधि में न प्राप्त होने की दशा में इस कार्यालय के समसंख्यक पत्र-446, दिनांक- 27.09.2017 द्वारा नोटिस जारी करते हुए चाही गयी सूचना की अनुपालन आख्या 45 दिनों के भीतर मांगी गयी थी।

इस संबंध में अनुसचिव, उत्तर प्रदेश शासन का उपरोक्त संदर्भित पत्र प्राप्त हुआ है जिसमें यह सूचित किया गया है कि इस कार्यालय के पत्र दिनांक- 11.01.2017 द्वारा चाही गयी सूचना की अनुपालन आख्या अभी तक कतिपय कारणों से प्रेषित नहीं की जा सकी है, प्रकरण में कार्यवाही प्रकियाधीन है।

अतः विचारोपरान्त मुझे आपको यह सूचित करने का निर्देश हुआ है कि राज्य सरकार यह सुनिश्चित करें कि प्रकरण में किसी भी स्तर से वन संरक्षण अधिनियम 1980 का उल्लंघन नहीं किया गया है तथा चाही गयी सूचना में होने वाले विलम्ब के कतिपय कारणों का उल्लेख करते हुए स्पष्टीकरण प्रस्तुत करें।

भवदीय,

(बृजेन्द्र स्वरूप)  
वन संरक्षक (केंद्रीय)

प्रतिलिपि सूचनार्थ एवं आवश्यक कार्यवाही हेतु प्रेषित:

1. मुख्य वन संरक्षक एवं नोडल अधिकारी, वन विभाग, 17 राणा प्रताप बार्ग, लखनऊ
2. प्रभागीय निदेशक, सामाजिक वानिकी प्रभाग, मिर्जापुर, उ० प्र०।
3. श्री अनुशम चोखलानी, बेलेस्पन एनर्जी, यू०पी० प्रा० लि०, मिर्जापुर, उ० प्र०।
4. तकनीकी अधिकारी, पर्यावरण, वन एवं जलवायु परिवर्तन मंत्रालय, क्षेत्रीय कार्यालय, लखनऊ को वेबसाइट पर अपलोडिंग हेतु प्रेषित।
5. आदेश प्रत्रावली

dc  
km

(बृजेन्द्र स्वरूप)  
वन संरक्षक (केंद्रीय)



कार्यालय प्रभागीय वनाधिकारी, मीरजापुर वन प्रभाग, मीरजापुर

पत्रांक- /मीरजापुर/15,दिनांक, मीरजापुर, दिसम्बर, 22, 2017।  
सेवा में,

मुख्य वन संरक्षक/नोडल अधिकारी,  
उत्तर प्रदेश लखनऊ।

विषय- वेलेस्पन एनर्जी यू0पी0 लि0 द्वारा ग्राम-ददरी खुर्द, तहसील- सदर, जिला-  
मीरजापुर में प्रस्तावित 1320 (2X660) मेगावाट ताप विद्युत गृह की स्थापना हेतु  
जलापूर्ति बावत भूमिगत वाटर पाइप लाइन एवं संपर्क मार्ग निर्माण हेतु 8.3581  
हे0 आरक्षित वनभूमि के गैर वानिकी प्रयोग एवं बाधक 296 वृक्षों के पातन की  
अनुमति के संबंध में।

संदर्भ- आपका पत्रांक 1649/11-सी-FP/UP/Tharmal/14236/2015 दिनांक  
20.12.2017।

महोदय,

विषयक प्रकरण में संदर्भित पत्र द्वारा अपेक्षित सूचना मूल में तीन प्रतियों में  
संलग्न कर आवश्यक कार्यवाही हेतु प्रेषित है।

संलग्नक-उपरोक्तानुसार।

भवदीय

(राकेश चौधरी)  
प्रभागीय वनाधिकारी  
मीरजापुर वन प्रभाग मीरजापुर

संख्या- 2572 अ/समदिनांक

प्रतिलिपि- मुख्य वन संरक्षक मीरजापुर क्षेत्र, मीरजापुर को मय संलग्नक  
सूचनार्थ प्रेषित।

प्रतिलिपि- श्री अनुराग चोखलानी, अधिकृत प्रतिनिधि, वेलेस्पन इनर्जी, यू0पी0  
प्रा0लि0 मीरजापुर।

(राकेश चौधरी)  
प्रभागीय वनाधिकारी  
मीरजापुर वन प्रभाग मीरजापुर

कार्यालय, मुख्य वन संरक्षक/नोडल अधिकारी, उत्तर प्रदेश, लखनऊ।  
पत्रांक- 2084/11-सी-FP/UP/Thermal/14236/2015, लखनऊ दिनांक: जनवरी 20, 2018

सेवा में,

प्रभागीय वनाधिकारी,  
मिर्जापुर वन प्रभाग,  
मिर्जापुर।

**विषय:-** वेलस्पन एनर्जी यू0पी0 प्रा0लि0 द्वारा ग्राम-ददरी खुर्द, तहसील-सदर, जिला-मीरजापुर में प्रस्तावित 1320 (2 ग 660) मेगावाट ताप विद्युतगृह की स्थापना हेतु जलापूर्ति बाबत भूमिगत वाटर पाइप लाईन एवं सम्पर्क मार्ग निर्माण हेतु 8.3581 है0 आरक्षित वनभूमि के गैर वानिकी प्रयोग एवं बाधक 296 वृक्षों के पातन की अनुमति के सम्बन्ध में।

**संदर्भ:-** भारत सरकार का पत्रांक-8बी/08/38/2016/एफ0सी0/676, दिनांक-11.12.2017 महोदय,

भारत सरकार के उपरोक्त संदर्भित पत्र के द्वारा चाहीं गयी वांछित सूचना/प्रमाण पत्र आपने अपने पत्रांक-2572/मीरजापुर/15, दिनांक 22.12.2017 द्वारा इस कार्यालय को प्रेषित किया है, किन्तु भारत सरकार द्वारा चाहीं गयी सूचना में होने वाले विलम्ब के कतिपय कारणों का उल्लेख करते हुये स्पष्टीकरण प्रस्तुत नहीं किया है। अतः भारत सरकार द्वारा चाहीं गयी सूचना में होने वाले विलम्ब के कतिपय कारणों का उल्लेख करते हुये स्पष्टीकरण प्रेषित करने का कष्ट करे।

भवदीय,

(आर0आर0 जमुआर)

मुख्य वन संरक्षक/नोडल अधिकारी,  
उ0प्र0, लखनऊ।

संख्या-2084/11 सी-FP/UP/Thermal/14236/2015, दिनांकित।

प्रतिलिपि- निम्नलिखित को सूचनार्थ एवं आवश्यक कार्यवाही हेतु प्रेषित।

- 1- मुख्य वन संरक्षक, मीरजापुर क्षेत्र, मीरजापुर।
- 2- श्री अनुराग चोखलानी, अधिकृत प्रतिनिधि, वेलस्पन एनर्जी, यू0पी0 प्रा0लि0, मिर्जापुर।

(आर0आर0 जमुआर)

मुख्य वन संरक्षक/नोडल अधिकारी,  
उ0प्र0, लखनऊ।

कार्यालय प्रभागीय वनाधिकारी, मीरजापुर वन प्रभाग, मीरजापुर।

पत्रांक ८९ / मीरजापुर / 15 दिनांक, मीरजापुर, जुलाई, ०९ : 2018।  
सेवा में,

मुख्य वन संरक्षक / नोडल अधिकारी,  
उ०प्र० लखनऊ।

विषय:- वेलस्पन एनर्जी यू०पी० प्रा०लि० द्वारा ग्राम-ददरी खुर्द, तहसील-सदर, जिला-मीरजापुर में प्रस्तावित 1320 (2. 660) मेगावाट ताप विद्युतगृह की स्थापना हेतु जलापूर्ति बाबत भूमिगत वाटर पाइप लाईन एवं सम्पर्क मार्ग निर्माण हेतु 8.3581 हे० आरक्षित वनभूमि के गैर वानिकी प्रयोग एवं बाधक 296 वृक्षों के पातन की अनुमति के सम्बन्ध में सम्बन्ध में।

सन्दर्भ:- आपका पत्रांक 2084 / 11 सी-Fp/up/THARMAL/ 14236/2015 दिनांक 08.01.2018।

महोदय,

विषयक प्रकरण में उपरोक्त संदर्भित पत्र के सम्बन्ध में अवगत कराना है, कि भारत सरकार पर्यावरण वन एवं जलवायु परिवर्तन मंत्रालय के पत्र संख्या 8 बी/08/38/2016/एफ०सी०/676/दिनांक 11.12.2017 जो आपके कार्यालय पत्रांक 1649/11-सी/Fp/up/THARMAL/14236/2015 दिनांक 20.12.2017 द्वारा इस कार्यालय को प्राप्त हुआ, पत्र द्वारा अपेक्षित सूचना इस कार्यालय के पत्रांक 2572/मीरजापुर/15 22.12.2017 द्वारा तीन मूल प्रतियों में आपके कार्यालय को प्रेषित किया गया।

भारत सरकार के उपरोक्त पत्र दिनांक 11.12.2017 में उल्लिखित अनुसचिव (वन) उ०प्र० शासन को प्रेषित पत्र दिनांक 11.01.2017 इस कार्यालय को अप्राप्त है अतः इस सम्बन्ध में इस स्तर से कोई टिप्पणी अपेक्षित नहीं है। यह भी उल्लिखित किया जाना है कि उच्च स्तर से प्राप्त सूचनाओं से सम्बन्धित आख्या के प्रेषण में कभी भी उच्च स्तर से कोई विलम्ब नहीं किया गया है।

भवदीय,

(राकेश चौधरी)

प्रभागीय वनाधिकारी  
मीरजापुर, वन प्रभाग मीरजापुर।

संख्या- अ/समदिनांक

प्रतिलिपि-मुख्य वन संरक्षक मीरजापुर क्षेत्र मीरजापुर को सूचनार्थ प्रेषित।

(राकेश चौधरी)

प्रभागीय वनाधिकारी  
मीरजापुर, वन प्रभाग मीरजापुर।

Dare to Commit

Date: 16/07/2018

To,  
Nodal Officer,  
Forest Department,  
17, Rana Pratap Marg, Lucknow, Uttar Pradesh, PIN 226001

**Subject:** Proposal No. FP/UP/THE/14236/2015 for diversion of 8.3581 ha of forest land for water pipeline corridor and approach road of Mirzapur 1320 MW Thermal Power Project.

**Ref:**

- 1) Letter No. 8B/08/38/2016/FC/478 dated 11/1/2017 of Regional Office, MoEFCC, Government of India to Secretary (Forest), Government of U.P
- 2) Letter No. 3689/ Mirzapur/ 15 dated 3/5/2017 of Divisional Forest Officer to Chief Conservator of Forest, Mirzapur Circle
- 3) Letter No. 5238/ Mirzapur/ 33 dated 12/5/2017 of Divisional Forest Officer to Nodal Office, Lucknow
- 4) Letter No.2371/ 11-C-FP/UP/ Thermal/ 14236/2015 dated 22/05/2017 of Nodal Office to Secretary (Forest), Government of U.P
- 5) Letter No. 8B / UP/ 08/38/2016/FC/446 dated 27/09/2017 of Regional Office, MoEFCC, Government of India to Secretary (Forest), Government of U.P
- 6) Letter No. even/ 11-C-FP/ UP/ Thermal/ 14236/ 2015 dated 25/10/2017 of Nodal Office to Secretary (Forest), Government of U.P
- 7) Letter No. 2711/14-2-2017 dared 22/11/2017 of Secretary (Forest), Government of U.P to Regional Office, MoEFCC, Government of India to Secretary (Forest)
- 8) Letter No. 8B /08/38/2016/FC/676 dated 11/12/2017 of Regional Office, MoEFCC, Government of India to Secretary (Forest), Government of U.P
- 9) Letter No. even/ Mirzapur/ 15 dated 22/12/2017 of Divisional Forest Officer to Nodal Office, Lucknow
- 10) Letter No. 2084/11-C-FP/UP/Thermal/14236/2015 dated 8/1/2018 from Nodal Officer, Forest Department, UP to DFO, Mirzapur
- 11) Letter No 59/Mirzapur/15 Dated 4/7/2018 of Divisional Forest Officer to Nodal Officer, Forest Department, UP
- 12) Resolution of Board of Directors of WEUPL dated 07/09/2017 authorizing Mr Sudhir Srivastava

Dear Sir,

Vide Certificate issued by DFO Mirzapur with reference to letter no 2/1082/Clause Stage-1/U.P/2013/567 dated 6/11/2017, it has already been submitted that "there has not been any violation of Forest Act 1980 in this proposal and there has not been any change in factual status in this matter".

Vide letter no 59/Mirzapur/15 dated 4/7/2018, DFO Mirzapur has already submitted that there has not been any delay in reply to any information desired by senior authorities in this proposal. **However, DFO has desired copy of letter No. 8B/08/38/2016/FC/478 dated 11/1/2017 of Regional Office, MoEFCC.**

Hence, we request you to please send relevant letters desired by DFO Mirzapur for record and comments. We also request you to take needful action to expedite the matter.

Thanking you,  
Authorized Signatory,

  
(Sudhir Srivastava) 16/07/18

Enclosures: As above

- CC: 1) Principal Secretary (Forest), Govt U.P: For needful interventions to expedite  
2) Chief Conservator of Forest, Mirzapur circle  
3) Divisional Forest Officer, Mirzapur

Mirzapur Office:

Plot No.241/1 First Floor, C/O Mr. Raj Dular Dubey  
Babua Ka Pokhra, Near Bramh Puri Colony,  
Mirzapur, Uttar Pradesh 231001

Authorized Signatory Office:

Sambhaav House, 8th floor,  
Judges Bungalow Road, Bodakdev,  
Ahmedabad-380015 Gujarat

Tel: +919099995898/07925557498/07925558097  
Fax: 07925557401  
E-mail: praveen.anant@adani.com  
env.power@adani.com

कार्यालय, मुख्य वन संरक्षक/नोडल अधिकारी, उत्तर प्रदेश, लखनऊ।  
पत्रांक- 169/11-सी-FP/UP/Thermal/14236/2015, लखनऊ, दिनांक: अगस्त 29, 2018

सेवा में,

मुख्य वन संरक्षक,  
मीरजापुर क्षेत्र,  
मीरजापुर।

विषय:- वेलस्पन एनर्जी यू0पी0 प्रा0लि0 द्वारा ग्राम-ददरी खुर्द, तहसील-सदर, जिला-मीरजापुर में प्रस्तावित 1320 (2 ग 660) मेगावाट ताप विद्युतगृह की स्थापना हेतु जलापूर्ति बांबत भूमिगत वाटर पाइप लाईन एवं सम्पर्क मार्ग निर्माण हेतु 8.3581 हे0 आरक्षित वनभूमि के गैर वानिकी प्रयोग एवं बाधक 296 वृक्षों के पातन की अनुमति के सम्बन्ध में।

सन्दर्भ:- उ0प्र0 शासन का पत्रांक-2691/14-2-2018-800(64)/2016, दिनांक 27.08.2018 (छायाप्रति संलग्न)।

महोदय,

उपरोक्त संदर्भित पत्र का अवलोकन करने का कष्ट करें। उ0प्र0 शासन के उपरोक्त सन्दर्भित पत्र में उल्लिखित भारत सरकार के पत्रांक-8बी/08/38/2016/एफ.सी./478, दिनांक 11.01.2017 में उल्लिखित बिन्दु सं0-3 पर वांछित आख्या अभी तक प्रभागीय वनाधिकारी, मीरजापुर वन प्रभाग, मीरजापुर द्वारा इस कार्यालय को प्रेषित नहीं किया गया।

अतः उ0प्र0 शासन के उपरोक्त संदर्भित पत्र के क्रम में चाहीं गयी सूचना/आख्या संस्तुति सहित दो दिनों के अंदर इस कार्यालय को तीन प्रतियों में प्रेषित करने का कष्ट करें।

संलग्नक-यथोक्त।

भवदीय

29/8

(पंकज मिश्र)

मुख्य वन संरक्षक/नोडल अधिकारी,  
उ0प्र0, लखनऊ।

संख्या- 169/11-सी-FP/UP/Thermal/14236/2015, दिनांकित।

प्रतिलिपि:- निम्नलिखित अधिकारियों को सूचनार्थ एवं आवश्यक कार्यवाही हेतु प्रेषित:-

1. प्रभागीय वनाधिकारी, मिर्जापुर वन प्रभाग, मिर्जापुर।
2. अधिकृत प्रतिनिधि, वेलस्पन एनर्जी, यू0पी0 प्रा0लि0, मिर्जापुर।

29/8

(पंकज मिश्र)

मुख्य वन संरक्षक/नोडल अधिकारी,  
उ0प्र0, लखनऊ।

etc



Letter No. WEUPPL/FP/UP/THE/14236/2015 dated 30/8/2018

To,  
Divisional Forest Officer  
Mirzapur Division, Mirzapur, Uttar Pradesh

Subject: Proposal No. FP/UP/THE/14236/2015 for diversion of 8.3581 ha of forest land for water pipeline corridor and approach road of Mirzapur 1320 MW Thermal Power Project

Reference: Letter no. 969/11-C/FP/UP/Thermal/14236/2015 dated 29 Aug 2018 of Nodal Officer  
Letter no. Letter No. 8B/08/38/2016/FC/478 dated 11/1/2017 of Regional Office, MoEFCC

Dear Sir,

We are in receipt of the copy of letter no 969/11-C/FP/UP/Thermal/14236/2015 of Nodal Officer, Forest, addressed to your good self.

We noticed that this letter of Nodal Officer is written with reference to an earlier letter dated 11/1/2017 of Regional Office, MoEFCC and status on Case no 79 of 2014 of NGT is desired with reference to point no. 3 of MoEFCC letter.

Hence, we are submitting herewith status of Case no 79 of 2014 in NGT as following:

Judgement pronounced by NGT on 21/12/2016 setting aside Environmental Clearance (EC) granted to M/s Welspun Energy UP Private Limited (WEUPPL) has been further clarified by NGT vide its order dated 01.05.2017.

Please note that order dated 1/5/2017 of NGT has come after the date of consideration of Forest Proposal No. FP/UP/THE/14236/2015 in Regional Empowered Committee (REC) meeting at MoEFCC Lucknow and subsequent letter issued by MOEFCC on 11/1/2017.

In its order dated 01.05.2017, NGT has given liberty to M/s WEUPPL to approach the MoEF&CC or any other competent authority for processing of the applications for grant of Environmental Clearance upon making up for/rectifying the defects and deficiencies.

Hence, we are approaching the authorities for required clearances and revalidation of EC.

**We request you to please respond to the letter of the Nodal Officer for suitable action for diversion of forest as per proposal no. FP/UP/THE/14236/2015.**

Thanking you

Authorized Signatory

(Sudhir Kumar Srivastava)

Enclosed:

- Authorization Letter for being signatory
- Copy of NGT judgement 21/12/2016 and order dt 1/5/2017 clarifying the judgement

Mirzapur Office:  
Plot No.241/1 First Floor, C/O Mr. Raj Dular Dubey  
Tel:+91909995898/07925557498/07925558097  
Babua Ka Pokhra, Near Bramh Puri Colony,  
Mirzapur, Uttar Pradesh 231001

Authorized Signatory Office:  
Sambhaav House, 8th floor,

Judges Bungalow Road,  
Bodakdev,

Ahmedabad-380015 Gujarat

Fax: 07925557401  
E-mail:sudhir.srivastava@adani.com  
env.power@adani.com



**CERTIFIED TRUE COPY OF THE RESOLUTION PASSED BY THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS OF WELSPUN ENERGY UP PRIVATE LIMITED IN THEIR MEETING HELD ON SEPTEMBER 7, 2017**

---

Additional authority to represent the Company before various Government authorities in the State of Uttar Pradesh with respect to proposed 2 X 660 MW Thermal Power Project to be set up in the State of Uttar Pradesh:

“RESOLVED THAT further to resolutions passed by the Board of Directors of the Company in this regard, the consent of Board of Directors of the Company be and is hereby accorded to confer additional authority on Mr. Sudhir Srivastava, Authorised Representative of the Company to make necessary applications and file various documents from time to time for necessary statutory approvals/clearances and/or renewal thereof, with respect to proposed 2 X 660 MW Thermal Power Project to be set up in the State of Uttar Pradesh (“Project”) before the various Government authorities including:

- 1) Ministry of Environment, Forest & Climate Change
- 2) Central Electricity Authority
- 3) Ministry of Defence
- 4) State Pollution Control Board
- 5) Airports Authority of India
- 6) Industrial Commissionerate Office
- 7) Water Resource Department
- 8) Central Ground Water Board

and to represent the Company before the said Government Authorities, sign and submit necessary agreements, deeds, documents, undertakings, papers etc. for the said purpose and to do all the needful acts and deeds to obtain the necessary statutory approvals/clearances for the said Project.”

For Welspun Energy UP Private Limited

Mitish Somani  
Director

**BEFORE THE NATIONAL GREEN TRIBUNAL  
PRINCIPAL BENCH  
NEW DELHI**

.....

**REVIEW APPLICATION NO. 02 OF 2017  
(M.A. NO. 110/2017)  
IN  
APPEAL NO. 79 OF 2014  
AND  
REVIEW APPLICATION NO. 04 OF 2017  
(M.A. NO. 325/2017)  
IN  
APPEAL NO. 79 OF 2014  
AND  
REVIEW APPLICATION NO. 06 OF 2017  
(M.A. NO. 330/2017 & M.A. NO. 331/2017)  
IN  
APPEAL NO. 79 OF 2014**

**IN THE MATTER OF:**

Debadityo Sinha & Ors.

..... Applicant

Versus

Union of India & Ors.

..... Respondents

**IN THE MATTER OF:**

UNION OF INDIA  
Through the Secretary,  
Ministry of Environment,  
Forests & Climate Change  
Indira Paryavaran Bhavan  
Jor Bagh Road,  
New Delhi-110003

..... Review Applicant

**// Versus //**

1. DEBADITYO SINHA  
R/o III Floor, 943A/8,  
Govindpur, Kalkaji,  
New Delhi-110019
2. SHIV KUMAR UPADHYAY  
R/o 36/30, Shivpuri Colony,  
Station Road, Mirzapur,  
Uttar Pradesh – 231001



3. MUKESH KUMAR  
R/o Room no. 65, Aravalli Hostel,  
Rajiv Gandhi South Campus,  
Banaras Hindu University,  
Village – Barkachha,  
District Mirzapur,  
Uttar Pradesh – 231001
  4. GOVT. OF UTTAR PRADESH  
Through its Chief secretary,  
Lal Bahadur Shastri Bhavan  
UP Secretariat,  
Lucknow-226001.
  5. UTTAR PRADESH POLLUTION CONTROL BOARD  
Through its Member Secretary  
Vibhuti Khund, Gomti Nagar,  
Lucknow, Uttar Pradesh -226010
  6. M/S WELSPUN ENERGY (U.P) PVT. LTD.  
Through its Authorized Representative  
Having its office at:  
III Floor, PTI Building, Parliament Street,  
New Delhi – 110001
- ..... Respondents

**COUNSEL FOR REIEW APPLICANTS:**

Ms. Divya Prakash Pande, Advocate  
Mr. Sanjeev Kumar & Mr. Anshul Sehgal, Advocate

**COUNSEL FOR RESPONDENTS :**

Ms. Parul Gupta, Adv. for R-1 to 3  
Mr. Neeraj Kishan Kaul, ASG for R-4  
Mr. Pradeep Misra, Adv. for UPPCB  
Mr. Pinaki Misra, Sr. Adv. for R-6  
Mr. Tarunvir Singh Khehar, Adv.  
Mr. Tushar Mehta, ASG for R-1  
Mr. Abhishek Yadav, Adv. for State of UP

## JUDGMENT

### PRESENT:

**Hon'ble Mr. Justice Swatanter Kumar (Chairperson)**

**Hon'ble Mr. Justice U.D. Salvi (Judicial Member)**

**Hon'ble Mr. Bikram Singh Sajwan (Expert Member)**

**Hon'ble Mr. Ranjan Chatterjee (Expert Member)**

**Reserved on: 28<sup>th</sup> April, 2017**

**Pronounced on: 1<sup>st</sup> May, 2017**

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1. Whether the judgment is allowed to be published on the net?
2. Whether the judgment is allowed to be published in the NGT Reporter?

### **JUSTICE SWATANTER KUMAR, (CHAIRPERSON)**

Appeal No. 79 of 2014 was directed against the Environmental Clearance (for short, "EC") dated 21<sup>st</sup> August, 2014. A Bench of the Tribunal vide judgment dated 21<sup>st</sup> December, 2016 set aside the EC granted to the project.

Three different review applications have been filed by different respondents seeking review/modification of the judgment dated 21<sup>st</sup> December, 2016 on different grounds.

2. We have heard the learned Counsel appearing for the respective parties, including the non-applicant, at length. After hearing the parties and perusing the records before us, we are of the considered view that the grounds raised in the present applications for review have no merit and fall within the Appellate Jurisdiction in contradistinction to Review Jurisdiction.

3. However, **for proper implementation of the judgement, a clarification needs to be issued which we do hereby issue, that the project proponent is at liberty to approach the MoEF&CC or any other competent authority for processing of the applications for grant of EC**

upon making up for/rectifying the defects and deficiencies pointed out in the judgment. However, the authorities concerned are at liberty to process the same in accordance with law while strictly adhering to the content of the judgment.

4. In view of the above, the Review Application Nos. 02 of 2017, 04 of 2017 and 06 of 2017 stand disposed of with no order as to cost. However, the parties would be free to approach the Tribunal if the occasion so arises.

5. M.A. Nos. 110/2017, 325/2017, 330/2017 & 331/2017 do not survive for consideration as the Review Applications have been disposed of. Accordingly, they stand disposed of.

**Swatanter Kumar**  
**Chairperson**

**U.D. Salvi**  
**Judicial Member**

**Bikram Singh Sajwan**  
**Expert Member**

**Ranjan Chatterjee**  
**Expert Member**

New Delhi  
1<sup>st</sup> May, 2017

**BEFORE THE NATIONAL GREEN TRIBUNAL  
PRINCIPAL BENCH AT NEW DELHI,  
NEW DELHI**

**Appeal No. 79 of 2014**

**(M.A. Nos. 694/2014 & 511/2015)**

**In the matter of:**

1. Debadityo Sinha  
R/o III Floor, 943A/8,  
Govindpuri, Kalkaji,  
New Delhi- 110019
  2. Shiv Kumar Upadhyay  
R/o 36/30, Shivpuri Colony,  
Station Road, Mirzapur,  
Uttar Pradesh- 231001
  3. Mukesh Kumar  
Room No. 65, Aravalli Hostel,  
Rajiv Gandhi South Campus-Banaras Hindu University  
Village- Barkachha, District Mirzapur,  
Uttar Pradesh
- ..... Appellants

Versus

1. Union of India  
Through the Secretary  
Ministry of Environment, Forests & Climate Change  
Indira Paryavaran Bhavan  
Jor Bagh Road,  
New Delhi- 110 003
  2. Government of Uttar Pradesh  
Through its Chief Secretary  
Lal Bahadur Shastri Bhavan  
UP Secretariat  
Lucknow- 226001
  3. Uttar Pradesh Pollution Control Board  
Through its Member Secretary  
Vibhuti Khund, Gomti Nagar  
Lucknow- 226010
  4. M/s Welspun Energy (U.P) Pvt. Ltd.  
III Floor, PTI Building, Parliament Street  
New Delhi- 110001
- ..... Respondents

**Counsel for appellants:**

Ms. Parul Gupta, Advocate for applicant

**Counsel for Respondents:**

Mr. Vishwendra Verma and Ms. Shivali, Advs.  
for respondent no. 1 with Dr.M. Ramesh, Scientist 'D'  
Ms. Savitri Pandey, Adv. for respondent nos. 2  
Mr. Pradeep Misra, Mr. Manoj Kr. Sharma and  
Mr. Daleep Dhayani, Advs for respondent no.3  
Mr. Dhruv Mehta, Mr. Sanjeev Kumar, Mr. Varun  
Shankar, Mr. Abhishek Puri and Mr. Anshul Seghal,  
Advs. for respondent no. 4

**Present:**

**Hon'ble Mr. Justice U.D. Salvi (Judicial Member)**

**Hon'ble Mr. Ranjan Chatterjee (Expert Member)**

**JUDGMENT**

**Per U.D. Salvi J.(Judicial Member)**

**Reserved on: 5<sup>th</sup> April, 2016**

**Pronounced on: 21<sup>st</sup> December, 2016**

1. Environment Clearance dated 21<sup>st</sup> April, 2014 bearing no. J 13012/12/2011-IA.II (T) granted by the respondent no. 1- Ministry of Environment, Forest and Climate Change (for short MOEF&CC) to the respondent no. 4- M/s Welspun Energy (U.P) Pvt. Ltd. for setting up 2x660 MW Super Critical Coal based Thermal Power Project at Village Dadri Khurd, Teshil Mirzapur, Uttar Pradesh is assailed in the present Appeal.
2. The appellant no. 1-Debadityo Sinha, alumnus of Banaras Hindu University, holding a Masters in Environment Science and Technology, claims to be an Environmentalist working in the field of protection and conservation of environment individually and as a founder of Vindhya Bachao Abhiyan.

The appellant no. 2-Shiv Kumar Upadhyay, states that he is a senior journalist based in Mirzapur and is a co-founder of Vindhya Bachao Abhiyan. The appellant no. 3- Mukesh Kumar states that he is a student of M.Sc.(Tech.) Environmental Science and Technology from Banaras Hindu University at Rajiv Gandhi South Campus of the University in Mirzapur and he is a member of students 'ECO One' organisation specifically formed for active involvement of the students and staff members of the campus in conservation measures in the region.

3. According to the appellants, the Project Proponent suppressed facts to obtain Environment Clearance and there have been violations of the provisions of EIA Notification, 2006 from the beginning of process of grant of clearance till the end; and crucial aspects have been over-looked by the Expert Appraisal Committee and MoEF&CC.
4. Initially, the appellants submit, a proposal for setting up of the project in question was proposed to be located near villages- Hazipur- Katya, Pahai Goura and Katya, Tehsil Jakhnia and Saidpur, District Ghazipur, UP with land requirement of 850 acres for power plant, green belt and ash pond as per Form-1 dated 31<sup>st</sup> December, 2010 annexure A-2. However, when the proposal came up for consideration for grant of TOR before the 22<sup>nd</sup> meeting of the reconstituted Expert Appraisal Committee of Thermal Power and Coal Mine projects held on 4<sup>th</sup> -5<sup>th</sup> April, 2011, the information regarding the changed location-District

Mirzapur situate at 140Km from the previous location- was submitted as follows:-

*“The proposal is for setting up of 2x660 MW Super Critical Coal based Thermal Power Plant at villages Dadri Khurd, in Mirzapur Sadar Taluk, in Mirzapur Distt. in Uttar Pradesh.....*

*Coal requirements will be 6.4 MTPA. Coal will be obtained from domestic coal block through SECL/NCL/CCL mines.....*

*There are no National Parks, Wildlife Sanctuaries, Tiger/Biosphere Reserves etc. within 10 Km of the site. Danti RF, Mirzapur RF, Patehra RF and Gorthara RF is situated within 10 Km from the project site.”*

5. The EAC did not ask the project proponent to re-file the information in Form 1 and after considering the said facts found the site suggested in District Mirzapur as unsuitable for the development of the proposed project and accordingly deferred the consideration of the proposal with the direction to the project proponent to look for more acceptable alternative sites in the following terms:

*“The proposed site may be in the flood plain of river or very close to it and has forests in the vicinity. The Committee also noted that the other sites identified were rejected by the project proponent itself. The Committee therefore, decided that the project proponent shall identify more alternative acceptable sites and accordingly deferred the proposal for re-consideration at a later stage.”*

6. In the 24<sup>th</sup> meeting of re-constituted EAC (Thermal) held on 2<sup>nd</sup> May, 2011 the project proponent along with his consultant M/s J.M Environet Pvt. Ltd. gave a presentation and provided the following information as per the minutes of the meeting-  
“The proposal is for setting up 2x660 MW Super Critical Coal based Thermal Power Project at villages Dadri Khurd, Mirzapur Sadar Taluk in UP. Land requirement will be 1100 acres, out

of which 798 acres is un-irrigated barren land and 77 acres is waste land. 875 acres land will be used for plant and 225 acres land will be used for railway and pipeline corridor..... The project proponent submitted that the Ganges River is about 22Kms from the proposed site and site is not in flood plain of the Ganges. The project proponent also submitted survey of India toposheet in confirmation of their submission. It was also informed that M/s Welspun Energy (U.P) Pvt. Ltd. had conducted pre-feasibility for availability and route of water pipeline from Upper Khajuri Dam till the proposed project site.....The project proponent informed that they have started collection of AAQ data since April and completed monitoring before onset of monsoon. The Committee decided the same can be used for preparation of EIA Report.”

7. The appellants submit that the location of the project possibly lying in the flood plain or close to it and in the vicinity of the forest- had prompted the EAC to seek alternative site for the project; but the EAC did not discuss the issue of forest land involved in the project and proceeded to prescribe detailed Terms of Reference even when the collection of baseline data was already started prior thereto- vide copy of the minutes of 24<sup>th</sup> meeting of EAC held on 2<sup>nd</sup> and 3<sup>rd</sup> May, 2011 annexure A-4 and TOR letter dated 15<sup>th</sup> June, 2011 annexure A-5.
8. Finding fault with this scoping project as aforesaid, the appellants further submit that a fresh Form-1 mentioning the



project location at District Mirzapur was submitted by the project proponent on 3<sup>rd</sup> December, 2011 annexure A-6 well after the grant of TOR and preparation of draft EIA report.

9. According to the appellants the public consultation process the main component of EIA process suffered from many lacunae:

A. Inadequate publicity of public hearing. No means other than publishing notice of the public hearing in Amar Ujala, Mirzapur and Hindustan Times, New Delhi were adopted by the authorities, which consequently lead to unawareness of public hearing among the local rural folk, thereby preventing real participation of the locals in the public consultation process.

B. Public hearing was conducted on 7<sup>th</sup> April, 2012 at Village Dadri Khurd, Tehsil Sadar, Mirzapur under influence of political leaders, police force and armed private individuals and the locals were denied entry to the public hearing premise.

C. Summary EIA and draft EIA were not made electronically available.

10. The appellants submit that the EAC recommended project for EC overlooking its own observations, siting guidelines and without considering the representations/responses of the affected people, namely Banaras Hindu University and site visit report dated 15<sup>th</sup> September, 2013. The appellants referred to the following siting criteria laid down by the respondent no.1-MoEF&CC:

- A. Availability of adequate uncultivable and unused land for erecting power plant structures;
- B. Vicinity to the railway line for laying railway siding for coal transportation;
- C. Suitability of land from topography, geological aspects;
- D. Environmentally suitable, absence of sensitive areas and major settlements.

11. The appellants further submitted that the EAC did not verify facts at ground level, particularly, the facts: that the major area of the project site is fertile prime agricultural land used for agriculture grazing purpose surrounded by reserved forest, and the railway line proposed to carry coal from 20 Km distance would pass through forest land requiring forest clearance under Forest (Conservation) Act, 1980. EIA report- Chapter III, Section 3.5.2.1 submitted by the project proponent reveals, the appellants pointed out, that the project is located in a valuable Kaimur sand stone reserve. The appellants submit that the EAC overlooked these facts. As regards the location at Mirzapur, the project proponent had advocated for its selection due to NCL coal reserves within 100 km and presented the EIA report on assumption that coal source was from Kaimur NCL mines. However, the EAC in its meeting held on 20<sup>th</sup> March, 2013 decided to go ahead with imported coal from Indonesia until domestic coal was available without giving thought to reconsideration of the location of the project. The appellants submitted that the EAC did not consider economic and

environmental impacts of transporting water from River Ganga to Upper Khajuri reservoir and then to the project site. The appellants added that the EAC had previously decided to send a sub-group comprising of C.R. Babu, Shri T.K. Dhar, Shri N.K. Verma and a representative of MoEF to carry out site inspection and yet without conducting the site inspection as previously decided it had dealt with Appraisal Process in a most casual manner.

12. The appellants submit that the EAC did not deal with the representation made by the affected people and blindly relied upon the statement of the project proponent claiming that the several critical issues and deficiencies in the EIA, suppression of the existence of forest land, non assumption of the water resources and human health raised by the affected persons particularly, the Banaras Hindu University were resolved in the meeting with the BHU.

13. The respondent no. 1-MoEF&CC filed brief affidavit dated 15<sup>th</sup> January, 2015 making a claim that the Environment Clearance in question was granted after following due procedure as laid down under EIA Notification, 2006 and amendments thereto with reference to the EAC meetings held on April 4<sup>th</sup> and 5<sup>th</sup> 2011 and May, 2<sup>nd</sup> and 3<sup>rd</sup>, 2011 for grant of Term of Reference-EACs consenting to use of baseline data collected from April, 2011 and to three EAC meetings held in March, November, 2013 and March, 2014 to highlight deliberations involved in the process of grant of Environment Clearance. The respondent

no.1- MoEF further explained that since a sub-group of EAC could not visit the site, the EAC delegated the said task to State Government officials of Irrigation Department and further extensively deliberated upon the issue of firm water availability for the project and the impact of water drawl by the project.

14. Despite service of notice to respondent no.2- State of Uttar Pradesh and respondent no.3-Uttar Pradesh Pollution Control Board choose not to file their replies. According to them they had very limited role in the entire process and therefore, no replies are necessary.

15. The respondent no.4-the project proponent filed a detailed reply, dated 24<sup>th</sup> December, 2014(page 272-546 Vol-I-A) with voluminous documents annexure R-1 to R-48. Respondent no. 4 admitted that the project proponent had filed Form-1 dated 31<sup>st</sup> December, 2010 annexure R-30 for grant of EC to the project proposed to be setting up at District Ghazipur. However, it contended that the project proponent has chosen to re-file the Form 1 dated 31<sup>st</sup> March, 2011 annexure R-2 changing the proposed project site to district Mirzapur on 31<sup>st</sup> March, 2011 and intimated all the Members and Member Secretary of the EAC regarding the change of proposed project site from District Ghazipur to District Mirzapur through an e-mail, along with pre-feasibility report annexure R-3 and the UP Power Corporation Limited as well as Ministry of Coal had granted approval to such changes vide letters dated 1<sup>st</sup> April, 2011- annexure R-4 and letter dated 24<sup>th</sup> August, 2011- annexure R-6

respectively. The respondent no. 4 further submitted that the EAC was informed by the project proponent in the 24<sup>th</sup> meeting held in May, 2011 that it has started collection of the AAQ data since April, 2011 in order to complete the monitoring before the onset of the monsoon and this was approved by the EAC. According to the respondent no.4 as per the MoEF guideline the project proponent was required to collect baseline data for one season except for the monsoon season and as such the collection of baseline data for the purpose and April, 2011 and June, 2011 was started and the MoEF was informed of the same and its use for formulating the EIA report vide letter dated 12<sup>th</sup> May, 2011.

16. The respondent no.4 further submitted that the project site is located well beyond the highest recorded flood level of River Ganga situated at a distance of 17 km from the project. According to the respondent no. 4 there has been no concealment of any material facts, particularly as regards the presence of reserved forests and wildlife; and this fact has been acknowledged by the District Forest Officer and MoEF vide letters dated 20<sup>th</sup> April, 2011- annexure R-11 and letter dated 11<sup>th</sup> October, 2013- annexure R-12 respectively. The respondent no. 4 made reference to the EIA report (annexure R-13) in that regard. Respondent no. 4 in its reply referred to the minutes of the 13<sup>th</sup> meeting dated 25<sup>th</sup> March, 2015 and 26<sup>th</sup> March, 2014 wherein the biodiversity and conservation plan prepared by the consultant of the project proponent was found

to be forwarded to the MoEF and to the Expert Member from Wildlife Institute of India, Dehradun and approved by the MoEF thereafter as well as by the Chief Conservator of Forest (Wildlife). The respondent no. 4 further submitted that the MoEF has duly taken into account the impact on the water resources and approved the project after all the concerns were satisfactorily replied by all the senior officials of the Government of UP as recorded in the minutes of the EAC dated 26<sup>th</sup> March, 2014. The respondent no. 4 further submitted that the EIA report reveals the efforts and arrangements made to recycle the waste water to attain zero discharge and in inescapable scenario to discharge the quantity of waste water in the nearest drain after meeting the CPCB standards; and as such there will be no significant impact on the surface water quality and discharges shall be curbed to the maximum extent. The respondent no. 4 submits that due care has been taken for dust emission and commercial use of the fly ash generated by the Thermal Power Plant. According to respondent no. 4 the public consultation process was duly conducted as per EIA Notification, 2006; and the public hearing was conducted in the presence of Additional District Magistrate, Regional Officer of the UPPCB, Deputy Superintendent of Police, SDM District Sadar and other top police and administrative officers of District Mirzapur and the proceedings were videographed and the minutes were recorded annexure R-24 and R-25.

17. As regards the concerns raised by the Banaras Hindu University and Vindhya Bachao Manch, the respondent no. 4 submitted that the meeting was held with the BHU on 8<sup>th</sup> October, 2014 and 10<sup>th</sup> October, 2014 wherein after deliberations the respondent no. 4 gave its commitment to the installation of the ESP's with 99.9% efficiency, to the compliance with conditions of CWC ash utilization plan etc. and has adequately dealt with it by settling the issue. The respondent no. 4 further submitted that it had submitted a detailed point wise clarification to the points raised in the site inspection report by the Vindhya Bachao Manch on 6<sup>th</sup> February, 2014. Respondent no. 4 further submitted that the proposed Thermal Power Plant would be a boost to sustainable development in the power deficit State of UP and would generate both electricity and employment to improve the socio-economic standards of the locals in the District of Mirzapur. Generally the respondent no.4 controverted the case of the appellants regarding violations of the EIA Notification and suppression/misrepresentation of the material facts with reference to the proceedings in the Appeal and solicited dismissal of the present Appeal.

18. Rival pleadings warrant answers to the following question:

1. Whether the proposal moved for grant of Environment Clearance by the respondent no.4- M/s Welspun Energy (U.P) Pvt. Ltd to the proposed thermal power project in

question was duly appraised and considered by the concerned authorities.

19. We have heard the parties at length and considered the record of the case including the written submissions tendered by the appellants dated 11<sup>th</sup> April, 2016 and the respondent no. 4 dated 8<sup>th</sup> April, 2016. State players in the contest, namely, MoEF and Uttar Pradesh Pollution Control Board played supplementary role in support of their roles played in the present case.

20. It is true that there is ever growing demand for the power/electricity for the development and to meet this demand the UP Power Corporation Ltd. entered into a power purchase agreement with respondent no.4- M/s Welspun Energy (U.P) Pvt. Ltd. However, any decision over the issue involving environmental concerns needs to be taken as warranted by the Section 20 of the National Green Tribunal Act, 2010. Principles of Sustainable Development, Precautionary Principle and Polluter's Pay Principle are guiding stars in a journey towards such decision as rightly pointed out in M.C. Mehta's Case [(2004) 12 SCC 118: M.C. Mehta vs. Union of India and Ors.] referred to by the respondent no. 4- M/s Welspun Energy (U.P) Pvt. Ltd. The development has to be a sustainable one for ensuring intergenerational equity. The respondent no. 4- M/s Welspun Energy (U.P) Pvt. Ltd has quoted only a part of the para 48 of the Judgment delivered by the Hon'ble Apex Court in M.C. Mehta's Case (Supra) to highlight its submissions. For



making complete sense of what the Hon'ble Apex Court has to say. One needs to read the entire para. We, therefore, reproduce the entire para 48 herein below for ready reference:

*48. Development and the protection of environment are not enemies. If without degrading the environment or minimising adverse effects thereupon by applying stringent safeguards, it is possible to carry on development activity applying the principles of sustainable development, in that eventuality, development has to go on because one cannot lose sight of the need for development of industries, irrigation resources and power projects etc. including the need to improve employment opportunities and the generation of revenue. A balance has to be struck. We may note that to stall fast the depletion of forest, a series of orders have been passed by this Court in T.N. Godavarman case regulating the felling of trees in all the forests in the country. Principle 15 of the Rio Conference of 1992 relating to the applicability of precautionary principle, which stipulates that where there are threats of serious or irreversible damage, lack of full scientific certainty shall not be used as a reason for postponing cost-effective measures to prevent environmental degradation, is also required to be kept in view. In such matters, many a times, the option to be adopted is not very easy or in a straitjacket. If an activity is allowed to go ahead, there may be irreparable damage to the environment and if it is stopped, there may be irreparable damage to economic interest. In case of doubt, however, protection of Precautionary principle requires anticipatory action to be taken to prevent harm. The harm can be prevented even on a reasonable suspicion. It is not always necessary that there should be direct evidence of harm to the environment.*

21. A great caution has, therefore, to be exercised before any developmental activity is allowed to go ahead in order to ensure protection of the environment, which in the words of the Hon'ble Apex Court seeks precedence over economic interest. While concluding the submissions, Learned Counsel appearing

on behalf of the respondent no.4- M/s Welspun Energy (U.P) Pvt. Ltd, fairly made a submission that the project proponent is also open and willing to comply with any additional safeguards in addition to the safeguards stipulated under the EC. We have, therefore, have to cautiously tread our course and reach a balanced decision in the present case.

22. Having realised the need to take such measures necessary for the purpose of preventing and improving the quality of environment and protecting, controlling and abating environmental pollution, the Central Government in exercise of its power under Section 3 of the Environment (Protection) Act, 1986 read with clause d sub-section 3 Rule 5 of the Environment (Protection) Rules, 1986 devised an elaborate mechanism/ procedure to grant prior EC to the projects or the activities as per the EC Regulations, 2006. Environment Clearance Regulations, 2006 categorized the projects and activities into Category A and Category B based on the spatial extent of potential impacts and potential impacts on human health, natural and manmade resources. Admittedly, the project in question is a Category A project and EC Regulations, 2006 envisage in the process of grant of EC therefor the following material stages:

1. Scoping,
2. Public Consultation,
3. Appraisal and
4. Decision for acceptance or rejection of the proposal.

23. In the stage of scoping the Expert appraisal Committee determines detailed and comprehensive Terms of Reference (ToR), addressing all relevant environmental concerns for the preparation of an Environmental Impact Assessment (EIA) report in respect of the project for which prior EC is sought on the basis of information furnished in the prescribed application Form-I/I-A including Terms of Reference proposed by the applicant, outcome of site visit if considered necessary and other information that may be available with the Expert Appraisal Committee. The Terms of Reference so determined are required to be conveyed to the appellants/project proponent by Expert Appraisal Committee within 60 days of the receipt of Form-I. Pertinently, the EAC at this stage itself is conferred with the discretion to recommend to the regulatory authority the rejection of the application for environment clearance and the regulatory authority i.e. MoEF has a discretion to accept such recommendation of the EAC or to reject the application for prior EC. This mechanism build in the EC, Regulations, 2006 emphasises the importance of this stage of scoping, particularly of Form-I therein, which lays the foundation of the Environmental Impact Assessment of the proposed project for its objective appraisal that follows.

24. Next in the chain of the process of evaluation of the potential impacts of the project on environment is the stage of public consultation, a process by which the concerns of the locally affected persons and others, who have plausible stake in the

environmental impact of the project are ascertained. The public Consultation has two components 1) Public hearing and 2) obtaining responses in writing from other concerned persons having a plausible stake in the environmental aspects of the project. Appendix IV to the EC Regulations, 2006 prescribes the manner in which its one of the components- a public hearing has to be carried out. At the outset Appendix IV to the EC Regulations, 2006 prescribes that the public hearing shall be arranged in a systematic, time bound and transparent manner ensuring widest public participation at the project site(s) or in its close proximity district wise, by the concerned State Pollution Control Board. Needless to reiterate that the public hearing is carried out for ascertaining concerns of locally affected persons. Response in writing from other concerned persons having a plausible stake in environment or activity are also required to be obtained as a part of another component of public consultation and as such responses are invited by placing on the website of the concerned State Pollution Control Board, the summary of EAC report prepared in the format given in Appendix III-A by the applicant along with a copy of the application in the prescribed form. After completion of the public consultation the appellants is under obligation to address all the material environmental concerns expressed during this process, and make appropriate changes in the draft EIA and EMP, and prepare a final EIA report and submit it to the concerned regulatory authority for appraisal.

25. Following the public consultation the Expert Appraisal Committee is required to carry out appraisal of the proposal for grant of environment clearance before it categorically recommends to the regulatory authority concerned either the grant or rejection of the application for environment clearance. Appraisal involves detailed scrutiny by the Expert Appraisal Committee of the application and other documents, like the final EIA report, outcome of public consultations including public hearing proceedings in a transparent manner in a proceeding to which the applicant is invited for furnishing necessary clarification in person or through authorized representative. Thus, a conspectus of things previous to the appraisal is taken by the Expert Appraisal Committee for the purpose of objective evaluation of merits of the proposal for grant of EC and the recommendations are made thereupon.

26. The regulatory authority, para 8(ii) of the EC Regulations, 2006 stipulates, shall normally accept the recommendations of the Expert Appraisal Committee; and in case where it disagrees with the recommendations of Expert Appraisal Committee, it shall request reconsideration by the Expert Appraisal Committee while giving the reasons for the disagreement within 45 days of the receipt of the recommendations from the Expert Appraisal Committee. The Expert Appraisal Committee in turn has to consider the observations of the regulatory authority and furnish its view on the same within a further period of 60 days and the decision taken by the regulatory authority after

considering the view of Expert Appraisal Committee is regarded as final. This shows an amount of discretion that is also vested with the regulatory authority-in the present case MoEF and the regulatory authority is expected to exercise such discretion in reasonable manner. Para 8 (vi) of the EC Regulations, 2006 voices the sanctity of information or data material to screening or scoping or appraisal or decision on the application in following terms:

“Deliberate concealment and or submission of false or misleading information or data which is material to screening or scoping or appraisal or decision on the application shall make the application liable for rejection, and cancellation or prior environment clearance granted on that basis”.

The reason for such information or data to be sacrosanct is evident from the entire mechanism which is so interconnected that one false or misleading information and/or its deliberate concealment data in the process necessarily has cascading effect on rest that follows.

27. Keeping this process in mind we have to examine the submissions made by the rival parties. The environment clearance dated 21<sup>st</sup> August, 2014 makes reference to the letters dated 31<sup>st</sup> December, 2010, 12<sup>th</sup> May, 2011, 29<sup>th</sup> June, 2012, 14<sup>th</sup> January, 2013, 11<sup>th</sup> February, 2013, 6<sup>th</sup> February, 2014, 21<sup>st</sup> February, 2014 and 6<sup>th</sup> May, 2014 vide copy of the EC at annexure A-1 to the application. Communication dated

31<sup>st</sup> December, 2010 is a Form-I submitted by the respondent no.4- project proponent seeking prior EC for setting up the thermal power plant in question at Hazipur- Katya, Pahai Goura and Katya, Teshil Jakhnia and Saidpur, District Ghazipur, UP under the hand of Mr. Abhinav Mayank authorized signatory for project proponent. This fact is not disputed, however, respondent no.4- submitted that the project proponent had duly filed the Form-I for the proposed project site to be located at District Mirzapur on 31<sup>st</sup> March, 2011 and had also intimated all the Members and the Member Secretary of Expert Appraisal Committee regarding the change of the project site from District Ghazipur to District Mirzapur through an email along with the pre-feasibility report on 31<sup>st</sup> March, 2011 as per annexure R-2 and R-3 to the reply. Reading of annexure R-3 to the reply reveals that it is a copy of email send by Suranjan Sarkar on behalf of the respondent no.4- M/s Welspun Energy (U.P) Pvt. Ltd. enclosed therewith soft copy of the duly filed Form-I and PFR in respect of 2x660 MW Thermal Power Project in UP to various addresses. According to respondent no. 4 there is mere denial of the email dated 31<sup>st</sup> March, 2011 by the appellants without there being any basis whatsoever. The respondent no.4 to buttress its contentions referred to the reply filed by the MoEF which makes reference to the proposal for District Mirzapur being considered by the EAC in its 22<sup>nd</sup> and 24<sup>th</sup> meeting held on April 4<sup>th</sup> and 5<sup>th</sup>, 2011 (erroneously referred to as 4-5) and May 2-5, 2011 for grant of

ToR and to the minutes of the EAC meeting dated May 4<sup>th</sup> and 5<sup>th</sup>, 2011 at annexure A-4 (page 80).

28. The respondent no.4 also made reference to disclosure made by Dr. M. Ramesh, Scientist 'D' from MoEF before the Tribunal on 5<sup>th</sup> April, 2016 in support of the fact that the project was assessed on basis of Form-I dated 31<sup>st</sup> March, 2011 and the acknowledgment of Mr. C.R. Babu of having acknowledged the consideration of the project on the basis of Form-I dated 31<sup>st</sup> March, 2011 sent by E-mail. Dr. M. Ramesh, Scientist 'D' produced a file containing Note sheets from pages 1 to 11- authenticated copies of which find place on our record at vol-II (documents). We have perused the Note sheet pages 1 to 11. At page 11 a reference is found made to the communication received from respondent no.4 in respect of the present appeal and passing on the information that the appellants could not access revised Form-I from MoEF record and the respondent no.4-company having already submitted revised Form-I and circulated it amongst all EAC Members and Member Secretary through E-mail dated 31<sup>st</sup> March, 2011. Dr. M. Ramesh appeared to have made endorsement on the said Note sheet for checking the records for the same and nothing more. However, our scrutiny has not revealed any reference to revised Form-I dated 31<sup>st</sup> March, 2011 in the said Note sheet except one on page 11 as disclosed herein above and placing of the proposal of respondent no.4 for setting up of thermal power plant at Village Dadri Khurd, Teshil Mirzapur, Uttar Pradesh in 24<sup>th</sup> meeting of



EAC held on May 2<sup>nd</sup> and 3<sup>rd</sup>, 2011 for determination of ToRs at page 2 of the said Note sheet dated 10<sup>th</sup> June, 2011.

29. Material portion of the minutes of EAC meeting dated May 4<sup>th</sup> and 5<sup>th</sup>, 2011 at annexure A-4 (page80) reads as under:

**“2.10 2x660 MW Super Critical Coals Based Thermal Power Plant of M/s Welspun Energy UP Private Ltd. at villages Dadri Khurd, in Mirzapur Sadar Taluk, in Mirzapur Distt. in Uttar Pradesh- reg. TOR.**

*“The proposal was earlier placed for consideration in the 22<sup>nd</sup> meeting held during April 4-5, 2011 wherein the Committee noted that the proposed site may be in the flood plain of river or very close to it and has forests in the vicinity. The Committee also noted that the other sites identified were rejected by the project proponent itself. The Committee therefore decided that the project proponent shall identify more alternative acceptable sites and accordingly deferred the proposal for re-consideration at a later stage.*

*The proposal was again placed for re-consideration for determination of terms of reference for undertaking EIA/EMP study as per the provisions of EIA Notification, 2006. The project proponent along with its consultant M/s J.M Environet Pvt. Ltd. gave a presentation and provided the following information:*

*The proposal is for setting up of 2x660 MW Super Critical Coal Based Thermal Power Plant at Villages Dadri Khurd, in Mirzapur Sadar Taluk, in Mirzapur Distt. in Uttar Pradesh. Land requirement will be 1100 acres, out of which 798 acres is unirrigated barren land and 77 acres is waste land. 875 acres land will be used for plant and 225 acres land will be used for railway and pipeline corridor. The co-ordinates of the plant site are at Latitude 24°58'51.2"N to 25°00'5.43"N and Longitude 82°39'34.1"E to 82°40'52.71"E. Coal requirements will be 6.4 MTPA. Coal will be obtained from domestic coal block through SECL/NCL/CCL mines. Area requirement for ash/pond dyke will be 225 acres including green belt. Water requirement will be 45 MCM/annum, which will be sourced from the Upper Khajuri Dam and Ganga River through a pipeline about a distance of 4km and 17 km respectively from project site. There are no National parks, Wildlife sanctuaries, Tiger/Biosphere reserves etc. within 10 km of the site. Danti RF, Mirzapur RF, Patehra RF and Gorthara RF are situated within 10 km from the project site.*

*The project proponent submitted that Ganges River is about 22 Kms from the proposed site and site is not in the flood plain of the Ganges. The project proponent also submitted Survey of India toposheet in confirmation to their submission. It was also informed that M/s WAPCOS has conducted pre-feasibility for availability and route of water pipeline from Upper Khajuri Dam till the proposed project site.*

*The Committee noted that details of water availability need to be extensively examined and a detailed source of water sustainability study shall be submitted.*

*The project proponent informed that they have started collection of AAQ data since April and complete monitoring before onset of monsoon. The Committee decided that the same can be used for preparation of EIA report.*

*Based on the information provided and presentation made, the Committee prescribed the following specific ToRs for undertaking detailed study and preparation of EMP.....”*

30. Nowhere in the minutes of the 22<sup>nd</sup> and 24<sup>th</sup> EAC meeting held on April 4<sup>th</sup> and 5<sup>th</sup>, 2011 and May 2<sup>nd</sup> and 3<sup>rd</sup>, 2011 respectively we find reference to revised Form-I dated 31<sup>st</sup> March, 2011 except the fact that it referred to thermal power project at Village Dadri Khurd, Teshil Mirzapur, Uttar Pradesh.
31. In the sur-rejoinder filed by the respondent no.4 (page 2070) the respondent no.4 submitted that in addition to E-mail sent by the project proponent to the EAC and revised Form-I was submitted to the MoEF by hand on 31<sup>st</sup> March, 2011 which was duly signed by Mr. Ravikant Verma, General Manager, Corporate Affairs with proper verifications; and letter of MoEF had informed that the revised Form-I by hand on 31<sup>st</sup> March, 2011 was misplaced and as such MoEF made a request to the project proponent to provide a copy of the revised Form-I and as such the revised Form-I was submitted by hand to the MoEF on

3<sup>rd</sup> December, 2011. A copy of the Board resolution dated 25<sup>th</sup> March, 2011 authorizing Mr. Ravikant Verma to sign Form-I is annexed to sur-rejoinder at annexure R-48 a copy of the Basic Information Form signed by the authorized signatory Mr. Ravikant Verma dated 31<sup>st</sup> March, 2011 is also produced along with sur-rejoinder at annexure R-49.

32. The appellants specifically contends in the backdrop of the aforesaid facts as disclosed that the determination of ToR was done on the basis of a basic information- a concise document circulated for the convenience of EAC and not Form-I dated 31<sup>st</sup> March, 2011. Learned Counsel appearing on behalf of the appellants compared the data furnished through basic information document annexure R-49 (Page 2092), copy of the Form-I dated 31<sup>st</sup> March, 2011 at page no. 2362 and fresh Form-I dated 3<sup>rd</sup> December, 2011 submitted after grant of ToR dated 15<sup>th</sup> June, 2011 (Page 86) and pointed the following discrepancies.

<i>Basic Information</i>	<i>Form-I along with pre-feasibility report</i>	<i>Fresh Form-I</i>
<i>Land Requirement- 1100 acres, out of total land 798 acres is unirrigated barren land, 77 acres is waste land, 875 acres for plant and 225 acres is for railway and pipeline corridor.</i>	<i>Total area of land is 850 acres. Government land: 9.88%, private land 90.12% unirrigated land 93.88%, barren land 5.25% water bodies 0.87%.</i>	<i>Land 875 acres, Government land 11.1% private land 88.9%, single cropped agricultural land 1.78% barren land 97.50%, water bodies 0.62% human settlement 0.02%.</i>

33. Learned Counsel appearing on behalf of the appellants further pointed out that the signatures of the authorised signatory in all the documents, namely, Form-I dated 31<sup>st</sup> March, 2011 (page 383), Basic Information (page 2094) and Form-I dated

31<sup>st</sup> December, 2011(page112) vary and lacks proper verification as per EIA amendment dated 1<sup>st</sup> December, 2009. Learned Counsel appearing on behalf of the respondent no.4 submitted in counter that there is no bar on the EAC to consider the basic information form as the source of information and the project proponent stands by the information submitted in the Form-I dated 31<sup>st</sup> March, 2011 sent vide e-mail to the EAC Members and as submitted during the course of the arguments as the true facts available to it at the relevant times, and the verification is merely a procedural defect which can be cured and cannot be held fatal to the credibility of the Form-I. In support of his submission Learned Counsel appearing on behalf of respondent no.4 quoted the observations made by the Hon'ble Apex Court as follows:

**Kiran Shankar Kathore V Arun Dattaray Sawant (2014) 14 SCC 162**

*Para34. "... The Court, however upheld the view of the High Court holding that on perusal of the affidavit, there was substantial compliance with the prescribed format. Even when some defect was found in the verification of the election petition, it was held that the said defect is also curable and cannot be held fatal to the maintainability of the Election Petition. In the present case we are concerned with the affidavit which a candidate seeking election is required to file along with his nomination form. At the same time, we proceed on the basis that if there is a substantial compliance with the requirements contained in the said affidavits, in the sense that there is a disclosure of required particulars including assets/liabilities it can be treated as adequate compliance with the provisions of the Act, Rules and Orders."*

**Shaikh Sail Haji Abdul Khayumsab V Kumar and others (2006) 1 SCC 46**

*Para 10. "All the rules of procedure are handmaid of justice. The language employed by the draftman of*

*processual law may be liberal or stringent, but the fact remains that the object of prescribing procedure is to advance the cause of justice.”*

*Para 13: “... A procedural law should not ordinarily be constructed as mandatory, the procedural law is always subservient to and is in aid to justice. Any interpretation which eludes or frustrates the recipient of justice is not to be followed.”*

*Para 14: “Processual law is not a tyrant but a servant, not an obstruction but an aid to justice. Procedural prescriptions are the handmaid and not the mistress, a lubricant, not a resistant in the administration of justice.”*

Learned Counsel appearing on behalf of the respondent no.4 added that the Form-I is initiation of the entire process and acts as a guide and cannot bind the EAC. In support he quoted from the Judgment delivered in R. Vermani’s case (R. Veeramani vs. Secretary, Public Works Department and Ors.: Appeal No. 31 of 2012) by the Southern Zone Bench of Tribunal as follows:

*Para 56: “....The application is merely an expression of the desire of the proponent to commence a particular project and Form IA is intended for the mentioning of the safeguards necessary for the said new project. Thus the application is only initiation of the entire process. It can only be a guide; but it is neither conclusive nor decisive on the project and cannot control the EC. The contents in Form I can only be one of the guiding factors, but they cannot bind either of the committees, Appraisal or Assessment. The Appraisal Committee is an independent body consisting of experts from different fields and equally, the Assessment Committee. They have to consider all available materials before taking a decision to grant or reject the request. They have to make an independent study and decide the necessary parameters and safeguards for a given project.*

*Thus the EC is wisdom driven of the Members of the Committees and no doubt, it is not driven by the data and particulars furnished by the proponent in the forms alone. The authority cannot base their decision on the application alone or the contents of the Form. After the application is made along with the safeguards stated by the proponent in Form I and Form IA, the Appraisal Authority at the time of appraisal, can add number of safeguards for the project...”*

34. If one looks at para 7(i) stage II of the EC Regulations, 2006 dealing with the process of scoping it is not difficult to find that all the information furnished in the prescribed application Form-I, forms the basis of detailed and comprehensive Terms of Reference addressing all relevant environmental concerns for the preparation of Environmental Impact Assessment Report in respect of the project for which prior EC is sought in as much as potential impacts of the project are assessed with reference to the information revealed in Form-I. Though, there is no bar on the EAC to consider basic information as a source of information, the EAC has to consider details of the activity in relation to:

- (i) Construction, operation or decommissioning of the project, involving actions, which will cause physical changes in the locality (topography, land use, changes in water bodies).
- (ii) Use of natural resources for construction or operation of the project (such as land, water, materials or energy, especially any resources which are non-renewable or in short supply)
- (iii) Use, storage, transportation, handling or production of substances or materials, which could be harmful to human health or the environment or raise concerns about actual or perceived risks to human health.
- (iv) Production of solid wastes during construction or operation or de-commissioning.

- (v) Release of pollutants or any hazardous, toxic or noxious substances to air.
- (vi) Generation of Noise and Vibration, and Emissions of Light and Heat.
- (vii) Risks of contamination of land or water from releases of pollutants into the ground or into sewers, surface waters, ground water, coastal waters or the sea.
- (viii) Risk of accidents during construction or operation of the project, which could affect human health or the environment.
- (ix) Factors which should be considered (such as consequential development) which could lead to environmental effects or the potential for cumulative impacts with other existing or planned activities in the locality.
- (x) Environmental sensitivity.

Furnished in Form-I

Before detailed and comprehensive Terms of Reference addressing all relevant Environmental concerns for the preparation of Environmental Impact Assessment Report are determined, it is worthwhile to note, the EAC is expected to be pro-active in as much as to look for other information as to would be available, and secondly it has discretion to reject the application at the stage of scoping upon the total view of the material before it and in that context observations made by the Southern Zone Bench of this Tribunal in R. Veeramani's Case

regarding the role of the EAC and its authority to vet the information furnished and be bound by it are misplaced as regards the present case. However, in view of the discrepancies pointed out in basic information, Form-I and fresh Form- I furnished by the respondent no.4 as pointed earlier, legitimate questions as regards the objective consideration of the information furnished to the EAC for determining the detailed and comprehensive ToRs arise,. In our view all the information furnished and considered by the EAC for the determination of ToR is a raw material for the Terms of Reference determined from which the draft EIA report takes shape- a material step for further stages of public consultations, appraisal, recommendations of EAC and ultimately for grant of EC.

35. Learned Counsel appearing for the appellants submitted that the EIA Notification, 2006 makes it mandatory that all the projects which requires EC need to undergo the scoping process and the appraisal not done on the basis of proper scoping process on the basis of Form-I is a substantial non-compliance. He invited our attention to the observations made by this Tribunal at para 120 of the Judgment delivered in S.P. Muthuraman's case (O.A. No. 37 of 2015): S.P. Muthutraman vs. Union of India & Ors.0 Judgment dated 7<sup>th</sup> July, 2015 reported in Manu/GT/0016/2015 "that the provisions of this enactments are substantive and mandatory.....if compliance is not made to the provisions of this enactments it will totally frustrate the Polluters Pay Principle and thus Polluters Pay



Principle adversely affect the environment, protection of which is the sole objective of the Act of 1986.....” Thus, we have no hesitation in holding that the provisions of Notification 2006 are mandatory and procedural simplicitor”. We do subscribe to this view in relation to the present case for the simple reason that even the smallest lapse in furnishing the information or data material to screening or scoping or appraisal or decision on the application would leave lasting effects possibly adverse impacts on the environment or sustainable development, if information or data is misleading.

36. Nature of the land involved in the project and its expanse are material aspects in determination of adverse impacts of any project on the environment which going by its definition at Section 2(a) of Environment (Protection) Act, 1986 includes water, air and land and the inter-relationship which exists among and between water, air and land, and human beings and other living creatures, plants micro-organism and property. According to the appellants from the stage of scoping to the final stage of appraisal the project proponent projected a misleading picture about the nature and expanse of the land involved as follows:

- (i) Form I dated 3.12.2011- In response to query at sl. 2.1- **Barren land 97.58 %** (pg 99)
- (ii) Final EIA report- (1) sl no. 9 Present land use at the site- **“mostly barren”** pg 565  
(2) para 2.4.1- Factors considered for site selection- **“Availability of adequate uncultivable and unused land for erecting power plant structures”**(pg 579)
- (iii) Letter dated 12.07.2011- Reasons given to Ministry of Coal for change of site from Dist. Gazipur to District Mirzapur

which states **“barren and single crop land”** and **“No forest land involved”**(pg 412)

He further pointed out that use of such wrong terms on which the impugned EC is based found its expression in the EC dated 21<sup>st</sup> August, 2014 in the following terms “land required will be 875 acres, out of which 15.63 acres will be single cropped agricultural land; 859.37 acres will be barren land”. In support of its contentions that it is not a barren land the applicant invited our attention to the following:

- (i) Study report of project site under taken by WAPCOS.
- (ii) Revenue records of project site in village Dadri Khurd, Teshil Mirzapur, Uttar Pradesh.
- (iii) Additional affidavit filed by the appellants on 5<sup>th</sup> April, 2016
- (iv) Photographs of irrigation structures check dams, grazing and agricultural lands.

Para 3.1 of Area Drainage Study Report of the project site undertaken by WAPCOS for the project in question reveals that from the observations made by the WAPCOS team upon the site visit and from Study of survey data of plant area, the team observed that most of the plant area was found covered with trees/vegetation and grass; and though no agricultural activity was noticed on entire plant area, the team found that most of the land was being used for grazing and tree plantations and thus dense forest was noticed at South-eastern part of the plant area at higher elevation of about 220 to 233m. Revenue records

of the project site produced by the appellants during hearing on 2th April, 2016 describe the land as 'Parti Bhumi' i.e. fallow land and not a barren land. Additional affidavit of the appellants dated 5<sup>th</sup> April, 2016 placed before us the relevant extracts from National Resource Census Project Report 2004-2005 of Indian Space Research Organization and Wasteland Atlas of India titled "Control Sheet". Definition of fallow land as found in the National Resource Census Project Report is as under:

Fallow land: These are the lands, which are taken up for cultivation but are temporarily allowed to rest, un-cropped for one or more seasons, but not less than one year"

Barren land from its very description conveys a meaning that it is unfertile not supportive of any vegetation. Definition of barren land in "Wasteland Atlas of India" describes it as: The rock exposures of varying lithology often barren and devoid of soil and vegetation cover. Thus absence of any vegetation is hallmark of a barren land. Description of the land for the project as a 'barren land' is therefore, a misleading description.

37. Learned Counsel appearing on behalf of the appellants further invited our attention to IL&FS Technical EIA Guidelines Manual for thermal power plant- August, 2010 prepared for the MoEF, Government of India. Purpose of developing such sector specific technical guideline manual is to provide clear information on EIA to all the stakeholders. It gives guidelines

for site selection of coal based thermal power station and general siting factors (page 2748 to 2749). At the outset it exhorts the stakeholders to recognise that no forest land shall be used for non-forest activity and no prime agricultural land shall be converted into industrial site. As regards the site selection for thermal power station, it makes reference to the Guidelines of Central Electricity Authority, Government of India for site selection of coal based thermal power station which advice the selection of site near to coal source, accessibility by road and rail. These guidelines spells out the priorities for site selection as follows:

*First priority is given to the sites those are free from forest, habitation and irrigated/agricultural land. Second priority is given to those sites that are barren, i.e. wasteland, intermixed with any other land type, which amounts to 20% of the total land identified for the purpose.*

38. Guidelines for site selection of coal thermal power station set by MoEF are made available in the said manual as under:

- *Locations of thermal power stations are avoided within 25km of the outer periphery of the following:
  - metropolitan cities;
  - National park and wildlife sanctuaries;
  - Ecologically sensitive areas like tropical forest, biosphere reserve, important lake and coastal areas rich in coral formation;*
- *The sites should be chosen in such a way that chimneys of the power plants do not fall within the approach funnel of the runway of the nearest airport;*
- *Those sites should be chosen which are at least 500m away from the flood plain of river system;*
- *Location of the sites are avoided in the vicinity (say 10km) of places of archaeological, historical, cultural/religious/tourist importance and defense installations;*
- *Forest or prime agriculture lands are avoided for setting up of thermal power houses or ash disposal.*

39. In this backdrop the contentions raised by the appellants that there was deliberate concealment of forest land by the appellants in the present case gains significance. Learned Counsel appearing on behalf of the appellants submitted that the project proponent concealed the presence of forest within the plant boundary in Form-I dated 3<sup>rd</sup> December, 2011 as well as in the EIA Report (Page 621) with the statement that there is no forest land within plant boundary.

40. Perusal of the Form -1 dated 03-12-2011 (page no. 93) reveals clear statement of the fact at entry in serial no. 21-23 of the Form-1 that no forest land is involved and as such, the proposal does not call for clearances under the Forest Conservation Act, 1980. Perusal of the EIA Report (page no. 621) also reveals a categorical assertion that no forest land is within the plant boundary. It is pointed out by the Appellants from the Form-1 that the project envisages approach road connecting SH-5, 15.5 kms distance railway line from Sarsogram railway station and 17 kms of pipeline (31kms as per the EIA Report page no. 601) to fetch water from River Ganga and all this passes through the Reserve Forest.

41. To highlight this fact the Appellants drew our attention to the table no. 3.18 in the EIA Report (page no. 668) which is reproduced herein below:

S. No.	Name of R. F.	Distance from Project boundary	Direction from Project Boundary
1	Danti RF	Adjacent to the project site	N
2	Barkachha RF	8.5 km	NW
3	Mirzapur RF	Adjacen	S
4	Sarson RF	5.5km	SE
5	Malua RF	8.5km	SW

6	Karaunda RF	5km	SW
7	Patehra RF	5km	SW
8	Bahuti RF	6.5 km	W
9	Newaria RF	10 km	SW
10	Nanuti RF	7 km	E
11	Golhanpur RF	6.5 km	E

42. It is very clear from the aforesaid table that project site is surrounded by reserved forest from all sides. The Appellants also invited our attention to the photographs at page no. 159-159A of the actual site to point out that the SH-5 passes through the reserved forest area as could be noticed from the signboard of forest department (“this road belong to Forest Department Regional Forest Officer Madihan DFO, Mirzapur, Forest Division”).

43. The project Proponent relied upon the site visit reports dated 01-08-2008 and 19-11-2012 to contend that the area where the power plant is proposed is not a notified reserved forest/protected forest and/or forest like area. As against this the Appellants have relied upon the area drainage study report of the project site undertaken by WAPCOS. Photographs (page no. 159-159A), satellite imagery- particularly National land use and land cover mapping using multi-temporal AWiFS data available at Bhuvan website.

44. It is noticed that the WAPCOS team upon visit to the project site (30-09-2011) at Dadri Khurd Village found dense vegetation/forest at Southern-Eastern part of the plant area (page 165). It is also correct that Land Use/Land Cover (LULC) map of District Mirzapur (page no. 2990-2992) shows project area mostly occupied by deciduous forest and part of it by

agriculture, plantation. On the other hand, the Project Proponent relies upon the judgments delivered in Application No. 19(T<sub>HC</sub>)/2013 dated 08-08-2014 titled as Nisraga Vs. Assistant Conservator of Forests as well as in New Okhla Bird Sanctuary case [(2011) 1 SCC 744: in In Re construction of park at Noida near Okhla Bird Sanctuary]. The Hon'ble Apex Court in In Re-construction of park at Noida near Okhla Bird Sanctuary case observed as follows:

*“In support of the applicant’s case that there used to be a forest at the project site he relies upon the report of the CCF based on site inspection and the Google Image and most heavily on the FSI Report based on satellite imagery and analyzed by GSI application. A satellite image may not always reveal the complete story. Let us for a moment come down from the satellite to the earth and see what picture emerges from the government records and how things appear on the ground. In the revenue records, none of the khasras (plots) falling in the project areas was ever show as jungle or forest..”*

Moreover, the Appellants admit in their affidavit dated 05-04-2016 (page no. 2974) that satellite image per se cannot be relied upon as 100% accurate evidence for forest area. However, it proceeds further to state that the time when the said judgments were passed Google Earth Imagery was most common and Bhuvan Application Services were not developed; and Bhuvan Satellite imagery is based on advance technologies like Multi-temporal(satellite images collected repeatedly over a long time for a year or more), multi-layered(superimposing images from different satellites and sensors) and multi-spectral (involving different radiations other than IR radiation), which when collaborated with ground data gives fairly accurate information

about the present land use and land cover. Even accepting this statement to be correct its collaboration with the ground data is indispensable for giving fairly accurate information. Ground data collection is, therefore, a key to answer the question whether the land was a forest or forest like area.

45. We have therefore to see what site inspection reports have procured for the benefit of decision making. Site visit report dated 01-08-2008 makes a reference to the piece of land in Village Kushiyara and Sangra as having been identified in Thesil Lalganj, Haliya, District Mirzapur and having being identified as a forest like area having specified number of trees mentioned therein. It does not say anything about Village Dadri Khurd. Site Inspection Report dated 19-11-2012 (page no. 508) reveals that the inspection of the project site was purportedly carried out by team of Forest Officials, Scientist from MoEF, Project Proponent, Villagers from Mirzapur and Sh. Balram Singh, President, Van Upvan Conservation of Nature Environment Society. The team after going through the reports of the DFO Mirzapur dated 16-08-2013 and 13-09-2013 as well as revenue records of Village Dadri Khurd drew conclusions as follows:

- 1. Thus from the records available the proposed Welspum Thermal Power Plant site plan included no notified reserved forest/protected forest and forest like area recognized in Mirzapur district in compliance of Hon'ble Supreme Court order.*
- 2. The two Gatas 180 and 216 jha with an area of 1.5 ha included in proposed site plan of Welspum Thermal Power Plant is revenue recorded Jhari (forest). The ownership belongs to UP Govt. and it is in process of transfer to the*



*company. If this is used for non-forestry purpose, it requires approval of Central Govt. under Forest (Conservation) Act.*

46. Poking holes in this report, the Appellants pointed out that the report is signed only by two officials namely: Dy. Conservator of Forest (Central) and Chief Conservator of Forest (Central) almost a year after and not by all the members of the team.

47. It is further pointed out that Mr. S. N. Mishra, DFO, Mirzapur Forest Division who was the member of the site inspection team addressed a letter dated 16-08-2013 (page no.2051) to the Chief Conservator of Forest(Central) , MoEF making a statement that the project site has 50% of forest like area (page no. 2052). However, there is also a communication dated 13-09-2013 written by the same DFO Mirzapur to the CCF Central, MoEF with reference to list of forest like area prepared by District Level Committee mentioning that no land from the project area has been identified as forest like area. Pertinently, we do not find any collection of ground data in relation to forest density in the area inspected by site inspection team. This leaves us in wilderness of assumptions and presumptions with no categorical answer as to the nature of the area based on ground data collections.

48. Undoubtedly, the approach road, rail line and water line have to pass through forest lands, and these being material components of the project, the Project Proponent ought to have revealed the involvement of the forest land, in Form-1 filed for the purposes of getting EC Paragraph 8 (v) of the EC Regulation, 2006 stipulates that clearances from other regulatory bodies or

authorities shall not be required prior to receipt of applications for prior environmental clearance of project or activities, or screening, scoping and appraisal or decision by regulatory authority concerned, unless any of these is sequentially dependent on such clearance either due to requirement of law, or for necessary technical reasons.

49. Office Memorandum dated 09-09-2011 issued by MoEF stipulates that EC is issued only after stage -1 forest clearance has been submitted by Project Proponent and if same is not submitted within time limit prescribed under the said Office Memorandum proposal of the EC would stand rejected and the entire process of obtaining EC will have to be initiated *de novo*. With reference to the guidance document for taking up of non-forest activity in forest dated 19-12-2012, learned Counsel appearing on behalf of the Appellants submitted that the Project Proponent has to apply simultaneously for Environment and Forest and NBWL clearances and a complete clearance is obtained only when requisite clearances are obtained by Project Proponent. As observed above the proposal for grant of EC involves forest land. It is therefore, not correct to submit that the forest clearance is not a criteria for grant of EC under the EIA Notification.

50. Learned Counsel appearing on behalf of the appellants further brought to our notice that not only the project involves use of forest land for coal transportation, water pipeline but there is no discussion in the EIA report regarding the potential impact

of the fragmentation of the forest and disturbance of wildlife due to the passing of the railway line for coal transportation, construction of transmission line, water pipeline and approach road. From the facts noticed herein above, it is evident that the project is surrounded by forest and involves 'Parti Bhumi' (fallow land) thereby signifying least anthropogenic activity at or around the project site and, thus the issue of wildlife in the area deserves serious consideration. EIA report (page 668) and the table provided therein (Page 669, 675) make mention of having not noticed any endangered species within the area of project site and the area lying in 10 km of the radius therefrom. However, the appellants pointed out to the response received by them to the RTI query dated 27<sup>th</sup> August, 2013 (page 161, 162) providing the list of Schedule I species- Sloth Bear, Chinkara, Black Buck, Bengal Monitor, Peafowl, crocodile (Magar) etc. within the project site and 10 km radius area. The project proponent relied upon the bio-diversity assessment and conservation plan and submitted that the EAC in its meeting dated 23<sup>rd</sup> March, 2014 had found the site report/plan in order. It has been pointed out that the site plan was prepared after the EIA report and public hearing and no study was undertaken to assess the impact of the project and its ancillary activity like coal transportation, water pipeline, approach road, ash ponds and such other impacts on the wildlife in the region. Para 4.3.1.3 (page 1058) of the report adds credence to this contention in following terms: *"this survey needs to be carried*

*out with the wildlife experts and the State Authority, Department to identify the areas or forest need all the conservation and management interventions which are highly crucial.”* Facts revealed before us do not show that any member of the EAC or Expert member of WII conducted any site visit of the project to assess the gravity of exception taken to the project upon the issues raised in relation to the forest and wildlife. Appraisal of the project in this regard, therefore, becomes questionable.

51. Water being important component of environment appraisal of the project for accessing its potential impacts on water resources in course of the process of appraisal is also of material importance for answering the question before us. The project envisages drawl of 36 mcl of water from Ganga and its transportation through 24 km of pipeline to upper Khajuri reservoir and thereafter to make supply of the water through 7 km of pipe line to the project site. Upper khajuri reservoir is a rain fed reservoir which according to the project proponent is meant for irrigation purposes. However, the appellants contend that the water in the upper Khajuri reservoir is not only for irrigation purposes but also used for human consumption and caters to the needs of the wildlife in or around the said reservoir. In this context Learned Counsel appearing on behalf of the appellants submitted that upper Khajuri reservoir feeds water to lower khajuri reservoir lying on the River Khajuri- a tributary of Ganga and there has been representation made by Banaras Hindu University regarding the potential impacts of

taking of untreated contaminated water from Ganga to upper Khajuri reservoir and thereafter to the lower Khajuri reservoir which is catering to the need of Banaras Hindu University; and the EAC had completely over looked the critical issues raised by the Banaras Hindu University in that regard and blindly relied upon the misstatement made by the project proponent that the issue with BHU had been resolved.

52. We find from the record, a letter dated 18<sup>th</sup> September, 2013 (page 174) addressed by Registrar of the Banaras Hindu University to the Secretary, Government of India, MoEF, New Delhi voicing concerns of the University in following words:

*I would like to inform you that a Thermal Power Project with capacity 1320 MW Coal based is going to be installed at nearby Village-Dadari Khurd in District-Mirzapur which is 10 km. away from Rajiv Gandhi South Campus of BHU at Barkachha. It is pointed out that the Rajiv Gandhi South Campus is constituent of BHU having running more than 20 self-financing undergraduate and post-graduate courses and other academic activities. A good number of students, teaching and non-teaching staff and their family members are residing in the campus.*

*In this connection, we have received a letter of General Secretary, a NGO-“Vindhya Environmental Society” and representation of resident of that area. Further, we have also examined by our Faculty Member who belongs to field of Environmental Science & Technology and he has submitted an Environment Impact Assessment Report of 1320 MW bout proposed Coal based Thermal Power Project, which are self explanatory(copy enclosed).*

*It is needless to mention here that the negative impact of this project may adversely affect their health of students, teachers and other staff residing in the Rajiv Gandhi South Campus. We would like to highlight the fact that entire drinking water supply of the RGSC is from lower Khajur Dam which is fed by upper Khajuri Dam. Any industrial activity in the upper khajuri Dam will jeopardize our water supply.*

*Keeping in view of the above fact, I request you to kindly consider for reviewing the shifting of place much ahead from the premises of Rajiv Gandhi South Campus,*

*Barkachha so that the ambiance and environment of this area may keep intact.*

This communication from the Registrar enclosed Environment Impact Assessment Report concerning the project in question prepared by Dr. A.K. Pandey, Assistant Professor, Environment Science and Technology, Rajiv Gandhi South Campus, BHU. The respondent no. 4, it appears, made a presentation before the EAC that the issues raised by BHU were resolved in the meeting held on 8<sup>th</sup> March, 2014 and 10<sup>th</sup> March, 2014. In that regard our attention has been invited to minutes of the meeting conducted by the project proponent, BHU Faculty and Campus Members on 8<sup>th</sup> and 10<sup>th</sup> March, 2014. Reading of these minutes would persuade a reader to believe that discussion was held on following major points:

1. Air Impact and dispersion modelling
2. Water withdrawal scheme
3. Water utilization
4. Waste water management system
5. Coal Quality
6. Coal Transportation.

and after three hours of deliberations it was decided that Welspun Energy UP Pvt. Ltd-Project proponent would be forwarding the following commitments to BHU:

1. Installing of ESP with 99.9% efficiency and operating the ESP
2. Commitment to comply all condition stipulated by CWC on water withdrawal
3. Comply with the commitment of ash utilisation plan
4. Commitment to operate ETP

It is further revealed that BHU desired to be part of environmental and social management review during the operational phase of the project and the project proponent should submit six monthly compliance report along with online

data as per EC condition to the University along with other stakeholders. Significantly, the minutes of meeting do not disclose what exactly the discussions were in the meeting for thrashing out technical issues involved in the major topics purportedly discussed. The EAC also did a lip service to the process of appraisal by merely recording its nod to the presentation made by the project proponent in following terms:

6.The pp has submitted point wise response to BHU vide their letter dated 29<sup>th</sup> January, 2014 reg. The adverse impacts on the residents of Rajiv Gandhi South Campus due to the project. The same were presented before the Committee. The PP held meetings with BHU on 08.03.2014 and 10.03.2014 and detailed discussions were held on all the issues and provided satisfactory replies. The issues raised by the NGO, Vindhya Environmental Society in their letter to BHU were also discussed in the said meetings in detail. The Minutes of the said meeting were also submitted before the Committee. As desired by BHU, the commitments regarding installation and operation of ESP (with 99.9% efficiency) and ETP, complying with all conditions stipulated by CWC on water withdrawal and complying with proposed ash utilization plan shall be submitted to BHU. The committee recommended that the environmental cell of the PP shall also work in close coordination with BHU.

To compound this issue further the appellants have pointed out that the persons who raised their concerns did not participate in the meeting nor they authorize any person to hold the meeting on their behalf; and Professor Dr. Vijay Kishna who is shown to have attended the meeting held on 8<sup>th</sup> and 10<sup>th</sup> March, 2014 in the minutes annexure R-26 (page 1183) asserted vide email dated 23<sup>rd</sup> April, 2014 that the said meetings were not authorized by Banaras Hindu University and he participated in his personal capacity (page 2061) annexure

R-30; and this fact was brought to the notice of Secretary, MoEF by appellants no. 3 vide email dated 25<sup>th</sup> April, 2014 annexure R-31. It was therefore, incumbent upon the MoEF to have thoughtfully considered the relevant record and sought clarification from EAC before proceeding to grant the EC. Nothing of this sort is done in the present case.

53. Learned Counsel appearing for the appellants submitted that transporting the massive quantity of Gangetic untreated/contaminated water to the rain fed upper Khajuri reservoir is bound to change the water quality of upper Khajuri reservoir and consequently have impact on the people downstream using the water for human needs. It is further submitted that water withdrawal of 36,000,000,000 litres annually would undoubtedly affect the ecological flow of Ganga and severely affect the Gangetic Biodiversity including Gangetic Dophins found in Mirzapur stretch; and it is wrongly presumed that water withdrawal during monsoon from Ganga would leave no impact on Gangetic environment when there is a record of decline in rainfall in past year with no sufficient water in river in monsoons vide statistical data of rainfall in District Mirzapur annexure A-28 (page 2058). According to Learned Counsel appearing for the appellants both competitive use of water from river Ganga and upper khajuri reservoir and its comulative impact on upstream and downstream have not been discussed in the EIA report. We do find substance in the submission made.



54. It is further pointed out that the Project Proponent revealed in Form-1 dated 03-12-2011 (entry serial no. 10, page no. 110) that the area in question does not fall in any important high quality or scarce resources zone (ground water resource, surface resource, forestry, agriculture, fishery, tourism and minerals), and the EIA report (page no. 633 and 634) disclosed that the project site does not fall in any economically viable zone as per Regional GSI map.

55. The Appellants further points out that the respondent no. 4 in its reply (page no. 342) made reference to the Geological and Mineral Map of District Mirzapur annexure R-47 to state that the District Mirzapur has presence of Alluvium rather than Kaimur sand stone. Coloured map produced at annexure R-58 (page no. 2924) shows that the project area is adjacent to Marihan identified as a Kaimur sand stone area which is an important mineral resource.

56. The record reveals that the Public Hearing was conducted by UPPCB on 07-04-2012 in village Dadri Khurd, District Mirzapur, after publishing the notice of the public hearing in a National Daily- 'Hindustan Times' Delhi edition on 04-03-2012 and in the local Daily- 'Amar Ujala' of the same date, and the meeting was attended by about 190 persons (page 121-127). Two fold exceptions is taken to this public consultation process firstly, that the notice ought to have been publicized in the National Daily published from Allahabad/Varanasi in order to ensure maximum publicity, and secondly, public hearing was

not conducted in free and fair manner there being presence of men holding guns in the meeting as evident from a video clipping.

57. Perusal of the provision prescribing procedure for conduct of public hearing in Appendix IV of EC Regulations, 2006 reveals that notice of public hearing has to be advertised in one major National Daily and one Regional Vernacular Daily/State official language. The procedure stipulated does not say that it needs to be publicised in National Daily published from a particular place.

58. Learned Counsel for the appellants invited our attention to the purpose of public consultation of which the public hearing is one of the important component as mentioned at para 7 (III)(ii)(a). It is correct that public hearing is held for ascertaining concerns of local affected persons. However, the process of public consultation also envisages obtaining of responses in writing from other concerned persons having plausible stake in environmental aspects or project activity. Keeping in mind the procedure prescribed in clear terms at 3.0 under Appendix IV of EC Regulation, 2006. We are of the considered view that the procedure adopted for publication of notice of public hearing has been duly followed in the present case by its advertisement in national daily and local daily.

59. Additional Affidavit (page no. 2936-2944) with photographs filed by respondent no. 4-Project Proponent points out that other mode for publicity was resorted to by the Project

Proponent with the speaker mounted van/jeep for making announcement regarding the public hearing. Exception taken on this ground, therefore, has no merit. However, as regards the conduct of the public hearing itself the videography has revealed the presence of gun toting men amongst the members attending the public hearing. Learned Counsel appearing on behalf of the respondent no. 4 submitted that Village Dadri Khurd being situated in backward Forest area, it is not unusual to find the locals moving with guns. Assuming this to be true it was necessary for policemen on duty to have dis-armed them before they entered the venue of the public hearing. Arms like guns are bound to strike fear in the hearts of men around and dominate their free will. It is, therefore, difficult to call this public hearing as a free and fairly conducted public hearing.

60. EC Regulations, 2006 lay down a chain of interconnected processes to make a complete mechanism required to assess the potential impacts of the project or activities on the environment made of several components. Every piece of information/data furnished and/or collected at every stage of the process is expected to be wholesome free from any twist or turn in order to truly aid the correct appraisal of the potential impacts of the project. This expectation of law is evident from the checks and balances provided in EC Regulations, 2006.

61. Cumulatively, therefore, the entire process of consideration and appraisal of the proposal to grant EC is found tainted so as to render it less credit worthy than the one expected by law and

as such makes it even more difficult to suggest the safeguards in order to render the project sustainable one. We, therefore, answer the question raised herein above negatively. In our opinion, it is advisable to go through the entire process of EC afresh before green signal is given to the project.

We, therefore, allow this Appeal and pass the following directions:

1. The Appeal is allowed and EC dated 21-08-2014 is set aside.
2. Respondent no. 4 shall not carry out any developmental work at the project site.
3. The respondent no. 4 shall restore the area to its original condition.
4. Work of restoration is stayed for a period of two months.

62. In view of the above directions Appeal No. 79 of 2014 stands disposed of. M.A. Nos. 694 of 2014 and 511 of 2015 also stand disposed of.

....., JM  
(U.D. Salvi)

....., EM  
(Ranjan Chatterjee)

कार्यालय प्रभागीय वनाधिकारी, मीरजापुर वन प्रभाग, मीरजापुर।

पत्रांक / मीरजापुर / 15 दिनांक, मीरजापुर, सितम्बर, 05 2018।

सेवा में,

क्षेत्रीय वनाधिकारी,  
मडिहान।

विषय:- वेल्लेस्पन इनर्जी यू0पी0 प्रा0लि0 द्वारा ग्राम- ददरी खुर्द, तहसील- सदर, जिला- मीरजापुर में प्रस्तावित 1320(2x660) मेगावाट ताप विद्युत गृह की स्थापना हेतु जलापूर्ति बावत भूमिगत वाटर पाइप लाईन एवं सम्पर्क मार्ग निर्माण हेतु 83581 हे0 आरक्षित वन भूमि के गैर वानिकी प्रयोग एवं ढ धक 296 वृक्षों के पालन की अनुमति के सम्बन्ध में।

संदर्भ- मुख्य वन संरक्षक/नोडल अधिकारी उ0प्र0 लखनऊ का पत्रांक 469 / 11-सी-FC/UP/Thermal/14236/2015 लखनऊ दिनांक 29.08.2018.

महोदय,

विषयक के सम्बन्ध में उपरोक्त संदर्भित पत्र के साथ संलग्न उ0प्र0 शासन के पत्रांक 2691 / 14-2-2018 -800(64)/2016 दिनांक 27.08.2018 द्वारा भारत सरकार पर्यावरण वन एवं जलवायु परिवर्तन मंत्रालय के पत्रांक 8बी/08/38/2016/FC/478 दिनांक 11.01.2017 में उल्लिखित बिन्दु 03 पर वांछित आख्या की अपेक्षा की गयी है।

उक्त के सम्बन्ध में प्रस्तावक संस्था वेल्लेस्पन इनर्जी यू0पी0 प्रा0लि0 के अधिकृत प्रतिनिधि द्वारा उनके पत्रांक WEUPPL/FP/UP/THE/14236/2015 दिनांक 30.08.2018 द्वारा उपलब्ध कराई गयी आख्या मूल में संलग्न कर इस आशय से प्रेषित है कि विषयक प्रकरण में एन0जी0टी0 के आदेश के अनुसार मौके की बिन्दुवार अपेक्षित आख्या प्रस्तावक संस्था के साथ संयुक्त निरीक्षण के उपरान्त दो दिन के भीतर इस कार्यालय को उपलब्ध करावे।

संलग्नक:- उपरोक्तानुसार मूल में वापसी अपेक्षित।

भवदीय

(राकेश चौधरी)

प्रभागीय वनाधिकारी,  
मीरजापुर वन प्रभाग मीरजापुर।

संख्या 934 अ/समदिनांक

प्रतिलिपि:- श्री सुधीर श्रीवास्तव अधिकृत प्रतिनिधि वेल्लेस्पन इनर्जी यू0पी0प्रा0लि0 प्लॉट नं0 242/1, प्रथम तल, बबुआ का पोखरा, ब्रम्हपुरी कालोनी मीरजापुर इस आशय से प्रेषित कि वन क्षेत्राधिकारी मडिहान के साथ मौके का संयुक्त सर्वेक्षण/निरीक्षण कराना सुनिश्चित करें, ताकि प्रकरण में अग्रतर कार्यवाही की जा सके।

(राकेश चौधरी)

प्रभागीय वनाधिकारी,  
मीरजापुर वन प्रभाग मीरजापुर।



Letter No. WEUPPL/FP/UP/THE/14236/2015 dated 12/10/2018

To,  
Divisional Forest Officer  
Mirzapur Division, Mirzapur, Utter Pradesh

Subject: Proposal No. FP/UP/THE/14236/2015 for diversion of 8.3581 ha of forest land for water pipeline corridor and approach road of Mirzapur 1320 MW Thermal Power Project

Reference:

- 1) Letter no. 1344 dated 1 Oct 2018 of CCF Mirzapur, Email dated 4 Oct 2018 from DFO Mirzapur and online EDS
- 2) WEUPL Letter No. WEUPPL/FP/UP/THE/14236/2015 dated 30/8/2018
- 3) Letter no. 969/11-C/FP/UP/Thermal/14236/2015 dated 29 Aug 2018 of Nodal Officer
- 4) Letter no. Letter No. 8B/08/38/2016/FC/478 dated 11/1/2017 of Regional Office, MoEFCC

Dear Sir,

This is with reference to above communications and online EDS. We would like to submit and bring the following into your cognizance:

- National Green Tribunal (NGT) order dated 01.05.2017, para 3, reads that "the project proponent is at liberty to approach the MoEF&CC or any other competent authority for processing of the applications for grant of Environmental Clearance upon making up for/rectifying the defects". Copy of this Order of NGT has already been submitted through above referred letter of WEUPL (Copy attached).
- Office Memorandum dated 31 March 2011 of MoEFCC requires that Stage-1 Forest Clearance should be available at the time of consideration of application for Environmental Clearance. Copy of this OM of MoEFCC is attached herewith.

Hence, we are approaching to Forest Department for forest clearance applied for this project.

We request you to please respond to the letter of the Nodal Officer as referred above for suitable action for diversion of forest as per proposal no. FP/UP/THE/14236/2015.

Thanking you

Authorized Signatory

(Sudhir Kumar Srivastava)

Enclosed:

- a) Office Memorandum dated 31 March 2011 of MoEFCC
- b) Email dated 4 Oct 2018 from DFO Mirzapur

CC: Chief Conservator of Forest, Mirzapur

Mirzapur Office:  
Plot No.241/1 First Floor, C/O Mr. Raj Dular Dubey  
Tel: +91909995898/07925557498/07925558097  
Babua Ka Pokhra, Near Bramh Puri Colony,  
Mirzapur, Uttar Pradesh 231001

Authorized Signatory Office:  
Sambhaav House, 8th floor,

Judges Bungalow Road,  
Bodakdev,

Ahmedabad-380015 Gujarat

Fax: 07925557401  
E-mail: sudhir.srivastava@adani.com  
env.power@adani.com

Handwritten note: 15/10/2018

No. J-11015/200/2008-IA.II(M)  
**Government of India**  
**Ministry of Environment & Forests**

Paryavaran Bhavan,  
C.G.O. Complex, Lodi Road,  
New Delhi-110003.  
Telefax: 24362434

Dated the 31<sup>st</sup> March, 2011

**Office Memorandum**

**Sub: Consideration of projects for grant of environmental clearance under EIA Notification, 2006 which involve forestland – Procedure to be followed – Regarding.**

**Ref: Office Memorandum no. J-11013/41/2006-IA.II(I) dated 2<sup>nd</sup> December, 2009 regarding Procedure for consideration of proposals for grant of environmental clearance under EIA Notification, 2006, which involve forestland and or wildlife habitat.**

The issue regarding consideration of proposals especially mining project for grant of environmental clearance under EIA Notification, 2006, which also involve diversion of forestland has been under consideration for quite some time and circulars / guidelines have been issued in the past in this regard from time to time. In this regard, reference is also invited to para 8 (v) of the EIA Notification, 2006 reads as follows:

“Clearances from other regulatory bodies or authorities shall not be required prior to receipt of applications for prior environmental clearance of projects or activities, or screening, or scoping, or appraisal, or decision by the regulatory authority concerned, unless any of these is sequentially dependent on such clearance either due to a requirement of law, or for necessary technical reasons.”

According to the above provision, the environmental clearance under EIA Notification, 2006 is independent of other clearances and submission of clearances under other relevant Acts and Rules as may be applicable to a project is not a pre-requisite for obtaining environmental clearance except in specific cases where it is sequentially dependent on such clearance either due to requirement of law or for necessary technical reason. This aspect was earlier discussed and deliberated and the office memorandum dated 2<sup>nd</sup> December, 2009 referred to above was an outcome of the same.

However, in view of the complexity of the issues involved, the matter has been considered further in the Ministry and in supersession of the earlier instructions, it has now been decided to adopt the following procedure for consideration of such projects.

**I. Projects in Pipeline:**

**(A) Projects received for TORs and yet to be considered by EAC:**

In case of the proposals which have been received for prescribing TORs and involve forestland, in part or in full, and are yet to be considered by the EAC, during consideration of such proposals, clarifications will be obtained from the project proponent regarding feasibility of undertaking the project only in non forestland. In case, the project proponent confirms to undertake the project in non forest area only, the proponent may be advised to submit the revised proposal by deleting the forestland involved in the project. In case, it is not possible to undertake the project without involving diversion of forestland, the project proponent will be asked to first apply for stage-I forestry clearance for the forestland involved in the project and thereafter submit the proposal for obtaining terms of reference as per the procedure prescribed under EIA Notification, 2006.

**(B) Projects for which TORs have already been prescribed but the proposal for environmental clearance is yet to be submitted:**

In case of the proposals, which involve forestland, in part or in full, and for which TORs have already been prescribed, the project proponents are advised to ensure that the requisite stage-I forestry clearance has been granted and its copy is submitted along with their application / proposal for environment clearance. Alternatively, the proponent should delete from their land requirement, the forestland involved in the project and the proposal so amended without any forestland may be submitted for appraisal by the EAC.

In case of projects where forest diversion (Stage I Clearance) has been approved for part of the total forestland involved in the project, the proposal will be considered only for the land for which forest diversion has been approved and the non forestland, if any. For the purpose, the onus of demonstrating that the project activities will be limited to that much area only would lie with the project proponent and necessary supporting documents will be submitted in this regard.

**(C) Projects submitted for environmental clearance based on the TORs prescribed by EAC:**

The proposals already submitted for environmental clearance will be appraised by the EAC on their merit and in case of involvement of forestland, the proponent will be asked either to delete the forestland and submit the revised proposal or approach the EAC after the stage-I forestry clearance for



the forestland involved in the project has been granted, till which time the proposal will stand delisted.

In case of projects for which diversion of forestland has been granted for part of the forestland, the proposal will be appraised taking into account that much of land only (land for which FC granted + Non forestland) for the project activities and the proponent should demonstrate the viability of the project with requisite supporting documents.

**(D) Projects already considered by EAC and recommended for grant of environmental clearance:**

In accordance with the recommendations of EAC, such projects will be processed on file for obtaining approval of the MEF for grant of environment clearance. After MEF has approved, a communication will be sent to the project proponent informing that the Competent Authority has approved the project; however, the formal environmental clearance will be issued only after the stage-I forestry clearance for the forestland involved in the project has been obtained and submitted. For the purpose, a maximum time limit of one year will be provided to the proponent during which time the proposal will be kept in abeyance. In case, the formal forestry clearance is not submitted within this time frame, the proposal will stand rejected and the process for obtaining environmental clearance will have to be initiated, de-novo, as per the procedure prescribed under EIA Notification, 2006.

**II. Expansion Projects:**

- (i) Mining Projects involving enhancement of production by increasing the depth and or number of shifts, without any increase in lease area and having already obtained the forestry clearance for the forestland involved in the mine lease, shall be considered on merit and decision taken.
- (ii) The Expansion projects involving horizontal spread with additional land requirement will be dealt with as green field projects, if additional forestland is to be diverted.

**III. Greenfield Projects:**

- (i) If any green field project does not envisage any diversion of forest land, it would be considered as per the provisions of EIA Notification, 2006.
- (iii) In case of any green field project, which involves diversion of forest land, the project proponents are advised to re-examine the requirement of forestland and submit the proposal without forestland for consideration of the EAC. Otherwise, the proponent should submit the proposal for TORs under the EIA Notification, 2006 only after

applying the stage-I forestry clearance for the forestland involved in the project.

- (iii) All cases of grant / renewal of EC for any abandoned mine or sick project under revival etc. would be considered as a green field project for appraisal under EIA Notification, 2006 and the procedure mentioned above will be followed.

This issues with the approval of the Competent Authority.

  
(Dr. S.K. Aggarwal)  
Director

To

1. All the Officers of IA Division
2. Chairpersons / Member Secretaries of all the SEIAAs/SEACs

**Copy to:-**

1. PS to MEF
2. PPS to Secretary (E&F)
3. PPS to SS(JMM)
4. Advisor (NB)
5. Website, MoEF
6. Guard File

----- Forwarded message -----

From: **DFO MIRZAPUR** <[dfomirzapur@gmail.com](mailto:dfomirzapur@gmail.com)>

Date: Thu, Oct 4, 2018 at 10:34 AM

Subject: EDS

To: <[chokhlani.anurag@gmail.com](mailto:chokhlani.anurag@gmail.com)>

Dear Sir,

Please Find the attachment file.

Regards,

DIVISIONAL FOREST OFFICER

MIRZAPUR FOREST DIVISION MIRZAPUR

F.D.S.

Proposal No. FP/UP/Thermal/14236/2015

**कार्यालय मुख्य वन संरक्षक, मीरजापुर क्षेत्र, मीरजापुर**  
**पत्रांक:सा0-1334 / मी0के0 / 33/ दिनांक, मीरजापुर, अक्टूबर 01, 2018**

सेवा में,

प्रभागीय वनाधिकारी,  
मीरजापुर वन प्रभाग,  
मीरजापुर।

विषय- बेलस्पन एनर्जी यू0पी0 प्रा0लि0 द्वारा ग्राम-ददरी खुर्द, तहसील-सदर, जिला-मीरजापुर में प्रस्तावित 1320 (2 x 660) मेगावाट ताप विद्युत गृह की स्थापना हेतु जलापूर्ति बावत भूमिगत वाटर पाइप लाईन एवं सम्पर्क मार्ग निर्माण हेतु 8.3581 हे0 आरक्षित वन भूमि के गैर वानिकी प्रयोग एवं बाधक 296 वृक्षों के पातन की अनुमति के सम्बन्ध में।

सन्दर्भ- मुख्य वन संरक्षक/ नोडल अधिकारी, उ0प्र0 लखनऊ पत्रांक 469/11-सी एफसी/यू0पी0/थर्मल /14236/2015 लखनऊ दिनांक 29.08.2018 तथा आपका प्रभागीय वनाधिकारी मीरजापुर वन प्रभाग मीरजापुर का पत्रांक 1118/मीरजापुर/33 दिनांक 20.09.2018

महोदय,

उपरोक्त सन्दर्भित पत्र द्वारा उ0प्र0 शासन का पत्रांक- 2691/14-2-2018-800(64)/2016 दिनांक 27.08.2018 तथा उनमें उल्लिखित भारत सरकार के पत्रांक 8बी/08/38/2016/एफ0सी/478 दिनांक 11.01.2017 में उल्लिखित बिन्दु संख्या-3 पर वांछित आख्या तीन प्रतियों में इस कार्यालय प्रेषित किया गया है। प्रेषित किये गये आख्या में संलग्नक स्थलीय निरीक्षण में किस तिथि को किया गया उल्लेख नहीं है तथा प्रस्तावक विभाग के प्रतिनिधि का हस्ताक्षर भी नहीं है।

प्रेषित आख्या के साथ संलग्नक प्रस्तावक के पत्र दिनांक 30.08.2018 में उल्लेख किया गया है कि

Hence, we are approaching the authorities for required clearances and revalidation of EC. इस प्रकार प्रकरण में जब तक फेश क्लीरेन्स नहीं मिल जाता तब तक प्रस्ताव पर विचार किये जाने के सम्बन्ध में अपनी औचित्यपूर्ण टिप्पणी दें।

अतः विषयक प्रकरण में भारत सरकार के पत्र के आलोक जो निम्न प्रकार उद्धृत है "In pursuance of order of Hon'ble NGT is appeal no. 79/2004; Department of Forest; UP may review its stand on the proposal" पर आख्या/टिप्पणी संस्तुति सहित स्पष्ट आख्या उपलब्ध कराने का कष्ट करें। आप द्वारा प्रेषित आख्या मूल में संलग्न है।

संलग्नक-उपरोक्तानुसार।

भवदीय  
(डा0प्रभाकर दूब) 11/10/18  
मुख्य वन संरक्षक,  
मीरजापुर क्षेत्र मीरजापुर

कार्यालय प्रभागीय वनाधिकारी, मीरजापुर वन प्रभाग, मीरजापुर।

पत्रांक 1798

/मीरजापुर/ 15, दिनांक, मीरजापुर, नवम्बर, ०६

2018.

सेवा में,

श्री सुधीर श्रीवास्तव,  
अधिकृत प्रतिनिधि वेलेस्पन इनर्जी,  
यू०पी०प्रा०लि० प्लॉट नं० 242/1, प्रथम तल,  
बबुआ का पोखरा, ब्रम्हपुरी कालोनी मीरजापुर।

विषय:- वेलेस्पन एनर्जी यू०पी० प्रा०लि० द्वारा ग्राम- ददरी खुर्द, तहसील- सदर, जिला- मीरजापुर में प्रस्तावित 1320(2x660) मेगावाट ताप विद्युत गृह की स्थापना हेतु जलापूर्ति बावत भूमिगत वाटर पाइप लाईन एवं सम्पर्क मार्ग निर्माण हेतु 8.3581 हे० आरक्षित वन भूमि के गैर वानिकी प्रयोग एवं बाधक 296 वृक्षों के पातन की अनुमति के सम्बन्ध में।

संदर्भ-

आपका पत्रांक- WEUPPL/FP/UP/THE/14236 dated 12/10/2018

महोदय,

विषयक के सम्बन्ध में आप अपने उपरोक्त संदर्भित पत्र का अवलोकन करें जिसके साथ संलग्न मा० एन.जी.टी. का आदेश दिनांक 05.04.2016 जो दिनांक 21.12.2016 को घोषित किया गया, में स्पष्ट रूप से उल्लिखित है कि The Appeal is allowed and EC dated 21-08-2014 is set aside. तथा आप द्वारा उपलब्ध कराये गये पत्र के पैरा-1 में भी आप द्वारा उल्लिखित किया गया है कि National Green Tribunal (NGT) order dated 01.05.2017, para 3, reads that "the project proponent is at liberty to approach the MeEF&CC or any other competent authority for processing of the applications for grant of Environmental Clearance upon making up for/rectifying the defects". Copy of this Order of NGT has already been submitted through above referred letter of WEUPL (Copy attached).

अतः विषयक प्रकरण में पुनः मा० न्यायाधिकरण के निर्णय के आलोक में पुनः फ्रेश Environmental Clearance प्राप्त कर इस कार्यालय को उपलब्ध करावें ताकि प्रकरण में अग्रेतर कार्यवाही की जा सके।

भवदीय

(राकेश चौधरी)

प्रभागीय वनाधिकारी,  
मीरजापुर वन प्रभाग मीरजापुर।

संख्या \_\_\_\_\_ अ/समदिनांक \_\_\_\_\_

प्रतिलिपि- मुख्य वन संरक्षक, मीरजापुर क्षेत्र, मीरजापुर को सूचनार्थ एवं आवश्यक कार्यवाही हेतु प्रेषित।

(राकेश चौधरी)

प्रभागीय वनाधिकारी,  
मीरजापुर वन प्रभाग मीरजापुर।

कार्यालय, मुख्य वन संरक्षक/नोडल अधिकारी, उत्तर प्रदेश, लखनऊ।  
पत्रांक- 169/11-सी-FP/UP/Thermal/14236/2015, लखनऊ, दिनांक: अगस्त 29, 2018

सेवा में,

मुख्य वन संरक्षक,  
मीरजापुर क्षेत्र,  
मीरजापुर।

विषय:- वेलस्पन एनर्जी यू0पी0 प्रा0लि0 द्वारा ग्राम-ददरी खुर्द, तहसील-सदर, जिला-मीरजापुर में प्रस्तावित 1320 (2 ग 660) मेगावाट ताप विद्युतगृह की स्थापना हेतु जलापूर्ति बांबत भूमिगत वाटर पाइप लाईन एवं सम्पर्क मार्ग निर्माण हेतु 8.3581 हे0 आरक्षित वनभूमि के गैर वानिकी प्रयोग एवं बाधक 296 वृक्षों के पातन की अनुमति के सम्बन्ध में।

सन्दर्भ:- उ0प्र0 शासन का पत्रांक-2691/14-2-2018-800(64)/2016, दिनांक 27.08.2018 (छायाप्रति संलग्न)।

महोदय,

उपरोक्त संदर्भित पत्र का अवलोकन करने का कष्ट करें। उ0प्र0 शासन के उपरोक्त सन्दर्भित पत्र में उल्लिखित भारत सरकार के पत्रांक-8बी/08/38/2016/एफ.सी./478, दिनांक 11.01.2017 में उल्लिखित बिन्दु सं0-3 पर वांछित आख्या अभी तक प्रभागीय वनाधिकारी, मीरजापुर वन प्रभाग, मीरजापुर द्वारा इस कार्यालय को प्रेषित नहीं किया गया।

अतः उ0प्र0 शासन के उपरोक्त संदर्भित पत्र के क्रम में चाहीं गयी सूचना/आख्या संस्तुति सहित दो दिनों के अंदर इस कार्यालय को तीन प्रतियों में प्रेषित करने का कष्ट करें।

संलग्नक-यथोक्त।

भवदीय

29/8

(पंकज मिश्र)

मुख्य वन संरक्षक/नोडल अधिकारी,  
उ0प्र0, लखनऊ।

संख्या- 169/11-सी-FP/UP/Thermal/14236/2015, दिनांकित।

प्रतिलिपि:- निम्नलिखित अधिकारियों को सूचनार्थ एवं आवश्यक कार्यवाही हेतु प्रेषित:-

1. प्रभागीय वनाधिकारी, मिर्जापुर वन प्रभाग, मिर्जापुर।
2. अधिकृत प्रतिनिधि, वेलस्पन एनर्जी, यू0पी0 प्रा0लि0, मिर्जापुर।

29/8

(पंकज मिश्र)

मुख्य वन संरक्षक/नोडल अधिकारी,  
उ0प्र0, लखनऊ।

etc

प्रेषक,

मनोज कुमार सिंह,  
अनुसचिव  
उत्तर प्रदेश शासन।

सेवा में,

मुख्य वन संरक्षक/  
नोडल अधिकारी,  
उ०प्र०, लखनऊ।

वन एवं वन्य जीव अनुभाग-2

लखनऊ, दिनांक 27 अगस्त 2018

विषय:- बेलेस्पन एनर्जी यू०पी० प्रा०लि० द्वारा ग्राम ददरी खुर्द तहसील सदरी जिला मीरजापुर में प्रस्तावित 1320 (2X660) मेगावाट ताप विद्युत गृह की स्थापना हेतु जलापूर्ति बावत भूमिगत वाटर पाइप लाईन एवं सम्पर्क मार्ग निर्माण हेतु 8.3581हे० आरक्षित वन भूमि के गैर वानिकी प्रयोग एवं बाधक 296 वृक्षों के पातन की अनुमति के सम्बंध में।

महोदय,


उपर्युक्त विषयक कृपया अपने पत्र संख्या-165/11-सी-एफपी/यूपी/थर्मल/14236/2015, दिनांक 19-7-2018 का संदर्भ ग्रहण करें।

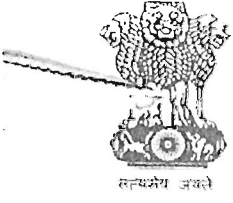
2- इस सम्बंध में मुझे यह कहने का निदेश हुआ है कि बेलेस्पन एनर्जी यू०पी० प्रा०लि० द्वारा ग्राम ददरी खुर्द तहसील सदरी जिला मीरजापुर में प्रस्तावित 1320 (2X660) मेगावाट ताप विद्युत गृह की स्थापना हेतु जलापूर्ति बावत भूमिगत वाटर पाइप लाईन एवं सम्पर्क मार्ग निर्माण हेतु 8.3581हे० आरक्षित वन भूमि के गैर वानिकी प्रयोग एवं बाधक 296 वृक्षों के पातन की अनुमति के सम्बंध में भारत सरकार, पर्यावरण वन एवं जलवायु परिवर्तन मंत्रालय, क्षेत्रीय कार्यालय के पत्र सं०-8बी/यूपी०/02/38/ 2016/एफसी/478, दिनांक 11-01-2017 में उल्लिखित बिन्दु सं०-3 पर आख्या उपलब्ध कराया जाना अपेक्षित है, जो इस प्रकार है:-

3. In pursuance of order of Hon'ble NGT is appeal no. 79/2004; Department of Forest: UP may review its stand on the proposal

कृपया उक्त के आलोक में विषयगत प्रकरण के सम्बंध में आख्या/टिप्पणी (संस्तुति) शासन को उपलब्ध कराने का कष्ट करें।

भवदीय,

  
(मनोज कुमार सिंह)  
अनु सचिव।



भारत सरकार  
पर्यावरण, वन एवं जलवायु परिवर्तन मंत्रालय  
क्षेत्रीय कार्यालय (मध्य)  
Ministry of Environment, Forest and Climate Change  
Regional Office (Central Region)



केंद्रीय भवन, पंचम तल, सेक्टर-एच, अलीगंज, लखनऊ 226024

Kendriya Bhawan, 5<sup>th</sup> Floor, Sector-H, Aliganj, Lucknow- 226024, Telefax: 2326696, 2324340, 2324047, 2324025  
Email: (Env.) m\_env@rediffmail.com, (Forest) goimoeofrolko@gmail.com

पत्र सं० 8वीं/08/38/2016/एफओसी० / 476-478

दिनांक : 10/1/17

सेना में,

विशेष सचिव (वन),  
उत्तर प्रदेश शासन,  
बापू भवन, लखनऊ।

विषय: वेलस्पन एनर्जी यू०पी० प्रा० लि० द्वारा ददरी खुर्द तहसील सदरी जिला मीर्जापुर में प्रस्तावित 1320 (2ग660) मेगावाट ताप विद्युत गृह की स्थापना हेतु जलापूर्ति बावत भूमिगत वाटर पाइप लाईन एवं संपर्क मार्ग निर्माण हेतु 8.3581 हे० आरक्षित वनभूमि के गैर वानिकी प्रयोग एवं बाधक 296 वृक्षों के पातन की अनुमति के संबंध में।

सन्दर्भ:- क्षेत्रीय सशक्त समिति की बैठक दिनांक- 05.01.2017 की कार्यवाही (प्रति संलग्न)

महोदय,

उपरोक्त विषय का आशय ग्रहण करने का कष्ट करें। विषयांकित प्रकरण में राज्य सरकार द्वारा वन (संरक्षण) अधिनियम, 1980 की धारा (2) के अन्तर्गत भारत सरकार की स्वीकृति माँगी है।

उक्त प्रकरण का दिनांक- 05.01.2017 को आहूत की गयी क्षेत्रीय सशक्त समिति (REC) की बैठक में सम्मिलित किया गया था। क्षेत्रीय सशक्त समिति की बैठक (REC) दिनांक- 05.01.2017 की कार्यवाही की प्रति (REC Agenda item 16.7 U.P.) संलग्न है। बैठक में चर्चानुसार निम्न बिन्दुओं पर सूचना जारी की गई है, जिसे शीघ्रतापूर्वक प्रस्तुत करने वाले आगे की कार्यवाही की जा सके-

1. As per GIS DSS analysis one of the polygon i.e. polygon I is inviolate.
2. .kml files of minimum three alternatives examined for selection of proposed alignment also needs submission.
3. In pursuance of order of Hon'ble NGT is appeal no. 79 of 2004; Department of Forests, UP may review its stand on the proposal.

संलग्नक- यथोपरि।

भवदीय,  
१८ (बृजेन्द्र स्वरूप)  
वन संरक्षक (केंद्रीय)

प्रतिलिपि सूचनार्थ एवं आवश्यक कार्यवाही हेतु प्रेषित:

1. प्रभागीय निदेशक, सामाजिक वानिकी प्रभाग, मिर्जापुर, उ० प्र०।
2. श्री अनुराग चोखलानी, वेलस्पन एनर्जी, यू०पी० प्रा० लि०, मिर्जापुर, उ० प्र०।
3. श्री कमल मिश्रा, राजभाषा अनुभाग, पर्यावरण, वन एवं जलवायु परिवर्तन मंत्रालय, क्षेत्रीय कार्यालय, लखनऊ को वेबसाइट पर अपलोडिंग हेतु प्रेषित।
4. आदेश प्रभावली

१८ (बृजेन्द्र स्वरूप)  
वन संरक्षक (केंद्रीय)