

Site Inspection Report

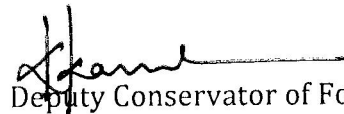
I have inspected the site of **0.8554** ha area proposed for construction of approach road towards Talakadu side and construction of composite structure bridge across Cauvery River between Talakadu and Malangi Village of T. Narasipiura Taluk, Mysuru district on 04.04.2022.

During my inspection and document verification it is found that in the area proposed for diversion consist of 37 trees which includes *Eucalyptus*, *Pongammia pinnata*, *Ficus spp*, *Tectona grandis* etc (Tree list enclosed) and no major tree cutting is required. At the time of my inspection, no violation of Forest (Conservation) Act 1980 is noticed. The area does not contain any protected archaeological/heritage site. Further, the area does not form a part of any national park, wild life sanctuary, and biosphere reserve, tiger reserve or elephant corridor. As per the report of ACF and RFO the approach road runs around 580m within the forest area and it includes nisarghadhama main gate which was constructed under VFC funds during 2016 and the expenditure spent was around Rs 2.80lakhs, small gate talakadu which was constructed under VFC funds during 2016 and the expenditure spent was around Rs 0.5lakhs, nisarghadhama small check post building which was constructed under VFC funds during 2000 and the expenditure spent was around Rs 2.00akhs, retaining wall 230m which was constructed under VFC funds during 2016 and the expenditure spent was around Rs 9.00lakhs, small fountain in the nisarghadhama circle which was constructed under VFC funds during 2000 and the expenditure spent was around Rs 0.7lakhs and chain link mesh of 204m which was constructed under departmental funds during 2020 and the expenditure spent was around Rs 6lakhs.

Since, the project requires less than 1 ha forest area, and as per sec. 3.2 (vii) (b) of Forest Conservation Act 1980, for the projects that requires less than 1 ha. Compensatory afforestation need not be insisted; hence the user agency has not identified area for Compensatory afforestation. However, for the sake of uploading compensatory afforestation area details, which is mandatory in filling the online

application and without which, the process of filling the form cannot be completed, a pdf file of report in this regard has been uploaded.

Since, the proposal is for a public cause and no major tree cutting is required, the total expenditure incurred by VFC and department for the construction of above said civil structures may be recovered and the proposal may be considered for clearance under Forest (Conservation) Act 1980.


Deputy Conservator of Forests,
Mysuru Division, Mysuru.

Species-wise local/scientific names and girth-wise enumeration of trees at FRL :

S. No.	Scientific Name	Local Name	(0-30)cm.	(31-60)cm.	(61-90)cm.	(91-120)cm.	(121-150)cm.	(>150)cm.
1	Pongamia Pinnata	Honge	2	0	1	3	3	0
2	Tamarindus Indica	Hunase	0	0	0	0	0	4
3	Samania Saman	Rain Tree	0	0	0	2	0	0
4	Ficus benghalensis	Ala	0	0	0	1	0	0
5	Bombax Ceiba	Buruga	0	0	0	1	0	0
6	Holoptelia integrifolia	Tapassi	0	0	0	0	0	1
7	Tectona Grandis	Teak	1	0	0	0	0	0
8	Eucalyptus spp	Nilgiri	3	0	2	5	0	2
9	Arecaceae	Palm	0	0	1	1	0	0
10	Jungle Kind	Jungle Kind	1	0	0	1	0	1
11	Dalbergia sissoo	Taali	0	1	0	0	0	0
Total			7	1	4	14	3	8