

F.No.J-11015/481/2007-IA.II (M)
Government of India
Ministry of Environment & Forests

Paryavaran Bhavan,
C.G.O. Complex, Lodi Road,
New Delhi-110003.

Dated the 16th June, 2008

To
✓ Shri Chandi Prasad Sharma
Mine owner,
At Amlatola, P.O. Chaibasa,
District West Singhbhum,
Jharkhand-833 201

Subject: Expansion of Raikela Bahamba Iron & Manganese Mining Project of Shri Chandi Prasad Sharma located in Village(s) Raikela, Bahamba and Tensa, Tehsil Bonai, District Sudergarh, Orissa-environmental clearance regarding.

Sir,

This has reference to your letter No. 'Nil' dated 28.05.2007 and subsequent letters dated 15.02.2008, 10.03.2008 and 19.03.2008 on the subject mentioned above. The proposal is for enhancement of production of iron ore from 36,000tonnes per annum (TPA) to 50,000TPA. The total mine lease area of the project is 69.606ha, out of which 67.716ha is forestland and 1.89ha is non-forestland. Area proposed for mining is 40.975ha, an area of 0.416ha is kept for over burden dumps, 0.54ha for mineral storage, 0.272ha for infrastructure, 0.123ha for roads, 1.9ha for green belt and 25.38ha is others (untouched area for future exploration). A seasonal nallah is located in the middle portion of the mine lease. The Kurarhi Nadi is flowing at a distance of 6km to the west of the mining lease. Modification/diversion in the existing drainage pattern has not been envisaged. No national park/wildlife sanctuary/biosphere reserve/tiger reserve/elephant reserve etc. is reported to be located in the core and buffer zone of the mine and that the area does not report to form corridor for Schedule-I fauna. In support of this, the project proponent has furnished a map duly authenticated by DFO and Wildlife Warden, Bonai Division. The Karo Karampada Elephant Corridor is reported to be located beyond buffer zone of the mine. The mine working will be opencast by semi-mechanised method involving blasting. The targetted production capacity of the mine is 50,000 TPA of iron ore and life of mine is 23years. The topography of the area is hilly at an elevation ranging from 590m-765m AMSL. The present working depth of mine is 765m RL and the ultimate working depth of mine will be 590m RL. The water table is at 570 mRL. The mine working will not intersect groundwater table. The water requirement of the project is estimated as 18m³ per day, which will be sourced from the surface water. There is no population in the core zone, therefore, no

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displacement of population and R&R is involved. Approximately 1381.33m³ per month of over burden will be generated, which will be dumped in the earmarked areas. It is estimated that 164164m³ of over burden will be generated during the life of the mine, which will be disposed off in the form of an external dump. The maximum height of dump will be 40m. Plantation will be raised in an area of 44.27ha at the end of the mine life. The Public hearing of the project was held on 28.02.2007 for enhancement of iron ore production upto 50,000TPA over an area of 69.6074ha. The Indian Bureau of Mines had approved mining plan along with the progressive mine closure plan of the project on 11.01.2008 for lease area of 69.606ha. The capital cost of the project is Rs.280Lakhs.

2. The Ministry of Environment and Forests has examined the application in accordance with Section 12 of the EIA Notification, 2006 read with para 1.2 of the Circular No. J-11013/41/2006-IA.II(I) dated 13.10.2006 and hereby accords environmental clearance under the provisions thereof to the above mentioned Raikela Bahamba Iron & Manganese Ore Mining Project of Shri Chandi Prasad Sharma for an annual production capacity of 50,000tonnes (0.05million tonnes) by opencast semi-mechanized method involving mining lease area of 69.606ha, subject to implementation of the following conditions and environmental safeguards.

A. Specific conditions

- (i) The project proponent shall obtain Consent to Establish from the State Pollution Control Board, Orissa and effectively implement all the conditions stipulated therein.
- (ii) Necessary forestry clearance under the Forest (Conservation) Act, 1980 for forestland involved in the project shall be obtained before commencing mining operation in that area. Environmental clearance is subject to grant of forestry clearance.
- (iii) The mining operations shall be restricted to above ground water table and it should not intersect groundwater table. In case of working below ground water table, prior approval of the Ministry of Environment and Forests and Central Ground Water Authority shall be obtained, for which a detailed hydro-geological study shall be carried out.
- (iv) The project proponent shall ensure that no natural watercourse and/or water resources shall be obstructed due to any mining operations. The project proponent shall take appropriate safeguard measures for protection of seasonal nallah located in the middle portion of the mine lease. Any blockage due to silting or accumulation of loose materials shall be checked on regular basis.

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- (v) The top soil, if any, shall temporarily be stored at earmarked site(s) only and it should not be kept unutilized for a period more than 3years. The topsoil shall be used for land reclamation and plantation.
- (vi) The over burden (OB) generated during the mining operation shall be stacked at earmarked dump site(s) only and it should not be kept active for long period of time. The maximum height of dump shall not exceed 40m in 5 terraces of 8m each and the overall slope of dump shall not exceed 27°. The OB dumps should be scientifically vegetated with suitable native species to prevent erosion and surface run off. In critical areas, use of geo textiles shall be undertaken for stabilization of the dump. Monitoring and management of rehabilitated areas should continue until the vegetation becomes self-sustaining. Compliance status should be submitted to the Ministry of Environment & Forests and its Regional Office located at Bhubaneswar on six monthly basis.
- (vii) Catch drains and siltation ponds of appropriate size shall be constructed around the working pit(s), soil, mineral and OB dumps to prevent run off of water and flow of sediments directly into the Kurarhi Nadi and other water bodies. The water so collected should be utilized for watering the mine area, roads, green belt development etc. The drains should be regularly desilted particularly after monsoon and maintained properly.

Garland drains, settling tanks and check dams of appropriate size, gradient and length shall be constructed both around the mine pit and temporary over burden dumps to prevent run off of water and flow of sediments directly into the Kurarhi Nadi and other water bodies and sump capacity should be designed keeping 50% safety margin over and above peak sudden rainfall (based on 50 years data) and maximum discharge in the area adjoining the mine site. Sump capacity should also provide adequate retention period to allow proper settling of silt material. Sedimentation pits should be constructed at the corners of the garland drains and desilted at regular intervals.

- (viii) Dimension of the retaining wall at the toe of over burden dumps and over burden benches within the mine to check run-off and siltation should be based on the rain fall data.
- (ix). Plantation shall be raised in an area of 44.27ha including a 7.5m wide green belt in the safety zone around the mining lease, quarry benches, OB dump, roads etc. by planting the native species in consultation with the local DFO/Agriculture Department. The density of the trees should be around 2500 plants per ha.
- (x) Regular water sprinkling should be carried out in critical areas prone to air pollution and having high levels of SPM and RPM such as around

crushing and screening plant, loading and unloading point and transfer points. Extensive water sprinkling should be carried out on haul roads. It should be ensured that the Ambient Air Quality parameters conform to the norms prescribed by the Central Pollution Control Board in this regard.

- (xi) Regular monitoring of water quality upstream and downstream of springs and nallahs located within 1km of the mine lease shall be carried out and record of monitoring data should be maintained and submitted to Ministry of Environment and Forests, its Regional Office, Bhubneswar, Central Groundwater Authority, Regional Director, Central Ground Water Board, State Pollution Control Board and Central Pollution Control Board.
- (xii) The project authority should implement suitable conservation measures to augment ground water resources in the area in consultation with the Regional Director, Central Ground Water Board.
- (xiii) Regular monitoring of ground water level and quality should be carried out in and around the mine lease by establishing a network of existing wells and constructing new piezometers during the mining operation. The monitoring should be carried out four times in a year – pre-monsoon (April-May), monsoon (August), post-monsoon (November) and winter (January) and the data thus collected may be sent regularly to Ministry of Environment and Forests and its Regional Office Bhubaneswar, Central Ground Water Authority and Regional Director, Central Ground Water Board.
- (xiv) The project proponent shall obtain necessary prior permission of the competent authorities for drawl of requisite quantity of water (surface water and ground water) for the project.
- (xv) Suitable rainwater harvesting measures on long term basis shall be planned and implemented in consultation with Regional Director, Central Ground Water Board.
- (xvi) Appropriate mitigative measures should be taken to prevent pollution of Kurarhi Nadi in consultation with the State Pollution Control Board.
- (xvii) Minerals handling plant should be provided with adequate number of high efficiency dust extraction system. Loading and unloading areas including all the transfer points should also have efficient dust control arrangements. These should be properly maintained and operated.
- (xviii) Vehicular emissions should be kept under control and regularly monitored. Measures shall be taken for maintenance of vehicles used in

mining operations and in transportation of mineral. The mineral transportation shall be carried out through covered trucks only and the vehicles carrying the mineral shall not be overloaded.

- (xix) Blasting operation should be carried out only during the daytime. Controlled blasting should be practiced. The mitigative measures for control of ground vibrations and to arrest fly rocks and boulders should be implemented.
- (xx) Drills shall either be operated with dust extractors or equipped with water injection system.
- (xxi) Consent to operate should be obtained from the State Pollution Control Board prior to start of enhanced production from the mine.
- (xxii) Sewage treatment plant should be installed for the colony. ETP should also be provided for workshop and wastewater generated during mining operation.
- (xxiii) The project proponent shall take all precautionary measures during mining operation for conservation and protection of endangered fauna if any spotted in the study area and contribute towards the cost of implementation of the plan and/or Regional Wildlife Management Plan for conservation of flora and fauna so prepared by the State Government. The amount so contributed shall be included in the project cost. A copy of action plan may be submitted to the Ministry and its Regional Office, Bhubaneswar within 3 months.
- (xxiv) A Final Mine Closure Plan along with details of Corpus Fund should be submitted to the Ministry of Environment & Forests 5 years in advance of final mine closure for approval.

B. General conditions

- (i) No change in mining technology and scope of working should be made without prior approval of the Ministry of Environment & Forests.
- (ii) No change in the calendar plan including excavation, quantum of mineral iron ore and waste should be made.
- (iii) Four ambient air quality-monitoring stations should be established in the core zone as well as in the buffer zone for RPM, SPM, SO₂ & NO_x monitoring. Location of the stations should be decided based on the meteorological data, topographical features and environmentally and ecologically sensitive targets and frequency of monitoring should be undertaken in consultation with the State Pollution Control Board.

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- (iv) Data on ambient air quality (RPM, SPM, SO₂ & NO_x) should be regularly submitted to the Ministry including its Regional office located at Bhubaneswar and the State Pollution Control Board / Central Pollution Control Board once in six months.
- (v) Fugitive dust emissions from all the sources should be controlled regularly. Water spraying arrangement on haul roads, loading and unloading and at transfer points should be provided and properly maintained.
- (vi) Measures should be taken for control of noise levels below 85 dBA in the work environment. Workers engaged in operations of HEMM, etc. should be provided with ear plugs / muffs.
- (vii) Industrial waste water (workshop and waste water from the mine) should be properly collected, treated so as to conform to the standards prescribed under GSR 422 (E) dated 19th May, 1993 and 31st December, 1993 or as amended from time to time. Oil and grease trap should be installed before discharge of workshop effluents.
- (viii) Personnel working in dusty areas should wear protective respiratory devices and they should also be provided with adequate training and information on safety and health aspects.

Occupational health surveillance program of the workers should be undertaken periodically to observe any contractions due to exposure to dust and take corrective measures, if needed.

- (ix) A separate environmental management cell with suitable qualified personnel should be set-up under the control of a Senior Executive, who will report directly to the Head of the Organization.
- (x) The funds earmarked for environmental protection measures should be kept in separate account and should not be diverted for other purpose. Year wise expenditure should be reported to the Ministry and its Regional Office located at Bhubaneswar.
- (xi) The project authorities should inform to the Regional Office located at Bhubaneswar regarding date of financial closures and final approval of the project by the concerned authorities and the date of start of land development work.
- (xii) The Regional Office of this Ministry located at Bhubaneswar shall monitor compliance of the stipulated conditions. The project authorities should extend full cooperation to the officer (s) of the Regional Office by furnishing the requisite data / information / monitoring reports.

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- (xiii) The project proponent shall submit six monthly report on the status of the implementation of the stipulated environmental safeguards to the Ministry of Environment and Forests, its Regional Office, Bhubaneswar, Central Pollution Control Board and State Pollution Control Board.
 - (xiv) A copy of clearance letter will be marked to concerned Panchayat / local NGO, if any, from whom suggestion / representation has been received while processing the proposal.
 - (xv) State Pollution Control Board should display a copy of the clearance letter at the Regional office, District Industry Centre and Collector's office/ Tehsildar's Office for 30 days.
 - (xvi) The project authorities should advertise at least in two local newspapers widely circulated, one of which shall be in the vernacular language of the locality concerned, within 7 days of the issue of the clearance letter informing that the project has been accorded environmental clearance and a copy of the clearance letter is available with the State Pollution Control Board and also at web site of the Ministry of Environment and Forests at <http://envfor.nic.in> and a copy of the same should be forwarded to the Regional Office of this Ministry located Bhubaneswar.
3. The Ministry or any other competent authority may alter/modify the above conditions or stipulate any further condition in the interest of environment protection.
4. Failure to comply with any of the conditions mentioned above may result in withdrawal of this clearance and attract action under the provisions of Environment (Protection) Act, 1986.
5. The above conditions will be enforced inter-alia, under the provisions of the Water (Prevention & Control of Pollution) Act, 1974, the Air (Prevention & Control of Pollution) Act, 1981, the Environment (Protection) Act, 1986 and the Public Liability Insurance Act, 1991 along with their amendments and rules made thereunder and also any other orders passed by any Court of Law relating to the subject matter.
6. Any appeal against this environmental clearance shall lie with the National Environment Appellate Authority, if preferred within a period of 30 days as prescribed under Section 11 of the National Environment Appellate Act, 1997.


(SATISH C. GARKOTI)
Additional Director (S)
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Copy to:

- (i) The Secretary, Ministry of Mines, Government of India, Shastri Bhawan, New Delhi.
- (ii) The Secretary, Department of Environment, Government of Orissa, Secretariat, Bhubaneswar.
- (iii) The Secretary, Department of Mines and Geology, Government of Orissa, Secretariat, Bhubaneswar.
- (iv) The Secretary, Department of Forests, Government of Orissa, Secretariat, Bhubaneswar.
- (v) The Chief Wildlife Warden, Government of Orissa, Bhubaneswar.
- (vi) The Chairman, Central Pollution Control Board, Parivesh Bhawan, CBD-cum-Office Complex, East Arjun Nagar, Delhi-110032.
- (vii) The Chief Conservator of Forests, Regional Office (EZ), Ministry of Environment and Forests, A-3 Chandrashekharpur, Bhubaneswar-751023.
- (viii) The Chairman, Orissa State Pollution Control Board, Parivesh Bhawan, A/118 Nilakantha Nagar, Unit-VIII, Bhubaneswar-751012.
- (ix) The Member Secretary, Central Ground Water Authority, A2, W3 Curzon Road Barracks, K.G. Marg, New Delhi-110001.
- (x) The District Collector, Sundergarh District, Government of Orissa.
- (xi) EI Division, Ministry of Environment & Forests, EI Division, New Delhi.
- (xii) Monitoring File.
- (xiii) Guard File.
- (xiv) Record File.