COST BENEFIT ANALYSIS (TOTAL)

Project: - Construction of 132 KV DCSS Bhanupratappur- Pakhanjur line Transmission line

A. BENEFIT-

Calculation of cost benefit due to construction of Transmission line.

- i. Demand when proposed Transmission line commissioned A=40 MVA.
- ii. Expected sale of Energy in KWH/ year B=Ax1000xL.F.xPFxHrs./year
- = 40x1000x0.8x0.9x8760

= 252288000Units

- iii. Weighted average incremental tariff of state (Rs. Per unit) C=0.25
- iv. Value of benefit to CSPTCL for sale of Energy/year D= BXC D=0.25x 252288000

D= Rs. 630,72Lac

Net profit after 50 year Net profit = 31536.00 lacs

= 50*630.72 Lac

B. COST-

- i. Investment Cost of the Project 7070.00Lacs
- ii. Total Loss due to Forest Diversion 4823.35Lacs
- iii. Total Loss (1+2)

11893.35Lacs

C. COST BENEFIT RATIO = 31536/11893.35

= 1:2.65

Ratio = 1:2.65

E.H.T. (Const.), Dn. CSPTCL Bhilai-3

Divisional Forest Officer
East Bhanupratappur forest Division

Bhanupratappur

COST BENEFIT ANALYSIS CALCULATION OF LOSS OF FORESTIS

Sr Ma	PRAMETERS OF EVALUATION OF LOSS OF FOREST					
ar. No.	Project	Construction of 132 KV DCSS Bhanupratappu Pakhajur line Transmission line				
	Forest land need to be diverted	40.426 Hectare				
	Average quality of forest		III rd			
	Average density of forest	0.4 to 0.6				
	No of trees (above 20 cm girth)	2256				
1	Evaluation of Loss of Value of timber fuel, wood and mino forest produce on an innual basis including loss of man hour per annum of people who derived live hood & wages					
A.	Evaluation of loss of timber, fuel, minor forest produce (M.F.P.), Mandays					
	Items	Cum.	Rate	Amount		
	a. Estimated Timber volume	130.29	25031	3261288.99		
	b. Estimated Fuel volume	296.917		464972.022		
	c. Estimated Total Timber & Fuel volume	427.207				
	d. Estimated Total value of timber &fuel loss		Rupee	3726261.012		
	e. Estimated loss of timber, fuel as per enumeration list	3726261.012 Rupee				
В.	Value of minor forest produce (M.F.P.)					
	a. Total forest Area for diversion in Hectare		40.476	Martara		
	b. Total annual income from MFP in the Division.	40.426 Hectare 302435032.00 Rupee				
	c. Total forest area of Division in Hectare	130377.00 Hectare				
	d. Average annual revenue per Hectare from M.F.P.			Rupee		
2	e. Value of M.F.P. loss = Average annual revenue per Hectare x Area of diverted forest		93776.039	Annual Indiana and a second		
	Loss of mandays:-					
i i	a. Cost of coupe working :-	14.5 MD/ Curn or 2952 Rs./ per curn.				
	b. Estimated total volume of timber & fuel =	427,207 Cum. in 40.4	427.207 Cum. in 40.426 Hectare.			
	Mandays per hectare =	MD per Curiix Volume of wood in Cum.)/ Area if				
	Mandays per hectare =	=14.5*427.207/40.42	=14.5*427.207/40.426			
	d. Therefore Coupe working Mandays per hectare	153.23 Mandys/Hectare				
	e. Cost of M.F.P. collection per hectare is about 60% of Gross revenue per hectare	=2320*60/100				
	Cost of M.F.P. collection per hectare		1391.82	Rupee		
	Present Dally wages		223	Rupee		
6	M.F.P. collection Mandays/hectare	= Cost of M.F.P. collection per hectare / Dall wages=1391.82/223				
1	M.F.P. collection Mandays/hectare		6.24	Mandays/Hec		
1	Total Mandays per hactare = 163.36+6.24		The State of the S	Mandays/Hec		
j k	Total Loss of mandays = 169.60*40.426			Mandays		
		=6856.25*223				
1	Total Loss of Mandays in value	1528944 Rupee				
T N	otal loss of timber, fuel, minor forest produce (M.F.P.), Mandays = Loss due to (2A.e+1B.e+1C.I)		5348981	Rupee= 53.489 Lac		
			1.	The second second		

2	Loss of animal husbandry productivity including loss of	Productivity of a	nimal husbandry	including loss o	
	fodder	Productivity of animal husbandry including loss of fodder will not affected by transmission line, because these line will be drawn overhead in air and area below the line is totally free for animal husbandry productivity including fodder.			
3	Cost. Of human resettlement	There is no inhabitant as per record in transmission lin corridor in forest land. Hence there would be no los due to human settlement.			
4	Loss of public facilities and administrative infrastructure(roads, buildings, school, Dispensary, Electric lines, Railway etc., on forest land if these facilities were diverted due to the project.	A STANDARD CONTRACTOR OF THE PROPERTY OF THE P			
5	Environment losses (soil erosion effect a hydrological cycle, wildlife habitats of Ecological balances.)	Environment losses is quantified as fallows.			
	items	Forest Division Bhanupratappur (East & West)			
	a. Forest area proposed for diversion in hectare	40.426			
	 Environmental value of one Hectare of July stocked forest (density 1.0) for period 50 year. 	181.00			
	c. Density of proposed forest	0.6			
	d. Total Environmental loss for a period of 50 year in lacs.	=40.426×181 ×0.6			
	d. Total Environmental loss for a period of 50 year in lacs.	4390.26 tacs			
6	Suffering to outsets.	Not applicable since there is no displacement of people.			
7.	NPV of proposed area to be diverted @ Rs. 9.39 Lacs per hectere				
	Compartment no	Area in Hectare	Rate Rs.in lac	Amount in lacs	
	OA-79,71,267,228,13,492,1,170,43,13,112,80,79,62,678,749, 539,542,119,123 PF-899,919,932,875,842 RF-640,639,638 Revenue Forest- 59,13,83,85,282,4,94,97,1,67	40.426	9.39 lacs	379.60	
	Control of the state of the sta	379.60 lacs			
-	Total NPV	4823,35 lacs			
8	Total Loss (1 to 7)	9043,33 (863			

Executive Engineer E.H.T. (Const.) Dn. CSPTCL Bhilai-3 Divisional Forest Officer

East Shanupratappur forest Division

Bhanupratappur