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Sarda Energy & Minerals Limited - Sahapur West Coal Mine

Cost Benefit Analysis in respect of diversion of 80.590 Hectares of Forest Land (34.240 Ha. - Reserve Forest, 12.248 Ha – Protected Forest and 34.102 Ha.- Revenue Forest Land.

(As per guidelines dated 01.08.2017 issued by MoEF & CC)

& Fo	Table A :- Category of proposals for which Cost Benefit Analysis is applicable at Sahapur West Coal Mine, Tehsil-Pali and Sohagpur, District- Umaria and Shahdol & Forest Division - Umaria and South Shahdol of Madhya Pradesh.						
No.	Nature of Proposal	Applicable/Not Applicable	Remarks				
1	All categories of proposals involving forest land up to 20 hectares in plains and up to 5 hectares in hills	Not Applicable	Nil				
2	Proposal for defense installation purposes and oil prospecting (Prospecting only)	Not Applicable	Nil				
3	Habitation, establishment of industrial units, tourist lodges / complex and other building construction	Not Applicable					
4	All other proposals involving forest land more than 20 hectares in plains and more than 5 hectares in hills including roads, transmission lines, minor medium and major irrigation projects, hydel projects, mining activities, railway lines, location specific installation like Micro-wave stations, Auto repeater center, TV towers etc.	Applicable	These are cases where a Cost Benefit Analysis is necessary to determine the forest land due to non-forest use is in the overall public interest.				



Table	Table B :- Estimation of cost of Forest Diversion						
S.No	Parameters	Cost in Cr. Rs.	Remarks				
1	Ecosystem services losses due to proposed forest diversion	1.089	Economic value of loss of eco-system services due to diversion of forests shall be the applicable Net Present Value (NPV) amount of the forest land being diverted (80.590 Ha) as prescribed by the MoEF & CC, Govt. of India. Since the maximum surface strain for Sahapur West Coal Block as predicted by IIT Kharagpur through 3-D subsidence prediction model is 9.45 mm/m, 10% of the NPV will be applicable for undisturbed Forest Land i.e. 79.695 Ha and 100% for Forest land under Surface Utilization for Roads i.e. 0.895 Ha hence the amount so determined is calculated as under (1228590 x79.695x0.1= 97,91,248) + (1228590x0.895= 10,99,588) = 1,08,90,836				
2	Loss of Animal Husbandry	0.990	 a. As per calculation, loss of animal husbandry productivity including loss of fodder is Rs. 0.898 Crores b. Estimated quantity of fodder/grass = Average production fodder/grasses in MT x Area Applied 				



			(based on assumption that on closer an area is capable of yielding an average of 2 to 4 MT of grass per Ha (MT):-3 MT x 80.590 = 241.77 MT
*			c. Value of fodder = Estimated quantity x Market rate = 241.77 MT x 4500 per MT = 0.109 Crores d. Hence, considered 10% of NPV which is maximum
3	Cost of Human Resettlement	NIL	No Human Resettlement is envisaged in the Project.
4	Loss of public facilities and administrative infrastructures (Roads, Buildings, Schools, Dispensaries, Electric lines, Railways etc.) on forest land, which would require forest land if these facilities were diverted due to the project	NIL	No loss to public facilities & administrative infrastructure on Forest Land proposed to be diverted.
5	Possession value of Forest Land diverted	5.641	a. Circle rate of adjoining area in the district as a cost component as possession value of forest land is arrived as Rs 7 lakhs x 80.590 ha = Rs 5.641 crores.(Circle rate of village Shahpur has been considered) b. 30% of environmental costs (NPV) due to



			loss of Forest (9.901 crores x 0.30 = 2.97 Crores) c. Since, amount determined based on calculation considering the circle rates is high it has been considered towards Possession value of Forest Land diverted.
6	Cost of suffering of Oustees	NIL	No suffering is envisaged being underground Coal Mine.
7	Habitat Fragmentation Cost	0.5445	The cost due to fragmentation has been determined as 50% of the applicable NPV amount as per Standard Industry Practice i.e. Rs. 1.089 Crores x 0.50 = 0.544 Crores.
8	Compensatory afforestation and soil & moisture conservation cost	0.341	Since only 0.895 Ha of Forest Land proposed to be utilized for Road hence requirement of providing CA land will not be applicable and only CA plantation of 10 times of the trees proposed to be felled is to be deposited with State Govt. Only 357 trees say 360 trees are proposed for felling and hence CA of 3600 trees will be required. As per standard practice 2500 trees per Ha are planted under CA and hence CA plantation @ 9,00,000/- Ha for 1.44 Ha is worked out as Rs



8.		j.	0.13 Crores.			
			Soil and moisture conservation cost @ 0.5% of the project cost (as per Forest Conservation Division MoEF & CC letter dated 07.06.2022) = 0.211 Crores			
			So the total cost of compensatory afforestation and soil & moisture = Rs. 0.341 Crores.			
Total L	Total Loss against the proposed forest land diversion = Rs. 8.6055 Crores					

Table – B1- Project Cost Estimates							
S.No	Particulars	Value in Crores	Remarks				
1	Capital investment including pre-	421.86					
	operative expenses		5				
2	R&R Cost	Nil	No human resettlement				
			envisaged in the project.				
3	Cost of public facilities including	Nil	No disturbance to the				
	administrative cost		public facilities envisaged				
			due to UG mining.				
4	Net Present Value (NPV) payable	Nil	Cost included in the				
	to Forest Deptt for total forest		Forest cost in the Project				
	land of 80.185 Ha.						
5	Cost of Compensatory	Nil	Cost included in the part				
	Afforestation payable to Forest		of Forest Cost of the				
	Deptt. The cost of Afforestation		Project				
	on Revenue Land - 80.185 Ha	8					
	Total Project Cost – 421.86 Crores						

Table C :- Estimation of benefits of Forest Diversion					
Life of the Project 19 years					
Construction Period 1 Year					
S.No	Parameters	Calculation			
1	Increase in	Net Revenue due to Coal			
	productivity	S.No Parameters Rate (Rs.) Unit Amount in			



	attribute to the					Crores
	Sahapur West Coal Mine		Gross revenue from RoM Coal for life of the Underground Mine (G-7 Average Grade) up to 151 meter depth total reserve is 22.184 MT out of which 10.38 is considered as extractable reserve i.e 10.38 MT @ 3658/ MT (Basic selling Price)	3658	MT	3797.004
		ii	Tentative operating cost including depreciation, interest on loan payment, tax liability etc. @ (10.38 MT x Rs 2000/ MT)	2000	MT	2076
			evenue benefits du		·	1721.004
2		Comp	evenue against Ro ensation cess, Env ructure cess, Fore	vironmental a	and	1038
		1	evenue against Re	venue sharir	ng to State	987.221
	w	Govt @ 951/ton			2025 224	
3	No. of		evenue to State Go Population directly		700	2025.221 1012.020
3	population benefited due to the project	1	Population indired i) Employme forest land programme ii) Local peop opportuniti work & oth	etly benefitted nt generated in Afforestat e le will have i es in various er activities	d- 1000 on non- ion ncome ancillary	1012.020
			Benefits due to di persons in an ave			



comp	years Bene 1000 2000 mic its due to ensatory station Benefits from accruing over discounted to included as afforestation Cost of CA eas 880000/h for 50 years discounted to	excluding land has been considered as with a benefit of 10% per annum. The value so derived has been to 4% for present value.	4799.483	
Total Benefits				

D. Calculation of Cost Benefit Ratio:-

Total Benefits as per Table C:- Rs. 4799.483 Crores

Total Cost as per Table B and B1 = Losses of Forest + Cost of the Project = Rs. 8.606 Crores + Rs. 421.86 Crores = Rs. 430.466 Crores.

Hence, Benefit/Cost Ratio = 11.15

Thus the project gives positive Benefit/Cost Ratio. The monetary returns of the Project are positive over the environmental losses.

For, Sarda Energy & Minerals Limited

SS Shrivastava

Vice President - Coal Mines