Project Name: Construction of Foot Track Sarli-Phule km 34.4 for ITBP under Project Arunank of 756 Task Force of Border Road Organisation(BRO), Ministry of Defence, Govt of India, in the State of Arunachal Pradesh.

Purpose: This cost benefit analysis is being undertaken for proposed direction of Forest Land (17.2 Ha) being affected due to Construction of proposed Road Sarli-Phule km 34.4 in the State of Arunachal Pradesh.

Table A: cases under which cost benefit analysis for Forest diversion required.

S/No.	Nature of Proposal	Applicable/Not Applicable	Remarks
1	All category of proposal involving forest land upto 20 hectare in plain upto 5 hectare in hills	Not Applicable	These proposal may be considerd on a case to case basis and judgement.
2	Proposal for defense installation purpose and oil prospecting (prospecting only)	Not Applicable	In veiw of national priority accorded to these sectors, these proposal would be critically assessed to help ascertain that the utmost minivum forest land is diverted for non forest use.
3	Habitation, establishment of industrial units, tourist lodge complex and other building construction.	Not Applicable	These activities being determine to protection and conservation of forest, as a matter of policy, such praposal would be rarely entertained.
4	All other proposal involving forestland more than 20 hectare in plain and more than 5 hectare in hills, including road, transmission lines, minor, medium and major irrigation project, hydro project, mining activity, railways lines, location specific installation like micro wave station, auto repeater centers, TV tower etc.	1	These are cases where a cost benefit analysis is necessary to determine when diverting the forest land to non-forest use in the overall strategic point of view and public interest.

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COST BENEFIT ANALYSIS

Project Name: Construction of Foot Track Sarli-Phule km 34.4 for ITBP under Project Arunank of 756 Task Force of Border Road Organisation(BRO), Ministry of Defence, Govt of India, in the State of Arunachal Pradesh.

Table B: Estimation of cost of Forest Diversion (as per MoEF&CC Guideline dated 1st August 2017 related to Cost Benefit Analysis).

S/No.	Parameter	Remarks	
1:	Ecosystem Services losses due to proposed forest diversion	NPV of the unclassed forest(for ECO class-I) tropics semi evergreen density 03 to .4 being diverted i.e. Forest=17.2 ha X 7.30 lac= Rs. 125.56 Lacs	
2	Loss of animal husbandry productivity ,including loss of fodder	NIL Productivity of livestock will not be affected due to construction of Foot Track	
3	Cost of human resettlement	NIL No, as the area is not habited hence there is no displacement of any oust sees in the project & hence there would be no resettlement	
4	Loss of public facility and administrative infrastructure(Road, building school, electric line, railways etc.) on the forest land which would required forest land if these facilities were diverted due to the project.	NIL As there is no public facilities service existing.	
5	Possesion value of forest land diverted	NIL	
6	Cost of suffering to outees NIL Loss of house/habitat/structure is NIL, hence is applicable.		
7	Habitat fragmentation cost	NIL	
8	Compensatory Afforestation and soil moisture conservation cost	Compensatory afforestation cost 8.6 Lacs (Approx 0.5 lac/ha). Soil & moisture conservation cost included in compensatory afforestation cost.	
otal Los	s (Against the proposed forest land)	Rs. 134.16 Lacs	

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	Parameter	Track (Sarlis Phule), under project Arthur
/No.	to the specific project	of 756 Task Force (BRO) connect border a real whole which is strategically very important road for enhancing the defence potential of the area. This will also enhance the social and economic development of the region. Project cost Rs. 5500 lacs.
2	Benefits to economy due to the specific project	As stated in Srl No.1 above construction of foot track strategically very important track lead to China Border. Beside that it will also facilitate the economic groth of the area.
	seed dive	illow force are going to be benefitted due to
3	Nos of population benefited due to specific project	this project. Local people (aprox 20,000) will disc
4	Econofic Benefits due to direct and indirect employment due to project	during peak working season for construction of the foot track during peak working season for construction of the foot track resulting in aprox 146000 man days required during the construction phase of four year.Local people will also get the construction phase of four year.Local people will also get the construction phase of four year.Local people will also get the construction phase of to thier capability/skilledness.After the completion, about 20 labour will be capability/skilledness.After the completion, about 20 labour will be employed for upkeep and maintainance of track and other track side structure. The track will also facilitate Tourism and Horticulture where local population will get benefitted as per experience and qualification.
5	Economic benefits due to compensatory afforestation	as per Guideline issued by MoEF vide letter 100 5 , 2.2009)= Rs.60.2 lacs
	Total	Rs. 5560.2 Lacs
	Cost Renefit ratio i.e. Project	Benefit / Forest loss = 5560.2/134.16 =42:1 Igh benefit to the country as compared to forest loss . The benefit to
-	the porpiect has very hi	igh benefit to the country as compared to lorest terms

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