

PART-II

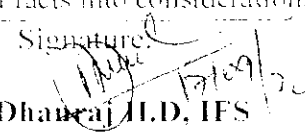
(To be filled by the concerned Deputy Conservator of Forests)

5. Location of the Project/Scheme.

i. State/Union Territory.	Odisha.					
ii. District.	Keonjhar.					
iii. Forest Division.	Keonjhar Forest Division.					
iv. Area of Forest land proposed for diversion (in ha.)	The area of the forest land proposed for diversion is 0.764 ha. The detailed pattern of utilization in respect of applied forest land is produced hereunder-					
	Sl. No	Pattern of Utilization	Reserve Forest (R.F.)	Revenue Forest (V.F. K.F.)	Sabik Forest	Total
	1	Water Pipeline	0.523	0.179	0.062	0.764
	2	11KV transmission line				
	Total		0.523	0.179	0.062	0.764
v. Legal status of Forest.	Reserve Forest		=	0.523 Ha		
	Revenue Forest		=	0.179 Ha		
	Sabik Forest		=	0.062 Ha		
	Total		=	0.764 Ha		
vi. Density of vegetation.	The forest land applied for diversion forms part of Sidhamath RF and adjoining Revenue Forest land. Sidhamath RF falls under the forest type 3C/C2e(iii) Moist Peninsular Valley Sal. The prevailing vegetation consists of Sal and its associates. Eco Value Class has been treated as "Eco Value Class - F" based on the prevailing forest type and the canopy density has been considered based on prevailing forest growth with canopy density swinging from 0.2 to 0.8 and the average canopy density has been kept at 0.5 .					
vii. Species wise (Scientific names) and diameter class wise enumeration of trees in unbroken area.	Species wise and diameter class wise abstract of trees is enclosed as Annexure-					
viii. Whether forms part of National Park, Wild Life Sanctuary, Biosphere Reserve, Tiger Reserve, Elephant Corridor etc. (If so, the details of the area and comments of the Chief Wild Life Warden to be annexed).	The applied area does not form part of any National Park, Wildlife Sanctuary, Biosphere Reserve, Tiger Reserve, Elephant Corridor etc. However, movement of wild elephants is often noticed in the areas. The area comes under the elephant habitat zone- 2 of ORSAC supplied Forest block wise canopy density maps based on Forest Survey of India, State of Forest Report 2019.					
6. Whether any work in violation of the Act has been carried out (Yes/No). If yes, details of the same including period of work done, action taken on erring officials. Whether work in violation is still in progress.	During Site Inspection on dt. 10.09.2022, the following issues are noticed- Pipeline is already laid during the year 2007 without prior approval from the competent authority. Therefore, a forest case has been booked vide OR Case No. 19631 of 2011-12 and prosecution report sanctioned vide PR No. 4 of 2012-13 and submitted in the Court of JMFC, Barbil for trial (Case record is enclosed vide Annexure XXII) for reference. There is three phased electric line laid along pipeline but it was partly dismantled and completely disconnected. Water is lifted from Karo River at its confluence with Tapadili Nala. The right of way of pipeline is 2 mtr. One pumping house over 91.2m ² built up area is noticed. So already broken					

	area to be calculated as double the diversion area proposed, in forest area (0.764 ha x 2).
7. Site Inspection report of the DCF (to be enclosed) in respect to status of compliance of conditions stipulated during earlier approval.	Site Inspection report of the DCF enclosed vide Annexure- XVI .
8. Division/District Profile.	
i) Geographical area of the district.	830300.000 Ha.
ii) Forest area of the district.	336615.6293 Ha.
iii) Total Forest area diverted since 1980 with numbers.	14597.9759 ha (120 Nos.)
iv. Total compensatory afforestation stipulated in the District/Division since 1980 on	
(a) Forest land including Penal compensatory afforestation.	C.A. 2107.3543 ha. P.C.A., A.C.A- 7545.6046 ha
Non-forest land.	C.A- 9465.8399 ha.
v. Progress of Compensatory afforestation as on (date)	
(a) Forest land	C.A. 1152.58 ha. P.C.A. 2996.34 ha.
(b) Non-forest land.	C.A 5983.9016 ha.
13. Specific recommendation of the D.C.F. for acceptance or other wise of the proposal with reasons.	<p>The total forest land involved in the project is 0.764 ha. This includes 0.523 ha Sidhmath RF, 0.179 ha Revenue Forest & 0.062 ha Sabik Forest. The proposed area is unavoidable and the barest minimum for the purpose of laying of water pipeline for withdrawal of water. There is no sign of prevalence of endangered, threatened and vulnerable wild fauna in the said area except movement of wild elephant often noticed in the applied areas.</p> <p>The following site specific recommendation is suggested in respect of the aforesaid proposal.</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Underground electricity line should be done with drilling method within RoW for pipeline 2. Pathway already developed needs to be close with trench across and plantation to be taken up in eroded area. 3. The user agency has already laid pipeline, three phase electric line, constructed pump house over 91.2 m2 built up area. And also a pathway over same area is developed alongside, for which Penal NPV & PCA may be imposed for already used area i.e. 0.764 ha forest land for pipeline and 0.764 ha forest land for pathway as per prevailing guideline. <p>The said proposal, is therefore, submitted for necessary approval u/s- 2(ii) of FC Act, 1980 taking the aforesaid facts into consideration.</p>

Date : 17-09-2022
Place, Keonjhar

Signature: 
Name: Sri Dhara J.D, IFS
Divisional Forest Officer
Keonjhar Division