Report accompanying the forest proposals of Dr.B.R. Ambedkar Pranahita Project at Tummidi Hetti(V), Koutala(M), erstwhile Asifabad Dist, presently Komarambheem-Asifabad and Mancherial Districts.

I. <u>ORIGINAL PROPOSALS</u>:

1.1 <u>Introduction:</u> Dr. B.R. Ambedkar Pranahita-Chevella Sujala Sravanthi project envisages diversion of **160 TMC** of water by constructing a barrage across river Pranahita near the confluence of rivers Wardha and Wainganga at Tummidi Hetti (V), Koutala(M), erstwhile Adilabad District of Telangana State. It further utilizes 20 TMC of water from River Godavari at Sripada Yellampally Project. This project was planned to provide Irrigation facilities for an ayacut of 16,40,000 Acres (6,63,000 Ha) in drought prone areas in seven Districts in Telangana State utilizing 5 online balancing reservoirs of other projects and seven newly proposed reservoirs. Further, the project also envisages provision for drinking water to the enrouted villages, industrial requirements and drinking water to twin cities of Hyderabad & Secunderabad.

1.2 Scope of The Scheme:

- To provide Irrigation facilities for a command area of 6,63,700 Hactres in Drought prone areas in 7 erstwhile districts of Telangana State.
- To provide 10 TMC as Drinking water to the enroute villages.
- To provide 30 TMC as drinking water to twin cities of Hyderabad & Secunderabad.
- To provide 16 TMC as Industrial water.

The administrative approval for the project was sanctioned for Rs.38,500 Crores vide G.O.Ms.No.238, Dt: 17.12.2008. In-Principle clearance for the project was received from Central Water Commission in 04/2010. The Detailed Project Report was submitted to CWC, New Delhi in 10/2010.

1.3 Water Conveyor System:

The project envisages utilizing 160 TMC (Thousand Million Cubic Feet, to be lifted in 90 days) of water from River Pranahita which is a major tributary of Godavari River, for a number of purposes. Part of Pranahita water will also be transferred into the Krishna Basin too. It consists of many stages and many lifts. As a first step, Water will be lifted from the proposed dam on River Pranahita at Tummidi Hetti village in erstwhile Adilabad district of Telangana State and will finally be released in Chevella barrage to be built on River Krishna in Telangana, Located at 40 km from Hyderabad, Chevella is a Mandal in erstwhile Rangareddy District of Telangana. The total length of canals transferring this water through undulating terrain is an 1055 km and total length of tunnels is 209 km. Following are the multiple stages through which water will be transferred by Canals, Tunnels, Lifts, Reservoirs and Distributary Networks:

Link No.	<u>Description of Item</u>	Canal Length (km)	Command Area in Ha
Link-I:	From Barrage on Pranhita near Tummidi Hatti to Sripada Sagar Reservoir at Yelampalli on Godavari main river	116.00	22865
Link-II:	From Sripada Rao Sagar Reservoir at Yelampalli to Mid Manair Reservoir on Maner River	36.63	-
Link-III:	From Mid Manair Reservoir to Upper Manair Reservoir	44.15	32375
Link-IV:	From Mid Manair Reservoir to Pamulaparthy Reservoir	70.60	(165115
Link-V:	From Tipparam Reservoir to Chityala	125.70	89235
Link-VI:	From Tipparam Reservoir to Chevella Reservoir	327.95	176045
Link-VII:	From SRSP Foreshore to Nizamsagar Canals and Nirmal & Mudhole Constituencies	333.87	178065
	TOTAL		6,63,700

Project involves 19 lifts. Project proposes to lift water from Pranhita River and crossing the ridge line of Godavari Basin near Narsapur village in erstwhile Medak District of Telangana release it in Krishna Basin in a proposed barrage at Chevella. Elevation of Pranhita River at Tummidi Hatti is 150 m and the level at Chevella is 600 m. In between, water will be lifted at many elevated places. Average pumping head of the project is 530 m and total pumping head for the project is 1270 m. The project requires 3,466 MW of power.

During 2012, agreement was signed by combined Andhra Pradesh and Maharashtra to implement the Pranahita-Chevella at Delhi will open a new chapter with regard to utilization of water in the Godavari basin

The proposed activities pass through the forest areas at certain reaches. Hence requires clearances under the Forest (Conservation) Act,1980 and Environmental (Protection) Act,1986.

Accordingly, the proposals for diversion of **3170.4445** in **nine** erstwhile forest divisions of Telangana covering in **11** packages out of 27 packages were submitted to the Forest Department under the Forest (Conservation) Act,1980. The same has been forwarded by the State Government in December,2014 to MoEF&CC, GoI, New Delhi for according necessary approvals under the Forest (Conservation) Act,1980. A team of officials from Regional Office, MoEF&CC, GoI, Chennai also visited the forest areas proposed for diversion. The additional information sought by the MoEF&CC, GoI was also submitted.

However, the objections raised by the Maharashtra Government on the height of the dam at Thummidihatti (152 m MSL) because of submergence of the areas including the forest areas and the environmental impact was not taken into consideration by the united Andhra Pradesh Government.

Because of the inter-state aspects, hydrology, storage requirements and integrated irrigation planning of certain important projects by the Government, it was essential to take up re-engineering/ re-design of the project.

II. <u>NECESSITY OF RE-ENGINEERING/RE-DESIGNING:</u>

Introduction: An Inter-State agreement for Constitution of Inter State Board has 2.1 been signed between the Chief Ministers of the two States of Andhra Pradesh & Maharashtra on 05/05/2012 and Maharashtra Government expressed concerns over fixing of the proposed FRL of +152.00 for construction of barrage near Tummidi Hetti due to submergence of 3600 Acres of their Land and requested to reduce the FRL and avoid submergence in their territory. The Chief Engineers of both the States have conducted several technical meetings in Hyderabad and Nagpur/Mumbai to resolve the interstate issues and to finalize the control levels to minimize the submergence in Maharashtra. The Hon'ble Chief Minister of Maharashtra in October 2013 has requested the Hon'ble Chief Minister of erstwhile Andhra Pradesh not to proceed with unilaterally decided layouts and control levels as it may lead to unfruitful expenditure. Several Efforts were made by the new Government of Telangana at Hon'ble Chief Ministers' Level and Hon'ble Irrigation/WRD Ministers of both the states to commence the Barrage work with originally proposed FRL +152.00. However the Maharashtra Government has requested to lower down the FRL to avoid submergence in their territory. In the joint meeting of the Hon'ble Chief Ministers of Telangana & Maharashtra on 17/02/2015 in Mumbai, the Hon'ble C.M of Maharashtra agreed for utilizing the water allocated to Telangana, but requested to minimize the submergence area in Maharashtra. The Hon'ble Chief Minister of Telangana agreed for taking up alternative studies by addressing the concerns raised by the Hon'ble Chief Minister of Maharashtra.

The Directorate of Hydrology, CWC, New Delhi, in its approval, has assessed the 75% dependable net yield at barrage site as about 165 TMC only out of which only 120TMC is divertible at the FRL of +152.00 m. As per the studies done with FRL of +148.00 m, involving minimum submergence in Maharashtra, the divertible flows is 44 TMC only as against the allocation & utilization of 160 TMC.

The Central water Commission, New Delhi has suggested to relook into the integrated Storage Planning aspects of the Project to match the demand and supply as the proposed capacities of storage reservoirs is insufficient and suggested to increase the storage.

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2.2 Revised scope of work:

As per the studies with FRL \pm 148.00 m, the possible utilization with minimum submergence in Maharashtra would be 44.00 TMC only with the FRL of \pm 148.00M. This would result in change of entire scope of the project conceived for utilization of 160 TMC.

Finally, by constructing a Barrage at Tummidi Hetti (v) by lowering the FRL to +148.00M to irrigate originally proposed ayacut of 56,500 acres in erstwhile Eastern Adilabad District. Apart from this, it is proposed to irrigate an additional ayacut of 1.435 Lakh acres in Komrambheem-Asifabad and Mancherial Districts as part of the re-engineering by including Bellampally, Siripur (T) and Asifabad Constituencies which were hitherto ignored. With this, the total ayacut under the Pranahita Project would be 2,00,000 Acres in Komrambheem-Asifabad and Mancherial Districts (erstwhile Eastern Adilabad District).

In order to explore the possibilities of alternatives by addressing the concerns of Maharashtra Government and in view of insufficient water availability and also to make the project functional and more efficient by providing adequate storage facilities, it became essential for a comprehensive study to utilize the Godavari water earmarked for Telangana State.

To prepare a comprehensive proposal for the above, the work of preparation of Detailed Project Report has been entrusted to M/s WAPCOS Ltd., New Delhi to carry out the work with the latest technology in mapping i.e, LiDAR Survey (Light Ranging And Detection), for maintaining high accuracy of the proposals in the DPR.

Accordingly, LIDAR Survey has been conducted by M/s WAPCOS along the Godavari River and the data was analysed for finalising the alignment. After the detailed study, it has been decided to divide the Project into two parts viz., Dr.B.R.Ambedkar Pranahita Project and Kaleswaram Lift Irrigation Scheme.

After detailed study, the location of the barrage is proposed to be shifted further downstream after the confluence of the rivers Pranahita and Godavari to draw the entitled water for the planned utilization under the project. In order to make the project functional and achieve the contemplated benefits to effectively utilize the Telangana state's share of Godavari Basin by addressing the concerns of Maharashtra on submergence of their territory, barrage has been now proposed at Medigadda(V), Mahadevpur (M), erstwhile Karimnagar Dist. in addition to the proposed barrage at Tummidi Hetti with lowered FRL of +148.00M.

By constructing a barrage across river Godavari after the confluence of Pranahita River to divert water for irrigating the ayacut of 16.40 lakh acres. The net availability of water at the proposed barrage site has been assessed as 282.3 TMC (as against the requirement of 160 TMC) considering ongoing and proposed utilization through the projects in Penganga, Wardha, Pranahita, Middle Godavari and Manair sub basins.

In order to minimize submergence in Maharashtra and for obtaining ensured supply of water for diversion, after detailed study the barrage location is proposed at Medigadda (V), Mahadevpur (M), erstwhile Karimnagar Dist.

In order to address the above issues and to make the project functional and to achieve the contemplated benefits by effectively utilizing the Telanagana States's share of Godavari water, the Government has decided to re-engineer the project as follows:

- 1. Construction of barrage across river Pranahita at Tummidi hetti(V) with FRL +148.00m to irrigate 2.00 Lakh acres in erstwhile Adilabad district, presently Komarambheem-Asifabad and Mancherial Districts.
- 2. Construction of barrage across river Godavari below the confluence of river Pranahita at Medigadda near Kaleshwaram of erstwhile Karimnagar District.
- 3. Construction of two more barrages between Medigadda & Sripada Yellampally Project at Annaram & Sundila to convey the water from Medigadda to SYP by lifts.
- 4. The project system from SYP to MMR and beyond MMR is suitably modified to carry about 2 TMC/day and the storage capacity is also proposed to be increased from 11.43 TMC to 187.04 TMC involving 22 No's of Reservoir located in different segments of the command.

Subsequently, The Link-1 water conveyor system of Pranahitha-Chevella Sujala Sravanthi Project consists of 5 packages from Pranahitha River to Sripada Yellampally Project i.e., from km 0.00 to km 116.00 passing through erstwhile Adilabad district is now curtailed upto km 99.100 (No Feeding to Sripada Yellampally Project) to serve Ayacut of 2.00 lakhs Acres in Komarambheem-Asifabad and Mancherial Districts (erstwhile Eastern Adilabad District). So, the project is renamed as **Dr.B.R. Ambedkar Pranahita Project**.

2.3 <u>Dr.B.R. Ambedkar Pranahitha Project</u>:

Dr. B.R. Ambedkar Pranahita project envisages diversion of **20 TMC** of water by constructing a barrage upstream side by 1.50 km of river Pranahita i.e., confluence of rivers Wardha and Wainganga at Tummidi Hetti (V), Koutala(M), erstwhile Adilabad District, presently Komarambheem-Asifabad District of Telangana State. This project is contemplated to Irrigate an ayacut of 2,00,000 Acres in Komarambheem-Asifabad and Mancherial Districts (erstwhile Eastern Adilabad District). The details of the original vis-à-vis revised scope of work are as follows:

No	Pkg No	Original Scope of work	Revised scope of work	Total value with Agreement rates in Rs.Cr
1	2	4	5	6
1	Pkg No.1	Discharge: 583 Cumecs, Km 0.500 to km 15.000 Gravity Canal (Lined) Including CM & CD works.	Discharge: 50 Cumecs, Km 0.500 to km 15.000 Gravity Canal (UnLined) Including CM & CD works.	164.25
2	Pkg No.2	Discharge: 583 Cumecs, Km 15.000 to km 28.500 Gravity Canal (Lined) Including CM & CD works.	Discharge: 50.00 Cumecs, Km 16.10 to km 28.89 Gravity Canal (UnLined) Including CM &CD works.	151.41
3	Pkg No.3	MFD: 49,000 Cumecs, FRL: +152.00 M Barrage Length: 3.40 Km, Canal length 0.50 Km including CM&CD works.	MFD: 62,232 Cumecs, FRL: +148.00 M Barrage Length: 6.447 Km, Canal length 1.082 Km including CM&CD works.	1918.68
4	Pkg No.4	Discharge: 583 Cumecs, Km 28.89 to km 71.50/72.15 Gravity Canal (Lined) Including CM & CD works.	Discharge: 50.00 Cumecs, Km 28.89 to km 71.50/72.15 Gravity Canal (UnLined) Including CM & CD works.	1645.48
5	Pkg No.5	Discharge: 583.00 Cumecs, km 71.50 to km 116.00 including CM & CD works.	Discharge: 11.40 Cumecs, km 71.50 to km 99.100 including CM & CD works for irrigating 36000 Acres of Ayacut.	² 325
		Total		4204.82

2.4 <u>Salient Features of the Scheme:</u>

➤ Diversion of water from Pranahita River : 20 TMC

> Net Culturable Command Area : 2,00,000 Acres

➤ Barrage FRL : +148.000 M

➤ Canal Sill Level : +145.250 M

➤ Canal FSL : +147.250 M:

> Total Length of the System : 99.100 Km (Approx.)

2.5 <u>Project Cost Estimate</u>: Rs.4205 Crores

2.6 <u>Mandals Benefited</u>: Koutala, Chinthala Manepally, Bejjur, Penchikalpet, Dahegaon, Bheemini, Nennal, Bellampalli, Tandoor, Rebbena, Vemanpalli, Kotapalli, Chennur and Jaipur.

2.7 Project Rationale:

The State receives its rainfall both from the southwest and the northeast monsoons. The southwest monsoon generally starts from early June and lasts until about the end of September. The northeast monsoon occurs from October to December.

There was general emphasis on gravity (flow canal) irrigation according to the command ability ground levels. However, large commendable area exists in the middle reaches of Godavari covering uplands of Telangana Region spread over the East Adilabad district. Most of this area is backward and drought-prone area as there is no permanent irrigation facilities even though there is adequate rainfall. These rainfalls are adequate, most of them are erratic, untimely thereby not useful to the crops especially during the crop-critical period thereby leaving the agriculture to the vagaries of nature.

Most of the command area now proposed under this project is not covered by the medium and minor irrigation schemes in that vicinity. These command areas, even though fertile, are mostly upland areas which cannot be served by gravity. Hence, in order to provide dependable and permanent irrigation facilities, the only alternative left is to lift the water in stages near the vicinity of various patches of command areas.

The transfer of water through lift schemes and conveying it to water deficient, upland regions of Komarambheem-Asifabad and Mancherial Districts is thus of strategic importance and a pressing need toward a more equitable development of water resources for irrigation and other water requirements. The proposed Project is intended to meet the demands of water starved mandals of the erstwhile eastern Adilabad District, which was excluded from canal irrigation earlier due to topographic constraint and has remained poor in comparison to its neighboring areas that were provided with irrigation.

2.8 Status of Works:

- > All the project works are divided into 5 Packages.
- > Field investigation works for main canal are completed and works are in progress.
- > Land acquisition is in progress.

2.9 Environmental & Forest Aspects:

- Expert Appraisal Committee Meeting was held for "Scoping and Terms of Reference" on 16-06-2009 in New Delhi and approval for scoping and TOR is communicated on 08-07-09.
- 2. Site clearance and approval for Revised TOR is received in 03/2010.
- > Draft EIA & EMP reports are prepared and furnished to AP State Pollution Board and District Collector for conducting Public Hearing.
- > Public Hearing on Environmental aspects was conducted in the benefited district.
- > The response of the Project Affected People is being incorporated in the final Draft EIA & EMP Reports and to be furnished to Expert Appraisal Committee of MOEF.

> The Clearance on Environmental aspects shall be obtained from Expert Appraisal Committee of MOEF, New Delhi.

2.10 Land required for the Entire Project:

The composite water conveyor system requires total land of about 3738.45 ha for Packages I to V.

a) Mandalwise requirement of Non-Forest Land:

SI. No.	Mandal	Package No.	Non-Forest required			
110.	No.		in Acres	in ha		
1	Koutala	I,III	1154.75	467.32		
2	Chinthamane pally	I	295.77	119.70		
3	Bejjur	I,II & IV	1908.79	772.48		
4	Dahegaon	IV	922.59	373.37		
5	Vemanapally	IV	537.78	217.64		
6	Bheemini	IV	600.18	242.89		
7	Nennel	IV	510.74	206.69		
8	Nennel	V	500.00	202.35		
	TOTAL		6430.60	2602.44		

b) Forest division-wise requirement of forest lands:

Many alternative alignments for water conveyor system are worked out in order to minimize the involvement of forest land. The present proposal is finalized with a minimum total diversion of forest land of about 1081.0149 Ha + 54.9989 Ha = 1136.0138 Ha out of total land of 3738.45 Ha to be acquired for this project which works out to 30.39 %. Details are as follows:

Forest Division	Dealer	Area Involved			
Polest Division	Package No.	in ha	Total in ha		
	I	54.9989			
Kagaznagar	II	87.4572	622.0126		
	IV	479.5575			
Erstwhile Bellampally (presently Asifabad)	IV	22.5741	22.5741		
Bellampally	IV	457.0104	457.0104		
Erstwhile Mancherial (presently chennur)	IV	34.4167	34.4167		
	Total		1136,0138		

2.11 <u>Proposal for diversion of forest land under Forest</u> (Conservation) Act, 1980 and Wildlife (P) Act, 1972:

After working out various alternatives, the diversion of forest land to the minimum requirement is worked out as per the hydraulic parameters and extent of forest land required is as follows:

Packag	Division	Range	Beat	RF	Commit		retch	Patch		
e No.		90	Deac	Kr	Compt	From km	To km	No	Area in ha	
			Babapur	Gudem	166	9.2	9.4	1	3.4409	
	· Kagaz	Karjelly	Babapur	Gudem	166	10.35	10.600	2	12.4088	
	Nagar		Babapur	Gudem	166	8.100	9.000	3	15.6748	
I		Sirpur	Gudlabori	Hetti	169	3.800	4.600	4	23.4744	
				Sub Tot	al			1. 1. 1.	54.9989	
Packag	Erstwhile	Erstw hile	Erstwhile			Stretch				
e No. divi	division	Range	Beat	RF	Compt	From km	To km	Patch No	Area in ha	
	Kagaz Nagar			Karjelly	Gudem Ext I		16.100	17.000	Bit 5	20.3575
II			Karjelly	Karjelly	Gudem Ext VIII	186	18.700	20.600	Bit 1 & 2	50.4465
		Bijjur	Salugupall y	Bijjur	226,	28.300	29.300	Bit 3 & 4	16.6502	
				Sub Tota	al				87.4542	
	Kagaz	Bijjur	Salugupall y	Bijjur, Bijjur Ext X & IX	227, 228, 802	29.500	33.600	BitI	350.1846	
IV	Nagar		Kondapally	Kadamb a	153	35.700	37.000	Bit II	38.5295	
		Kagaz Nagar	Bombaigud a	Kadamb a	155	38.100	40.500	Bit III	90.8454	
	Bellampall y	Kushn epally	Hatni	Kunchev elly	407	51.450	52.200	Bit IV	22.5741	

Grand Total								1136.0138
Sub Total								993.5607
,	срину	Rebbena	Chinnur	391 to 396	66.400	70.600	BitVIII	329.4698
Bellampall y	Kushn epally	Kushnepall y	Kushne pally	397	63.300	64.700	Bit VII	41.4658
Mancherial	Neelw ai	Sawanpall Y	Kushne pally	127	62.900	64.200	Bit VI	34.4167
		Kushnepall y	Kushne pally	403, 402, 398	60.200	63.000,	Bit V	86.0748

As per the provision of the Forest (Conservation) Act, 1980 and the Rules, Guidelines, Circulars issued therein, the user agency who wants to use any forest land for non-forest purpose, the proposals shall be submitted for the entire project in totality to the concerned Nodal officer authorized by the State Government i.e., Principal Chief Conservator of Forests, Hyderabad, Telangana. The total requirement of diversion of forest land is of about 1136.0138 ha spreading over four divisional forest units and in three packages. Out of the 1136.0138 ha of forest land required for the project, 622.0126 ha in Kagaznagar division forms the part of the Tiger Corridor area connecting Kawal Tiger Reserve of Telangana and Thadoba Tiger Reserve of Maharashtra and Indravathi Tiger Reserve of Chattisgarh. The diversion of forest land proposals as per the F(C) Act, 1980 and W(P) Act,1972 shall be prepared duly marking the alignments of the canal on the relevant forest maps in seaparate booklets. Proposals already submitted for 1081.0149 Ha falling in erstwhile Kagaznagar, Mancherial and Bellampally divisions (presently Kagaznagar, Asifabad, Bellamapally and Chennur divisions as given in above table), now proposals for an additional area of 54.9989 Ha in Kagaznagar division is being submitted

a. Mapping of the additional forest areas proposed for diversion:

The ETS & DGPS/ GNSS Survey for the forest areas proposed for diversion has been carried out and the data was submitted to the Forest Department. The same were authenticated by the Forest Department. The lengths of the alignment and the extent of the forest area involved is estimated as per the ETS & DGPS/ GNSS Survey data by ascertaining the entry & exit points of alignment with RF, as furnished in the above table.

The alignment of the water conveyor system is marked on the toposheet of 1:50000 scale. The alignment is also marked in the field with boundary stones. The actual involvement of forest land and its extent is ascertained after joint field inspection with forest authorities.

i. <u>Forest Land involved in Kagaznagar Forest Division:</u> The Forest land is covered in **Package I, II, IV** and the water conveyor system passing through notified forests consists of the following components:

Package 1: Gravity Canal passes through notified forests from 9.200 km to 9.400 km (3.4409 ha), 10.350 km to 10.600 km (12.4088 ha), 8.100 km to 9.000 km (15.6748 ha) & 3.800 km to 4.600 (23.4744 ha) covering a length of **2.150** km & extent of **54.9989** ha.

- Package II: Gravity Canal passes through notified forests from 16.100 km to 17.000 km (20.357 ha), 18.700 km to 20.600 km (50.446 ha) & 28.300 km to 29.300 (16.6502 ha) covering a length of 3.800 km & extent of 87.4542 ha.
- Package IV: Gravity Canal passes through notified forests from 29.500 km to 33.600 km (350.1846 ha), 35.700 km to 37.000 km (38.5295 ha) & 38.100 km to 40.500 km (90.8454 ha) covering a length of 7.800 km & extent of 479.5595 ha
- Hence, the length of the alignment passes through the notified forests of Kagaznagar forest division is 13.686 km and the extent of forest area involved is 622.0126 ha. Proposals already submitted for 567.0147 ha and proposals for additional forest area of 54.9989 ha now submitted.
- Kagaznagar division forms the part of the Tiger Corridor area connecting Kawal Tiger Reserve of Telangana and Thadoba Tiger Reserve of Maharashtra and Indravathi Tiger Reserve of Chattisgarh.
- ii. The alignment passing forest areas of Kagaz Nagar Division is a Tiger Corridor area.
- b. <u>Details of non-forest CA lands</u>: The details of the non-forest CA lands identified, ETS & DGPS/ GNSS Surveyed by I&CADD & authenticated by Forest Department, accepted by FD after inspection of the lands for the proposals already submitted are as follows:

Name of erstwhile	erstwhile Mandal Village	V:U-	Sy.	Area in Ha		
Division		No.	Surveyed by UA	Accepted by FD		
	Talamadugu	Kottur	65	92.3934	92.3934	
	Talamadugu	Lingi	90	47.6833	47.6833	
	Tamsi	Linguda	51	94.0583	94.0583	
Adilabad	Jainath	Kottur	265, 238	21.4342	21.4342	
	Adilabad	Yapalguda	3	16.9755	16.9755	
	Jainath	Hatghad	44	11.0986	11.0986	
	Adilabad	Kachakanti	8	3.6686	3.6686	

None di	Tir titl			
Neradigonda	Koritikal	47	5.4967	5.4967
Gudihatnoor	Mannur	62	18.2315	18.2315
Bazar Hatnoor	Bazar Hatnoor	206	25.1800	25.1800
Ichoda	Gubba	35	7.5638	7.5638
Boath	Karatwada	70	6.6800	6.6800
			350.4639	350.4639
Tiryani	Dondla	13/1	35.6734	35.6734
Tiryani	Manikyapur	8/1	79.1438	79.1438
Tiryani	Moindagudipet	37/1	141.4591	141.4591
Kasipet	Venkatapur	139	20.5100	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Γiryani	Pangidimadara	322	88.3820	59.9100
Tandur.	Madaram	17	7.7473	7.7473
3himini &	Metpally.			
emanapally	Jakkarapally	2 Sites	319.6187	
lanyal	Kushnepally	2 Sites	32.9958	32.9958
al			725.5301	356.9294
Sijjur	Loadpally	125/1 & ,125/2	70.9073	70.9073
irpur	Bhupalapatnam	81 & 85	174.2235	174.2230
ejjur	Loadpally	4 Sites	43.5607	
tal			288.6915	245.1303
asipet	Venkatapur	139	65.6690	65.6690
			65.6690	65.6690
amda	Arepally	171	5.7225	5.7225
anoor	Bhosi	132/1 & 130	22.3675	22.3675
anoor	Mahalingi	191	3.4915	3.4915
amda	Gaidipally	55	31.2722	31.2722
irmal	Kowtla	401	7.2009	
	Gudihatnoor Bazar Hatnoor Ichoda Boath Tiryani Tiryani Casipet Tiryani Fandur Bhimini & /emanapally Janyal al Gijjur Girpur ejjur tal asipet I amda	Gudihatnoor Bazar Hatnoor Bazar Hatnoor Gubba Boath Karatwada Tiryani Dondla Tiryani Manikyapur Tiryani Moindagudipet Kasipet Venkatapur Tiryani Pangidimadara Tandur Madaram Shimini & Metpally, Jakkarapally Manyal Kushnepally Isijjur Loadpally Isijjur Loadpally Isijiur Loadpally Isijiur Loadpally Isijiur Loadpally Isijiur Loadpally Isijiur Bhupalapatnam Isijiur Loadpally Isijiur Bhupalapatnam Isijiur Bhupalapatnam	Gudihatnoor Mannur 62 Bazar Hatnoor 206 Ichoda Gubba 35 Boath Karatwada 70 Tiryani Dondla 13/1 Tiryani Manikyapur 8/1 Tiryani Moindagudipet 37/1 Kasipet Venkatapur 139 Tiryani Pangidimadara 322 Tandur Madaram 17 Bhimini & Metpally, Jakkarapally 2 Sites Alanyal Kushnepally 2 Sites Injur Loadpally 4 Sites Ital asipet Venkatapur 139 I amda Arepally 171 amanoor Bhosi 132/1 anoor Mahalingi 191	Gudihatnoor Mannur 62 18.2315 Bazar Hatnoor 206 25.1800 Ichoda Gubba 35 7.5638 Boath Karatwada 70 6.6800 Tiryani Dondla 13/1 35.6734 Tiryani Manikyapur 8/1 79.1438 Tiryani Moindagudipet 37/1 141.4591 Kasipet Venkatapur 139 20.5100 Tiryani Pangidimadara 322 88.3820 Tandur Madaram 17 7.7473 Shimini & Metpally, Jakkarapally 2 Sites 319.6187 Janyal Kushnepally 2 Sites 32.9958 al 725.5301 Jijjur Loadpally 125/1 70.9073 Jizijur Loadpally 174.2235 43.5607 tal 288.6915 43.5607 45.6690 tal 65.6690 65.6690 65.6690 amda Arepally 171 5.7225

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		Grand Total		1533.9114	1109.5338
Nirmal Total				103.5569	91.346
	Dilawarpur	Kusli	441/1	23.2571	23.2571
	Sarangapur	Kupti	143	5.2352	5.2352

- a. For the additional forest area required of 54.9989 Ha, it is agreed to inspect the CA lands identified in Metpally and Jakkarapally villages of Vemanapally (Mandal) which were already EST & DGPS/ DGNSS surveyed to an extent of 319.6187 ha which are mentioned in the above table.
- b. This Project proposal doesn't involve any places of historical, religious, archaeological, recreational importance.
- c. <u>Booklets:</u> Furnished separately for three erstwhile divisions for the already proposed areas which were proposed and forwarded to the Government. For the additional areas of 54.9989 ha in Kagaznagar forest Division proposals in Forest (Conservation) Act, 1980 format and Wildlife (Protection) Act, 1972 format are furnished.
- d. The diversion of forest land shall not be used for any other purpose other than specified in the proposal i.e., for the purpose of Dr.B.R. Ambedkar Pranahita Project.
- e. The required check slips as per Forest (Conservation) Act, 1980 are furnished as follows:
 - Annexure I along with Part-I, II, III, IV and V in both Forest (Conservation) Act, 1980 and Wildlife (Protection) Act, 1972 formats.
 - Undertaking for depositing funds towards raising & maintenance of Compensatory afforestation (including raising and maintenance of plantations, aided natural regeneration, SMC works etc.)
 - iii. Undertaking for depositing funds towards payment of Net Present Value (NPV) and Additional NPV.
 - iv. Undertaking for depositing funds towards payment of extraction of tree growth.
 - v. Certificate of Area Minimum.
 - vi. Detailed statement requirement of forest land.
 - vii. Map in SI sheet showing the forest land.
 - viii. ETS & DGPS/GNSS survey data and maps for forest land proposed for diversion as well as CA land.
 - ix. Certificate for non-violation of Forest (Conservation) Act, 1980.
 - x. Proforma Site inspection certificate to be given by Forest Divisional Officer
 - xi. Proforma Certificate for not affecting historical, religious, archaeological, recreational importance including wildlife sanctuary and National Park to be given by Forest Divisional Officer.
 - xii. Proforma Certificate of proposed compensatory afforestation land in a compact block and is located in close proximity under Section-IV of AP Forest Act, 1967 and also site suitability certificate for raising the CA to be given by Forest Divisional Officer.

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- xiii. Proforma Certificate for non-violation of Forest (Conservation) Act, 1980 to be given by Forest Divisional Officer
- xiv. Proforma Certificate for soil suitability for compensatory afforestation to be given by Forest Divisional Officer
- xv. Proforma Certificate that the non-forest land has not been proposed in any other project of this department for compensatory afforestation in lieu of Reserved Forest area which is diverted in the proposals to be given by M.R.O.
- xvi. Proforma Certificate of proposal for quantifying the extent of land with all particulars free from any en-conference, encroachment and cultivation to be given by M.R.O.
- xvii. Proforma Undertaking to be given by the District Collector "that the non-forest CA lands identified will be transferred and mutated in favor of the Forest Department upon receipt of the Stage-I approval" along with non-encumbrance certificate.

Dr. B.R. Ambetkar Pranahita Project Construction Sub-Division No. 1, KOUTALA

Executive Engineer, I&CADD, Dr.BRAPP Construction Division Bellampally, Mancherial District.

Superintending Engineer, I&CADD, Dr.BRAPP Construction Circle, Bellampally.

Chief Engineer, (P)
Adilabad.

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