- (h) rights of settlement and conversion of all forest villages, old habitation, unserveyed villages and other villages in forests, whether recorded, notified or not into revenue villages;
- (i) right to protect, regenerate or conserve or manage any community forest resource which they have been traditionally protecting and conserving for sustainable use;
- (j) rights which are recognised under any State law or laws of any Autonomous District Council or Autonomous Regional Council or which are accepted as rights of tribals under any traditional or customary law of the concerned tribes of any State;
- (k) right of access to biodiversity and community right to intellectual property and traditional knowledge related to biodiversity and cultural diversity;
- (l) any other traditional right customarily enjoyed by the forest dwelling. Scheduled Tribes or other traditional forest dwellers, as the case may be, which are not mentioned in clauses (a) to (k) but excluding the traditional right of hunting or trapping or extracting a part of the body of any species of wild animal;
- (m) right to in situ rehabiliatation including alternative land in cases where the Scheduled Tribes and other traditional forest dwellers have been illegally evicted or displaced from forest land of any description without receiving their legal entitlement to rehabiliatation prior to the 13th day of december, 2005.
- (2) Notwithstadning anything contained in the Forest (Conservation) Act, 1980, the Central Government shall provide for diversion of forest land for the following facilities managed by the Government which involve feeling of trees not exceeding seventy-five trees per hectare, namely:
 - a) schools;
 - b) dispensary or hospital;
 - c) anganwadis;
 - d) fair price shops;
 - e) electric and telecommunication lilnes;
 - f) tanks and other minor water bodies;
 - g) drinking water supply and water pipelines;
 - h) water or rain water harvesting structures;
 - i) minor irrigation canals:
 - j) non-conventional source of energy;
 - k) skill upgradation or vocational training centres;
 - l) roads; and
 - m) community centres;

Provided that such diversion of forest land shall be allowed only if, -

- (i) the forest land to be diverted for the purposes mentioned in this sub-section is less than one hectare in each case; and
- (ii) the clearance of such developmental projects shall be subject to the condition that the same is recommended by the Gram Sabha.

Deputy Conservator of Forest Gondia Forest Eivision, Gondia 53 c

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