Project Note by the project authority with salient features

Background

In order to provide seamless connectivity to the difficult and remote areas which are also affected by Left Wing Extremists (LWE) violence, the government has started a special project with effect from 28th December 2016, as a vertical under Pradhan Gram SadakYojna (PMGSY) known as "Road Connectivity Project for Left Wing Extremism (LWE) Affected Areas (RCPLWEA)".

The Ministry of Rural Development being the Nodal Ministry would implement "Road Connectivity Project for Left Wing Extremism (LWE) Affected Areas (RCPLWEA). The Project would follow all the Programme Guidelines and sanction procedures of Pradhan Mantri Gram SadakYojna (PMGSY).

The provisions of the existing PMGSY Programme Guidelines mentioned in 2.1 to 2.2 of the "PMGSY Programme Guidelines, January 2015' will apply.

Road Connectivity Project for Left Extremism (LWE) Affected Areas (RCPLWEA) as a vertical under the PMGSY will provide an all-weather road connectivity with necessary culverts and cross drainage structures in 44 districts (35 are worst LWE affected districts and 9 are adjoining districts), which are critical from security and communication point of view. The primary focus in improving the road connectivity under this project is to bring people out of physical and functional isolation. Suitable road connectivity will create confidence in the governance structures, create job opportunity, uplift living standards and thus help to keep the local populace away from the LWE activities.

Presently under PMGSY guidelines, for most intensive LWE blocks, as identified by Ministry of Home Affairs, unconnected habitations with a population of 100 and above (as per 2001 census), are eligible to be connected under PMGSY. Under Road Connectivity Project for LWE Affected Areas, the population of the habitations has not been taken as a consideration as the primary objective is providing seamless connectivity, for population of the area, various arms of the government and the security forces in the LWE affected and adjoining areas by construction /upgradation of specifically identified roads. The project will cover the Rural Roads (RR), Village Roads (VR), Other Districts Roads (ODR) and Major District Roads (MDR) which are critical from the security point of view which have been identified by the Ministry of Home Affairs in consultation with the Home Departments of the identified States and the Security Forces engaged in combating the LWE violence and rehabilitating the affected population.

About the Project road stretch

The project road starts at Korepalli (0+000) to Assa (14+260) is a link road withCode VR 36 & VR 128 in Aheri block of Gadchiroli District. This road directlyconnects the habitations of Korepalli, Kavtharam, Kapwancha, Nainner& furtherAssa, Modumadagu with populations of Korepalli 278, Kavtharam 80, Kapwancha 65, Nainner 191, Assa 155, Modumadagu 1171 respectively.

District: Gadchiroli Block: Aheri

Road Name: Korepalli-Kavtharam-Kapwancha-Assa- Modumadagu road

Road Code: VR – 36 & VR – 128

Package No: MH-1045 Road Length: 11.500 Km

Start Point: At Korepalli Village (0+00) End Point: At Assa Village 11+500

Proposed Development

The geometric design standards for this project conform to PMGSY guidelines and the guidelines as stated in IRC-SP 20:2002. Recommended design standards vis-à-vis the standards followed for this road are described below.

- (a) Design Speed in plain terrain Ruling- 50 km/hr , Minimum 40 km per/hr.
- (b) Right of Way (RoW)

The requirement of ROW for this road is as follows (as specified in IRC-SP 20:2002):

Road classification	Plain and Rolling Terrain			
	Open Area		Built-up Area	
	Normal	Range	Normal	Range
Rural roads (ODR and VR)	15	15-25	15	15-20

Generally, the project road passes through forest and thus 12m ROW is considered for development. (c) Roadway width: Roadway width for this road is given below:

Plain and Rolling	7.5

Carriageway Width: -The width of carriageway for this project road is 3.75m.

Shoulders: - The width of the proposed shoulder is 1.875m.

Roadway width at cross-drainage structures: -The roadway width at culvert locations for this road is 7.5 m.

Cautionary, Mandatory and Informatory Signs: - Cautionary, mandatory and informatory signs are provided depending on the situation and function they perform in accordance with the IRC: 67-2012 guidelines for Road Signs. Overhead signs are proposed in accordance with IRC: 67-2012.

Delineators and Object Markers:-Roadway delineators are intended to mark the edges of the roadway to guide drivers on the alignment ahead. Object markers are used to indicate hazards and obstructions within the vehicle flow path, for example, channelising islands close to the intersections.

Delineators and object markers are provided in accordance with the provisions of IRC: 79-1981. They are driving aids and should not be regarded as substitutes for warning signs, road markings or barriers.

Guard Posts, Crash Barriers and Speed Breakers

Guard posts are proposed on embankments of height more than 1.5m and bridge approaches. The spacing of guard post shall be 10.0m c/c in these areas. Typical Guard post consists of pre-cast (M20) CC post of size 200mm x 200mm and a height of 600mm above ground level. They are encased in M15 cement concrete to a depth of 450mm below ground level. Guard posts are painted with alternate black and white reflective paint of 150mm wide bands.

Date: - 24/12/2020 Place: - Allapalli Executive Engineer
PWD - Allapalli, Gadchiroli,
Name- Atul Kumar Meshram

(Atulkumar Meshram)
Executive Engineer
Public Works Division
Allapalli.

Signature & Seal