<u>cological Assessment of 4.00 Km long Majkhali-Digoti-Majheti</u> motor road District- Almora.

<u>Priva Joshi</u> 27:04:2018

<u>Introduction</u>- Provincial Division, Public Works Department Almora entrusted in construction of 4.00 Km long Majkhali-Digoti-Majheti motor road Almora District. On the request of Shri Harish Pandey, Executive Engineer, Provincial Division, Almora I carried out geological assessment of the above said motor road on dated 27/03/2018 Junior Engineer Shri Ashok Singh accompanied during the site visit.

Location- The proposed motor road starts from end point of Majkhali-Digoti motor road. Total length of the road is 4.00 km. 5 HP bend are proposed all along the road which falls 1/24-1/27, 2/6-2/8, 2/26-2/28, 3/16-3/18 and 3/30-3/32 cross section respectively. Gradient of the whole road at each cross section are as follows- 0/1- 1:40F, 0/2- 1:24F, 0/3- 1:20R0, 0/4- LEVEL, 0/5- 1:22F, 0/6- LEVEL, 0/7- 1:20F, 0/8-0/12- 1:20F, 0/13- LEVEL, 0/13-0/18- 1:20F, 0/18-0/20- LEVEL, 0/21-1:60R, 0/21-0/31- 1:20F, 0/32-0/33 LEVEL, 0/34-1:20F, 0/35- 1:40R, 0/36-0/40-LEVEL, 0/40-1/14- 1:30F, 1/14-1/24-1:20F, 1/24-1/27- 1:40F, 1/27-1/40-1:20F, 1/40-2/5- 1:20F, 2/6-2/8- 1:40F, 2/8-2/26-1:20F, 2/26-2/28- 1:40F, 2/28-2/33-1:24F, 2/33-2/40- 1:60F, 2/40-3/6- 1:40F, 3/6-3/8-1:24R, 3/8-3/11- 1:40F, 3/12-3/16- 1:20F, 3/16-3/18- 1:40F, 3/18-3/30- 1:20F, 3/30-3/32- 1:40F, 3/32-3/40- 1:20F. Fourprominent ephemeral nala falls across the alignment. The co-ordinates of starting and end points taken from hand held GPS are as follows-

Starting Point

End Point

Latitude- 29°41'4.88"N

Latitude- 29°41'45.18"N

Longitude- 79°30'0.43"E

Longitude- 79°30'23.40"E

Geological Assessment- The alignment corridor proposed for the above said motor road lies in part of Kumaun Lesser Himalayan. Geologically the site in question lies in Almora Nappe of Kumaun Lesser Himalaya. Almora Nappe is bounded by South Almora Thrust (SAT) in South and by North Almora Thrust (NAT) in the North. It comprises rocks of Almora Group. Almora Group comprises of two different lithological units which are Biotite Mica Schist, and Micaceous Quartzite of Saryu Formation and Granite-Granodiorite plutonic bodies.

Topography of the area overall is gentle to moderately steep. Area is mostly barren. Rock type observed on the site is Micaceous Quartzite and Schist which belongs to Saryu Formation. The quartzite is moderately hard and compact in strength while the schist is weak in strength. The strength of the rock is estimated by manual test. Some manmade terraces were also observednear to the villages which are mostly cultivated.

prominent sets of joints were observed in Quartzite. Joints are closely spaced and the opening between the joint planes is close to open up to 1mm. In-between the opening parkey soil is filled. Largely the rocky strata along this alignment are capped by thin is entired material which varies in thickness from place to place. Schist outcrop were provided in starting two kms having phyllitic content. The foliation in the schist dips is northern direction with gentle amount. The soil material has silty content and the patrix is fine to very fine. The soils are good cohesive, dense and hard in dry conditions these converts into soft clays under the wet/saturated conditions. Weathering pendition is moderate to high in the schist and moderately lower in quartzite. Slope angle are from 20°-50°. Four ephemeral nala are observed which are mainly monsoonal talas. Water level in the nala is only high during the rainy season. The joints data accerved from quartzite and foliation of schist outcrop at the site is as follows-

Table I

S.No.	Feature	Dip angle	Azimuth
1	Foliation	20°	N 0°
2	Joint	50°	N 320°
3	Joint	45° '	N 180°
4	Slope	35°	N350°

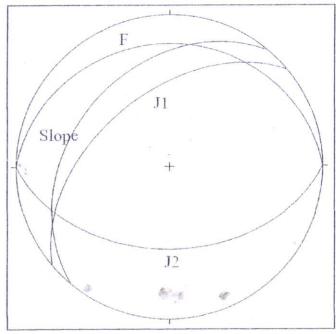


Figure 1Stereographic projection of Joints and slope data recorded from quartzite outcrop

the above stereographic projections it is clear that planar failure can occur along at 11 as the joint J1 dips in the slope direction in case if any joint or tension crack acts teleasing surface.

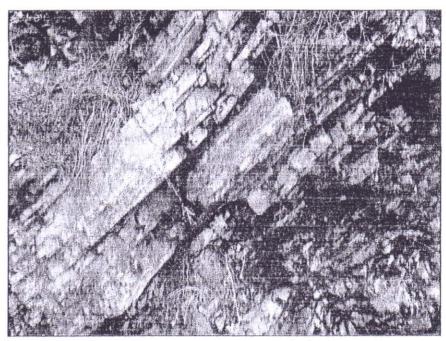


Figure 2 Micaceous Quartzine outcrop exposed at the site

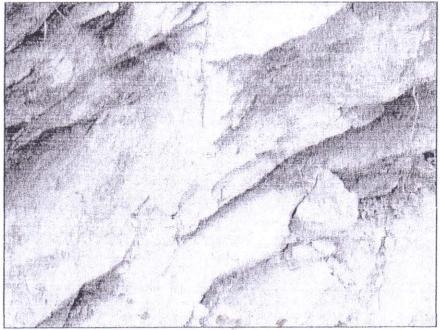


Figure 3Phyllitic Schist outcrop exposed at the she

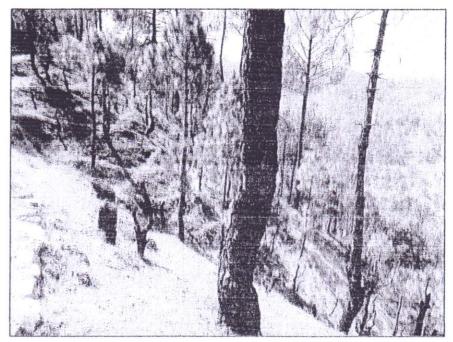


Figure 4 General topography of the area

On the basis of the geological/geotechnical studies carried at the site and the fact mentioned above the following recommendations are being made for the construction of the proposed road, failing to these recommendations this report will be treated as cancelled.

+ Recommendations-

- 1- Do not blast heavily by explosives. It is recommended that the blasting shall be carried out by controlled method i.e. by leaving large volume of dummy holes.
- 2- The entire hill and valley side slope along the whole length of the road must be protected by suitably designed retaining and breast walls. This work should be done simultaneously with the advancement of the road cutting. It is advised to leave sufficient weep holes in the walls; this is so as to facilitate the subsurface drainage.
- 3- Properly designed culvert/bridges/causeway must be constructed over the nalas whichever is suitable.
- 4- Construct U shaped lined drain all along the hill side of the road and made adequate cross drainage arrangements. The accumulated rain water from upper reaches of the hill must not allow to flow freely over the road constructed and its lower hill slopes.
- 5- Disposal of muck and excavated waste on the lower slopes of this road is to be strictly avoided. It is advised to dispose the muck on the identified site for muck disposal.

- The portion of the road which passes through the cultivated field where water seepage from the ground is high; RCC should be done.
- 7- All the HP bends must be constructed with standard gradient and protection must be given on the hill side to retain the slope.
- 8- Excavation of rocks is observed at a portion; along the alignment which should be stopped.
- 9- All the construction activities must be carried out as per the prescribed norms and the standard codes of the practice laid by BIS and MORTH.

Letter No: 1762 / 01 स॰ भ्॰वै॰/18

Date: 27/04/2018

Priya Joshi (Assistant Geologist)

Chief Engineer Office PWD, Almora.

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