<u>Appx "B"</u>

Annexure-I

PROPOSAL FOR DIVERSION OF ADDITIONAL FOREST LAND FOR THE CONSTRUCTION OF 2-LANING OF JORAM-KOLORIANG ROAD SECTIONS FROM CH 20.00 TO CH 44.770 (KM 20.000 TO 51.000 OF EXISTING JORAM-KOLORIANG ROAD) FOR EXECUTION IN EPC MODE IN THE DISTRICT OF LOWER SUBANSIRI IN THE STATE OF ARUNACHAL PRADESH UNDER "SARDP-NE"

COST BENEFIT ANALYSIS

PARAMETER FOR EVALUATION LOSS OF FOREST HAS BEEN ACCORDED FOR A PERIOD OF 50 YEARS AS PER GOVERNMENT DIRECTIVES

Quantum of forest land applied for	: 16.729 Ha. (Additional Forest Land Including Muck Disposal Sites)
Life of Project	: 99 years
Division	: Hapoli Forest Division, Lower Subansiri District

1. Forest Loss Calculations

Present NPV for 1 Ha of forest land	= 6.26 Lakh	
	0.20 20	
Present NPV for 16.729 Ha forest land	= 16.729 X 6.26	
	= 104.723 Lakh	
Rate of C.A. for 1 Ha of forest land	= 4.1035 Lakh (2015-16)	
Value of C.A. for 16.729 Ha forest land	= 16.729 X 4.1035	
	=68.6474 Lakh	
Double the amount of C.A.	= 2 X 68.6474	
	= 137.2949 Lakh	
OTAL LOSS	= 104.723 + 137.2949	
	= 242.0179 Lakh	
Loss of animal husbandry productivity including loss of fodder	NIL, There is no loss of animal husbandry productivity.	
Loss of human re-settlement	NIL, as the area is not habited, hence there is no major displacement of any oustsees in the project & hence there would be no resettlement	
Loss of public facilities and administrative infrastructure (roads, buildings, schools dispensaries, electric line, railway, etc.) on forest land or which would require forest land if these facilities were diverted due to this project.	NIL, as there is no public facilities service existing.	
Environmental losses (soil erosion effect on hydrological cycle, wild life habitat, microclimate, upsetting of geological balance)	The details of environmental losses are determined as per given thumb rule for the forest area required for the project and are as follows: (i) Density of the forest – 0.2	
•		

 Average density for the area proposed to be acquired for the project - 0.2 (ii) Environmental value per hectare for density 1.0 (Rs in Lakh) - 126.74 Lakh (iv) Environmental loss per hectare for forest of density to be acquired (Rs in Lakh) - 0.2 X 126.74 = 25.348 Lakh (v) Total forest area required for the project - 16.729 Ha (vi) Total environmental loss for the forest area to be acquired for the project - 16.729 Ha (vi) Total environmental loss for the forest area to be acquired for the project - 16.729 X 25.348 = 424.0466 Lakh. There will be minimal impact on the environmental as plantation will be carried out on the open face of the degraded forest. The compensation for Environmental losses will be paid as per the assessed Net Present Value (NPV) for the diverted forest land. Suffering of oustees. 				
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as diversion of the forest land to this project	6.	Suffering of oustees.	Ther	e will not be any losses on this account
will not affect any house or structure.			as di	version of the forest land to this project
			will r	not affect any house or structure.

Your Srivastava

Vivek Srivastava G M (Projects), NHIDCL Namsai **GM (Projects)** Arunachal Pradesh^{NHIDCL} Branch Office - Na nsa Arunachal Pradesh

<u>Appx "B"</u>

Annexure-II

PROPOSAL FOR FOREST CLEARANCE FOR THE CONSTRUCTION OF 2-LANING OF JORAM-KOLORIANG ROAD SECTIONS CH 20.00 TO CH 44.770 (KM 20.000 TO 51.000 OF EXISTING JORAM-KOLORIANG ROAD) FOR EXECUTION IN EPC MODE AT KRA-DADI DISTRICT IN THE STATE OF ARUNACHAL PRADESH UNDER "SARDP-NE"

SL NO	PARAMETER	FOR STRATEGIC ROAD CONSTRUCTION	
	Increase in productivity attributed to the specific project.	 The planned project is a strategic road project of Ministry of Road Transport & Highways (NHIDCL), a fully-owned company of Ministry of Road Transport & Highways (MoRTH), Government of India, under <u>Special Accelerated Road Development Programme in North East (SARDP-NE)</u>. The aim of SARDP-NE programme is to: Upgrade National Highways connecting State Capitals to 2/4 lane To provide connectivity of all 88 District Headquarter towns of NER by at least 2- lane road; Improve roads of strategic importance in border area. Improve connectivity to neighbouring countries With an aim to achieve the aforesaid objectives, the widening and realignment of Joram–Koloriang Road sections from Km 20.000 to Km 70.000 & Km 138.000 to Km 158.000 will be developed as a 2-Lane carriageway with paved shoulders with a proposed Right of Way (RoW) of 18-35 meters as compared to existing RoW of 9-12 metres which will not only improve the journey speed to 30-40 km/h from existing 18-20 km/h speed but will also save the traveling time and vehicle operating costs (VOC) because of improved traffic condition on a widened and geometrically improved road alignment. The project road stretch is further aims to provide better, smooth and quick transportation to local inhabitants as well as the Army and paramilitary forced deployed in the border and also aims to provide a hassle free connectivity to all the project 	
2	Benefits to economy	 districts. The direct and indirect benefits of the up-gradation of existing road from the Joram–Koloriang section of Km 20.000 to Km 70.000 & Km 138.000 to Km 158.000 of NH-713 are as given below: Direct Benefits Fast and Safe Connectivity Decongestion of traffic on the road Savings in fuel, travel time and total transportation cost of road users. Reduction in road accidents. Reduction in pollution due to constant flow and 	

EVALUATION OF BENEFIT, NOTWITHSTANDING LOSS OF FORESTS

		segregation of traffic from other reads			
		segregation of traffic from other roads			
		Macro Level Benefits			
		Employment opportunity to people.			
		 Quick transportation of goods and services for the Army 			
		and paramilitary forced deployed in the border areas.			
		Quick transportation of agricultural produce and			
		perishable goods.			
		Development of tourism in Arunanchal Pradesh and North			
		East States.			
3	Number of population	Widening and realignment of the project road Joram–Koloriang			
	benefited	Road section from Km 20.000 to Km 70.000 & Km 138.000 to Km			
		158.000 is going to benefit the entire population of Lower			
		Subasiri and Kra Daadi and of Kurung Kumey districts as well as			
		Army and paramilitary forced deployed in the border areas.			
4	Employment Potential	During the construction stage employment will be generated for			
	, . ,	skilled and unskilled manpower. About 110 persons will be			
		employed during the peak working season for construction			
		resulting in about 16,500 man days would be required during the			
		construction phase of two years. The local people will also get			
		the opportunity to carry out contract works subject to their work			
		capability/expertise- After the completion, about 10 people will			
		be employed upkeep and maintenance of use road and other			
		structures – The road will facilitate in tourism and horticulture			
		where local population as per their experience and qualification			
_		will get benefitted			
5	Cost of Acquisition facility on	The cost of acquisition of land will amount to Rs. Fifty-Seven			
	non-forest land wherever	Lakhs (Approx.) for project stretch from Km 20.00 to Km 51.00			
	feasible	as mentioned in R&R policy, 2008 of Arunachal Pradesh State			
		Government			
6	Loss of (a) Agriculture and	There is no any agriculture or Animal Husbandry activity going			
	(b) Animal Husbandry	on along the project road stretch.			
	products due to diversion				
	of forestland				
7	0	Not Applicable			
	displaced persons as	There is no displacement due to the diversion of the land for the			
	different from	project purpose.			
	compensatory amounts				
	given for displacement				
8	Cost of Supply of free fuel	During the construction, alternative source of fuel like LPG and			
	-wood to workers residing	Kerosene will be provided to the workers residing in or near the			
	in or near forest area	forest area. A wood depot will be setup for supply of firewood			
	during period of	as a backup fuels to avoid illegal felling of trees for cooking			
	construction	purpose.			
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Vivek Srivastava G M (Projects), NHIDCL Namsai **GM (Projects)** Arunachal Pradesh **Branch Office - Na ns Arunachal Pradesh**