FIELD INSPECTION NOTES OF K. MOHAN, DIVISIONAL FOREST OFFICER, ADILABAD ON DIVERSION OF 4.145 Ha FOREST LAND IN ADILABAD, ECHODA AND INDERVELLY RANGES OF ADILABAD DIVISION FOR LAYING OF PIPE LINE AND CONSTRUCTION OF OTHER STRUCTURES FOR PROVIDING SAFE DRINKING WATER IN ADILABAD DIST -MAVALA SEGMENT-21/1 ON 01.05, 2016

I along with concerned Range staff inspected the proposed diversion of Forest Land for laying of pipe line and construction of other structures for providing safe drinking water in Adilabad dist –Mavala segment-21/1 in Adilabad Division. The proposed area is falling in Mavala, Malkapur, Ambadi, Tamsi, and Arli of Adilabad Range and Harkai and Dedra of Echoda Range and Sathnala of Indervelly Range Reserve Forest blocks. The areas diverted in Reserve Forests is as follows:

Comp	RF Block	Length (Mt)	Area (Ha)
	Rai	nge: Adilabad	
254	Mavala	380,229	0.027
255	Malkapur	785.949	
255	Malkapur	839.509	0.055
255	Malkapur	409.548	0.059
243	Mavala	2233.209	0.029
244	Mavala	159.206	0.893
246	Mavala	2383.408	0.127
244	Mavala	OHBR	0.715
221	Ambadi	365.263	0.125
221	Ambadi	542.516	0.044
221	Ambadi	OHBR	0.380
222	Ambadi	963.400	0.07
245	Mavala	203,400	0.096
225	Ambadi	499.028	0.000
237	Tamsi	277.746	0.035
236	Tamsi	3557.44	0.019
236	Tamsi	141.639	0.249
230	Arli	1543.136	0.010
millen		15081.226	0.108
W. S.	Rano	ge: Echoda	3.041
139	Harkai	3051.328	0.00
139	Harkai	1385.884	0.915
138	Dedra	721.919	0.097
			0.051
	Range	5159.131 Indervelly	1.0629
363	Sathnala Sathnala	590.849	0.04
Grand Total			0.041
		20831.206	4.145

The length of Laying of pipe line in forest is 20.831 KM (20831.26 Mts) and width is 0.70 to 8.00 Mts. The proposed area passes through Southern Tropical Dry Deciduous forest with canopy density of (0.4).

Regarding the flora present in the area, the species commonly found are Chloroxylon swietenia (Billudu) Lagerstroemia parviflora (Chennangi) Lannea coromandelica (Gumpena), Tectona grandis (Teak), Butea monosperma (Moduga), Boswellia serrata (Anduga) Cassia fistula (Rela) Azadirachta indica (Vepa), Acacia Arabica (Tumma), Holoptelia integrifolia (Nemalinara), and Madhuca indica (Eppa).



Regarding violations in the Forest Conservation Act, 1980, there is no violation in the proposed site of the project.

The said proposed area for diversion does not form part of National Park, Wildlife Sanctuary, Biosphere Reserve, Tiger Reserve, Elephant Corridor etc. There are no rare/ endangered/unique species of flora and fauna found in the forest area proposed for diversion. There are no protected Archaeological/ Heritage site/Defence establishment or any other important monument in the forest area proposed for diversion.

The laying of pipe line for drinking water will solve the acute drinking water problems in the interior tribal villages in tribal areas in Adilabad District. Hence recommended.

Divisional Forest Officer, Adilabad.