Benefit cost ratio for major project for Amanganj – Katni (KM 77.00 to KM 163.85) forest proposal

Table A: Cases under which cost benefit analysis for forest diversion required.

S.no.	Nature of Proposal	Applicable / Not	Remarks
		applicable	
1	All categories of proposals	Not Applicable	Not Applicable
	involving forest land upto 20		
	hectares in plains and upto 5		
	hectares in hills		
2	Proposal for defence	Not Applicable	Not Applicable
	installation purposes and oil		
	prospection(prospecting only)		
3	Habitation, establishment of	Not Applicable	Not Applicable
	industrial units tourist lodges/		
	complex and other building		:
	construction		
4	All other proposal involving	Applicable	B. C. Ratio has
	forest land more than 5		been calculated
	hectare in hills including		as per forest
	roads, transmission lines,		guide line.
	minor, medium and major		
	irrigation project , hydel		
We 100 to	project mining activities ,		
	railway lines, location specific		Transition of the Control of the Con
	installations like micro wave		
	stations, auto repair centres,		***************************************
	T.V. towers etc.		
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Table B: Estimation of Cost of forest diversion

S. No.	Parameters	Applicable / Not	Remarks
		applicable	
1	Ecosystem services losses	Applicable	303.040 Lakh
	due to proposed forest		
	diversion.		
2	Loss of animal husbandry	Applicable	30.304 Lakh
	productivity including loss		
	of fodder		
3	Cost of human resettlement	N/A	Nil
4	Loss of public facilities and	N/A	Nil
	administrative		
	infrastructure (Roads,		
	building, school,		
	dispensaries, electric lines,		
	railways, etc.) on forest		
	land, which would require		
	forest land if these facilities		
	were diverted due to		
	project		
5	Possession value of forest	Applicable	90.912 Lakh
	land diverted		
6	Cost of suffering to oustees	N/A	Nil
7	Habitat Fragmentation cost	Applicable	151.520 Lakh
8	Compensatory	Applicable	454.560 Lakh
	afforestation and soil &		
	moisture conservation cost		
	Total		1030.336 Lakh
	1		

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Table C: Existing guidelines for estimation benefits of forest diversion in CBA

S.	Parameters	Applicable/ Not	Remarks
no.		Applicable	
1	Increase in productively attribute of the specific project	Applicable	2272.800 Lakh
2	Benefits to economy due to specific project	Applicable	3.788 Lakh
3	No. of population benefits due to specific project	Applicable	23.09 Lakh
4	Economic benefits due of direct and indirect employment due to project	Applicable	25.09 Lakh
5	Economic benefits due to compensatory afforestation	Applicable	2272.800 Lakh
	Total		4597.559 Lakh

Benefits Cost Ratio: 4,597.559/1,030.336 = 4.462 Lakh

Cost Benefit Analysis Guidelines for Forest land diversion 2017

S.no.	Nature of Proposal	Applicable / Not	Remarks
		applicable	
1	All categories of proposals		These proposal
	involving forest land upto 20		may be
	hectares in plains and upto 5		considered on a
	hectares in hills		case basis and
			value judgement
2	Proposal for defense		In view of
	installation purposes and oil		national priority
	prospection(prospecting only)		accorded to these
			sectors, the
			proposals would
			be critically
			assessed to help
			ascertain that the
			utmost minimum
			forest land is
			diverted for non-
			forest use
3	Habitation, establishment of		These activities
	industrial units tourist lodges/		being detrimental
	complex and other building		to protection and
	construction		conservation of
			forest, as a
			matter of policy,
			such proposals
ALIA BOYANIA POR PORTO P			would be rarely
			entertained
4	All other proposal involving	/59017B\	These are cases
	forest land more than 5	Service 1	where a cost

hectare in hills including roads, transmission lines, minor, medium and major irrigation project, hydel project mining activities, railway lines, location specific installations like micro wave stations, auto repair centers, T.V. towers etc.

benefit analysis is necessary to determine when diverting the forest land to non-forest use in the overall public interest.

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Table B: Estimation of Cost of forest diversion

S.no.	Parameters	Remarks
1	Ecosystem services losses due	Economic value of loss of eco-system
	to proposed forest diversion.	services due to diversion of forest shall be
		the net present value (NPV) of the forest
		land being diverted as prescribed by the
		central Government (MoEF&CC).
		Note: in case of National parks the NPV
		shall be ten (10) times are normal NPV and
	·	in case of Wildlife Sanctury the NPV shall
		be the five (5) time the normal NPV or
		otherwise prescribed by the ministry or any
		other competent authority.
2	Loss of animal husbandry	To be quantified and expressed in monetary
	productivity including loss of	terms or 10% of NPV applicable whichever
	fodder	is maximum
3	Cost of human resettlement	To be quantified and expressed in monetary
		terms as per approved R&R plan
4	Loss of public facilities and	To be quantified and expressed in monetary
	administrative infrastructure	terms on actual cost basis at the time of
	(Roads, building, school,	diversion.
	despensaries, electric lines,	
	railways, etc.) on forest land,	
	which would require forest land	
	if these facilities were diverted	
	due to project	
5	Possession value of forest land	30% of environmental costs (NPV) due to
	diverted	loss of forest of circle rate of adjoining area
		in the district should be added as a cost
		component as possession value of forest
		land whichever is maximun
6	Cost of suffering to oustees	The social cost of rehabilitation of oustees

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************************		at present discounted value
	conservation cost	conservation and its maintenance in future
	and soil & moisture	afforestation and soil & moisture
8	Compernsatory afforestationa	The actual cost of compensatory
		50% of NPV applicable as the thumb rule.
		due to fragmentation has been pegged at
		is coplex, for the sake of simplicity the cost
		fragmentation and forest goods and service
7	Habitat Fragmentation cost	While the relationship between
		shifted.
		have earned in two years had he not been
		out as 1.5 times of what oustees should
		social services as per R&R plan) be worked
		in providing residence, occupation and
		(in addition to the cost likely to be incurred

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Table C: Existing guidelines for estimation benefits of forest diversion in CBA

S.	Parameters	Remarks
no.		
1	Increase in productively	To be quantified & expressed in monetary
	attribute of the specific project	terms
		avoiding double counting
2	Benefits to economy due to	The incremental economic benefits in
	specific project	monetary terms
		due to the activities attribute to the specific
		project
3	No. of population benefits due	As per the Detailed project report
	to specific project	
4	Economic benefits due of direct	As per the Detailed project report
	and indirect employment due to	
	project	
5	Economic benefits due to	Benefits from such compensatory forestation
	compensatory afforestation	accruing over next 50 years monetised and
		discounted to the present value should be,
		included as benefits of compensatory
		afforestation.
		*For benefits of CA the guideline of the
		Ministry for NPV estimation may be
		consulted.,

Note-1: Net Present value (NPV) of environment and ecosystem services loss:

The concept of Net Present value of the forest land diverted is a scientific method of calculating the environment al cost and other losses caused due to diversion of forest land for non-forestry purposes. The NPV represents the net value of various eco system services and other environmental services in monetary terms which the forest would have provided if the forest would not £ been diverted.

Note-2: Possession value of forest land diverted:

The forest land diverted for the project such as irrigation, hydropower, railways, roads, wind/and transmission lines and mining et c are unlikely to be returned and Remains in possession of the user agencies. Therefore 30% of the net present value (NPV) of forest land diverted or n1-arket rate of adjoining area in the district should, be added as a cost component .as "possession value of forest land II in addition to the environmental costs due to Joss of forests.

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