परियोजना का नाम :--

:- जनपद पौडी गढवाल में प्रधानमंत्री ग्राम सड़क योजना के अन्तर्गत द्वारीखाल से बरसूडी मोटर मार्ग (कि0मी0 0.00 से कि0मी0 0.500) के नव निर्माण हेतु वन भूमि हस्तान्तरण प्रस्ताव।

भू-वैज्ञानिक की संस्तुतियों / सुझावों का अनुपालन किये जाने का प्रमाण-पत्र।

प्रमाणित किया जाता है कि विषयगत परियोजना के निर्माण हेतु भू–वैज्ञानिक द्वारा दिये गये सुझावों / संस्तुतियों का अनुपालन सुनिश्चित किया जायेगा।

कनिष्ट अभियन्ता पी०एम०जी०एस०वाई०-सिंचाइ खण्ड कोटद्वार पौडी गढवाल

सहायक अभियन्ता पी०एम०जी०एस०वाई०-सिंचाइ खण्ड कोटद्वार पौडी गढवाल

अधिशासी अभियन्ता पी०एम०जी०एस०वाई०–सिंचाइ खण्ड कोटद्वार पौड़ी गढवाल Office of Empanelled Geologist पत्रांक 622/148व्यक-सा0/13 दिनांक 15/05/2013 P.W.D. Uttrakhand

> Geological Investigation Report E.G. – Road / Bridge / Alignment PMGSY Kotdwar – 27/ 2021

Geological Assessment of the Alignment of the Proposed Road named Dwarikhal to Barsudi (Ch.0.000 to 0.500) km Motor Road in Distt. Pauri

15 Feb. 2021



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<u>Geological Assessment of the Alignment of the Proposed Road named</u> <u>Dwarikhal to Barsudi (Ch. 0.000 to 0.500 km) Motor Road</u> <u>in Distt. Pauri</u>

J.P. Madhwal 20/06/2017

- 1. Introduction :- The PMGSY, I.D., Kotdwar has proposed the construction of 0.500 Km. long motor road named Dwarikhal to Barsudi Motor Road on the request of the Executive Engineer, PMGSY, Irrigation Division Kotdwar, I carried out the geological assessment of the proposed alignment of the road in presence of Er. Ram singh the concerned J.E. on 11/02/2021
- 2. Location:- The proposed alignment is Starting from Km. 15 of Gumkhal to Risikesh Motor Road.
- 3. Geological Assessment:- Geologically the area of the proposed road is located in the inner lands of Lesser Himalaya Belt which is mostly occupied by the rocks of Damta Group. The phyllite & slate are exposed along the alignment. These rocks are massive to thinly bedded, soft to very hard, compact and partially weathered in nature.

Four prominent and one random joints set in addition to minor shear zone traverse these rocks and control the stability of the various slope facets. The alignment passes in inclined to moderate angle slope and are partially covered with the overburden material of varying thickness ranging from 0.5 m to 1.5 m thick. The rock mass exposed along the alignment corridor is mostly hard and its "Uniaxial Compressive Strength" has been estimated ranging between 50 M Pa to 90 M Pa (ISRM Manual Index). By and large the joints traversing the rock masses are widely spaced through except at places where the rocks is sheared and shattered. The values of the Rock Quality Designation (RQD) calculated at the site ranging between 71 percent to 80 percent suggests that the slope forming rock masses are less distressed in nature and decrease the risks of instability. All the joints planes of the rocks are rough to moderately smooth, tight and sometimes sealed with the secondary inclusion.



J P MADHWAL M Sc GEOLOGY EMPANELLED GEOLOGIST PWD UTTARAKHAND The overburden exhibits distinct properties of strength parameters depending upon the surface and subsurface hydrological conditions and it ranges from 50 k Pa to 350 k Pa according to the water content and grain size distribution.

The details of the joints recorded at the site are given in the following table:-

S. No.	Feature	Dip angle	Din d'
1	2	3	Dip direction
J	(S ₀ Bedding Joint)	250	4
J ₂	(S ₁ Foliation Joint)	300	N165
J ₃	(Random Joint Set)	320	N210
J ₄	(Sealed with Quartzites)	100	N260
and the second second	(Source with Qualizites)	40	N310

Table

On the basis of the geological / geotechnical studies carried at the site and the facts mentioned above the following recommendations are being made for the construction of the proposed road.

4. Recommendation:-

- (i) The alignment some time traverses along/across minor fault zone which is geologically fragile and special attention needs to be given for stability of road where alignment crossing the Nalas or Gads or Local streams and soft rock zone.
- (ii) The hill slope is another factor responsible for geological hazards, the road basically traverses the slope class 35° to 48° special attention needs to be given for stability where it is 60° to 65° in some parts.
- (iii) Special attention should be pay for the protection of H.P. Bends.
- (iv) Do not dispose the debris in hill side, dispose it in a safe zone.
- (v) Do not blast heavily on the rocks and blasting is restricted near the human settlement / public property.
- (vi) The road must have extra wide lined long drain with adequate cross drainage arrangement.

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- (vii) The road must be formed shoulder to shoulder paved, this is so to check the water ingress into the sub surface material.
- (viii) Construct suitably designed retaining walls / brest wall all along the road, it is essential for the overall stability of the hill slope.
- (ix) All the construction activity must be carried out as per the standards and norms following the BIS codes prescribed for the similar civil construction in Himalayan Zone.
- (x) This report is prefeasibility report. At the time of construction it need separate geological concern.

5. Conclusion:- On the basis of the geological / geotechnical studies carried at the site and with the above recommendations, the site was found geologically suitable for the construction of 0.500 Km. long motor road named Dwarikhal to Barsudi Motor Road (Ch.0/000to 0.500km), Distt. Pauri, Uttrakhand.

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