पूर्ण प्रतिबन्धित सिर्फ कम्पनी कार्य हेतु प्रतिबन्धित

इस प्रतिबंदन में समाहित सूबनाओं को प्रत्यक्ष या परोक्ष रूप से प्रेस या अन्य किसी व्यक्ति जो कम्पनी/ मी.आई.एल./ सरकारी नहीं है, को किसी भी हालत में नहीं दिया जाय।

MINING PLAN AND MINE CLOSURE PLAN For KHADIA EXPANSION OCP

(Under Rule 22B of MCR 1960)

(Project Area - 1697.906 Ha)

Coal Production Capacity - 20 Mtpa

(with 1000m³/Day Overburden Processing Plant to generate Manufactured Sand in Project Area 1697.906 Ha)

Singrauli Coalfield, District- Singrauli, Madhya Pradesh, India

FEBRUARY - 2024

Northern Coalfields Limited
PO- Singrauli, Dist- Singrauli, State -MP - 486889

Prepared by:



CMPDI, RI-VI, PO- Jayant Colliery, Dist-Singrauli, MP- 486890

MPPA Certificate No. NABET/APA-MPPA/IA/010

CHECK LIST

	Details	(√/x)				
Chepter-1	Project Information	✓				
Chepter-2	Exploration, Geology, Seam Sequence, Coal Quality and Reserve	✓				
Chepter-3	Mining	✓				
Chepter-4	Safety Management	✓				
Chepter-5	Infrastructure Facilities proposed and their Location					
Chepter-6	Land Requirement	✓				
Chepter-7	Environment Management	✓				
Chepter-8	Progressive & Final Mine Closure Plan	✓				
Annexure-I	Copy of allotment order/Vesting order	Х				
Annexure-II	Plan preparing agency (MPPA) if the project area is confined within the vested/allotted block boundary/existing mining lease and where the project area extends beyond the block boundary, a certificate of Qualified person/Accredited Mining Plan preparing agency (MPPA) should be supported with a certificate of State Government mines and Geology department must be attached, which should specify (a) intent of the State Government for grant of lease beyond the vested geological boundary/existing mining lease, (b) non-existence of Coal/Lignite in the area beyond the vested geological boundary/existing mining lease to rule out the issue of encroachment and use of coal bearing area (beyond the vested/allotted block boundary/existing mining lease) in the mining plan	*				
Annexure-III	Approval of the Company Board	√				
Annexure-IV	Copy of earlier approval of Mining Plan	✓				
Annexure-V	Plan/chart showing schedule of Implementation of Mine Closure activities (progressive and final closure) with duration of important activities	✓				
Annexure-VI	Non-refundable Application Fee	×				
Annexure-VII	Expert-Review Report carried out be an Accredited Mining Plan Preparing Agency (MPPA)	Х				
Annexure-VIII	Other document (if any)	✓				
Plates- I	Location Plan	✓				
Plates- II	Plan certified by Qualified person/Accredited Mining Plan preparing agency (MPPA) if the project area is confined within the vested/allotted block boundary/existing mining lease and where the project area extends beyond the block	√				

	Details	(√/x)
	boundary, a Plan certified by Qualified person/Accredited Mining Plan preparing agency (MPPA) should be supported with a plan with cardinal co-ordinates duly certified by the Mines and Geology Department of the concerned State	
Plates- III	Printed copy of the KML file superimposed in the recent (not older than one year from the base date) dated satellite Image duly certified by accredited Agency should also be attached Note: The soft copy of the KML file shall also be part of the Soft Copy of the mining plan	✓
Plates- IV	Cadastral Plan showing approved block boundary vis-à-vis proposed/existing mining lease and Mine boundary super-imposed over it in distinct color, showing land use and infrastructure etc.	√
Plates- V	Geological plan showing all the boreholes drilled and proposed to be drilled showing allotted block boundary and required lease area	√
Plates- VI	Representative Graphic Litholog	✓
Plates- VII	Surface Plan showing drainage system, Contour, preferably at 5m interval, location of BH (borehole)	✓
Plates- VIII	Conceptual plan showing infrastructure facilities including colony, boundary of mining area, mine entries, roads including road diversion alignment etc.	✓
Plates- IX	Tentative land use plan showing land type (Govt., Forest and Tenancy land) with its data source	✓
Plates- X	Floor contour plan and seam folio, iso-grade plan	✓
Plates- XI	Cross-section showing coal/lignite seam (s)	✓
Plates- XII	Plan showing existing and proposed surface layout (s)	✓
Plates- XIII	Plan showing total coal thickness and overburden thickness and stripping ratio (in case of opencast (OC) Mines)	✓
Plates- XIV	Final state quarry plan showing haul road alignment (in case of opencast (OC) Mines)	Х
Plates- XV	Plan showing mode and location of entries and surface layouts (in case of underground (UG) Mines)	X
Plates- XVI	Layout of the panel for each system (like Longwall, Continuous Miner, Bord & Pillar, road header etc.) should be given (in case of UG Mines)	X
Plates- XVII	Layout of pillar extraction (in case of UG Mines)	×
Plates- XVIII	Support system (in case of UG Mines)	Х
Plates- XIX	Haulage and transport system (in case of UG Mines)	Х
Plates- XX	Post Mining land use plan	✓
Plates- XXI	Progressive mine closure plan/stage plans	✓
Plates- XXII	Reclamation Plan and Cross Section	✓

MINING PLAN & MINE CLOSURE PLAN KHADIA EXPANSION OCP (20 Mtpa)

Index for list of Chapters

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4	Safety Management	1-4
5	Infrastructure facilities proposed and their location	1-5
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9	Annexures	
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MINING PLAN & MINE CLOSURE PLAN KHADIA EXPANSION OCP (20 Mtpa)

Index for List of Annexure

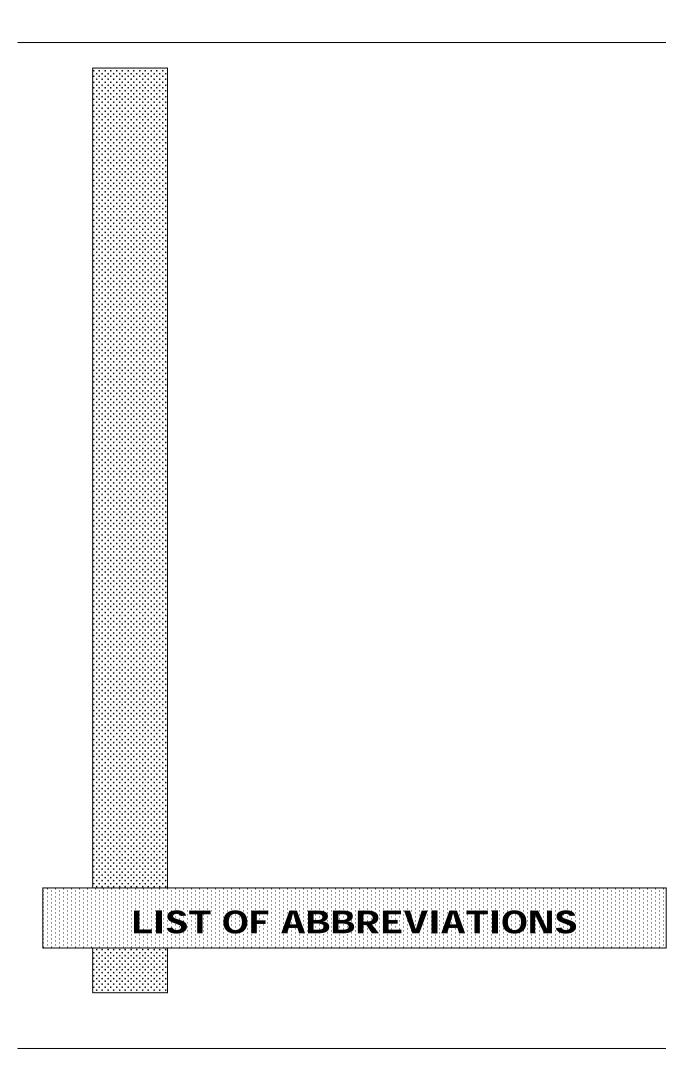
SI. No.	Annexure	Annexure No.
I	Copy of Allotment order/Vesting order	
II	Certificate of Qualified person (QP)/Accredited Mining Plan preparing agency (MPPA) if the project area is confined within the vested / allotted block boundary	Annexure-II
III	Approval of the Company Board	Annexure-III
IV	Copy of earlier approval of Mining Plan	Annexure-IV
V	Plan/chart showing schedule of Implementation of Mine Closure activities progressive and final closure with duration of important activities	Annexure-V
VI	Non-refundable Application Fee	
VII	Expert-Review Report carried out by an MPPA	
	Other document if any	
	Land Details provided by Project Proponent	Annexure-VIII a
VIII	o A certificate of commitment from Project Proponent	Annexure-VIII b
VIII	General Safety Precautions	Annexure-VIII c
	Application for installation of m-sand plant	Annexure-VIII d
	Location Plan of m-sand plant	Annexure-VIII e

MINING PLAN & MINE CLOSURE PLAN KHADIA EXPANSION OCP (20 Mtpa)

Index of List of Plans/Drawings Attached / Enclosed As Plates

SI.	Deteile	Diete Ne
No.	Details	Plate No.
I	Location Plan	I
II	Plan certified by Qualified person/ Accredited Mining Plan preparing agency MPPA if the project area is confined within the vested/allotted block boundary/existing mining lease should be supported with a plan with cardinal co-ordinates (Plan in support of Annexure II)	II
III	Printed copy of the KML file superimposed in the recent (not older than one year from the base date dated satellite Image duly certified by accredited Agency should also be attached Note: The soft copy of the KML file shall also be part of the Soft Copy of the Mining Plan	III
IV	Cadastral Plan showing approved block boundary vis-à- vis proposed/existing mining lease and Mine boundary super-imposed over it in distinct color, showing land use and infrastructure etc.	IV
V	Geological plan showing all the boreholes drilled and proposed to be drilled showing allotted block boundary and required lease area	V
VI	Representative Graphic Litholog	VI
VII	Surface Plan showing drainage system, Contour, preferably at 3m interval, location of BH borehole	VII
VIII	Conceptual plan showing infrastructure facilities including colony, boundary of mining area, mine entries, roads including road diversion alignment etc.	VIII
IX	Tentative land use plan showing land type (Govt., Forest and Tenancy land) with its data source	IX

SI.	Details	Plate No.
No.	Details	Tidle ive.
Х	Floor contour plan and seam folio, iso-grade plan	X (a) & X (b) & X (c)
ΧI	Cross-section showing coal/lignite seams	ΧI
XII	Plan showing existing and proposed surface layouts	XII
XIII	Plan showing total coal thickness and overburden thickness and stripping ratio in case of opencast OC Mines)	XIII
XIV	Final stage quarry plan showing haul road alignment in case of opencast OC Mines.	XIV
XX	Post Mining land use plan	XX
XXI		XXI (a), XXI (b), XXI (c), XXI (d), XXI (e)
XXII	Reclamation Plan and Cross-section	XXII (a), XX (b)



MINING PLAN & MINE CLOSURE PLAN KHADIA OCP (20.00 Mtpa)

List of Abbreviations Used

Abbreviation	Detail
MPPA	Mining Plan Preparing Agency
GSI	Geological Survey of India
DGMS	Directorate General of Mines Safety
MoEF&CC	Ministry of Environment, Forest and Climate Change
CMDPA	Coal Mine Development and Production Agreement
OC	Open Cast
UG	Under Ground
SR	Stripping Ratio
OB	Overburden
GR	Gross Geological Reserve
NGR	Net Geological Reserve
MR	Minable Reserve
ER	Extractable Reserve
GCV	Gross Calorific Value
PP	Project Proponent

Justification for Mining Plan and Mine Closure Plan for inclusion of Overburden Processing Plant to generate Manufactured Sand

Khadia OCP is operating since year 1981-82. Latest EC has been obtained from MoEF&CC vide letter No. J-11015/255/2006-IA.II (M), dated 27.07.2022 and revalidated on 07.02.2024 with a production capacity of 15 Mtpa in an area of 1640.00 ha.

As per directives of Ministry of Mines (Sand Mining Framework, 2016) and Ministry of Coal, new initiative for conservation of minerals and to reduce environmental impacts on river ecosystem, production of manufactured sand from the overburden materials at Khadia OCP has been proposed. This sand generated from overburden processing will be an initiative for converting waste to useful resources. For this an overburden processing plant for generation of manufactured sand with capacity of 1000 m³/day is proposed to be installed within present project area of Khadia OCP.

For installation & commissioning of plant for sand segregation from excavated overburden material from project land at Khadia OCP along with regular coal mining operations of 20 Mtpa coal production in same project area of 1697.906 Ha, a proposal has been sent to District Collector of Sonbhadra, UP (Annexed as Annexure-VIII(d)). The location plan of m-sand plant as provided by the Project has been annexed as Annexure-VIII(e).

Accordingly, a Mining Plan and Mine Closure Plan of Khadia Expansion OCP (20 Mtpa) has been prepared with inclusion of overburden processing plant for generation of manufactured sand along with coal mining operations in the leasehold area of 1697.906 Ha to obtain Environmental Clearance from MoEF&CC.

Mass balance of Coal production, OB excavation & generation of Manufactured Sand (Peak excavation per year) year wise during the balance period of mine.

The Mass Balance study of Coal Production, OB Excavation & generation of Manufactured Sand (Peak excavation per year) year wise during the balance period of mine for Khadia Expansion OCP (20 Mtpa), is given below:

Consideration as per the EC / Mining Plan for mass balance/ material balance study:

Coal mined out in a year (Peak during life of the mining activities, 20 Mtpa) = 12.65
 Mm³

- OB & Band removed in a year (Peak during life of the mining activities) = 77.10
 Mm³
- Total Mass in a year (Peak material handling during the life of mine) = 89.75 Mm³

Based on Proposed EC scenario and proposed amendment in EC for generation of manufactured sand from overburden processing plant scenario, the mass balance study has been carried out (considering the balance life of 11 years from FY- 2024-25).

Year wise mass/ material balance

		Coal pro as per p Mining		Waste / By Product		Waste / By Product				
Yea	Year (SG=1. Removal as per Sand from OB as per OB sand from OB as per OB as		DB Manufactured Sand from OB as per proposed Ig Plan Im ³) Generation of Manufactured Sand from OB for Dumping (Mm³) Sand Plant Generation of Manufactured OB for Dumping (Mm³)		Volume of generated (Coal + OB +Band) (Mm³)					
2023-24	Yr-1	15.00	9.49	66.55		66.55	66.55 0.85		76.89	
2024-25	Yr-2	17.00	10.76	72.85	0.13	72.72 0.95		73.67	84.56	
2025-26	Yr-3	18.00	11.39	76.10	0.20	75.90 1.00		76.90	88.49	
2026-27	Yr-4	20.00	12.66	75.30	0.33	74.97 1.15		76.12	89.11	
2027-28	Yr-5	20.00	12.66	65.65	0.33	65.32 1.30		66.62	79.61	
2028-29	Yr-6	20.00	12.66	65.65	0.33	65.32 1.30		66.62	79.61	
2029-30	Yr-7	17.50	11.08	56.65	0.33	56.32	1.10	57.42	68.83	
2030-31	Yr-8	15.00	9.49	43.00	0.33	42.67	1.00	43.67	53.49	
2031-32	Yr-9	13.50	8.54	38.15	0.33	37.82 0.85 38.67		38.67	47.54	
2032-33	Yr-10	12.50	7.91	34.95	0.33	34.62 0.80 35.		35.42	43.66	
2033-34	Yr-11	8.50	5.38	20.65	0.33	20.32 0.55 20.		20.87	26.58	
2034-35	Yr-12	3.00	1.90	6.50	0.33	6.17	0.15	6.32	8.55	
Tota	Total 180.00 113.92 622.00 3.30 618.70 11.00 629.70				746.92					

From the above, it is clear that the total mass balance will remain the same with the proposed amendment so far as total material handling is concerned i.e. Coal + OB + Band Generation of Manufactured sand from overburden.

BRIEF ON OVERBURDEN PROCESSING FOR GENERATION OF MANUFACTURED SAND:

Sand is formed by natural erosion processes over thousands of years. Sand and gravel are mined out worldwide and account for the largest volume of solid materials extracted globally.

These are being extracted at a greater rate than their natural formation rate. Use of sand and gravel in colossal quantities in construction activities increases dependence on these materials. Ensuring their availability is vital for infrastructure development. Excessive removal of sand from river bed has adverse impacts on river, delta, coastal and marine ecosystem and may significantly distort the natural equilibrium of a stream. Major impacts are evident like loss of land through river/ coastal erosion, lowering of water table and decrease in the amount of sediment supply. Sand mining from rivers can also damage private and public properties as well as aquatic habitats. Thus extraction has to be regulated and required environmental safeguards during sand mining are to be ensured.

Use of manufactured sand, artificial sand and alternative technologies in construction materials and processes have to be encouraged for reducing the dependence on naturally occurring sand and gravel.

The excavated overburden material from Khadia OCP is dumped at earmarked sites in external and internal dump. The overburden materials generated from coal mine of this region consists mainly of alluvial soil, hard rocks viz. Sandstone, shale & their intercalations. Sandstone is the main constituent of overburden material. Sandstone is the rock formed by cementing of sands composed largely of quartz and silicate minerals. Preliminary investigation report suggests 70-80% sand (as per IS-383 (2016)) concentration in overburden material of Khadia OCP.

This sand if extracted from overburden materials can be alternative to river sand and be utilized as construction material grade sand and in other geotechnical applications. Use of this manufactured sand will help in reducing environmental impacts on the river ecosystem. This Manufactured sand can be made available in all seasons and cost will also be cheaper than river sand. Sand segregation from overburden material in open cast coal mines of NCL will be an important step in this direction. Segregation of sand from overburden material can be achieved along with regular coal mining operations in accordance with permission to be obtained from Regulatory Authorities.

Accordingly, it is proposed for generation of manufactured sand by processing of overburden material excavated from revenue land, which is abundantly available at Khadia OCP. It will help in conservation of minerals and reduce environmental impact on river ecosystem by minimizing the foot prints and dependency on river sand.

Mitigative measures for pollution control will be taken for both the coal mining operations and Sand segregation plant.

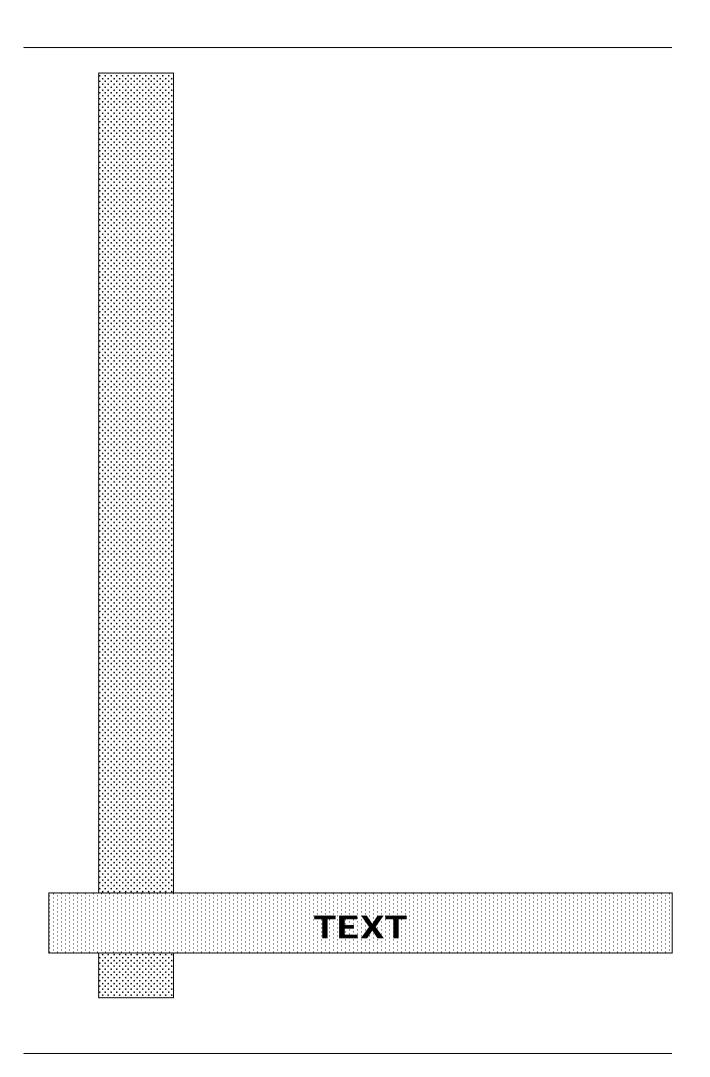
SI.	Source of Air	Control Measures
No.	Pollution	
1	Crushing	Fully covered crusher, chances for leakage will be almost negligible.
2	Vibrating Screen	Will be Covered externally to reduce the air borne dust.
3	Loading	Segregated sand after washing in the hydrocyclone will become wet.
4	Transportation	Wet segregated sand will be transported via tarpaulin covered trucks

SI. No.	Source of Water Pollution	Control Measures		
1	Hydrocyclone	Treated water from ETP situated at Khadia OCP will be		
	(washing of sand)	used in the hydrocyclone to separate clay and silt from		
		the OB. The water with clay and silt will be transferred		
		into the thickener which will separate 90% of the total		
		input water for reuse, whereas the balance 10% water		
		with clay will be discharged through pipeline in clay		
		pond for settling. The Clay pond is left for drying. The		
		water left out after evaporation in clay pond will be		
		reused for various purposes in plant. Thus Zero water		
		discharge will be there.		

MERITS OF THE PROPOSAL:

The sand segregation plant is proposed to be commissioned within same project area of 1697.906 Ha as per Proposed EC along with regular coal mining operations with production capacity of 20 Mtpa. It will have following benefits:

- (i) Degradation of land can be minimized.
- (ii) Generation of indirect employment from operation of overburden processing plant.
- (iii) Reduce the dependency and demand on naturally occurring sand for construction works to a great extent. It will help in conservation of river ecosystem.
- (iv) Availability of sand in all seasons. Uninterrupted supply of sand without any seasonal affect throughout the year.
- (v) Cost of sand will be substantially cheaper than river sand.
- (vi) Conversion of waste (OB material) to useful resource.
- (vii) Revenue generation through selling of sand segregated from overburden (Waste) materials as Business Diversification plan for the company.



CHAPTER - I

PROJECT INFORMATION

1.1 INTRODUCTION

	Parameters	Details
1.1.1	Name of Coal Block / Lignite Block	Khadia and Ruhela Geological Block
1.1.2	Name of the Coalfield / Lignite Field	Moher Sub-Basin of Singrauli Coalfields
1.1.3	Base Date of Mining Plan / Mine Closure Plan	01.04.2023
1.1.4	Linked End Use Plant	Anpara Thermal Power Station (1630MW) of UPRVUNL, Lanco Anpara TPS (1200MW) & Basket Linkage. The sand segregated from the OB will be supplied to Govt. Agencies / Private construction organisations.
1.1.5	Distance of End use plant from the pit head of the project in "km"	Anpara TPS- about 17 Km There is a Private Railway siding to dispatch coal to outside consumer. Manufactured sand will be supplied as per requirement of consumers.
1.1.6	Mode of Coal Transport	By Railway and Road: Based on location of consumer. Coal dispatch of produced coal of 20 Mtpa by Khadia Expn. OCP (20 Mpta) will be handled by existing CHP of capacity 10.00 Mtpa and an upcoming 4 Mtpa CHP with RLS. Balance coal will be handled by existing Krishnashila CHP, wharfwall and proposed western stream of CHP. A part of the above mechanism coal may be

	dispatched	by	road	as	per	the	Govt.
	guidelines.						

1.2 LOCATION, TOPOGRAPHY AND COMMUNICATION

1.2.1	Location of coal deposit	Khadia OCP lies in Moher Sub-Basin of
	(District and State)	Singrauli Coalfields partly in Sonbhadra
		district, Uttar Pradesh and partly in
		Singrauli district, Madhya Pradesh.
		The propose Mining Lease area of Khadia
		OCP is covered under Topo-sheet No.
		63L/12 of the Survey of India on 1:50000
		scale. The State Boundary between
		Madhya Pradesh (Singrauli district) and
		Uttar Pradesh (Sonebhadra district)
		passes through the proposed leasehold
		area.
		Geographic co-ordinates are latitude
		24°06'40.488" North to 24°09'16.616"
		North and longitude 82°39'54.322" East to
		82°44'27.547" East.
		The sand segregation plant will be installed
		within the project boundary in an area of 4
		На.
.2.2	Communication: PWD	The Singrauli and Shaktinagar railway
	Roads, Railway lines, Air	station on Singrauli-Obra and Shaktinagar-
		Karaila rail links of East-Central Railway
		are located at a distance of about 12 Km
		and 2 Km of Khadia OCP. The project is
		connected with all weathered metalled
		road to Shaktinagar and Renukut. The
		project is also approachable from the NCL
		headquarters at Singrauli by a fair-weather
		road. The nearest air-strip is at Myorpur,
		located at a distance of about 80 Km from
		Singrauli. A helipad exists at Shaktinagar

1.2.3 Availability of power supply, water etc.

The Project is receiving power at 33 kV from Bina Switching Station which in turn is being fed from 132/33 kV UPSEB substation located at Basi, Distt Sonebhadra (UP). From Bina Switching Station power is being fed to Khadia OCP, Kakri OCP, Bina OCP.

The permanent water supply arrangement for existing Khadia OCP is linked with off take point of Integrated Water Supply Scheme (IWSS), for Singrauli. Separate central bulk storage reservoir for IWSS water for drinking and industrial water to collect water for further supply to the township and the mine.

Additionally, the sand segregation plant will require 0.70 KVA of power which will be met through the existing power source. Industrial water demand of 0.82 MGD for 'OB to Sand' plant shall be fulfilled by mine water/ETP treated water.

1.2.4 Prominent physiographic features drainage pattern, natural water courses, rain fall data, highest flood level

The Khadia OCP is situated on the eastern fringe of Moher plateau. The plateau top is more or less flat with a gentle slope towards west and south and a steep escarpment in the south. The escarpment in the south roughly corresponds to incrop position of the top most workable coal horizon. The area on the top of plateau is gently undulating except one hill in the north east corner have an altitude of 490m.

The surface RL of the opencast minefield varies in the range of 300m to 490m above mean sea level. The general elevation of the plateau varies from 425m to 450m.

The coalfield is located in the drainage area of Son-Rihand river system. The prominent drainage channels of the area are the north flowing Bijul nala, a tributary of Son River and the south flowing Kachni nala, a tributary of Rihand River. Other water drainages are Ballia nala, Mehrauli nala, Turra nala, Pararwar and Bandha nalla.

The climate of the area is tropical with three typical seasons i.e. winter, summer and rainy. The temperature in summer rises as high as 48° C in May-June and minimum summer temperature is 21° C. In winter (Nov.-Feb.), the minimum temperature is around 4° C.

The rainy season is generally from July to September with average annual rainfall around 1200mm. The maximum rainfall in 24 hours is recorded as 225mm on 20.08.1975 at Jhingurdah Rain gauge Station. The Jhingurdah rain gauge station is situated at a distance of 10 Km from the project.

1.2.5 Important surface features within the project area and major diversion or shifting involved

Additional Land for Khadia Exp. OCP (20 Mtpa) required is forest Land. So timely acquisition of forest land is necessary. No

	major	diversion	or	shifting	of	natural
	infrastı	ucture are	invo	lved.		
	For in	clusion of	sar	d segre	gatic	n plant
	there is	s no diversi	on c	or shifting	invo	olved.

1.3 Details of the Allotment Agreement

1.3.1	Name of the Allottee	Northern Coalfields Limited, A subsidiary of	
		Coal India Limited.	
1.3.2	Details of Allotment / vesting order	Blocks are CIL block.	
1.3.3	Name and address of the applicant	Northern Coalfields Limited	
		Singrauli, (M.P.) India, 486889	
		Telephone : 07805-266670	
1.3.4	Name of the previous allottee of the Block	Not Applicable	
1.3.5	Starting Date of the Mine as per CBDPA	Not Applicable	
1.3.6	Capacity	20.00 Mtpa	
1.3.7	Production Schedule as per opening permission (meeting provision of CBDPA if any)	It is an Expansion project of existing Khadia OCP. Presently MoEF&CC OCP has granted EC of 15 Mtpa for Khadia OCP. As the base date for Mining Plan for Khadia Expn. OCP is 01.04.2023, the proposed coal production for Yr-1 is 15 Mtpa and target of 20 Mtpa coal production will be achieved in Yr-4. Year wise detailed Calendar Plan of mining operation is provided in the Chapter 3 of this Mining Plan.	
1.3.8	End Use of Coal / Lignite as per allotment order if any	The proposed Khadia Expn. OCP will have linkage with Anpara TPS. It will also serve as Basket Linkage mine to meet the overall	

						CIVIFL
				demand of	of coal on NCL. He	nce, produced coal
				will be ma	inly utilized by ther	mal power plant for
				electricity	generation.	
1.3.9	Cardinal	Points	co-	Latitude	and Longitude of	the points under
	ordinates	of the	Block	which the	project is operating	g is enlisted below:
	boundary			Doint	WG	S84
	,			Point	Longitude	Latitude
				0	82° 39' 54.322" E	24° 7' 31.233" N
				1	82° 40' 20.409" E	24° 7' 31.523" N
				2	82° 40' 48.891" E	24° 7' 31.731" N
				3	82° 41' 20.803" E	24° 7' 32.024" N
				4	82° 41' 22.237" E	24° 7' 43.081" N
				5	82° 41' 23.436" E	24° 7' 52.292" N
				6	82° 41' 23.488" E	24° 8' 0.085" N
				7	82° 41' 23.504" E	24° 8' 6.207" N
				8	82° 41' 31.768" E	24° 8' 10.364" N
				9	82° 41' 53.976" E	24° 8' 25.616" N
				10	82° 42' 14.086" E	24° 8' 39.345" N
				11	82° 42' 29.021" E	24° 8' 49.710" N
				12	82° 42' 32.807" E	24° 8' 52.544" N
				13	82° 42' 40.881" E	24° 8' 54.226" N
				14	82° 42' 41.140" E	24° 8' 48.580" N
				15	82° 42' 45.020" E	24° 8' 50.580" N
				16	82° 42' 58.527" E	24° 9' 0.099" N
				17	82° 43' 9.112" E	24° 9' 7.559" N
				18	82° 43' 15.318" E	24° 9' 11.933" N
				19	82° 43' 19.493" E	24° 9' 16.616" N
				20	82° 43' 37.774" E	24° 9' 3.311" N
				21	82° 43' 51.297" E	24° 8' 53.468" N
				22	82° 43' 54.844" E	24° 8' 57.060" N
				23	82° 43' 56.988" E	24° 8' 59.306" N
				24	82° 44' 2.746" E	24° 8' 55.057" N
				25	82° 44' 3.394" E	24° 8' 55.759" N
				26	82° 44' 9.328" E	24° 8' 50.351" N
				27	82° 44' 12.460" E	24° 8' 47.663" N
				28	82° 44' 13.567" E	24° 8' 38.126" N
				29	82° 44' 14.541" E	24° 8' 29.331" N
				30	82° 44' 19.563" E	24° 8' 12.929" N
				31	82° 44' 25.298" E	24° 7' 54.170" N
				32	82° 44' 27.547" E	24° 7' 45.862" N
				33	82° 44' 24.816" E	24° 7' 29.974" N
				34	82° 44' 22.712" E	24° 7' 17.671" N
				35	82° 44' 20.135" E	24° 7' 2.936" N
				36	82° 44' 18.559" E	24° 7' 2.812" N
				37	82° 44' 11.186" E	24° 6' 57.000" N
				38	82° 44' 9.459" E	24° 6' 47.860" N
				39	82° 44' 7.730" E	24° 6' 40.488" N
				40	82° 43' 58.634" E	24° 6' 45.506" N
				41	82° 43′ 54.769″ E	24° 6' 47.640" N
				42	82° 43' 43.501" E	24° 6' 52.128" N
				43	82° 43' 32.567" E	24° 6' 56.354" N

44	82° 43′ 30.336″ E	24° 6' 54.599" N
45	82° 43' 21.539" E	24° 6′ 51.563″ N
46	82° 43' 11.524" E	24° 6' 52.025" N
47	82° 43' 3.763" E	24° 6' 55.015" N
48	82° 42' 58.559" E	24° 6' 55.808" N
49	82° 42' 53.323" E	24° 7' 2.640" N
50	82° 42' 47.217" E	24° 7' 6.385" N
51	82° 42' 42.167" E	24° 7' 5.075" N
52	82° 42' 36.455" E	24° 7' 6.816" N
53	82° 42' 39.056" E	24° 7' 11.031" N
54	82° 42' 43.766" E	24° 7' 9.030" N
55	82° 42' 48.194" E	24° 7' 11.212" N
56	82° 42' 50.118" E	24° 7' 14.184" N
57	82° 42' 42.810" E	24° 7' 15.374" N
58	82° 42' 33.901" E	24° 7' 16.636" N
59	82° 42' 32.754" E	24° 7' 11.759" N
60	82° 42' 28.645" E	24° 7' 12.438" N
61	82° 42' 28.359" E	24° 7' 9.938" N
62	82° 42' 24.974" E	24° 7' 10.144" N
63	82° 42' 6.595" E	24° 7' 12.787" N
64	82° 41' 49.220" E	24° 7' 15.806" N
65	82° 41' 42.544" E	24° 7' 17.995" N
66	82° 41' 36.003" E	24° 7' 23.080" N
67	82° 41' 31.068" E	24° 7' 26.180" N
68	82° 41' 29.189" E	24° 7' 20.111" N
69	82° 41' 26.956" E	24° 7' 14.937" N
70	82° 41' 13.597" E	24° 7' 15.562" N
71	82° 41' 12.263" E	24° 7' 16.764" N
72	82° 41' 1.358" E	24° 7' 15.904" N
73	82° 40' 48.005" E	24° 7' 14.825" N
74	82° 40' 49.884" E	24° 7' 9.745" N
75	82° 40' 44.312" E	24° 7' 7.985" N
76	82° 40' 38.657" E	24° 7' 8.356" N
77	82° 40' 38.446" E	24° 7' 12.332" N
78	82° 40' 35.252" E	24° 7' 11.662" N
79	82° 40' 31.987" E	24° 7' 9.943" N
80	82° 40' 29.820" E	24° 7' 11.962" N
81	82° 40' 25.382" E	24° 7' 13.628" N
82	82° 40' 21.630" E	24° 7' 16.232" N
83	82° 40' 16.975" E	24° 7' 12.967" N
84	82° 40' 12.852" E	24° 7' 13.098" N
85	82° 40' 10.162" E	24° 7' 16.702" N
86	82° 40' 9.886" E	24° 7' 18.992" N
87	82° 40' 6.133" E	24° 7' 17.824" N
88	82° 40' 3.079" E	24° 7' 19.121" N
89	82° 40' 3.198" E	24° 7' 22.413" N
90	82° 40' 0.148" E	24° 7' 25.492" N
91	82° 39' 55.710" E	24° 7' 26.155" N
	32 33 33.710 L	27 / 20.133 14

1.4 DETAILS OF THE PREVIOUS APPROVAL OF MINING PLAN

	Parameters	Details				
1.4.1	Date of Approval	30.05.2022				
1.4.2	Conditions If any	No special condition specified				
1.4.3	Schedule year of start of production	2022-23				
1.4.4	Proposed year of achieving the targeted production (15Mtpa)	2022-23				
1.4.5	Date of actual	The CTO for the production capacity of 15				
	commencement of mining	Mtpa has been obtained on 28.12.2022. So				
	operation, if operation	the actual start date of Mining Plan of				
	already started	Khadia OCP (15 Mtpa) is 28.12.2022.				
1.4.6	Likely date of mining operations, if operations not yet started & reasons for non-commencement of operations	Not Applicable				
1.4.7	Planned production and	Planned Production				
	actual levels achieved in last	(Mt) (Mm3) (m3/t) (Mt) (Mm3) (m3/t)				
	3 years (Coal in Mt, OB in	2020-21 14.00 50.00 3.57 14.00 49.28 3.52 2021-22 14.00 50.50 3.61 14.00 51.68 3.69				
	Mm ³ , SR in m ³ /t)	2022-23 15.00 70.89 4.73 15.00 54.85 3.66				
1.4.8	Statutory obligations vis-à-vis	Existing coal mining operations are being				
	compliance status in a	carried out as per the following:				
	tabular form	1. Latest EC has been obtained from				
		MoEF&CC vide letter No .No. J-				
		11015/255/2006-IA.II(M) dated 27 th				
		July, 2022 with a production capacity of				
		15 Mtpa in an area of 1640 ha .All the				
		work has been carried out as per strict				
		statutory compliance enlisted in the EC				

	Parameters	Details
		Letter and latest sanctioned Mining
		Plan and Mine Closure Plan of Khadia
		OCP.
		2. FC and EC have to be obtained for
		Khadia Expn. OCP (20 Mtpa).
1.4.9	Reasons for difference	No difference in Planned coal production
	between the planned and	and Actual coal Production.
	actual production levels	

1.5 Parameters of Approved Mining Plan Vis-à-vis Proposed Mining

		Approved Mining Plan	Proposed Mining Plan
1.5.1	Block Area in "Ha"		
1.5.1	Total since inception	772.00	1030.00
	Block Area Projectised "Ha"		
1.5.2	Total since inception	772.00	1030.00
	Balance as on 1.04.2023		590.00
1.5.3	Lease area "Ha"	1640.00	1697.906
1.5.4	Project Area "Ha"	1640.00	1697.906
1.5.5	Life of the Project "Yrs"	11	12
4.5.0	Minimum and Maximum	Min: 158 m	Min- 190
1.5.6	Depth of working "m"	Max: 280 m	Max- 280
1.5.7	Geological Block Area yet to	0	0
1.5.7	be projectised "Ha"	U	O O
			1. Coal: 20 Mtpa
1.5.8	Production Target "Mtpa"	Coal: 15 Mtpa	2. Generation of m-Sand from OB Processing Plant – 1000 m ³ /day
		5 Nos. of Coal Seam	
		Khadia T	Khadia T
1.5.9	Seams Available "As per	Purewa Top	Purewa Top
	GR"	Purewa Bottom Turner	Purewa Bottom Turna
		TurraKota	TurraKota
		• Nota	■ NUIA

1.5.10 Seams not considered for Kota & Khadia coal Kota & Khadia coal Mining with reasons Seams are not techno-economically techno-economically feasible to extract due to thin seam due to thin	e not mically extract seam
techno-economically techno-economically feasible to extract feasible to	mically extract seam
feasible to extract feasible to	extract seam
	seam
due to thin seam due to thin	
	istency
and inconsistency in and incons	
nature. in nature.	
1.5.11 Gross Geological Reserve "Mt" (Projectised) 369.55 313.10)
1.5.12 Net Geological reserve "Mt" 335.95 281.80)
1.5.13 Blocked Reserve "Mt" - 92.32	
1.5.14 Minable Reserve "Mt" 296.85 189.48	3
1.5.15 Extractable Reserve "Mt" 296.85 180.00)
1.5.16 % of Extraction /Recovery 88.36% 63.88%	6
Reserve Depleted (till the	
1.5.17 base date 31.03.2022) 152.32 Nil	
Reserve "Mt"	
1.5.18 Balance Extractable Reserve " Mt" 144.54 180.00)
1.5.19 Average Grade G8 G9	
Balance OB in Mm ³	
1.5.20 (including inseam dirt band) 666.40 633.00)
SR (m³/t) (including inseam	
1.5.21 dirt band and Rehandling) 4.61 3.52	
Mining Technology Opencast by 1. Openca	st by
deploying dragline deploying d	•
and shovel-dumper and shovel-dumper	-
combination for OB combination combination	
	raction
extraction shovel- shovel-dump	er as

		Approved Mining Plan	Proposed Mining Plan
		dumper as well as Surface Miner	well as Surface Miner 2. Sand - Crusher, Vibrator, Hydro-cyclone
1.5.23	Coal Beneficiation envisaged	NA	NA
1.5.24	Handling of Rejects	NA	NA
1.5.25	Land use pattern "Ha"		
1	Excavation Area	1003.00	970.00 (In earlier approved Mining Plan, the mining operation was envisaged to excavate upto the common floor of Turra Coal seam between Dudhichua OCP and Khadia OCP. However, in this proposed Mining Plan, excavation of Khadia OCP has been restricted on the floor of Purewa Bottom Seam due to present condition of mining operation of both the mines. Thus, Excavation area is reduced from 1003 ha to 970 ha.)

		Approved Mining	Proposed Mining
		Plan	Plan
2	Top Soil Dump	-	0.00 (Top Soil will be completely utilized in reclamation of OB dump)
3	External Dump	258.00	258.00
4	Safety Zone / Danger Zone		28.00
5	Undisturbed Area	107.00	38.00
6	Infrastructure Area	130.00	191.906
7	Residential Area	110.00	142.00
8	Green Belt	142.00	65.00
9	Other Use		5.00
	Total	1640.00	1697.906
1.5.26	Reasons for revision	The revised Mining Plan (including Mine Closure Plan) has been prepared for obtaining Environmental Clearance for 15.00 Mtpa for supply of coal to thermal power stations and other consumers to meet the increased energy demand in the country as per the new guidelines for granting Environmental Clearance (EC) under para 7(ii)(a) of EIA Notification,	Change in Land schedule and expansion of area (1697.906 ha) as well as enhancement of coal Production capacity (20 Mtpa). Proposal of m-sand segregation Plant (1000 m³/day) within the lease area along with coal mining operations.

CMPDI

Approved Mining	Proposed Mining
Plan	Plan
2006, for expansion	
up to 50%, within	
the existing	
premises / mine	
lease area, without	
additional land	
acquisition – reg.	
Accordingly,	
Modified Mining	
Plan	
(Including Mine	
Closure Plan) has	
been prepared. With	
a production	
capacity of 15.00	
Mtpa in same area	
of 1640 Ha.	

CHAPTER - II

EXPLORATION, GEOLOGY, SEAM SEQUENCE, COAL QUALITY AND RESERVE

RESERVE						
	Parameters	Details				
2.1	Details of the Block					
2.1.1	Particulars of adjacent	Northern: Ruhela Block				
	coal blocks: North, South, East, West	Eastern: Marrak Block				
		Southern: Incrop Limit of Turra seam in				
		Khadia Block				
		Western: Dudhichua Block				
2.1.2	Location of the Block District / State	District-Singrauli, State-Madhya Pradesh				
2.1.3	Area of the Block "Ha"	1030.00				
	Total since inception					
2.1.4	Area of the geological					
	block projectized "in					
	Ha" (Area of the					
	geological block					
	considered for					
	liquidation of coal					
	reserve)					
	Total since inception Balance as on	1030.00				
	Balance as on 01.04.2023	590.00				
2.1.5	Balance area yet to be					
2.1.5	projectized "Ha"	0				
2.1.6	Likely reserve in the	0				
	area yet to be					
	projectized "in Ha"					
L	1					

	Parameters	Details
2.1.7	Cardinal Points Co-	
	ordinates of the non-	
	coal/lignite bearing	
	areal existing mine	
	lease outside the	
	allotted Geological Coal	Not applicable
	Lignite block (Duly	
	certified in line with para	
	1.9 of the Guideline, if	
	fresh mining lease	
	required)	
2.1.8	Certificate of Qualified	
	person/ Accredited	Project Area- 1697.906 Ha,
	Mining Plan preparing	Lease Area- 1697.906 Ha,
	agency (MPPA) if the	Geological Block Area- 590.00 Ha.
	project area is confined	
	within the	Proposed Project is confined within the
	vested/allotted block	existing Leasehold boundary of Khadia OCP
	boundary/ existing	and additional area required for expansion is
	mining lease and where	within the coal bearing area of bounding
	the project area	coordinates of NCL coal blocks.
	extends beyond the	A Certificate regarding this is annexed as
	,	Annexure-II.
	certificate of Qualified	
	person/Accredited	
	Mining Plan preparing	
	agency (MPPA)should	
	be supported with a	
	certificate of State	
	Government mines and	
	Geology department	
	must be attached,	

	Parameters	Details
	which should specify (a)	
	Intent of the state	
	government for grant of	
	lease beyond the	
	vested geological	
	boundary;	
	(b) non-existence of	
	Coal/ Lignite in the area	
	beyond the vested/	
	allotted geological	
	block boundary/	
	existing mining lease to	
	rule out the issue of	
	encroachment and use	
	of coal bearing area	
	(beyond the	
	vested/allotted block	
	boundary/ existing	
	mining lease in the	
	mining plan.	
	The Project area, Lease	
	area and geological	
	block area in "Ha" shall	
	also be envisaged.	
2.1.9	KML file of the	KML file of the Proposed lease area, Project
	Proposed lease area,	Area and Geological block is given as Plate
	Project Area and	No. III.
	geological block.	
2.1.10	Whether the proposed	Yes, Project is confined within the NCL Coal
	project area is confined	Block Boundary and Existing Lease.
	within the allotted block	

	1	CMPDI
	Parameters	Details
	boundary/ existing	
	mining lease, if not, the	
	reason for deviation	
	from allotted block	
	boundary, may be	
	given.	
2.1.11	If the project area	Not Applicable
	extends outside the	
	allotted block	
	boundary/existing	
	mining lease,	
	confirmation about non-	
	occurrence of	
	coal/lignite in the area	
	under reference needs	
	to be furnished	
2.1.12	Type of the Project	Opencast project and it is under operation and
	(Operating / under	associated m-Sand Segregation Plant operation
	Implementation) and	is likely to be started in 2024-25.
	year of Starting.	
2.2	Exploration Geology a	nd Assessment of Reserve
2.2.1	Regional geological set	
2.2.1	up of the area, local	area and at present, mining of coal is
	•	confined in this part of Singrauli Coalfield.
	geology, structure,	Khadia OCP is located in the north eastern
	stratigraphic sequence,	
	characteristics of the	part of Moher sub-basin.
	litho-logical units (coal	The general stratigraphic sequence of
	seams	Singrauli Coalfield is given following
	/partings/overburden).	Table.

	Parameters	Details						
		Age	Group	Formati on	Lithology	Thickness (m)		
		Cretaceous		Intrusive	Dolerite dykes and sills	Not estimated		
		Upper Triassic	Upper Gondw ana	Mahadeva	Coarse grained, ferru-ginous sandstone with bands of shale, clay and conglomerate	Not estimated		
		Lower Triassic		Panchet (?)	White, greenish white and pink micaceous, medium to coarse grained sand-stones with red beds, greenish brown silty shales and conglomerates	Not estimated		
		Upper Permian	Lower Gondw ana	Raniganj	Fine grained sandstones and shales with coal seams.	215-403		
		Middle Permian		Barren Measures	Very coarse grained ferru-ginous sandstones, green clay and shales	125-300		
		Lower Permain		Barakar	Medium to coarse grained sandstones, shales, clays and coal seams	325-600		
		Upper Carbonifero us (?)		Talchir	Tillites, sandstones, silt-stones, needle shales	75-130		
		Precambrian Phyllites, quartzites, schists and g				neisses.		
		The gen	eral sti	rike of th	ne bed is mor	e or less		
		east-wes	t exce	pt in Blo	ock-B OCP in	the west		
		and Bina	Extn.	OCP &	Kakri OCP in	the east		
		where the	e strike	e is near	ly north-south.	The bed		
		has a	corresp	onding	centripetal	dip. The		
		amount	of dip	in gene	eral is about	2° to 3°.		
		However	, highe	er dips c	of about 8° to	13º have		
		been obs	served	in the ea	astern part and	d western		
		part of th	e basi	n.				
	Local geology,	The coa	l block	s of the	proposed pro	oject are		
	Structure, Stratigraphic	Khadia,	Ruhe	la and	Marrak coa	l block.		
2.2.2	sequence,	These c	oal blo	cks are	in Moher sub	basin of		
	Characteristics of the	Singraul	i coal	field. E	ntire block	area is		
	litho-logical units (coal	covered	by	the se	diments of	Barakar		
	seams / partings /	Formation	n witl	h a thi	n cover of s	hae lios		
	1 0		,,,,	i a uii		oui and		

Parameters	Details							
	sequence of rocks within Barakar sequence							
	based on data of boreholes is given below:							
		Stratigraphic sequence of rocks and coal seams (Excluding mined out area)						
	Lithology	Stratigraphic Thickness (m)						
		Min.	Avg.					
	Soil/weather ed mantle	1.50	30.00					
	Sandstone 8 shale 10 180.00							
	Purewa Top	4.85	8.28					
	Sandstone & shale	31.00	49.00					
	Purewa Bottom	7.10	13.39	10.40				
	Sandstone & shale	40.00	55.00					
	Turra	18.20	23.370	20.76				
	fine to coarse sandstone, so Kaolinised felomaterial. Two within the upsequence. The as interband most of the observed with The major formation, contact of the contact of c	The Barakar sequence mainly consists fine to coarse grained, light grey, felspath sandstone, shale, clay and coal seam Kaolinised feldspar is usually the cementic material. Two to three clay beds occurring within the upper horizon of the Barak sequence. The shale bands generally occurs inter banded with coal and constitut most of the dirt bands within the seam Presence of thin shale bands has also be observed within sandstone at places. The major lithofacies of the Barak formation, comprising the coal seam belong to the arenaceous facies of varying the coal seam belong to the arenaceous facies of varying the coal seam belong to the arenaceous facies of varying the coal seam belong to the arenaceous facies of varying the coal seam belong to the arenaceous facies of varying the coal seam belong to the arenaceous facies of varying the coal seam belong to the arenaceous facies of varying the coal seam belong to the arenaceous facies of varying the coal seam the coal seam belong to the arenaceous facies of varying the coal seam the coal sea						

Parameters	Details							
	grain sizes, but predominantly of the coarse							
	grained sandstone. Argillaceous facies is around 5% of the total column of the rocks							
	in a vertical section. The sandstones are felspathic, at times kaolinised and rarely							
	micaceous. The coal, shaly coal and carb shales constitute the coal horizon.							
	SEC	QUENCE C	F COAL S	SEAMS				
	Seam	Area of developmen t	Effective Thickness (Avg.) (m)	Grade Range (GCV, K.Cal/K g)	Borehole Inter- section			
	Top OB		37.55-117.60	9/				
	Purewa Top	Whole area	3.75- 10.35 (7.20)	4331	59			
	Parting		30.34- 43.70					
	Purewa Bottom	Whole area	5.60- 13.39 (10.84)	4460	52			
	Parting		50.78- 64.28					
	Turra	Whole area	14.57-22.56 (18.74)	4776	45			
	Strike and Dip Strike: The strike is NW-SE in the west which swings to ENE-WSW in the eastern part of the area. The strike is E-W in the central part of the area. Dip: The dip generally varies from 2° to 3° (1 in 28 to 1 in 19) towards north.							
	Faults De	scription:						
	The areas	devoid of	any fault.	Howev	er, two			
	sets of pro	ominent ve	rtical joints	(NE-S	W and			
	NW-SE) a	and one se	et less pro	minent	(E-W)			
	joints have	e been obs	erved in th	e area.				

	Parameters			I	Detail	ls					
2.2.3	Geological Block Area "Ha"	760.00									
2.2.4	Status of Exploration of	The ex	e Khad	ia OCP							
	the block	is done by CMPDI and Agency-wise total									
		number of boreholes alongwith meterage									
		drilled in the block (Including mined area and									
		boreholes in adjoining area) are furnished below:									
				PERIC			ILLING				
		AGEN CY	SERIE S OF	OPERA	OPERATION		N BLOCK	TYPE OF			
			BHs.	FROM	то	NO. OF BHs.	METE- RAGE	EXPLN.			
		GSI	SN	SN 1961 1962		2	516.86	REGIO NAL			
			SNK	1976	1976	1	280.25	REGIO NAL			
		IBM	UPB	1963	1964	8	1842.94	REGIO NAL			
			SRK	1963	1964	4	959.02	REGIO NAL			
			CMSK	1976	1978	34	5475.25	DETAIL ED			
		CMPDI	CMRK	1995	1998	15	2452.80	DETAIL ED			
			CMRH	1998	2000	15	3309.00	DETAIL ED			
		Total				79	14836.12				
2.2.5	Area covered by										
	'detailed' exploration	10.30									
	within the block (sq. km)										
2.2.6	Whether entire lease	Yes									
	area has been covered										
	by 'detailed'										
	exploration.										
2.2.7	No. of boreholes drilled				79						
	within the block										
2.2.8	Whether any further				No						
	exploration/ study is										

	Parameters	Detail	s			
	required or suggested					
	and time frame in which					
	it is to be completed					
	-					
2.2.9	Year wise future					
	programme of	NA				
	exploration					
	Overall borehole					
2.2.10		7.76				
	density within the block	1.70				
	(no./ sq. km)					
2.2.11	No of Seams available	5 No. of Coal Seam as pe	er GR			
	as per GR (Geological	1. Khadia				
	Report)	Purewa Top				
	reporty	3. Purewa Bottom co	oal seam			
		4. Turra 5. Kota				
2.2.12	Seams not considered	Kota & Khadia Seam is not techno-economically				
	for Mining with Reasons	feasible to extract due to thin seam and in				
	Tor willing with reasons		o tilli scalli alla lii			
		consistency in nature.				
2.2.13	Dip of the Seam	2º to 3º	N			
2.2.14	Seam wise thickness, de	epth and reserve				
	Geological sequ	uence of Khadia Expn. OC	P (20 Mtpa)			
			Normal			
	Lithology	Thickness (m)	thickness			
			in (m)			
	Soil & sub-soil	0 to 8.15	0 to 1.00			
	Sandstone & shale	Upto 74.65				
	Khadia Seam	0.25-1.25	0.50-0.60			
	Sandstone & shale	20.66-26.67	23 - 26			
	Purewa Top Seam	4.85-10.35	8 - 10			
	Sand stone & shale	30.34-43.70	32 - 40			
	Purewa Bottom Seam	7.10-13.39	9 - 12.5			
	Sandstone & shale	50.78 -64.28	54 - 61			
	Turra Seam	18.20-23.37	19.5 - 21.5			
	Sandstone & shale	50.73-79.69	62-70			
	Kota seam	0.40-2.13	1- 2			

	Parameters	Details
2.2.15	Methodology of reserves estimation	For furnishing account of reserves, Geological and Mineable Reserves in delineated Opencast Pit Boundary have been estimated
		having minimum thickness of 1m with considering geological uncertainty factor. NGR= Seam Area X Effective Thickness X
		unforeseen geological factor. Mineable Reserve (MR): Mineable reserve is NGR within the delineated quarry boundary up to mineable coal seams having minimum thickness of 1m and excluding inseam dirt band of thickness of 1m and above.
		MR= Seam Area X Effective Thickness X tonnage factor x 0.9.

	Parameters	Details
		A factor of 0.9 is adopted to account for
		unforeseen geological factor.
		Extractable Reserve (ER): A part of Mineable
		reserve is lost during process of exploitation of
		coal seam. Therefore, the part of MR that can
		be exploited techno-economically is termed as
		Extractable Reserve.
		Extractable Reserve (ER) = Extraction Factor X MR
		The Operational losses for proposed Khadia
		Expansion OCP has been considered as 5%.
		Accordingly, an extraction factor of 0.95 is
		adopted to account of mining losses.
		MINEX software is being used for reserve
		estimation. Grade-wise, Seam-wise and
		Depth-wise Tonnage of coal is calculated
		using the Detailed Resource Reporting
		method of MINEX software. AUTOCAD is
		used for representation of the plan.
2.2.16	Wt. Average GCV	The grade based on GCV for Turra seam
	"KCal/kg"	varies from G-8 to G-10, Purewa Bottom
		seam from G-8 to G-12 & Purewa Top seam
		from G-9 to G-12 .The overall grade varies
		from G-8 to G-12 and average product mix
		grade of all the three seams is G-9.
2.2.17	Gross Geological	
	Reserve of the block	313.10
	"Mt" as on 1.04.2023	313.10
	(Projectised)	

		Oilii Di
	Parameters	Details
2.2.18	Net Geological reserve	
	"Mt" as on 1.04.2023	
	(Projectised)	281.80
	, ,	
2.2.19	Minable Reserve of the	
	block "Mt"	189.48
2.2.20	Blocked Reserve "Mt"	
		92.32
2.2.21	Corresponding	
	extractable reserve of	480.00
		180.00
	the block "Mt"	
2.2.22	Percentage of	62.000/
	Extraction	63.88%
2.2.23	Reserve already	
	depleted (Base date of	0
	Mining Plan 1.04.2023)	
2.2.24	Balance Reserve (as on	180.00
	Base Date 1.04.2023)	100.00

CHAPTER - III MINING

	Parameters	Details
3.1	Mining Method	
3.1.1	Existing	Khadia OCP is existing working mine which has been
	method of	worked by opencast mining method with deployment of
	mining if the	dragline and shovel-dumper combination.
	mine is under	
	operation	
3.1.2	Proposed	CHOICE OF TECHNOLOGY
	method of	The Khadia OCP has been working in two sections viz.
	mining with	Eastern and Westrern Sections and Khadia Expn. OCP
	justification on	(20 Mtpa) has also been envisaged to be worked in two
	suitability of	sections viz Eastern and Westrern Sections with the
	method of	deployment of 2 Nos. of 20m ³ /88mR Draglines in tandem
	mining	operation in western section 1 No. of 33m ³ /72mR Dragline
		in eastern Section. The OB from the upper benches will be
		removed by 20m ³ shovel and 190 T Dumper. Coal from
		Turra seam will be extracted by 10-12m ³ Diesel Hyd.
		Shovel/back-hoe working in conjunction with 100T Rear
		dumpers and transported through main Central haul road
		on the floor of Turra Seam to receiving pits of existing
		Phase-I and Phase-II CHP. Part of coal from Purewa
		Bottom seam in both the sections will be partly extracted
		by 10-12m ³ Diesel Hyd. Shovel/back-hoe working in
		conjunction with 100T Rear dumpers and transported by
		Rear dumpers along flank road to receiving pits.
		Total coal from Purewa Top seam and part of Coal from
		Purewa Bottom seam in both the sections will be extracted
		by departmental Surface Miner (4000mm) by windrowing
		method and loading & transportation by FE Loader and

Parameters	Details
	Tippers combination by outsourcing. Surface miner coal
	from Purewa Bottom seam and Purewa Top seams from
	East and west sections will be transported by Tippers of
	outsourcing agency along the flank roads to the proposed
	receiving hopper.
	The final stage quarry plan has been shown vide Plate No.
	XIV.
	MINE BOUNDARIES
	Newthern Deursdams. The newthern houndams of Khadia
	Northern Boundary: The northern boundary of Khadia
	Expansion OCP has been fixed considering leaving a
	distance of 7.5m from common proposed mine leasehold
	boundary with adjoining Bina Extn. OCP (10.5 Mtpa) on
	the surface and accordingly Turra seam floor has been
	delineated.
	Southern Boundary: The southern boundary of the
	existing working faces of present Khadia OCP as on
	01.04.2023.
	Eastern Boundary :The eastern boundary has been fixed
	considering leaving a distance of 7.5m from common mine leasehold boundary with adjoining Sanctioned
	leasehold boundary with adjoining Sanctioned Krishnashila OCP(4Mtpa) on the surface and accordingly
	Turra seam floor has been delineated.
	Western Boundary : Khadia OCP (10 Mtpa) shares common floor boundary with Dudhichua OCP (20 Mtpa) on
	the west side along Turra seam floor as per sanctioned PR
	of Khadia OCP (10 Mtpa).
	or Kriadia Oor (10 Milpa).

Parameters					Detai	ls			
	Min	eable	& Ext	ractab	le Res	erve,	OBR	, Band	& Avg.
	Stri	ipping	Ratio:						
	Cor	m wie	o Cool	OPD	Inaca	a dirt	hone	l and CE) within
								d and SF	
			quarry	bouric	aly as	OH U	1.04.2	2023 is 6	HIIISIEU
	belo	JW.	Ī						
	s	EAM	MR (Mt)	ER (Mt)	OB (Mm³)	SR (m³/t)	Band (Mm ³		SR (m³/t)
		irewa top	33.95	32.25	262.00	8.12	3.07	265.07	8.22
		irewa ottom	54.21	51.50	127.00	2.47	1.50	128.50	2.50
	т	urra	101.32	96.25	233.00	2.42	6.43	239.43	2.49
	Т	otal	189.48	180.00	622.00	3.46	11.00	0 633.00	3.52
							ı	l .	
	MIN	IING S	TRATE	GY					
				Min	e Para	meter	S		
	SI. No.	I Particiliare					est tion	East Section	Total
	1	_	Working quarry ce	ı Lengtl alonç		21	00	1400	3500
	Avg. Working Length of quarry along Turra floor					17	00	1200	2900
	3	_	Dip-Ris quarry ce	e Width alono		19	00	1500	
	4	_	Dip-Ris larry o			15	00	1400	
	5	Maxim the surfac	num d Quarry e	•			2	280	
		Quarr	y Surfac	ce Area					
	6	At Sui	rface		Sq.Kr	n		5.30	
		At Flo	or		Sq.Kr	n		3.75	

Parameters	Details
	A. GENERAL SCHEME OF OPERATIONS
	The slope angle of the working benches is adopted as
	80° for coal and 70° for OB, while slope angle of bench
	for OB dump is adopted as 37° (natural angle of repose
	of OB material).
	OB Excavation
	The height of main OB bench over Turra seam proposed
	to be sidecast by Dragline in the previous decoaled cut,
	would vary from 26m to 35m as per production schedule
	provided in Calendar Plan of 20 Mtpa. The Dragline cut
	width adopted is 70m in west section and 60m east
	section with two-way traffic along the bench. The width
	of the cut of the OB shovel benches has been adopted
	as 20m. The height of the OB shovel benches varies
	from 15-18m. With two-way traffic along the bench, the
	width of the OB working benches varies from 55-61m
	(20m cut width, 10m throw, 21m haul road, 6m for power
	supply arrangement on alternate benches and 4m safety
	berm), whereas the width of non-working OB benches
	has been adopted as 35m.
	Coal Winning
	Coal from Turra coal seam will be extracted by 10m ³ -
	12m ³ Diesel Hyd. Shovel/backhoe and 100T dumper
	combination. The width of cut for coal benches has been
	adopted as 8-12m. The width of working bench in coal
	seam has been considered as 35-40m while width of
	non-working benches has been kept at 25m. The slope
	of each coal bench is proposed as 80°.
	Coal from Purewa seam will be extracted by deployment
	of departmental Shovel dumper as well as Surface Miner

Parameters	Details
	(900-1000 HP, 50T Class) and loading & transportation
	of surface miner coal by outsourcing.
	Mine Opening & Sequence of Operation
	Drilling and Blasting
	The elements of drilling for OB would be decided during
	the actual course of mining operations. However, based
	on the available data from the existing practices, the
	burden and spacing would be 10mx10.5m for the shovel
	OB benches with a height of 10m - 18m.
	For dragline benches, the burden and spacing would be
	11m x 11.10m.
	The elements of drilling in coal would be modified and
	firmed up during the actual course of mining. However,
	based on available data from the mine, a drilling pattern
	of 6.67mx6.67m for all the coal seams has been
	envisaged in the PR.
	B. Waste Disposal Techniques
	Main OB bench overlying Turra seam is to be excavated
	by dragline system and proposed to be sidecast in the
	decoaled area of previous cut. The OB from upper
	benches will be handled by Shovel-dumper system and
	is proposed to be stacked over the dragline sidecast
	spoil within the pit.
	The volume of OB to be handled as per proposed Mining
	Plan as on 01.04.2023 is 633.00 Mm ³ including in-seam
	dirt band, out of which 124.68 Mm ³ OB will be directly
	sidecast by draglines including throw blast of 10.92 Mm ³
	in the de-coaled cut and balance 508.32 Mm ³ is
	a.s do codica out and balance cooler with lo

	Parameters	Details
		proposed to be removed and dumped by shovel-dumper
		system in the internal dumps in both the sections.
		The mine is being worked since 1981-82 and 644.00 Mm3 of OB has already been dumped in external/internal dumps since inception till 31.03.2023. The final stage dump plan (Plate No. XXI(e)) shows that apart from existing dump volume of 644.00 Mm3, further 633.00 Mm3 will be accommodated in the internal dumps in both the sections. Shovel-dumper spoil dumps will be formed in benches of 30m in height. For the formation of dumps and levelling of dumps, dozers have been provided.
3.1.3	Coal production capacity proposed "Mtpa	20.00
3.1.4	Justification for optimization of Coal production capacity	The effective strike length for quarry is approximately 3.50 km at surface and 2.90 Km at the floor of Turra coal seam as per suitable dragline cut orientation. The depth of working mine varies from 190-280m. Considering the above facts and safety aspects, the capacity has been optimised to 20.00 Mtpa.
3.1.5	Calendar year from which the production will start	Yr-1 (2023-24)

	Parame	ters				Detai	ls		CIVIPD
3.1.6	Year achieving production		Yr-4 (2026-27)						
3.1.7	Tentative Coal Production Plan "MT"								
	Ye	ar	Coal	Production (Mt)	Schedule			OBR (Mm³)	
	Calendar Year	Year of Operation	UG	OC	TOTAL	OB (Mm³)	Band (Mm³)	(including inseam dirt band + Rehandling)	SR (m³/t)
	Up to Ba	se Year		167.33	167.33	633.74	10.25	643.99	3.85
	23-24	Yr-1		15.00	15.00	66.55	0.85	67.40	4.49
	24-25	Yr-2		17.00	17.00	72.85	0.95	73.80	4.34
	25-26	Yr-3		18.00	18.00	76.10	1.00	77.10	4.28
	26-27	Yr-4		20.00	20.00	75.30	1.15	76.45	3.82
	27-28	Yr-5		20.00	20.00	65.65	1.30	66.95	3.35
	28-29	Yr-6	-	20.00	20.00	65.65	1.30	66.95	3.35
	29-30	Yr-7		17.50	17.50	56.65	1.10	57.75	3.30
	30-31	Yr-8		15.00	15.00	43.00	1.00	44.00	2.93
	31-32	Yr-9		13.50	13.50	38.15	0.85	39.00	2.89
	32-33	Yr-10		12.50	12.50	34.95	0.80	35.75	2.86
	33-34	Yr-11		8.50	8.50	20.65	0.55	21.20	2.49
	34-35	Yr-12		3.00	3.00	6.50	0.15	6.65	2.22
	То	tai		180.00	180.00	622.00	11.00	633.00	3.52
3.1.8	Capacity								
	"Mtpa"								
	- E	Ву ОС				20.0)		
		By UG				-			
		verall	20.00						
3.1.9	Life of the	•							
	mine"Yea	rs"							
	- E	Ву ОС				12 yea	ars		
	- E	By UG				-			
	- C	verall				12 yea	ars		

	Parameters	Details
3.1.10	Whether the	No
	proposed	
	external OB	
	dump site is	
	coal bearing: If	
	so, whether	
	coal/ lignite	
	below waste	
	disposal area	
	is extractable.	
3.1.11	Whether	
	negative	Yes
	proving for	165
	coal/ lignite in	
	the proposed	
	site for OB	
	dump/	
	infrastructure	
	has been done.	

	Parameters	Detai	s			
3.1.12	Results of any	Yes				
	investigation	Following Study are proposed:				
	carried out for					
		1) Geo-technical Study for	safety purpose may be			
	scientific	studied at suitable interval				
	mining,	2) Adoptability of newer tech	nology for improvement of			
	conservation of					
	minerals and	Environment, Sustainability and governance in mining				
		operation.				
	protection of					
	environment;					
	future					
	proposala					
	proposals.					
3.1.13	Type of					
	Equipment/	List of HI	EMM			
		(Partial OB Outsourcing 8	& Coal Departmental)			
	HEMM		Existing as Total			
	proposed	HEMM SIZE/	CAP on Provision 31.03.2023 (20 Mtpa)			
		A OBR	31.03.2023 (20 lvitpa)			
		1 Dragline 20m³/				
		2 Dragline 33m³/ 3 Elect. Rope Shovel 20				
		4 Elect. Rope Shovel 10				
		5 Rear Dumper 120				
		6 Rear Dumper 190-2 7 Rear Dumper 100				
		8 Rear Dumper 85	T 1			
		9 RBH Drill 311 10 RBH Drill 250				
		11 Dozer 850	HP 6 5			
		12 Dozer with Ripper 850 13 Dozer 410				
		B Coal Winning				
		1 Elect. Rope Shovel 10 2 Diesel Hyd Shovel 10-1:				
		2 Diesel Hyd Shovel 10-13 3 Elect. Hyd Shovel 9.5				
		4 Surface Miner 4000 (50 T (mm ,			
		5 Rear Dumper 100 6 Drill 160				
		6 Drill 160 7 Dozer 410				
		<u>'</u>	<u> </u>			

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Parameters	Details				
	С	Common			
	1	Grader	550 HP		1
	2	Grader	280 HP	4	2
	3	Crane	120 T	1	1
	4	Crane	60-90 T	1	1
	5	Crane	40-50 T	1	1
	6	Crane	18-20 T	1	2
	7	Crane	9-11 T	3	3
	8	Hyd. Shovel/ Back Hoe	3.2/3.8 m ³	2	2
	9	FE Loader	10-12 m ³	1	1
	10	FE Loader	5.74/6.4 m ³	1	1
	11	Wagon Drill	100 mm		1
	12	Dozer	410 HP		2
	13	Wheel Dozer	280/320 HP		
	14	Wheel Dozer	460 HP	1	2
	15	Hyd. Shovel/ Back Hoe	1.2 m ³		1
	D	Reclamation			
	1	Hyd. Shovel/ Back Hoe	3.2/3.8 m ³	1	1
	2	Dozer	410 HP	2	2
	3	Grader	280 HP	1	1
	4	Tipping Trucks	8 m3	1	2
	5	Water Sprinklers	70 KL	4	5
	6	Road Sweeping Machine			2
	7	Mist Spray Gun			2

CHAPTER - IV

SAFETY MANAGEMENT

Import aspect Risks	•	Stability of Benches, Quarry Highwalls and Spoil Dumps During actual mining operation, systematic
aspect	ts: Major and	Spoil Dumps
disturb stability remed suggest It include overally quarry dump, strata and heating monitor manage.	adjacent ag, geo-mining bances, slope ay and dial measures sted. should also e proposed I slope of the and OB dump height, control, fire spontaneous g, gas oring, disaster gement, r from in rush	observations of the condition of benches, high wall slopes and spoil dumps should be carried out and the dimensions to be modified if necessary to suit the local conditions and scientific study of slope stability along with hydro-geological study of the area needs to be under taken. i) The slope angle of the working benches is adopted as 80° for coal and 70° for OB. Shovel-Dumper spoil dumps will be formed in benches of 30m in height and slope of individual dump bench will be 37°. ii) The total excavated 633.00 Mm³ of waste material has been proposed to accommodate in internal dumps upto max. 540m RL. The stacked alluvium soil will be spread over reclaimed dump. The spoil dump height should not exceed 90m from average original surface level with an overall slope of around 28°. iii) The slope of spoil bank shall be determined by natural angle of repose of the material being deposited, in any case, shall not increase 37° from horizontal. Any spoil bank exceeding 30 metre in height shall be benched so that no bench

Parameters	Details
	exceeds 30 metre in height and the overall slope
	shall not exceed 1 vertical to 1.5 horizontal. The
	width of berm between two adjacent OB benches
	will be 35m. Overall slope angle of dump will be
	around 28°.
	iv) No working or construction should be allowed
	within the 100m toe of the OB dump.
	v) Before dumping the OB on the floor of seam, at
	least 10m length all along the strike length should
	be made horizontal at every 50 meter by floor
	dinting/blasting.
	vi) Dump should be created in such a way that there
	is no chance of accumulation of water in and
	around the base of dump. It must be ensured that
	there is no stagnant water at the toe of dump and
	the top of the dump.
	vii) The toe and face of the dump should not be
	eroded or cut at any point of time to avoid slope
	failure. A suitable toe wall should be created
	along the dump periphery.
	viii)Formation of dumping should be done in square
	or circular or any regular shape as far as
	possible.
	ix) Proper drainage system should be provided to
	bring down rain water.
	 x) Sump and pumping capacity should be sufficient to accommodate peak surface run-off and seepage of water.

i	Parameters	Details
4.1.2	A commitment from the Company Board that entire mining operation will be carried out as per the Statutory provision given under Mines Act 1952, Coal Mine Regulation 2017	 xi) Gabion wall and garland drain should be constructed and maintained to trap the surface run-off and sludge coming from dump. xii) Plantation and grassing should be done on top and slope of the dump respectively. xiii) Regular monitoring is required to monitor development of tension crack, gullies, movement of soil mass, stagnation of water and any other unusual occurrence. Rate of movement of dump should be monitored by continuous monitoring system. Special attention should be given at curve area/turning area of the dump. General safety precautions are annexed as Annexure-VIII (c). Safety of men and machine deployed in the mining area should be properly taken care of irrespective of whether the mining activities are performed by departmental or by outsourcing means. All the statutory provisions laid down in The Mines Act 1952, Coal Mine Regulation 2017 and specific permission from DGMS relating to mining in general and opencast mining in particular have to be adhered to and implemented in order to maintain day to day safety. A commitment from authorized official of the company is annexed as Annexure-VIII (b).

Parameters	Details
	Note: As per Regulation 106 of CMR2017 "Before
	starting a mechanised opencast working, the owner
	and agent of the mine shall ensure that the mine,
	including its method of working, ultimate pit slope,
	dump slope and monitoring of slope stability, has been
	planned, designed and worked as determined by a
	scientific study and a copy of the report of such study
	has been kept available in the office of the mine." In
	the light of the Scientific Study of Slope Stability of Pit
	Slope and Dump slope, the elements of mining system
	will be modified during the actual mining operations
	depending upon the physical and mechanical
	properties of the rock. Strict implementation of safety
	norms of CMR-2017 and DGMS circulars must be
	followed during operation and modify the operation as
	per requirement.

CHAPTER – V INFRASTRUCTURE FACILITIES

	Parameters		Details			
5.1	Mine infrastructure	SI.	Infrastructure to	Infrastructure to		
	required e.g. Equipment	No.	be retain to be	be Dismantle /		
	maintenance planning,		public use	reclaimed		
	Office buildings,	1	Following	Following		
	Workshop, Power Supply		infrastructure	infrastructure		
	arrangement, Water		may be retained	may be		
	supply, etc.		to for use for	dismantled /		
			other purposes:	reclaimed:		
			1) Substation for	1) Khadia OCP		
			power supply	has existing		
			arrangement.	upgraded CHP of		
			2) Railway	10 Mtpa capacity		
			siding along with	and is in		
			RLS for coal	operation.		
			dispatch.	Additional CHP of		
			3) Residential	4 Mtpa with RLS		
			building	is under construction.		
			complex.	Balance coal will		
			4) Water Supply	be handled by		
			Arrangement	existing		
			5) ETP and STP.	Krishnashila		
			6) Statutory	CHP, wharfwall		
			Buildings like	and proposed		
			magazine	western stream of		
			house, pit head	CHP.		
			bath, first aid			
			center, rest			

shelter, fire- fighting room, pit/time office, weigh bridge control room, training center etc. 7) Common facilities like time and security office, fire- fighting station, car / scooter parking stand, canteen cum rest shelter etc. 1) Workshop com- prises dumper and dozer repairing complex as well as E & M workshop. ii) Pumps and pipes which will not be required, will be dismantled. 3) The overburden processing plant for generation of manufactured sand additionally involves installation of machinery over an area of about 4 Ha.

	Parameters	Details
5.2	Power supply &	The Project is receiving power at 33 kV
	illumination	from Bina Switching Station which in turn
		is being fed from 132/33 kV UPSEB
		substation located at Basi, Distt
		Sonebhadra (UP). From Bina Switching
		Station power is being fed to Khadia OCP,
		Kakri OCP, Bina OCP.
		For Khadia Expn. OCP (20 Mtpa), the
		existing OB substation is having installed
		capacity of 30 MVA. It is to be stated that
		all additional loads shall operate at 6.6 kV
		and to meet the demand of additional
		loads coming under expansion of project,
		it is proposed to construct a new OB
		Substation with capacity of 1X10
		MVA,33/6.6 kV transformers near by the
		existing OB Sub-station. Additionally,
		Nitrogen Injection Fire Protection System
		(NIFPS) are to be installed with the
		proposed 10 MVA transformer. The
		existing Coal substation is having
		installed capacity of 20 MVA. The two
		power transformers, are of capacity 10
		MVA transformer is having transformation
		ratio as 33/6.6 kV. It is to be stated that all
		additional loads shall operate at 6.6 kV
		and to meet the demand of additional
		loads coming under expansion project, it
		is proposed to enhance the capacity to 30
		MVA by installing one more 10MVA,

	Parameters	Details
		33/6.6 kV transformer at the existing Coal
		Substation along with 6.6 kV VCB panel
		and Capacitor banks in the 6.6 kV side.
5.3	Drainage & Pumping:	Pumps, Pipes and Fittings:
3.3	Assessment of volume of water for Pumping, Pumping Capacity	The pumping system of Khadia Expn. OCP has been designed to dewater the inflow of water due to precipitation falling within the active pit limit during the monsoon season to enable the mining activity to continue round the year. Pumping system has been designed for the volume of water accumulated in the mine at 8.33 % probability which corresponds to Project life of 12 years. Capacity of sump has been decided to accommodate rain water corresponding to maximum daily rainfall at 8.33% probability. Total make of water at 8.33 % probability is 335000 m³. Above volume of water will be dewatered in 5 days at the rate of 20 hours pumping per day. Total pumping capacity per hour thus worked out: 3350 m³ Sump capacity (Total make of water) : 335000 m³.

	Parameters	Details	
		Drainage of Water on Surface:	
		The coalfield is located in the drainage area of	
		Son-Rihand river system. The prominent	
		drainage channels of the area are the north	
		flowing Bijul nala, a tributary of Son River and	
		the south flowing Kachni nala, a tributary of	
		Rihand River. Other water drainages are	
		Ballia nala, Mehrauli nala, Turra nala,	
		Pararwar and Bandha nalla. Ballia nala is in	
		rise side of the Khadia project which	
		discharges into GBP Sagar.	
5.4	Coal Handling	Khadia OCP has existing upgraded CHP	
	Arrangement: Brief detail	of 10 Mtpa capacity and is in operation.	
	of CHP/ Mode of Dispatch,	Additional CHP of 4 Mtpa with RLS is	
	Coal quality and coal	under construction and another 4 Mtpa.	
	staking and handling	Balance coal will be handled by existing	
	arrangement	Krishnashila CHP, wharfwall and	
		proposed western stream of CHP. A part	
		of the above mechanism coal may be	
		dispatched by road as per the Govt.	
		guidelines.	
		Transportation of Sand : The segregated	
		sand from OB will be despatched to the	
		customers through tarpaulin covered	
		trucks	
	Coal washing and the		
5.5	proposed handling/	Not Applicable	
	disposal of rejects.		
	.,		

CHAPTER - VI LAND REQUIREMENT

Parameters		Details				
6.1 Land Requirement						
Total Land requirement for the mine in "Ha"	Break up of pre-mining land type (indicative) an source of data as per Land schedule					
		Land Require				
	Type of Land	Total requirement (ha)	Acquired as on 31.03.2023 (ha)	Additional and required (ha)		
	Forest Land					
	UP Side	664.000				
	MP Side	240.765				
	Total	904.765				
	Non-Forest La	ınd				
	UP Side	668.000	1640.000	57.906		
	MP Side	125.141	1010100	011000		
	Total	793.141				
6.1.1	Tenancy Land	449.000				
	Govt. Land	344.141				
	Total	793.141				
	Grand Total	1697.906	1640.000	57.906		
	proposal	s been obtained a special control of the control of	ed for 664 had ated 30.07.19 do. 8-85/200 MP State) vio 2007, which occurs to KIM.P. State) submitted	a (UP State) 990, for 180 5-FC dated le FC No. 8- h is being hadia Expn. Stage I FC		
		proposal	proposal has been	OCP and for 53.142 ha (M.P. State) proposal has been submitt FP/MP/MIN/149270/2021 on 15.02.202		

	Param	eters					Details			
	Land Use D	Ouring I	Minir	ng						
6.1.2										
						Land	d Use (Post Clo	osure)		
	Туре	Land use (Proposed)	Land Use (End o Life)	Agricul	Plantation	Water Body	Public/Co mpany Use	Forest Land (Returned)	Undistur bed	Total
	Excavation Area	970.00								
	Backfilled Area		830.00)	830.00					830.00
	Excavated Void / Mine batter		140.00)	140.00					140.00
	Without plantation									
	Top Soil Dump									
	External Dump	258.00	258.00)	258.00					258.00
	Safety Zone / Danger Zone Haul Road	28.00	28.00		24.00				4.00	28.00
	between quarries									
	Road diversion									
	Diversion / below River/Nala/canal									
	Settling pond	3.00	3.00			3.00				3.00
	Road & Infrastructure area	191.906	191.90	6	60.00		131.906			191.906
	Rationalization area									
	Garland drains	2.00	2.00				2.00			2.00
	Embankment									
	Green Belt	65.00	65.00	1	65.00					65.00
	Water Reservoir near pit									
	UG entry									
	Undisturbed / Mining right for UG	38.00	38.00		38.00					38.00
	Resentment / Residential Colony	142.00	142.00)			142.00			142.00
	Pit head power plant									
	Water harvesting									
	Agricultural land									
	Total	1697.906	697.90	6	1415.00	3.00	275.906	904.765	4.00	1697.906
6.1.3	Surface fea		а		of the e tate Gov	•	on area	is Fores	st Land	of MP
6.1.4	No. of village Houses to b		ed				-			
6.1.5	Population affected by project						-			
6.1.6	Proposed Rehabilitati programme			No add	ditional	R&R is	required	for Kha	dia Exp	. OCP.

	Parameters	Details
6.2	Details of Lease	
6.2.1	Status of Lease	Land has been notified under CBA Act-1957 by Govt. of India on behalf of NCL.
6.2.2	Existing Lease Area " Ha"	1640.00
6.2.3	Period for which Mining Lease has been granted / is to be renewed / is to be applied for.	Land Acquisition has been done under CBA Act- 1957
6.2.4	Date of expiry of earlier Mining Lease, if any	Land Acquisition has been done under CBA Act- 1957
6.2.5	Whether the lease boundary / required boundary is same as mentioned in the allotment order	Lease Boundary and Project boundary is same for Khadia Expn. OCP (20 Mtpa)
6.2.6	Lease area (applied/required) as per the Mining Plan under consideration (Ha)	1697.906
6.2.7	Whether the applied lease area falls within the allotted block	- .
6.2.8	Area (Ha) of lease which falls outside the delineated Block / Boundary / Existing Mining Lease	-

	Parameters	Details CMPDI
6.2.9	Detail of Outside	
	Area:	
	Whether forms	
	part of any other	-
	coal block	
	■ Whether it	
	contains any coal /	-
	lignite reserves	
	Purpose for which	
	it is required, e.g.	
	roads/ OB	
	dumps/service	-
	buildings / colony	
	/safety zone /other	
	(specify)	
6.2.10	Whether some part	-
	(s) of the allotted	
	block has not been	
	applied for mining	
	lease	
	- Total area in Ha of	
	such part(s)	-
	- Total reserves in	
	such part(s) (Mt)	-
	- Brief reasoning for	
	leaving such	-
	part(s)	

CHAPTER - VII ENVIRONMENTAL MANAGEMENT

	Parameters	Details
7	ENVIRONMENTAL MANANGEN	MENT
7.1	Commitment from the project	In order to carry out the proposed mining
	proponent that the company will	activity in an environmentally sustainable
	comply Environment and Forest	manner, suitable environmental protection
	Condition stipulated in the	measures shall be taken up at different
	respective clearances	stages of project operation and post
		closure. The Mine closure cost has been
		estimated on base date of January, 2024
		(Provisional). A certificate of commitment
		from Project Proponent that the project will
		comply with the conditions stipulated in the
		Environmental Clearance and Mining Plan
		is annexed as Annexure- VIII (b).

CHAPTER - VIII

PROGRESSIVE & FINAL MINE CLOSURE PLAN

	Pa	ramete	rs				Details		
8.1	Land Degr	adation	and res	storation	on Sche	dule			
8.1.1	Tentative La	ind Degra	adation a	nd Tech	nnical Red	clamation	n (Commu	utative Ar	ea "Ha")
	Year/Stage								Area
	(Life of the mine plus post closure period)	Excav	Dump (Extn + Top Soil)	Infra/ others	Total	Backfill	Dump (Extn + Top Soil)	Others (Backfill)	Total
	Up to Base year (01.04.23)	750.00	258.00	205.00	1213.00	415.00	258.00		673.00
	Yr-1	758.00	258.00	215.00	1231.00	448.00	258.00		706.00
	Yr-3	780.00	258.00	225.00	1263.00	528.00	258.00		786.00
	Yr-5	850.00	258.00	225.00	1333.00	615.00	258.00		873.00
	Yr-10	970.00	258.00	225.00	1453.00	800.00	258.00		1058.00
	Yr-12	970.00	258.00	225.00	1453.00	830.00	258.00		1088.00
				F	Post Closure	9			
	Yr-15	970.00	258.00	225.00	1453.00	830.00	258.00	140.00	1228.00
8.1.2	closure. Tentative B	iologica	l Reclam	nation (Cumulat	ive in "H	la")		
	Year/Stage		Biologicall	y Reclaim	ed Area in Ha	Э.	Forest land	InDistur-bed /	
	(Life of the min plus post closur period)	re Agricui -ture	Plant- ation	Water Body	Public / Company use	Total	(Return) in	To be left for Public / company Use	Total
	Up to Base year (01.04.23)	ar	351.00	3.00		354.00			354.00
	Yr-1		365.00	3.00		368.00			368.00
	Yr-3		395.00	3.00		398.00			398.00
	Yr-5		445.00	3.00		448.00			448.00
	Yr-10		600.00	3.00		603.00			603.00
	Yr-12		680.00	3.00		683.00			683.00
	\		14445.00		Post Closure	4440.00	004 705	070 000	4007.000
	Yr-15		1415.00	3.00		1418.00	904.765	279.906	1697.906
	22400444	Ohamtan O							OCD (20 Mtm c)

	Pa	ramete	ers					Details	S		
8.2	Post Closu	re Wa	ter Qua	lity	A	garland	drain o	f suitabl	e dimens	ion w	ill be
	manageme	nt:			made all around the dump to catch all the						
					runoff of the dump and will be taken to a						
					sedimentation pond for settling of silt. Gabion						
							•		J		
					walls and Retaining wall will be made at the						t the
					toe	of dum	ps to a	rrest any	silt due	to run	off.
					Re	gular m	nonitori	ng of w	ater qua	lity of	f the
					ne	arby wa	iter ho	dies wil	l be dor	ne as	ner
						•				10 ao	РОГ
					noi	rms and	MOEF	&CC cor	naitions.		
8.3	Boot Class		ir Ou-	1;4.,	Λ:-	. auglit	, mani	torina ::	vill be ca	orrio d	- C1:4
0.3	Post Clos		iii Qua	шу		. ,		Ū			
	manageme	nt			thi	roughou	t the	lite of	mine and	d at	post
					clo	osure s	tage t	o asse	ss the	impac	ct of
					pr	proposed activity on the surroundings. Air					
					quality monitoring should be done as per the						
					MoEF&CC norms and prevailing local						
						ctors.			'	J	
					Air		ıtion	control	measu	ıras	like
									belt and		
						•		Ū			
					-				sprinklir	•	
					de	ployed	to m	ninimize	the in	npact	on
					su	rroundin	ıgs.				
8.4	Waste Man	ageme	ent (Figu	res i	n M	lm³) (Te	ntative))			
	Year / Stage		OB Remova	I		External	Dump	Internal	Backfilling	Emban	kment
	(Life of the mine plus post closure	Тор	(Cumulative))		(Cumula Top Soil	ative)	(Cum	ulative)	(Cumu	ılative)
	period)	Soil	ОВ	Tot	al	dump	ОВ	dump	ОВ	Top Soil	ОВ
	Up to Base year (01.04.23)	3.00	641.75	644.	.75		254.30		390.45		
	Yr-1	3.05	709.10	712.	.15		254.30		457.85		
	Yr-3	3.20	859.85	863.	.05		254.30		608.75		
	Yr-5	3.35	1003.10	1006			254.30		752.15		
	Yr-10	3.75	1246.15	1249			254.30		995.60		
	Yr-12	3.75	1274.00	1277		Post Closure	254.30		1023.45		
	Yr-15	3.75	1274.00	1277		55. 5103416	254.30		1073.45		

1	Par	ameters			Deta	ails			
	*Total gener	ated top	soil will be	stacked sepa	arately and	utilized for c	oncurrent		
	biological re	clamatior	of dumps	. About 50 N	/lm³ OB ma	ay be back fil	led in the		
	void from the	e adjacer	nt mine in p	ost closure.					
8.5	Top Soil Ma (Tentative)	nageme	nt – (Includ	_		op Soil mana			
	Year/Stage		1	(All I ligures	Top Soil Used	alive and in i	viiii <i>)</i>		
	(Life of the mine plus post closure period)	Top Soil Removal Plan	Spreading Over Embankment	Spreading Over Backfill area	Spreading Over External OB Dump area	Used in Green Belt area	Total Utilised		
	Up to Base year (01.04.23)	3.00		1.50	1.50		3.00		
	Yr-1	3.05		1.55	1.50		3.05		
	Yr-3	3.20		1.70	1.50		3.20		
	Yr-5	3.35		1.85	1.50		3.35		
	Yr-10	3.75		2.25	1.50		3.75		
	Yr-12	3.75		2.25	1.50		3.75		
), , , , ,		1	Post Closure		T			
	Yr-15	3.75		2.25	1.50		3.75		
8.6	of dumps an Managemen Restoration	nt of Coal	Rejects.	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •					
İ			used for	Some of the infrastructures (Railway Siding ETP & STP and Electrical Sub-station etc					
	Infrastructur	е	used for			`			
		е	used for	ETP & STP	and Elect	`	ition etc.)		
8.8				ETP & STP may be gar Projects.	and Elect	rical Sub-sta	tion etc.)		
8.8	Infrastructur			ETP & STP may be gar Projects. As the mine	and Elect	rical Sub-sta	ension of		
8.8	Infrastructur			ETP & STP may be gar Projects. As the mine the Khadia	and Electrainfully fulls may continuous OCP, the	rical Sub-sta	ension of		
8.8	Infrastructur			ETP & STP may be gar Projects. As the mine the Khadia mining mac	and Electrainfully fulls may continuous OCP, the hinery and	rical Sub-stally utilised finue with extended	ension of regarding re will be		
8.8	Infrastructur			ETP & STP may be gar Projects. As the mine the Khadia mining mac	and Electrainfully fulls may continuous of the hinery and revised n	rical Sub-starly utilised for the second contraction of the second con	ension of regarding re will be		
8.8	Infrastructur	Mining M		ETP & STP may be gar Projects. As the mine the Khadia mining mac taken in the extesion of I	and Electrainfully fulls may continuous on the continuous of the c	rical Sub-starly utilised for the second contraction of the second con	ension of regarding re will be or further		
	Infrastructure Disposal of I	Mining M		ETP & STP may be gar Projects. As the mine the Khadia mining mac taken in the extesion of I Safety meas	and Electrainfully fulls may continuous of the open continuous of th	rical Sub-sta ly utilised f nue with ext e decision infrastructur nining plan for	ension of regarding re will be or further		
	Infrastructure Disposal of I	Mining M		ETP & STP may be gar Projects. As the mine the Khadia mining mac taken in the extesion of I Safety meas and post clo	and Electrainfully fulls are continuous on the continuous of the c	rical Sub-starly utilised for the second sec	ension of regarding re will be or further operation crete wall		
	Infrastructure Disposal of I	Mining M		ETP & STP may be gar Projects. As the mine the Khadia mining mac taken in the extesion of I Safety meas and post close along mine	and Electrainfully fulls are continuous on the continuous of the c	rical Sub-starly utilised for the with extended during plan for the property of the property o	ension of regarding re will be or further operation crete wall bion wall		
	Infrastructure Disposal of I	Mining M		ETP & STP may be gar Projects. As the mine the Khadia mining mac taken in the extesion of I Safety meas and post close along mine along OB	and Electrainfully fulls and continuity fulls and continuity and c	rical Sub-starly utilised for the with extended and infrastructuration of the condition of the wall/ga	ension of regarding re will be or further operation crete wall bion wall and water		

Parameters	Details
	possibility of dumping of fly ash in backfilled
	are as per MOEF&CC guideline.

8.10 Abandonment Cost and Financial Assurance

8.10.1 Abandonment Cost

Proposed Cost break-up for carrying out progressive and final mine closure activities as per the yardstick of CMPDI formulated based on the revised mine closure guidelines is as given below:

Head	Activities	Unit	Quantity	Rate (Rs./Unit)	Amour Lak
Progressi ve	Water quality management	No.	2592	3300	85.
Closure	Air quality management	No.	5760	28000	1612
(Balance as on	Noise Quality Management	No.	2304	11000	253
01.04.20	Waste Management	Mm3	633.00	2400000.00	1519
23)	Barbed wire fencing around dump	m	1935	800	15.
	Barbed wire fencing around the pit	m	1080	800	8.6
	Filling of Void - Rehandling of Crown dump				
	Top Soil Management	Mm3	0.75	50000000.00	375
	Technical and Biological Reclamation of Mined out of land and OB Dump	На	274	550000	150
	Plantation over virgin area including green belt	На	25	550000	137
	Manpower Cost and Supervision	Emp	19800	848	167
	Total wall around the dump	m	677	4200	28.
	Garland drain	m	155	4500	6.9
	Garland drain around the dump	m	1935	4500	87.
	Any other Activity (Grazing Facilities etc.)	LS			
	TOTAL				1947
Disment aling of	Dismentaling of workshop	LS			50.
infrastru	Rehabilitation of the dismentaled facilities				
cure & Disposal/	Dismentaling of pump and pipes/ other facilities.	LS			20.
rehabilit ation of	Dismentaling of stowing bunker, provisioning of pumps for borewell pumping arrangement				
mining Machine	Dismentaling of UG equipment				
ry	Rearranging water pipeline to dump top park/Agriculture land	LS			50.
	Dismentaling of power lines.		No. 2592 3300 No. 5760 28000 No. 2304 11000 Im3 633.00 2400000.00 Im 1935 800 Im 1080 800 Im 274 550000 Ha 274 550000 Imp 19800 848 Im 677 4200 Im 1935 4500 Its Its Its Its		
	Any other Activity				
	TOTAL				19477. 50.00 120.00 137.50 8 167.91 28.43 00 6.98 19477. 50.00 120.00
Safety and	Barbed wire fencing around dump				
Security	Barbed wire fencing around the pit				
	Barbed wire fencing with masonry piller				
	Concrete wall with masonry piller around the pit	m	4500	4200	189
	Securing air shaft and installation of borewall pump				
	Securing of incline				
	Concrete wall fencing around the water body				
	Boundary wall around the water body				
	Stabilisation (viz benching, pitching etc) of side walls of the water body				
	Toe wall around the dump				

	Parameters		Details		
	Garland Drain				
	Garland Drain around the dump				
	Drainage channel from main Ob dump	m	500	4500	22.
	Any other Activity				
	TOTAL				211
Technical and	Filling of Void				
Biologica	Top soil management				
Biologica I Reclamat	OB Rehandling for backfilling	Mm3	50	2400000.00	120
ion of mined	Terracing, blanketing with soil and vegetation of E Dump	External OB			
out of land and	Paripharel road, gates, view point, cemented step	os on bank			
ОВ	Expenditure on development of Agriculture land	На			
Dump	Landscaping and Plantation	LS			200
	Any other Activity				
	TOTAL				1400
Post Closure	Power Cost	LS			150
manage	Post mining water quality management	LS			80
ment and	Post mining air quality management	LS			150
supervisi	Subsidence monitoring for 5 years				
on	Waste management	LS			100
	Manpower Cost and supervision	LS			50.
	Any other Activity				
	TOTAL				530
Others	Enterprenuership development(vocational/skill de training for sustainable income of affected people				100
	Golden Handshake/Retrenchment benefits to 100 OC	employees of			132
	Golden Handshake/Retrenchment benefits to 200 UG	employees of			
	Onetime financial grant to societies/ institutions/ which is dependent upon the project	organisations LS			100
	Provide Jobs in other mines of company				
	Continuation of other services like running of scho	ool etc. LS			100
	Any other Activity (Development of Solar Park, ec Parks, fish farming pond, picnic spot and sport co	' 1 15 1			640
	TOTAL				1073
	G TOTAL				2281

Parameters Details

8.10.2 Financial Assurance: Amount to be deposited in Escrow account as a security against the mine activities to be carried out for the closure of the mine

ESCROW ACCOUNT	NT	
Khadia Expn. OCP (20	Mtpa)	
WPI as on	April,2019	121.10
WPI as on	Jan,2024	151.10 (Provisional)
Escrow Amt. per Ha. For OCP as on	April,2019	9.00 Lakh/Ha
Escrow Amt. per Ha. For OCP as on	Jan,2024	11.2296 Lakh/Ha
Project Area		1697.906 Ha
Current Value of Corpus as on	Jan,2024	19066.74 Lakh
Amt. deposited till date	Mar, 2023	8464.89 Lakh
Balance Corpus for which provision is to be made		10601.85 Lakh
Rate of Compounding of annual Closure Cost		5.00%
Balance Life of Mine		12.00 Year
Annnual Corpus		883.49 Lakh/Year
Amt. to be deposited into Escrow Account after compounding @ of 5%		14062.58 Lakh
Year		Amt. in Rs. Lakh
1		883.49
2		927.66
3		974.05
4		1022.75
5		1073.88
6		1127.58
7		1183.96
8		1243.16
9		1305.31
10		1370.58
11		1439.11
		1511.06
Total		14062.58



		ARIRIE	VIID		
	/ 	HIVIVE	XUR		
<u> </u>	l				

CERTIFICATE

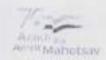
(As per Clause No. 1.8 of Guidelines for preparation, formulation, submission, processing, scrutiny, approval and revision of Mining Plan for Coal and Lignite Blocks issued by MoC, F. No. 34011/28/2019-CPAM dated 29.05.2020)

Regional Director of CMPDI RI6 as a MPPA for preparation, formulation, submission of Mining Plan for Khadia Expn. OCP (20 Mtpa), do hereby certify that the Project of the Mining Plan for Khadia OCP (20 Mtpa) is confined within the leasehold boundary of vested / allotted block boundary.

It is also certify that geological block area in the proposed Mining Plan does not encroach any other block.

होशीय निदेशक सी.एम.पी.डी.आई. क्षे.सं.—6. सिंगरीली

Atal Bihari Regional Director CMPDI, RI 6 नॉर्दर्न कोलफील्ड्स लिमिटेड (मिनिरल कंपनी) (कोल इण्डिया लिमिटेड की अनुषरी कंपनी)





Northern Coalfields Limited

(A Miniratna Cempany) (A subsidiary of Coal India Limited)

Date: 21.03.2023



कार्पोरेट प्लानिंग विमाग/Corporate Planning Department

CIN-U10102MP1985G0I003160

An ISO: 5001, ISO: 14001 & OHSAS: 18001 Certified Company

पोस्ट- सिगंदीली कोलियरी, जिला- सिगंदीली, म.प्र., चिन 486889 Post- Singrauli Colliery, Distl-Singrauli, M.P. PIN-486889

Phone: 07805- 266674, (FAX) 266674 email: gmcp.ncl@coalindia.in website : www.nclcii.in

No: NCL/CP/CMPDIL/23/5155

To The Regional Director CMPDIL, RI-VI Jayant, Singrauli

Sub: Approved Annual Action Programme of CMPDIL for FY 2023-24 for NCL

Dear Sir

The Competent Authority has administratively approved the Annual Action Programme of CMPDIL for FY 2023-24 for NCL (vide e-office No: 1021618) for the capital work as indicated in A1 and revenue work as indicated in A2. A copy of the same is enclosed herewith for kind perusal.

This is submitted for kind information and necessary action.

Encl: As above

Yours faithfully

General Manager (CP)

CC: GM (BD) with request to inform concerned Deptt/Unit at CMPDIL HQ, Ranchi for the job to be done by them.

For kind perusal & follow up the activities:

GMs/In-charges of all Projects/Units of NCL GM [Prod/S&R/Fin (I/C, C&B)/Excv/E&M/Env/Civil/Forest/IED/AFM], NCL HQ

Copy for kind information to:

CMD, NCL CMD, CMPDIL D (T/O), NCL D (F), NCL D (T/P&P), NCL

Annexure-III

1. CA	ANNUAL ACTION PR	9 410 111			-		. reput cor	W 10.7		Acres de Maria	
II. CA	PITAL		and the			-				Amount (in Rs.)	
SI. No.	Description of jobs	Draft	tinal	RDs Required for 2023- 24 (New Jobs)	Approved Eds for FV 2022-23	EDs	Additional EDs required	required for	Value (Rs.)	GST @ 18%	Total (Rs.)
	OL, NI-VI, SINGRAULI										
monom	Mine Planning Department Jobs										
	PR of Kakri North OCP	Oct/23	Jan/24	1500				1500	386,40,000.00	69,55,200.00	455,95,200.0
	EPR of Jayant Expansion OCP (30 Mtps)	Nov/23	March'24	2500	7			2500	644,00,000.00	115,92,000.00	759,92,000.0
1.3	PR of Kakri opencast including highwall Mining	June 23	Aug 23	1500				1500	386,40,000.00	69,55,200.00	455,95,200.0
1.4	PR of Inguri UG Block	Aug'23	Oct*23	1500				1500	386,40,000.00	69,55,200.00	455,95,200.0
15	Conceptual Note on Patpahria Block with Opencast potential	Dec'23	Feb/24	500				500	128,80,000.00	23,18,400.00	151,98,400.0
1.6	Conceptual Note on Dongrital Block with Opencast potential	Dec'23	Feb'24	500				500	128,80,000.00	23,18,400.00	151,98,400.0
1.7	Mining Plan of Nigahi OCP (25 Mtpa) including OB to Sand Plan	As & whe	n required	250				250	64,40,000.00	11,59,200.00	75,99,200.0
1.8	Mining Plan of Shadia OCP (20 Mtpa) including CB to Sand Plan	As & whe	m required	250				250	64,40,000.00	11,59,200.00	75,99,200.0
1.9	Mining Plan of Kakri OCP	As & who	n required	250				250	64,40,000.00	11,59,200.00	75,99,200.0
1.10	Pre Feasibility Report of Bina Expantion OCP (17:50 Mtps)	April'23	April 23	63				60	15,45,600.00	2,78,208.00	18,23,808.0
1.11	Pre Feasibility Report of Block-B OCP (10 Mtsa)	April'23	April'23	60				60	15,45,600.00	2,78,208.00	18,23,808.0
1.12	Pre Feasibility Report of Khadia QCP (20 Mtps)	April'23	May 23	60				60	15,45,600.00	2,78,208.00	18,23,808.0
1.13	Pre Feasibility Report of Nigahi OCF (25 Mtps)	April'23	May 23	60				60	15,45,600.00	2,78,208.00	18,23,808,0
2.0	Environment Department Jobs	No contract of						- 0	11.000.00000000000000000000000000000000		11,000,000
2.1	Form Vi of Jhingurdah OCP (4 Mtpa)	April'23		150				150	38,64,000.00	6,95,520.00	45,59,520,0
2.2	Form III Form-I of Block B OCP(10Mtpa)	June 23		150				150	38,64,000.00	6,95,520.00	45,59,520.0
2.3	Form I of Bina OCP (17.5Mtpa)	May 23		150				150	38,64,000.00	6,95,520.00	45,59,520.0
2.4	Form I of sakri North OCP (2 Mtpa)	Nov'23		150				150	38,64,000.00	6,95,520.00	45,59,520.0
25	Form III/Form I of Khadia OCP (20.0Mtps)	May 23		150				150	38,64,000.00	6,95,520.00	45,59,520.0
2.6	Form III/Form I of Nigahi: OCP (25.0Mtpa)	April '23		150				150	38,64,000.00	6,95,520.00	45,59,520.0
2.7	Addendum EMF of Jhingurdah DCP (4 Mtps)	April'23		150				150	38,64,000.00	6,95,520.00	45,59,520.0
2.8	EMP of Block-B QCP (10:00 Mtps)	Dec'23		550				550	141,68,000.00	25,50,240.00	167,18,240.0
2.9	EMP of Bina Expansion OCP (17.50 Mtpa)	Jan'24	-	550				350	141.68,000.00	25,50,240.00	167,18,240.0
2.10	EMP of Khadis OCP (20:00 Mtps)	Feb'24	Ongoing Job		550	263.75	200	486.25	125,25,860.00	22,54,644.00	147,80,444.0
2.11	EMP of Nigshi OCP (25:00 Mtps)	Jun'24	Ongoing Job		550	661.25	200	308.75	79,53,400.00	14,31,612.00	93,85,012.0
2.12	Cluster EC for NCL mines	Feb'24	March 24	800				800.00	206,08,000.00	37,09,440.00	243,17,440.0
3.0	Exploration Department Jobs										
3.1	CMPDI DRILLING: Cit. Block. (Makri Barka East & Inguri-A combined , Inguri-B, Tipajharia, Jhingurda deep, Dongrital, Patpaharia blocks). Geological Report (1 Nos.)			30000				30000	2617,50,000.00	471,15,000.00	3088,65,000.0
3.2	Geophysical Analysis GPL-10000 m										
3.3	Resistivity Profiling/VES/ Magnetic survey	As & who	en required								
3.4	2D/3D Seismic Survey	100	ine km								
3.5	Coal core analysis for exploration blocks (for the core generated during drilling) Departmental/ Outpourced	0.50	en required								
3.6	Hydrological Studies for EMP for NCI, Mines (Block B, Bina-Kakri Amalgamation, Nigahi & Khadia)	Routine &	as required								
3.7	Hydro-geological Study for Ground water clearance and other compliance studies of NCL Mines		lune 23		500	60		440	113,34,400.00	20,40,192.00	133,74,592.0

नोटिंग शीट

Annexure-IV



विभाग

नार्दर्न कोलफील्ड्स लिमिटेड

संबंधित अधिकारी

संबंधित लिपिक

विषयः नार्दर्न कोलफील्ड्स लिमिटेड के निदेशक मण्डल की 276वीं बैठक जो दिनांक 30 मई, 2022 को वाराणसी में सम्पन्न हुई के मिनटसु के अंश।

नार्दर्न कोलफील्ड्स लिमिटेड के निदेशक मण्डल की 276वीं बैठक जो दिनांक 30 मई, 2022 को वाराणसी में सम्पन्न हुई के मिनटस् के प्रासंगिक अंश नीचे पुनः पेश है:-

Item No.276/C-2 Approval of Mining Plan(including Mine Closure Plan) for Nigahi, Amlohri, Khadia & Krishnashila OCPs.

- The Board noted the information brought out in the Agenda Note.
- Shri V.K. Singh, GM(CP) and Shri Shivraj Singh, CM(CP) apprised the subject proposal before the Board and stated that:-
- a) MoEF&CC has issued new guidelines for granting Environmental Clearance (EC) under para 7(ii)(a) of EIA Notification 2006 for expansion up to 50%, within the existing premises / mine lease area, without additional land acquisition, vide O.M. dated 11th April, 2022. Further vide OM dated 7th May 2022, MoEF&CC has provided special dispensation for consideration of EC for 50% expansion in coal mining projects. As per this O.M., those coal mining projects which have been granted expansion of EC upto 40% of original EC capacity, shall be granted expansion EC to increase their production capacity to 50% of original EC capacity, within the same mine lease area without requiring revised EIA/EMP report for additional capacity and public consultation. This dispensation has been provided as special case for a period of 6 months from date of issue of this O.M.
- b) Nigahi, Amlohri, Khadia & Krishnashila mines of NCL are eligible for grant of EC under the said OM for expansion in production from 40% to 50% of the original EC as detailed below:-

Fig. in Mty

SI. NO.	Mine	Origin al EC	EC granted		EC required (50%)
		(with PH)	(40%)	Total	Incrementa I
1	Nigahi OC	15	21	22.50	1.50
2	Amlohri OC	10	14	15.00	1.00
3	Khadia OC	10	14	15.00	1.00
4	Krishnashila OC	5	7	7.50	0.50
	Total	40	56	60	4

Affiliation at 1 Dept. Soy2

10/6/1722

- c) FDs in its 703rd meeting held on 12.05.2022 had accorded in-principle approval for above Mining Plans for uploading application on Parivesh Portal for grant of EC and recommended ratification of the proposal for approval of Mining Plans by NCL Board in next meeting of the Board.
- iii) The Board was also apprised on the details regarding Mineable Reserves & Stripping Ratio, Calendar Programme of Mining Operation, Land, Coal Handling Plant Arrangement, Railway Siding, additional capital requirement and updated Mine Closure Plan included in Mining Plans.
- iv) Board of Directors, after detailed deliberation, unanimously approved the Mining Plans prepared by CMPDIL, for Nigahi OCP (22.5 Mtpa), Amlohri OCP (15 Mtpa), Khadia OCP (15 Mtpa) and Krishnashila OCP (7.5 Mtpa), as brought out in the Agenda Note.

कंपनी सचिव

एनसीएल/बोर्ड/7सी/276/233 दिनांक 05/07/2022

महाप्रबंधक(सी0पी0),एनसीएल

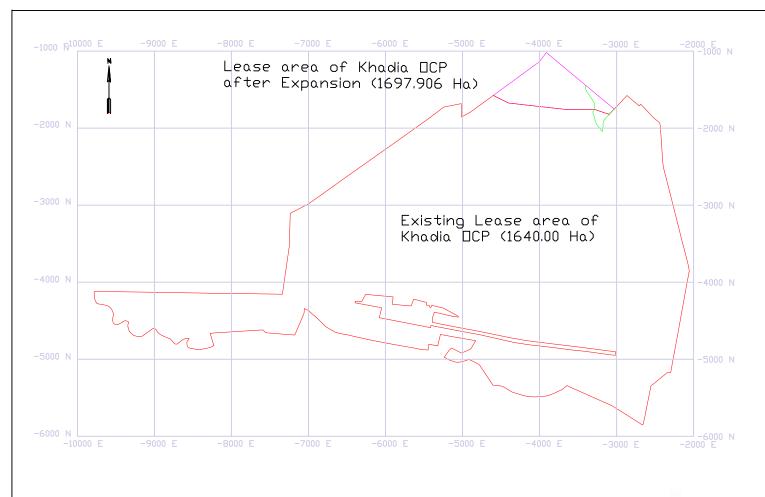
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निदेशक(तक/यो0परि0), एनसीएल।

Annexure-V

Schedule of Implimentation of Mine Closure Activities of Khadia Expn. OCP (20 Mtpa)

TYPE OF			TIME FRA	AME (YEARS)	
ACTIVITY		Yr-1	to	Yr-12	Yr-13 to Yr-15
Head	Activities				
	Water quality management				
	Air quality management				
	Waste Management				
	Barbed wire fencing around dump				
	Barbed wire fencing around the pit				
	Top Soil Management				
Progressive Closure	Technical And Biological Reclamation of Mined out of land and OB Dump				
	Plantation over virgin area including green belt				
	Manpower Cost and Supervision				
	Toe wall around the dump				
	Garland drain				
	Garland drain around the dump		9		
Dismentaling of	Dismentaling of workshop				
infrastrucure & Disposal/	Dismentaling of pump and pipes/ other facilities.				
rehabilitation of mining Machinery	Rearranging water pipeline to dump top park/Agriculture land				
Safety and Security	Concrete wall with masonry piller around the pit				
	Drainage channel from main OB dump		9		
Technical and	OB Rehandling for backfilling				
Biological Reclamation of mined	Expenditure on development of Agriculture land				
out of land and OB	Landscaping and Plantation				
	Power Cost				
Post Closure	Post mining water quality management				
management and	Post mining air quality management				
supervision	Waste management				
	Manpower Cost and supervision				
	Enterprenuership development(vocational/skill development training for sustainable income of affected people)				
Others	One time financial grant to societies/ institutions/ organisations which is dependent upon the project		5		
	Continuation of other services like running of school etc.				



Khadia OCP

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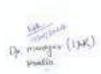














मोंदेन कोलफील्ड्स लिमिटेड खडिया परियोजना (मिनिरत्न कंपनी) कोल इण्डिया लिमिटेड की अनुवनी कंपनी



Office of General Manager

Northern Coalfields Limited Khadia Project

(A Miniratua Company) (A subsidiary of Coal India Limited)



CIN- U10102MP1985G0(003160

An ISO: 9001, ISO: 14001 & OHSAS: 18001 Certified Company

याना- शक्तिनगर, जनपद-सोनभद्र (उ. प्र.), पिन - 231222/ Thana-Shaktinagar, Dist. Sonebhadra (U.P.) Pin- 231222

Phone: 05446- 232274, (FAX) 05446- 232274 Email: cgm.khd@gmail.com, website : www.nclcil.in

Ref: NCL/KHD/GM/M/Env/23-24 / 4/19

Date:- 15/01/2024

CERTIFICATE

This is to certify that Khadia Expansion Opencast Project during its operations will comply with the conditions stipulated in the Mining Plan and Environmental Clearance. Oh 201. 2024

-2 Chilony Dy. Manager (Environment) Area Planning Officer

Khadia Area

Khadia Area

(Mining)

Khadia Area

Project Officer Khadia Project

General Manager Khadia Area

GENERAL SAFETY PRECAUTIONS

All the statutory provisions laid down in The Mines Act 1952, Coal Mine Regulation 2017 and specific permission from DGMS relating to mining in general and opencast mining in particular have to be adhered to and implemented in order to maintain day to day safety.

Safety of men and machine deployed in the mining area should be properly taken care of irrespective of whether the mining activities are performed by departmental or by outsourcing means.

1. Safety aspects for of HEMM / Equipment

Special precaution should be taken while deploying workers in the mine .Before employing any person to the mine proper vocation training should be imparted and recommendations of various Safety Conferences should be strictly followed .Some of the major aspects are as follows:

For person

- i) No persons shall be deployed unless he is trained at VTC and holds VTC Certificates .A record of the same shall be maintained. Records in Form-B and Form-D shall be maintained.
- ii) Records of driving license of operators shall be kept by competent authority and shall be made readily available for inspection by management.
- iii) Adequate supervision shall be maintained by competent persons, including officials and technicians.

For Machineries

Provisions of Regulation 109, 110, 216 & 217 of CMR 2017 and DGMS Cir.(Tech.). 1 of 1999 should be strictly adhered to along with the following:

i) All machinery and plant used in connection with working of a mine shall be of good design, sound construction, and suitable material, adequate strength, free from patent defect and properly maintained.

- ii) The owner, agent and manager shall provide adequate training facilities and ensure proper training of persons employed for operation and maintenance of machinery and plant.
- iii) No person except an engineer or other competent person under his supervision shall undertake any work on machinery and plant in which technical knowledge or experience is required.
- iv) iv (All the machineries to be deployed in mines shall be so designed as to afford the operator clear and uninterrupted vision all around.
- v) v (Every heavy earth moving machineries, including trucks and tippers, used in mine shall be fitted with adequate safety features or devices as specified by DGMS .All equipment shall be provided with audio-visual alarms, proper light for use at night and fitted with suitable type of the fire extinguishers.
- vi) Truck mounted drill machines designed for tube well drilling for sources of water shall not be used and only proper type of blast -hole drill machine, especially designed for mining purpose, shall be used in the mine.
- vii) Every heavy earth moving machinery shall be under the charge of a competent person (Operator or Driver), authorized in writing by the Manager.
- viii) All persons employed or to be employed to operate heavy earth moving machinery shall be trained and their competency shall be evaluated by a Board constituted by the management, who shall be persons who are not connected with imparting of training.
- ix) A proper record of repair and maintenance along with inspection done by competent authority and defect pointed out shall be maintained and signed by authorized person.
- x) Only such fitters or mechanics possessing driver's or operator's license, shall be allowed to carry out test-run of heavy earth moving machineries.
- xi) No person other than the operator or the driver or any person so authorised in writing by the manager shall be allowed to ride on a heavy earth moving machinery.

2. Stability of Benches, Quarry Highwalls and Spoil Dumps

During quarry operations, it is necessary to adopt required mining parameters for the stability of benches, highwalls and spoil dumps. It is also mandatory to examine systematically the fencing of mine workings, landslides and cracks between benches. It is required to maintain well-graded and wide roads on benches keeping the width of working areas sufficient for spreading of blasted rock and movement of the mining and transport equipment.

During actual mining operation, systematic observations of the condition of benches, high wall slopes and spoil dumps should be carried out and the dimensions be modified if necessary to suit the local conditions .To ascertain the optimum slope angles for stability of quarry benches, highwalls and spoil dumps, scientific study of slope stability along with hydro-geological study of the area needs to under taken .

During actual mining operation, systematic observations of the condition of benches, high wall slopes and spoil dumps should be carried out and the dimensions be modified if necessary to suit the local conditions.

Provisions laid down in Reg .106 and 108 of the Coal Mines regulation 2017 shall be strictly adhered to for the safety of quarry and OB /spoil dumps .In addition to this, the following precaution should be considered:

- i) In the event of encountering steep floor gradient, floor blasting should be done and the area properly levelled by dozer before spoil dumping.
- ii) No working or construction should be allowed within the 100m toe of the OB dump.
- iii) Before dumping the OB on the floor of seam, at least 10m length all along the strike length should be made horizontal at every 50 meter by floor dinting/blasting.
- iv) Dump should be created in such a way that there is no chance of accumulation of water in and around the base of dump as it will adversely affect the shear strength of the base material of dump .It must be ensured that there is no stagnant water at the toe of dump and the top of the dump.

- v) The toe and face of the dump should not be eroded or cut at any point of time to avoid slope failure. A suitable toe wall should be created along the dump periphery.
- vi) Formation of dumping should be done in square or circular or any regular shape as far as possible.
- vii) Proper drainage system should be provided to bring down rain water by construction of inclined drain on dump face and catch drain on all benches.
- viii) During active period of dump, all rain water should be diverted away from mining site as far as possible.
- ix) Sump and pumping capacity should be sufficient to accommodate peak surface run-off and seepage of water.
- x) Gabion wall and garland drain should be constructed and maintained to trap the surface run-off and sludge coming from dump.
- xi) Plantation and grassing should be done on top and slope of the dump respectively.
- xii) Regular monitoring is required for development of tension crack, gullies, movement of soil mass, stagnation of water and any other unusual occurrence. In case of dump movement, rate of movement of dump should be monitored. Special attention should be given at curve area/turning area of the dump.

3. Precautions against Danger of Inundation from Surface Water

- Adequate protection against any danger of inrush of surface water into the mine or part shall be provided and maintained to the satisfaction of DGMS, whose decision shall be final.
- ii) The entrance into the mine shall be so designed, constructed and maintained that its lowest point (which means the point at which a body of rising water on surface can enter the mine) shall be not less than 3.0 meters above the highest flood level at that point.
- iii) Every year, during the rains constant watch shall be kept on the flood levels on the surface of the mine and if at any time the levels cross the highest levels

- earlier recorded, such levels shall be marked by permanent posts along the edges of water and the new highest levels thus observed shall be recorded with the date as the highest flood level on the plans by an actual survey.
- iv) If water dams or reservoirs are built across rivers and water courses on the upstream side of the mine, arrangements shall be made for communication between appropriate authorities for the purpose of ascertaining the quantity and timing of water released from the dams which is likely to endanger safety of the mine and arrangement for similar communication shall be made when water level rises on the upstream side which is likely to endanger the mine.
- v) The highest flood levels and danger levels at least 1.2 meters below the highest flood level, shall be permanently marked at appropriate places on the surface and whenever water rises towards the danger level at any place, all persons shall be withdrawn from the mine sufficiently in advance and for this purpose adequate arrangements of quick communication to all parts of the mine by effective systems shall be provided and maintained.
- vi) No working shall be made in the mine at any spot lying within a horizontal distance of 15 meters from either bank of a river or nala.
- vii) A competent person shall, once at least in every fourteen days during the rainy season and once at least in every thirty days during other periods of the year, examine every protective measure provided under regulations 149, whether in use or not, for their stability, and a report of every such examination shall be recorded. The protective measures and workings shall also be inspected, once at least in every quarter by the Manager personally.
- viii)A careful assessment is to be made against the danger from surface water before the onset of rainy season .The necessary precautions should be clearly laid down and implemented. A garland drain needs to be provided to drain away the surface rain water from coming into the mine.
- ix) Standing order for withdrawal of working persons in case of apprehended danger .During heavy rain inspection of vulnerable points is essential .In case of any danger persons are to be withdrawn to safer places.

4. Protection of Equipment deployed at Bottom Horizons from Flooding:

During the heavy monsoon period, the mining operation in the lower-most bench may have to be stopped. Therefore, it is proposed to drown the lower-most bench, which would work as a sump. The water will be pumped out and discharged into the nearby nala /river after proper sedimentation.

For ensuring safety of the equipment while working out bottom horizons with no access to surface profile, the following measures should be taken:

- i) Drivage of initial trenches if any and coal cutting on bottom benches should be done during the dry period of the year.
- ii) Ramps should be made for quick shifting of equipment from bottom horizons, liable to be flooded during monsoon period, to the top horizons.

5. PREVENTION OF ELECTRIC SHOCKS:

During mining operations, all the statutory provisions of the Indian Electricity Rules 1956, and Indian Standards for installation and maintenance of electrical equipment etc. should be observed.

- i) For protection from electric shocks to persons, all electrical equipment with voltage up to 1000V should be provided with Earth Leakage Relay, which will automatically disconnect electrical circuits.
- ii) Closed mobile substations and switchgears should be mechanically interlocked which exclude the possibility of opening the door when oil switch and air circuit breakers are in operation.
- iii) All metal parts of electrical equipment should be properly earthed to avoid failure of insulation.
- iv) All H.T lines and cables located within the blasting zones should be disconnected during charging & blasting operations.

6. Dust Suppression & Dilution of Exhaust Fumes

For precaution against dust, Regulation 143, 144 and 145 of CMR 2017 should be observed. Beside this the following measures should be adopted for dust suppression at all quarry working places, dumps, haul roads, CHP and near other auxiliary mining operations.

- i) Spraying with water on all working faces & haul roads, by special spraying machines or water-sprinkler.
- ii) While drilling holes, it is necessary to use dust extraction devices.
- iii) Installation of local dust suppression and air conditioning devices in cabins of excavators and drilling rigs may be considered.
- iv) Leveling of spoil dump surface.
- v) Separate dust suppression arrangement should be provided for CHP.

To prevent collection of harmful mixtures in the atmosphere, from the different sections of quarry workings, it is recommended:

To spread out the sources of dust formation and omission of harmful gases throughout the working area of the quarry, the following precautions should be taken:

- i) Drilling & blasting operations should be timed for periods of maximum wind activity during the day.
- ii) Dumpers may be provided with purifiers for exhaust gases.

7. Measures to be taken for Fire Fighting and Fire Prevention

In addition to statutory provisions as laid down in Reg 135, 139 and 140 of CMR 2017, the measures for firefighting and prevention of fires are as follows:

- i) Organization of special cell for systematic observations to examine and prevent fire.
- ii) Removal of spillage of coal on benches and cleaning of coal horizons to prevent cases of coal heating.
- iii) Storage of lubricants and cotton waste in enclosed fireproof containers in working places.
- iv) Provision of fire extinguishers.

8. Measures to be taken while Drilling Blasting:

Following measures should be taken during drilling and blasting operation in the quarry beside the statutory requirements:

- Drilling and Blasting in quarry should be done in accordance with the provisions of Mines Act, rules and regulations and based on the Standing Orders for the safe use of explosives.
- ii) Adequate safety measures have to be taken during blasting operation in the quarry so that men/machine are not affected.

9. Conservation

Suitable measures should be taken to minimize coal loss during mining operations. Selective mining of in-seam dirt bands has been proposed. It is proposed not to dump any spoil material over coal bearing area, amenable for mining, at present or even at a future date.

10. Scientific Studies

The slopes of the quarry and dumps have been proposed on the basis of experience in the adjoining areas. However, to ascertain optimum slope angles for stability of quarry batter and dumps a scientific study need be carried out. Similarly, hydro-geological study of the area is to under taken as none is available at present. Studies should also be carried out to ascertain the pattern of surface drainage, the manner of diversion of water courses to other water courses away from the mining area and the dimension of diversion dams, garland drains and other protective structures to be constructed.

नॉर्दर्न कोलफील्ड्स लिमिटेड खड़िया परियोजना (मिनिरव कंपनी) (कोल इण्डिया लिमिटेड की अनुषंगी कंपनी)



Northern Coalfields Limited Khadia Project

(A Miniralita Company) (A subsidiary of Coal India Limited)



Office of General Manager



CIN- U10102MP1985GOI003160

An ISO: 9001, ISO: 14001 & OHSAS: 18001 Certified Company

थाना-स्वितनगर, जिला-सोनमद्र (उ०प्र०) पिन-231222/ Thana-Shaktinagar, Dist. Sonebhadra (U.P.) Pin- 231222

Phone: 05446- 232274, (FAX) 05446- 232274 Email: cgm.khd@gmail.com, website: www.nclcil.in

Ref: NCL/KHD/GM/Min/Env/OB to Sand/22-23/3814

Date: 25/03/23

To, The District Magistrate, Sonebhadra, Uttar Pradesh

Sub: Permission for installation & selling sand from silt deposited during rainwater runoff & processing of overburden materials generated.

Dear Sir,

Northern Coalfields Limited (NCL), a subsidiary of Coal India Limited is taking a new Sustainable Initiative towards producing M -Sand by processing the overburden removed during extraction of coal and utilizing the silt accumulated by runoff water during rains.

Under the Sustainable Development Cell (SDC), Ministry of Coal has a continuous thrust on ensuring alternative usage of overburden materials by all coal companies. As per DO letter vide ref. no SDC/50/2020-SDC dated 28/05/2021 received from Secretary (Coal), NCL has been asked to expedite its efforts regarding utilization of overburden materials.

Also, as per Terms of References issued by Ministry of Environment, Forest & Climate Change for expansion of Khadia Project to 20 MTPA coal production capacity, it has been directed that "PP shall explore the possibilities of utilization of OB material for different purposes (in construction of roads/ manufacture of artificial sand, aggregates/ use for farmers etc.) and accordingly Plan shall be included in EIA/EMP Report." Copy of the terms of reference is enclosed herewith.

The overburden materials generated from the mines consist mainly of Sandstones and Shales. Among these two, sandstones predominate. Sandstone is the rock formed by cementing of sands composed largely of quartz and silicate minerals. As per the analysis reports of samples taken from Amlohri Project, NCL, approximate yield of 65 -75% sand has been reported in the overburden materials through Wet Sieve Analysis method.



Scope at NCL

NCL produced 122 MT of Coal and removed 363 MCum of overburden with a stripping ratio of 3 (approx) in the FY 2021-22. Khadia Project itself has produced 14 Mn T coal and 51.68 Cum of overburden in FY 2022-23. Moreover in FY 2022-23, NCL is expected to produce more than 131 MT of coal with 15 MTY from Khadia Project itself. With-the-increase in coal production, the overburden removal will also increase. Hence, this alternative utilization of overburden into sand will not only pave the way for conservation of natural resources & compliance of directives from MoC & MoEF&CC, but will also help in generating additional space for dump accommodation and may address the issue of shortage of space for dumping.

Utilization

Apart from internal requirement of sand for NCL, this sand production in the form of M - Sand can be utilized through joint venutres with district administration in the form of Pradhan Mantri Awas Yojna (PMAY), Pradhan Mantri Gram Sadak Yojna (PMGSY) and other State Govt. schemes for construction of schools, buildings, roads in the district under NCL's CSR initiative.

In view of the above, permission is being sought for installation of sand plant and selling of M-Sand in the first phase of the initiative.

We solicit a positive response from your good office.

Enclosure: As above

Yours sincerely,

Rajiv Kumar General Manager NCL Khadia Area

Copy for kind information to:

1) Director (Tech./ Optn), NCL Singrauli

2) Director (Tech./Project & Planning), NCL Singrauli

3) District Mining Officer, Sonebhadra

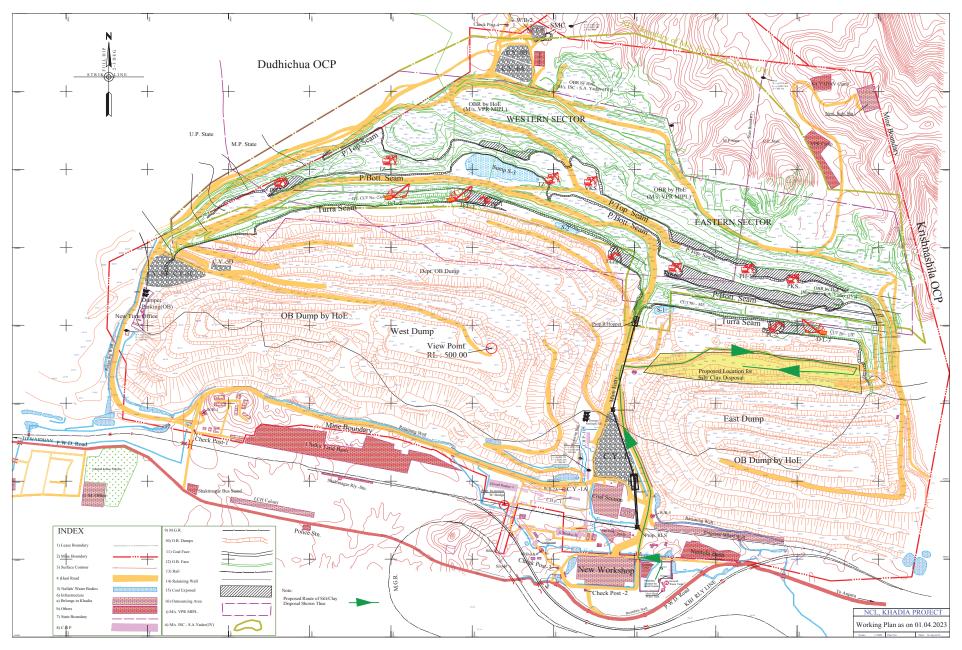
4) General Manager (Production), NCL Singrauli

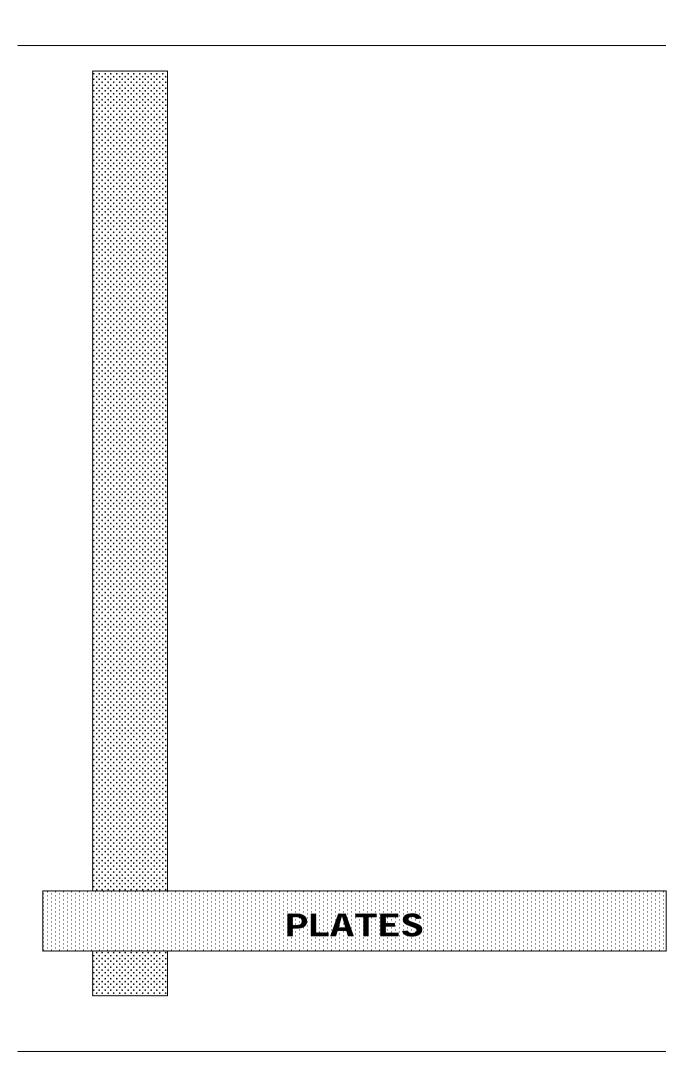
5) General Manager (R&D/NI), NCL Singrauli

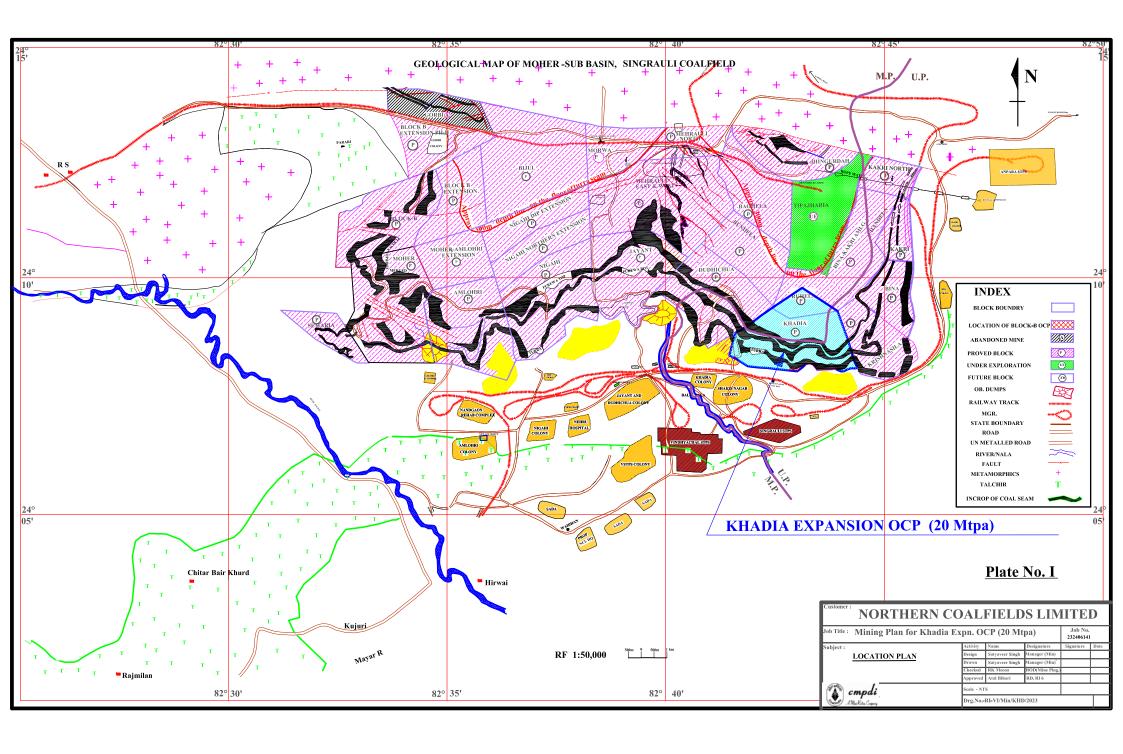
6) General Manager (Environment), NCL Singrauli

Annexure-VIII(e)

Location of the prooposed m-sand processing plant







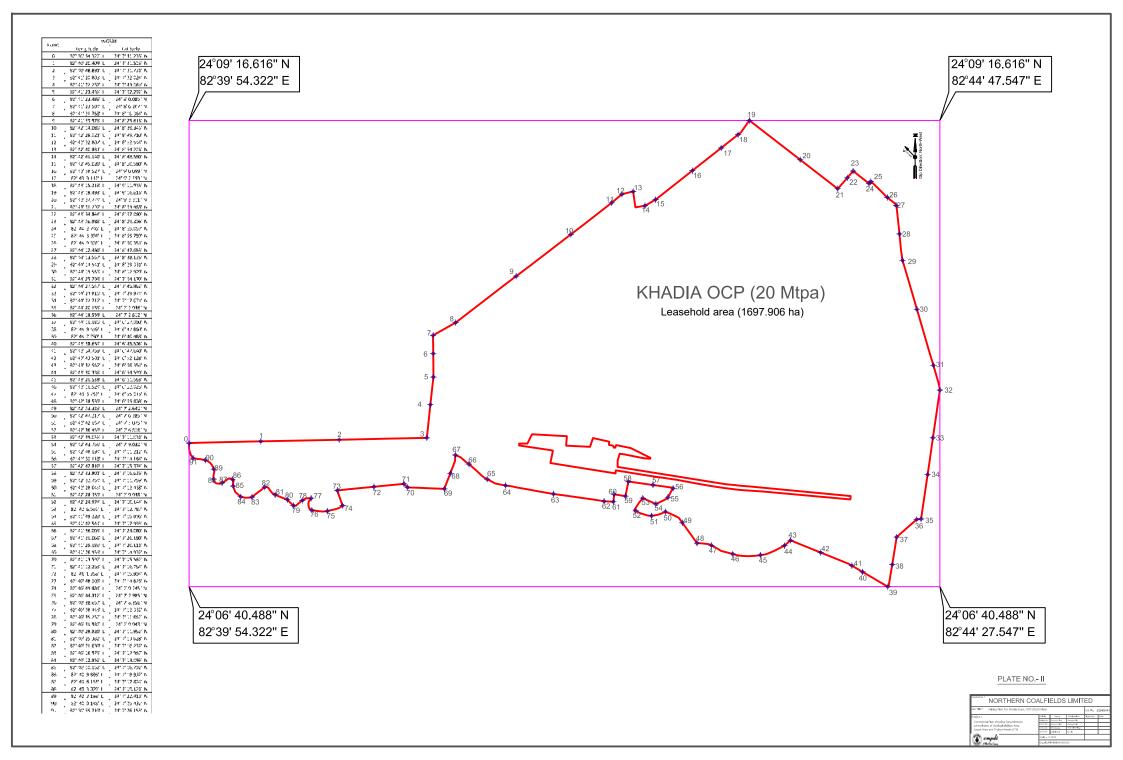
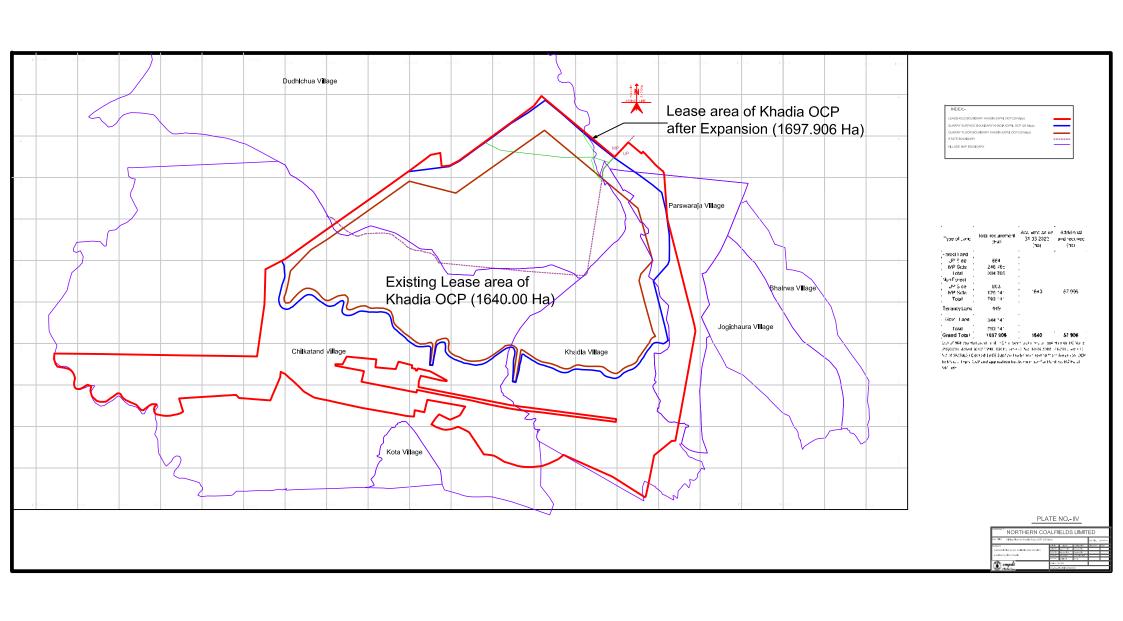
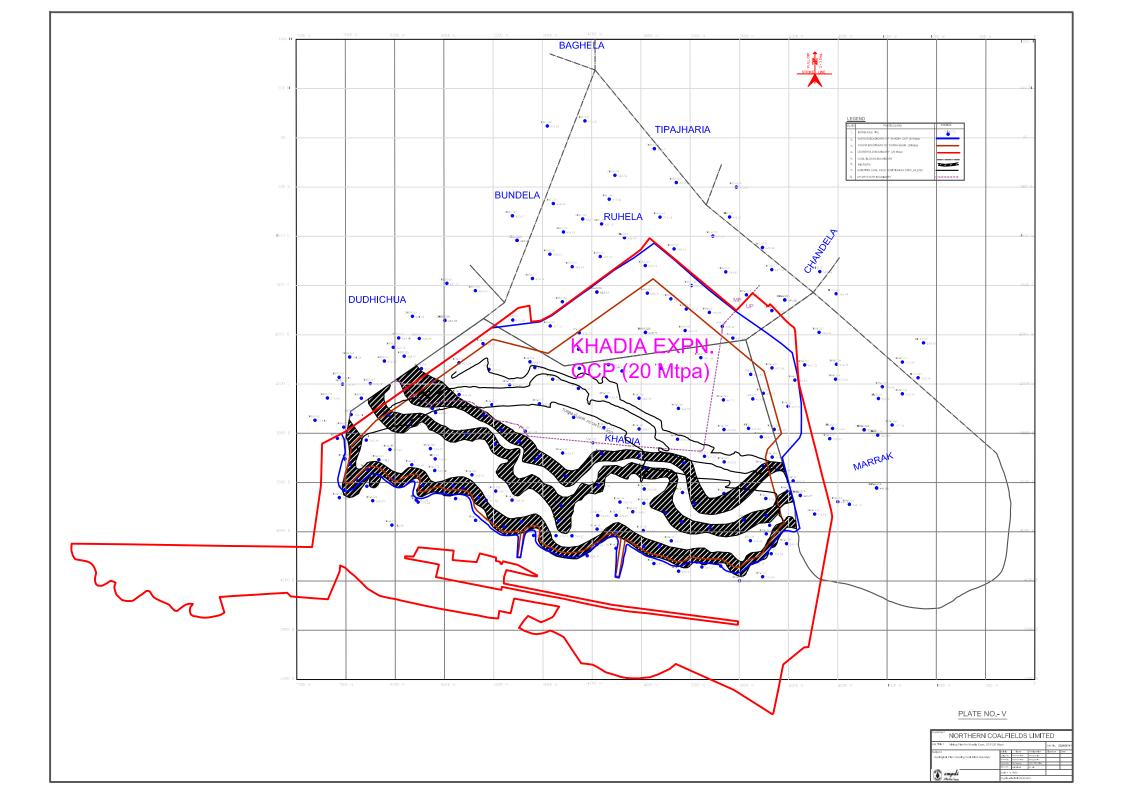


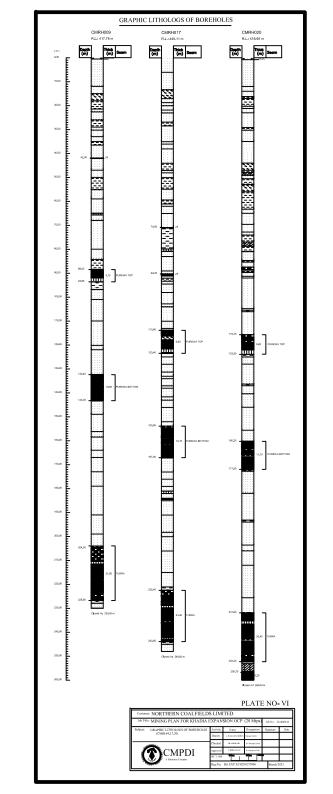


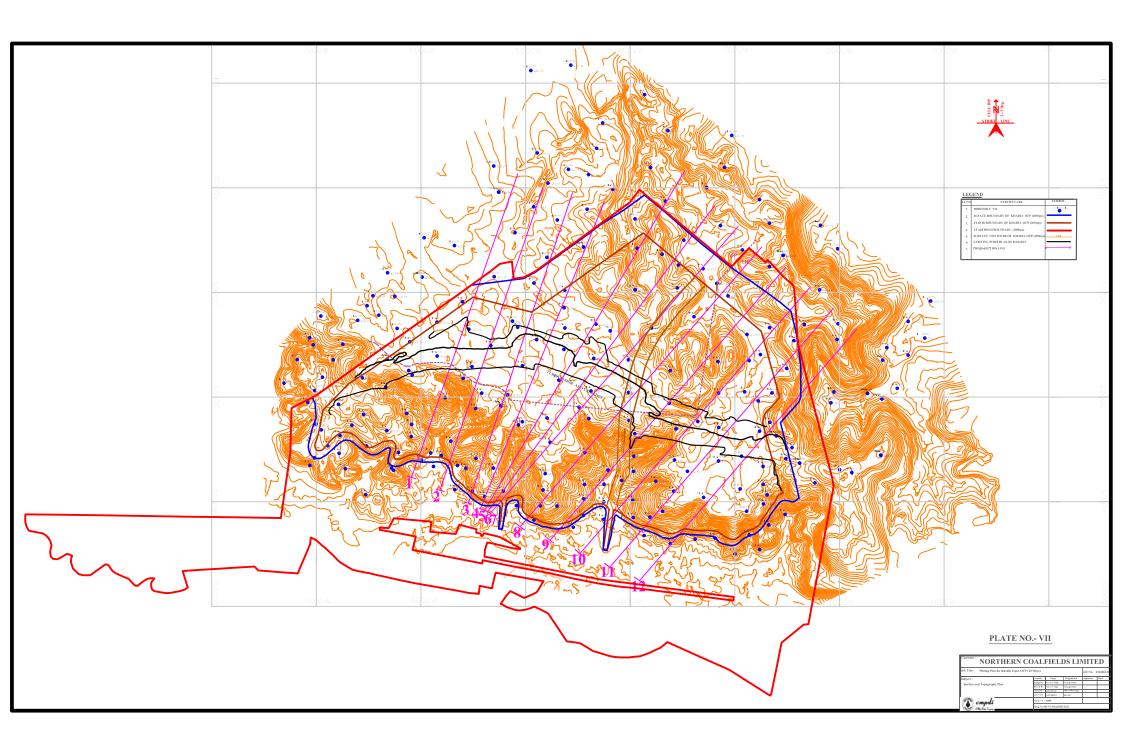
PLATE NO.- III

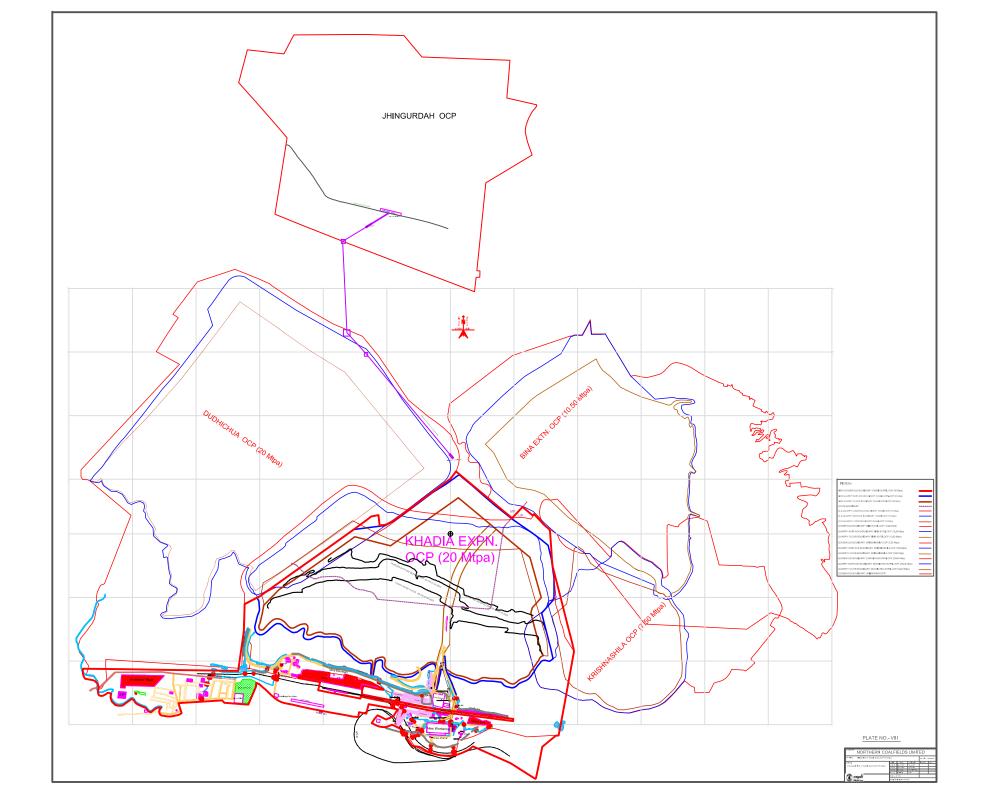
Cmpdi		(vg 1478 Vg Ns-RP4 (MHO) D2023					
@ /	Sprant R	Aslina	10.18	-			
	Checked by	PEC Meena	HOD SHIP HIS				
KML Plan everlald on google map of Khadla Exps, OCP (2014(pa)	Design By Drawn By	Salpaner Bejn Salpaner (Bejn	Manager(A)	-			
Subject	holds.	None	Designation	Signature	Date		
Job Title: Mining Plan for Khadia Expn. GCP (20 F	Vitpa)			Job No.	232406141		
NORTHERN CO.	ALF	ELDS	SLIMIT	ED			

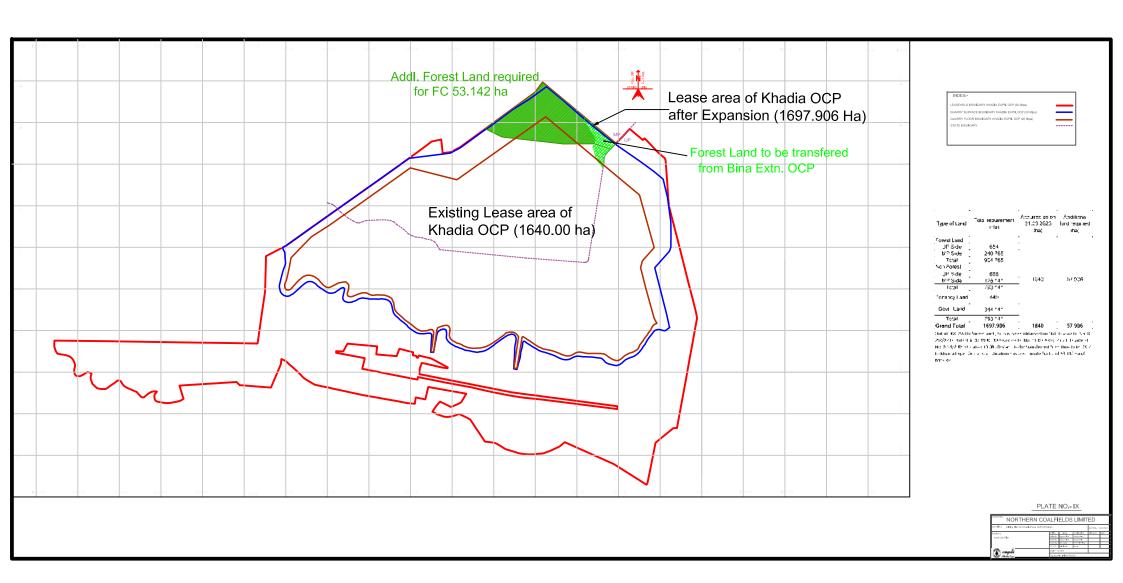


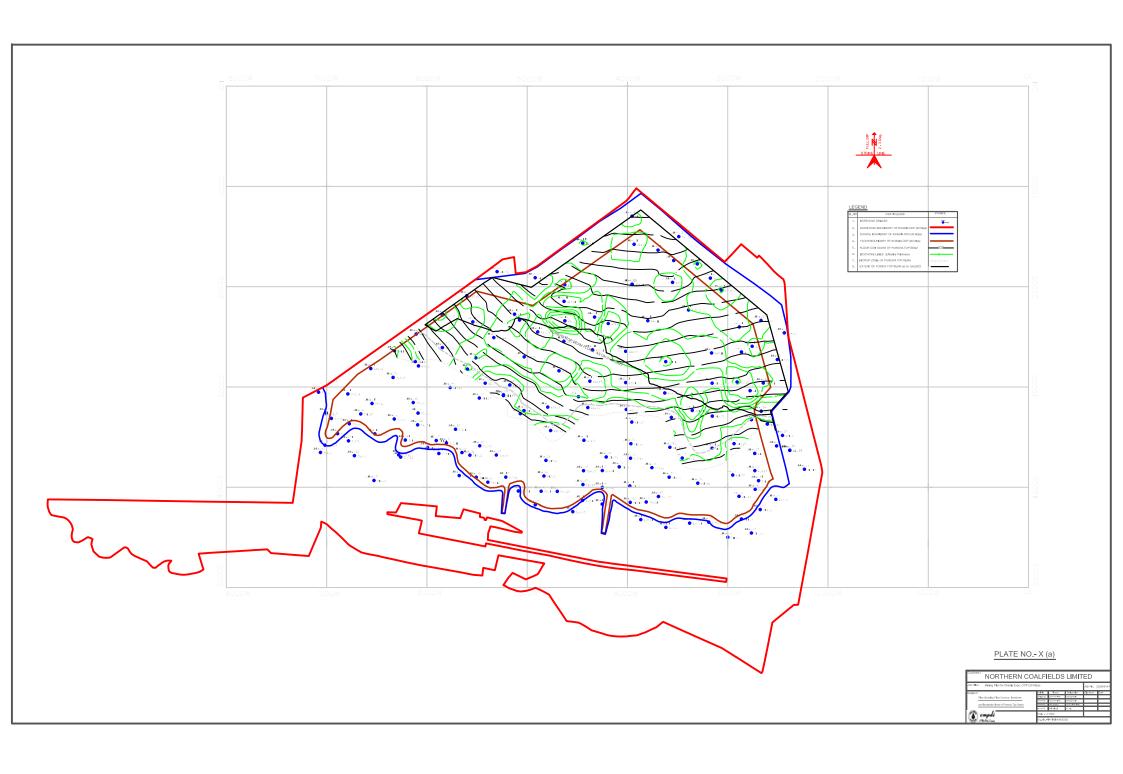


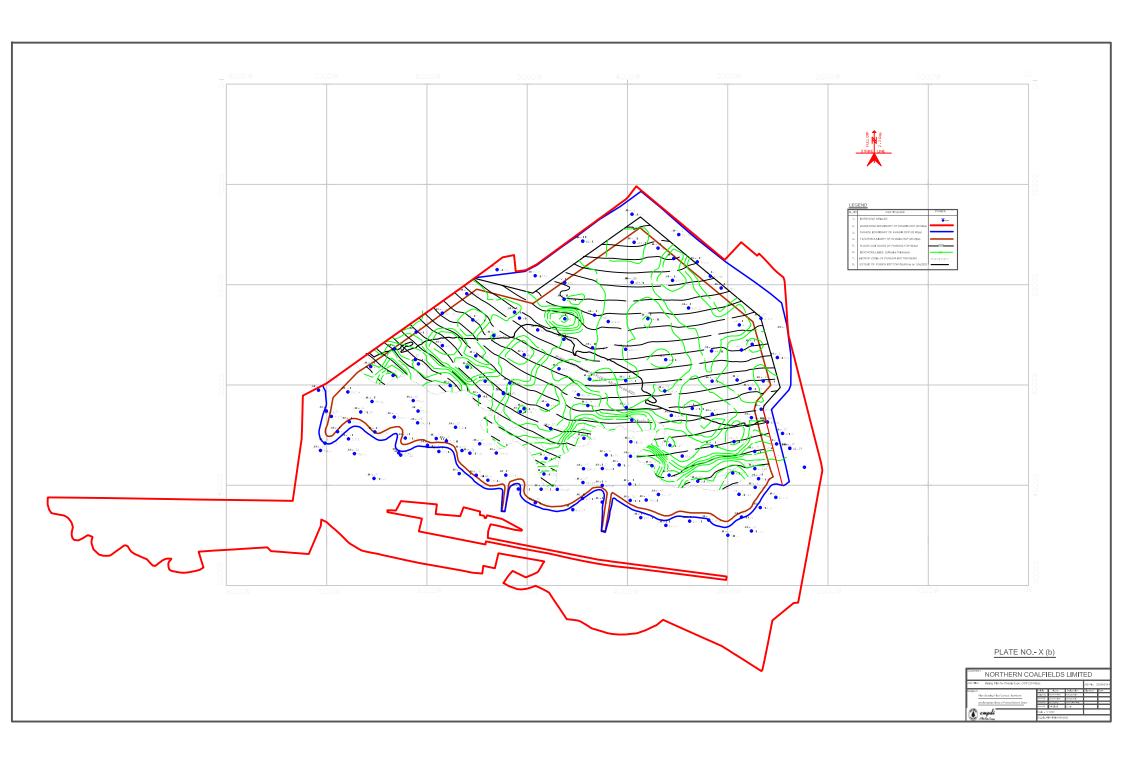


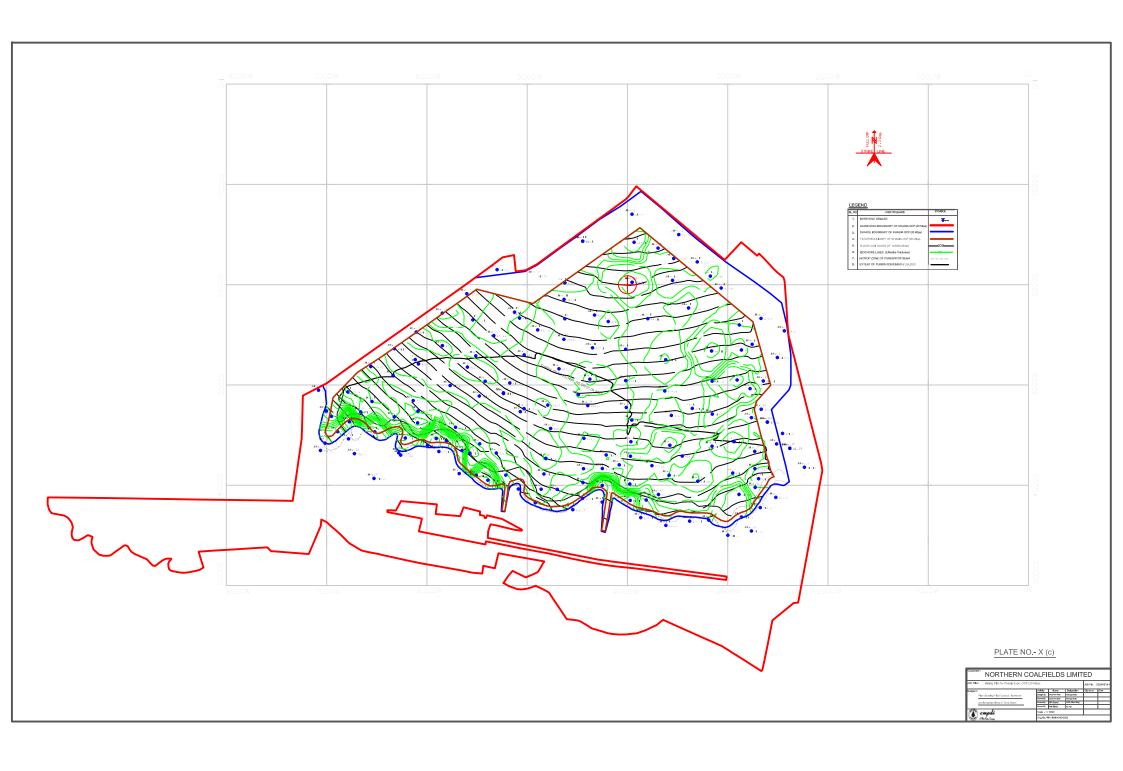




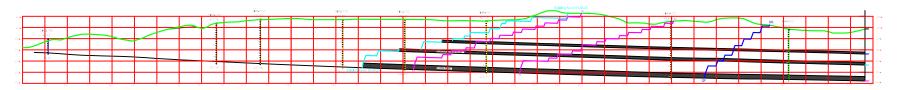








SECTION - 5-5'



SL.NO.	PARTICULARS	SYMBOLS
1.	BOREHOLE NO.	SRK012
2.	PROPOSED MINING SYSTEM	_ے
3.	COAL SEAM	
4.	SPOT LEVEL	+ 315
5.	SURFACE	
6.	QUARRY BOUNDARY	
7.	EXISTING AS ON 01.04.2023	

SECTION - 9-9'

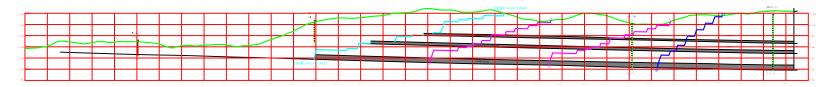
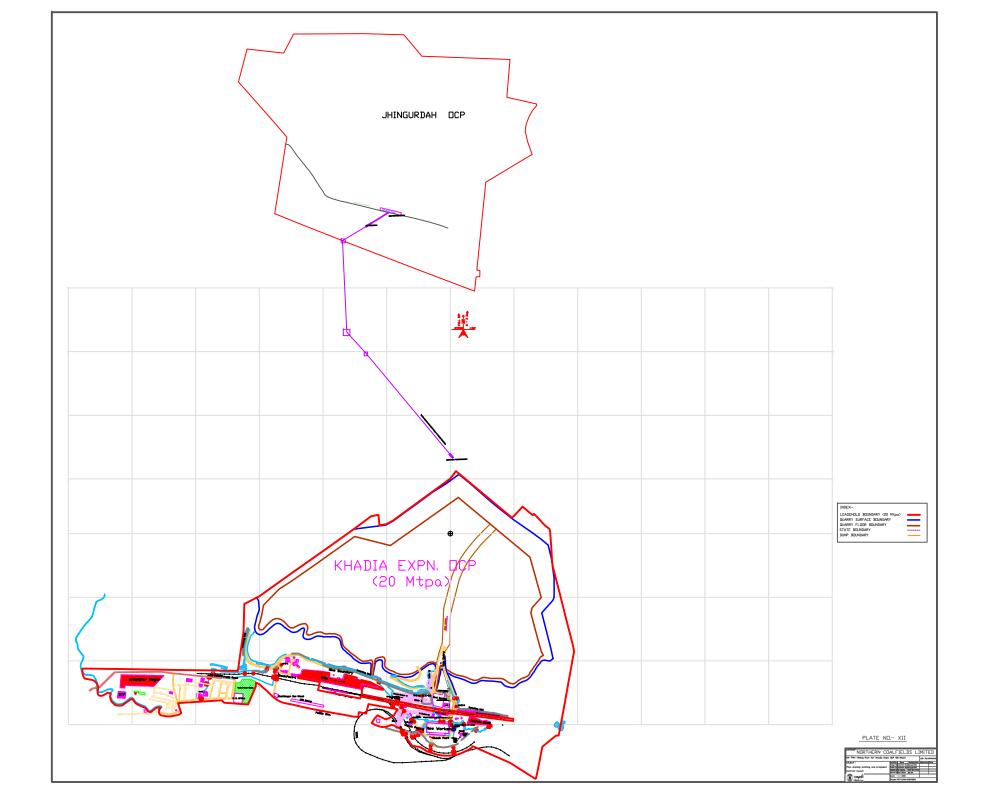


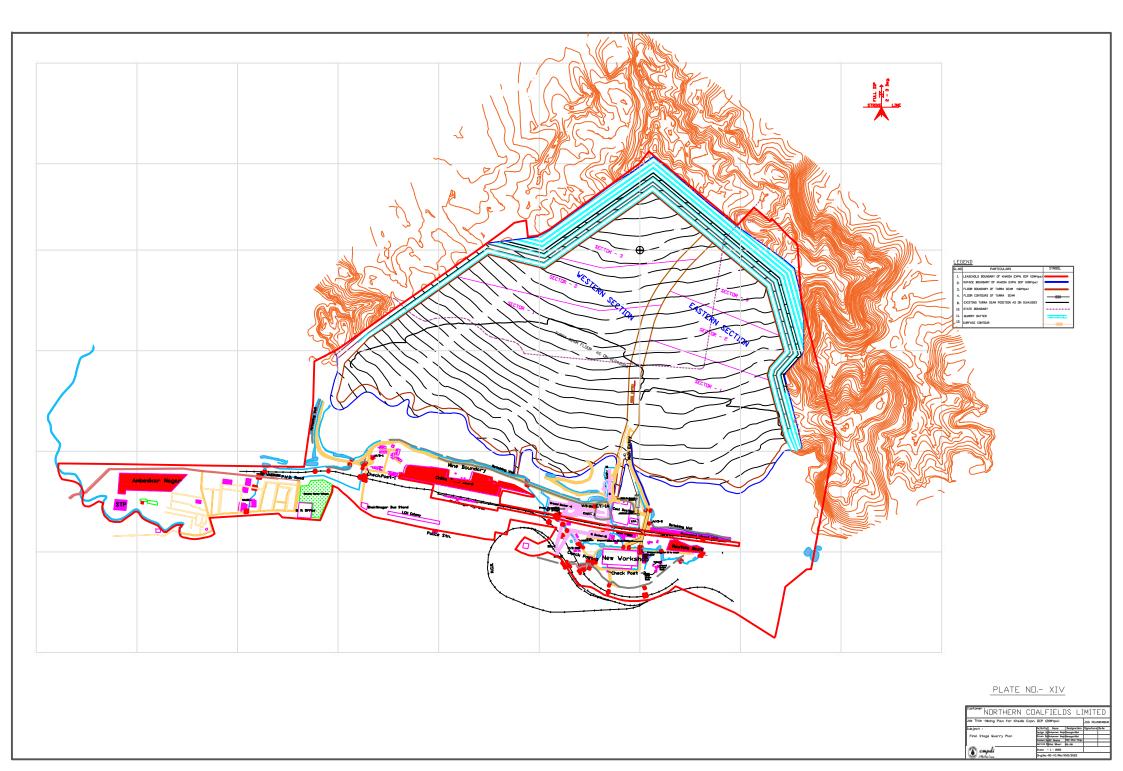
PLATE NO.- XI

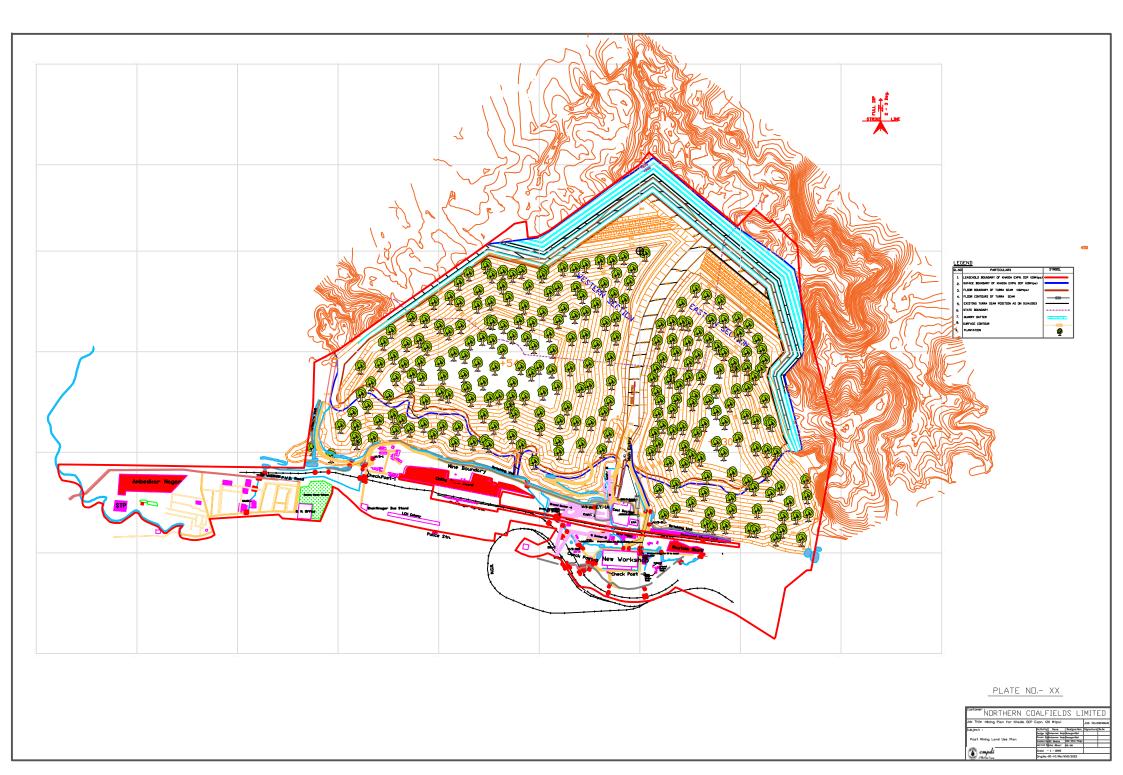
NORTHERN COA	NORTHERN COALFIELDS LIMITED								
Job Title: Mining Plan for Khadla Expn. OCP (20 Mt	Mining Plan for Khadla Expn. OCP (20 Mtpa) Job No. 232406141								
Subject:	Activity	Name	Designation	Signature	Date				
Plan Showing The Quarry Cross-Sections along	Design By	Satyaveer Singh	Manager(Min)						
	Drawn By	Satyaveer Singh	Manager(Min)						
5-5' & 9-9'	Checked By	RK Meena	HOD (Mine Ping.)						
	Approved By	Atal Bihari	RD, RIS						
cmpdi	Scale - 1:10000								
Cmpdi N Min Ritus Company	Drg.NoRI-VI/Min/KHD/2023								

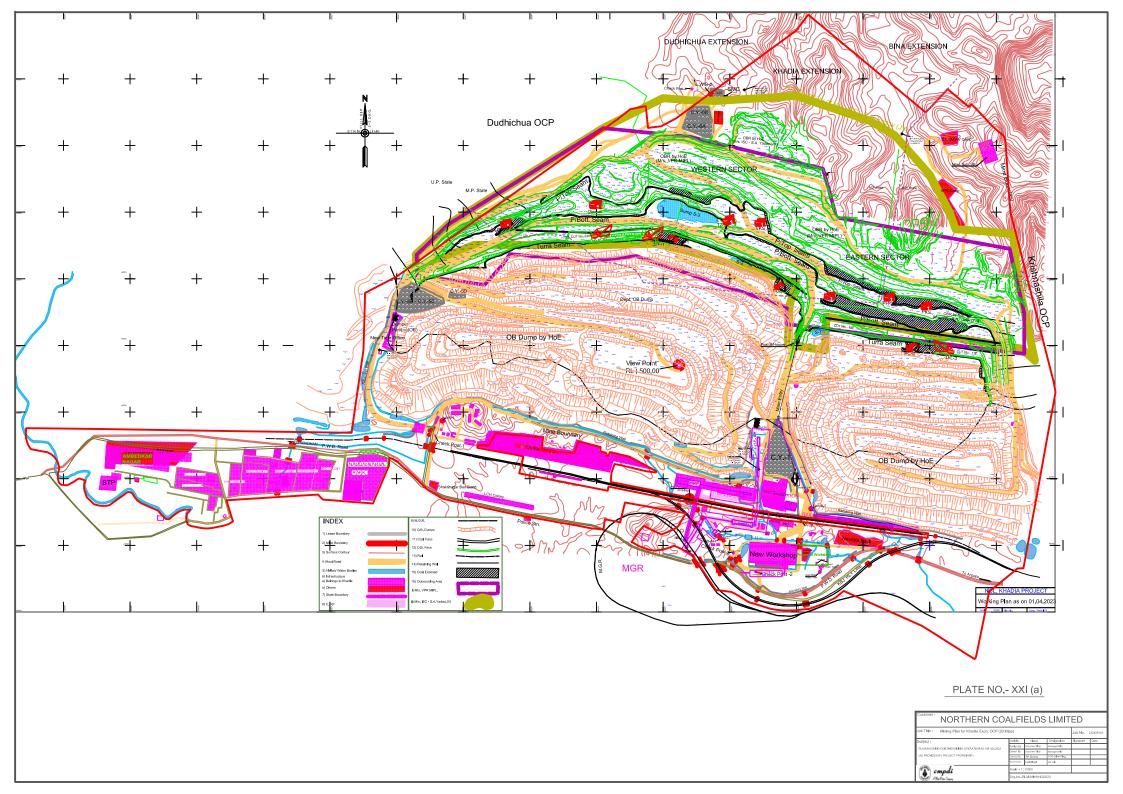


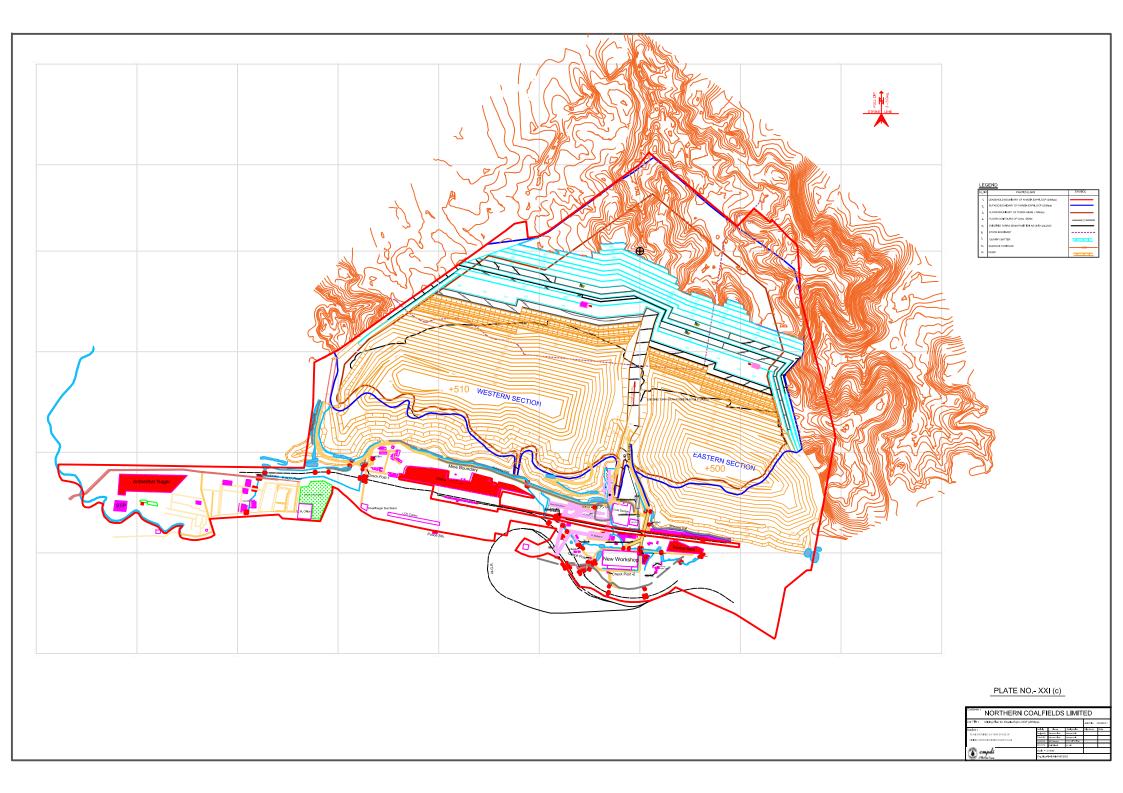


NORTHERN C	DALFIELDS LI	MITED
Job Title (Mining Plan For Khadia Exp	s DCP (20Htps)	Jab No.838466
Sub-lect :	Activity Name Designation	Signature Date
Plan Shoeing Total Coal, Total CB	Design Byllistourner Brylistonger0000	
	Fram Splittperer Englishrager 000	
Vertical Stripping Ratio	Decked Dallic Heans (HD Olive Ping.)	
	opreved Blatal Strart 45, 456	
T cmpdi	Scale - 1 - 10000	
.0.	Dee No -91-1/1 (May (IVI) (1999)	



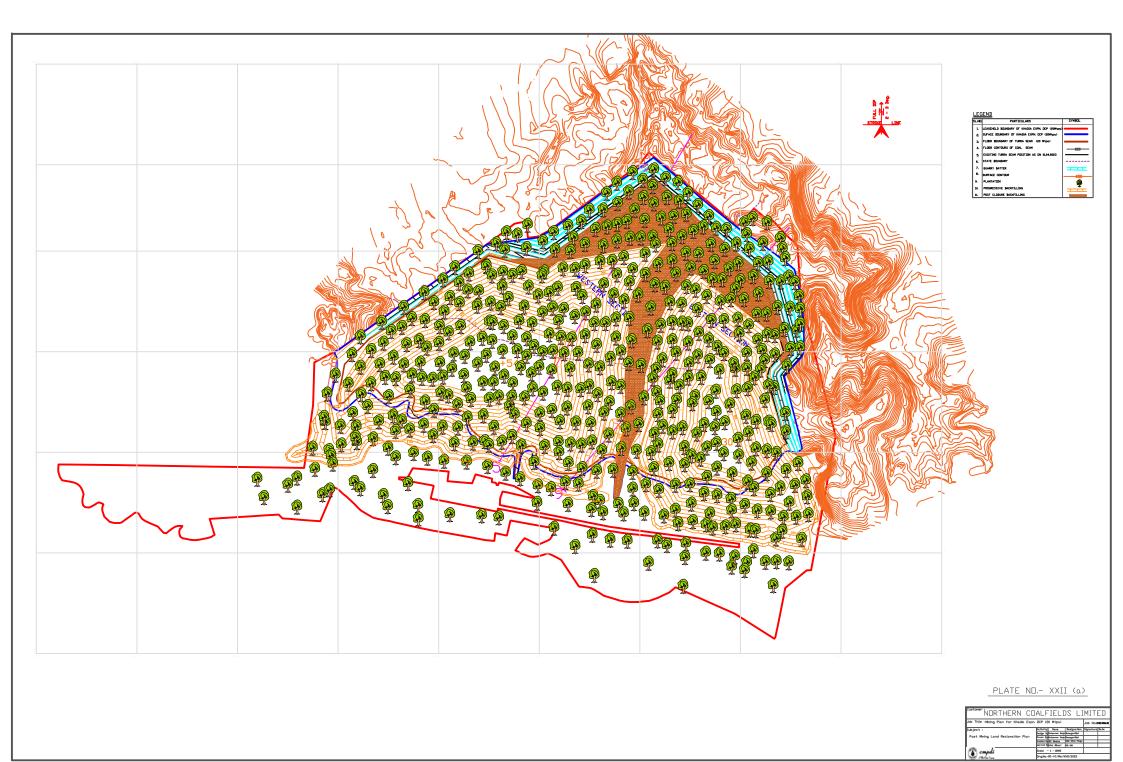


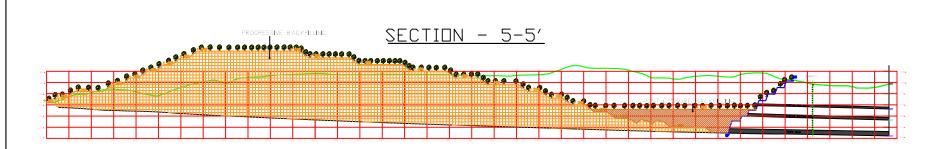












81.100	PARTECULARS	\$11E
2	SOMEOUE NO.	SRK
2	COAL SEAM	
3.	SPET LEVEL	+ 325
4	SURFACE	_
5.	GUMRY SCURBARY	
٠	SUMP PROFILE	
7.	PLANTATION	9

SECTION - 9-9'

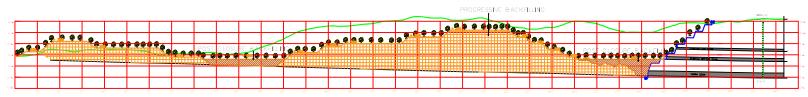


PLATE NO.- XXII(b)

Customer : NORTHERN CO	ALFIELI)S LI	MITI	ΞD		
Job Title : Mining Plan for Khadia Expn. DCP (20 Mtpa) Job No23240614						
Subject:	Activity Name	Designation	Signature	Date		
Train Showing the waarry cross sections along	Design By Satyaveer Singh					
	Drawn By Satyaveer Singh	Manager(Hin)				
<u>5-5' & 9-9'</u>	Checked By RK Meena	HDD (Mine Ping.)				
	Approved By Atal Bihari	RD, RIG				
cmpdi	Scale - 1 : 10000					
Cmpdi AMaRin Cmpaq	Drg.NoRI-VI/Min/K	HD/5053				