COST BENEFIT ANALYSIS

Name of Project: Construction of 4/6 Laningof Arrah-Sasaram-Patna road section of NH-119A from Km 40+450 (Sakla) to Km 84+300 (Patar) under BharatmalaPariyojana (Lot-7/Package-2) in the State of Bihar (Package-II).

Nature of Proposal: Diversion of 22.716hectare of forest land for non- forest purpose for the project "Construction of 4/6 Laningof Arrah-Sasaram-Patna road section of NH-119A from Km 40+450 (Sakla) to Km 84+300 (Patar) under BharatmalaPariyojana (Lot-7/Package-2) in the State of Bihar (Package-II)."

Total Length of Project: 43.850 Km

Number of Forest Division involve: 01

S. No.	Division Name	Proposed Forest Area for Diversion (Hectare)
1.	Forest DivisionBhojpur	22.716
Total Forest Area for Diversion (Ha)		22.716

Purpose: The cost Benefit Analysis is being undertaken as the proposed diversion of forest land being affected due to construction of new national highway for above said project > 20 hectare.

Estimation of cost of forest diversion

S. No.	Parameters	Remarks
1	Ecosystem services losses due to	Ecosystem services losses due to proposed
	proposed forest diversion	forest diversion Economic value of loss of
		ecosystem services due to diversion of forest
		= Net Present Value (NPV) of the forest
	1 = 1	land being diverted as per prescribed by the
		Central Government (MoEF&CC). As the
	=	forest land proposed does not fall in
		National Park and Wild Life Sanctuary.
2	Loss of animal husbandry	The land proposed for diversion is
	productivity including loss of	canal/road sides Protected Forest notified by
	fodder	Government of Bihar. No activity is being
	w (/has been carried therefore no loss of animal
		husbandry productivity including loss of
		fodder will take place.
3	Cost of human resettlement	No resettlement is involved in land proposed
		for diversion in Forest area.





S. No.	Parameters	Remarks
4	Loss of public facilities and administrative infrastructure (Roads, building, schools, dispensaries, electric lines, railways, etc.). On forest land or which would require forest land if these facilities were diverted due to the project	No loss of public facilities and administrative infrastructure is involved in the proposed project.
5	Possession value of forest land diverted	As per MoEF&CC guideline 30% of Net Present Value (NPV) due to loss of forest or circle rate of adjoining area in the district should be added as a cost component as possession value of forest land whichever is maximum.
6	Cost of suffering to oustees	As per MoEF&CC guideline the social cost of rehabilitation of oustees (in addition to the cost likely to be incurred in providing residence, occupation and social services as per R&R plan) be worked out as 1.5 times of what oustees should have earned in two years has he not been shifted.
7	Habitat Fragmentation Cost	As per MoEF&CC guideline while the relationship between fragmentation and forest goods and services is complex, for the sake of simplicity the cost due to fragmentation has been pegged at 50% of NPV applicable as a thumb rule.
8	Compensatory afforestation and soil & moisture conservation cost.	As per MoEF&CC guideline the actual cost of compensatory afforestation and soil & moisture conservation and its maintenance in future at present discounted value.



Signature of User Agency

Project Director

National Highways Authority of India

Project Implementation Unit

PATNA

Existing guidelines for estimating benefits of forest diversion in CBA

S. No.	Parameters	Remarks
1	Increase in productively	Project stretch falls in the state of Bihar. Bihar is
	attributable to the specific	in eastern India. It is contiguous with Uttar
	projects	Pradesh to its west, Nepal to the north, the
		northern part of West Bengal to the east, and
		with Jharkhand to the south. Bihar covers a total
		area of 94,163 Km ² , with an average elevation
		above sea level of 53 m. It is dominated by a
		vast stretch of fertile plain which is divided
		unevenly by the Ganges River. Central parts of
		Bihar have some small hills, such as the Rajgir
		hills. Bihar has reserved Forest area of
	*	6,845 Km ² , which is 7.27% of its geographical
		area. The State has 26 nos. of National
		Highways with aggregate length 5301 Kms.
		The proposed road would act as the prime artery
		for the economic flow to this region. It will
		enhance economic development, provide
		employment opportunities to locals, strengthen
		tourist development, ensure road safety, provide
		better transportation facilities and other facilities
Section Company of the Company of th		such as way side amenities etc. Vehicles
		operating cost will also be reduced due to
	Deve City to	improved road quality.
2	Benefits to economy due to the	The proposed project road will provide
	specific project	uninterrupted free flow of traffic and shall result
		in
	-	1. Saving in Travel time, Cost & Natural
	*	resources (Fuel).
		2. Saving in foreign exchange due to less
	-	consumption of fuel.
		3. Increase in income of truck, bus, taxi etc.
		Owners as they will be able to communicate maximum distance in short time.
		4. Reduction in accidents as it will provide safe travel.
		5. Will act as catalyst to the industrial
		development.
3	Number of population	Population of Bihar, Uttar Pradesh and
	benefited due to specific	Jharkhand will be benefited through proposed
	project	road.



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S. No.	Parameters	Remarks
4	Economic benefits due to of	Direct and indirect employment will be
	direct and indirect	generated during construction and operation
	employment due to the project	period.
5	Economic benefits due to	Economic benefits due to Compensatory
	compensatory afforestation	Afforestation (CA): As per MoEF&CC guideline
		these benefits are the benefits from such
		compensatory afforestation over next 50 years
		monetized and discounted to the present value
		should be included as benefits of compensatory
		afforestation – For benefits of CA the guidelines
	*	of Ministry for NPV estimation may be
		consulted accordingly these benefits have been
		calculated on two heads namely benefits to CA
		& benefits due to carbon storage by the
		afforestation done on CA land.
		As per MoEF&CC guideline the estimated
		benefits for the diversion of forest land is the
		sum total of benefits to economy due to specific
		project, Economic benefits due to of direct and
		indirect employment due to the project and
	*	Economic benefits due to compensatory
		afforestation.



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