0000000000 Page चेकलिस्ट क्र.-13 कास्ट / बेनिफिट एनालाईसिस प्रतिवेदन प्रमाणित किया जाता है कि आवेदक संस्थान द्वारा कोरबा जिले के कोरबा वनमंडल अंतर्गत करतला वन परिक्षेत्र के राजस्व वनभूमि (नारंगी वन क्षेत्र) का रकबा 2.0873 हे. भूमि में 18'' इंच व्यास की प्राकृतिक गैस पाईप लाईन एवं ओ.एफ.सी. लाईन बिछाने के गैरवानिकी कार्य के लिये वन संरक्षण अधिनियम 1980 के अंतर्गत उपयोग पर दिये जाने की मांग न्यूनतम एवं अपरिहार्य है। वन संरक्षण अधिनियम 1980 के नियम 2003 के उपनियम पार्ट बी 12 तथा भारत सरकार पर्यावरण वन एवं जलवायु परिवर्तन मंत्रालय नई दिल्ली के पत्र क्रमांक 7-69/2011-एफ.सी. (पीटी) दिनांक 01.08.2017 के प्रावधानों के तहत 20 हे. से कम के प्रस्ताव में काष्ट/बेनिफिट एनालाईसिस प्रतिवेदन प्रस्तुत करने की बाध्यता से छूट प्रदान की गई है। चूंकि प्रकरण 20 हे. से कम का है, अतः प्रकरण में काष्ट/बेनिफिट एनालाईसिस प्रतिवेदन की आवश्यकता नहीं है। संलग्नः - उपरोक्तानुसार कोरका सममस्डल कारब 50 **A Hoteructi** Deputy Ge गेल ( डीडियी) सिमिट्रस्यपुन्ध (छ. गाः) ग.) GAIL (India) Ltd. Raipur Brein une

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				**
	Conducting cost-benefit an	alysis for project	Annexure li s involving forest diversion	
(1)	essential that ecological and e	nvironmental loss	orest land for non-forestry use, it tes and eco-economic distress cause unst economic and social gains.	
	ecosystem services and fragm caused to people dependent on on forest should also be add standard project cost which w involvement of forest land wh Similarly, the benefits from the used in the project should also to the standard benefits of t involvement of forest land whi the benefit and cost ratio (BC r	tentation of habits to forests and the co- ed as the cost of ould have been in the conducting the te project accruing be accounted for the project which the conducting the atio).	development projects, the cost of at of wildlife and economic distre- ost of settlement of people depender f forest diversion in addition to the neurred by the user agencies without e cost benefit analysis of the project g due to diversion of forest land and in the benefits component in addition would have been accrued without cost benefit analysis and determining	ss nt ee nt t. d n n nt g g ·
(i	moisture conservation at pres Compensatory Afforestation at the present value should be inc	sent discounted v ccruing over next cluded as cost and	is maintenance in future and soil of value and future benefits from suc 50 years monetized and discounted to benefits respectively of compensator analysis and determining the benefit	h o - Y
(i	benefit analysis will be require cost aspect of forest land dive	d. Table-B lists t	involving forest land for which cos he parameters according to which the lopment projects will be determined g the benefits accruing to the project	ie 1,
	) A cost-benefit analysis as abo Government for forest clearance		any the proposals sent to the Centra t Conservation Act.	al
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	e-A: Cases under which a cost-	-	or forest diversion are required	
	-A: Cases under which a cost- Nature of proposal	benefit analysis fo Applicable/ not applicable	or forest diversion are required Remarks	*
Fable S.	Nature of proposal All categories of proposals involving forest land upto 20 hectares in plains and upto 5 hectare in hills.	Applicable/ not applicable Not applicable	Remarks These proposals may be considered on a case-to-case basis and value judgment.	
Fable S. No.	Nature of proposal All categories of proposals involving forest land upto 20 hectares in plains and upto 5	Applicable/ not applicable	Remarks These proposals may be considered on a case-to-case	6
Table S. No.	Nature of proposal All categories of proposals involving forest land upto 20 hectares in plains and upto 5 hectare in hills. Proposal for defence installation purposes and oil prospecting (prospecting	Applicable/ not applicable Not applicable	Remarks These proposals may be considered on a case-to-case basis and value judgment. In view of national Priority accorded to these sectors, the proposals would be critically assessed to help ascertain that the utmost minimum forest land is diverted for non-forest	
Table S. No.	Nature of proposal All categories of proposals involving forest land upto 20 hectares in plains and upto 5 hectare in hills. Proposal for defence installation purposes and oil prospecting (prospecting	Applicable/ not applicable Not applicable Not applicable	Remarks These proposals may be considered on a case-to-case basis and value judgment. In view of national Priority accorded to these sectors, the proposals would be critically assessed to help ascertain that the utmost minimum forest land is diverted for non-forest	

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	कास्ट / बेनिफिट	र एनालाईनि	सेस प्रतिवेदन
(m)	Habitation, establishment of industrial units, tourist lodges complex and other building construction.	6254	These activities bei detrimental to protection a conservation of forest, as matter of policy, su proposals would be rare entertained.
4	All other proposals involving forest land more than 20 hectares in plains and more than 5 hectares in hills including roads, transmission lines, minor, medium and major irrigation projects, hydro projects, mining activity, railway lines, location specific installations like micro-wave stations, auto repeater centers, TV towers etc.		These are cases where a cos benefit analysis is necessar to determine when divertin the forest land to non-fore use in the overall publ interest.
Tab	le-B: Estimation of cost of forest	dimension	
S.	Parameters		Remarks
No.	Ecosystem services losses due	Fromamia valua	of loss of and investigation
	to proposed forest diversion.	Economic value of loss of eco-system services due to diversion of forests shall be the net present value (NPV) of the forest land being diverted as prescribed by the Central Government (MoEF&CC). Note: In case of National Parks the NPV shall be ten (10) times the normal NPV and in case of Wildlife Sanctuary the NPV shall be five (5) times the normal NPV or otherwise prescribed by the ministry or any other competent authority.	
2	Loss of animal husbandry productivity, including loss of fodder.	To be quantified	i and expressed in monetary NPV applicable whichever is
3	Cost of human resettlement.	To be quantified	and expressed in monetary
4	Loss of public facilities and administrative infrastructure (Roads, building, schools, dispensaries, electric lines, railways, etc.) on forest land, which would require forest land if these facilities were diverted due to the project.	terms as per approved R&R plan. To be quantified and expressed in monetary terms on actual cost basis at the time of diversion.	
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S. No.	Parameters	Remarks		
1	Ecosystem services losses due to proposed forest diversion.	Economic value of loss of eco-system services due to diversion of forests shall be the net present value (NPV) of the forest land being diverted as prescribed by the Central Government (MoEF&CC). Note: In case of National Parks the NPV shall be ten (10) times the normal NPV and in case of Wildlife Sanctuary the NPV shall be five (5) times the normal NPV or otherwise prescribed by the ministry or any other competent authority.		
2	Loss of animal husbandry productivity, including loss of fodder.	To be quantified and expressed in monetary terms or 10% of NPV applicable whichever is maximum. To be quantified and expressed in monetary terms as per approved R&R plan.		
3	Cost of human resettlement.			
4	Loss of public facilities and administrative infrastructure (Roads, building, schools, dispensaries, electric lines, railways, etc.) on forest land, which would require forest land if these facilities were diverted due to the project.	To be quantified and expressed in monetary terms on actual cost basis at the time of diversion.		

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