

## प्रारूप—

# भूवैज्ञानिक आख्या

परियोजना का नाम— राज्य योजना के अन्तर्गत जनपद उत्तरकाशी के विकास खण्ड चिन्यालीसौङ में चिन्यालीसौङ—जोगथ मोटर मार्ग से पुजारगांव महेश्वर मन्दिर तक मोटर मार्ग का निर्माण कार्य 1.825 किमी० (लम्बाई) निर्माण हेतु 1.4385 हेठो आरक्षित/सिविल वन भूमि हस्तान्तरण प्रस्ताव।

प्रस्तावित परियोजना की भूवैज्ञानिक आख्या सलग्न है।

कार्यालय प्रमुख अधियक्ष एवं विभागाध्यक्ष  
उत्तराखण्ड लोक निर्माण विभाग  
देहरादून

मू-गर्भीय निरीक्षण आख्या ऐजी०-३३/सड़क/पुल/समरेखण/उत्तराखण्ड/गढवाल-२०१६

Geological assessment of 2 km long alignment corridor proposed for the construction of motor road joining Bhadeshwar mandir in Pujargaon with the Chinyalisaur-Jaugath motor road, Chinyalisaur block, Distt. Uttarakash

Geological assessment of 2 km long alignment corridor proposed for the construction of motor road joining Bhadeshwar mandir in Pujargaon with the Chinyalisaur-Jaugath motor road, Chinyalisaur block, Distt. Uttarkashi

Shri Kinner Raj

Date: 13.01.2017

**1- Introduction:-** The Provincial Engineer, Public Works Department, Chinyalisaur vide C.O. No. 533/H(2)/14-15/2000/20/3 dated 21.01.2014 has been entrusted for the construction of 2 km long motor road (Actual length is 1.825 km on top hill slope) joining Bhaeshwar mandir in Pujargaon with the Chinyalisaur-Jaugath motor road, Chinyalisaur Block, Yamnotri Constituency, Distt. Uttarkashi. On the request made by Er. D.K. Bisht, Executive Engineer I carried out the geological Assessment of the proposed alignment corridor on 13.01.2017. Er. P.K Aggarwal, Asstt. Engineer also accompanied the site visit.

**2- Location:-** The proposed alignment corridor of the above said motor road originates from the Bhaeshwar mandir of Pujargaon and ultimately joins with the Chinyalisaur -Jaugath motor road comprising 2 HP bend at Chainage 0+7 and MBS of 1.825 km across the hill slope.

**3- Geological Assessment:-** Chinyalisaur and its surrounding areas includes the alignment corridor geologically forms a part of the Central Lesser Himalayan Belt. This area is represented by the rocks quartzites, phyllites, shales/slates belonging to Nathuakhain and Betal Ghat formations of Rangpur Group and the Bering quartzite of Jaisar Group. The terrain containing this alignment is characterized by the hill slopes including gently between  $30^{\circ}$  -  $35^{\circ}$ . Most of this alignment corridor comprised the thick cover of overburden material and joint outcrops of bed rocks. The rocky slopes are exposed in isolated stretches of irregular pattern. The rock quartzites exposed along this alignment are interbedded by thin bands of shale, generally the rocks exposed along the alignment are slightly weathered, moderately hard and dissected by many numerous joint sets. The joint planes are linear and tight. According to the estimation made manually at the site the "Uniaxial Compressive Strength" of the rock masses exposed on the cross slopes of this alignment was found ranging between 80 MPa to 100 MPa. At places where the rock masses are sheared, shattered, leached and disintegrated a few thin joints penetrating the surface were observed.

The overburden material along the cross slopes of this alignment is mainly yellowish brown, having a compact or natural state of weathering. The rounded rock fragments embedded in the sandy silty-clayey matrix. Huge scree's are also exposed on the cross slope which indicate the mass movement. The overburden material deposited on the cross slopes of this alignment is not naturally soil-dispersive soils. These consist of sand, silt and clayey soils. The competence in the shear resistance is high at the base the shear resistance is "Good" at the top of the alignment. The competent layer of the composite soils exposed along this alignment is found occurring below the depth of 10 m.

The features observed in the alignment area are adjacent to the corona and the alignment and do not manifest any major reactivation of the pre-existing HC and induced movements. The entire visibility around the alignment is limited due to the presence of dense vegetation and over grown trees. The alignment is located in the hilly terrain and the soil is very soft and not walkable.

- By and large the cross slopes of this alignment are stable and free from any recent landslides and any other mass-wasting activities.

On the basis of above geological inspection, study carried at the site following recommendations are being made for the construction of the proposed motor road failing to these recommendations this report will be treated automatically as cancelled.

## **6- Recommendations:**

- 1- Form the road by half cut and half fill technique and compact the fill material by dynamic compaction.
- 2- Do not throw the excavated waste on the lower slope otherwise it will damage the houses located lower slope and lead hill slope stability.
- 3- In order to maintain the overall stability of the hill slopes and the road construct suitable designed retaining walls/ bretz walls all along the road.
- 4- Construct large hill side drain/concrete drain all along the road and make adequate cross drainage arrangements.
- 5- Make adequate arrangements to dispose the waste water on the safe/ stable ground.
- 6- All the construction activity must be carried out as per the Indian standards codes of practice and norms prescribed by the BIS.

- 7- **Conclusion:** On the basis of the geological / geotechnical studies carried at the site and with the above recommendations, the proposed 2 km long alignment corridor (actual length 1.1825 km across the hill slopes) was found suitable for the construction of motor road joining Bhadeswar Mandir in Pargana with the Chinyalisaur-Jaugath motor road comprising (2 HP bend, Chinyalisaur Block, Yamnotri Constituency, Distt. Uttarkashi.



(Shiv Kumar Rai)

Astt. Geologist

Office of the Engineer in Charge