## PROPOSAL FOR DIVERTING FORESTLAND FOR CONST OF 400 KV D/C JEJURI HINJAWADI LINE

Calculation of various parameters of cost benefit assesment for forest proposal of 400 KV D/C Jejuri - Hinjawadi line.

Parameter-1 (To be quantified)		
	200 1/ 0	4000 104
Maximum capacity of Double circuit line to transfer power	600 X 2 =	1200 MW
2.Energy transfer annually = 3.Transmission losses 3% =	1X1200X24X365 =	1,05,12,000 MWH (-) 3,15,360 MWH
4.Net energy transferred =		1,01,96,640 MWH
5.Rate of power tariff =	Rs. 3.00 per unit	
6. Total power tariff for energy transfer per year =	10196640 X 3.0=	Rs.3059 Crore
Parameter-2 (Value judgement) Benefit to economy		
a) Increase in irrigation area		
1.Energy transfer =		1,01,96640 MWH
2.Energy utilised for irrigation purpose =	<b>6%</b> X 10196640	6.11.798 MWH
3.Units consumed per Ha. By 10 H.P. pump per annum =	6.76 KW X 12 X 365=	29,608.80
4.Total area increased =	3058992/29608.80 =	20,663 Hectare
5.Monetary benefit for irrigation per Ha. Per annum due to	Rs.2790/- per Ha.	
saving in labour cost due to availability of electricity = 6.Therefore, monetary benefit for 103313 Ha.=	Rs.2790 X 103313=	Rs. 5.76 Crore
o.Therefore, monetary benefit for 103313 Ha.=	KS.2190 X 103313=	13. 3.70 01016
b) Increase by food production (Value judgement)		
1. Increase in food production per Hect. Per year 4.65 Ton		
approx.		
2. Therefore, increase in food production in 20,663 Hect. =	4.65 X 20,663 =	96081.66 Ton
3. Minimum cost of produced food per Ton =	Rs. 2000/- per Ton	Do. 40.00 Cross
4. Therefore total cost increase in food production = c) Benefit to New Industries (Value judgement)	Rs. 2000 X 96.081.66 =	Rs. 19.22 Crore
	70.25 602 MM/L	
1. Industrial share of energy = 69% of 1,01,96,640 MWH =	70,35,682 MWH	
2. Share of New Industries = 3% of New Industries 3. Therefore, power served to New Industries =	3% X 70,35,682 =	2,11,070 MWH
4. Benefit to New Indutries due to this power@Rs.6/- per		
unit of the energy supplied per annum =	2,11,070 MWH X 6.00 =	Rs 126.64 Crores
Parameter-3 (Value judgement)		
Population benefit Population based on beneficiary		
Increase in population in last 10 year = 10%		
Total population benefit =	10 Lakh	
Considering 6 member in one family,	10/0	4.071.11
Total benefit families = Total benefit to population =	10/6 = Rs.600/- X 1.67 =	1.67 Lakh <b>Rs. 10 Crore</b>
Parameter-4 (Value judgement)	10.000/ X 1.0/ =	
Employement potential		
a) Direct 1. Daily 2000 mandays for one year =	2000X365 = 730000	
1. Daily 2000 mandays for one year =	say 7.3 Lakhs MD approx.	
2. Benefit for employment@Rs. 75/- per MD X 2200000 =	Rs.75 X 730000 =	Rs 5.48 Crore
b) Indirect (Agriculture Sector)		
1. Out of total population of 1 crore, the labour recruitment generated per day in agriculture sector =	2 Lakh	
gonorated per day in agriculture sector =		
2. Therefore, total mandays invested in agriculture sector 2	40 Lakh mandays	
lakhs X 20 working days =	15 Lain managy	
3. Benefit for employment in agriculture sector@Rs. 75/- per MD =	Rs.75 X 40Lakh =	Rs. 30 Crore
c) Direct (Industries sector)		
1. Out of total population of 1 crores, the labour recruitment		
generated in Indutries sector per day is 45,000 approx.		
2. Therefore total MD invested in Industrial sector per year =	46495000 404 05 1 -11	
45000 X 365 =	16425000 say 164.25 Lakhs	
3. Benefit for employment in Indutrial sector @ Rs.75/- per	Rs. 12,318 Lakhs =	123.18 Crore
MD X 164.25 Lakh =	]	