

## Scheme of Mining

Prepared under Rule 12 of M C D R 1980

(including Progressive Mine Closure Plan,

Prepared under Rule 23 B of MCDR, 1980

of

### Bhadigund Limestone Mine

M.L. No. 2060

Area: 40.12 Ha.

for the year 2013 - 14 to 2017 - 18

Type of land : Forest Land)

Category of Mine - "A" - FM

Situated in Bandigudda Village, Bhadravathy Taluk,  
Shimoga District of Karnataka State.

Lessee:

M/s. SAIL - VISL - Bhadravathy.,

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स्टील अथोरिटी ऑफ इंडिया लिमिटेड  
STEEL AUTHORITY OF INDIA LIMITED

विवेस्वराया आयरन एंड स्टील प्लॉट  
VISVESVARAYA IRON AND STEEL PLANT



TO WHOM IT MAY CONCERN

#### AUTHORIZATION LETTER

This is to certify that Sri K. Mahalingam, Dy. General Manager (Mines & Raw Materials) has been authorized to sign all the documents pertaining to Mining Plan / Scheme of Mining of Bhadigund Limestone Mine, over an area of 40.12 Ha, bears the M. L. No. 2060 situated in Bandigudda village, Bhadravathi Taluk, Shimoga District of Karnataka state on behalf of Steel Authority of India Limited / Visvesvaraya Iron & Steel Plant, Bhadravathi.

V. G. SHANKER  
Executive Director  
SAIL / VISL

Date: 14/10/2012.



स्टील अथारिटी ऑफ इंडिया लिमिटेड  
STEEL AUTHORITY OF INDIA LIMITED  
विश्वेश्वराया अयोध्या स्टील प्लॉन्ट  
VISVESVARAYA IRON AND STEEL PLANT



AUTHORISATION LETTER

I K. MAHALINGAM Deputy General Manager (Mines & Raw Material) the undersigned, being the authorized person on behalf of the SAIL-VISL do hereby authorize the RCPs namely Mr. Kaushalraj K and Mr. Ramachandra K T to prepare, submit and getting approval of Scheme of Mining from Indian Bureau of Mines in respect of our Bhadrigund Limestone Mine of MP's SAIL-VISL, which extends over an area of 49.12 Ha, bearing the M. L. No. 2660, which is situated in Bhadravathi village, Bhadravathi Taluk of Shimoga District, Karnataka State.



DATE: 15/03/2013

PLACE : Bhadravathi



स्टील अथारिटी ऑफ इंडिया लिमिटेड  
STEEL AUTHORITY OF INDIA LIMITED  
विश्वेश्वराया अयोध्या स्टील प्लॉन्ट  
VISVESVARAYA IRON AND STEEL PLANT



CERTIFICATE OF UNDERTAKING

I undertake that I shall within a period of 180 (one hundred Eighty) days from the date of approval of Mining plan / Scheme of mining shall comply with the provision of Circular No. 2 / 2010 of chief controller of Mines, India Bureau of Mines Nagpur issued vide letter No 11013/3/MP/50 - CCOM VOL - VII dtd. 6.4.2010.

For Steel Authority of India Limited  
Visvesvaraya Iron and Steel Plant



(K.MAHALINGAM)  
Deputy General Manager (Mines & Raw mat.)

DATE: 15/03/2013

PLACE : Bhadravathi





स्टील अथोरिटी ऑफ इंडिया लिमिटेड  
STEEL AUTHORITY OF INDIA LIMITED  
विश्वेश्वराया आयन एंड स्टील प्लॉट  
VISVESVARAYA IRON AND STEEL PLANT



### C E R T I F I C A T E

This is to certify that the Scheme of Mining (including Progressive Mine Closure Plan) of Bhadigund Limestone Mine of M/s. SAIL, extends over an area of 46.12 Ha, being the M. L. No. 2660, which is situated in Bhandigudda village, Bhadravathi Taluk of Shimoga District, Karnataka State, has been prepared in full consultation with me and I have understood its contents. I agree to implement the same in accordance with law.

For Steel Authority of India Limited  
Visvesvaraya Iron and Steel Plant

(K.MAHALINGAM)

Deputy General Manager (Mines & Raw mat.)

DATE: 15/6/2013

PLACE : Bhadravathi.



स्टील अथोरिटी ऑफ इंडिया लिमिटेड  
STEEL AUTHORITY OF INDIA LIMITED  
विश्वेश्वराया आयन एंड स्टील प्लॉट  
VISVESVARAYA IRON AND STEEL PLANT



### C E R T I F I C A T E

This is to certify that the Progressive Mine Closure Plan of Bhadigund Limestone Mine of M/s. SAIL, extends over an area of 46.12 Ha, being the M. L. No. 2660, which is situated in Bhandigudda village, Bhadravathi Taluk of Shimoga District, Karnataka State complies all statutory rules, regulations, orders made by the Central or State Government, Statutory Organizations, Court etc., have been taken into consideration and wherever any specific permission is required the concerned authorities will be approached. And I also give an undertaking to the effect that all measures proposed in this closure plan will be implemented in a time bound manner.

For Steel Authority of India Limited  
Visvesvaraya Iron and Steel Plant

(K.MAHALINGAM)

Deputy General Manager (Mines & Raw mat.)

DATE: 15/6/2013

PLACE : Bhadravathi.





स्टील अर्थात् भारत इंडिया लिमिटेड  
STEEL AUTHORITY OF INDIA LIMITED  
विश्वेश्वराया आयरन फॉर्न एंड स्टील प्लॅट  
VISVESVARAYA IRON AND STEEL PLANT



### C E R T I F I C A T E

This is to certify that, The provision of Mines Act 1952, Rules and Regulations made there under have been observed in the preparation of Scheme of Mining (including Progressive Mine Closure Plan) of Bhadigund Limestone Mine of M/s. SAIL, extends over an area of 49.12 Ha, being the M. L. No. 2660, which is situated in Bhandigudda village, Bhadravathi Taluk of Shimoga District, Karnataka State, Where specific permissions are required the applicant will approach Director General of Mines Safety, further Standards prescribed by D.G.M.S in respect of Miners Health will be strictly implemented.



### C E R T I F I C A T E

This is to certify that, provision of M.C.D.R. Rules 1988, have been observed in the preparation of Scheme of Mining (including Progressive Mine Closure Plan) of Bhundigudda Limestone Mine of M/s. SAIL, extends over an area of 49.12 Ha, being the M. L. No. 2660, which is situated in Bhandigudda village of Bhadravathi Taluk of Shimoga District, Karnataka state, Wherever the specific permissions are required, the applicant will approach the concerned authorities of Indian Bureau of Mines for granting the permission. It is also certified that the information furnished in the above Scheme of Mining including Progressive Mine Closure Plan is true & correct to the best of my knowledge.

For Steel Authority of India Limited  
Visvesvaraya Iron and Steel Plant



(K. MAHALINGAM)

Deputy General Manager (Mines & Raw mat.)

DATE: 13/7/2003

PLACE : Bhadravathi.

*Planned 15/7/2003*  
KANTHARAJ.K.  
RQP / GOA / 130 / 2000 / A.

*checked*  
RAMACHANDRA K.T.  
RQP / BNG / 040 / 1988 / A.



C E R T I F I C A T E



This is to certify that, The provision of Mines Act 1952, Rules and Regulations made there under have been observed in the preparation of Scheme of Mining (including Progressive Mine Closure Plan) of **Bhandigudda Limestone Mine** of M/s. SAIL, extends over an area of **40.12 Ha**, being the M. L. No. 2660, which is situated in Bhandigudda village of Bhadravathi Taluk of Shimoga District, Karnataka state. Where specific permissions are required the applicant will approach Director General of Mines Safety, further, Standards prescribed by D G M S in respect of Miners Health will be strictly implemented.

*10th Jan 1992*  
KANTHARAJ K  
RQP / GOA / 130 / 2000 / A.

*Jan 92*  
RAMACHANDRA KT  
RQP / BNG / 640 / 1988 / A.

C E R T I F I C A T E

This is to certify, that the plans and sections are prepared based on the lease map duly authenticated by the State Government

*10th Jan 1992*  
KANTHARAJ K

RQP / GOA / 130 / 2000 / A.

*Jan 92*  
RAMACHANDRA KT  
RQP / BNG / 640 / 1988 / A.

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T E X T



**SCHEME OF MINING OF BHANDIGUDA LIMESTONE MINE  
BEING THE M.L. NO. 2660 OF M/S. SAIL - VISI - BHADRAYATHY**  
(Prepared under Rule No. 12 of M.C.D.R 1983)

**INTRODUCTION.**

M/s. Steel Authority of India having their Steel Plant at Bhadravathi under the name Visvesvaraya Iron & Steel Ltd., which is undertaken by Government of India. This lease was initially granted over an area of 97.12 Ha during the year 1963. When presently the entire area falls under Forest. Thereafter this lease has been renewed two times the first renewal was on 1983 and second was on 2003. During the second renewal 27.00 ha of forest land was surrendered to the Government and only 40.12 ha was retained for Mining purpose where more or less entire area is broken. Both the renewals were for a period of Twenty years. The last renewal i.e. the second renewal was renewed on 16.05.2011 and it was effected from 01.04.2003 onwards for a period of twenty years; presently this lease is valid till 31.03.2023. A copy of the lease deed is enclosed as Annexure No. 1. A copy of the lease sketch is enclosed as Plate No. 3.

Precisely this lease is having a valid Scheme of Mining prepared for the year 03-09 to 2012-13 and the same was approved vide your office letter No. MS / SMG / Lst - 112 - SZ dated 27.06.2008 a copy of the said approval letter is enclosed as Annexure No. 2. The said Scheme of Mining is valid till 31.03.2013. Similarly a Scheme of Mining needs to be prepared for the forthcoming years i.e. from 2013 - 14 to 2017 - 18 for a period of five years and accordingly the said ensuing scheme has been prepared and submitting for your kind approval.

This Scheme of Mining is approved  
subject to the conditions stipulated  
Indicated in the Scheme of Mining  
Approval letter No. KNTL/min/sal/let/192-SZ  
Dated 27.6.13

GRM/BM/25/6/13  
भारतीय खनिकालय (S.Z.)  
Controller of Mines (S.Z.)  
भारतीय खनिकालय  
Indian Bureau of Mines  
भारतीय खनिकालय  
BANGALORE

KANTHARAJ K  
RQP, COA / 130, 2000/A

RAMACHANDRA K T  
RQP/BNG / 046 / 1983 / A



The mine is being operated by mechanized means and opencast method of mining. This mine's rated capacity is to produce 150,000 tonnes of Limestone per annum, where there is a Environment clearance from the State Level Environment Impact Assessment Authority, Karnataka to produce 1.00 lakh tonnes of Limestone. A copy of the Environment Clearance is enclosed as Annexure No. 3.

Since the Entire area of 40.12 ha falling under forest, Forest Clearance was obtained for 40.12 ha. A copy of the forest diversion obtained is enclosed as Annexure No. 4.

**PART-I****1.0 REVIEW OF MINING PLAN / SCHEME OF MINING:****1.1 Name of Mine** Bhandiguda Limestone Mine

Apart from this lease, lessee has two more leases which is Kanchapur-Ongada Mine and Kammangudi Iron ore mine, the details of these mines are furnished in the prescribed format and enclosed as Annexure No. 5.

**Location and accessibility:**

The said mine falls in the village Bhandiguda, under the survey No. 1 (part) of Bhadravathi Taluk, Shinoga district of Karnataka State. This Mine lies towards east of northeast of Bhadravathi town and is at a distance of 18.0 Kms (Aerial distance). This mine is accessible by all weather roads from Bhadravathi town till the mine site. A key plan showing the lease area and its surrounding up to 10.0 kms is enclosed as Plate No. 1 and location Map showing the lease area and its accessibility is enclosed as Plate No. 2. A surface plan showing the detailed survey of the sand mine with contour interval of 5.0 M and all the surface features is enclosed as Plate No. 4.

Apart from the above survey, G.P.S reading of all the boundary pillars has been recorded by WGS 84 datum the latitude and longitude of the are shown in below table:

Sl. No.	B.P. No.	Latitude (N)	Longitude (E)
1	A	13° 53' 07.7"	75° 50' 45.9"
2	B	13° 53' 09.3"	75° 50' 17.2"
3	C	13° 53' 07.2"	75° 50' 55.3"
4	D	13° 53' 09.3"	75° 51' 05.7"
5	E	13° 53' 08.2"	75° 51' 12.3"
6	F	13° 53' 11.3"	75° 51' 15.0"
7	G	13° 53' 11.0"	75° 51' 15.9"
8	H	13° 53' 06.5"	75° 51' 15.5"
9	I	13° 53' 01.2"	75° 51' 22.0"
0	J	13° 52' 56.2"	75° 51' 21.7"
1	K	13° 52' 56.4"	75° 51' 29.5"
2	L	13° 52' 53.5"	75° 51' 30.7"
3	M	13° 52' 50.4"	75° 51' 30.5"

Apart from the establishing and fixing above boundary pillars, Three Ground Control Points (GCP) has been fixed and linked with the boundary pillars.



The details of G C P are shown below:

G C P No.	Details of G C P	Latitude (N)	Longitude (E)	R.E.
1	Water tank	13° 53' 04.4"	75° 50' 45.2"	10.54
2	Mariyamma temple	13° 53' 07.7"	75° 50' 34.9"	7.61
3	Talak boundary pillar	13° 53' 11.5"	75° 51' 33.2"	868.07

R.E - A lies towards 132° 30' with respect to north from G.C.P No 1 (Water tank) at a distance of 110.00 M and similarly it lie 118° 10' with respect to north from G.C.P No 2 (Temple) at a distance of 374.00 M. Few photographs of the Mine working, boundary pillars and G.C.P are enclosed as Plate No. 20, 21 & 22 respectively. All the GCP points are marked on Environment Plan and enclosed as Plate No. 17.

**1.2 Particulars of the Approved Mining Plan / Scheme.**

(Under M C R or M C D R Indicate Approval Letter No. & Date)

Presently this lease is having a valid Scheme of Mining prepared for the year 08-09 i.e. 2012-13 and the same was approved vide your office letter No. MS / SMG / LM - 112 - 82 dated 27.06.2008 a copy of the said approval letter is enclosed as Annexure No. 2. The said Scheme of Mining is valid till 31.03.2013.

**1.3 Date of commencement of Mining Operation.**

Subsequent to the grant of the mining lease in the year 1967.

**1.4 Review of compliance Position of Mining Plan / Scheme:**

- Deficiencies, if any, that existed in the Approved Mining Plan / Scheme to be taken note of and rectified by incorporating suitable proposals for implementation in the scheme of mining.

No deficiencies were pointed out

- Review of compliance Position of Salient features of the Mining Plan/ Scheme on chapter wise basis bringing out marked deviations, if any, and justifications/reasons thereof. Items to be covered may include exploration, mine development, exploitation, arrestation programme, reclamation and rehabilitation, control of dust noise and ground vibrations and any other significant features.

**STATE OF MINING OF BHANDIGUDDA LIMESTONE MINE OF M/S. BAILI**

**i) Exploration:**

No exploration was proposed during the last scheme period from 2008 – 09 to 2012 -13, as the exploration, which was carried out by DMG and by NMDC was more than sufficient. Below table shows the details of exploration carried out.

Sl No.	Exploration agency	No of B H drilled	Cumulative meterage	Remarks
1.	Department of Mines & Geology	39	2,434.19	Core drill
2.	National Mineral Development Corporation Ltd.	14	1,801.16	Core drill
	<b>Total</b>	<b>53</b>	<b>4,235.25</b>	

Totally 53 boreholes were drilled, after surrendering the area of 57.00 Ha and retaining only 49.12 ha for mining purpose, about 9 boreholes were gone outside the lease area. So only 53 boreholes are considered for reserves estimation and to establish the geological structure.

A list of boreholes drilled by DMG and NMDC is enclosed as Annexure No. 6 and few typical logs of the same is enclosed as Plate No. 8. Since the exploration has been carried out by way of core drilling in early sixties by DMG & NMDC the analysis report of the same is not available. However, the grades so available with the log descriptions are enclosed as Annexure No. 7. Two face samples of Limestone analyzed by N A B L laboratory is enclosed as Annexure No. 8.

**ii) Mine Development & Exploitation**

Proposed and achieved quantities of production and development are given in below table

Year	Development - Qty : tonnes		
	Proposed	Achieved	% of variation
2008 – 09	5,000	NIL	-
2009 – 10	NIL	10,000	+ 100.00
2010 – 11	5,000	NIL	-
2011 – 12	NIL	NIL	- 100.00
2012 – 13 **	5,000	NIL	- 100.00
<b>Total</b>	<b>15,000</b>	<b>10,000</b>	<b>- 33.33</b>

\*\* indicates till Feb 2013

During the last scheme, it was proposed to handle 15,000 tonnes of waste, against only 10,000 tonnes has been handled. This was mainly due to the less production when compared with the proposals.

**STATE OF MINING OF BHANDIGUDDA LIMESTONE MINE OF M/S. BAILI**

During the last scheme period, there was no specified location of dumping the waste, but it was only discussed it will be dumped outside the main pit. According to it, was dumped outside the pit. The waste was dumped on the existing waste dump which lies towards west on the main pit i.e between the co-ordinate and ordinates E . 320 to E. 1600 and N. 920 to N. 980 by increasing approximately 2.00 mts height.

Year	R O M - Production - Qty : tonnes		
	Proposed	Achieved	% of variation
2008 – 09	1,01,000	34,808	- 55.54
2009 – 10	1,01,000	48,326	- 52.15
2010 – 11	1,01,000	27,988	- 72.29
2011 – 12	1,01,000	52,667	- 47.85
2012 – 13 **	1,01,000	20,000	- 83.83
<b>Total</b>	<b>5,05,000</b>	<b>1,83,789</b>	<b>- 54.00</b>

\*\* indicates till Feb 2013

Basically, this limestone mine is a captive mine for the Steel industry situated at Bhadravathi. During the last above five years, there was less production, this is mainly due to the requirement of the captive industry. As there was no sufficient raw material like iron ore to feed to the plant. Hence there is a less in productions.

During the last scheme period, the production was proposed mainly in the main pit / quarry, accordingly the production was achieved from main pit only.

**Review of plantation details**

Year	Plantation Qty : in Nos.	
	Proposed	Achieved
2008 – 09	2,000	2,000
2009 – 10	2,000	1,100
2010 – 11	2,500	2,500
2011 – 12	2,500	2,500
2012 – 13 **	2,500	NIL
<b>Total</b>	<b>11,500</b>	<b>8,100</b>

\*\* indicates till Feb 2013

1.80 Ha has been covered under plantation and the survival rate is about 60 %.

**Review of Environmental monitoring Details**

Regular monitoring of quality of air, noise, water, soil, in core zone & buffer zone the report of the same is enclosed as Annexure No. 9. And the details are discussed in the foregoing paragraph Environment Management Plan vide Para 9.0

**Land Reclamation & Rehabilitation.**

In the last approval of scheme of mining along with the EIA, it was proposed to retain the pit as a water pond, which will cater the local inhabitants, agriculture / sericulture purpose. Since the deposit is not totally exhausted, so presently it cannot be created as a pond. This will be taken only at the conceptual stage.

**Waste Management.**

About 10,000 tonnes of waste was generated against proposed 15,000 tonnes. The generated waste was dumped in the area earmarked for the purpose. This was systematically dumped in a phase wise manner.

- iii. Review of Compliance Position of conditions and stipulations imposed, if any, while approving Mining plan/Scheme. In case non-compliance, partial compliance, detailed justification reasons therefor may be furnished along with proposal for compliance in ensuing period.

There are no any special conditions and stipulation was imposed while approving the Scheme of Mining. The conditions so imposed is the general condition, a copy of the same is enclosed as Annexure No. 2. However the some of the imposed conditions are detailed below:

- i. A copy of EIA / EMP report, approved by MoEF, New Delhi, should be submitted to this office as well as Regional Controller of Mines, Indian Bureau of Mines, Bangalore, within one month of its approval along with the copy of the approval letter.
- ii. The company shall establish a environmental monitoring cell. Environment monitoring cell of the company shall continue monitoring ambient air quality, dust fall rate, water quality, soil sample analysis and noise level measurements on various stations established for the purpose both in the core and buffer zone, as per the Department of the Environment guidelines and keeping in view IIM's circular 3 / 92, season wise every year or by engaging preferably the services of an Environmental laboratory by MoEF approved / CPCB. The data so generated shall be maintained in a bound page



register kept for the purpose and the same shall be made available to the inspecting officer on demand.

The validity period of the financial assurance should be renewed before the expiry of the same and should be submitted to the Regional Controller of Mines, Indian Bureau of Mines, Bangalore, under intimation to this office.

A yearly report shall be submitted to the Regional Controller of Mines, Indian Bureau of Mines, Bangalore before 1<sup>st</sup> of every setting forth the extent of protective and rehabilitative works carried out as envisaged in the approved mine closure plan.

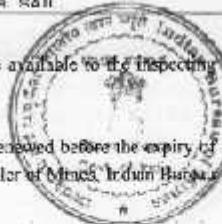
- iv. Review of compliance of violations pointed out after inspections made under MCDR, 1988 during the last five years. The position emerging out of the yearly review of mining plan/scheme while checking up implementation in the field shall also be taken note of at this stage.

There was no inspection during the last five years.

- v. Any other points requiring attention in the interest of proper mine design Development, Conservation and Environment & Ecology of the area.

With due conservation of mineral, management is interested to operate the mine very scientific & systematic method of mining. Moreover to utilize the mineral resources very much conservatively the limestone is now classified in to two parts one is High CaO where CaO is more than 45 % while the other is Low CaO where CaO varies from 35 to 45 in which aggregate and low grade is also included.

Since the material is used for a captive steel industry, the low CaO will be blended with the high CaO with the required proportion based on the generation of the material and will be transported to the captive Steel Industry which is situated at Bhadravathi.



## PART - II

## 2.2 PROPOSAL UNDER SCHEME OF MINING FOR THE NEXT FIVE YEARS.

## 2.3 Name and Address of the Lessee:

M/s. Visvesvaraya Iron &amp; Steels Plant Ltd., of SAIL,

P. O Box No. 136

Bhadravathi, Shimoga District - 577201

Ph +91 8282 671627

Fax +91 8282 271611



Since the firm is limited and public sector Company, so company has authorized Mr. K. Mahalingam - Dy G M (Mines & Raw Material) to sign all the related papers / documents in connection with the Bhandigudda Limestone mine, the authorization letter is enclosed under certificates and the photo ID and address proof is enclosed as Annexure No. 10.

## 2.2 Name and Address, Registration Number of the Recognized Persons together with the Validity Date / Person employed under Rule 42 (1) (b) who has prepared the mining scheme.

Name KANTHARAJ, K. RAMACHANDRA K.T.  
Address C/o METAMORPHOSIS  
Branch office and Environment Laboratory:  
K.S.F Bhavan, 4<sup>th</sup> Main, 2<sup>nd</sup> Cross, 2<sup>nd</sup> Block,  
Kuvempu Nagar, TUMKUR - 572 103  
Head Office:  
J-43, 2<sup>nd</sup> Floor, 4<sup>th</sup> Cross, 30<sup>th</sup> Main, Behind CSTRI  
BIM layout, 1 Stage,  
DANCALURE - 560 068  
RQP / GOA / 130 / 2000 / A RQP / BNG / 040 / 1988 / A  
Validity 06 October, 2022 09.10.2020  
Tele fax No. +91 80 26787005, +91 816 2285200, +91 815 4021096  
Mobile +91 9155 84321 +91 9635808115  
E-mail kantk@metamorphosis-india.com, mact@metamorphosis-india.com

Copy of the RQP certificates of the above RQP's is enclosed as Annexure No. 11

## 2.2 Mineral(s) to be mined. : Limestone

## 2.4 Area and date of expiry of lease.

The lease has been renewed two times; the first renewal was in year book 1983, and second was on 01.04.2006 with effect from 01.04.2003. During the second renewal 37.00 ha of forest land was surrendered to the Government and only 40.12 ha was retained for Mining purpose, now the total extent of the Mining Lease is 40.12 Ha and this lease is valid till 31.03.2023.

## 2.5 Date of expiry of five years period for which approved on last occasion:

Date of expiry of previous Mining Plan / Scheme 31.03.2013

## 2.6 RESERVES.

## 2.7 Category - wise (Proved, Probable and Possible) Reserves Estimated in earlier Mining Plan / Scheme with grades.

The Grade - wise / Category wise reserves furnished in the earlier Scheme of Mining for Limestone is indicated below

Category	Unit : 000 tonnes	
	R O M	UNPC
Limestone	Code	
<b>A. MINERAL RESERVES :</b>		
Proven	5,073	1 1 1
Probable	7,694	1 2 . & 1 2 2
Total (A)	12,767	
<b>B. REMAINING RESOURCES :</b>		
Feasibility		2 1 1
Pre-feasibility		2 2 1 & 2 2 2
Measured		3 3 1
Indicated		3 3 2
Inferred		3 3 3
Recommission	6,442	3 3 4
Total (B)	6,442	
Total (A+B)	19,209	-

**SCHEME OF MINING OF BHANDI BUDDA LIMESTONE MINE OF M/S. SAIL**

### **3.2 Depletion of Reserves.**

During the last Scheme period i.e till 28.02.2013 the mining operation was nearly small quantity hence the total production was only 1,83,789 tonnes and the proved reserves were depleted by the same quantity and the balance reserves is 12,583 million tonnes.

### **3.3 Additional Reserves Established category-wise (with basic and parameters considered).**

Based on the UNFC, the deposit appears to be strata bound of regular habit along the geological axis as G1, Economic axis E 1 and the feasibility axis F1. The feasibility study of the report is enclosed as Annexure No. 12. No additional reserves have been established. But after updating the geology in detail and re-casting all the geological cross sections considering the available exploration data, techno-economic feasibility and all the technical and practical constraints, entire pit is re designed and the reserves are re estimated as per the UNFC guideline, where there is reduction in reserves to an extent of 2.319 million tonnes. The re-estimated reserve is furnished in the foregoing paragraphs.

This area has been explored by Department of Mines & Geology, Government of Karnataka and National Mineral Development Corporation Ltd., a public sector company way back in early sixties. The details of the exploration carried out by the above said agencies are shown in below table:

Sl. No.	Exploration agency	No of B.H.	Cumulative meterage	Remarks
1	Department of Mines & Geology	39	2,424.19	Core drill
2	National Mineral Development Corporation Ltd.	14	1,801.10	Core drill
	<b>Total</b>	<b>53</b>	<b>4,225.29</b>	

Totally 67 boreholes were driller, after surrendering the area of 57.00 Ha and retaining only 46.12 ha for mining purpose, about 9 boreholes were gone outside the lease area. So only 53 core drill boreholes are considered for reserves estimation and to establish the geological structure.

The above said 53 boreholes are drilled at an interval of 200 X 200, 100.0 M X 100.0 M and also at places it drilled in spacing of 50 M X 50 M by covering an area of 28.00 Ha. Cross section were prepared at an interval of 100.0 M, based on the available exploration data and surface geological mapping coupled together, it was found that the Limestone body extends over an length of 980.0 M, width of the limestone is varying from 100.0 M to



**SCHEME OF MINING OF BHANDI BUDDA LIMESTONE MINE OF M/S. SAIL**

300.0 M width an average width of 300.0 M. And the depth of the limestone is more than 1000.0 M. The Bore Hole No. BGD 05, BGD 12 & BGD 13 has proved the limestone deposit up a depth of 182.0 M, 335.0 M & 475.0 M respectively. But for the estimation of the reserves 652.0 MRL (i.e up to a depth of 50.0 M from the bottom most of the pit) is considered. Though the limestone persists below, but only few boreholes has encountered, hence it is only considered up to 652.0 M MRL.



#### **Method of estimation:**

The estimation of ore reserves is made by conventional parallel cross section method using geological-cross section. The geological cross sections are prepared at a regular interval of 100 M across the strike of the ore body. The area of individual litho units in the each and every cross section of respective benches is calculated separately. The volume between the cross section is arrived on the basis of the averaging the area of parallel cross section i.e.  $(S_1 + S_2)/2$  and multiplying sectional interval. Tonnage is arrived by multiply by its bulk density. For estimating the reserves only the core drill data are considered.

#### **Categorization of Limestone:**

While establishing the reserves, +35 % CaO is considered as the cut-off grade and also as threshold value. Since the limestone is used for steel works manufacturing industry only two type of limestone categories and the parameters so considered for establishing the ore reserves are shown in below table:

Category / Grade	CaO in %	R.O.	MgO	SiO <sub>2</sub>	Bulk Density	Recovery	Sec. Interval
High CaO	45	5.0 % max	2.00 - 5.00	6.5 max	2.5	95.0 %	100.00
Low CaO	+35 - 45%		3.00	12.0 max	2.5	95.0 %	100.00
Shales / Phyllites Inter. Clay / White					2.5		100.00

Generated from the R.C.M about 5 %

A Geological plan showing the different litho unit and its structural attitudes, drilled holes are marked and enclosed as Plate No. 5, and the geological cross sections are prepared at regular interval of 100 M and longitudinal section has been prepared along N 90° E (I - I'), showing the different thickness and limits of proved reserves which is enclosed as Plate No. 6 & 7. A typical borehole log is enclosed as Plate No. 8.

Since the exploration has been carried out by way of core drilling in early sixties by DMG & NMDC the analysis report of the same is not available. However the grades so available with the log descriptions are enclosed as Annexure No. 7. Two face samples of Limestone analyzed by NABL laboratory is enclosed as Annexure No. 8.

- 3.4 Category wise updated Reserves with grade. (Indicate grid size along with analysis), as well as marginal grades.

Subsequent to the depleted reserves of 1,83,789 tonnes up to Feb - 2013, the mining stopped at 2,583 million tonnes including both proved and probable reserves which corresponds with the earlier reserves furnished in the last scheme of Mining.

After updating the geology in detail and re-casting the all the geological cross sections considering the available exploration data, techno – economic feasibility and all the technical and practical constraints, and also considering the UNFC guidelines that the drill grid up to 200 ms considering 1 1 1 and 200 – 400 grid as 1 2 2, entire pit was re designed and the reserves were re-estimated. Where there is reduction in the reserves to an extent of 2,319 million tonnes (including both proved and probable). The re-estimated reserve is furnished in the below table:

Reserves as on 01/04/2013					Unit : 000' MT
Category	Limestone - R O M			Waste rock	UNFC Code
	High CaO	Low CaO	Total		
<b>A. MINERAL RESERVES :</b>					
Proved Mineral Reserves	5,332	2,919	8,251	1,950	1 1 1
Probable Mineral Reserves	2,013	-	2,013	100	1 2 2
<b>Total (A)</b>	<b>7,345</b>	<b>2,919</b>	<b>10,254</b>	<b>2,050</b>	
<b>B. REMAINING RESOURCES :</b>					
Feasibility	4,690	-	4,690	235	2 1 1
Pre-feasibility					2 2 2
Measured					3 3 1
Indicated					3 3 2
Inferred	4,277	2,926	7,203	374	3 3 3
Reconnaissance					3 3 4
<b>Total (B)</b>	<b>8,967</b>	<b>2,926</b>	<b>11,893</b>	<b>609</b>	
<b>Total (A+B)</b>	<b>16,312</b>	<b>5,845</b>	<b>22,157</b>	<b>2,659</b>	

Note: reserves furnished in the above table is as on 01/04/2013, this is by considering the depletion upto 31/03/2013 as per approved Scheme of mining.

Details of Section wise / category wise insitu ore reserves (proved) established is given below:

Proved Mineral Reserves EEE, as on Reserves as on 25/03/13				Unit : 000' MT
Cross Sec. Between	Limestone - R O M			Waste Rock
	High CaO	Low CaO	Total	
E 300 / E 1000	817	181	998	211
E 1000 / E 1100	1,538	269	1,807	636
E 1100 / E 1200	1,337	323	1,660	530
E 1200 / E 1300	948	1,150	2,133	350
E 1300 / E 1400	479	916	1,435	132
E 1400 / E 1550	213	-	213	11
<b>Total</b>	<b>5,332</b>	<b>2,919</b>	<b>8,251</b>	<b>1,950</b>

The details of calculation of area, volume and tonnage of the above proved reserves is enclosed as Annexure No. 13.

Details of level wise / category wise insitu ore reserves (proved) established is furnished below:

Proved Mineral Reserves EEE, as on Reserves as on 25/03/13				Unit : 000' MT
Bench RL	Limestone - R O M			Waste Rock
	High CaO	Low CaO	Total	
730	107	-	107	51
724	89	14	103	195
718	80	114	194	242
712	63	176	239	242
706	205	222	427	231
700	454	355	809	224
694	830	390	1,220	219
688	694	396	1,090	125
682	711	466	1,207	138
675	581	326	907	87
670	566	228	794	81
664	352	84	476	58
658	348	76	424	49
652	242	72	314	38
<b>Total</b>	<b>5,332</b>	<b>2,919</b>	<b>8,251</b>	<b>1,950</b>

STATE OF APURNA MINE OF BHANDIGUDA LIMESTONE MINE OF M/S. RAIL.

Details of Section wise / category wise insitu ore reserves (Probable) established is given below:

Probable Mineral Reserves 122, as on Reserves as on 25/02/13				
Cross Sec. Between	Limestone - R O M			Waste Rock
	High CaO	Low CaO	Total	
E 1300 / E 1400	804	-	804	46
E 1400 / E 1550	1,209	-	1,209	66
<b>Total</b>	<b>2,013</b>	-	<b>2,013</b>	<b>100</b>

The details of calculation of area, volume and tonnage of the above proved reserves is enclosed as Annexure No. 13.

Details of level wise / category wise insitu ore reserves (probable) established is furnished below:

Probable Mineral Reserves 122, as on Reserves as on 25/02/13				
Bench R.L.	Limestone - R O M			Waste Rock
	High CaO	Low CaO	Total	
742	12	-	12	
736	235	-	235	12
730	196	-	196	10
724	343	-	343	17
718	418	-	418	20
712	411	-	411	21
706	398	-	398	20
<b>Total</b>	<b>2,013</b>	-	<b>2,013</b>	<b>100</b>

STATE OF APURNA MINE OF BHANDIGUDA LIMESTONE MINE OF M/S. RAIL.

Detail of Section wise / category wise insitu ore reserves established is given below:

Measured Remaining Resources 211, as on Reserves as on 25/02/13				
Cross Sec. Between	Limestone - R O M			Waste Rock
	High CaO	Low CaO	Total	
E 900 / E 1000	287	-	287	★ 14
E 1000 / E 1100	731	-	731	37
E 1100 / E 1200	654	-	654	33
E 1200 / E 1300	779	-	779	39
E 1300 / E 1400	1,255	-	1,255	62
E 1400 / E 1550	1,004	-	1,004	50
<b>Total</b>	<b>4,690</b>	-	<b>4,690</b>	<b>235</b>

The details of calculation of area, volume and tonnage of the above proved reserves is enclosed as Annexure No. 13.

Details of level wise / category wise insitu ore reserves established is furnished below:

Measured Remaining Resources 211, as on Reserves as on 25/02/13				
Bench R.L.	Limestone - R O M			Waste Rock
	High CaO	Low CaO	Total	
730	35	-	35	2
730	38	-	38	2
724	53	-	53	3
718	90	-	90	5
712	57	-	57	8
706	82	-	82	5
700	245	-	245	12
694	317	-	317	16
686	403	-	403	20
682	439	-	439	24
676	557	-	557	28
670	520	-	520	26
664	604	-	604	30
658	692	-	692	35
652	508	-	508	15
<b>Total</b>	<b>4,690</b>	-	<b>4,690</b>	<b>235</b>

The above said measured resources are totally blocked due to the lease boundary constraints.

Details of Section wise / category wise insitu ore reserves established is given below:

Cross Sec. Between	Limestone - R O M			Waste Rock	Unit : 000 MT
	High CaO	Low CaO	Total		
E : 900 / E : 1000	87	21	108	4	
E : 1000 / E : 1100	566	21	587	20	
E : 1100 / E : 1200	795	73	868	12	
E : 1200 / E : 1300	656	51	747	44	
E : 1300 / E : 1400	542	1,022	1,364	22	
E : 1400 / E : 1550	652	1,506	2,158	108	
E : 1550 / E : 1650	806	56	902	42	
E : 1650 / E : 1750	573	56	469	23	
<b>Total</b>	<b>4,277</b>	<b>2,926</b>	<b>7,203</b>	<b>374</b>	

The details of calculation of area, volume and tonnage of the above proved reserves is enclosed as Annexure No. 13.

Details of level wise / category wise insitu ore reserves established is furnished below:

Bench R.L.	Limestone - R O M			Waste Rock	Unit : 000' MT
	High CaO	Low CaO	Total		
706	33		83	4	
710	778		778	14	
714	312		312	16	
718	384	51	435	36	
722	338	52	400	20	
726	397		397	20	
730	321	473	794	40	
694	169	485	655	32	
688	187	391	581	20	
682	153	330	483	24	
676	282	234	566	28	
670	273	242	512	26	
664	484	217	701	32	
658	447	221	668	33	
652	172	153	325	17	
<b>Total</b>	<b>4,277</b>	<b>2,926</b>	<b>7,203</b>	<b>374</b>	



#### 4.0 CONCEPTUAL MINING PLAN.

For any mine, Preparation of plan / Conceptual Mine Plan amounts to fore-seeing in totality and planning for mining and related activities through-out its life span, till such time all the usable mineral / ores are exhausted to the techno - economical limits and the norms laid down by the government agencies from time to time do play important role.

Therefore, preparation of ideal conceptual mine plan for any mine is difficult and such plan prepared, remains acceptable only under given circumstances. It cannot be overlooked that, any such plan undergoes amendments and revisions in the course of progressive stages of exploration and exploitation. It is always borne in mind to bring back near natural slope to the area and its economic value is elevated. It is further ensured that, there is positive contribution to the environment and socio-economic development of the region.

#### 4.1 Anticipated Life of Mine:

Based on the above available reserves of proved which is to an extent of 10,264 million tonnes, considering the present production of 100 lakh tonnes per year, the life of the mine will remain more than 100 years. But the management has fixing the plan to increase the production in future / next scheme period and in conceptual stage, by considering the same the life of the mine would be about 20 years.

#### Exploration Proposed:

- a. Broadly indicate the year-wise future program of exploration, taking into consideration the future production program planned in next five years as in table below.

This area has been explored by Department of Mines & Geology, Government of Karnataka and National Mineral Development Corporation Ltd., a public sector company way back in early sixties. The details of the exploration carried out by the above said agencies are shown in below table.

S. No.	Exploration agency	No of B.H. drilled	Cumulative meterage	Remarks
1	Department of Mines & Geology	19	1,434.19	Core drill
2	National Mineral Development Corporation Ltd.,	14	1,801.40	Core drill
	Total	53	4,235.59	

A list of bore holes drilled by DMG and NMDC is enclosed as Annexure No. 6 and few typical logs of the same is enclosed as Plate No. 8.

Since the exploration has been carried out by way of core drilling in early sixties by DMG & NMDC, the analysis report of the same is not available. However the grades so available with the log descriptions are enclosed as Annexure No. 7. Two free samples of Limestone and one waste sample drawn by dumps is analyzed by N A B L laboratory is enclosed as Annexure No. 8.

The above said 53 boreholes are drilled at an interval of 200 X 200, 100.0 M X 100.0 M, covering an area of 28.00 ha, and 12.00 ha of area needs to be explored fully which is towards west and south western part of the lease. The below table shows the year wise proposed exploration.

Year	No. of holes	Total meterage
First	2010 - 14	10
Second	2014 - 15	5
Third	2015 - 15	5
Fourth	2016 - 17	1
Fifth	2017 - 18	N.I.L
	Total	24
		560.00

#### 4.2 Mine development (Ultimate pit limit); optimum exploitation and utilization of mineral.

Taking into consideration of geology and its structural attitudes opencast method of mining is opted where as the mode of working is by mechanized. Since the mode of working is mechanized so the height of the bench is kept 6.00 M max and the width of the benches is kept minimum 10.00 M with an overall bench slope of 31°. The details of production and development till the conceptual period are furnished in below table.

The below table shows the production for the successive blocks of five year till the lease.

Blocks of Five years	Qtr 900 MT.	
	Proposed production	Proposed Development
Ensuring scheme period		
1 <sup>st</sup> block (2013 - 14 to 2017 - 18)	500	16
Conceptual period		
2 <sup>nd</sup> block (2018 - 19 to 2022 - 23)	2,000	600
3 <sup>rd</sup> block (2023 - 24 to 2027 - 28)	3,500	625
4 <sup>th</sup> block (2028 - 29 to 2032 - 33)	4,264	664
Total	10,264	2,059

There are two pits the dimensions of the pits are mentioned below:

(Units in M on an average.)

Pit No.	Pit dimensions.			Area in Ha
	Length	Width	Depth	
1.	580	300	33	17.55
2.	250	150	42	3.75
Total				21.30

Though there is two pits presently, but at the conceptual stage, both the pit will get merge and will become one pit. The dimension of the pit will be as below:

(Units in M on an average.)

Pit No.	Pit dimensions.			Area in Ha
	Length	Width	Depth	
1.	900	280	90	25.25

#### 4.3 Waste and Sub grade Mineral Management.

##### Waste Management / Disposal of waste:

The waste which is likely to generate is topsoil, shales, phyllites and clays and intercalated clay from the limestone which are non-toxic in nature. The total waste likely to generate till the conceptual period is 2,059 million tonnes, in which 0.113 million tonnes is topsoil and the balance of 1,937 million tonnes is of waste rocks.

SCHEME OF MINING OF BHANDIGUDA LIMESTONE MINE OF M/S. SAIL

The below table shows the proposed development for the successive blocks of five years till the conceptual period.

Blocks of Five years	Proposed Development	Qty: 1000 MT
<b>Ensuing scheme period</b>		
1 <sup>st</sup> block (2013 - 14 to 2017 - 18)	161	
<b>Conceptual period</b>		
2 <sup>nd</sup> block (2018 - 19 to 2022 - 23)	600	
3 <sup>rd</sup> block (2023 - 24 to 2027 - 28)	625	
4 <sup>th</sup> block (2028 - 29 to 2032 - 33)	664	
<b>Total</b>	<b>2,050</b>	



The waste rock consists of topsoil, Phyllite, Shale and intercalated Clay. This solid wastes are non-toxic in nature and will be disposed off in the non-mineralized barren ground within the mining lease area or marked for the purpose.

Two locations are identified for this purpose where one location is an existing dump which lies towards northwestern part of the lease and the other is proposed dump which lies towards southeastern part of the lease. About 6.50 ha of area is earmarked for the purpose (including the existing dump area of 2.00 ha), where both the area can accommodate about 2.00 million tonnes of waste. The dumping will be done in phase wise and systematic manner where the dump height does not exceed 10.00 M, and each phase / slice height will not be more than 1.00 M. This area will be sufficient till the life of the mine / conceptual stage.

During the scheme period, the existing northwestern dump will be laterally extended by occupying an additional area of 0.750 ha. This area can accommodate about 1,70,000 tonnes of waste. The dumping will be done up to 530 M.R.L. where the average height will be 20 M. This area is sufficient for the ensuing scheme period.

Subsequent to the scheme period, 1,776 million tonnes (excluding the top soil) of waste is likely to generate till the conceptual period, part of this waste i.e. 1,40 million tonnes will be dumped on the southwestern dump by occupying additional area of 3.75 ha where this area can accommodate about 1,500 million tonnes. Dumping will be made up to 725 M.R.L with an average height of 20.0 M while the balance waste of 0.376 million tonnes will be backfilled towards the northern portion of the lease area between the ordinates and co-ordinates E : 1220 to E : 1220 and N : 1120 to 1220 by occupying an area of 0.990 ha. This area is proposed for back filling because geologically this area is exposed by dyke and the

SCHEME OF MINING OF BHANDIGUDA LIMESTONE MINE OF M/S. SAIL

shape of the lease area appears to be nose, where working cannot be performed in future coming years.

Thus the area made available for dumping till the conceptual period. The below table shows the details of dumping.

Location of dumping	Capacity In m <sup>3</sup> tonnes	Qty., will be dumped	Level in M.R.L	Area in ha. (L * W) in M.
Northwestern dump	0.170	0.161	730.00 (220 * 75) 1.600	
Southwestern dump	—	1,400	725.00 (350 * 140) 4.900	
Back filling	0.500	0.376	765.00 (110 * 060) 0.900	
<b>Total</b>	<b>2.170</b>	<b>1,937</b>		<b>7.400</b>



The ultimate disposition and advancement of dumps is marked on the conceptual plan and enclosed as Plate No. 16, and cross section showing the Dump disposition is enclosed as Plate No. 15. Thus the area available for dumping is sufficient till the end of the life of the mine.

All the dumps during the course of mining shall be protected as mentioned below.

1. Toe wall shall be constructed sl. along the toe of the dump.
2. Garland drains will be provided to arrest the surface runoff and wash off of the dump material.
3. Retention walls will be constructed to check washing of silt, with a dimension of Height 1.50 - 2.0 M and a width of 1.50 M.
4. In addition to above, if any additional protective measures are required, such as berms, trenches, drains, rubble walls, embankment etc, the same will be constructed where over the gully plugs, check dams will be constructed.

During the course of dumping the portion of the dump slopes which becomes inactive / dead, will be terraced and Planted with suitable local species, by seeking guidance from the Forest Department. Due care will be taken to protect the afforested area from fire, pests and cattle's. For healthy growth of the saplings, proper dosage of fertilizer / manuring will be provided, and water will be provided as and when required.

Planned plantation during the ensuing Scheme of Mining Period and till conceptual stage is given in below table.

Period / Block of five years	No. of saplings proposed to plant	Proposed area to be planted	Location / Remark	Area in Ha.
1 <sup>st</sup> block (13 - 14 to 17 - 18)	12,000	4.00	Near office and sta. Bldg.,	
2 <sup>nd</sup> block (17 - 18 to 22 - 23)	9,000	2.00	Dump slopes	*
3 <sup>rd</sup> block (22 - 23 to 27 - 28)	Will be furnishing in next Scheme of Mining			
4 <sup>th</sup> block (27 - 28 to 32 - 33)	Will be furnishing in next Scheme of Mining			
<b>Gr. Total</b>	<b>21,000</b>	<b>7.00</b>		

The Plantation programme for ensuing scheme period and up to Conceptual plan period, is marked on the Conceptual plan and enclosed as Plate No. 16.

#### Sale grade mineral management.

Mainly the sub grade mineral in this mine is the limestone which is categorized as low CaO. Though it is low CaO the CaO is ranging from 35 to 45 % which is about 37.36 % of the total reserves. Since the limestone generated in this mine is used in their captive steel industry situated at Bhadravathi, the low CaO will be blended proportionately along with the high CaO and the same will be fed to the captive steel industry. Due to any constraints if the same can not be blended it will be stacked in the area earmarked for the pit pose.

#### Environmental Aspects with specific reference to Reclamation Measures.

With due concern towards Environmental Protection and company's social responsibility, management has engaged services of external agencies to monitor season wise environment parameters. The data so generated is helpful in taking necessary steps to mitigate adverse effects due to mining.

Land reclamation and reclamation is very much essential in any mining industry. Presently the proved reserves is up to 652 MRL, but whereas the limestone persists below this level and due to practical and due to the lease boundary constraints entire deposit cannot be worked. Hence no backfilling is proposed in the main pit. This can be done only when additional area is granted as Mining Lease, only after exploiting entire deposit it can be planned for back filling. But as at today it is proposed to backfill part of the pit which is towards northern portion of the lease area between the ordinaries and co-ordinates E - 1220 to E - 1320 and N - 1120 to 1220 by occupying an area of 0.900 ha. This area is proposed for back filling because geologically this area is exposed by dyke and the shape of the lease area appears to be nose, where working cannot be projected in future / coming years.

Laterite bearing area will be mechanically mined out upto the ultimate pit limit maintaining required bench height and width with due consideration for slope stability. As a result, a pit will be formed. The ultimate pit will be about 800 M X 315 M approximately which covers an area of 25.250 ha approximately will be used for the ground water recharge (X).

The quantity of waste likely to generate till the conceptual period is about 1.311 million tonnes (including the topsoil) and entire quantity is planned to dump within the lease area. Hence no backfilling is proposed.

The land use details as at present, till scheme period and Conceptual stage is shown in the following table:

Type of activity	Present	Scheme	End of the Mine's life
Area under mining	21,300	21,300	25,250
Storage for top soil	0.500	0.500	0.500
Overburden/ Dumps	2,000	2,750	6,200
Mineral storage / Sub-grade stock	0.500	0.500	0.500
Infrastructure (Workshops, Office)	0.500	0.500	0.500
Roads	0.750	0.750	0.750
Railways	-	-	-
Green Belt / plantation	1,800	5,800	5,800
Tailing Pond	-	-	-
Effluent Treatment Plant / Factory	-	-	-
Mineral Beneficiation Plant	-	-	-
Township Area	-	-	-
Others (to be specified): Canal	-	-	-
Area remains undisturbed	12,770	8,020	0.320
<b>Total</b>	<b>40,120</b>	<b>40,120</b>	<b>40,120</b>

In brief the Conceptual Mining Plan of said mines envisages a methodical & systematic approach to mine development.



## 5.0 MINING

### 5.1 Salient description of Present Mining Method.

#### Existing Parameters of the working benches:

During the last Scheme of Mining period, it was proposed to work by mechanized means where the average height of the benches were maintained 6.0 M and width of the benches were maintained 10.0 M maintaining the pit slope of 31 degree.

Presently there are two pits the dimensions of the pits are mentioned below:

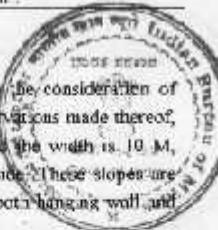
(Units in M on an average.)

Pit No.	Pit dimensions.			Area in Ha
	Length	Width	Depth	
1.	580	303	38	17.55
2.	250	150	42	3.75
<b>Total</b>				<b>21.30</b>

This mine is being operated by mechanized means and opencast method of mining. This mine's rated capacity is to produce 1,00,000 tonnes of Limestone per annum, where there is a Environment Clearance from the State Level Environment Impact Assessment Authority, Karnataka to produce the same. A copy of the Environment Clearance is enclosed as Annexure No. 3.

#### Proposed parameters of the working benches:

During the last Scheme of Mining period, it was proposed to work by mechanized means where the average height of the benches were maintained 6.0 M and width of the benches were maintained 10.0 M maintaining the pit slope of 31 degree. The same method and mode of operation is continued in the ensuing Mining Scheme Period also. This method and mode of operation is taken into account mainly by consideration of all the parameters and the geological attitudes of the ore body and mine is proposed to work with conventional opencast method of mining, in which faces are gradually advanced side-ward lowering benches to win lower level ores. Mode of mining is mechanized with a bench system is adopted to work the deposit.



Based on the mode and method of mining adopted and taking into the consideration of geological parameters of the ore body and the geo-technical field observations made thereof, the mining Pit is designed such that the height is about 6.00 M and the width is 10 M, maintaining 31° pit slope along the footwall and the hanging wall side. These slopes are designed based on conditions of the strata and structural attitudes of both hanging wall and footwall formations.

The Ultimate Pit Limit so drawn on the basis of the field studies, exploration data and the present geological mapping carried out so far in the area remains very tentative. However, based on the future exploration the defined, ULTIMATE PIT LIMIT is likely to change. The said Ultimate Pit Limit is demarcated on the geological plan and enclosed as Plate No. 5.

Since there is drilling and blasting in this said mine, to excavate / exploit the ore, initially, it will be drilled and blasted. Hydraulic excavators will be deployed for general winning/excavation of the ore and loading the same in tipper trucks. For transportation 10 tonne dumpers will be used to stock yard, sub-grade stack and even up to factory. Since the Limestone is hard in nature the drilling and blasting will be restricted only to the hard strata. While the wastes are soft in nature the same will be removed with the help of the excavators. The ore and waste will be exploited separately. The waste will be sent to the waste dump and it will be disposed off. The ore will be carried to the to the iron factory for the manufacture of Iron & Steel. The roads within in the pit will be maintained at 1: 16 gradient, where ever it is not possible to maintain due to practical constraints it will be maintained at 1: 12. For the future development and production a separate mine working is proposed for the next five years keeping the long benches and good width for the movement of the mining machineries and for transportation. One Motor grader / wheel loader will be continuously deployed for road maintenance for smoother operation of the mining machineries and transportation.

The benches so not properly maintained, the ratification of the same is done during the first two years of the ensuing scheme period the same are depicted in the production and development plan enclosed as Plate No. 9 & 10.

#### Blasting and Blasting:

Since the mining is proposed to work by mechanized and the benches are kept 6.0 M height and the limestone is a material which is hard to very hard in nature it requires the drilling and blasting to exploit the same. On an average about 300 – 350 tonnes of material required to be drilled and blast. The broad blasting parameters are determined for the blasting pattern and blast design, which are as follows:



**SCHEDULE OF MINING OF BHANDI GUDDA LIMESTONE MINE OF M/S. BAIL.**

During the second year also five benches from 700 to 724 RL which are towards south and south western part will be extended towards southward. And the ordinates and co ordinates of working are given in the above chapter 5.2

**Unit : 000 MT**

3 <sup>rd</sup> Year wise production and Development schedule 15-16						
Bench R.L.	Limestone - R.O.M					Waste Rock
	Total Ton	High CaO %	CaO	Low CaO	CaO %	
694	100	100	48.39	-	-	5
Total	100	100	48.39	-	-	5

During the third year only one bench will be opened at 694 RL which is at the centre of the pit, extending laterally in northwest – south east direction with an average width of 50.0 mts. And overall length of 100 mts. And the ordinates and co ordinates of working are given in the above chapter 5.2

**Unit : 000 MT**

4 <sup>th</sup> Year wise production and Development schedule 16-17						
Bench R.L.	Limestone - R.O.M					Waste Rock
	Total Ton	High CaO %	CaO	Low CaO	CaO %	
694	100	100	51.30	-	-	5
Total	100	100	51.30	-	-	5

During the fourth year also, only one bench will be worked at 694 RL, the bench of the third year will be extended towards north. And the ordinates and co ordinates of working are given in the above chapter 5.2

**Unit : 000 MT**

5 <sup>th</sup> Year wise production and Development schedule 17-18						
Bench R.L.	Limestone - R.O.M					Waste Rock
	Total Ton	High CaO %	CaO	Low CaO	CaO %	
694	100	86	49.05	14	42.20	5
Total	100	86	49.05	14	42.20	5

During the fifth year also, only one bench will be worked at 694 RL, the bench of the fourth year will be extended towards east. And the ordinates and co ordinates of working are given in the above chapter 5.2, and Area, Volume & Tonnage calculations of all the above five years is shown in similar form and enclosed as Annexure No. 1d.

**SCHEDULE OF MINING OF BHANDI GUDDA LIMESTONE MINE OF M/S. BAIL.**

The working Limits of Limestone and its development are shown on the respective year wise evolution and development plan which is enclosed as Plate No. 9 to 13, the yearwise proposed working limits are shown of the geological cross section along with the structure and disposition of the ore body and waste rock which is enclosed as Plate No. 14.

During the first two years, upper benches are developed towards southern side. The development can be proposed towards northern side, because, the benches are already developed more or less up to the lease boundary, however during the course of working the same will be done. So during the last three years only bottom benches are proposed.

(ii) Any changes in the proposed Method of mining & deployment of Machinery, together with the reason thereof.

There is no change in proposed method of mining and deployment of Mining Machinery.

(iii) List of Mining Machinery under use / proposed along with Projected Norms of performance / output for individual Main items of Equipment / Machinery.

Below table shows the list of mining machineries deployed at this mines:

Sl. No	Equipment / Machinery	Manufacturer	No. of units	Engine H.P	Capacity	Loading rate / Hr.
1	Hydraulic Excavator	Komatsu L&T	1	110	3.9 Cu.M	200 tons
2	Water Tanker	TATA	1	120	8,000 lts	
3	Passenger Van	TATA	1	65	15 Seater	
4	Screw compressor	Fusosol Rand	1	169	450 cfm	
5	Wheel Loader		1	210	1.8 Cu.M	200 tons
6	Drill machine	Atlas Copco	2		100-1.5 min	
7	Tipper	Tata	15	115	0.0 tonnes	

Efficiency (i.e. availability & utility) as specified for the 1 hydraulic excavator deployed, it can handle 0.288 million tonnes of material as given below:

Working days X 8-hrs/day X standard rate of handling 200 T/H X average efficiency 80 % X average availability 75 % X No. of units 1 = 0.288 million tonnes. As said above the maximum to be handled is 0.175 million tonnes during the second year of scheme period.

Though one loading unit is more sufficient to handle the required capacity one more wheel loader is kept for handling the waste material and also it will be used for miscellaneous work, such as dump leveling and clearing of haulage roads and etc.



#### Calculation of requirement of Tippers – for hauling of ROM:

Average about **0.160 million tonnes** (160 lakh tonnes) of ore needs to be handled and transported every year from mine to Steel factory which is 18.00 kms (one way) for which 9 tippers are required to fulfill the same. The details of calculation of the same are shown below:

No. can handle per truck per trip	: 10.0 tonnes
No. of tippers deployed per day	: 9
No. of trips per trucks per day	: 4
No. of days operated in a year	: 300
* * *	$= 108,000 \text{ Tonnes (0.108 million tonnes)}$

Considering the lead distance from the mine head to the factory site which is between 18.0 kms.

#### Calculation of requirement of tipper – for hauling of Rejection:

Average about **0.075 million tonnes** (75,000 tonnes) of waste needs to be handled every year from mine to dump site for which 6 tipper trucks are required to fulfill the same. The details of calculation of the same are shown below:

No. can handle per trip per tipper	: 8.0 tonnes
No. of tippers deployed per day	: 6
No. of trips per tipper per day	: 8
No. of days operated in a year	: 300
* * * * *	$= 76,800 \text{ Tonnes}$

The waste to be handled max is 75,000 tonnes during the second year of the scheme period, considering the lead distance from the mine head to the dump site which is between 7 kms.

#### Capacity of Drilling Machine:

Considering the annual production of 0.100 million tonnes, on an average the daily requirement would be 350 tonnes a day. To produce this on an average about 140 - 150 Cu.M needs to be drilled and blasted, where 3 - 4 holes needs to be drilled and blasted with a cumulative meterage of 21 - 28 M. One drill unit is required to drill out where one unit can drill up to 100 M a day.



#### HANDLING OF WASTE / SUB – GRADE MATERIALS:

6.2 State of yearly generation of wastes and proposals for disposal of wastes for next five years. (Indicate sequence of dumping with necessary plans and actions).

Presently there are six existing dumps, the dimensions of the same are mentioned below:

Pit No.	Dump dimensions.				Area in Ha	
	Length	Width	Height	Volume		
1.	30	25	3	2,250	3,600	0.08
2.	170	70	10	1,19,000	1,92,400	1.15
3.	120	25	3	24,000	38,400	0.36
4.	50	70	4	4,000	6,400	0.10
5.	50	20	5	6,000	9,600	0.12
6.	70	30	6	12,600	20,160	0.21
				Total	<b>2,68,560</b>	<b>2.00</b>

All the above dumps are serially numbered and shown on Surface Plan enclosed as Plate No. 4. In all the above dumps, mainly Shale, Phyllite and friable silica is dumped. An analysis report of the dump material analyzed by NABL accredited laboratory is enclosed as Annexure No. 8.

The yearly generation of waste such as topsoil, shales and phyllites and the intercalated wastes generated from the limestone is mentioned is furnished in below table:

Year	Qty: MT.		
	Topsoil	Waste	Total
1 <sup>st</sup> year 13 - 14	-	71,000	71,000
2 <sup>nd</sup> year 14 - 15	-	75,000	75,000
3 <sup>rd</sup> year 15 - 16	-	5,000	5,000
4 <sup>th</sup> year 16 - 17	-	5,000	5,000
5 <sup>th</sup> year 17 - 18	-	5,000	5,000
<b>Total</b>	-	<b>1,61,000</b>	<b>1,61,000</b>

During the ensuing scheme period the production and development are proposed within the taken up area, hence no topsoil is generated. Two face samples of Limestone analyzed by NABL laboratory is enclosed as Annexure No. 8.

**Scheme of Mining of Bhandibudda Limestone Mine of M/S. SAIL.**

Year wise locations of dumping blocks with respective co-ordinates / coordinates and RLs are shown in table below:

YEAR WISE DUMPING BLOCKS FOR WASTE				
Year	Dump	Ordinates / Co-ordinates	Extent	RLs
1 <sup>st</sup> year 13 - 14	North	N : 1050 - N : 1130 & E : 790 - E : 850	0.350	710 - 720
2 <sup>nd</sup> year 14 - 15	Western	N : 1070 - N : 1130 & E : 740 - E : 880	0.400	710 - 720
3 <sup>rd</sup> year 15 - 16	- do -	N : 1070 to N : 1150	Over the same	720 - 730
4 <sup>th</sup> year 16 - 17	- do -	&		720 - 730
5 <sup>th</sup> year 17 - 18	- do -	E : 810 to E : 950	dump	

The location of said dump is shown on the respective production & plan enclosed as Plate No. 9 to 13 and a cross section showing the dump disposition is marked on the dump section and enclosed as Plate No. 15.

During the scheme period, presently, the existing northwestern dump which lies within the lease area will be laterally extended by occupying an additional area of 0.750 ha. This area can accommodate about 1,70,000 tonnes of waste. The dumping will be done up to 720 MRL where the average height will be 10 M. This area is sufficient for the first two years of the mining scheme period. The waste generating during the next three years will be dumped over the said dump up to 730 MRL after leaving 10 - 15 M barrier from the edge of the dump.

The waste sed. as clay, shale and phyllite, will be dumped in the area earmarked for the purpose such that the height of the dump will not exceed 20.0 M. Initially the dumping will be done up to 720 MRL (10.0 M height) thereafter the same dump will be increased by additional height of 10.0 M (up to 730.0 MRL), terracing and pitching will be done at an interval of 10.0 M. The details of scheme of dumping are discussed in the subsequent paragraphs.

**4.2.1. Build up of dumps from year to year to be shown in yearly plans and sections with description of the method and manner of disposal of waste rock, designed capacity & height of individual dumps, and precautions envisaged for confinement of the dumps together with design details of the protective works.**

The waste generated during the scheme period will be dumped within the lease area earmarked for the purpose. The land profile chosen for the dumping is a plateau with minor undulation, initially it will be dumped up to 720 MRL (10.0 M height) thereafter the same dump will be increased by additional height of 10.0 M (up to 730.0 MRL), terracing and pitching will be done at an interval of 10.0 M. The buildup of dumps on yearly basis is

**Scheme of Mining of Bhandibudda Limestone Mine of M/S. SAIL.**

indicated in Plate No. 9 to 13. And a Cross Section showing the year wise Dump disposition is shown in Plate No. 15.

Waste generated at the mine is transported to dumping site by ten-ton capacity tipper. A wheel loader is continuously provided to level waste material unloaded by tipper. Trucks and spread laterally in area earmarked. Continuous movements of tipper trucks while unloading consolidate the ground. Water is regularly sprinkled in mounds over the dumps to control the blowing dust. Thus, with dozing and tipping and consolidation dump is built up in stages.

While building up, dumps are properly graded and terraced with provision of contour drainage. Terracing is always accompanied with plantation for stabilization of terraced slopes. As far as possible, dumps are erected in low lying areas. It is always ensured that, dump height does not exceed 30.0 M or tallest growing trees of the region. Dump slopes are suitably protected from any environmental damages, providing all the protective measures described as below:

Year wise proposed plantation for the ensuing Scheme of Mining is given in below table:

Years	No. of saplings proposed to plant	Area in Ha. Proposed to be covered	Location / Remark
1 <sup>st</sup> year 13 - 14	2,250	0.75	
2 <sup>nd</sup> year 14 - 15	2,250	0.75	Near office and
3 <sup>rd</sup> year 15 - 16	1,500	0.50	
4 <sup>th</sup> year 16 - 17	3,000	1.00	statuary building
5 <sup>th</sup> year 17 - 18	3,000	1.00	
<b>Gr. Total</b>	<b>12,000</b>	<b>4.00</b>	

Plantation will be carried out by seeking guidance from the Forest and any concerned Department. Preferably local species will be planted. Due care will be taken to protect the harvested area from fire, pests and cattle's. For healthy growth of the saplings, proper dosage of fertilizer / manuring will be provided, and water will be provided as and when required. Apart from the plantation, to protect the erosion due to monsoon and surface run off the protective measures such as trenching and retention wall are constructed.

The year wise proposed protective measure for the ensuing Scheme period is given in below table:

Years	Trench			Retention wall			Description / Remark
	L	W	D	L	W	H	
1 <sup>st</sup> year 13 - 14	250	0.50	0.50	250	0.75	1.00	LDG During top
2 <sup>nd</sup> year 14 - 15	200	0.50	0.50	200	0.75	1.00	VEO + 10% do
3 <sup>rd</sup> year 15 - 16	150	0.50	0.50	150	0.75	1.00	do
4 <sup>th</sup> year 16 - 17	150	0.50	0.50	150	0.75	1.00	do
5 <sup>th</sup> year 17 - 18	150	0.50	0.50	150	0.75	1.00	do
Gr. Total	900	0.50	0.50	900	0.50	0.50	- do -



#### Sub grade mineral management:

Usually the sub grade mineral in this mine is the limestone which is categorized as low CaO. Though it is termed as low CaO the percentage of CaO is ranging from 35 to 45 %, because the feed to the steel factory is taken as +45 as cut off. During the ensuing scheme period the generation of the low CaO is about 11.20 % of total production. This material generation is essential to the working of higher grade of ROM. Below table shows the year wise generation of low CaO:

Unit : MT

Year	Total ROM
1 <sup>st</sup> year 13 - 14	20,000
2 <sup>nd</sup> year 14 - 15	22,000
3 <sup>rd</sup> year 15 - 16	-
4 <sup>th</sup> year 16 - 17	-
5 <sup>th</sup> year 17 - 18	14,000
<b>Total</b>	<b>56,000</b>

Since the limestone generated in this mine is used for their captive steel industry situated at Bhadravathi, the low CaO will be blended proportionately along with the high CaO and the same will be fed to the captive steel industry. Due to any constraints if the same cannot be used it will be stacked in the area earmarked for the purpose. The location of the same is shown on the EMP plan enclosed as Plate No. 18 and also on Conceptual plan enclosed as Plate No. 16.



#### USE OF MINERALS:

##### Changes proposed in the use of mineral, if any, with reasons:

Material produced form this mine will be utilized for their own captive Iron and Steel manufacturing industry situated at Bhadravathi.

##### Changes in Specifications, if any, imposed by the User Industries and / or specifications required in case of new User industries, if any.

No changes are made in the specifications.

##### Efforts made for the utilization of the sub grade mineral:

Usually the sub grade mineral in this mine is the limestone which is categorized as low CaO. Though it is termed as low CaO, the percentage of CaO is ranging from 35 to 45 %, because the feed to the steel factory is taken as +45 as cut off. During the ensuing scheme period the generation of the low CaO is about 11.20 % of total production. This material generation is essential to the working of higher grade of ROM. Since the limestone generated in this mine is also used for their captive steel industry situated at Bhadravathi, the low CaO will be blended proportionately along with the high CaO and the same will be fed to the captive steel industry. Due to any constraints if the same cannot be used it will be stacked in the area earmarked for the purpose. The location of the same is shown on the EMP plan enclosed as Plate No. 18 and also on Conceptual plan enclosed as Plate No. 16.

#### MINERAL BENEFICIATION:

Results of any Beneficiation investigation conducted and change made in the existing mineral Beneficiation plant and Tailing disposals, if any, with benefits expected (necessary flow sheet and tailing dam design etc., to be submitted as applicable), Design and capacity of the tailing pond.

Beneficiation test done, if any, on sub grade mineral including fines and proposal for installation of new additional Beneficiation facility, if any.

NOT APPLICABLE AS THERE IS NO MINERAL BENEFICIATION PLANT



## ENVIRONMENTAL MANAGEMENT PLAN.

During the last scheme period, the waste handling was only 10.0 mms. This material was dumped in the existing dump in the camp No. 2 (Presently termed as Northwestern dump). To protect the same early the protective bund was constructed with an overall length of 200 mts with a width of 1.00 mts and height of 1.50 mts. This protective measure was adopted to mainly contain the wash off during the monsoon.

From this, about 1.80 ha<sup>2</sup> plantation was carried out towards west of the mineral storage area by planting 8,100 saplings of local species such as casuarina, acacia and etc. The survival growth was about 60 - 70%.

As per the guidelines, the monitoring of the Environmental parameters such as Air, Water and Noise were monitored in house and the analysis report of the same is enclosed as Annexure No. 9. Based on the analysis it is found that all the values are within the permissible limit. The details of the values are furnished in foregoing pages.

9.6 Environmental Management Plan			
Salient Features.	Proposed as per approved mining plan (Indicate date of approval of mining plan.)	Position at the end of 5 years of mining plan period (Justification to be given for any marked deviation)	Proposal for the next 5 years
1	2	3	4
Top soil storage, Preservation and utilization.	There was no proposal of topsoil generation.	As per the proposals it was planned within the lease area on the northwestern dump.	Since the works are proposed within the worked out pit no topsoil is anticipated.
Waste dump management.	The waste likely to generate was at place to camp within the lease area.	The waste ready to generate in the lease area on the northwestern dump.	The waste ready to generate is 6.1 million tonnes (i.e., topsoil) the same will be dumped within the lease area, i.e. total scheme of dumping is furnished in the above paragraph 6.1 and 6.1.1
Year	Waste Rock In tonnes	Year	Waste Rock In tonnes
2008 - 09	5,000	2008 - 09	Nil
2009 - 10	Nil	2009 - 10	10,000
2010 - 11	5,000	2010 - 11	Nil
2011 - 12	Nil	2011 - 12	Nil
2012 - 13	5,000	2012 - 13	Nil
<b>Total</b>	<b>15,000</b>	<b>Total</b>	<b>10,000</b>
			<b>Total</b>

**Land Reclamation and rehabilitation,**  
**Plantation program:**

No proposals were made during the scheme period.  
The proposed plantation during the plan period is given below.

Year	Area in Ha	Total saplings proposed	Year	Area in Ha	With the lease	Year	Area in Ha	Total saplings proposed
2008 - 09	No area was given	2,000	2008 - 09			2,000	13 - 14	6,75
2009 - 10		2,000	2009 - 10			1,193	14 - 15	6,75
2010 - 11		2,500	2010 - 11	1.80		2,500	15 - 15	6,50
2011 - 12		2,500	2011 - 12			2,507	16 - 17	1,00
2012 - 13		2,500	2012 - 13	-		Nil	17 - 18	1,30
<b>Total</b>	<b>11,500</b>	<b>Total</b>	<b>1,80</b>	<b>8,100</b>	<b>Gr. Total</b>	<b>4,20</b>	<b>12,600</b>	

Precautions proposed for survival & protection of cattle's at proposed plantations.

No survival rate of the plantation is about 60%.

The achieved plantation during the plan period is given below.

India  
Ministry of Environment & Forests  
MoEF  
Government of India

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No reclamation was carried out during scheme period.  
The proposed plantation during the Scheme period is given below.

As per the norms set by guidelines laid down by the MoEF / BM monitoring was carried out.	Accordingly it was carried out a copy of the monitoring report is enclosed as Annexure No. 9.
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No sales is the way fetch for surface / ground water.

No identified sources are noise generated from mining machinery, transportation of trucks and drilling.

The values of sources of the environmental monitoring are well within the limit and the brief description of the same is discussed in foregoing pages.

Vibration	Pattern of blast holes & design of blast with details of sufficient number of experimental blast conducted to be given.	Blast hole diameter is usually 100 mm and the depth of the holes is 7.6 meters inclusive of 500 mm of 1.0 meters to avoid the formation. Blasting pattern is generally rectangular or staggered with burden ranging from 3.0 to 3.5 meters and spacing of 3.5 to 4.0 meters. Usually, quantity of holes is blasting 1000 m <sup>3</sup> of achieve optimum powder factor. Maximum number of holes to be blasted at a time are typically limited to 10 to 15.
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Treatment of mine water and effluent / toxic substances before discharge.	No treatment and discharge is carried out of mine water effluents / toxic substance	There is no discharge of mine water, as there is no discharge of mine water. During the mining the rain water will be collected in the plant & the same will get dry subsequent to the mining. i.e. in 1st generation, i.e. mining water, hence no re-circulation of water.
Re - circulation of treated water,	Since there is no any beneficiation plant, hence no re-circulation of water.	Since there is no any beneficiation plant, hence no re-circulation of water.



#### AIR MONITORING:

Total seven locations (including both core and buffer zone) was identified to know the air quality in which three in buffer zone and four in core zone. Below table shows the locations monitored.

Sr. No.	Zone	Location / Station	Code	Remarks
1	Buffer Zone	Bhandigadda village	A - 2	The values so obtained found within the permissible limit.
2		Badanachal village	A - 3	
3		Orchut	A - 4	
4	Core Zone	During operation	A - 1	
5		Loading	A - 5	
6		Drilling	A - 6	
7		Haulage	A - 7	

#### CORE ZONE:

In the core zone totally four monitoring location were identified to monitor the air quality, accordingly it was monitored and the data so obtained has been compiled location wise to know the quality of air for the period August 2011 to January 2013. The below table shows the lowest, highest and the average values for the above said period:

Parameter	Location	Operation	Loading	Drilling	Haulage	
		Low	28.00	27.00	27.00	
		High	36.00	34.00	35.00	
Temperature	R.P.M	Average	30.36	30.00	30.14	
		Low	28.41	27.01	26.56	
		High	38.78	34.45	35.02	
Sc.2	NoX	Average	36.84	36.94	37.40	
		Low	1.30	2.01	1.06	
		High	2.18	3.80	3.01	
NOX		Average	1.74	2.60	2.04	
		Low	3.98	4.09	3.90	
		High	12.23	6.6	18.4	
		Average	7.64	3.80	9.23	
					7.41	



Based on the above data, it is observed that, the values are well within the permissible limits in all the locations of the core zone. However the report of the same is enclosed as Annexure No. 9. (Note: for all the average value estimation, please see the enclosed Annexure No. 9)

#### BUFFER ZONE:

Similarly in the buffer zone, three monitoring location were identified to monitor the air quality, accordingly it was monitored and the data so obtained has been compiled location wise to know the quality of air for the period August 2011 to January 2013. The below table shows the lowest, highest and the average values for the above said period.

	Location	Bhandiguda village	Badenahalli village	Gangur village
Temperature	Low	27.00	26.00	26.00
	High	31.00	32.00	31.00
	Average	<b>28.43</b>	<b>28.29</b>	<b>28.00</b>
R.P.M	Low	23.80	27.04	25.98
	High	28.11	29.05	32.10
	Average	<b>25.86</b>	<b>27.41</b>	<b>29.02</b>
SO <sub>2</sub>	Low	0.75	1.05	1.05
	High	1.80	2.08	2.42
	Average	<b>1.23</b>	<b>1.61</b>	<b>1.61</b>
NO <sub>X</sub>	Low	1.97	2.08	1.90
	High	8.10	10.60	5.24
	Average	<b>4.51</b>	<b>5.02</b>	<b>4.84</b>

Based on the above data, it is observed that, the values are well within the permissible limits in all the locations of the buffer zone. However the report of the same is enclosed as Annexure No. 9. (Note: for all the average value estimation, please see the enclosed Annexure No. 9)

#### WATER MONITORING:

Finally, nine locations (including both core and buffer zone) was identified to know the water quality in which two in buffer zone and seven in core zone. Below table shows the locations / stations monitored.



Sl. No.	Zone	Location / Station
1.	Buffer Zone	Mine Pit water **
2.		Mine Canteen Water
3.		Bhandiguda Village
4.		Rhadensu Village
5.		Gangur village
6.		Yenmedoddi village
7.		Dodder village
8.		Delegere Village
9.		Balekatte village



\*\* accumulated during monsoon.

#### CORE ZONE:

In the core zone totally two monitoring location were identified to monitor the water quality, accordingly it was monitored and the data so obtained has been compiled location wise to know the quality of water for the period August 2011 to January 2013. The below table shows the lowest, highest and the average values for the above said period:

Parameter	Location	Mine pit water	Canteen water
		Low	High
		Average	Average
Temperature	Low	27.00	26.30
	High	29.00	28.00
	Average	<b>27.71</b>	<b>27.14</b>
pH	Low	7.00	7.00
	High	7.40	7.50
	Average	<b>7.21</b>	<b>7.14</b>
TDS	Low	270.00	400.00
	High	410.00	426.00
	Average	<b>383.86</b>	<b>411.43</b>
Hardness	Low	180.00	130.00
	High	210.00	220.00
	Average	<b>200.00</b>	<b>153.57</b>
DO	Low	7.93	8.13
	High	10.20	10.00
	Average	<b>9.44</b>	<b>9.20</b>
Alkalinity	Low	140.00	142.00
	High	180.00	185.00
	Average	<b>159.57</b>	<b>163.57</b>
Chloride	Low	16.00	16.00
	High	24.00	22.00
	Average	<b>20.86</b>	<b>20.00</b>



Location	Bhandigudda	Badenehalli
Noise level	Min. (ave)	51.16
	Max. (ave)	56.57
	L. Equ	46.14
		45.57



Based on the above data, it is observed that, the values are well within the permissible limits, in all the locations of the mine zone. However the report of the same is enclosed as Annexure No. 8. (Note: for all the average value estimation, please see the enclosed Annexure No. 9). Annexure No. 9).

In line with above, Environmental Management Plan prepared for ensuing scheme of mining 2002 – 2018 and the same is enumerated in subsequent following pages. A key plan showing the Environmental Monitoring station is enclosed as Plate No. 1. An environmental Plan showing the environmental details and the monitoring station is enclosed as Plate No. 17. A report of Environment Monitoring carried out is enclosed as Annexure No. 9. The value so generated is within the permissible limits. And Environment Management Plan showing the proposed environmental protective measures such as plantation, dumping is enclosed as Plate No. 18.

#### 10. ANY OTHER INFORMATION:

With due emphasis on environment and mineral conservation, the management will do the methodical & conscientious approach of mine development.

#### PART - C PROGRESSIVE MINE CLOSURE PLAN

##### 11.0 INTRODUCTION :

(a) Name of the Lessee : M/s. Steel Authority of India – Visvesvaraya Iron and Steel Ltd., - Bhadravathi



##### (b) Location of the area :

The said mine falls in the village Bhandigudda, under the survey No. 1 (part) of Bhadravathi Taluk, Shimoga district of Karnataka State. This Mine lies towards east of northeast of Bhadravathy town and is at distance of 18.0 Kms (Aerial distance). This mine is accessible by all weather roads from Bhadravathy town till the mine site. A key plan showing the lease area and its surrounding up to 10.0 kms is enclosed as Plate No. 1 and location Map showing the lease area and its accessibility is enclosed as Plate No. 2. Detailed survey of the said mine with contour interval of 5.0 M along with the surface features is enclosed as Plate No. 4.

Apart from the above survey, G.P.S reading of all the boundary pillars has been recorder by WGS 84 datum the latitude and longitude of the are shown in below table,

Sl. No.	B P No.	Latitude (N)	Longitude (E)
1	A	13° 53' 02.0"	75° 50' 45.5"
2	B	13° 53' 09.3"	75° 50' 47.2"
3	C	13° 53' 07.9"	75° 50' 53.3"
4	D	13° 53' 09.0"	75° 51' 06.7"
5	E	13° 53' 08.2"	75° 51' 22.3"
6	F	13° 53' 11.9"	75° 51' 13.0"
7	G	13° 53' 11.0"	75° 51' 15.9"
8	H	13° 53' 09.5"	75° 51' 15.5"
9	I	13° 53' 01.2"	75° 51' 22.0"
10	J	13° 52' 58.2"	75° 51' 21.1"
11	K	13° 52' 56.4"	75° 51' 20.5"
12	L	13° 52' 53.5"	75° 51' 20.7"
13	M	13° 52' 50.8"	75° 51' 30.5"

Apart from the establishing and fixing above boundary pillars, Three Ground Control Points (GCP) has been fixed and linked with the boundary pillars. The details of G.C.Ps are shown below:

G.C.P No.	Details of G.C.P	Latitude (N)	Longitude (E) in Rels
1	Water Tank	13° 53' 04.4"	75° 30' 43.2" 704.50
2	Mariyamma temple	13° 53' 07.7"	75° 30' 34.9" 703.10
3	Taluk boundary pillar	13° 53' 11.5"	75° 30' 23.2" 808.97

MP - A lies towards 132° 30' with respect to north from G.C.P No 1 (Water tank) at a distance of 110.00 M and similarly it lies 18° 10' with respect to north from G.C.P No 2 (Temple) at a distance of 34.00 M.

New photographs of the Mine working, boundary pillars and G.C.P are enclosed as Plate No. 20, 21 & 22 respectively. All the GCP points are marked on Environment Plan and enclosed as Plate No. 17.

(e) Extent of the area : 40.12 Ha.

(d) Type of lease area : Forest

(e) Present Land Use Pattern :

Below table shows the present land use occupied by various activities:

Type of activity	Unit in Ha.	
	Present	Total
Area under mining	21.300	
Storage for top soil	0.500	
Overburden Dumps	2.000	
Mining Storage / Sub-grade stock	0.500	
Infrastructure (Workshops, Office)	0.500	
Roads	0.750	
Railways		
Green Belt	1.800	
Falling Pond		
Pollutant Treatment Plant		
Mineral Separation Plant		
Township Area		
Others (to be specified) Canal		
Area for future use	12.770	
<b>Total</b>	<b>40.120</b>	

#### (f) Method of Mining

Conventional Opencast method is opted by mechanized mode of operation.

#### (g) Mineral Processing

There is no mineral processing involved.

#### (h) Reason for Closure:

Majorly the ROM generated in this mine will be utilized for their own captive Steel manufacturing industry. Hence no closure of mine within the ensuing scheme period. However due to certain unforeseen it needs to be closed as the guidelines / norm the closure plan will be submitted.

#### (i) Statutory obligations:

Since the mine is active and it is operational, all the statutory formalities are completed. Since the Scheme of Mining period is completing on 31.05.2013, a fresh scheme of mining has been prepared and submitted for approval.

#### (j) Progressive Mine Closure Plan Preparation:

The same R.O.Ps. who has prepared the Scheme of Mining, has prepared progressive Mine Closure Plan. The detail of the R.O.P is briefed under introduction chapter vide para name of the R.O.P preceding the mining plan.

#### (k) MINE DESCRIPTION:

#### (l) GEOLOGY:

##### Regional Geology:

Basically the said area falls in Balabudan group which belong Dharwar supergroup of Proterozoic age.

The central curvilinear greenstone belt of Karatiks running from south of Sirzagapatti to north of Gadag. This belt is named as "Chitradurga Schist Belt", this synthesizes the lithology and structure of Dharwar Super Group and it is subdivided as follows: (by Mr. Shekhar at GSI from vol. 112 - 1981)

Group	Formations	Major lithology
Dharwar Super Group	Hiriyur	Greywacke, Argillite with minor basic and intermediate volcanics, Banded Ferromagnetic Cherts and polymictic conglomerate.
	Ingaldhal	Basic volcanics with minor proportions of Acidic fractionates, thin beds of glaciogenic sediments and sulphide / oxide facies of iron formations.
	Nanivilas	Banded Iron Formations, Manganese ferruginous limestone Polymictic Conglomerates (Talys) and Quartzite.
	Bababudan	Iron formations with local alterations of cross bedded quartzite, anegular basalt.

The schist belt is divisible into three major stratigraphic units. The lowest unit consists of Bababudan group, which deformed into a tightly appressed syncline, the middle unit comprises the various Ingaldhal formations and is deformed into an open fold system. The sequence except for the lowest part of the Bababudan group near the contact, with the basement where the grade of Metamorphism attains the lower amphibolites facies. The geological units in this belt include Limestone, Green stones, quartz, amphibolites, shale and phyllite and which are metamorphosed igneous rocks.

The general strike of the lithological formation follows the trend of the hillocks which is NWW - SSE and the dips are easterly vertical to sub- vertical.

#### Local Geology

This area is covered with thin cap of topsoil. However the normal succession of litho units observed from the surface studies and updating of the geological map annually.

- Topsoil
- Limestone
- Shale / Phyllite
- Alto-intrusive (Dykes)

The ore formations in general are associated with the Shale and Phyllite and clays on both the hanging and foot wall side. The geological formation as revealed from the field studies and exploration data is as follows.

General strike	NNW - SSE with local variation of 10 to 15 degrees on either side.
Dip	moderate to sub vertical dips, general dip northerly.
Thickness of	True thickness of both limestone and Dolomite varies from 100 to 150 meters.
Type of ore	Limestone which is hard in nature.

A Geological plan showing the geological features is enclosed as Plate No. 5.

#### 12.2 RESERVES:

Based on the UNFC, the deposit appears to be strata bound of regular habit being the geological axis as G1, Economic axis E1 and the feasibility axis F1. The feasibility study of the report is enclosed as Annexure No. 12. No additional reserves have been established. But after updating the geology in detail and re-casting all the geological cross sections considering the available exploration data, techno - economic feasibility and all the technical and practical constraints, entire pit is re designed and the reserves are re estimated as per the UNFC guideline, where there is reduction in reserves to an extent of 2.319 million tonnes. The re-estimated reserve is furnished in the foregoing paragraphs:

This area has been exhaustively explored by Department of Mines & Geology, Government of Karnataka and National Mineral Development Corporation Ltd., a public sector company way back in early sixties.

The details of the exploration carried out by the above said agencies are shown in below table.

No. No.	Exploration agency	No of B H drilled	Cumulative meterage	Remarks
1.	Department of Mines & Geology	39	2,434.9	Core drill
2.	National Mineral Development Corporation Ltd.	14	1,801.0	Core drill
	<b>Total</b>		<b>4,235.29</b>	

Totally 52 boreholes were drilled, after surrendering the area of 57.00 Ha and retaining only 40.12 ha for mining purpose, about 9 boreholes were given outside the lease area. So only 53 core drill boreholes are considered for reserves estimation and to establish the geological structure.

The above said 53 boreholes are drilled at an interval of 200 X 200 = 400.0 M<sup>2</sup> covering an area of 28.00 ha. Cross section were prepared at an interval of 100.0 M. Based on the available exploration data and the surface geological mapping coupled together, it was found that the Limestone body extends over an length of 900.0 M. width & of the limestone is varying from 100.0 M to 500.0 M with an average width of 300.0 M. And the depth of the limestone is more than 100.0 M. The Bore Hole No. BGD 05, BGD 12 & BGD 13 has proved the limestone deposit up a depth of 182.0 M, 335.0 M & 147.5 M respectively. But for the estimation of the reserves 652.0 MRL (i.e. up to a depth of 50.0 M from the bottom level of the pit) is considered. Though the limestone persists below, but only few boreholes are encountered, hence it is only considered up to 652.0 M MRL.

#### Method of estimation:

The estimation of ore reserves is made by conventional parallel-cross section method using geological cross section. The geological cross sections are prepared at a regular interval of 100 M across the strike of the ore body. The area of individual litho units in the each and every cross section of respective benches is calculated separately. The volume between the two section is arrived on the basis of the averaging the area of parallel cross section i.e.  $(S_1 + S_2) / 2$  and multiplying sectional interval. Tonnage is arrived by multiply by its bulk density. For estimating the reserves only the core drill data are considered.

#### Categorization of Limestone:

While establishing the reserves, + 35 % CaO is considered as the cut-off grade and also as threshold value. Since the limestone is used for steel manufacturing industry only two type of limestone categories and the parameters so considered for establishing the ore reserves are shown in below table.

Category / Grade	CaO in %	H <sub>2</sub> O <sub>g</sub>	MgO	SiO <sub>2</sub>	Bulk Density	Recovery	See Interval
High CaO	+45	3.0 % max	2.00 - 5.00	6.5 max	2.5	95.0 %	100.00
Low CaO	135 - 49%	-	1.00	12.0 max	2.5	95.0 %	100.00
Water / Hydrous					2.5		100.00
CaO / Waste							Generated from the 2.0 M about 5 %

A Geological plan showing the different litho unit and its structural attitudes, drilled holes are marked and enclosed as Plate No. 5, and the geological cross sections are prepared at regular interval of 100 M and longitudinal section has been prepared along N: 95.0 (L - L') showing the different litho units and limits of proved reserves which is enclosed as Plate No. 6 & 7. A general horizonte log is enclosed as Plate No. 8.

Since the exploration has been carried out by way of core drilling in 2007 series b/ DRG & DRDC the analysis report of the same is not available. However the studies are available and enclosed as Annexure No. 7. Two face samples of Limestone and one sample of waste dump analyzed by NABL laboratory is enclosed as Annexure No. 8.

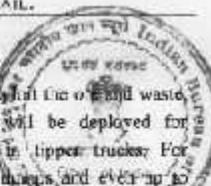
Subsequent to the depleted reserves of 1,83,789 tonnes up to Feb - 2013, the balance reserves is 11,583 million tonnes including both proved and probable reserves. This compares with the earlier reserves furnished in the last scheme of mining.

After updating the geology in detail and re-casting the all the geological cross sections considering the available exploration data, techno-economic feasibility and all the technical and practical constraints, and also considering the I.N.F.C guidelines that the drill grid up to 200 m is considering 1:1:1 and 200 - 400 grid as 1:2:2, entire pit was re-designed and the reserves were re-estimated. Where there is reduction in the reserves to an extent of 2,319 million tonnes (including both proved and probable). The re-estimated reserve is furnished in the below table:

Category	Reserves as on 01/04/2013			Unit : 000' MT	
	High CaO	Low CaO	Total	Waste rock	UNFC Code
<b>A. MINERAL RESERVES :</b>					
Proven Mineral Reserves	5,132	2,919	8,251	1,950	111
Probable Mineral Reserves	2,013	-	2,013	100	122
<b>Total (A)</b>	<b>7,345</b>	<b>2,919</b>	<b>10,264</b>	<b>2,050</b>	
<b>B. REMAINING RESOURCES :</b>					
Feasibility	4,690	-	4,690	235	21
Possibility					222
Measured					331
Inferred					332
Reconnaissance					333
<b>Total (B)</b>	<b>8,967</b>	<b>2,926</b>	<b>11,893</b>	<b>609</b>	
<b>Total (A+B)</b>	<b>16,312</b>	<b>5,845</b>	<b>22,157</b>	<b>2,659</b>	

Note: reserves furnished in the above table are as on 01/04/2013, this is by considering the depletion up to 31/03/2013 as per approved Scheme of mining.





Since there is drilling and blasting in this said mine, to excavate / exploit the ore and waste initially, it will be drilled and blasted. Hydraulic excavators will be deployed for removal/winning/excavation of the ore and loading the same in tipper trucks. For transportation 10 tonne tippers will be used to stack yard, waste dump and even up to factory. Since the Limestone is hard in nature the drilling and blasting will be restricted only for this hard strata. While the wastes are soft in nature the same will be retrieved with the help of the excavators. The ore and waste will be exploited separately. The waste will be carried to the waste dump and it will be disposed off. The ore will be carried to the to the Cement factory for the manufacture of the cement. The roads within the pit will be maintained at 1 : 6 gradient, where ever it is not possible to maintain 1 : 16 due to practical constraints it will be maintained at 1 : 12.

#### **Drilling and Blasting:**

Since the mining is proposed to work by mechanized and the benches are kept 6.0 M height and the limestone is a material which is hard in very hard in nature it requires the drilling and blasting to exploit the same. On an average about 300 - 350 tonnes of material required to be drilled and blast.

The broad blasting parameters are determined for the blasting pattern and blast design, which are as follows

Blast hole diameter is normally 115 mm and the depth of the hole is 7.0 meters inclusive of sub grade drilling of 1.0 meters to avoid toe formation. Blasting pattern is generally square or staggered with burrer ranging from 3.0 to 3.5 meters and spacing of 3.5 to 4.0 meters. Usually single / double row of holes is blasted along free face to achieve optimum powder factor, per fragmentation and minimized adverse impacts on account of blasting. Maximum numbers of holes will be blasted at a time in a round are generally limited to 15 to 20 with normal delay detonators to mitigate adverse impacts such as air blast, throw and the ground vibration. Holes are electrically detonated using electric detonators.

ANFO types of explosives are used for blasting with 20 to 25 percent proportion of grimes/ booster cartridges and rest as column charge. About 20 kgs of explosives are loaded in 115 mm diameter holes and powder factor ranging between 6 to 8 tons per kgs of explosives is achieved.



#### **13.4 MINERAL BENEFICIATION:**

No Beneficiation plant exists or proposed and as of date, But lessor intends to put up a mobile Crushing cum Screening plant.

#### **13.5 REVIEW OF IMPLEMENTATION OF MINING PLAN / SCHEME OF MINING:**

13.5.1 Name of Mine : Bhandiguda Limestone Mine

#### **13.5.2 Particulars of the Approved Mining Plan / Scheme:**

Presently this leasee is having a valid Scheme of Mining prepared for the year 2008-09 to 2012-13 and the same was approved vade your office letter No. MS / SMG / Lst - 112 - SZ dated 21.06.2008 a copy of the said approval letter is enclosed as Annexure No. 2.

#### **13.5.3 Date of commencement of Mining Operation:**

Subsequent to the grant of the mining lease in the year 1963

#### **13.5.4 Review of compliance Position of Mining Plan / Scheme**

13.5.4 A. Deficiencies, if any, that existed in the Approved Mining Plan / Scheme to be taken note of and rectified by incorporating suitable proposals for implementation in the scheme of mining.

The deficiencies which were pointed out were rectified prior to approval of the Scheme of Mining.

13.5.4 B. Review of compliance Position of Salient features of the Mining Plan/Scheme on chapter wise basis bringing out marked deviations, if any, and justifications/ reasons thereof.

#### **13.6 Exploration:**

No exploration was proposed during the last scheme period from 2008 - 09 to 2012 -13, as the exploration which was carried out by DMG and by NMDC was more sufficient. A list of boreholes drilled by DMG and NMDC is enclosed as Annexure No. 6 and few typical logs of the same is enclosed as Plate No. 8.

### Mine Development & Exploitation

Proposed and achieved quantities of production and development are given in below table.

Year	Development - Qty : tonnes		
	Proposed	Achieved	% of variation
2008 - 09	5,000	Nil	-
2009 - 10	Nil	10,000	+ 100.00
2010 - 11	5,000	Nil	-
2011 - 12	Nil	Nil	100.00
2012 - 13 **	5,000	Nil	- 100.00
Total	15,000	10,000	- 33.33

\*\* indicates till Feb 2013.

During the last scheme, it was proposed to handle 15,000 tonnes of waste, against only 10,000 tonnes has been handled. This was mainly due to the less production when compared with the proposals.

During the last scheme period, there was no specified location of dumping the waste, but it was only discussed it will be dumped outside the main pit. Accordingly it was dumped outside the pit. The waste was dumped on the existing waste dump which lies towards west of the main pit i.e. between the co-ordinate and ordinate E : 800 to E : 1000 and N : 850 to N : 970 by increasing approximately 2.00 mts height.

Year	R O M - Production - Qty : tonnes		
	Proposed	Achieved	% of variation
2008 - 09	1,01,000	34,818	- 65.54
2009 - 10	1,01,000	48,326	- 52.15
2010 - 11	1,01,000	27,988	- 72.29
2011 - 12	1,01,000	52,657	- 47.85
2012 - 13 **	1,01,000	20,000	- 83.33
Total	5,05,000	1,83,789	- 64.70

\*\* indicates till Feb 2013.

Basically, this limestone mine is a captive mine for the Steel industry situated at Bokaravali. During the last above five years, there was less production, this is mainly due the requirement of the captive industry. As there was no sufficient raw material like iron ore to feed to the plant. Hence there is a less in production.



During the last scheme period, the production was proposed mainly of the main pit / quarry accordingly the production was achieved from main pit only.

### Review of plantation details :

Year	Plantation - Qty : in Nos.		
	Proposed	Achieved	Location
2008 - 09	2,000	2,000	Within the
2009 - 10	2,000	-	lease opposite
2010 - 11	2,500	2,500	to Canteen
2011 - 12	2,500	2,500	adjacent to road
2012 - 13 **	2,500	NIL	
Total	11,500	8,100	

\*\* indicates till Feb, 2013.

1.30 Ha has been covered under plantation and the survival rate is about 60 %.

### Review of Environmental monitoring Details:

Regular monitoring / survey for air, noise, water, soil, in core zone & buffer zone the report of the same is enclosed as Annexure No. 9. And the details are discussed in the above paragraph Environment Management Plan vide Para 9.6.

### Land Reclamation & Rehabilitation:

In the last approval of scheme of mining along with the PMCP, it was proposed to retain the pit as a water pond, which will enter the wild inhabitata, agriculture / sericulture purpose. Since the deposit is not totally exhausted, so presently it cannot be created as a pond. This will be taken only at the conceptual stage.

### Waste Management:

About 10,000 tonnes of waste was generated against proposed 15,000 tonnes. The generated waste was dumped in the area earmarked for the purpose. This was systematically dumped in a place wise manner.

- 13.4 C** Review of Compliance Position of conditions and stipulations imposed, if any, while approving Mining plan/Scheme. In case non-compliance, partial compliance, detailed justification reasons thereof may be furnished along with proposal for compliance in ensuing period.

There are no any special conditions and stipulation was imposed while approving the Scheme of Mining. The conditions so imposed is the general condition, a copy of the same is enclosed as Annexure No. 2. However the some of the imposed conditions are detailed below:

1. A copy of EIA / EMP report, approved by MoEF, New Delhi, should be submitted to this office as well as Regional Controller of Mines, Indian Bureau of Mines, Bangalore, within one month of its approval along with the copy of the approval letter.
  2. The company shall establish environment monitoring cell. Environment monitoring cell of the company shall continue monitoring ambient air quality, dust fall rate, water quality, soil sample analysis and noise-level measurements on various stations established for the purpose both in the core and buffer zone, as per the department of the Environment guidelines and keeping in view IEM's circular 3 / 92, season wise every year or by engaging preferably the services of an Environmental laboratory by MoEF approved / CPCB. The data so generated shall be maintained in a bound page register kept for the purpose and the same shall be made available to the inspecting officer on demand, -
  3. The validity period of the financial assurance should be renewed before the expiry of the same and should be submitted to the Regional Controller of Mines, Indian Bureau of Mines, Bangalore, in due intimation to this office.
  4. A yearly report shall be submitted to the Regional Controller of Mines, Indian Bureau of Mines, Bangalore before 1<sup>st</sup> of every setting forth the extent of protective and rehabilitative works carried out as envisaged in the approved mine closure plan.
- 13.4 D** Review of compliance of violations pointed out after inspections made under MCDR, 1988 during the last five years.

There was no inspection during the last five years.

- 13.4 E** Any other points requiring attention in the interest of proper mine design, Development, Conservation and Environment & Ecology of the area.

With due conservation of mineral, management is interested to upgrade the mine, by scientific & systematic method of mining. Moreover to utilize the mineral resource very much conservatively, the limestone is now classified in to two parts one is High CaO where CaO is more than 45 % while the other is Low CaO where CaO varies from 35% to 45% in which sub grade and low grade is also included. Since the material is used for a captive steel industry, the low CaO will be blended with the High CaO with the required proportion based on the generation of the material and will be transported to the captive Steel Industry which is situated at Bhadravathi.

#### 14.0 Progressive Mine closure Plan

#### 14.1 Mined out land.

As on date the mined out land is 21.300 ha, presently no proposal can be given for reclamation and rehabilitation measures in the mine out land, because the entire mined out pit is still active. However, the details of the present & up to ensuing Scheme period are tabulated in below table.

Type of activity	Unit in Ha.	
	Present	Scheme
Area under mining	21.300	21.300
Storage for top soil	0.500	0.500
Overburden/ Dumps	2.000	2.750
Mineral storage / Sub-grade stock	0.500	0.500
Infrastructure (Workshops, Office)	0.500	0.500
Roads	0.750	0.750
Railways		
Green Belt / plantation	1.800	5.800
Tailing Pond		
Effluent Treatment Plant /Factory		
Mineral Beneficiation Plant		
Township Area		
Others (to be specified) : Canal		
Area for future use	12.720	8.020
<b>Total</b>	<b>40.120</b>	<b>40.120</b>



#### 14.2 Water Quality Management:

**Surface Water:** There are no surface water bodies within the lease area.

**Ground water:**

Water sources in the area are Ground water and rain water. The general ground water table in this area 50 – 60 M below the general ground level and more over the mining activities are confined above the ground water table. Hence no hydrogeology studies are proposed; however in due course of time, if any case happens to touch the ground water, the hydrogeological studies will be conducted to know the impact of the ground water on mining activity.

#### 14.3 Air Quality management:

The Air Quality management to prevent ensuing Scheme of Mining period is briefly discussed under the chapter Air Quality headed by Environment Management Plan.

#### 14.4 Waste Management:

The yearly generation of waste such as topsoil, shales and phyllites and the intercalated wastes generated from the Limestone is summarized in below table:-

Year	Topsoil	Waste	Qty: MT.
1 <sup>st</sup> year 13 - 14	-	7,000	7,000
2 <sup>nd</sup> year 14 - 15	-	75,000	75,000
3 <sup>rd</sup> year 15 - 16	-	5,000	5,000
4 <sup>th</sup> year 16 - 17	-	5,000	5,000
5 <sup>th</sup> year 17 - 18	-	5,000	5,000
<b>Total</b>	-	<b>1,61,000</b>	<b>1,61,000</b>

During the ensuing scheme period the production and development are proposed within the broken up area, hence no topsoil is generated.

Year wise locations of dumping blocks with respective co-ordinates / ordinates and RLs are shown in table below:

Year	Dump	YEAR WISE DUMPING BLOCKS FOR WASTE	
		Ordinates / Co-ordinates	Extents in R.L.s.
1 <sup>st</sup> year 13 - 14	North	N : 1050 - N : 1130 & E : 790 - E : 880	0.350 - 710 - 720
2 <sup>nd</sup> year 14 - 15	Western	N : 1070 - N : 1130 & E : 740 - E : 880	0.400 - 710 - 720
3 <sup>rd</sup> year 15 - 16	- co -	N : 1070 to N : 1150	Opposite to North dump
4 <sup>th</sup> year 16 - 17	- co -	&	same
5 <sup>th</sup> year 17 - 18	- co -	E : 815 to E : 950	720 - 730 dump

The location of said dump is shown on the respective production & plan enclosed as Plate No. 9 to 13 and a cross section showing the dump disposition is marked on the dump section and enclosed as Plate No. 15.

During the scheme period present existing northwestern dump which lies within the lease area will be laterally extended by occupying an additional area of 0.750 ha. This area can accommodate about 1,70,000 tonnes of waste. The dumping will be done up to 720 MRL where the average height will be 10 M. This area is sufficient for the first two years of the ensuing scheme period. The waste generating during the next three years will be dumped over the said dump up to 730 MRL after leaving 10 – 15 M barrier from the edge of the dump.

The waste such as clay, shale and phyllite, will be dumped in the area earmarked for the purpose such that the height of the dump will not exceed 20.0 M. Initially the dumping will be done up to 720 MRL (10.0 M height) there after the same dump will be increased by additional height of 10.0 M (up to 730 MRL), terracing and pitching will be done at an interval of 10.0 M. The details of scheme of dumping are discussed in the subsequent paragraphs.

The waste generated during the scheme period will be dumped within the lease area, earmarked for the purpose. The land profile chosen for the dumping is plateau with minor undulation, initially it will be dumped up to 720 MRL (10.0 M height) there after the same dump will be increased by additional height of 10.0 M (up to 730 MRL), terracing and pitching will be done at an interval of 10.0 M. The buildup of cumps on yearly basis is indicated in Plate No. 9 to 13. And a Cross Section showing the year wise Dump disposition is shown in Plate No. 15.

Waste generated at the mine is transported to dumping site by ten-ton capacity lippers. A wheel loader is continuously provided to level waste material unloaded by tipper trucks and spread laterally in area earmarked. Continuous movements of tipper trucks while unloading consolidate the ground. Water is regularly sprinkled in roads over the dumps to control the blowing dust. Thus, with dozing, end tipping and consolidation dump is built up in stages.



While building up, dumps are properly graded and serviced with provision of excess drainage. Terracing is always accompanied with plantation for stabilization of terraced slopes. As far as possible, dumps are created in low-lying areas. It is always ensured that dump height does not exceed 30.0 M or tallest growing trees of the region. Dump slopes are visibly protected from any environmental damages, providing all the protective measures described as below.

Year wise proposed plantation for the ensuing Scheme of Mining is given in below table.

Years	No. of saplings proposed to plant	Area in Ha.	Location / Remark
1 <sup>st</sup> year 13 - 14	2,250	0.75	
2 <sup>nd</sup> year 14 - 15	2,250	0.75	
3 <sup>rd</sup> year 15 - 16	1,500	0.50	Near office and statutory building
4 <sup>th</sup> year 16 - 17	3,000	1.00	
5 <sup>th</sup> year 17 - 18	3,000	1.00	
<b>Gr. Total</b>	<b>12,000</b>	<b>4.00</b>	

Plantation will be carried out by seeking guidance from the Forest and any concerned Department. Preferably local species will be planted. Due care will be taken to protect the affected area from fire, pests and cattle's. For healthy growth of the saplings, proper dosage of fertilizer / manuring will be provided, and water will be provided as and when required. Apart from the plantation, to protect the erosion due to monsoons and surface run off the protective measures such as trenching and retention wall are constructed. The year wise proposed protective measure for the ensuing Scheme period is given in below table.

Years	Trench			Retention wall			Location / Remark
	L	W	D	L	W	H	
1 <sup>st</sup> year 13 - 14	250	0.50	0.50	250	0.75	1.00	Dump toe
2 <sup>nd</sup> year 14 - 15	200	0.50	0.50	200	0.75	1.00	- do -
3 <sup>rd</sup> year 15 - 16	150	0.50	0.50	150	0.75	1.00	- do -
4 <sup>th</sup> year 16 - 17	150	0.50	0.50	150	0.75	1.00	- do -
5 <sup>th</sup> year 17 - 18	150	0.50	0.50	150	0.75	1.00	- do -
<b>Gr. Total</b>	<b>900</b>	<b>0.50</b>	<b>0.50</b>	<b>900</b>	<b>0.50</b>	<b>0.50</b>	- do -

#### 14.5 Top Soil Management

Area proposed for the mining activity is more or less in the exposed pit, hence no topsoil is anticipated.



#### 14.6 Tailing Dam Management

: NOT APPLICABLE

14.7 Infrastructure. Since the mine is operation from past few decades, the lessee Provides all the required infrastructure facilities

#### 14.8 Disposal of Mining Machinery.

At present there is no any disposal of any mining machineries, however the lessee company is a Public Sector Company. In any case if the same needs to be disposed off prior to the shelf time of the mining machineries, it will be transferred to the other mining unit operated by the same company.

#### 14.9 Safety and Security.

The required safety measures such as fencing the pit, maintaining the proper gradient of haul roads on the mine benches, maintaining the pit slope 31 degree and providing the safety equipment like safety shoe, Hand gloves and etc. to employees. As a part of security, security guard will be deployed for watch and ward round the clock.

#### 14.10 Disaster Management and Risk Assessment.

Since the mine is under operation from past more than few decades, so far no disaster is visualized. The disaster and the risk may occur due to natural calamity such as earthquake, landslide, collapse and etc. However in such cases the emergency services required for help like Police station, Fire station, Hospital, Ambulance services and its contact Nos., are available with the Mines Manager. And also the emergency services Nos. are displayed on the notice board at important places.

#### 14.11 Care and Maintenance during Temporary Discontinuance.

Lessee agrees to work continuously, till the concerned stage as such there is no temporary discontinuance of the mine. However due to unforeseen situation if mines happens to be a temporary discontinuance due to strike, lockout & any order passed by the government, court and etc, lessee will take due care of mines by providing the fencing the pit deploying the security guards for watch and ward of the mine. Payment will be made to all the employees as per the statute and providing medical and other facilities. More so it is a public sector company, all the legal and statutory formalities will be done according.



**16.2 Economic Repercussions of Closure of Mine and Manpower Requirements:**  
Manpower retrenchment, compensation to be given, socio-economic repercussions and remedial measures consequent to the closure of mines should be described, specifically stating the following.

Number of local residents are employed in the mine, status of the continuation of family occupation and scope of joining the occupation back.

Total number of employees employed in this mine is 27. Almost all the employees are employed locally, but for few technical personnel such as Mines manager, Geologist, Surveyor and etc.

Compensation given or to be given to the employees connecting with sustenance of himself and their family members.

Since this mine is operated as a captive mine, the captive industry has been in operation since from 1923 (where as SAIL took over this in the year 1998). Hence the closure of the mine will not arise during the scheme period, however due to certain constraints if happens to be closed, the employee will be paid their compensation as per the laws and regulations. And if any financial / moral support is required the company will extend their co-operation in this regard. When the mine put back into operation the same employees will be employed back.

**Satellite occupations connected to the mining industry - number of persons engaged therein - continuance of such business after mine closes.**

Most of the satellite occupations connected to the mining industry are not affected due to closure or otherwise of the mine. Managerial, technical & supervisory staff is likely to get employment within a reasonable period. Local labour can support them by joining other members of family in their traditional occupation. Hired equipment/ trucks easily get alternate engagement. However it will be applicable at the time of final mine closure plan.

**Continued engagement of employees in the rehabilitated status of mining lease area and any other remnant activities.**

Security & essential service people will continue to be employed for a purely short term temporary closure. Where operations are discontinued for longer period, it is not viable to continue with their employment and so these will be reduced to minimum, counseling will be extended for their rehabilitation. However this is applicable at the time of final mine closure plan.



**Elevated repercussions on the expectation of the society around due to closure of mine.**

There will be some effect on their economy, communication and transportation but still these difficulties will be manageable to large extent. Compensation, socio-economic repercussions and remedial measures consequent to closure will be discussed at the time of submission of final mine closure plan.

**16.3 Time Scheduling for abandonment.**

Since the mine is active till the conceptual stage / life of the mine hence the abandonment is not applicable at this stage. However the partial abandonment like plantation, reclamation and other details in a tabular form for each and individual year wise are furnished in the subsequent para.

**17.0 Abandonment cost.**

The abandonment cost for such as plantation, construction of rubble wall, and etc are furnished in the prescribed format and enclosed as Annexure No. 15 in 19.

**18.0 Financial Assurance.**

Area for the Financial Assurance is calculated as per the CCOM's circular No. 4 / 2006, till the end of the Existing Mining Plan period and the details of land use considered is shown in below table.

SCHEME OF MINING OF BHANDIGODA LIMESTONE MINE OF M.V. SAIL

Sl. No.	Type of land use	Area of Land in ha (in ha)		Total	The area is considered as fully utilized and rehabilitated Cost	Net area considered for utilization at India
		Area put to use after start of plan period	Additional Requirement during plan period			
A	B	C = (A + B)	D	E = (C - D)		
1	Area under mining	11.300		11.300		11.300
2	Storage for top soil	0.500		0.500		0.500
3	Overburden dumps	2.000	0.750	2.750		2.750
4	Mineral storage	0.500		0.500		0.500
5	Infrastructure	0.500		0.500		0.500
6	Roads	0.750		0.750		0.750
7	Railways					
8	Green Belt	1.000	4.000	5.000		5.000
9	Tailing pond					
10	Effluent treatment plants					
11	Desulfurization Plant					
12	Townships and residential areas					
13	Others to be specified					
	Area remains undisturbed	11.770		8.020		
	<b>Total</b>	<b>46.120</b>		<b>8.020</b>		<b>32.100</b>

The total area under utilization till the end of the Scheme of Mining Period: **32.100 Ha**

Financial assurance @ Rs. 25,000/- per hectare.

**32.100 Ha X Rs. 25,000/- per ha.                   Rs. 8.02,500/-**

The financial assurance being the sum of Rs. Eight Lakh Two Thousand Five Hundred Only.

The financial assurance in the form of bank guarantee submitted during the last approval of the scheme of mining over an amount of Rs. 9,28,000/- (The sum of Rs. Nine Lakh Twenty Eight Thousand) could not be renewed by bankers constraints hence for the same amount fresh bank guarantee has been obtained and submitted to the Regional office, a copy of the bank guarantee and acknowledgement of the submission is enclosed herewith as Annexure No. 20, and P.M.C.P to the effect showing the land use is enclosed as Plate No. 19. Though the land use is less compared with the last scheme of mining, the last bank guarantee is only submitted.

SCHEME OF MINING OF BHANDIGODA LIMESTONE MINE OF M.V. SAIL

19.1 Certificates: The required certificates are enclosed.

19.2 Plan and sections:

The required plans and sections are enclosed and the specific references are made in the relevant chapter as applicable.

*Muthu*  
KANTHARAJ. K.  
SQP / GOA / 130 / 2006 / A

*S.*  
RAMACHANDRA, K. T.  
ROP / BMG / 040 / 83 / A

This Scheme of Mining is approved  
subject to the conditions / stipulations  
indicated in the Scheme of Mining  
Approval letter No. KAR/ES/101/14/192-52  
Date 25-6-13

*PM/CS 25/6/13*  
Akila S. Gopal (S. M)  
Controller of Mines (S. M.)  
मारकोय वाल सूरी  
Indian Ministry of Mines  
बंगलर / BANGALORE

# ANNEXURES

ANNEKURE NO. 1

MR. GND.



GOVERNMENT OF KARNATAKA

ರಾಜ್ಯ ಪ್ರಾಧಿಕಾರ ವಿಭಾಗ

Department of Mines and Geology



## ರಾಜ್ಯ ರಸ್ತೆ MINING LEASE

Registered No. M.L. No. 2660

Name of Lessee's  
Vishwakarma Iron Steel Plant Ltd.

Date of Grant Renewal 21.5.2002 Date of th. 2002  
2002

Period 15/09/2001 to 15/09/2002

*[Signature]*  
K.T.RAMACHANDRA  
RQP/AUG/010/681/R  
Nov/01

*[Signature]*  
KANTHARAJ K.  
RQP/GOA/130/2001A

GOVERNMENT OF KARNATAKA

MINING LEASE

The instrument made this ..... day of ..... 1960, by the Governor of Karnataka (hereinafter referred to as the "State Government") which expression shall, where the context so admits, be deemed to include his heirs, executors, administrators, representatives and permitted assigns) of the one part and when the lessor/lessee is an individual,

(1) When the lessee is an individual :

..... person with address and occupation) hereinafter referred to as "the lessee" which expression shall, where the context so admits, be deemed to include his heirs, executors, administrators, representatives and permitted assigns.

(2) When the lessees are more than one individual :

..... (Name of  
with address and occupation) and  
(Name of person with address and occupation)  
hereinafter referred to as "the lessee" which expression shall, where the context so admits, be deemed to include their respective heirs, executors, administrators, representatives and permitted assigns).

(3) When the lessee is a registered firm :

..... and address of Partnership or  
son of ..... all carrying on business in  
ship under the firm name and style of .....  
Name of the firm) registered under Indian Partnership Act 1932 (O of 1932) and having  
an office at ..... in the town of .....  
hereinafter referred to as "the lessee" which expression shall, where the context so admits, be deemed to include all the partners of the said firm their representatives, heirs, executors, administrators and permitted assigns.

When the lessee is a registered company :

VISVESVARAYA IRON AND STEEL PLANT - I.S.A.L. Broachwadi (Pur) - 471001  
Broachwadi, Dharwad, Karnataka (Name of Company)

K MARLINGAM  
M&E General Manager (Mining & E&I)  
STEEL ALLOY DIVISION OF I.S.A.L LTD.  
VISVESVARAYA IRON & STEEL PLANT  
Kannur - 670001



..... company registered under Companies Act 1956  
incorporated) having its registered office at .....  
address, hereinafter referred to as "the lessee" which expression shall, where the  
so admits be deemed to include its successors and permitted assigns) of the other party

WITNESSETH the lessor/lessee has applied to State Government in accordance with the Mineral Concession Rules 1958 (the number referred to in the said Rules being lease No. 1027) in respect of the lands described in PART I of the Schedule heretounder which shall be deposited with the State Government the sum of Rs. 1000/- as security and the sum of Rs. 500/- as a deposit, meeting the preliminary charges of a mining lease and whereas the lessee is in possession of a valid certificate of approval income tax clearance certificate (and WHEREAS Central Government has approved the grant of this lease).

WITNESSETH that in consideration of the rents and royalties, covenants and agreements in these presents and the schedule hereunder written, reserved and contained in the part of the lessee / lessee's to be paid, observed and performed, the State Government (with the approval of the Central Government) hereby grants and demises unto the lessee

All those the minor bed veins, seams of ..... Lignite & Stone  
state the mineral is mineral (hereinafter and in the schedules referred to as the minerals) situated, lying and being in or under the lands which are referred to in Part I of the said schedule, together with the liberties, powers and privileges to be exercised enjoyed in connection therewith which are mentioned in PART II of the schedule subject to restrictions and conditions as to the exercise and enjoyment of such liberties, powers and privileges which are mentioned in PART III of the said schedule EXCEPT and except out are the demesne up to the State Government the liberties, powers and privileges mentioned in PART IV of the said Schedule TO HOLD the premises hereby granted demised up to the lessee/lessee from the .....  
Tulu, 9.21 ..... 20 for the term of 30 (Thirty years) w.e.f. 11-04-2002  
hence forth ensure YIELDING AND PAYING of up to the State Government the rents and royalties mentioned in PART V of the said Schedule at the respective rates and specified subject to the provisions contained in PART VI of the Schedule and lessee/lessee hereby covenant/covenants with the State Government as in PART VII of the said Schedule expressed and the State Government hereby commands with lessee/lessee in PART VIII of the Schedule is expressed AND it is hereby mutually agreed between the parties herein as in PART X of the said Schedule is expressed.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF these presents have been executed in manner hereinafter reciting the day and year first above written.

The Schedule above referred to.

K MARLINGAM  
Asst. General Manager (Mining & E&I)  
STEEL ALLOY DIVISION OF I.S.A.L LTD.  
VISVESVARAYA IRON & STEEL PLANT  
Kannur - 670001

*Indore 10/2/1945*

PART I  
THE AREA OF THIS LEASE

LOCATION AND AREA OF THE LEASE:

All that tract of land situated at Bholas in the State of Madhya Pradesh in the Khandwa District of Madhya Pradesh, bearing Survey No. 1011-12-A. or thereabouts delineated in plan hereto annexed and thereunto referred to hereinafter and bounded as follows:

On the North by part of Sy No 1 Bhandarpur Village

On the South by ——————

On the East by ——————

and

On the West by Part No 2 Udoraji-2-a Village

hereinafter referred to as the said lands.

PART II

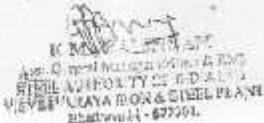
LIBERTIES, POWERS AND PRIVILEGES TO BE EXERCISED AND ENJOYED  
BY  
THE LESSOR/LESSEES SUBJECT TO THE RESTRICTIONS AND CONDITIONS  
IN PART III

1. To enter upon land and search for mine work etc.

Liberty and power at all times during the term demised to enter upon said lands and search for, mine, bore, dig, drill for water, Hess, pull, lever, haul, carry away and dispose of the said mineral/metallics.

2. To sink, drive and make pits shafts and inclines etc.

Liberty and power for or in connection with any of the purposes mentioned in this part to sink, drive, make, maintain and use in the said lands any pits, shafts, refuges, drifts, levels, water ways, airways and other works, (and to use, maintain, deepen or extend any existing works of the like nature in the said lands).



To drive and have and hold horses, mules, cattle, etc.

Liberty and power for or in connection with any of the purposes mentioned to drive, restrain or control any animals, horses, mules, cattle, etc. under the said lands, bearing harness, traps, sledges, carts, coaches, bullock carts, wagons, carts, chariots, bullock teams, work-shops, stores, bungalows, jetties, platforms, sheds, buildings and other works and conveniences of the nature mentioned above.

4. To make roads and ways and maintaining roads and ways.

Liberty and power for or in connection with any of the purposes mentioned to make any roads, paths, tracks and other ways in or over the said lands, or to use, maintain and repair them with or without horses, cattle, wagons, locomotives or other vehicles over the same (or any existing tramways, railways road and other ways) or over the said lands, on such conditions may be agreed to.

5. To get building and road materials etc.

Liberty and power for or in connection with any of the purposes mentioned in this part to quarry and get, ordinary building stones and gravel and other building and road materials (except that of specified mineral minerals) and ordinary clay and to use and employ the same and to manufacture with ordinary clay from bricks or tiles and to use such bricks or tiles not to destroy such material, bricks or tiles.

6. To use waters from streams etc.

Liberty and power for or in connection with any of the purposes mentioned in this part but subject to the rights of any existing or future lessors and with the written permission of the Deputy Commissioner to appropriate and use water from any stream, water-course, springs or other sources in or upon the said lands and divert, set up or any such stream or water-course, culverts, drains or reservoirs but not so as to deprive cultivated lands, villages, buildings, or watering places for livestock of a reasonable supply of water as before accustomed nor in any way to foul or pollute any streams or springs. Provided that the lessor/lesses shall not interfere with the navigation in any navigable streams nor shall obstruct such streams with out the previous written permission of the said Government.

7. To use and for stacking, heaping or depositing purposes.

Liberty and Power to enter upon and use a convenient part of surface of said lands for the purpose of stacking, heaping, thereon any produce of the mines or works carried on and any equipment, earth and materials and substances dug or raised under the liberty and powers mentioned in this part.



1. Beneficiation and carrying away.

Liberty and power to enter upon and use a sufficient part or the whole of the timber produced from the said lands and to carry away such benefitted timber.

2. To make coke (to be used in case of coal only):

Liberty and power upon the said lands to convert into coke any coal thus procured from the said lands and to carry away such coke.

3. To clear brushwood and to fell and utilise trees, etc.

Liberty and power for or in connection with any of the purposes mentioned in this clause subject to the existing rights of others and save as provided in clause 3 of part III of this Schedule to clear undergrowth and brushwood and to fell and utilise any trees or timber standing or found on the said lands provided that the State Government may ask the lessessees to pay or any rents or timber felled and utilised by him/her at the rates specified by the Deputy Commissioner or the State Government.

### PART III

#### RESTRICTIONS AND CONDITIONS AS TO THE EXERCISE OF THE LIBERTIES, POWERS AND PRIVILEGES IN PART I.

1. No building etc. upon certain places.

No building or stong shall be erected, set up, placed and no surface operations shall be carried on in or upon any public pleasure ground, running or busis ground or place held or owned by any class of persons or any house or village site, public road or other place which the State Government may determine as public ground nor in such manner as to injure or substantially affect any buildings, work, property or rights of other persons and no land shall be used for surface operations which is already occupied by persons other than the State Government for works or purposes not included in it is lease. That lessessees shall not also interfere with any right of way, well or tank.

2. Permission for surface operations in a land not already in use.

Before using for surface operations any land which has not already been used for such operations the lessessees shall give to the Deputy Commissioner of the district two calendar months previous notice in writing specifying the name or other description of the land and the nature of the land proposed to be so used and the purpose for which the same is required and the said land shall not be so used if objection is raised by the Deputy Commissioner within two months after the receipt by him of such notice unless the objection so stated shall, on reference to the State Government be annulled or waived.

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A. K. RAO  
Auth. Manager, Works & Engg.  
Tata Steel Authority of India Ltd.  
Jharia Iron & Steel Plant  
Jharia - 775001

3. To cut trees in unreserved lands.

The lessessees shall do, without the express sanction of the Deputy Commissioner, cut or procure any timber or trees on the said lands but may obtain such sanction in case where the landhold is undergrowth which interferes with the operation of said lands by him/her presents. The Deputy Commissioner or the State Government may require the lessessees to pay for any trees or timber felled and utilized by him at the rates specified by the Deputy Commissioner or the State Government.

4. To enter upon reserved forests.

Notwithstanding anything in this Schedule contained the lessee/lessees shall not enter upon any reserved forest included in the said lands without previous sanction in writing of the District Forest Officer nor fell, cut and use any timber or trees without obtaining the sanction in writing of that Officer nor otherwise than in accordance with the conditions as the State Government may prescribe.

(A) The lessessees shall not fell any trees in any forest area converted by this law without reasonable notice to the Forest Officer and except in accordance with the provisions of the law relating to forests for the time being in force.

5. No mining operations within 50 meters of public works etc.

The lessessees shall not work or carry so or allow to be worked or carried any mining operations at or to any point within a distance of 50 metres any railways except with the previous written permission of the Railway Administration concerned or under or beneath any ropeway or any ropeway itself or stakes except under and in accordance with the permission of the authority owning the rope way or from any reservoir canal or other public works such as public roads and buildings or exhausted sites except with the previous written permission of the Deputy Commissioner or any other officer authorised by the State Government in this behalf and otherwise than in accordance with such instructions, restrictions and conditions and either general or special which may be attached to such permission. The said distances of 50 metres or 200 metres shall be measured in the case of railway, reservoir or canal horizontally from the outer edge of the bank of the outer edge of the cutting as the case may be and of building horizontally from the points thereof. In the case of village roads no working shall be carried on without the previous permission of the Deputy Commissioner or any other officer duly authorised by the State Government in this behalf and otherwise than in accordance with such directions, restrictions and additions either general or special which may be attached to such permission No.1(51)65-MIL dated 26-2-62.

Explanation: For the purposes of this clause, the expression 'Railway Administration' shall have the same meaning as it is defined to have in the Indian Railways Act, 1890, to Clause 6 of Section 3 of the Act, 'Public Road' shall mean a road which has been constructed by artificially surfaced as distinct from a trace resulting from repeated use. Village road will include any trace shown in the revenue records as village road.

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JHARIA IRON & STEEL PLANT  
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S. No. 402 | Annexure I

**Facilities for adjoining Government Licences and leases.**

The lessee/lessees shall allow existing and future holders of Government licenses or over any land which is comprised in or adjoins or is enclosed by the land held by the lessee/lessees reasonable facilities of access thereto.

**PROVIDED THAT** no substantial hindrance or interference shall be caused to such holder of license or lease to the operations of the lessee/lessee under these presents and the lessee/lessees shall be entitled to compensation as may be mutually agreed upon between the lessee/lessees under these presents and fair compensation (as may be mutually agreed upon or in the event of disagreement as may be decided by the State Government) shall be made to the lessee/lessees by reason of the exercise of this liberty.

The lessee/lessees shall not appoint / let any child labourers to work in the mines, upon which action will be initiated to cancell / determine the mining lease.

#### PART IV

##### LIBERTIES, POWERS AND PRIVILEGES RESERVED TO THE STATE GOVERNMENT

###### 1. To work other minerals.

Liberty and power for the State Government, or any lessee/licensee or persons authorised by it in that behalf to enter into and upon the said lands and to search for, win, wash, dig, get, raise, dress, process, convert and carry away any minerals other than the said minerals and any other substances, and for the above purposes to sink, drive, make, erect, construct, maintain and use such pits, shafts, inclines, drifts, levels and other lines, underground, airways, water courses, drains, reservoirs, engines, machinery, plant buildings, sheds, tramways, railways and other works and conveniences as may be deemed necessary or convenient;

Provided that in the exercise of such liberty and power no substantial hindrance or interference shall be caused to with the liberties powers and privileges of the lessee/lessees under these presents and the lessee/lessee shall be entitled to such fair compensation as may be mutually agreed upon or in the event of disagreement as may be decided by the State Government shall be made to the lessee/lessee for all loss or damage sustained by the lessee/lessees by reason or in consequences of the exercise of such liberty and power.

###### 2. To make railways and roads.

Liberty and power to the State Government or any lessee or person authorised by it in that behalf to enter into and upon the said lands and to make upon over or through the same any railways, tramways or pipelines for any purpose other than those mentioned in Part-II of these presents and to get from the said lands stones, gravel, earth and other

  
MACHINERY  
Mr. General Manager (Minerals & E&I)  
STEEL AUTHORITY OF INDIA LTD.  
NESTORAYA IRON & STEEL PLANT  
Mandarao - 373564

materials for making, maintaining and repairing such railways, tramways, and roads, or carrying railways and roads, or roads at all times with or without horses, or other animals, carts, wagons, carts, caravans, or other vehicles over or along such railways, tramways, roads, or other ways for all purposes and as necessary for the purpose that it is necessary to such liberty and power by such other lessor person, no substantial hindrance or interference shall be caused to or with the like powers and privileges without compensation under these presents and that no compensation (as may be given or agreed upon or in the event of disagreement as may be decided by the State Government) shall be payable to the lessee/lessee for all loss or damage by substantial hindrance or interference shall be caused to or with the exercise by such lessor or person of the aforesaid powers.

#### PART V RENTS AND ROYALTIES RESERVED BY THIS LEASE

###### 1. To pay dead rent or royalty whichever is greater:

That lessor shall pay for every year except the first year of the lease dead rent as specified in clause 2 of the Act. Provided that where the holder of such mining lease becomes liable under section 9 of the Act, to pay royalty for any mineral removed or consumed by him or by his agent, manager, employee, contractor sub-lease from the said area, he shall be liable to pay either such royalty or the dead rent in respect of the area whichever is higher.

###### 2. Rate and mode of payment of dead rent:

Subject to the provisions of Clause 1 of the Act, during the subsistence of the lease the lessee/lessees shall pay to the State Government annual dead rent for the lands demised and described in part-I of this Schedule, the rate for the time being specified in the third schedule to the Act in such manner, as may be, specified in this behalf by the State Government.

S. No.	Name of the Mineral	De script ion of the mineral	Area of cultural land	De ad per hectare	Total Payable	Dead rent in p.a.
1.	LIME STONE	1/2 acre	—	10/-	—	—
2.	—	—	—	20/- p.a	per hectare	—
3.	—	1/2 acre	5.2 - 9	per hectare	—	—
4.	—	1/4 acre	10.5 - 16	—	—	—
5.	—	—	—	—	—	—

Clarify about the manner in which and the time at which the dead rent, surface rent and water rate should be paid.

###### 3. Rate and mode of Payment of royalty :

Subject to the provisions of Clause 1 of this Act, the lessee/lessees shall during the subsistence of this lease pay to the State Government at such times and in such manner as

In witness whereof  
Anil Kumar  
STEEL AUTHORITY  
VISAKHAPATNAM  
dated the 21st

The State Government may prescribe royalty in respect of any mineral/minerals removed by them from the leased area at the rate for the time being specified in the Schedule to the Mines and Mineral (Regulation and Development) Act, 1934.

(3-A). The lessee/lessees shall not remove any ore of minerals from the lease except under and in accordance with the conditions or a permit issued by the Director of Mines & Geology in Karnataka in payment by the lessee/lessees of the royalty due on the ore or minerals.

#### 4. Payment of surface rent and water rate:

The lessee/lessees shall pay rent and water rate the State Government for the use of all part of the surface of the said land which shall from time to time be occupied or used by the lessee/lessees under the authority of these present at the rate of Rs. ..../- respectively per annum per hectare of the area so occupied or used and/or in proportion for any area less than a hectare during the period from the commencement of such occupation or use until the area shall cease to be so occupied or used and shall, as far as possible restore the surface land so used to its original condition. Surface rent and water rate shall be paid in cash before detailed in Clause (2), PROVIDED THAT no such rent/water rate shall be payable in respect of the occupation and use of the area comprised in any roads or ways to which the public have full right of access.

5. Local and other cesses and taxes as prevalent in ..... District.

#### PART VI

#### PROVISIONS RELATING TO THE RENTS AND ROYALTIES

##### Rent and royalties to be free from deduction etc.

1. The rent, water rate and royalties mentioned in Part V of this Schedule shall be paid free from any deductions to the State Government at ..... and in such manner as the State Government may prescribe PROVIDED ALWAYS and it is hereby agreed that Rs. ..... the balance standing to the credit of the lessee/lessee on account of the deposit made by him/her as a lessee/lessee over all areas which included the said lands shall be retained and accepted by the State Government in satisfaction of the rents and royalties mentioned in Part V until they reach that amount.

##### 2. Mode of computation of royalty.

For the purpose of computing the rent and royalties the lessee/lessees shall keep a correct account of the mineral/minerals produced and dispatched the account as well as the weight of the mineral/minerals in stock or in the process of export may be checked by any Officer authorized by the Central or a State Government.

ANIL GANESH VASANT D. S. A. I. P.  
S. P. E. L. A. C. T. O. R. Y. O. F. K. R. A. M.  
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Bengaluru - 560001.

These accounts be made of arriving at sale price/prices at pits/mine of mineral/minerals.

##### 3. Course of action if rents and royalties are not paid in time.

Should any rent, royalty or other sum due to the State Government under the terms and conditions of these leases be not paid by the lessee/lessees within the prescribed time, the same may be recovered together with simple interest due thereon at the rate of twenty four percent per annum on a certificate of such officer as may be specified by the State Government by general or special order in the state manager as an officer of last recourse.



#### PART VII

#### TERMINATION OF THE LEASE/LESSSES

##### 1. Lessees to pay rents, royalties, Taxes, etc.

The lessee/lessees shall pay the rents and royalties reserved by this lease, at regular times and in the manner provided in PART V and VI of these presents and also pay and discharge all taxes, rates, assessments and impositions whatsoever being in the nature of public demands which shall from time to time be charged, assessed or imposed by the authority of the Central or State Government upon or in respect of the premises and works of the lessee/lessee in common with other premises and works of like nature except demands for land revenue.

##### 2. To maintain and keep boundary marks in good order.

The lessee/lessee shall at his/her own expenses erect and at all times maintain and keep in repair boundary marks and pillars according to the demarcation to be shown in the plan annexed to this lease/lease. Such marks and pillars shall be sufficiently clear of the shrubs and other obstructions as to allow easy identifications.

##### 3. To commence operations within a year and work in a workman like manner.

The lessee/lessee shall commence operation within a year from the date of execution of the lease and shall thereafter at all times during the continuance of this lease, search for, win, work and develop the said minerals without voluntary intermission in a skillful and workman like manner and prescribed under clause 12 hereinafter without doing or permitting to be done any unnecessary or avoidable damage to the surface of the said lands or the crops, buildings, structures, or other property for the purposes of this clause operation shall include the erection of machinery laying of a tramway or construction of a road in connection with the m.

##### 4. To indemnify Government against all claims.

The lessee/lessees shall make and pay such reasonable satisfaction & compensation as may be assessed by lawful authority in accordance with the law in force on the subject.

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under the terms  
the possession  
at the rate  
specified by the  
terms of lease.

Lease at rates  
etc may not  
be altered or  
reduced by the  
lessor except  
by mutual  
agreement.

minerals)

all damage, injury or disturbance which may be done by unlicensed persons to minerals granted by the lease and shall indemnify and keep indemnified the State and the Government against all claims which may be made by any person or persons in respect of any such damage, injury or disturbance and all costs and expenses in connection therewith.

4. To secure and keep in good condition pits shafts etc.

The lessessees shall during the subsistence of this lease well and sufficiently secure and keep open with timber or other durable means all pits shafts and that may be used or used on the said lands and maintain such clean fences to the satisfaction of the State Government round every such pit shaft or working whether the same is a permanent or temporary and shall during the same period keep all working in the said lands, except such as may be abandoned inaccessible free from water and foul air as far as possible.

5. To strengthen and support the Mines to necessary extent.

The lessessees shall strengthen and support to the satisfaction of the Railway authorities concerned or the State Government, as the case may be, any part of the mines which in its opinion requires such strengthening or support for the safety of any railway, reservoirs, canal, road and any other public works or structures.

6. To allow inspection of working.

The lessessees shall allow any officer authorised by the Central Government or the State Government in that behalf to enter upon the premises including any buildings, structures or land occupied in the lease for the purpose of inspecting, examining, surveying prospecting and making plans thereof of sampling and collecting any data and the lessessees shall with proper person employed by the lessessees and acquainted with the mines and works especially assist such officer, agents servants and workers in conducting every such inspection and shall afford them all the above information connected with the working of the mines which they may reasonably require and also shall and will conform to and observe all orders and regulations which the Central or State Government in the result of such inspection of otherwise may from time to time deem fit to impose.

7. To report accidents.

The lessessees shall without delay send to the Deputy Commissioner/Director of Mines and Geology a report of any accident causing death or serious bodily injury or serious injury to property or seriously affecting or endangering life or property which may occur in the course of the operation under this lease.

8. To report discovery of other minerals.

The lessessees shall report to the State Government, the discovery in the leased area of any mineral not specified in the lease within sixty days of such discovery along with full particulars of the nature and position of such such find. If any mineral not



specified in the lease is discovered, such mineral, if used, shall not be disposed of such mineral unless such mineral is included in the lease or a separate lease is obtained therefor.

10. To keep records and accounts regarding production and employees etc.

The lessessees shall during the said term keep or cause to be kept an office to be situated near or near to and ends correct and intelligible books of accounts which shall contain correctly and fully showing the same in minute.

- (1) Quantity and quality of the said mineral/minerals raised from the said lands;
- (2) Quantity of the various qualities of the ore beneficiated or converted, (for example coal converted into coke);
- (3) Quantities of the various qualities of the said mineral/minerals sold and exported separately;
- (4) Quantities of the various qualities of the said mineral/minerals otherwise disposed of and the manner and purpose of such disposal;
- (5) The prices and all other particulars of all sales of the said mineral/minerals;
- (6) The number of persons employed in the mines of works or upon the said lands specifying nationality, qualifications and pay of the technical persons;
- (7) Such other facts, particulars and circumstances as the Central or the State Governments may from time to time require and shall also furnish free of charge to such officers and at such times as the Central and State Governments may appoint, true and correct abstracts of all or any such books of accounts and such memoranda and returns to all or any of the matters aforesaid as the State Government may prescribe and shall at all reasonable times allow such officers as the Central Government or State Government shall in their behalf appoint, to come into and have access to the said offices for the purposes of examining and inspecting the said books of accounts, plans and records and to make copies thereof and make extracts therefrom.

11. To maintain plans etc.

The lessessees shall at all times during the said term maintain at the mine office correct, intelligible, up-to-date complete plans sections of the mines in the said lands. They shall show all the operations worked, and all the trenches, pits and drillings made by the lessessees in the course of operations carried on by him/her under the lease, faults and other disturbances encountered and geological data and all such plans and sections shall be amended and filled up by and from actual surveys to be made for that purpose at the end of

13. To provide samples of minerals for examination by the Central or State Government at any time and to furnish such samples to the Central or State Government at any time and to furnish copies of such plan and section whenever required. Accurate records of all trenches, pits and shafts shall be kept.

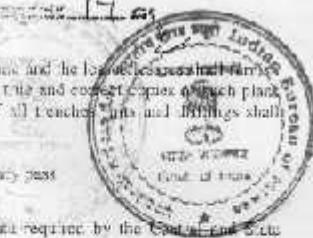
- (a) The sub-soil and strata through which they pass
- (b) Any minerals recovered
- (c) Any other matter of interest and all data required by the Central or State Government from time to time.

The lessor/lessee shall allow any officer of the Central or the State Government authorised in this behalf by the Central Government to inspect the same at any reasonable time. He/they shall also supply when asked for by the State Government the Coal Controller/ the Director/General Geological Survey of India/the Chairman/Indian Bureau of Mines, a topographic plan of the area showing thickness, dip, inclination, etc., of all the seams as also the quantity of reserves quality, etc.

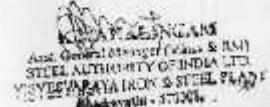
- 11A. The lessee shall pay a wage not less than the minimum wage prescribed by the Central or State Government from time to time.
- 11B. The lessee shall comply with provisions of the Mines Act, 1952 and rules made thereunder.
- 11C. The lessee shall take measures for the protection of environment like planting of trees, reclamation of land, use of pollution control devices, and such other measures as may be prescribed by the Central or state Government from time to time at his own expenses.
- 11D. The lessee shall pay compensation to the occupier of the land on the date and in the manner laid down in these rules.
- 11E. The lessor shall in the matter of employment give preference to the tribals and to the persons who become displaced because of the taking up of mining operations.

#### 12. Act 67 of 1957 :

The lessor/lessee shall be bound by such rules may be issued from time to time by the Government of India under Section 16 of the Mines and Minerals (Regulation and Development) Act, 1957 (Act 67 of 1957) and shall not carry on mining or other operations under the said lease in any way other than as prescribed under these rules.



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#### 14. To provide weighing machine.

Unless special arrangement is made by the State Government the lessor/lessee provides and shall have a suitable or near the pit head or each of the pit heads at which the mineral shall be brought to bank a sturdy constructed and efficient weighing machine and that weight or class of weight of them at the said minerals from time to time brought to bank and exported unconverted and also the converted products shall be those of each day to be taken weight ascertained by such means of the said minerals or products raised, sorted, converted and converted during the previous twenty-four hours to be entered in the account books of accounts. The lessor/lessee shall permit the State Government at all times during the said term to employ any persons or persons to be present at the weighing of the said minerals as aforesaid and to keep accounts thereof and to check the accounts kept by the lessor/lessee. The lessor/lessee shall give fifteen days prior notice in writing to the Director of Mines and Geology of every such meeting of weighing in order that no or some officer in his behalf may be present theret.

#### 15. To allow test of weighing machine :

The lessor/lessee shall allow any person or persons appointed by this behalf by the State Government at any time or times during the said term to examine and test every weighing machine to be provided and kept as aforesaid and the weights used thereon will be ascertain whether the same respectively are correct and in good repair and order upon such examination or testing any such weighing machine or weights shall be found incorrect or out of repair or order the State Government may require that the same be adjusted, repaired and put in order by and at the expense of the lessor/lessee and such requisition be not complied with within fourteen days after the same shall have been made, the State Government may cause such weighing machine or weights to be adjusted, repair and put in order and the expense of so doing shall be paid by the lessor/lessee to the State Government on demand and if upon any such examination or testing as aforesaid any error will be discovered in any weighing machine or weights to the prejudice of the State Government such error shall be regarded as having accrued for three calendar months previous to the discovery thereof or from the last occasion of so examining and testing the same weighing machine and weights in case such occasion shall be within such period of three months and the said rent and penalty shall be paid and accounted for accordingly.

#### 16. To pay compensation for injury to third parties :

The lessor/lessee shall make any reasonable satisfaction and compensation for all damage, injury or disturbance of person or property which may be caused by or on their

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I. Agreement



of the lessor/lessee, or exercise of the leases and powers granted by previous grants, shall not have been used and kept intact by the State Government from and against all claims and demands which may be brought made by any person in respect of the leasehold property or disturbance.

Not to obstruct working of other miners.

The lessor/lessee will exercise the liberties and powers hereby granted in such manner as to unnecessary or reasonable avoidance of collisions or interruption to the movement and working within the said lands of any minerals not included in the leasehold at all times afford to the Central and State Government and to the holders of prospecting licences mining leases in respect of any such minerals or any such minerals lying and adjacent to the said lands as the case may be reasonable means of access and safe and convenient passage upon and across the said lands to such minerals for the purpose of getting working developing and carrying away the same provided that the lessor/lessee shall receive reasonable compensation for any damage or injury which they may sustain by reason or in consequence of the use of such passage by such miners or holders of prospecting licences.

#### Transfers of lease:

The lessor/lessee shall not, without the previous consent in writing of the State Government, which in the case of a mining lease in respect of any mineral specified in the Schedule to the Act shall not be given except after previous approval of the Central Government.

- assign, subject, mortgage or in any other manner transfer the mining lease or any right, title or interest therein or;
- enter into or make any arrangement, contract or understanding whereby the lessor/lessee will or may be directly or indirectly subject to a substantial amount by under which the lessor's operations or undertakings will or may be substantially controlled by any person or body of persons other than the lessor/lessee.

Provided that the State Government shall not give its written consent unless:

- the lessee has furnished an affidavit along with his application for transfer of the mining lease specifying therein the amount that he has already taken or proposes to take as consideration from the transferee;
- the transfer of the mining lease is to be made to a person or body directly undertaking mining operations.

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Asst. General Manager (Sales & Mkt)  
STEEL AUTHORITY OF INDIA LTD  
NEVERVARAYAIRON & STEEL PLATE  
JHARSUGUDA - 752301

(2) Without prejudice to the above provisions, the lessor/lessee may subject to the conditions specified in the Schedule to the State Mineral Rules, transfer the lease or any part thereof to any person subject to his CAO and affidavit stating that he has filed his income tax return, paid the income tax due and paid the income tax on the basis of self assessment in accordance with the Income Tax Act 1961 (42 of 1961) on payment of five hundred rupees to the State Government.

Provided that if the lessor/lessee fails to make available to the transferee the original or certified copies of all plans of abandoned workings in the area and in a belt meters wide surrounding it.

Provide further that where the Mortgagee is an institution or a Bank or a Corporation specified in Schedule V it shall not be necessary for any such institution, Bank or Corporation to meet with the requirement relating income tax.

(3) The State Government may by order in writing, determine the least at any time if the lessor/lessee has or in the opinion of the State Government committed a violation of any of the above provisions or has or has transferred the lease or any right, title or interest therein otherwise than in accordance with clause (2).

Provided that no such order shall be made without giving the lessor/lessee a reasonable opportunity of being heard.

#### 18. Not to be financed or controlled by a Trust, Corporation Firm or person.

The lease shall not be converted and the lessor/lessee shall not allow themselves to be controlled by any Trust, Syndicate, Corporation, Firm or person except with the written consent of the Central Government. The lessor/lessee shall not enter into or make any arrangement, compact or understanding whereby the lessor/lessee's operations or undertakings will or may be entirely or directly or indirectly by or for the benefit of or subject to the control of any Trust, Syndicate, Corporation, Firm or person unless with the written sanction given prior to such arrangement, compact or understanding being entered into or made by the Central Government and any or every such arrangement, compact or understanding as aforesaid entered into or made with such sanction as aforesaid, shall only be entered into or made and shall always be subject to an express condition prevailing from the other party of parties thereto that on the occasion of state of emergency of which the President of India in his discretion shall be the sole judge it shall be terminable if so required in writing by the State Government and it shall in the event of any such requisition being made be forthwith thereafter determined by the lessor/lessee accordingly.

GENERAL MANAGER  
ASST. GENERAL MANAGER (SALES & MARKETING)  
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Government of India, Bombay  
Under Secretary

20. Leasee shall deposit any additional amount necessary.

Whenever the security deposit of Rs. 10,000/- or any part thereof or any further sum otherwise deposited with the State Government in replacement thereof, shall be offered or accepted by the Central or State Government person in the power of the said declared in the leasehold shall deposit with the State Government and further sum as may be sufficient with the unappropriated sum herein to bring the amount due to the State Government up to the sum of Rs. 10,000/-.

21. Delivery of working in good order to State Government after determination of lease.

The lessees shall at the expiration or sooner determination of the said term or removal thereof deliver up to the State Government all mines, pits, shafts, inclines, drifts, wells, waterways, airways, and other works now existing or hereafter to be sunk or made on or under the said lands except such as have been alienated with the sanction of the Government and in an injury and fair course of working all engines, ventilating plant, buildings, structures, other works and conveniences which at the commencement of the said term were upon or under the said lands and all such machinery set up by the lessees/lessees below ground which cannot be removed without causing injury to the mines or works under the said lands (except such of the same as may with the sanction of the State Government have become disused); and all buildings and structures of bricks or stones erected by the lessees/lessees above ground level in good repair order and condition and fit and equal to further working of the said mines and the said minerals.

#### 22. Right of pre-emption:

- a) The State Government shall, from time to time and all times during the said term have the right (to be exercised by notice in writing to the lessees/lessees) of pre-emption of the said minerals (and all products thereof) lying in or upon the said lands hereby leased or elsewhere under the control of the lessees/lessees and the lessees/lessees shall with all possible speed deliver all mineral or products or minerals purchased by the State Government under the power conferred by this provision in the quantities at the times in the manner and at the place specified in the notice exercising the said right.
- b) Should the right of pre-emption conferred by this present provision be exercised and a vessel chartered to carry the minerals or products thereof procured on behalf of the State Government or the Central Government be delayed on carriage at the port of loading the lessees/lessees shall pay the amount due to causes beyond the control of the lessees/lessees.

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Eddavole - 677901.

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The price to be paid for all minerals or products of minerals taken in possession by the State Government, in exercise of the rights hereby conferred shall be the last quoted price prevailing at the time of purchase PROVIDED THAT no less than one month before arriving at the said fair market the lessor/lessor shall also required furnish to the State Government for his information the Government particulars of the quantity, description and prices of the said minerals or products thereof sold to him by miners and to carriers entered into for freight carriage of the same. Said price to be paid to such officer or officers as may be directed by the State Government original or authenticated copies of contracts and charter parties entered into for the sale of freighting of such minerals or products.

d) In the event of the existence of a state of war or emergency (of the existence of President of India shall be the sole judge and a notification to this effect in the Gazette of India shall be conclusive proof) the State Government with the consent of the Central Government shall from time to time and all times during the said term have the right (to be exercised by notice in writing to the lessees/lessees) forthwith take possession and control of the works, plant, machinery and premises of the lessees/lessees on or in connection with the said lands or operations under this lease and during such possession or control the lessees/lessees shall conform to and obey all directions given by or on behalf of the Central Government or State Government regarding to use of employment of such works, plant, premises and minerals. PROVIDED THAT the compensation which shall be determined in default of agreement by the State Government shall be paid to the lessees/lessees for all loss or damage sustained by him/her by reason or in consequence of the exercise of the powers conferred by this clause and PROVIDED ALSO that the exercise of such powers shall not determine the said term hereby granted or effect the terms and provisions of these presents further that may be necessary to give effect to the provisions of this clause.

#### 23. Employment of Foreign Nationals:

The lessees/lessees shall not employ, in connection with the mining operations any person who is not an Indian national except with the previous approval of Central Government.

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K. MAHALINGAM  
Asst. General Manager (Sales & Exp)  
STEEL AUTHORITY OF INDIA LTD.  
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#### 2. Payment of Geophysical data

The lessessees shall furnish-(a) all geophysical data relating to mining fields or quarry (or a notified area), the results of which may be used for the extraction of minerals within the time specified, and (b) to the State Government, may cause to be carried out or performed and the lessessees shall pay the State Government on demand all expenses which shall be incurred in such carrying out or performance of the same and the decision of the State Government is to such expenses.

(b) all information pertaining to investigations of radioactive minerals collected by lessessees during the course of mining operations to the Secretary, Department of Atomic Energy, New Delhi.

Data or information referred to above shall be furnished every year reckoned from the date of commencement of the period of the mining lease.

#### PART VII

##### The Covenants of the State Government

###### 1. Lessee/Lessee may hold and enjoy rights quiete!

The lessessees paying the rents, water rates and royalties here by reserve and observing and performing all the covenants and agreements herein contained and on the part of the lessessees to be observed and performed shall and may quietly hold and enjoy the rights and premises hereby leased for and during the term hereby granted without any unlawful interruption from the State Government or any person rightfully claiming under it.

###### 2. Acquisition of lands of third parties and compensation on thereof

If in accordance with the provision of Clause 4 of Part VI of this Schedule, the lessessees shall offer to pay to an occupier of the surface of any part of the said lands compensation for any loss or damage or injury which may arise from the proposed operations of the lessessees and the said occupier shall refuse his consent to be exercise of the right and powers reserved to the State Government and exercised by these presents and the lessessees shall report the matter to the State Government and shall



deposit now or before payment of compensation and if the Central/State Government consider the amount of compensation offered to fair and reasonable or if it is unsatisfactory the lessessees shall be re-deposited with its right further amount as he the Central/State Government shall consider fair and reasonable, the State Government after the amount is paid by the lessessees to exit the land and to carry out operations as may be necessary for the purpose of this case. In respect the amount of compensation the State Government shall be guided by the principles of the Acquisition Act.

###### 3. Termination

The mining lease is renewable in terms of the Provisions of the Act and the same made there under.

Provided that the State Government may for reasons to be recorded in writing reduce the area applicable.

If the lease is in respect of minerals specified in the First Schedule to the Act, renewal will be subject to the prior approval of the Central Government.

If the lessessees be desirous of taking a renewal lease of the premises herein described or of any part or parts of them for a further term from the expiration of the term so granted and is otherwise eligible, but they shall give to the expiration of the so mentioned term give to the State Government 12 calendar months previous notice in writing and shall pay the rents, rates and royalties hereby reserved and shall observe and perform the several covenants and agreements herein contained and on the part of the lessessees to be observed and performed up to the expiration of the term so granted. The State Government on receipt of application for renewal, shall consider in accordance with the provisions of the Act and the rules made thereunder and shall grant or refuse as it deems fit. If renewal is granted the State Government will at the expense of the lessee/lessees and upon his executing and delivering to the State Government if required, counter part thereof execute and deliver to the lessessees a renewed lease of the premises or part thereof for the further term of 20 years at such rents, rates and royalties and on such terms and subject to such covenants and subject to such rents, rates and royalties and on such terms and subject to such covenants and agreements, including this present covenant as may be in accordance with the Mineral Concession Rules, 1960, applicable to COCONUT SHELLS. (Name of Mineral to be put next following the expiration of the term hereby granted).

###### 4. Liberty to determine the lease

The lessessees may at any time determine this lease by giving not less than 12 calendar months notice in writing to the State Government or to such officer or authority as the State Government may specify in this behalf and upon the expiration of such notice provided that the lessessees shall upon such expiration render and pay all rents, rates, royalties, compensation for damages and other amounts which may then be due as

... under these presents to the lessor or any other person or persons and shall deliver the same to the State Government the lease and the said leasehold rights, powers and privileges hereby granted shall absolutely cease and determine from whence ever in any right or interest of the lessor in respect of any breach of any of the covenants or agreements contained in these presents.

- a. The State Government may at any time in its absolute discretion by the lessor permit him to surrender one or more minerals from his lease which is for a group of minerals on the ground that such minerals have since exhausted or depleted to such an extent that it is no longer possible to work the mineral economically subject to the condition of the lessor;
- b. Makes an application for such surrender of mineral at least six months before he intended date of surrender and;
- c. Gives an undertaking that he will not cause any hindrance in the working of the mineral so surrendered by any other person who is subsequently granted a mining lease for the mineral.

#### 5. Refund of security deposit.

On such date as the State Government may elect within twelve calendar months after the determination of this lease or of any removal thereof, the amount of the security deposit paid in respect of this lease and dues remaining in deposit with the State Government and not required to be applied to any of the purposes mentioned in this lease shall be refunded to the lessor/lessee. No interest shall run on the security deposit.

#### PART IX General Provisions

##### 1. Objections to Inspection:

In case the lessor/lessee or his/her transferee/assignee does/do not allow entry or inspection by the officers authorized by the Central or State Government under clause (c), (d) or (e) of sub-clause (i) rule 27 of said Rules, the State Government shall give notice in writing to the lessor/lessee requiring him/himself to show cause within such time as may be specified in the notice why the lease should not be determined and his/her security deposit forfeited and if the lessor/lessee fails/ fail to show cause within the aforesaid time to the satisfaction of the State Government, the State Government may determine the lease and forfeit the whole or part of the security deposit.

##### 2. Penalty in case of default in payment of royalty and breach covenants:

If the lessor/lessee or his/her transferee or assignee makes/make any default in payment of rent or water rate or royalty as required by Section 9 of the Act of rent or

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K. MARALINGAM  
Asst. General Manager (Sales & RM)  
STEEL AUTHORITY OF INDIA LTD.  
VIZYEVALLAYA IRON & STEEL PLANT  
Madraswadi - 457301

Leasehold Rights  
Lessor's lessee's failure to observe any conditions and covenants other than those referred to in clause 1 of Part V of this Agreement shall give notice to the lessor/lessee to remedy the said violation(s) of royalty or remedy the breach, as the case may be, within a period of two months from the date of receipt of the notice and if the rent, water and royalty paid by the breaching lessor/lessee is not remedied within such period, the State Government without any further notice or warning that may be taken against him/herself, shall seize and neglect to collect the same in the security deposit.

##### 3. Penalty for repeated breaches of covenants:

If cases of repeated breaches of covenants and agreements by the lessor/lessee which continues beyond a period of three months given by the State Government in accordance with clause (b) aforementioned on earlier occasion, the State Government without giving any notice may impose such penalty not exceeding twice the amount of annual due as specified in Clause 2, Part V.

##### 4. Failure to fulfill the terms of leases due to "Force Majeure":

Failure on the part of the lessor/lessee to fulfill any of the terms and conditions of his lease shall not give the Central or State Government any claim against lessor/lessee or be deemed a breach of this lease. It is to be such failure is caused by the said Government to arise from force majeure, and if there is a force majeure claimed by the lessor/lessee of any of the terms and conditions of this lease shall be determined and such delay shall be added to the period fixed by this lease. In this clause expression "Force Majeure" means Act of God, war, insurrection, riot, civil commotion, strike, storm, tidal wave, flood, lightning, explosion, fire, earthquake and other happening which the lessor/lessee could not reasonably prevent or control.

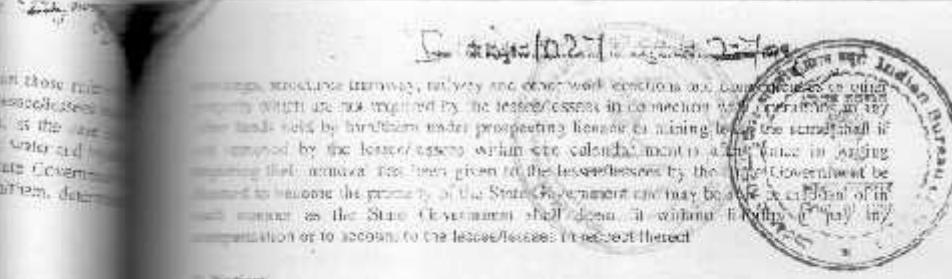
##### 5. Lessee/lessors to remove his/her properties on the expiry of lease:

The lessor/lessee having first paid and discharged rents, rates and royalties payable by virtue of these Presents may at the expiration or sooner determination of the said term within six calendar months thereafter (in case the lease shall be determined under clause 1 of this Part and in this case at any time not less than three calendar months not more than six calendar months after such determination) take down and remove for his/her benefit all my engines, machinery plant, buildings, structures, tramways, railway and other works, materials and conveniences which may have been erected set up or placed by the lessor/lessee on or upon the said lands and which the lessor/lessee when not required to deliver to the State Government under clause 20 of Part VII of this Schedule and which the State Government shall not desire to purchase.

##### 6. Forfeiture of property left more than six months after determination of lease:

If at the end of six calendar months after the expiration or sooner determination of the said term under the provision contained in clause 4 of Part VIII of this Schedule becomes effective there shall remain in or upon the said land any engine or machinery plant

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#### 2. Notice

Every notice by these presents required to be given to the lessee/lessees shall be given in writing to such person resident on the said lands as the lessee/lessees may appoint for the purpose of receiving such notice and if there shall have been no such appointment then every such notice shall be sent to be lessee/lessees by registered post addressed to the lessee/lessees at the address recorded in the lease or at such other address in India at the lessee/lessees may direct it to give in writing to the State Government designated for the receipt of notices and every such service shall be deemed to be proper and valid service upon the lessee/lessees and shall not be questioned or challenged by him.

#### 3. Immunity of State Government from liability to pay compensation

If in any event of the orders of the State Government are revised, reviewed or cancelled by the Central Government in pursuance of proceedings under Chapter VII of Mineral Concession Rules, 1950, the lessee/lessee shall not be entitled to compensation for any loss sustained by the lessee/lessee in excess of the powers and privileges conferred upon him/him by these presents.

(A) The lessee is entitled in ...  
the Capital town of the state of  
... (Name of the State) and subject to the provisions of Article 226 of  
the Constitution of India it is hereby agreed upon by the lessee and the lessor that in the  
event of any dispute in relation to the area under lease, conditions of lease, the dues realizable  
under the lease and in respect of all matters touching the relationship of the lessee and the  
lessor, the suits (or appeals) shall be filed in the Civil Courts at  
... (Name of the city) and it is hereby expressly agreed that neither  
party shall be competent to file and get it filed at any place other than the courts named  
above.'

For the purpose of stamp duty the anticipated royalty from the demised land is  
Rs. 2,63,00/- per year.



MINISTRY OF INDIA

MINISTRY OF MINES

INDIAN BUREAU OF MINES

भारतीय खनक विभाग

OFFICE OF THE CONTROLLER OF MINES (SOUTH ZONE)

13373287

1337337/23373166 67

W.M. 10/2008

MS/Ex-112-SZ

Madrasid limestone mine,  
Kannurays Iron & Steel plant  
Steel Authority of India Ltd.  
Shankarapet-377 371, Shimoga District (Karnataka)

Approval of Scheme of Mining (including Progressive Mine Closure Plan) in respect of  
designated Limestone mine over an area 47.12 ha in Shimoga District, Karnataka of M/s  
Steel Authority of India Ltd. submitted under Rule 12 of M.C.D.R. 1988.

Fee: Rs. Nil dated 21.06.2008 submitting five bound copies of Scheme of Mining

In exercise of the power conferred by sub rule (4) of Rule 12 of Mines Conservancy and  
Rules, 1988, I hereby approve the aforesaid Scheme of Mining (including Progressive  
Mine Closure Plan). This approval is subject to the following conditions:

The Scheme of Mining (including Progressive Mine Closure Plan) is approved without prejudice to  
any law applicable to the same from time to time whether made by the Central Government  
or any other authority.

The Scheme of Mining (including Progressive Mine Closure Plan) is approved without prejudice to  
any direction from any court of competent jurisdiction.

I declare that the approval of your aforesaid Scheme of Mining (including Progressive Mine  
Closure Plan) does not in any way imply the approval of the Government in terms of any other  
law of the Mines and Minerals (Development & Regulation) Act, 1952, or the rules issued  
thereunder and any other law.

I further declare that the approval of the Scheme of Mining (including Progressive Mine Closure  
Plan) is subject to the provision of Forest (Conservation) Act, 1980, Forest Conservation Rules  
and other relevant statutes, orders and guidelines as may be applicable to the lease area from  
time to time.

This document is referred to the Hon'ble Supreme Court's Circular Order W.P.(C) No. 2025 dated  
19.06.2008 for compliance. The approval of this Scheme of Mining is, therefore, issued without  
fee and is subject to the said direction of the Hon'ble Supreme Court as and when in view.

After a FMP report prepared by MOEF, New Delhi, should be submitted to the office of  
the Regional Controller of Mines, Indian Bureau of Mines, Bangalore, within one month  
along with a copy of their approval.

*[Signature]*  
KARTHARAJ K.  
R09/08A/138/2900/3

*[Signature]*  
K.T.PRAMACHANBRA  
R09/BNG/848/BB/3

ANNEXURE NO.

29, Industrial Scheme II, Sector  
Lante, Noida, Uttar Pradesh  
Uttar Pradesh  
Bengaluru-560 022  
Date: 21/06/2008

No. MS/Ex-112-SZ

- (1) The Company will establish environmental monitoring cell. Environment monitoring Cell Company shall conduct monitoring ambient air quality, dust fall rate, water quality, soil analysis and noise level measurements at various stations established for the purpose both core zone and buffer zone as per the Department of Environmental guidelines and keeping BM's Circular No. 3/2004 issued every year or by engaging preferably the services of Environmental laboratory by MOEF approved / CPCB. The data so generated shall be maintained in a bound paper register kept for the purpose and the same shall be made available inspecting officer on demand.
- (2) Provisions of the Mines Act, 1952 and Rule & Regulations made there under including manner of issue of opening, appointment of manager and other statutory officials as required by the Act, 1952 shall be complied with.
- (3) The execution of mining plan/ scheme of mining shall be subjected to issuance of prior orders/ notices, if any.
- (4) If anything is found to be concealed as required by the Mines Act in the context of Scheme of Mining and the proposal for rectification has not been made, the approval shall be deemed to be withdrawn with immediate effect.
- (5) The validity period of the financial assurance should be renewed before the expiry of the same. The same should be submitted to the Regional Controller of Mines, Indian Bureau of Mines, Bangalore under instructions in this office.
- (6) A yearly report shall be submitted to the Regd. Controller of Mines, Indian Bureau of Mines, Bangalore before 1<sup>st</sup> July of every year setting forth the extent of protective and rehabilitation work carried out as envisaged in the approved mine closure plan.

Copy to: On copy of the approved Scheme of Mining  
(including Progressive Mine Closure Plan).

(Dr. B.P.SINGH)  
Controller of Mines

- Copies to be distributed in the:  
(a) GOAL, Environment & Marine Services, Devanahalli, Opp. PLD Bank, Venkateshwara Pillai Road, Peadi Major, Hosapet-381 201 Bellary District, Karnataka.  
(b) Chief Controller of Mines, Indian Bureau of Mines, Nagpur.  
(c) Dr. Director of Mines Safety, Bellary sub-Region 31, Infantry Road, Cannanore, Bellary-583 210 Karnataka State along with a copy of the approved Scheme of Mining (including Progressive Mine Closure Plan).  
(d) Regional Controller of Mines, Indian Bureau of Mines, Bangalore, along with a copy of the approved Scheme of Mining (including Progressive Mine Closure Plan) for further follow up.  
(e) Director of Mines & Geology, Govt. of Karnataka, Khanj Bazaar, Race Course Road, Bangalore-560 001 along with a copy of the approved Scheme of Mining (including Progressive Mine Closure Plan).

Enclosed:

(Dr. B.P.SINGH)  
Controller of Mines

ANNEXURE NO. 3

No. SEIAA 13 : MIN : 2010  
STATE LEVEL ENVIRONMENT IMPACT ASSESSMENT  
AUTHORITY, KARNATAKA

(Constituted by Ministry of Environment and Forests, Government of India)

Department of Ecology and Environment  
Raod No. 710, 7<sup>th</sup> Floor, P. C. Galz  
M.S. Building, Bangalore - 560001.

Date: 13<sup>th</sup> April 2011.

M/s. Steel Authority of India Ltd.,  
Visvesvaraya Iron & Steel Plant,  
PB No. 105, Bhadravathi-577301,  
Shimoga District.

Sub: Expansion of Bhadigund Limestone mine from 0.6 LTPA to 1.0 LTPA in an area of 40.12 hectares (M. L. No. 1965) at Sy. No. 1/P of Kukavalli Ullerani State Forest, Bhadigund Village, Bhadravathi Taluk, Shimoga District of M/s Steel Authority of India Ltd. - Issue of Environmental Clearance etc.

\* \* \*

This has reference to your application No. Mines/HQ/599 dated 22.02.2010 addressed to SEIAA, Karnataka on the subject mentioned above. It has been noted that the proposal is for grant of environmental clearance under the provisions of EIA Notification, 2006, for expansion of Bhadigund Limestone mine from 0.6 LTPA to 1.0 LTPA. The total mine lease area of the project is 40.12 ha, which is a State Forest land. Out of 40.12 ha of total area, 23.0 ha area is for mining, 7.20 ha area is for storage of CB, 4.50 ha area is for infrastructure & township, 2.62 ha area is for roads, 3.00 ha area is for green belt, 2.50 ha area is for other purpose. The Government of Karnataka in C & I Department has accorded sanction for Second renewal of Mining Lease No. 1965 for a period of 20 years with effect from 01.04.2003. Working will be opencast by mechanized method. The water requirement for the project is 20 KLD. During the life of mine about 15,000 tones of CB will be handled. The Ministry of Environment and Forests, Government of India has accorded in principle approval under Forest (Conservation) Act 1980 for diversion of 40.12 ha of forest land for mining in favor of M/s. Steel Authority of India Ltd. vide letter dated 12.06.1998. On fulfillment of the conditions of the said in principle approval Govt. of India have conveyed its final approval vide letter dated 05.05.2000 under section 2 of the Forest (Conservation) Act 1980 for diversion of 40.12 ha of forest land in Kukavalli Ullerani State Forest, Bhadigund Village, Bhadravathi Taluk, Shimoga District. The State Government accordingly vide Government Order No. FIEE 26 ITM 97 dated: 29.08.2000 has sanctioned diversion of the said land for mining of limestone for a period of 20 years with effect from 01.05.1997. The Indian Bureau of

K.T. RAMACHANDRA  
\*\*\*/RNG/040/85/3

SEIAA 3 MIN 2010

Expansion of Bhadigund Limestone mine from 0.6 LTPA to 1.0 LTPA  
of M/s. Steel Authority of India Ltd.

Mines has approved mining plan dated 07.06.2008 for lease area of 40.12 ha. Capital cost of the project is about ₹ 300 Lakhs.

The SEIAA has appraised the project in its meeting held on 24.04.2010 & 28/29.04.2011 and has recommended for issue of Environmental Clearance. The State Environment Impact Assessment Authority, Karnataka has examined the application in its meeting held on 05.03.2011 & 31.03.2011 in accordance with the EIA Notification 2006 and hereby accords environmental clearance under the provisions thereof to the above mentioned M/s. Steel Authority of India Ltd. for expansion of Bhadigund Limestone mine from 0.6 LTPA to 1.0 LTPA by opencast mechanized method involving mining area of 40.12 ha. Subject to implementation of the following conditions and environmental safeguards.

A. SPECIFIC CONDITIONS:

1. IBM approved mining plan shall be strictly implemented and shall not be operated beyond the validity period of the approved mining plan.
2. PAAs should get the health check-up done for the mines workers and the nearby villagers once in six months and submit report periodically.
3. Afforestation be taken up in consultation with Forest Department.
4. Management Plan for the Core Zone for the entire lease period, for piping and soil and moisture conservation measures should be strictly implemented and periodical progress report submitted to the Authority/ Ecology and Environment Department, GOK.
5. The Management plan proposed for the surrounding/near by Forestland for wild life management and soil and moisture conservation works including closing the land by fencing, tree protection, engagement of watch and ward etc to an extent of 5 times the mine area and periodical report submitted to the Authority/ Ecology and Environment Department, GOK.
6. The project proponent shall obtain necessary orders from the Forest Department before starting mining operation in that area.
7. The environmental clearance is subject to any policy change by the State Government as may be applicable to the project.
8. This Environmental Clearance is co-terminus with the lease granted under F(C) Act 1980 or mining lease under MM (D & R) Act 1957 which ever is earlier.
9. Environmental clearance is subject to final order of the Hon'ble Supreme Court of India in the matter of Goa Foundation Vs. Union of India in Writ Petition (Civil) No. 460 of 2001 as may be applicable to this project.
10. All the conditions stipulated in the Consent for establishment issued by Karnataka State Pollution Control Board should be effectively implemented.
11. The mining operations shall not intersect ground water table. Prior approval of the SEIAA / Ministry of Environment & Forests and

- Central Ground water Authority shall be obtained for mining below water table.
12. The topsoil should be stacked at earmarked site only and should not be kept unutilized for a period more than 3 years. The topsoil should be used for reclamation and plantation.
  13. Overburden will be stacked at earmarked site(s) only and should not be kept active for long period. The maximum height of the dump should not exceed 30m having 3 terraces of 10m each. The overall slope of the dump shall not exceed 27°. The OB dumps should be scientifically vegetated with suitable native species to prevent erosion and surface run off. In critical areas use of geo textiles shall be undertaken for stabilization of the dump. Monitoring and management of rehabilitated areas should continue until the vegetation becomes self-sustaining. Compliance status should be submitted to the SEIAA Karnataka, Department of Environment and Ecology, Govt. of Karnataka, Regional Director (Environment), Department of Environment and Ecology, Government of Karnataka, Udupi and the Regional Office MoEF, Bangalore on six monthly basis.
  14. Catch drains and siltation ponds of appropriate size should be constructed to arrest silt and sediments flows from mine working, soil, CB and mineral dumps. The water so collected should be utilized for watering the mine area, roads, green belt development etc. The drains should be regularly desilted particularly after monsoon and maintained properly. Check dams and water harvesting structures be undertaken to completely harvest the rain water.
  15. Gerland drain (size, gradient and length) shall be constructed for mine pit, soil, CB and mineral dumps and sump capacity should be designed keeping 50% safety margin over and above peak sudden rainfall (based on 50 years data) and maximum discharge in the area adjoining the mine site. Sump capacity should also provide adequate retention period to allow proper settling of silt material. Sedimentation pits should be constructed at the corners of the gerland drains and de-silted at regular intervals.
  16. Dimension of the retaining wall at the toe of dumps and OB berches within the mine to check run-off and siltation should be based on the rainfall data.
  17. The project authority should implement suitable conservation measures to augment ground water resources in the area in consultation with the Regional Director, Central Ground Water Board.
  18. Regular monitoring of ground water level and quality should be carried out by establishing a network of existing wells and constructing new piezometers during the mining operation. The monitoring should be carried out four times in a year. Pre-monsoon (April - May), monsoon (August), post-monsoon (November) and winter (January) and the data thus collected may be sent regularly to Department of Environment and Ecology, Govt. of Karnataka, Regional Director (Environment), Department of Environment and

- Director, Government of Karnataka, Udupi; and the Regional Office MoEF, Bangalore, Central Ground Water Authority and Regional Director, Central Ground Water Board.
19. Appropriate environmental measures should be taken to prevent pollution of nearby water bodies in consultation with the State Pollution Control Board.
  20. The project proponent shall seek clearance from the competent authority for draw of requisite quantity of water for the project before starting work at the project.
  21. Suitable rainwater harvesting measures on long-term shall be planned and implemented in consultation with Regional Director, Central Ground Water Board.
  22. Vehicular emissions should be kept under control and regularly monitored. Measures shall be taken for maintenance of vehicles used in mining operations and in transportation of mineral. The vehicles should be covered with tarpaulin and shall not be overloaded.
  23. Blasting operation should be carried out only during the day time. Controlled blasting should be practiced. The mitigation measures for control of ground vibrations and to arrest fly rocks and boulders should be implemented.
  24. Drills shall either be operated with dust extractors or equipped with water injection system.
  25. Digital processing of the entire lease area using remote sensing technique should be done regularly once in three years for monitoring land use pattern and report submitted to SEIAA, Karnataka, Department of Environment and Ecology, Govt. of Karnataka and the Regional Office, MoEF, Bangalore.
  26. The project authorities should undertake sample survey to generate data on pre-project community health status within a radius of 1 km from proposed mine.
  27. Consent to operate should be obtained from State Pollution Control Board prior to start of production from the mine.
  28. Proper sanitary facilities should be installed for the colony. Domestic waste generated should be disposed in a scientific manner. Proper first aid facilities and health care facilities should be provided for the labourers.
  29. The project proponent shall take all precautionary measures during mining operation for conservation and protection of endangered fauna spotted in the study area. Action plan for conservation of flora and fauna shall be prepared and implemented in consultation with the State Forest and Wildlife Department. The proponent shall contribute towards the cost of implementation of the plan and / or Regional Wildlife Management Plan for conservation of wild life. The amount so contributed shall be included in the project cost. A copy of the action plan may be submitted to the SEIAA, Department of Environment and Ecology, Govt. of Karnataka, the Regional Office MoEF, Bangalore and the Regional Director (ENV), Department of

- Ecology and Environment, Government of Karnataka, Udupi and other concerned departments shall also have sufficient dust control measures in place. The haul roads should be properly maintained and operated.
- 30. The project proponent shall delineate Mining Closure Plan/exit protocol to rehabilitate the mined out land to match its surrounding land use including removal, storage and reuse of top soil from mining area to cover reclaimed area. Post Mining Land Use Plan with rehabilitation of mined out area (with Plan and Section) provided in India Fairs Conservation Plan and submit to SEIAA.
  - 31. A master plan indicating clearly the details of social development proposed by the PAs with year wise investment and details of proposed works to be taken up for the entire lease period for the local villages shall be submitted immediately to the SEIAA.
  - 32. Plantation monitoring programme during post project period for ensuring survival and growth rate of plantation in reclaimed area.
  - 33. A Final Mine Closure Plan along with details of Corpus Fund should be submitted to the SEIAA, Karnataka, Department of Environment and Ecology, Govt. of Karnataka, Regional Director (Environment), Department of Environment and Ecology, Government of Karnataka, Udupi and the Regional Office, MoEF, Bangalore 5 years in advance of final mine closure for approval.
  - 34. Check dams and gully plugs along the smaller streamlets in the area, should be constructed to arrest the loose soil flow from the mine area.
  - 35. Ground water augmentation measures should be undertaken immediately and detailed report submitted within 3 months time.
  - 36. The provisions of FC Act 1980 para 2 need to be followed. A location map of the mine on a 1:20,000 scale Sy. of India Topo-sheet should be provided. This map should depict the location of other mines (existing and proposed) in the buffer zone area. The targeted production levels of the existing and proposed mines in the buffer zone need to be provided. The land use pattern of the buffer zone also needs to be provided. This information should be submitted to the Authority immediately.
  - 37. Particulars of raw material utilization and dispatch till date should be provided by the mine owner and yearly report in future.
  - 38. The infrastructure of transport roads should be improved collectively by the mine owners of the area.
  - 39. Link road from mining site to main road shall be maintained and black topped by the project proponent.
  - 40. Effective safeguard measures such as regular water sprinkling shall be carried out in critical areas prone to air pollution and having high levels of particulate matter such as haul road, loading and unloading point and all transfer points.
  - 41. It shall be ensured that the Ambient Air Quality parameters conform to the norms prescribed by the MoEF, Govt. of India, New Delhi.
  - 42. Mineral handling areas shall be provided with adequate number of high efficiency dust extraction system. Loading and unloading areas

- and unloading points should also have efficient dust control measures in place. These should be properly maintained and operated.
- 43. Preplacement of medical examination and periodic medical examination of the workers engaged in the project shall be carried out at regular intervals. For the purpose, schedule of health examination of the workers should be drawn and followed accordingly.
  - 44. Provision shall be made for the housing of construction labour within the site with necessary infrastructure and facilities such as fuel for cooking, mobile toilets, mobile SIP, safe drinking water, medical health care, crèche etc. The housing may be in the form of temporary structures to be removed after the completion of the project.
  - 45. Conservation measures for protection of flora and fauna in the core & buffer zone should be drawn up in consultation with the local forest and wildlife department.
  - 46. The project proponent shall establish electronic weighing bulks at the mine head, so as to keep the correct weight of the minerals removed.
  - 47. The Authority noted that the proponent have already spent ₹ 20 Lakhs towards community development activities. Further, the proponent shall spend ₹ 2 Lakhs per annum for education, sanitation, water supply, free medical check up camp and community activities in the neighbouring villages towards corporate social commitment made in the presentation and report be submitted to the Authority.

#### B. GENERAL CONDITIONS:

- 1. No change in mining technology and scope of working should be made without prior approval of the SEIAA Karnataka.
- 2. No change in the calendar plan including excavation quantum of mineral and waste should be made.
- 3. Air quality-monitoring stations shall be established in the core zone as well as in the buffer zone for RPM, SPM, SO<sub>2</sub>, NO<sub>x</sub> monitoring as per the norms. Location of the stations should be decided based on the meteorological data, topographical features and environmentally and ecologically sensitive targets and frequency of monitoring should be undertaken in consultation with the State Pollution Control Board.
- 4. It shall be ensured that the Ambient Air Quality parameters conforms to the norms prescribed by the MoEF, Govt. of India, New Delhi.
- 5. Data on ambient air quality (RPM, SPM, SO<sub>2</sub>, NO<sub>x</sub>) should be regularly submitted to the SEIAA, Karnataka, Regional Director (Environment), Department of Environment and Ecology, Government of Karnataka, Udupi and the Regional Office, MoEF, Bangalore and the State Pollution Control Board once in six months.
- 6. Fugitive dust emission from all the sources should be controlled regularly. Water spray arrangement on haul roads, Loading and

- on loading and at transfer points should be provided and properly maintained.
7. Measures should be taken for control of noise levels by use of SVA in the work environment. Workers engaged in operations of HEMIX etc. should be provided with earplugs / muffs.
  8. Waste water from the mine should be properly collected, treated and to conform to the standards prescribed under GSR 422 (E) dated 19<sup>th</sup> May 1993 and 31<sup>st</sup> December, 1993 or as amended from time to time. Oil and grease trap shall be installed before discharge of effluents.
  9. Personnel working in dusty areas should wear prospective respiratory devices and they should also be provided with adequate training and information on safety and health aspects.

Occupational health surveillance program of the workers should be undertaken periodically i.e. once in 3 months to observe any contractions due to exposure to dust and take corrective measures, if needed. Quarterly report in this regard should be submitted to the Department of Environment and Ecology, Govt. of Karnataka, Regional Director (Environment), Department of Environment and Ecology, Government of Karnataka, Udupi, the Karnataka State Pollution Control Board and the Regional Office, MoEF, Bangalore.

10. A separate environmental management cell with suitable qualified personnel shall be set up under the control of a Senior Executive, who will report directly to the Head of the organization. The Environment management committee should be constituted with one of the member representing nearby villages.
11. The funds earmarked for environmental protection measures should be kept in separate account and should not be diverted for other purpose. Year wise expenditure should be reported to the SEAA Karnataka, the Department of Environment and Ecology, Govt. of Karnataka, Regional Director (Environment), Department of Environment and Ecology, Government of Karnataka, Udupi and the Regional Office, MoEF, Bangalore.
12. The project authorities should inform the SEAA Karnataka, Department of Environment and Ecology, Govt. of Karnataka, Regional Director (Environment), Department of Environment and Ecology, Government of Karnataka, Udupi and the Regional Office, MoEF, Bangalore regarding date of financial closures and final approval of the project by the concerned authorities and the date of start of land development work.
13. The Regional Office of MoEF, Bangalore; the Department of Environment and Ecology, Govt. of Karnataka; the Regional Director (Environment), Department of Environment and Ecology, Government of Karnataka, Udupi and the Karnataka State Pollution Control Board shall monitor compliance of the stipulated conditions. The project authorities should extend full co-operation to the Officer (S) of these

authorities in obtaining the requisite data / information / monitoring reports.

14. The project proponent shall submit half years report on the status of the implementation of the stipulated environmental safeguards to the SEAA, Karnataka, the present of Environment and Ecology, Government of Karnataka, Regional Director (Environment), Departmental Forum and Ecology, Government of Karnataka, Udupi, the Regional Office, MoEF, Bangalore, the Central Pollution Control Board and the Karnataka State Pollution Control Board.
15. As agreed, the proponents should implement the proposed socio-commitment plan. They should submit a detailed year wise programmes for the entire lease period to the SEAA, Karnataka, the Department of Environment and Ecology, Government of Karnataka within 3 months and strictly implement as per the plan. Six months progress report shall be submitted in this regard.
16. A copy of the clearance letter will be marked to the concerned Panchayat, Local NGO, if any, from whom suggestion / representation has been received while processing the proposal.
17. The project proponent should display the conditions prominently at the entrance of the project or a big panel board for the information of the public.
18. The Karnataka State Pollution Control Board should display a copy of the clearance letter at the Regional office, District Industry Centre and Collector's office/ Talukdaar's office for 30 days.
19. The project authorities should advertise at least in two local newspapers widely circulated, one of which shall be in the vernacular language of the locality concerned, within 7 days of the issue of the Clearance letter informing that the project has been accorded environmental clearance and a copy of the clearance letter is available with the State Pollution Control Board and also at website of the SEAA, Karnataka at <http://www.seaa.kar.nic.in> and a copy of the same will be forwarded to the Department of Environment and Ecology, Government of Karnataka; the Regional Director (Environment), Department of Environment and Ecology, Government of Karnataka, Udupi and the Regional Office, MoEF, Bangalore.
20. Concealing actual date or submission of false/fabricated data and failure to comply with any of the conditions mentioned above may result in withdrawal of this clearance and of such action under the provisions of Environmental Protection Act, 1986.
21. Any Appeal against this environmental clearance shall lie with the National Environment Appellate Authority, if preferred, within a period of 30 days as prescribed under Section 11 of the National Environment Appellate Authority Act, 1997.
22. The SEAA or any other competent authority may alter / modify the above conditions or stipulate any further condition in the interest of environmental protection.

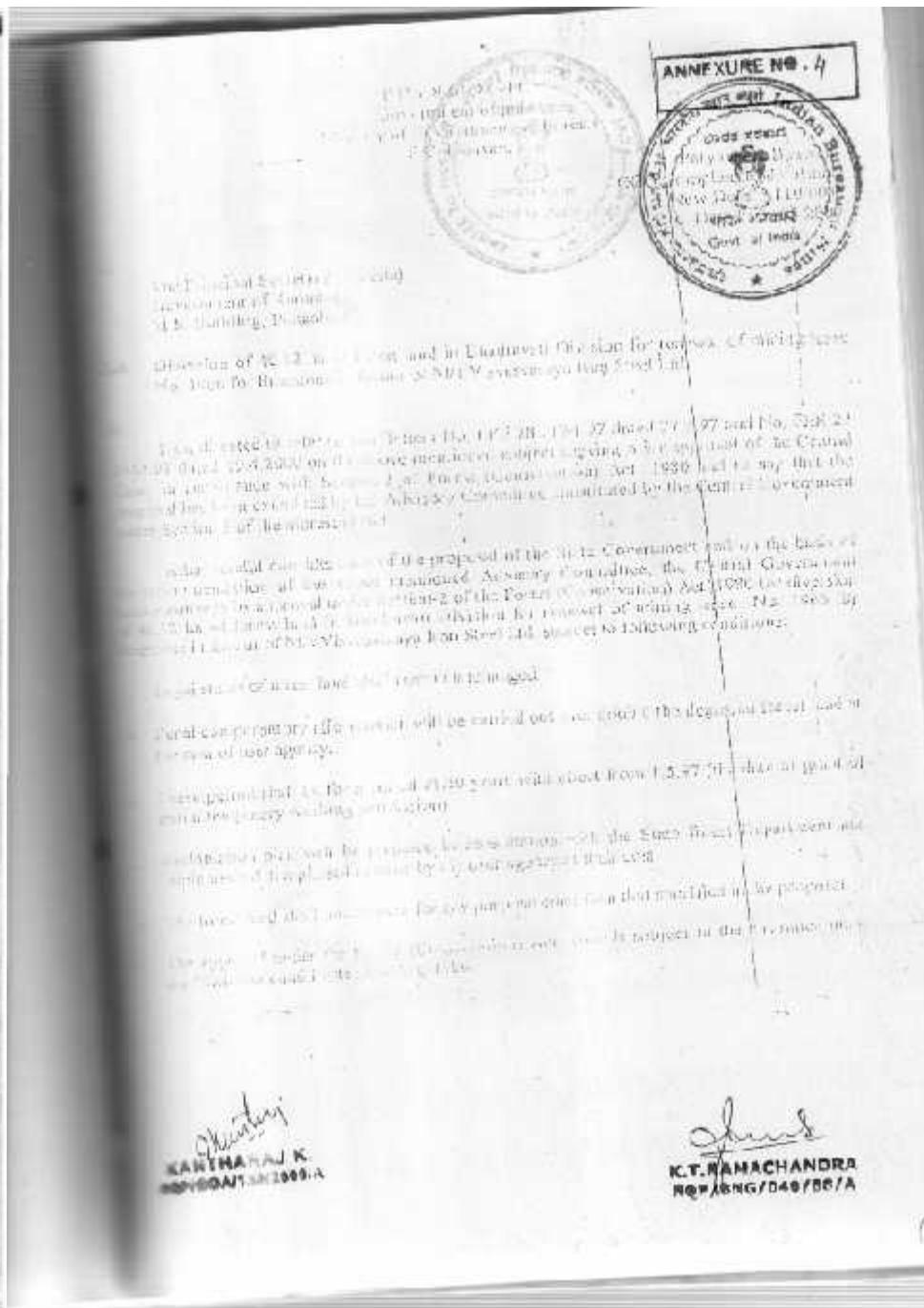
23. Failure to comply with any of the conditions mentioned above may result in withdrawal of this clearance and attract severe under-the-provisions of Environment (Protection) Act, 1986.
24. Nearby local village representative should be included as a member in the local management committee.
25. The above conditions will be enforced inter-alia, under the provisions of the Water (Prevention & Control of Pollution) Act, 1974, the Air (Prevention & Control of Pollution) Act, 1981, the Environment (Protection) Act, 1986 and the Public Liability Insurance Act, 1991 along with their amendments and rules made there under.

Yours faithfully,

*[Signature]*  
(WANWERPAL)  
Member Secretary  
SEIAA

Copy to:

1. The Secretary, Ministry of Environment & Forests, Government of India, Paryavaran Bhawan, CGO Complex, Lodi Road, New Delhi - 110 003.
2. The Secretary, Department of Environment & Ecology, Government of Karnataka, Bangalore.
3. The Member Secretary, Karnataka State Pollution Control Board, Bangalore.
4. The OCT, Regional Office, Ministry of Environment & Forests (S7), Kendriya Sdhan, 10th Floor, E & F Wings, 17th Main Road, Koramangala II Block, Bangalore - 560 064.
5. The Regional Director (Environment), Department of Environment and Ecology, Government of Karnataka, APMC Building, Adi Udupi - 574103, Udupi.
6. Guard File.





RECEIVED ON 22 NOVEMBER 1932

Divisions of 10-12 m. of force. 1. In India  
and Civilian 100 men. 2. Civilian 100 men.  
3. Divisions of 100 men of R/S 1000/- Governor  
or Street limit.

1. Letter No. ASU/1932/CR/7/92-1 dated 17.11.32  
to Financial Unit Committee of the  
Services.
2. Government letter of even number dated 2.  
Dec. 31-3.01.
3. Government of India letter No. 8-81/97/PC/
4. Government of India letter No. 18-61/97/PC,
5. Capital: Rs 5/-
6. Government of Assam letter of even number  
dated 1.12.31.
7. Government of India letter dated 16.1.1933.
8. Government of India letter dated 15.2.1933.



#### REMARKS

The Principal Commissioner of Posts in his letter  
dated 17.11.32 at 11.30 a.m. had sent proposal for division  
of 10-12 m. of force and its designation for removal of R.S.  
The proposal of division was in the original Berger of  
the Commissioner of Posts in the name of H.E. Governor  
of Assam. It is also reported that out of  
the sum of Rs 1000/- (10-12 m.) the Governor had agreed to  
the amount of Rs 500/- leaving the services were requested  
for retention of Rs 500/-, 10-12 m.

In the Government letter dated 1.12.32 the proposal  
of division of 10-12 m. of force, 100 men and  
its designation for removal of 100 men to the  
Government of India dated 16.1.1933, for the removal of 10-12 m. of force  
from the original Berger letter No. 8-81/97/PC, dated 1.  
Dec. 31-3.01. Capital: Rs 5/-, Governor of  
Assam and State Finance, and not to the conclusion  
of the Principal Commissioner of Posts.

It is also reported that the Government of India  
had given permission for a period of 9 months to  
the services in all cases broken up from army  
and civil service.

In the letter re. (a) above Government of India wants

to furnish to the Indian Forest Service information  
of the forest land which is being  
used for the extraction of timber, and the same  
information will be furnished to the State  
or Province.

(ii) Accurately furnished, particularly indicating  
the place of origin of the logs for the work  
proposed to be done.

(iii) Accurately furnished, with chief  
and minor details, as to the area of the  
timber of the Government forest, 1930.

(iv) Accurately furnished, along with the  
above, a map showing the area in the  
State.

Mr. G. C. Dutt, Director of Forests, dated 11-97  
replies to the letter as follows:

Concerning the negotiations of the equipment  
Government of India's commerciality  
and cost of labour for the work

(i) Immediate action should be taken in co-operation with  
ministers of concerned departments in favour of  
the State Forest Department.

(ii) The State government will consider the cost of equipment  
and machinery required as far as it can be incorporated  
within the budget of the State Forest  
Department.

(iii) The State government will consider the cost of personnel  
and machinery required (excluding the cost of  
transportation, living costs etc.) for 1930-31 in  
co-operation with the State Forest  
Department.

The above committee expert will be sent on a tour  
of India. It has requested the Government of India to issue  
a circular letter to all State governments to release  
40,000 acres of forest land in Bihar for the  
extraction of timber in Cherrapuri area of Shadnagar.  
The sum of Rs. 100,000/- is to be given by the  
Forest Department to certain conditions under the  
following heads:

1. Equipment cost - Rs. 100,000/-

2. Cost of living & experts of the Government  
are pleased to issue their expenses in connection with

the letter dated 11-97 to the Indian Forest Service  
in respect of the timber to be extracted from  
the forest land in Bihar.

Actual timber output is the following estimated  
as per the letter dated 11-97 to the Indian Forest Service

dated 11-97 to the Indian Forest Service  
in respect of the timber to be extracted from  
the forest land in Bihar.

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dated 11-97 to the Indian Forest Service  
in respect of the timber to be extracted from  
the forest land in Bihar.

16. The above shall apply to all cases in which the proposed or any other form  
of agreement is not made in writing.
17. All such agreements shall be subject to the laws of the State of Bihar.
18. Any such agreement shall be subject to the laws of the State of Bihar.
19. The Government may at any time, by a written notice to the lessee, cancel or terminate the leasehold interest in the property.
20. The lessee shall execute an agreement with the Forest Department which will reflect the actual condition of the forest imposed by the said forest department.
21. In case of any dispute arising between the lessee and the forest department, the lessee shall have the right to consult the forest department.

BY GOVT OF INDIA FOR THE STATE OF BIHAR

*K. T. Ramachandra*  
GOVERNMENT OF INDIA  
FOR THE STATE OF BIHAR  
Forest Department  
Bihar, Patna - 800 006  
Date: 20/01/2004

For compilation of documents, etc., at Patna, Bihar  
Government of India, and 50 copies in the State of Bihar  
and also in the State of Bihar, Government of India, and  
elsewhere.

Copy to:

1. Auditor General of India and Comptroller and Auditor General, Govt. of India.
2. The Secretary, Ministry of Environment and Forests, Govt. of India.
3. The Chief Commissioner of Forests, Patna, Bihar.
4. The Commissioner of Forests, Patna, Bihar.
5. The Commissioner of Forests, Patna, Bihar.
6. The Commissioner of Forests, Patna, Bihar.
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48. The Commissioner of Forests, Patna, Bihar.
49. The Commissioner of Forests, Patna, Bihar.
50. The Commissioner of Forests, Patna, Bihar.

Annexure A submitted by Mr. K. T. Ramachandra

Sr. No.	Citizen Reference No.	Name of Beneficiary	Benefit	Period of Benefit	Date of Receipt	State of Bihar	Date of Approval of Govt. of India	Remarks
1	Mr. & Mrs. 2339	Isukchandra Dabhi/Mrs	Food	4/4/04 PO Box No. 11 Patna 800 011	10/05/2004 to 10/05/2004 Nove. 2004	10/05/2004 10/05/2004	25/06/2004 46/7/2004	
2	M. S. R. 2610	Madhubati Lalita	Food	1/1/04	1/01/2004 to 1/01/2004 Nove. 2004	1/01/2004 1/01/2004	18/06/2004 4/7/2004	
3	N.L. N. 44	Balramchandar Gupta	Food	12/7/04	12/12/2004 to 12/12/2004 Nove. 2004	12/12/2004 12/12/2004	27/06/2004 28/06/2004	
			Total	34,270				

*K. T. Ramachandra*  
K. T. RAMACHANDRA  
HOP/BNG/040/001/a

*K. T. Ramachandra*  
K. T. RAMACHANDRA  
HOP/BNG/040/001/a



Bhandigudda Mine of VISL - SAIL			
CORE DRILL HOLE LOG SHEET NO. 1			
Revised Edition by R.V.H.C./Kantharaj			
S.L.	SLH.NO	CO-ORDINATE	DEPTL
1	E-101	N-480	100.00
2	RDP-1	N-480	101.00
3	SDO-3	E-115	N-100
4	SDO-4	E-100	N-95
5	SDO-5	E-225	N-100
6	SDO-6	E-200	N-100
7	SDO-7	E-185	N-100
8	SDO-8	E-180	N-100
9	SDO-9	E-175	N-100
10	SDO-10	E-170	N-100
11	SDO-11	E-165	N-100
12	SDO-12	E-160	N-100
13	SDO-13	E-155	N-100
14	SDO-14	E-150	N-100
Total			100.00
Boreholes Drilled On D.M.D (in feet)			
1	PW-1	N-100	20.00
2	SDO-5	E-190	20.00
3	SDO-5	E-185	20.00
4	SDO-4	E-180	20.00
5	SDO-4	E-175	20.00
6	SDO-4	E-170	20.00
7	SDO-4	E-165	20.00
8	SDO-4	E-160	20.00
9	SDO-4	E-155	20.00
10	SDO-4	E-150	20.00
11	SDO-4	E-145	20.00
12	SDO-4	E-140	20.00
13	SDO-4	E-135	20.00
14	SDO-4	E-130	20.00
15	SDO-4	E-125	20.00
16	SDO-4	E-120	20.00
17	SDO-4	E-115	20.00
18	SDO-4	E-110	20.00
19	SDO-4	E-105	20.00
20	SDO-4	E-100	20.00
21	SDO-4	E-95	20.00
22	SDO-4	E-90	20.00
23	SDO-4	E-85	20.00
24	SDO-4	E-80	20.00
25	SDO-4	E-75	20.00
26	SDO-4	E-70	20.00
27	SDO-4	E-65	20.00
28	SDO-4	E-60	20.00
29	SDO-4	E-55	20.00
30	SDO-4	E-50	20.00
31	SDO-4	E-45	20.00
32	SDO-4	E-40	20.00
33	SDO-4	E-35	20.00
34	SDO-4	E-30	20.00
35	SDO-4	E-25	20.00
36	SDO-4	E-20	20.00
37	SDO-4	E-15	20.00
38	SDO-4	E-10	20.00
39	SDO-4	E-5	20.00
Total			200.00
ABSTRACT			
SL No.	Date	No. of Holes	Metric Drill Bit
CORE DRILL HOLE DRILLED BY			
1	RVP-1C	14	1.675"
2	DW-2	30	1.125"
Total		44	4.800"



ANNEXURE NO. 6

ANNEXURE NO. 7



### Borehole Log of

### Bhandigudda Limestone Mine

of

M/s. SAIL – VISL Bhadravathy.

*KANTHARAJ K.  
ROP/GOA/120/2000/A*

*K.T.RAMACHANDRA  
ROP/ENG/040/58/A*

*Chittaranjan  
KANTHARAJ K.  
ROP/GOA/120/2000/A*

*Chittaranjan  
K.T.RAMACHANDRA  
ROP/ENG/040/58/A*

Distance measured From	Lev.	Curve	% of error	True dist.	Lev.	Curve	% of error	True dist.	Lev.
1.8	1.2	1.8	0.0	8.0	2.2	2.2	0.0	7.9	1.3
1.8	2.25	0.75	0.3	10.1	2.25	2.25	0.0	10.0	1.3
3.23	4.2	2.33	1	19	3.23	3.23	0.0	30.66	2.32
3.8	6.2	1.5	0.1	10	6.2	6.2	0.0	9.97	1.4
6.2	8.1	1.8	0.5	8.2	6.2	6.2	0.0	12.30	1.4
8.1	9.2	1.2	2	9	8.1	8.1	0.0	12.09	1.2
10.2	12.2	1.5	0.1	10	10.2	10.2	0.0	12.00	1.2
12.2	12.5	6.0	3.0	6.0	12.2	12.2	0.0	12.00	1.2
17.35	18.7	5.83	2.83	0.7	17.35	17.35	0.0	17.35	-
18.7	19.7	1.8	0	0.0	18.7	18.7	0.0	18.7	1.8
19.7	19.8	1.88	0.28	0.0	19.7	19.7	0.0	19.7	1.8
18.58	20.4	6.75	6.75	0.0	18.58	18.58	0.0	18.58	6.75
20.4	21.4	7.75	7.75	0.0	20.4	20.4	0.0	20.4	7.75
21.4	23.4	7.75	7.75	0.0	21.4	21.4	0.0	21.4	7.75
23.4	25.4	7.75	7.75	0.0	23.4	23.4	0.0	23.4	7.75
25.4	27.4	7.75	7.75	0.0	25.4	25.4	0.0	25.4	7.75



Distance measured From	Lev.	Curve	% of error	True dist.	Lev.	Curve	% of error	True dist.	Lev.
35.40	23.1	1.95	1.05	1.00	35.40	35.40	0.0	35.40	1.05
35.4	24.1	1	0.0	0.0	35.4	35.4	0.0	35.4	1.05
35.4	24.55	2.33	2.33	0.0	35.4	35.4	0.0	35.4	1.05
35.4	35.4	1.8	0.0	0.0	35.4	35.4	0.0	35.4	1.05
41.25	41.6	1.85	0.5	9.5	41.25	41.25	0.0	41.25	1.05
41.25	41.8	1.85	0.5	9.6	41.25	41.25	0.0	41.25	1.05
41.8	42.5	0.7	0.0	0.0	41.8	41.8	0.0	41.8	1.05
42.5	43.2	2.9	0.5	10.0	42.5	42.5	0.0	42.5	1.05
43.2	43.5	2.1	2	10.0	43.2	43.2	0.0	43.2	1.05
43.5	44.5	0.7	0.0	0.0	43.5	43.5	0.0	43.5	1.05
44.5	45.5	2.9	0.5	10.0	44.5	44.5	0.0	44.5	1.05
45.5	46.5	2.1	2	10.0	45.5	45.5	0.0	45.5	1.05
46.5	47.5	2.9	0.5	10.0	46.5	46.5	0.0	46.5	1.05
47.5	48.5	2.1	2	10.0	47.5	47.5	0.0	47.5	1.05



1)	47.13	7.93	3	8	Information contained in the scholarly evidence.	10.1
47.2	54.44	8.7	1.8	7.7	Information contained in the scholarly evidence.	24.7% (12.3%)
49.62	53.14	1.65	3.2	3.2	Large colored fine grained irregular masses, <b>dark grey</b> , <b>irregular</b> crystalline, <b>blackish grey</b> in core, <b>grey</b> towards outside, <b>white</b> edges, <b>thin</b> <b>irregular</b> .	34.9%
51.1	44.7	1.1	1.1	1.00	Irregular fine grained irregular masses, <b>dark grey</b> , <b>irregular</b> edges, <b>thin</b> <b>irregular</b> .	32.6% (-4)
52.2	56.7	2	1.86	0.9	Irregular fine grained irregular masses, <b>dark grey</b> , <b>irregular</b> edges, <b>thin</b> <b>irregular</b> .	33.7% (1.2)
53.4	40.15	2.78	2.78	0.7	Irregular fine grained irregular masses, <b>dark grey</b> , <b>irregular</b> edges, <b>thin</b> <b>irregular</b> .	37.6% (-3)
53.5	55.79	3.1	3.1	0.9	Irregular fine grained irregular masses, <b>dark grey</b> , <b>irregular</b> edges, <b>thin</b> <b>irregular</b> .	33.6% (1.1)
54.2	56.15	2.0	2.0	1.00	Irregular fine grained irregular masses, <b>dark grey</b> , <b>irregular</b> edges, <b>thin</b> <b>irregular</b> .	33.7% (1.2)
55.3	50.15	3	3	1.00	Irregular fine grained irregular masses, <b>dark grey</b> , <b>irregular</b> edges, <b>thin</b> <b>irregular</b> .	33.7% (1.2)
56.3	22.25	2.1	2.1	1.00	Irregular fine grained irregular masses, <b>dark grey</b> , <b>irregular</b> edges, <b>thin</b> <b>irregular</b> .	33.7% (1.1)



58.1	8.22	5.03	3	5.8	Information contained in the scholarly evidence.	10.1
59.25	33.75	2.4	2.4	0.0	Large colored fine grained irregular masses, <b>dark grey</b> , <b>irregular</b> edges, <b>thin</b> <b>irregular</b> .	36.6% (1.0)
59.28	56.4	1.63	1.63	0.0	Large colored fine grained irregular masses, <b>dark grey</b> , <b>irregular</b> edges, <b>thin</b> <b>irregular</b> .	35.2% (1.6)
59.4	18.1	2	2	0.8	Large colored fine grained irregular masses, <b>dark grey</b> , <b>irregular</b> edges, <b>thin</b> <b>irregular</b> .	31.0% (0.4)
60	97.5	1.14	1	1	Large colored fine grained irregular masses, <b>dark grey</b> , <b>irregular</b> edges, <b>thin</b> <b>irregular</b> .	33.3% (0.9)
61.45	94.4	2.2	1.54	0.7	Large colored fine grained irregular masses, <b>dark grey</b> , <b>irregular</b> edges, <b>thin</b> <b>irregular</b> .	31.6% (2.0)
62.65	96.1	1.63	1	1.4	Large colored fine grained irregular masses, <b>dark grey</b> , <b>irregular</b> edges, <b>thin</b> <b>irregular</b> .	30.6% (2.0)
63.3	97.52	1.65	1.53	0.6	Large colored fine grained irregular masses, <b>dark grey</b> , <b>irregular</b> edges, <b>thin</b> <b>irregular</b> .	33.6% (1.2)
63.95	106.25	2.4	2.8	0.0	Large colored fine grained irregular masses, <b>dark grey</b> , <b>irregular</b> edges, <b>thin</b> <b>irregular</b> .	30.9% (1)
69.35	103.35	2.5	2	0.0	Large colored fine grained irregular masses, <b>dark grey</b> , <b>irregular</b> edges, <b>thin</b> <b>irregular</b> .	33.5% (2.1)



Order No.	Material	Yards	Width	Weight	Dimensions	Dimensions	Dimensions	Dimensions	Dimensions	Dimensions	Dimensions
2242	602	2.75	2.75	1.0	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
2017	114	5.2	1.2	.06	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
1111	113	1.1	2.75	.96	High quality limestone	—	—	—	—	—	—
1145	110.95	2.45	2.45	.75	High quality limestone	—	—	—	—	—	—
6122	198	2.25	2.25	.92	High quality limestone	—	—	—	—	—	—
1493	122.95	1.15	1.15	.98	High quality limestone with high calcium content with backs of high limestone intercalated with shale & slate.	—	—	—	—	—	—
2288	122.75	2.3	2.3	.97	High quality limestone	—	—	—	—	—	—
2522	127.2	1.95	1.7	.77	Grey powdered limestone and white dolomitic limestone.	—	—	—	—	—	—
1257	133.6	2.6	2.2	.46	Grey powdered limestone and dolomitic limestone.	—	—	—	—	—	—



Order No.	Material	Yards	Width	Weight	Dimensions	Dimensions	Dimensions	Dimensions	Dimensions	Dimensions	Dimensions
11565	135.65	2	205	.62	Grey powder limestone	—	—	—	—	—	—
11565	138.5	2.65	2.75	.63	Grey dolomitic limestone	—	—	—	—	—	—
11565	141.65	3.05	3.25	.64	Grey dolomitic limestone	—	—	—	—	—	—
1462	143.55	.55	1.75	.96	White dolomitic limestone with high calcium content.	—	—	—	—	—	—
1451	144.5	1.9	1.8	.86	Dolomitic limestone	—	—	—	—	—	—
1455	145.5	1.7	1.6	.86	Dolomitic limestone	—	—	—	—	—	—
1458	146.9	1.8	1.6	.86	Dolomitic limestone	—	—	—	—	—	—
1463	148.5	1.5	1.12	.96	Dolomitic limestone	—	—	—	—	—	—
1463	149.2	1	1.2	.96	Dolomitic limestone	—	—	—	—	—	—
1463	150.2	0.85	1.6	.96	Dolomitic limestone	—	—	—	—	—	—
1468	151.2	1	1.8	.96	Dolomitic limestone	—	—	—	—	—	—

Figuring table was tested at 8000 ft. 15° 20 mms.



Drilling interval From To	Run	Cone	% of recovery	Type of rock	CaO%	MgO%	Remarks
0	10.05	0.65		Sludge			
10.05	11.25	1.2	100	Light grey, coarse grained light calcium imestone.	41.9	1.51	
11.25	21.25	9.08	100	Light grey, coarse grained light calcium lime stone.	56.8	1.08	
20.25	21.35	9.85	85	Light grey, coarse grained light calcium lime stone.	56.85	1.71	
21.25	25.58	—+25	1.25	Light grey, coarse grained light calcium lime stone.	59.95	1.86	
25.58	31.63	6	6	Grey colour, coarse grained light calcium lime stone.	52.05	1.54	
31.63	34.68	1	2	Grey colour, coarse grained light calcium lime stone.	52.55	1.41	
34.68	37.73	3.05	2.97	Grey colour, coarse grained light calcium lime stone with thin patches of sandy material.	51.56	2.18	
37.73	43.73	3.05	3.05	Grey colour, coarse grained light calcium lime stone with thin patches of sandy material.	51.85	2.31	



40.5	43.8	3.45	3	5.6	5.6	5.6	5.6
45.8	47.05	2.2	5.8	5.8	5.8	5.8	5.8
46.05	65.5	16.55	17.9	96	Dolomitic dolomite		
55.5	130.0	64.57	63.89	38	Dolomitic dolomite		

1.00 ± CLOSED AT 1.0 ml.



Drilling interval From		Run	Cores	% of recovery	Type of rock	Cu%	MgO	R-Fe
To								
0.00	19.20				Sed.	5.1	0.39	-
9.50	21.50	2.0	2.30	37	Light gray, coarse grained high calcium	48.71	2.21	
11.00	23.40	1.50	1.25	83	Light gray, coarse grained high calcium	48.71	3.02	
23.00	26.10	3.10	2.90	90	Light gray, coarse grained high calcium	48.71	2.92	
26.10	34.94	3.84	3.25	92	Light gray, coarse grained high calcium limestone	48.85	2.91	
34.94	37.65	2.70	2.70	100	Grayular coarse grained high calcium limestone	47.13	2	
37.65	42.60	4.95	4.80	94	Gray ocellate coarse grained high calcium limestone	49.7	1.85	
42.60	45.70	6.25	6.25	100	Gray ocellate coarse grained high calcium limestone with thin intercals	48.12	1.65	
47.15	55.74	3.10	3.30	97	In the beginning of the run (about 60cm) of the run consists of high magnesium limestone	50.12	0.73	
55.74	51.17	9.92	5.50	96	Gray ocellated medium grained high magnesium magnesium limestone	48.12	1.8	
51.17	57.62	6.45	1.30	100	Gray ocellated medium grained low magnesium magnesium limestone	43.15	3.12	
57.62	67.62	H.C.D.	9.00	99				



9.52	59.35	3.70	1.70	103	Grayular coarse grained high calcium limestone of gray	47.2	1.0	
99.35	105.35	6.03	5.90	38	The beginning of the run (about 20cm) consists of gray	50.1	1.2	
105.35	11.32	6.03	6.00	100	The beginning of the run (about 20cm) consists of gray	51	0.9	
11.32	17.30	6.03	5.80	96	The beginning of the run (about 20cm) consists of gray	50.1	0.7	
17.30	21.00	3.95	3.05	103	The beginning of the run (about 30cm) consists of gray	53.15	0.6	
21.00	31.00	10.00	5.30	30	The beginning of the run (about 30cm) consists of gray	45.2	1.4	
31.00	37.32	5.62	5.60	103	The beginning of the run (about 30cm) consists of gray	46.1	2	
37.32	45.82	5.35	5.25	98	The beginning of the run (about 30cm) consists of gray	48.1	1.9	
45.82	13.65	2.8	2.8	400	The beginning of the run (about 30cm) consists of gray	46.61	3.12	
13.65	17.82	51.57	2.31	284	The beginning of the run (about 30cm) consists of gray	49.97	2.72	
17.82	53.62	9.25	9.20	98	The beginning of the run (about 30cm) consists of gray	48.4	1.1	





106.9' 6.00 5.96 0.95  
108.9' 6.00 5.03 0.95  
113.9' 7.4.00 5.03 0.90  
117.00 178.00 4.20 4.00  
117.00 178.00 4.20 4.00  
118.00 181.14 5.40 5.20  
178.00

Indicated at 81.14 int.

Drilling interval From	To	Run	Core	% of recovery	Type of rock	Analysis		
						SiO <sub>2</sub>	CaO	MgO
0.00	29.25	29.25			Grey coloured coarse grained, high calcium lime stone.	52.05	7.01	0.97
29.25	36.25	1.3	1.3	100	Grey coloured coarse grained, high calcium lime stone.	51.75	7.01	0.90
33.6	33.6	3.05	2.5	45	Grey coloured coarse grained, high calcium lime stone.	52.21	6.61	0.80
36.55	36.55	3.65	2.6	85	Grey coloured coarse grained, high calcium lime stone.	51.72	7.01	0.80
36.62	39.7	3.45	2.7	88	Grey to cream, coarse to medium, grey and high calcium lime stone.	50.95	7.51	1.32
39.7	42.75	3.05	3.05	100	Grey to cream, coarse to medium, grained high calcium lime stone.	50.31	7.51	1.59
42.75	45.8	3.05	3.05	100	Grey coloured, coarse to medium grained high calcium lime stone.	51.79	—	1.51
45.8	48.5	3.05	3.05	100	Grey coloured, coarse to medium, grained high calcium lime stone.	51.23	7.01	1.44
48.5	51.15	3.05	3.05	100	Grey colour, medium grained, high calcium lime zone with thin particular calcareous lime stone (few magnetites).	51.95	7.14	1.40
51.15	51.15	3.05	3.05	100	Grey colour, medium grained, high calcium lime zone with thin particular calcareous lime stone (few magnetites).	50.84	7.14	1.64
						50.64	7.14	1.67

56.15	39.45	1.05	2.85	33	yellowish brownish grey fine grained limestone	31.30	0	.76
57.45	62.50	3.05	1.00	38	Grey-coloured medium grained high calcium lime stone	53.67	2.61	.10
62.50	65.50	3.00	1.00	39	Light grey coarse-grained high calcium lime stone	47.58	2.72	.40
65.50	68.55	3.05	3.05	40	Grey-yellowish medium grained high calcium lime stone with small numbers of angular pieces in fine stone. (low magnesian dolomites species can be seen in low magnesian lime stone)	47.63	2.61	.58
68.55	71.90	3.04	2.00	41	Grey yellowish coarse to medium grained high calcium lime stone.	49.1	2.31	.11
71.6	74.25	3.95	2.90	42	Cream-colour coarse to medium grained high calcium lime stone dotted with low magnesian lime stone	47.75	3.92	.1
74.68	76.12	1.52	1.59	43	Grey-yellowish coarse to medium grained high calcium lime stone dotted with low magnesian lime stone	49.27	1.71	.16
76.15	79.2	3.95	1.85	44	Grey-yellowish medium grained high calcium lime stone with few magnesian lime stones.	45.92	3.96	.28
79.20	80.20	1.53	1.00	45	Grey-yellowish medium grained high calcium lime stone with few magnesian lime stones.	45.88	3.60	.36
80.7	81.19	3.45	0.2	46	Magnesian lime stone			
82.36	85.1	3.08		47	Slag			



No. 1	47.90	2.0	0.22	14.6	0.0	0.0	1.0
87.60	49.30	2.0	0.25	14.01	0.0	0.0	1.0
89.7	90.95	2.5	0.13	8.4	0.0	0.0	1.0
90.95	91.30	2.05	0.03	0.0	0.0	0.0	4.00
94.00	97.12	3.12	3.10	1.61	0.0	0.0	7.50
97.2	100.5	1.03	3.09	1.00	0.0	0.0	1.76
W. 14	101.2	1.05	3.03	1.00	0.0	0.0	1.66
103.2	106.25	2.62	2.90	.25	0.0	0.0	1.96
106.25	108.05	1.8	1.31	100	0.0	0.0	1.00
108.05	111.1	2.65	3.25	100	0.0	0.0	1.00
111.1	113.5	2.50	2.50	100	0.0	0.0	1.00
113.6	116.15	3.52	2.50	98	0.0	0.0	1.00
116.15	118.75	3.00	2.00	100	0.0	0.0	1.00
118.75	121.75	3.00	3.00	14.0	0.0	0.0	1.00
121.75	124.05	2.31	2.31	100	0.0	0.0	1.00
124.05	125.05	1.30	1.00	100	0.0	0.0	1.00

125.64	128.15	3.10	3.10	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.00
128.15	131.2	2.26	2.05	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.30
131.2	134.2	3.30	1.03	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.10
134.2	137.25	3.26	3.03	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.50
137.25	140.3	3.26	2.95	97	0.0	0.0	1.00
140.3	143.35	3.26	3.00	98	0.0	0.0	1.00
143.35	146.4	3.05	3.00	98	0.0	0.0	1.00
146.4	147.6	1.20	1.20	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.54
147.6	150.6	3.00	3.00	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.16
150.6	153.65	3.05	3.05	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.61
153.65	156.7	3.05	3.05	100	0.0	0.0	0.80
156.7	159.6	2.91	2.90	100	0.0	0.0	1.36
159.6	162.4	2.80	2.80	100	0.0	0.0	1.00
162.4	167.8	2.10	2.10	97	0.0	0.0	1.00
167.8	167.95	2.15	3.10	98	0.0	0.0	1.00

16.8	6.95	3.18	5.0	.58	Light grey to grey-green to medium grey and high calcium limestone.	40.55	1.01	0.9	1.49
16.95	17.13	3.20	6	.58	medium grained high calcareous limestone	48.55	1.01	0.9	1.49
17.158	172.85	1.70	1.70	103	Grey-coloured, medium-grained high calcium lime stone.	45.7	1.01	0.9	1.44
172.85	173.9	1.62	2.05	57	Light grey-coloured, medium-grained high calcium lime stone.	46.2	2.31	1.9	1.44
173.9	178.55	2.85	2.00	65	Grey-coloured, medium-grained high calcium lime stone.	46.08	2.11	1.10	1.40
178.55	178.95	1.65	1.70	55	Grey-coloured, medium-grained high calcium lime stone.	48.45	2.21	2.0	1.40
178.95	182.00				High calcium lime stone.	49.23	2.41	1.30	1.30



Details of section for prospecting for limestone				Analysis			
Drill hole interval	Run	Core	% of recovery	Type of rock	Cao	MeO	Al2O3
0	1.45	2		Soil			
1.45-7	1.44	0.22	0.22	100	Light grey, coarse grained high calcium limestone	46.47	2.93
1.54	1.81	5.77	0.27	100	Light grey, coarse grained high calcium limestone	46.72	2.13
1.81	7.13	0.33	0.33	100	Light grey, coarse grained high calcium limestone	46.72	2.13
2.4	2.41	0.2	0.2	100	Light grey, coarse grained high calcium limestone	46.7	2.02
2.44	2.76	0.32	0.32	100	Greyish-white, fine-grained high calcium limestone		
2.76	3.1	0.34	0.34	100	Greyish-white, coarse grained high calcium limestone		
3.1	5.1	2	2	100	Greyish-white, coarse grained high calcium limestone with thin patches of clayey material		
6.3	8.1	2	2	100	Greyish-white, coarse grained high calcium limestone with thin patches of clayey material		
8.1	9.6	1.5	1.5	100	In the beginning (above 50cm) of the run consists of high calcium limestone and the rest of the run is light magnesium limestone		
9.5	10.5	1	1	100	Grey-coloured, medium-grained high magnesium limestone		
0.6	12.40	1.8	1.80	100	Grey-coloured, medium-grained high magnesium limestone		



12.40	13.49	3.00	1.00	3.3	Very coarse grained high calcium limestone.
15.40	16.4	2	2	100	Light grey to grey, coarse grained high calcium limestone, very calcareous.
3.4	20.00	1.6	1.6	100	Greyish medium to coarse grained high calcium limestone with thin patches of dolomitic material.
20	23	2	2	100	Light grey to grey, coarse grained high calcium limestone with calcareous patches of dolomite.
35	36	2	2	100	Grey to grey, medium grained high calcium limestone with thin patches of dolomitic material.
76	79	4	7.4	97	Grey yellow, medium grained high calcium limestone with thin patches of dolomitic material.
25.20	32.00	3.00	2.85	95	Light grey to grey, coarse grained high calcium limestone with thin bands of grey variegated limestone.
32	45	2	2	100	Light grey, coarse grained high calcium limestone with thin bands of grey variegated limestone.
35	48	4	2.2	99	Light grey, coarse grained high calcium limestone with thin patches of magnesian limestone and calcite.
38.00	41.00	3.00	3.00	100	Light to dark grey, coarse to medium grained high calcium limestone with thin patches of dolomitic material.



41.00	41.80	3.00	3	100	Light grey to grey, coarse grained high calcium limestone with thin dolomitic streaks.
44	47	2	2	100	Light grey to grey coarse to medium grained high calcium limestone with thin patches of dolomitic material and calcite.
47	50.30	2	2.2	73	Light grey, coarse grained high calcium limestone.
36.00	33	2	2	100	Light grey to grey, coarse grained high calcium limestone with thin patches of dolomitic material.
53	56	2	2	100	Light grey to grey, coarse grained high calcium limestone mixed with low magnesium limestone.
53	59	2	2	100	Light grey, coarse grained high calcium limestone mixed with dolomitic limestone.
53	62	2	2	96	Light to dark grey, coarse grained high calcium limestone mixed with dolomitic material and calcite.
62	63.95	1.25	0.65	98	Light grey, coarse grained high calcium limestone replaced with dolomitic material.
63.25	66.25	2	3	100	Light grey to grey coarse to medium grained high calcium limestone. At places it is mixed with dolomitic material.
66.25	69.25	3	3	100	Light grey to grey coarse to medium grained high calcium limestone. At the end of the run limestone is infus. with dolomitic and dolomitic material.
69.25	73.35	2.1	2.1	77	Light grey, coarse grained high calcium limestone mixed with dolomitic material.



78.5	3.0	3	0.6	86		
78.5	3.1	3.1	1.0	100	Limestone with thin patches of clay material here and there.	48.7
					Light gray coarse grained high calcium limestone with bands of clay material.	48.57
91.15	34.1	3	1	100	Light gray to gray colored oysteric limestone with calcareous clay material.	45.07
					medium grained high calcium limestone with caliche and clay material.	47.6
94.05	37.15	2.7	2.5	92	Light gray coarse grained high calcium limestone with bands of clay variety of limestone.	46.7
					light gray coarse grained high calcium limestone with bands of gray variety of limestone.	47.76
97.15	40.15	3	3	100	Light gray coarse grained high calcium limestone with bands of gray variety of limestone.	46.3
					light gray coarse grained high calcium limestone.	46.32
98.5	92.05	2.8	2.1	92	Light to dark gray coarse to medium grained high calcium limestone.	46.19
					light gray to dark gray coarse to medium grained high calcium limestone.	46.19
98.05	95.85	2.8	2.4	96	Light gray to dark gray coarse to medium grained high calcium limestone.	46.76
					light gray to dark gray coarse to medium grained high calcium limestone.	46.76
98.05	96.65	3	2	100	Light gray to dark gray coarse to medium grained high calcium limestone.	46.73
					light gray to dark gray coarse to medium grained high calcium limestone.	46.73
98.35	69.25	6.5	0.6	100	Light gray coarse grained high calcium limestone.	47.85
					light gray coarse grained high calcium limestone.	47.85
99.35	69.92	6.1	0.1	100	Light gray coarse grained high calcium limestone.	48.01
					light gray coarse grained high calcium limestone.	48.02
99.35	101	1.25	1.4	95	In the beginning (about 40m) consists of light gray coarse grained high calcium limestone and the rest of the m. is medium grained high magnesium limestone.	36.97
					light gray coarse grained high calcium limestone.	36.97
100	102	3	2.7	93	In the beginning (about 40m) consists of light gray coarse grained high calcium limestone and the rest of the m. is medium grained high magnesium limestone.	34.82
					light gray coarse grained high calcium limestone.	34.81

103	105	1	0.6	0.6	Dol. with fine-grained high magnesite limestone.	28.74	7.8	4.2	
105	106.5	1.2	1	6.6	Dol. gray center, fine grained high magnesite limestone interbedded with thin bands of high calcium limestone.	25.52	9.27	21.6	
106.5	98.25	1.15	1.7	97					
108.25	99.45	1.2	0.46	39	Grey colored medium grained high magnesite limestone.	24.88	19.95		
109.45	100.65	1.2	0.65	54	Grey colored medium grained high magnesite limestone.	25.7	20.47	4.76	
110.65	113.65	3	1.5	56	Grey colored medium grained high magnesite limestone.	25.79	21.76	3	
113.65	113.85	2.17	1.37	40	Grey color fine grained high magnesite limestone.	26.4	19.16	4.12	
114.85	117.32	1.5	0.6	60					
117.32	120.32	3	0.5	10	Grey dolomite fine grained high magnesite limestone.	26	20.3	1.4	
120.3	126.93	0.61	0.42	69					
126.93	127.33	3	1.2	56	Limestone, medium grained high magnesite limestone.	21.84	13.77	16.72	
127.33	129.93	3	1.95	62	Limestone, medium grained high magnesite limestone.	22.19	13.3	17.44	
128.93	129.93	3	0.73	78	Light gray, medium grained high magnesite limestone.	21.86	13.37	16.82	
129.93	132.93	3	1.4	47	Light gray, coarse grained high calcium limestone mixed with medium magnesite limestone.	41.7	8.55	11.25	
132.93	135.93	3	1.12	38	Light gray, medium grained high magnesite limestone.	24.7	8.15	8.15	

				B	C
30.0	14.70	2.42	0.3	Light grey, medium grained high magnesian limestone.	
41.36	147.56	1	0.2	Light grey, medium grained high magnesian limestone.	
42.36	141.76	3.1	0.8d	Light grey, medium grained high magnesian limestone.	
43.37	141.57	0.06	0.36	Light grey, medium grained high magnesian limestone.	
43.42	141.98	0.66	0.4	Light grey, medium grained high magnesian limestone.	
44.38	147.68	3	2.43	Light grey, medium grained high magnesian limestone.	
47.38	147.5	0.12	0.3	Light grey, medium grained high magnesian limestone.	



BH No.4 Location Main Quarry

Drilling depth in mtr from top core in mtr	Lithology	CaO	MgO	Remarks
0	High CaO limestone	1.9	4.9	1.9
2.75	High CaO limestone	0.85	50.5	1
5.25	High CaO limestone	0.55	51.5	0.78
9	High CaO limestone	1	50.0	2.11
10.5	Low CaO limestone	3.15	29.33	14.2
18.5	High CaO limestone	0.7	52.34	0.72
21	High CaO limestone	0.98	51	1.01
24.7	High CaO limestone	0.44	51.8	1
27.7	High CaO limestone	0.3	53	1.1
30.7	High CaO limestone	0.32	53.4	1.2
33.8	High CaO limestone	0.52	53.5	0.75
40	High CaO limestone	0.8	51.6	0.92
43	High CaO limestone	0.8	51.2	1.34
46	High CaO limestone	0.6	51.4	0.96
49	High CaO limestone	0.76	51.8	2
52	High CaO limestone	0.18	54.8	1.16
55	High CaO limestone	0.2	52.8	1.35
58.1	High CaO limestone	0.2	52.8	1.74
58.1	High CaO limestone	1.12	51.8	1.24
61	High CaO limestone	0.7	51.6	1.32
64	High CaO limestone	1.2	51.8	1.16
67	High CaO limestone	0.9	52.7	1.34
70	High CaO limestone	1.92	47.1	2.1
73.1	High CaO limestone	1	52.8	0.97
76.1	High CaO limestone	1.5	50.1	2.53

Hole cased at 75.2 mtr



Sampling depth	to	Core lengths	Thickness	Lithology	$\text{CaO}_{\text{R}}$	$\text{CaO}_{\text{G}}$	$\text{MgO}$	$\text{Mg/Ca}$	Remarks
4	18	0.5	2.6	High CaO limestone	9.3	47.6	2.49	2	
0.5	7	3	High CaO limestone	9.3	53.7	6.33	-		
2	6	3	High CaO limestone	6.65	57.37	6.76	-		
6	9	3	High CaO limestone	9.3	50.9	1.74	-		
9	12	3	High CaO limestone	9.3	51.5	1.45	-		
12	15	4	High CaO limestone	9.7	54.24	0.72	-		
13	18.3	3.7	High CaO limestone	6.48	54	1.01	-		
18.3	21.3	3	High CaO limestone	6.44	51.8	-	-		
21.3	24.3	3	High CaO limestone	9.3	53	1.1	-		
24.3	27.3	3	High CaO limestone	6.12	53.4	1.2	-		
27.3	40.4	4	High CaO limestone	6.52	53.5	0.75	-		
40.4	50.3	3.2	High CaO limestone	0.8	51.6	0.92	-		
50.3	53.5	3	High CaO limestone	1	51.2	1.04	-		
53.5	56.3	3	High CaO limestone	0.6	51.4	0.96	-		
56.3	59.5	3	High CaO limestone	0.8	52.6	0.57	-		
59.5	62.3	3	High CaO limestone	1.2	52.8	1.35	-		
62.3	42.5	3.2	High CaO limestone	0.48	53.8	1.16	-		
42.5	45.75	3.2	High CaO limestone	0.4	52.8	1.24	-		
45.75	48.75	3	High CaO limestone	0.4	51.9	1.3	-		
48.75	51.7	3	High CaO limestone	1.2	51.1	1.24	-		
51.7	54.7	3	High CaO limestone	0.7	51.4	1.32	-		
54.7	57.3	3.6	High CaO limestone	1.2	52.8	-			
57.3	64	3	High CaO limestone	0.9	52.7	0.96	-		
64	67	3	High CaO limestone	0.8	51.9	1.3	-		
67	73	3	High CaO limestone	1	52.4	0.97	-		
73	76	3	High CaO limestone	1	50.1	2.4	-		
76	79	4	High CaO limestone	2.8	51.57	1.1	-		
79	83	4	High CaO limestone	2.6	42.45	2.39	-		
			High CaO limestone	1.2	49.1	1.06	-		

Hole closed at 83.20 mts.



Sampling depth	to	Core length	Thickness	Lithology	$\text{R}_{\text{CaO}}$	$\text{G}_{\text{CaO}}$	$\text{MgO}$	$\text{Mg/Ca}$	Remarks
0	0.91	3.01	3.01	No trace sludge	-	-	-	-	-
1.91	3.96	3	High calcium limestone	-	-	-	-	-	
3.96	7	3.04	High calcium limestone	3.6	52.1	6.75	-		
7	9.75	2.75	High calcium limestone	-	48.88	1.2	-	-	
9.75	12.8	2.05	High calcium limestone	-	51.1	2.31	-	-	
12.8	15.8	3	High calcium limestone	49.85	2.4	-	-	-	
15.8	18.8	3	High calcium limestone	1.95	51.88	1.5	-	-	
18.8	22	3.2	High calcium limestone	-	52.5	0.92	-	-	
22	23.5	1.5	High calcium limestone	-	51.49	2.3	-	-	
23.5	26.5	3	High calcium limestone	-	53.67	0.7	-	-	
26.5	32.5	3	High calcium limestone	-	49.83	2.21	-	-	
32.5	45	16.5	No calc sludge	-	50.81	1.51	-	-	
45	52	3	High calcium limestone	51.26	49.5	2.01	-	-	
52	56.3	4.2	No calc sludge	-	49.1	-	-	-	
				Hole closed at 56.30 mts.					

Sampling depth	to	Core length	Thickness	Lithology	$\text{R}_{\text{CaO}}$	$\text{G}_{\text{CaO}}$	$\text{MgO}$	$\text{Mg/Ca}$	Remarks
0	3.4	3.4	3.4	High calcium limestone	-	49.8	10.16	-	-
3.4	6.4	3	High calcium limestone	1.2	53.6	1.37	-	-	
6.4	9.4	3.1	High calcium limestone	0.9	52.1	0.9	-	-	
9.4	12.4	3	High calcium limestone	1	50	1.22	-	-	
12.4	15.5	3	High calcium limestone	0.8	59.3	1.29	-	-	
15.5	21.5	6	High calcium limestone	0.8	43.38	1.07	-	-	
21.5	24.5	3	High calcium limestone	1.53	45.32	0.8	-	-	

Hole closed at 24.50 mts.



B.I.L No. DBH-5, Bhanwara East Quarry		
Boring Depth	No.	Core Intervals
0	3.0	3.4
3.1	6.5	2.1
6.4	9.5	7
9.4	12.8	3
12.5	21.6	9.1
21.5	24.7	7
24.5	37.0	3
27.5	39.8	2.2
30.3	33	2.2

hole closed at 3.0 mts

B.I.L No. DBH-5, Bhanwara East Quarry			
Boring Depth	No.	Core Intervals	LITHOLOGY
0	1	1	High calcium limestone
1	2	2	High calcium limestone
2	6.4	3	High calcium limestone
6.4	10	2.5	High calcium limestone
3	13.5	1.5	High calcium limestone
1.5	15	3.7	High calcium limestone
5	18	3	High calcium limestone
8	21	3	High calcium limestone
21	24	1	High calcium limestone
24	27.4	3	High calcium limestone
27.4	39.4	3	High calcium limestone
30.4	23.5	3.1	High calcium limestone
33.4	56.5	3	High calcium limestone
36.5	39.5	3	High calcium limestone
39.5	47	7.5	High calcium limestone
47	54.8	3.8	High calcium limestone
54.8	57.3	1.7	High calcium limestone

hole closed at 57.3 mts



B.I.L No. DBH-19 Location main Quarry		
Boring Depth	No.	Core Intervals
0	3.0	3.0
3.0	6.0	3.0
5.0	8.0	2.0
8.0	22.0	8.10
1.8	5.40	3.00
1.5	5.50	3.00
18.80	31.40	3.00
21.50	24.00	2.50
24.00	27.00	3.00
27.00	30.00	3.00
30.00	37.00	7.00
37.00	40.00	3.00
40.00	46.00	6.00
46.00	52.00	5.00

hole closed at 52 mts

B.I.L No. DBH-19 Location main Quarry		
Boring Depth	No.	Core Intervals
0	1	1
3	6.4	3.4
6.4	9.1	3
9.4	12.4	3
12.4	15.5	3.1
15.4	18.6	1.1
18.6	23.3	5.7
23.3	31.2	1.1
24.4	36.9	2.5
36.5	39.9	3
39.9	42.9	3
42.9	46	3.1

hole closed at 46.0 mts



B.I.L. No.: DIL/156 Location East Quarry			
Boring depth in mtrs from	10	CORE IN FT.	LITHOLOGY
0	45	146	No core soil
16	48.8	153	Light gray limestone
37.5	50.25	155	Light gray limestone
39.25	52.5	157	Light gray limestone
51.25	56.25	157	Light gray limestone
56.25	59	157	Light gray limestone
59	62	157	Light gray limestone
62	71.6	156	No core shades

B.I.L. No.: DIL/157 Location East Quarry			
Boring depth in mtrs from	10	CORE IN FT.	LITHOLOGY
0	15	51	No core soil
5	17.4	54	High calcium limestone
17.4	19.3	53	Greenish gray limestone
19.3	24.3	4.5	High calcium limestone
24.3	31	16.7	High Magnesium limestone
31	31.5	16.5	High Magnesium limestone
31.5	54.9	3.4	High calcium limestone



**Essen & Co.**

ESTD. 1948  
 ANALYTICAL CHEMISTS & ASSAYERS  
 ISO 9001:2008 Certified Company  
 Founded by: D. N. JAPARAJAH, M.A., D.Sc.  
 Director: Dr. D. JAPARAJAH

Sample No.: AN/7533  
 Date of Issue: 21.12.2012  
 Regd. No.: 9391  
 Date of Receipt: 21.12.2012

**COPY**

**SAMPLE WAS SUBMITTED BY THE PARTY**

**CUSTOMER NAME:** MR. S. TIRI, AUTHORITY OF INDIA LIMITED,  
**ADDRESS:** (VIEWESVARAYA IRON & STEEL LTD)  
 BHADRAVATHI

**SAMPLE MARK:** DUMP SAMPLE  
 CUTTER REF NO: ROD 163 / UNDER - IRM AP / 2012 - 14 EX / 19.12.2  
 DUMP SAMPLE FROM BHANDGUDA LIMESTONE MINES  
 SAMPLE NO: SAIL/BGD/DP/SAMPLE NO.3

TESTED AS PER .... I.S. 1753

PARAMETER	RESULTS
SiO <sub>2</sub> (%)	18.55%
Alumina (Al <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub> )	12.25%
Iron (Fe)	17.52%

**FOR ESSEN & CO.**  
 M.K. VASUJI  
 AUTHORIZED EXAMINER

*M.K. Vasuji*  
 KANTHARAJ K.  
 RGP/GOA/130/2008/A

*K.T. Ramachandra*  
 RGP/ENG/D40/88/A

These results given on this certificate relate to the samples received by us. In case of discrepancy in test results due to any reason, the authority of the laboratory reserves the right to re-examine the sample and issue a new certificate. The laboratory is not responsible for any damage or loss resulting from the use of the results given on this certificate.

# Essen & Co.

ESTD 1947

**ANALYTICAL CHEMISTS & ASSAYERS**  
(An ISO 9001 - 2008 Certified Company)  
Founded by: Dr. N. JAYARAMAN, M.A., D.Sc.  
Director : Dr. J. RAJARAM

5th Main Road,  
Cross,  
Opp. WPL,  
Mysore - 570 001.

CERT NO: AN/7524  
REGD. NO: 9091

DATE OF ISSUE : 31.12.2012  
DATE OF RECEIPT: 31.12.2012

SAMPLE WAS SUBMITTED BY THE PARTY

CUSTOMER NAME: M/S. STEEL AUTHORITY OF INDIA LIMITED,  
ADDRESS : (VISVESVARAYA IRON & STEEL LTD)  
BLAUBRAVAHII

SAMPLE : LIMESTONE  
MARK : LETTER REF.NO. BGD 103/TENDER-13M MP/2012/13 DT. 19.12.12  
LIMESTONE FROM BHANDIGUDA LIMESTONE MINES  
SAMPLE NO. SAIL/BGD/LST/SAMPLE NO.1.

TESTED AS PER I.S.I.760

PARAMETERS	PROTOCOL	RESULTS
SILICA (SiO <sub>2</sub> )	PART-1991 REAFFIRMED 2001	7.03 %
CALCIUM OXIDE (CaO)	PART-3-1992 REAFFIRMED 2001	<1.42 %
MAGNESIUM OXIDE (MgO)	PART-3-1992 REAFFIRMED 2001	6.11 %

FOR ESSEN & CO.

AUTHORISED SIGNATORY

M.K. VASUJA

EC/QCF/17



# Essen & Co.

ESTD. '54

**ANALYTICAL CHEMISTS & ASSAYERS**  
(An ISO 9001 - 2008 Certified Company)  
Founded by: Dr. N. JAYARAMAN, M.A., D.Sc.  
Director : Dr. J. RAJARAM

EC/QCF/17



No: AN/7525  
No: 9092

DATE OF ISSUE : 31.12.2012  
DATE OF RECEIPT: 31.12.2012

SAMPLE WAS SUBMITTED BY THE PARTY

CUSTOMER NAME: M/S. STEEL AUTHORITY OF INDIA LIMITED,  
ESS : (VISVESVARAYA IRON & STEEL LTD)  
BHADRAYATHI

P - LIMESTONE

: LETTER REF.NO. BGD 103/TENDER-JBM MP/2012/13 D1. 19.12.12  
LIMESTONE FROM BHANDIGUDA LIMESTONE MINES  
SAMPLE NO. SAIL/BGD/LST/SAMPLE NO.2.

TESTED AS PER I.S.I.760

PARAMETERS	PROTOCOL	RESULTS
SILICA (SiO <sub>2</sub> )	PART-1991 REAFFIRMED 2001	6.87 %
CALCIUM CXIDE (CaO)	PART-3-1992 REAFFIRMED 2001	43.58 %
MAGNESIUM OXIDE (MgO)	PART-3-1992 REAFFIRMED 2001	5.81 %

FOR ESSEN & CO.

AUTHORISED SIGNATORY

M.K. VASUJA



STEEL AUTHORITY OF INDIA LIMITED  
VISVESVARAYA IRON & STEEL PLANT, BHADRAVATI  
ENVIRONMENT MANAGEMENT DEPARTMENT

U2000 : 20/08/2011

Code	Area	SDS	Date	RPM	SDS	Date
<b>Buffet Zone</b>						
A-2	Bachchundi Village	25	10/07/11	15000	1.00	1.00
A-3	Bajrekhali Village	25	22/08/11	22.80	1.00	1.00
A-4	Gor gur	25	27/08/11	27.70	1.00	1.00
<b>Cone Zone</b>						
A-1	Cone Zone-Dhurka Dera	25	28/06/11	28.00	1.00	1.00
A-2	Leading Point	25	27/07/11	27.01	1.00	1.00
A-3	Dhurka Point	27	26/07/11	26.56	1.00	1.00
A-4	Point Road	27	27/07/11	27.05	1.00	1.00

Harm (kg/mm<sup>2</sup>) - RPM : 100 SDS : 80 NODX : 80

CC:  
ACV Mines & Fin



Dr. Manager EM

STEEL AUTHORITY OF INDIA LIMITED  
VISVESVARAYA IRON & STEEL PLANT, BHADRAVATI  
ENVIRONMENT MANAGEMENT DEPARTMENT

Date: 21/11/2011

Code	Area	Avg	FPM	SDS	SDS	Date
<b>Buffet Zone</b>						
A-2	Bardoli Village	27	15000	29.11	1.25	1.00
A-3	Bajrekhali Village	26	29.03	2.56	2.56	2.56
A-4	Gor gur	26	47.14	1.49	1.00	1.00
<b>Cone Zone</b>						
A-1	Cone Zone-Dhurka Dera	28	22.5	2.01	2.01	2.01
A-2	Leading Point	27	30.01	2.73	1.50	1.50
A-3	Dhurka Point	27	31.03	3.01	1.00	1.00
A-4	Point Road	27	31.24	2.97	1.50	1.50

Harm (kg/mm<sup>2</sup>) - RPM : 100 SDS : 80 NODX : 80

CC  
Divisional B-3N

Dr. Manager EM

V.K. Patel

Dr. Manager EM



STEEL AUTHORITY OF INDIA LIMITED  
VISVESVARAYA IRON & STEEL PLANT, BHADRAVATI  
ENVIRONMENT MANAGEMENT DEPARTMENT

Date: 18/01/2012

Code	Area	Avg.	BEN	Sc <sub>o</sub>	NOK
<b>Buffer Zone</b>					
A.2	Backward Village	28.00	26.50	1.50	4.78
A.3	Backward Village	27.00	27.04	1.00	5.25
A.4	Large	25.00	25.05	2.21	4.15
<b>Core Zone</b>					
A.1	Cat. 2 User Building Complex	29.00	33.85	1.12	5.72
A.5	Loading Point	28.00	34.30	1.60	5.25
A.6	Drilling Point	30.00	36.42	1.62	5.12
A.7	Highway Road	27.00	30.74	1.62	5.12

Name (Signature) - RPW 100, Su, 30, NOK - 80

CC:  
DGM-Advices & EM



STEEL AUTHORITY OF INDIA LIMITED  
VISVESVARAYA IRON & STEEL PLANT, BHADRAVATI  
ENVIRONMENT MANAGEMENT DEPARTMENT

Date: 12/04/2012

Code	Area	Avg.	BEN	Sc <sub>o</sub>	NOK
<b>Buffer Zone</b>					
A.2	Backward Village	3	23.8	3.25	4.35
A.3	Backward Village	20	27.7	1.42	4.28
A.4	Sanjour	31	36.1	1.23	4.34
<b>Core Zone</b>					
A.1	Long Zone- During Construction	26	52.1	1.52	7.94
A.5	Loading Point	24	64.42	2.42	6.54
A.6	Drilling Point	35	65.52	1.59	7.65
A.7	-Sanjour Road	35	67.58	1.38	7.83

Name (Signature) - RPW 120, Su, EC NOK - 80

CC:  
DGM-Advices & EM

(B.S. Venkateswaran)  
AGM (ED & EM)



STEEL AUTHORITY OF INDIA LIMITED  
VISVESVARAYA IRON & STEEL PLANT, BHADRAVATI  
ENVIRONMENT MANAGEMENT DEPARTMENT  
DATE: 16/05/2012

Area	Buffer Zone	SO <sub>2</sub>	NO <sub>x</sub>	PM <sub>10</sub>	Sc.	Note
A.2	Bagind Village	29	23.8	120.73	(Karnataka)	
A.3	Bacchera Village	30	27.7	1.05	5.4	E.1
A.4	Golgi	29	32.1	1.32	5.75	
<b>Core Zone</b>						
A.1	Cone Tower-During Operation	31	36.78	1.5	3.2	
A.5	Loadout Point	32	39.0	2.3	16.60	
A.6	Drilling Point	31	39.73	2.8	16.40	
A.7	Haulage Road	31	37.63	2.75	12.00	

Units (kg/m<sup>3</sup>) - SO<sub>2</sub>: 100, NO<sub>x</sub>: 90, NOX: 60

DGM/Mines & RW



STEEL AUTHORITY OF INDIA LIMITED  
VISVESVARAYA IRON & STEEL PLANT, BHADRAVATI  
ENVIRONMENT MANAGEMENT DEPARTMENT  
DATE: 27/1/2012

Area	Buffer Zone	SO <sub>2</sub>	NO <sub>x</sub>	PM <sub>10</sub>	Sc.	Note
A.2	Panchure Village	29	149.73	120.73	(Karnataka)	
A.3	Eddechagi Village	26	25.74	0.14	4.02	
A.4	Golgi	26	25.34	0.09	3.96	
<b>Core Zone</b>						
A.1	Cone Tower-During Operation	26.5	33.43	1.5	5.12	
A.5	Loadout Point	29	22.45	2.01	3.12	
A.6	Drilling Point	28	24.05	1.04	5.04	
A.7	Haulage Road	28	31.01	2.05	5.15	

Units (kg/m<sup>3</sup>) - SO<sub>2</sub>: 100, NO<sub>x</sub>: 60

DGM/Mines & RW



In Environment

AGM (EDS ENV.)



STEEL AUTHORITY OF INDIA LIMITED  
VISVESVARAYA IRON & STEEL PLATEY, BROADAWAII  
ENVIRONMENT MANAGEMENT REPORT

No. E/5/13/2011

Code	Area	Buffer Zone	A-9 m/m	B/10 m/m	P/N m/m	S/S m/m	H/2K m/m
4-2	Residential Area	50.00	50.00	57.6	51.8	51.0	52.03
4-3	Barathali Village	51.00	51.00	57.19	52.21	54.03	54.01
5-4	Village	54.00	54.00	65.11	51.9	54.5	54.5
	<b>Core Zone</b>						
6-1	Cit + Z.C + D + Ind. Ch. etc	57.9	57.9	58.69	51.18	57.01	57.03
6-3	Leading Part	57.3	57.3	54.98	54.42	57.03	57.03
6-6	Drilling Point	57.3	57.3	54.33	51.22	55.92	55.92
6-7	Hauling Zone	57.2	57.2	52.57	52.48	55.95	55.95

Units : kg/m<sup>2</sup>-m<sup>2</sup> ICF - SC - 80 - NCX - 83

CC  
SCM-NLMS-S-RN

B/S  
Vembanad  
Udum (E23 & E/W)



TABLE NO. 10  
MONITORING DATA FOR VARIOUS MONITORING POINTS  
IN ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT MONITORING

Location NS-4 Dugout		Monitoring values		Location NS-5 Lining		Monitoring values		Location NS-6 Hauling Road		Monitoring values	
Dugout	Point	max mm	Min mm	Loc No.	Lining	max mm	Min mm	Loc No.	Lining	max mm	Min mm
Aug-11	63.30	52.0	50.00	Aug-11	86.00	80.00	65.33	Aug-1	76.00	69.00	71.00
Nov-11	63.30	52.0	51.00	Nov-11	87.00	81.00	81.20	Nov-1	86.00	74.00	74.00
Nov-12	63.30	53.0	52.00	Nov-12	84.00	82.00	83.53	Nov-2	89.00	80.00	84.00
Aug-12	63.30	53.23	52.40	Aug-12	87.00	80.20	82.33	Aug-1	78.40	59.00	74.0
Aug-12	63.30	53.0	52.60	Aug-12	88.00	82.00	83.33	Aug-2	87.40	71.00	75.0
Nov-12	63.30	52.0	52.00	Nov-10	81.00	83.00	85.33	Nov-2	86.00	76.00	75.00
Nov-13	63.30	52.0	52.00	Nov-12	87.00	83.00	82.33	Nov-3	86.50	86.00	86.00
Average	63.30	52.19	51.98	Average	85.28	81.31	81.34	Average	84.72	87.39	84.57
Location NS-5 Lining		Monitoring values		Location NS-5 Lining		Monitoring values		Location NS-5 Lining		Monitoring values	
Dugout	Point	max mm	Min mm	Loc No.	Lining	max mm	Min mm	Loc No.	Lining	max mm	Min mm
Aug-11	Z-6	49.60	38.00	Aug-11	86.00	83.00	81.33	Aug-1	84.00	1.348	1.348
Nov-11	Z-6	49.0	38.00	Nov-11	87.00	84.00	86.33	Nov-1	85.00	2.410	2.410
Nov-12	Z-6	50.0	45.0	Nov-12	87.00	84.00	85.33	Nov-2	85.00	28.00	28.00
Aug-12	Z-6	50.50	45.50	Aug-12	85.00	84.00	84.33	Aug-1	84.10	48.50	48.50
Nov-12	Z-6	50.50	45.50	Nov-12	85.00	84.00	84.33	Nov-2	84.10	48.00	48.00
Aug-12	Z-6	50.00	45.00	Aug-12	85.00	84.00	84.33	Aug-1	84.10	48.00	48.00
Nov-12	Z-6	50.00	45.00	Nov-12	85.00	84.00	84.33	Nov-2	84.10	48.00	48.00
Average	Z-6	49.75	39.50	Average	87.15	85.00	85.00	Average	84.45	28.50	28.50
Location NS-6 Hauling Road		Monitoring values		Location NS-6 Hauling Road		Monitoring values		Location NS-6 Hauling Road		Monitoring values	
Haulage	Point	max mm	Min mm	Loc No.	Lining	max mm	Min mm	Loc No.	Lining	max mm	Min mm
Z-6-1	40.0	25.0	48.00	Z-6-1	93.00	91.00	90.33	Z-6-1	84.00	1.348	1.348
NS-6-1	5-10	55.00	45.00	NS-6-1	93.00	87.00	87.33	NS-6-1	84.00	1.348	1.348
Z-6-1	4-10	43.0	33.0	Z-6-1	93.00	87.00	87.33	Z-6-1	84.00	1.348	1.348
Z-6-1	6-10	53.0	43.0	Z-6-1	93.00	87.00	87.33	Z-6-1	84.00	1.348	1.348
Z-6-1	5-10	52.0	42.0	Z-6-1	93.00	87.00	87.33	Z-6-1	84.00	1.348	1.348
Z-6-1	6-10	52.0	42.0	Z-6-1	93.00	87.00	87.33	Z-6-1	84.00	1.348	1.348
NS-6-1	5-10	52.0	42.0	NS-6-1	93.00	87.00	87.33	NS-6-1	84.00	1.348	1.348
Z-6-1	5-10	52.0	42.0	Z-6-1	93.00	87.00	87.33	Z-6-1	84.00	1.348	1.348
Z-6-1	5-10	52.0	42.0	Z-6-1	93.00	87.00	87.33	Z-6-1	84.00	1.348	1.348
Average	Z-6-1	43.86	31.64	Average	93.55	81.86	84.14	Average	84.85	1.348	1.348

All values are in mm above the ground level

NAME : \_\_\_\_\_ DATE : \_\_\_\_\_



STEEL AUTHORITY OF INDIA LIMITED  
VIVIENNE VARANA IRON & STEEL PLANT, BHARATVARA  
PUNJAB-KASHMIR REGION, DEPARTMENT OF MINES  
Dec. 31, 1958.

Code	Area	Name	Code	Name
NS-1	Core Zone	NS-1	NS-6	NS-6
NS-1	Badrashah Village	NS-3	NS-3	NS-9
NS-2	Kadampur Village	NS-10	NS-9	NS-7
NS-4	Kanpur	NS-10	NS-10	NS-9
NS-4	Core Zone	NS-11	NS-11	NS-8
NS-4	Core Zone-Badrashah Village	NS-12	NS-12	NS-9
NS-5	Badshah Patti	NS-13	NS-13	NS-13
NS-5	Bridge Road	NS-14	NS-14	NS-13
NS-7	Willing Farm	NS-15	NS-15	NS-8

Note : Unit Decides all/Any

No. House Monitoring Sections

CC.

DGM Mine/CS M



Dec. 31, 1958.

STEEL AUTHORITY OF INDIA LIMITED  
VIVIENNE VARANA IRON & STEEL PLANT, BHARATVARA  
PUNJAB-KASHMIR REGION, DEPARTMENT OF MINES

Code	Area	Name	Code	Name
NS-1	Core Zone	NS-1	NS-1	NS-1
NS-1	Badrashah Village	NS-2	NS-2	NS-2
NS-2	Kadampur Village	NS-3	NS-3	NS-3
NS-3	Gangur	NS-4	NS-4	NS-4
NS-4	Core Zone	NS-5	NS-5	NS-5
NS-5	Bridge Road	NS-6	NS-6	NS-6
NS-5	House No. 1	NS-7	NS-7	NS-7
NS-7	Bridge Road 1	NS-8	NS-8	NS-8

Note : In - Decided, off A  
No. House Monitoring Sections

CC.

Chairman Monitoring Section



CC. Chairman Monitoring Section

CC. Chairman Monitoring Section

STEEL AUTHORITY OF INDIA LIMITED  
VISVAVARAIRON & STEEL PLANT, WALKARNI  
ENTREPRENEURSHIP PARK (WEST) [T.N.S.M.]  
Date : 20/01/2017

Code	Area	Stock Level India	Stock Level USA
HS-1	Baldiguda Village	5.5	5.0
HS-2	Ranibehal Village	5.4	5.5
HS-3	Gangar	4.7	4.6
HS-4	Lore Zone - Online Operation	6.5	5.5
HS-5	Building Plot	0.1	0.2
HS-6	HS-1 to HS-3 Total	20.7	20.7
HS-7	Building Plot	0.6	0.5

Date : 20/01/2017  
Visva Variron & Steel Plant

CC  
SOMADEV, SAI



STEEL AUTHORITY OF INDIA LIMITED  
VISVAVARAIRON & STEEL PLANT, BIJAPURAYA  
ENTREPRENEURSHIP PARK (WEST)  
Date : 20/01/2017

Code	Area	Stock Level India	Stock Level USA
HS-1	Baldiguda Village	57.5	5.0
HS-2	Ranibehal Village	56.4	4.6
HS-3	Gangar	5.5	2.0
HS-4	Lore Zone - Online Operation	6.8	5.2
HS-5	Building Plot	0.7	0.8
HS-6	Building Plot	91.2	7
HS-7	Building Plot	88.5	84.6

Date : 20/01/2017  
Visva Variron & Steel Plant

CC  
SOMADEV, SAI



STEEL AUTHORITY  
OF INDIA



STATE AUTHORITY OF INDIA LIMITED  
VISWASAKA IRON & STEEL LTD. (NITI)  
DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL AFFAIRS  
[2016] 598/2012

Code	Area	Base Level	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
NS-1	Guliyar Village	NS-1	2.5	2.2	4.5
NS-2	Kadavath Village	NS-2	3.1	4.1	4.2
NS-3	Gangar	NS-3	3.5	3.5	4.5
NS-4	Core Zone-During Operation	NS-4	3.8	3.8	3.8
NS-5	to 3 km Pofha	NS-5	3.2	3.5	3.5
NS-6	Hudzor Road	NS-6	3.2	3.2	3.2
NS-7	Indirapuram	NS-7	3.2	3.2	3.2

Note: (1) Core Area  
NS-4, NS-5, NS-6, NS-7

NS-1, NS-2, NS-3

CC  
EGP/AM/MS/ERD



STEEL AUTHORITY OF INDIA LIMITED  
VISWASAKA IRON & STEEL LTD., BHARAVAI  
ENVIRONMENT MANAGEMENT DEPARTMENT  
Date: 27/11/2012

Code	Area	Base Level	Peak	Base Level	Peak
NS-1	Outer Area	1.60	1.60	1.60	1.60
NS-2	Background Village	3.6	5.0	4.5	4.5
NS-3	Background Village	3.8	4.5	4.5	4.5
NS-4	Gangar	4.2	5.2	4.5	5.2
NS-5	Guliyar Village	3.8	4.5	4.5	4.5
NS-6	Core Zone-During operation	3.5	5.5	3.5	5.5
NS-7	Indirapuram	3.5	4.5	3.5	4.5
NS-8	Hudzor Road	3.2	4.0	3.5	4.0
NS-9	Drilling Point	3.1	3.5	3.5	3.5

Copy sent to S.A.D.A.

(S. Suresh M.P./O/EM/ESTC)

CC  
Contractor/S.E./



BS (M.T.O./O/EM)

Substituted by



Sl.No.	Type of water	D	Depth	Quality	Temperature	NORM as per IS 12600:1991			DO	T Alkalinity	DO
						65-85	85	90-95			
1	Mineral water	CL	No	27	730	65	370	300	10.20	>80	18
2	Mines or other water	CL	No	25	720	64	410	190	19.00	>70	16
3	Badrang village	CL	No	26	750	65	360	200	9.40	>10	12
4	Badrang village	CL	No	26	7-9	62	350	385	19.12	>80	15
5	Gangotri village	CL	No	27	740	65	400	270	10.10	>10	17
6	Kannanlodi village	CL	No	28	7-9	61	410	240	0.60	<10	13
7	Doddan village	CL	No	27	760	73	410	225	9.40	>60	16
8	Badrang village	CL	No	27	740	65	400	230	9.40	>60	12
9	Badrang village	CL	No	28	7-9	64	410	240	8.80	>60	13

Note: 1. HOD: No Cease Chhawani, CO: Salar Chhawani  
B.O.I.: Bahadur Deobari Lalwani, CL: Calcutta, SBC: Elgin Brown Cellar  
2. All dimensions are in feet except pl & Terrestrial

Dy. Manager (Mines)  
CC: QC

CHHAWANI  
B.O.I./SBC/A



Sl.	D	Depth	Quality	Temperature	NORM as per IS 12600:1991			DO	T Alkalinity	DO
					65-85	85	90-95			
1	27	730	65	370	300	10.20	>80	18		
2	25	720	64	410	190	19.00	>70	16		
3	26	750	65	360	200	9.40	>10	12		
4	26	7-9	62	350	385	19.12	>80	15		
5	27	740	65	400	270	10.10	>10	17		
6	28	7-9	61	410	240	0.60	<10	13		
7	27	760	73	410	225	9.40	>60	16		
8	27	740	65	400	230	9.40	>60	12		
9	28	7-9	64	410	240	8.80	>60	13		

(Signature)

Date: 22/02/2011

1.2. (i) After analysis, following conclusions have been drawn:

(a) The water is slightly alkaline in nature.

(b) The water is slightly hard.

(c) The water is slightly mineralized.

Viswanarayana Iyer & Son

Date: 23/02/2011

Sl No	Type of water	Colour	Dilution	NORM as per IS: 10550:1991				DO	T Alkalinity	250 Chloride
				500	1000	TDS	Total hardness			
1	Mines pH water	Cl.	Raw	27	7.50	50	380	300	270	165
2	Mines carbonatated water	Ca	Raw	25	7.20	47	410	232	350	170
3	Blue Earth village	Cl.	Raw	23	7.50	60	405	275	329	151
4	Baldia village	Cl.	Raw	27	7.20	60	393	238	350	160
5	Bangar village	Cl.	Raw	28	7.50	70	473	285	700	175
6	Yamneri village	Cl.	Raw	25	7.10	68	413	208	350	165
7	Dandla village	Cl.	Raw	25	7.50	72	442	276	310	180
8	Baldia village	Cl.	Raw	27	7.20	10	423	265	349	170
9	Baldia village	Cl.	Raw	25	7.50	60	420	285	349	170
								340	165	165

Note : 1. NOC : No Odour Observed, DO : Colour Observed  
 2. D.L : Below Detectable Level CL : Colourless, DG : Slight Brown Colour  
 3. All Parameters are in mg/l except pH & Temperature

R.V. Manager (W.M.A.)

CC: D.O.C



## STEEL AUTHORITY OF INDIA LIMITED

Visvesvaraya Iron &amp; Steel Plant

Date : 12-04-2012

Sl No	Type of water	Colour	Dilution	NORM as per IS: 10550:1991				DO	T Alkalinity	250 Chloride
				500	1000	TDS	Total hardness			
1	Mines pH water	Cl.	Raw	28	7.30	65	413	210	310	180
2	Mines carbonatated water	Cl.	Raw	25	7.60	75	423	270	320	185
3	Bangar village	Cl.	Raw	29	7.40	60	457	230	320	180
4	Baldia village	Cl.	Raw	28	7.60	63	382	210	330	190
5	Baldia village	Cl.	Raw	25	7.40	73	423	230	350	195
6	Bangar village	Cl.	Raw	25	7.40	80	453	285	344	190
7	Baldia village	Cl.	Raw	25	7.50	65	457	225	340	195
8	Baldia village	Cl.	Raw	25	7.20	85	410	220	323	175
9	Baldia village	Cl.	Raw	28	7.50	70	440	235	340	185

Note : 1. NOC : No Odour Observed, DO : Colour Observed  
 2. D.L : Below Detectable Level CL : Colourless, DG : Slight Brown Colour  
 3. All Parameters are in mg/l except pH & Temperature

R.V. Manager (W.M.A.)

CC: D.O.C



Stamp of Section  
 M.G. Departmental Seal  
 M.G. Govt. of Maharashtra  
 M.G. Govt. of Maharashtra  
 M.G. Govt. of Maharashtra

Q-15-209  
Q-15-209

STEEL AUTHORITY OF INDIA LIMITED  
Visvesvaraya Iron & Steel Plant  
Wardha-Vidarbha Division  
MATERIALS INSPECTION DEPARTMENT

Q-15-209

SAC: Analyst Range or B.G.C. Rains & Samudrauli village  
Ref: Requisition from D/P Manager - Mysore dated 4-1-2012

Date: 11-11-2012

Visvesvaraya Iron & Steel Plant

Wardha-Vidarbha Division  
MATERIALS INSPECTION DEPARTMENT

Q-15-209  
Q-15-209

Sl. No.	Type of water	NORM AS PER IS: 0500:1981							220	250
		3	Color	Temperature	85-95	90	TDS	Total Hardness		
1	Water in tanks	CL	Noo	25	750	40	555	135	13.00	14.0
2	Water in tanks	CL	Noo	27	740	60	495	125	9.80	10.5
3	Water in tanks	CL	Noo	25	720	50	399	125	12.0	13.2
4	Water in tanks	CL	Noo	26	700	84	420	126	8.85	9.6
5	Water in tanks	CL	Noo	28	720	70	430	125	10.80	11.6
6	Water in tanks	CL	Noo	27	730	72	425	120	12.50	13.2
7	Water in tanks	CL	Noo	27	720	47	430	120	8.65	9.4
8	Water in tanks	CL	Noo	28	720	72	380	120	10.00	10.8
9	Water in tanks	CL	Noo	26	730	60	470	120	10.40	11.2

Q-15-209 No. 0500:1981  
Date: 11-11-2012  
SAC: Analyst Range or B.G.C. Rains & Samudrauli village  
Ref: Requisition from D/P Manager - Mysore dated 4-1-2012

Q-15-209  
Q-15-209

Kishan  
Head of Section  
Chemical Laboratory  
Wardha-Vidarbha Division  
Visvesvaraya Iron & Steel Plant  
Wardha-Vidarbha Division  
Visvesvaraya Iron & Steel Plant

Q-15-209  
Q-15-209

Sl. No.	Type of water	3	Color	Temperature	NORM AS PER IS: 0500:1981			220	250
					85-95	90	TDS		
1	Water in tanks	CL	Noo	25	750	40	555	135	13.00
2	Water in tanks	CL	Noo	27	740	60	495	125	10.5
3	Water in tanks	CL	Noo	25	720	50	399	125	12.0
4	Water in tanks	CL	Noo	26	700	84	420	126	9.6
5	Water in tanks	CL	Noo	28	720	70	430	125	11.6
6	Water in tanks	CL	Noo	27	730	72	425	120	13.2
7	Water in tanks	CL	Noo	27	720	47	430	120	8.4
8	Water in tanks	CL	Noo	28	720	72	380	120	10.8
9	Water in tanks	CL	Noo	26	730	60	470	120	11.2

Q-15-209 No. 0500:1981  
Date: 11-11-2012  
SAC: Analyst Range or B.G.C. Rains & Samudrauli village  
Ref: Requisition from D/P Manager - Mysore dated 4-1-2012

Q-15-209  
Q-15-209

07/09/2007

Form 7

TNG/2007/003778  
MAHALINGAM K  
KALMUTTUAN

22-12 RNO 2/26, PADAIYAVENDA  
TUR THIRUVALLADAIK

M DRIVING SCHOOL  
2794/1982

ANNEXURE NO. 10

MRN: TNG/2/2794/003778/27942 30/07/2002 22-09-14 PM  
Valid to drive throughout India, subject to the following conditions:  
1. VCL. W4 0799/2997 TNGAZ L2WV 0799/2997 TNGAZ

Transport Veh Valid upto : 24/04/2017  
Exp Date : NL : 24/04/2017

KANTHARAJ K.  
ROP/GOA/1307929/A

K.T.RAMACHANDRA  
ROP/BNG/040/88/A

STEEL AUTHORITY OF INDIA LIMITED

VITRUS VARA A. (An & Steel Plant)

Stamp issued by D.O.O. Vitrus & surrounding villages

Stamp issued by D.O.O. Vitrus & surrounding villages

Sl No.	Type of vehicle	Length feet	Width feet	Height feet	Capacity ton	Total weight ton	Permissible load ton	Permissible over load ton
1	Min. truck	12	2.40	3.80	15.00	15.00	10.00	1.00
2	Open carrier van	12	2.40	3.80	10.00	10.00	7.00	1.00
3	Box slinger van	12	2.40	3.80	10.00	10.00	7.00	1.00
4	Box body slinger	12	2.40	3.80	10.00	10.00	7.00	1.00
5	Empty van	12	2.40	3.80	10.00	10.00	7.00	1.00
6	Van with load	12	2.40	3.80	10.00	10.00	7.00	1.00
7	Truck 10 ton	12	2.40	3.80	10.00	10.00	7.00	1.00
8	Truck 12 ton	12	2.40	3.80	12.00	12.00	8.00	1.00
9	Truck 15 ton	12	2.40	3.80	15.00	15.00	10.00	1.00
10	Truck 20 ton	12	2.40	3.80	20.00	20.00	14.00	1.00
11	Truck 25 ton	12	2.40	3.80	25.00	25.00	17.50	1.00
12	Truck 30 ton	12	2.40	3.80	30.00	30.00	22.00	1.00
13	Truck 40 ton	12	2.40	3.80	40.00	40.00	30.00	1.00
14	Truck 50 ton	12	2.40	3.80	50.00	50.00	38.00	1.00
15	Truck 60 ton	12	2.40	3.80	60.00	60.00	45.00	1.00

Note : 1. POC : No. 0402 Chettinad : QC : QC  
2. Brix : Range : Demolition : Van : Cranes : 0.000  
3. All Permits are In Effect as of 10/09/2006

ANNEXURE NO. 1)



CERTIFICATE OF RECOGNITION AS  
QUALIFIED PERSON TO PREPARE MINING PLANS

(Under Rule 22C of Mineral Concession Rules, 1960)

Sri KANTHARAJ K. *testum*

SILVA - GOA *scd*

KANTHARAJ K., having given satisfactory

evidence of his qualifications and experience is hereby granted recognition

under Rule 22C of the Mineral Concession Rules, 1960 as a Qualified Person to prepare Mining Plans

His registration number is RQP/GOA/130/200/A



This recognition is valid for a period of two years

5.10.2002

*C.S.K. Viana*

Regional Controller of Mines  
Indian Bureau of Mines  
Goa Regional Office

*Chennai*  
K.T.RAMACHANDRA  
RQP/BNG/040/88/A

*Muthu*  
KANTHARAJ K.  
RQP/GOA/130/200/A

5/10/2002 या तारिखीला लिहारा तरा  
RECEIVED ON 5TH OCTOBER, 2002

केन्द्रीय संचालक  
Regional Controller of Mines  
भारतीय चालन बोर्ड  
Indian Bureau of Mines  
गोवा विभाग

5/10/2002 या तारिखीला लिहारा तरा  
RECEIVED ON 5TH OCTOBER, 2002

केन्द्रीय संचालक  
Regional Controller of Mines  
भारतीय चालन बोर्ड  
Indian Bureau of Mines  
गोवा विभाग  
Mumbai - India





CERTIFICATE OF RECOGNITION AS  
QUALIFIED PERSON TO PREPARE MINING PLANS  
(Under Rule 22 (c) of Mineral Concession Rules 1960)

Mr. L. S. RAO CHALMADA, resident  
CHITRADHARA MURTI, T. V. resident  
D. P. TULIPREDDY, having given satisfactory  
of his qualifications and experience is hereby granted recognition  
Rule 22 (c) of the Mineral Concession Rules, 1960 as a Qualified  
to prepare Mining Plans.

The registration number is 102 / 1040 / 040 / 83 / 8.

This recognition is valid for a period of two years

02.10.1990

(Ms. Shrawan)  
Regional Controller of Mines  
Indian Bureau of Mines  
Bengaluru  
Date: 24.10.1990

Regional Controller of Mines  
Indian Bureau of Mines  
Bengaluru

BANGALORE  
02.10.1990 Dated 24.10.1990  
02.10.90 Registered 04.10.1990  
02.10.90  
Regional Controller of Mines  
Indian Bureau of Mines  
Bengaluru



Dated 24.10.1990  
Received upto 9.10.1990  
Dated 24.10.1990  
Regional Controller of Mines  
Indian Bureau of Mines  
Bengaluru

## ANNEXURE NO. 12



Feasibility report on

Bhandiquddo Limestone Mine

of

M/s. SAIL - VSL Bhadravathy.

*Alathur*

KANTHARAJ K.

RQPIGOA/138/2600/A

*Shenoy*

K.T.RAMACHANDRA  
RQP/BNG/040/88/A

## FEASIBILITY REPORT ON BHANDIQUDDO LIMESTONE MINE OF M/S. SAIL - VSL

## LOCATION AND ACCESSIBILITY:

The said mine falls in the village Bhandiquddo, under the survey No. 1 (part) of Bhadravathy Taluk, Shimoga district of Karnataka State. This Mine lies towards east of northeast of Bhadravathi town and is at a distance of 18.0 Kms (Aerial distance). The mine is accessible by all weather roads from Bhadravathi town till the mine site. A key plan showing the lease area and its surrounding up to 10.0 kms is enclosed as Plate No. 1 and location Map showing the lease area and its accessibility is enclosed as Plate No. 2. A surface plan showing the detailed survey of the said mine with contour interval of 5.0 M and all the surface features is enclosed as Plate No. 4.

Apart from the above survey, G.P.S reading of all the boundary pillars has been recorded by V.G.S 84 datum the latitude and longitude of the are shown in below table;

Sl. No.	B.P. No.	Latitude (N)	Longitude (E)
1	A	13° 53' 02.0"	75° 50' 45.5"
2	B	13° 53' 09.3"	75° 50' 47.2"
3	C	13° 53' 07.9"	75° 50' 55.3"
4	D	13° 53' 09.0"	75° 51' 06.7"
5	E	13° 53' 08.2"	75° 51' 12.3"
6	F	13° 53' 11.9"	75° 51' 13.0"
7	G	13° 53' 11.0"	75° 51' 15.5"
8	H	13° 53' 09.5"	75° 51' 15.5"
9	I	13° 53' 04.2"	75° 51' 22.0"
10	J	13° 52' 58.2"	75° 51' 2.1"
11	K	13° 52' 58.4"	75° 51' 29.5"
12	L	13° 52' 53.5"	75° 51' 30.7"
13	M	13° 52' 59.8"	75° 51' 30.5"

Apart from the establishing and fixing above boundary pillars, Three Ground Control Points (GCP) has been fixed and linked with the boundary pillars.

The details of GCPs are shown below

G.C.P. No.	Details of G.C.P.	Latitude (N)	Longitude (E)	R.L.
1	Water Tank	13° 53' 04.4"	75° 50' 43.2"	704.50
2	Mariamma temple	13° 53' 07.7"	75° 50' 34.9"	703.10
3	Taluk boundary pillar	13° 53' 11.5"	75° 51' 33.2"	868.00

**FEASIBILITY REPORT ON BHANDIGUDDA LIMESTONE MINE OF  
M/S. SAIL - VISL - BHADRAVATHY.**

**INTRODUCTION**

M/s. Steel Authority of India having their Steel Plant at Bhadravathi under the banner Visvesvaraya Iron & Steel Ltd., which is undertaken by Government of India. This lease was initially granted over an area of 97.12 Ha during the year 1963. Where presently the entire area falls under Forest. Thereafter this lease has been renewed two times the first renewal was on 1983 and second was on 2003. During the second renewal 37.00 ha of Forest land was surrendered to the Government and only 40.12 ha was retained for Mining purpose where more or less entire area is broken. Both the renewals were for a period of Twenty years. The last renewal i.e. the second renewal was renewed on 15.05.2011 and it was effective from 01.04.2003 onwards for a period of twenty years; presently this lease is valid till 31.03.2023. A copy of the lease deed is enclosed as Annexure No. 1. A copy of the lease sketch is enclosed as Plate No. 3.

Presently this lessee is having a valid Scheme of Mining purposes for the year 08-09 to 2012-13 and the same was approved vide your office letter No. MS / SMG / Lst - 112 - 52 dated 27.06.2008 a copy of the said approval letter is enclosed as Annexure No. 2. The said Scheme of Mining is valid till 31.03.2013. Similarly a Scheme of Mining needs to be prepared for the forthcoming years i.e. from 2013 - 14 to 2017 - 18 for a period of five years and accordingly the said ensuing scheme has been prepared and submitted for your kind approval.

This mine is being operated by mechanized means and open cast method of mining. This mine's rated capacity is to produce 1,00,000 tonnes of Limestone per annum where there is a Environment clearance from the State Level Environment Impact Assessment Authority, Karnataka to produce 100 lakh tonnes of Limestone a copy of the Environment Clearance is enclosed as Annexure No. 3. Since the Entire area of 40.12 ha falling under forest, Forest Clearance was obtained for entire 40.12 ha. A copy of the forest diversion obtained so is enclosed as Annexure No. 4.

M/s. SAIL - VISL, having three mines nearby VISL steel plant to meet their requirement. The mines are as follows

Sl. No.	Name of the Mine	M. I. No.	Extent in Ha.
1.	Bhedigudda Limestone mine	2660	40.12
2.	Kenchapura Dundi Mines	2307	4.45
3.	Kemmangudi Iron ore mine	2	Classified as per MOEF order

BP - A lies towards  $132^{\circ} 30'$  with respect to north from G.C.P. No. 1 (Water well) at a distance of 110.00 M and similarly it lies  $130^{\circ} 10'$  with respect to north from G.C.P. No. 2 (Temple) at a distance of 374.00 M. Few photographs of the Mine working boundary, pillars and G.C.P. are enclosed as Plate No. 20, 21 & 22 respectively. All the G.C.P. points are marked on Environment Plan and enclosed as Plate No. 17.



**GEOLOGY AXIS : G.1 DETAILED EXPLORATION.**

**1. GEOLOGICAL SURVEY:**

The entire topographical survey of the said mine has been carried out with a contour interval of 5.0 mts, where all the surface features are surveyed and plotted on 1 : 2000 scale a surface plan of the same is enclosed as Plate No. 5. There after a detailed surface geological mapping was also carried out on 1 : 2000 scale. All the drilled boreholes, exposed different litho-units and its structural attitudes were surveyed and mapped. A geological plan showing all the geological features is enclosed as Plate No. 6.

Based on the available data, the strike length extends over an length of 800 mts and the width varies from 150 - 200 mts. And the depth persistence on an average is 150 mts.

Based upon the updating of the geological mapping and available exploration data, geological transverse cross section were prepared at a regular interval of 100.0 mts and a longitudinal section, where it shows the disposition of the Limestone and its associated formation. Geological Transverse cross section & Longitudinal cross section are prepared on 1 : 1000 scale is enclosed as Plate No. 7 & 8 respectively.

**2. GEO CHEMICAL SURVEY:**

Occurrence of Limestone which was noticed and the outcrop of the same is very much visible on the surface of the lease area. Analysis of surface sample was good indicator for occurrence at depth below. In fact visual observation itself was good enough to anticipate occurrence of the deposit. The observation has been subsequently substantiated with the help of drilling boreholes. Where the exploration was carried out by Department of Mines & Geology and National Mineral Development Corporation Ltd.,

The exploration, which was carried out by DMG and by NMDC was more than sufficient. Below table gives the details of exploration carried out.

SI No.	Exploration agency	No of B.H drilled	Cumulative meterage	Remarks
1.	Department of Mines & Geology	39	2,434.19	Core drill
2.	National Mineral Development Corporation Ltd., Govt. of India	14	1,801.10	Core drill
	Total	53	4,235.29	

Totally 62 boreholes were drilled, after surveying the area of 57.00 Ha and retaining only 40.12 ha for mining purpose, about 9 boreholes were gone outside the lease area. So only 53 boreholes are considered for reserves estimation and to establish the geological structure.

A list of boreholes drilled by DMG and NMDC is enclosed as Annexure No. 6 and few typical logs of the same is enclosed as Plate No. 8. Since the exploration has been carried out by way of core drilling in early series by DMG & NMDC the analysis report of the same is not available. However the grades so available with the log descriptions are enclosed as Annexure No. 7. Two face samples of Limestone analyzed by N A B L laboratory is enclosed as Annexure No. 8.

Exploration was carried out at a regular interval, and boreholes were extended up to a maximum depth varying from 335 mts. The samples were also analyzed at regular intervals varying from 1.0 - 2.0 mts in ore column and one sample in waste horizon. The samples analysed and its results are furnished in the borehole log enclosed as Plate No. 8.

### 3. GEO - PHYSICAL SURVEY:

Geophysical techniques are routinely used in an exploration program to help Petroleum Geologists to delineate areas favourable for the type of target being pursued. These techniques look beneath the soil/ surface cover. These techniques could be used to detect some minerals directly and some others indirectly and to map geological and structural features for exploration programmes.

In this particular case, it was not necessary to employ any of the geo-physical techniques to ascertain existence of mineralization below. It was evident on the basis of clear cut observation of limestone at the surface to anticipate occurrence of the ore body beneath, which has been supported by drilled boreholes at regular interval 200 X 200, 100.0 M X 100.0 M and also at places drilled in spacing of 50 M X 50 M by covering an area of 20.0 ha. Cross section were prepared at an interval of 100.0 M.

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### 4. TECHNOLOGICAL:

#### i. & ii. Pitting & Trenching :

Initially few pits were opened with a dimension of 0.5 mts X 0.5 mts X 1.00 mts. And all the pits have shown the positive results. There after it was planned to drill by diamond core drilling.

#### III. Drilling:

The exploration, which was carried out by DMG and by NMDC was more than sufficient. Below table shows the details of exploration carried out.

SI No.	Exploration agency	No of B.H drilled	Cumulative meterage	Remarks
1.	Department of Mines & Geology	39	2,434.19	Core drill
2.	National Mineral Development Corporation Ltd.	14	1,801.10	Core drill
	Total	53	4,235.29	

Totally 62 boreholes were drilled, after surveying the area of 57.00 Ha and retaining only 40.12 ha for mining purpose, about 9 boreholes were gone outside the lease area. So only 53 boreholes are considered for reserves estimation and to establish the geological structure.

A list of boreholes drilled by DMG and NMDC is enclosed as Annexure No. 6 and few typical logs of the same is enclosed as Plate No. 8. Since the exploration has been carried out by way of core drilling in early series by DMG & NMDC the analysis report of the same is not available. However the grades so available with the log descriptions are enclosed as Annexure No. 7. Two face samples of Limestone analyzed by N A B L laboratory is enclosed as Annexure No. 8.

A Geological plan showing the different litho unit and its structural attitudes, drilled holes are marked and enclosed as Plate No. 5, and the geological cross sections are prepared at regular interval of 100 mts and longitudinal sector has been prepared along N-990 (L-L'), showing the different litho units and limits of proven reserves which is marked as Plate No. 6 & 7. A typical borehole logs with chemical analysis of few boreholes is enclosed as Plate No. 8.

**v. Exploratory mining and check drilling result:**

Bulletin of Geological Survey of India has been a source guide and it was desirable for carrying out any exploratory mining or digging. Hence DMG & NMDC might have taken exploration in the said area.

**v. Sampling:**

Since pitting was carried out initially, the samples were prepared pit wise. But when exploration was carried out at an regular interval, all boreholes were extended up to a depth varying from 18 - 135 mts. The samples were also analyzed at regular interval varying from 1.0 - 2.0 mts in core column and one sample in waste horizon.

### A. PETROGRAPHIC AND MINERAGRAPHIC STUDY

Following are details of the various litho units exposed in this mine:

Litho units	Physical properties	Chemical properties (%)		
		CaO	Al <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub>	SiO <sub>2</sub>
Siltcover	Basically it is brownish Red to Brownish in colour with fine to medium grain size.	-	2.0 - 3.0	13.0 to 15.0
Phyllite	Pale pinkish to pinkish, soft in nature fine to medium grain size.	-	18 to 22	15 to 20
Limestone	Limestone occurs in this area with variegated colors such as pink, grey and black. Which was very hard and compact in nature.	35 to 55	2.50 to 3.50 8.00	15.50

Based on the prospecting and exploratory exercises carried out so far as said above for estimation of resource / reserves available at the subject mine, the reserves could be categorized under UNFC. Geological axis- G-1.

### FEASIBILITY AXIS : F 1 FEASIBILITY STUDY

#### I. GEOLOGY : Regional Geology :

Basically the said area falls in Bababudan group which belong Dharwar supergroup of Precambrian age.

The central curvilinear greenstone belt of Kamala running from south of Shimoga to north of Gadag. This belt is named as 'Cahrurga Schist Belt' this synthesizes the stratigraphy and structure of Dharwar Super Group and it is subdivided as follows (by M.N. Sivadas et al DSI mon - vol. 112 - 1981)

Group	Formations	Major lithology
Dharwar Super Group	Hiriyur	Greywacke, Argillite with minor basic and intermediate volcanics, Banded Feruginous Cherts and polymictic conglomerate.
	Engalkhal	Basic volcanics with minor proportions of Acidic fractionates, thin beds phasic sediments and sulphide / oxide facies of iron formations
	Vaniyilas	Banded Iron Formations, Manganese formations limestone Polymictic Conglomerates ("Salya") and Quartzite.
	Bababudan	Iron formations with local alterations of cross bedded quartzite, amygduloc basalt

The schist belt is divisible into three tecnic stratigraphic units. The lowest unit consists of Bababudan group, which deformed into a tightly suppressed syncline, the middle unit comprises the various Engalkhal formations and is deformed into an open fold system. The entire sequence except for the lowest part of the Bababudan group near the contact with the basement where the grade of Metamorphism attains the lower amphibolites facies. The lithological units in this Belt include Limestone, Green stones, quartz, amphibolites, shale and phyllite and which are metamorphosed granitic rocks.

The general strike of the lithological formation follows the trend of the hillocks which is trending NNW - SSE and the dips are easterly vertical to sub - vertical.

#### Local Geology

Entire area is covered with thin cap of topsoil. However, the normal succession of litho units as observed from the surface studies and updating of the geological map annually.

Topsoil  
Limestone  
Shale / Phyllite

The ore formations in general are associated with the Shale and Phyllite and clays on both the hanging and foot wall side. The geological formation as revealed from the field studies and exploration data is as follows:

## FEASIBILITY REPORT ON SHANDIGUDA LIMESTONE MINE OF M/S. SAIL - VISL

General strike	NNW - ESE with local variation of 10 to 15 degrees on either side.
Dip	moderate to sub vertical dips; general dips northerly
Thickness of	True thickness of both limestone and Dolomite varies from 100.00 - 150 meters.
Type of ore	Limestone which is hard in nature.

A Geological plan showing the geological features is enclosed as Plate No. 5.

#### Exploration:

The exploration, which was carried out by DMG and by NMDC was more than sufficient. Below table shows the details of exploration carried out:

Sl No.	Exploration agency	No of B H drilled	Cumulative meterage	Remarks
1.	Department of Mines & Geology	39	2,434.9	Core drill
2.	National Mineral Development Corporation Ltd.	14	1,801.0	Core drill
<b>Total</b>		<b>53</b>	<b>4,235.29</b>	

Totally 62 boreholes were drilled, after surrendering the area of 57.00 Ha and retaining only 40.12 ha for mining purpose, about 9 boreholes were gone outside the lease area. So only 53 boreholes are considered for reserves estimation and to establish the geological structure.

The above said 53 boreholes are drilled at an interval of 200 X 200, 100.0 M X 100.0 M and also at places it drilled in spacing of 50 M X 50 M by covering an area of 28.00 ha. Cross sections were prepared at an interval of 100.0 M based on the available exploration data and the surface geological mapping coupled together, it was found that the Limestone bed extends over an length of 900.0 M, width of the limestone is varying from 100.0 M to 500.0 M with an average width of 300.0 M. And the depth of the limestone is more than 100.00 M. The Bore Hole No. RGD 05, RGD 17 & RGD 13 has proved the limestone deposit up to a depth of 182.0 M, 335.0 M & 147.5 M respectively. But for the estimation of the reserves 652.0 MRL (i.e up to a depth of 50.0 M from the bottom most of the pit) is considered. Though the limestone persists below, but only few boreholes has encountered hence it is only considered up to 652.0 M MRL.

A "few" boreholes drilled by DMG and NMDC is enclosed as Annexure No. 6 and few typical logs of the same is enclosed as Plate No. 8. Since, the exploration has been carried

## FEASIBILITY REPORT ON SHANDIGUDA LIMESTONE MINE OF M/S. SAIL - VISL

out by way of core drilling in early sixties by DMG & NMDC the analysis report of the same is not available. However the grades so available with the log descriptions are enclosed as Annexure No. 7. Two face samples of Limestone analyzed by R. A. B. Laboratory are enclosed as Annexure No. 8.

**Beneficiation:** NOT APPLICABLE.

#### 2. MINING :

##### Existing Parameters of the working benches:

During the last Scheme of Mining period, it was proposed to work by mechanized means where the average height of the benches were maintained 6.0 mts and width of the benches were maintained 10.0 mts maintaining the pit slope of 31 degree.

##### Proposed parameters of the working benches:

During the last Scheme of Mining period, it was proposed to work by mechanized means where the average height of the benches were maintained 6.0 mts and width of the benches were maintained 10.0 mts maintaining the pit slope of 31 degree. The same method and mode of operation is proposed to continue in the ensuing Mining Scheme Period. This method and mode of operation is taken into account mainly by consideration of all the parameters and the geological attitudes of the ore body and mine is proposed to work with conventional opencast method of mining, in which faces are gradually advanced sideways lowering benches to win lower level ores. Mode of mining is mechanized with a bench system is adopted to work the deposit.

Based on the mode and method of mining adopted and taking into the consideration of geological parameters of the ore body and the geo-technical field observations made the cut, the mining Pit is designed such that the height is about 6.00 mts and the width is 10 mts, maintaining 31° pit slope along the footwall and the hanging wall side. These slopes are designed based on conditions of the strata and structural attitudes of both hanging wall and footwall to maintain.

The Ultimate Pit Limit so drawn on the basis of the field studies, exploration data and the updated geological mapping carried out so far in the area remains very tentative. However, based on the future exploration the defined ULTIMATE PIT LIMIT is likely to change. The said Ultimate Pit Limit is demarcated on the geological plan and enclosed as Plate No. 5.

Since there is drilling and blasting in the said mine to excavate / exploit the ore, initially, it will be drilled and blasted. Hydraulic excavators will be deployed for removal/winning excavation of the ore and loading the same in tipper trucks. For transportation of stone cumbers will be used to stock yard, sub-grade stock and even up to Factory. Since the Limestone is hard in nature the drilling and blasting will be restricted only for this hard stone. While the wastes are soft in nature the same will be removed with the help of the excavator. The soft waste will be exploited separately. The waste will be carried to the waste dump and it will be disposed off. The ore will be carried to the Steel factory for the manufacture of Iron & Steel. The roads within the pit will be maintained at 1 : 15 gradient, where ever it is not possible to maintain due to practical constraints it will be maintained at 1 : 12.

For the future development and production a systematic mine working is proposed for the next five years keeping the long benches and good width for the movement of the mining machineries and for transportation. One Motor grader / wheel loader will be continuously deployed for road maintenance for smoother operation of the mining machineries and transportation.

#### Drilling and Blasting:

Since the mining is proposed to work by mechanized and the benches are kept 6.0 mts height and the limestone is a material which is hard to very hard in nature it requires the drilling and blasting to exploit the same. On an average about 300 – 350 tonnes of material required to be drilled and blasted.

The broad blasting parameters are determined for the blasting pattern and blast design, which are as follows:

Blast hole diameter is normally 115 mm and the depth of the hole is 7.0 meters inclusive of sub grade drilling of 1.0 meters to avoid toe formation. Blasting pattern is generally staggered with border ranging from 3.0 to 3.5 meters and spacing of 3.5 to 4.0 meters. Usually single / double row of holes is blasted along free face to achieve optimum powder factor, best fragmentation and minimized adverse impacts on account of blasting. Maximum numbers of holes will be blasted at a time in a round are generally limited to 15 to 20 with normal delay increments to mitigate adverse impacts such as air blast, throw and the ground vibration. Holes are electrically detonated using electric detonators.

ANFO types of explosives are used for blasting with 20 to 24 percent proportion of prime booster cartridges and rest as column charge. About 20 kgs of explosives are loaded in

mm diameter holes and powder factor ranging between 5 to 8 tons per kgs of explosives achieved.

#### Waste Disposal:

During the scheme period, presently, the existing northwestern dump which lies within the lease area will be laterally extended by occupying an additional area of 0.750 ha. This area can accommodate about 1,70,000 tonnes of waste. The dumping will be done up to 720 MRL where the average height will be 10 M. This area is sufficient for the first two year of the ensuing scheme period. The waste generating during the next three years will be dumped over the said dump up to 730 MRL after leaving 10 – 15 M barrier from the edge of the dump.

The waste such as clay, shale and phyllite, will be dumped in the area earmarked for the purpose such that the height of the dump will not exceed 20.0 M. Initially the dumping will be done up to 720 MRL (10.0 M height) thereafter the same dump will be increased by additional height of 10.0 M (up to 730.0 MRL). terracing and pitching will be done at an interval of 10.0 M.

The waste generated during the scheme period will be dumped within the lease area, earmarked for the purpose. The land profile chosen for the dumping is plateau with minor undulation, initially it will be dumped up to 720 MRL (10.0 M height) thereafter the same dump will be increased by additional height of 10.0 M (up to 730.0 MRL), terracing and pitching will be done at an interval of 10.0 M. The build up of dumps on yearly basis is indicated in Plate No. 9 to 13. And a Cross Section showing the year wise Dump disposition is shown in Plate No. 12.

Waste generated at the mine is transported to dumping site by ten-ton capacity tipper. A wheel loader is continuously provided to level waste material unloaded by tipper trucks and spread laterally in area earmarked. Continuous movements of tipper trucks while unloading consolidate the ground. Water is regularly sprinkled in rounds over the dumps to control the blowing dust. Thus, with coining, etc tipping and consolidation dump is built up in stages.

While building up, dumps are properly graded and terraced with provision of contour drainage. Terracing is always accompanied with plantation for stabilization of terrace slopes. As far as possible, dumps are created in low-lying areas. It is always ensured that, dump height does not exceed 30.0 M or tallest growing trees of the region. Dumps are suitably protected from any environmental damages.



Below table shows the list of mining machineries deployed at this mine:

Sr. No	Equipment / Machinery	Manufacturer	No. of units	Engine HP	Capacity	Loading rate / hr.
1	Hydraulic Excavator	Komatsu E&T	1	110	0.9 Cu.M.	200 tons
2	Water Tanker	TATA	1	120	8,000 lts.	
3	Passenger Van	TATA	1	65	15 Seater	
4	Screw compressor	Ingersoll Rand	1	169	450 cfm	
5	Wheel Loader		1	210	1.8 Cu.M	200 tons
6	Drill machine	Atlas Copco	2		100-115mm	
7	Tipper	Tata	15	115	10.0 tonnes	

With efficiency (i.e. availability & utility) as specified for the 1 hydraulic excavator deployed at this mine can handle 0.288 million tonnes of material as given below:

300 working day's X 8-hrs/day X standard rate of handling 200 T/H X average efficiency 80 % X average availability 75 % X No. of units 1 = 0.288 million tonnes. As said above the maximum to be handled is 0.175 million tonnes during the second year of scheme period.

Though one loading unit is more sufficient to handle the required capacity one more wheel loader is kept for handling the waste material and also it will be used for miscellaneous work such as dump leveling and clearing of haulage roads and etc.

#### Man power requirement:

The said mine is expected to provide direct employment to about 100 people and generate indirect employment for few hundred people on commencement of mining operations. The respective distribution numbers are follows.

**Highly skilled :** 05 nos., such as technical professionals like Mines Managers, Mining Engineer, Asst. Mines Manager, Geologist and Surveyor.

**Skilled :** 10 nos., under skilled category of people includes mining foreman, mining mates, heavy earth moving machine operators, drivers, mechanics and lastly welders etc.

**Semi skilled :** 07 nos. include helpers, greaser's etc.

**Un skilled :** 05 nos. include spotters, cleaners, attendant's etc.

#### 3. ENVIRONMENT:

The EIA & EMP studies including the socio-economic impact of the mine has been completed.

#### Reclamation & Rehabilitation:

As of now there is no any plan of reclamation or rehabilitation in the form of backfilling by the soil mine, as a whole or part of the pit is going to exhaust. But however the reclamation such as plantation and environmental protective measures will be carried out.

#### Socio Economic Benefits arising out of Mining :

The company is the Public sector, as it's Corporate Social Responsibility, following activities were carried out:

#### Peripheral development under CSR activities

Sl No	Year	Activities	Remarks
1	2009-10	Family welfare development programme	
2	2010-11	Reproductive child Health	
3		Free Medical check up camp at Dodeni, Gangur, Bhadinchal, Bhadigund Villages.	
4		Note Book Distributed in the schools of Bhadigund, Bhadinchal, Gangur, Dodeni, Belagere, Byra Camp	
		Distributed furnitures of Desks, Benches and Tables to near by schools of BGD Mines	
5		New Drinking water pipe line for Gangur School	
6	2011-12	Constructed Community Hall at Bhadinchal Village.	
7		Constructed Bus shelter at Udayanegara Village.	
8		Free Eye camp for local people done by under CSR activities	
9	2012-13	Distributed 3 Nos of Computers with UPS & Printer for Near by schools (Dodeni, Bhadinchal, Gangur Villages)	
10		Books distributed for all schools near by BGD Mines	
11		Schools Bags distributed for all schools near by BGD Mines	
		Organizing free Medical check up camp on first Sunday of every month at surrounding villages of BGD Mines.	

Mining sites are generally remote and under developed. Standard of living of people in such areas is normally low, therefore due to industrial activity like mining, people residing in the nearby villages within the buffer zone are to be benefited by direct and indirect employment opportunities created by the mining activities. People are also beneficiaries for the facilities developed due to mining activity.

Lessee already provided required Medical Facility to all the employees at the mines such as first aid, regular medical checkups and finance etc., in addition lessee will also provide the medical check-up camps to the local villages, supply of drinking water, contribution of funds for social and cultural programme.

Mining activity will contribute towards economic upliftment by way of job opportunities in the region. Hence there will be an increase in population of the area. Mining activity will also boost the ancillary industries, business and market establishments. There is benefit to the state government by way of royalty and the nation earns valuable foreign exchange.

#### 4. PROCESSING / BENEFICIATION: NOT APPLICABLE

#### 5. INFRASTRUCTURE AND CONSTRUCTION:

This mine is working since from 1963, and the required infrastructural facilities are provided at the mine site such as rest center, transportation to employees, quarters and etc.. This area is well connected to the taluka and district head quarter. Bhadravathi is the Taluk head quarter is at a distance of 20.0 kms and Shimoga is the district head quarter which is at a distance of 42.00 kms from mine site. Bangalore and Mangalore is the nearest Airport which is at a distance of 250.0 and 230 kms respectively.

The drinking water will be supplied from a bore well and an open well located near by the lease / nearby village. A resident Medical Officer and dispensary will be made available for immediate medical requirement of the employees. Most of the mine employees will be provided with residential quarters near the mine site.

The water requirement for greening of roads, etc. will be met with from a bore well and an open well bore well located near by the lease / nearby village.

#### 6. COSTING: Following are parameters considered for the costing to remove one tonne of ore:

Heads	Cost in Rs
Milling	120.00
Expense towards C.S.R - per tonne	100.00
Decretion	5.00
Interest	5.00
Royalty	70.00
Mine Survey	10.00
Over head cost	10.00
Total	220.00

The above cost is a very approximate, whereas due to the market condition the above shown cost may vary accordingly.

#### 7. MARKETING:

Since they have their own steel manufacturing industry it will be consumed as domestic and captive use. Hence the marketing of the R.O.M will not arise.

#### 8. ECONOMIC VIABILITY:

Basically the material generated at this mine is used for their own captive steel manufacturing industry, the purchase cost is directly profit to the company, hence it is economically viable.

#### 9. OTHER FACTORS:

Since the lessee is professionally mining and also a public sector, and the company is in field since a few decades. Separate departments are there to look after the statutory and other provision relating to labour, mining, taxation and others.

With due emphasis on the mineral conservation, the mine will be worked systematically and scientifically. The lower grades / sub grades ore will be suitable blended and dispatched, or market will be evolved. In any case if such minerals can not be marketed it will be stacked separately at the mine site. However the lessee is having the concept of commissioning of a beneficiation plant in future the same will be beneficiated and will be marketed.

Based on the above data / description the Feasibility Axis attains F.I.

#### ECONOMIC AXIS: E.I. (ECONOMIC)

#### 1. DETAILED EXPLANATION:

The exploration, which was carried out by DMG and by NMDC was more than sufficient. Below table shows the details of exploration carried out.

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	Total	53	4,235.29	



Totally 62 boreholes were drilled, after considering the area of 57.00 Ha and retaining 40.12 ha for mining purpose, about 9 boreholes were done outside the lease area. So only 53 boreholes are considered for the reserves estimation and to establish the geological structure.

Govt. of India

A list of boreholes drilled by DMG and NMDC is enclosed as Annexure No. 6 and the typical logs of the same is enclosed as Plate No. 8. Since the exploration has been carried out by way of core drilling in early sixties by DMG & NMDC the analysis report of the same is not available. However the grades so available with the log descriptions are enclosed as Annexure No. 7. Two face samples of Limestone analyzed by N A B L Laboratory is enclosed as Annexure No. 8.

## 2. MINING REPORT / MINING PLAN / WORKING MINES :

Presently this lease is having a valid Scheme of Mining prepared for the year 03-09 to 2013 and the same was approved vide your office letter No. MS / SMG / Lst - 1.2 - 52 dated 27.06.2008 a copy of the said approval letter is enclosed as Annexure No. 2. The said Scheme of Mining is valid till 31.03.2013. Similarly a Scheme of Mining needs to be prepared for the forth coming years i.e from 2013 – 14 to 2017 – 18 for a period of five years and accordingly the said ensuing scheme has been prepared and submitting for your kind approval.

## 3. SPECIFIC END USE GRADES OF RESERVES (ABOVE ECONOMIC CUT-OFF GRADE) :

Limestone produced from this mine will be utilized for their own Steel manufacturing captive industry situated in Bhadravathy. Mainly the sub-grade mineral in this mine is the limestone which is categorized as low CaO. Though it is low CaO the CaO is ranging from 35 to 45% which is about 37.36% of the total reserves. Since the limestone generated in this mine is used for their captive steel industry situated at Bhadravathy, the low CaO will be blended proportionately along with the CaC and the same will be fed to the captive steel industry. Due to any constraints if the same can not be blended it will be stacked in the area earmarked for the purpose.

## 4. SPECIFIC KNOWLEDGE OF FOREST / NON FOREST AND OTHER LAND USE DATA:

Out of the total lease area amounting 40.21 Ha, entire area falls under Forest.



The land use as on date, till the plan period and up to conceptual period is shown in the below table:

The land use details as at present, till scheme period and Conceptual stage is shown in the below table:

Type of activity	Present	Scheme	End of the Mine's life
Area under mining	21.500	21.500	21.500
Storage for top soil	- 0.500	0.500	0.500
Overburden/ Dumps	2.000	2.750	6.500
Mineral storage / Sub-grade stock	0.500	0.500	0.500
Infrastructure (Workshops, Office)	0.500	0.500	0.500
Roads	0.750	0.750	0.750
Railways	-	-	-
Green Belts / plantation	1.800	5.800	5.800
Tailing Pond	-	-	-
Effluent Treatment Plant / factory	-	-	-
Mineral Beneficiation Plant	-	-	-
Township Areas	-	-	-
Others (to be specified): Canal	-	-	-
Area remains undisturbed.	- 12.770	8.020	0.320
<b>Total</b>	<b>40.120</b>	<b>40.120</b>	<b>40.120</b>

Thus in brief, the Conceptual Mining Plan of said mines envisages a methodical & conscientious approach to mine development.

Hence based on all the above factors the Economic Axis attains E 1.

In view of all the above said details / description, the said mine stands 1 1 1 category under U N F C classification.

**BHADRADRI LIMESTONE MINE OF MR. S. A. V. V. Bhadravathi** Date: 21/08/2012

**DETAILS OF CROPS - SECTION WISE / GRADE WISE RECOVERED RESERVES ESTIMATION AS ON 25.07.2012 - 3.2.2**

Category Class Section	Average sectional area in ha <sup>2</sup>		Storage Area Length	Volume in m <sup>3</sup>			Average Depth in m			
	Cao %			Cao %						
	+45	+35/-45	Total	+45	+35/-45	Total				
Hgh	Lw		m <sup>2</sup>	Hgh	Lw					
900 E: 1000	3,000.00	-50.1	4,797.1	100	111,000	56,21	-23,2.4	81.3	121	346
900 E: 1100	6,572.70	1,322.17	7,895.17	100	847,570	112,25	103,82	1,233.3	269	1,027
100 E: 1200	2,025.47	1,200.19	3,225.47	100	202,447	20,090	69,247	1,337	32	1,009
1100 E: 1300	1,091.58	2,113.5	3,102.18	100	199,158	101,10	90,12.3	545	1,216	1,145
1300 E: 1400	2,016.84	4,075.3	6,092.1	100	301,684	402,53	604,21	473	276	1,453
1400 E: 1500	507.80	-	431.80	100	83,634	-	93,634	213	-	213
1500 E: 1750	-	-	-	100	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total	22,815.29	2,293.5	24,408.7	100	2,45,050	1,259.85	1,47,905	5,581	3,919	8,251

The Average Figures are arrived after considering its recovery percentage.  
Young figures are rounded to one decimal.



ANNEXURE NO. 13

Dated 21/08/2012

**BHADRADRI LIMESTONE MINE OF MR. S. A. V. V. Bhadravathi** Date: 21/08/2012

**DETAILS OF CROPS - SECTION WISE / GRADE WISE RECOVERED RESERVES ESTIMATION AS ON 25.07.2012 - 3.2.2**

Category Class Section	Average sectional area in ha <sup>2</sup>		Storage Area Length	Volume in m <sup>3</sup>			Average Depth in m			
	Cao %			Cao %						
	+45	+35/-45	Total	+45	+35/-45	Total				
Hgh	Lw		m <sup>2</sup>	Hgh	Lw					
E: 1000 E: 1000	1,700.47	-	-	1,20,842	100	120,842	-	120,842	267	37
E: 1000 E: 1100	7,007.19	-	-	3,07,780	100	307,780	-	307,780	75	75
E: 1100 E: 1200	7,751.39	-	-	2,15,069	100	215,069	-	215,069	652	652
E: 1200 E: 1300	5,286.38	-	-	2,38,03	100	238,03	-	238,03	779	779
E: 1300 E: 1400	5,236.39	-	-	2,20,000	100	220,000	-	220,000	1,20	1,20
E: 1400 E: 1500	3,814.25	-	-	2,61,75	100	261,75	-	261,75	1,004	1,004
E: 1500 E: 1750	-	-	-	100	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total	19,219.13	-	-	80,319.23	100	80,319.23	-	80,319.23	4,684	-4,684

The Average Figures are arrived after considering its recovery percentage.  
Young figures are rounded to one decimal.



ANNEXURE NO. 13

Dated 21/08/2012

*Nethaji*  
KANTHARAJ K.,  
RDP/ODA/100/2010/A

*S. A. V. V. V.*  
K.T. RANACHANDRA  
RDP/BNG/010/89/A

DRAFTING LINES/AREA: M/S APL - VIML-Bhadrawali

Section Cross Section	Average section area in $m^2$		Average Waste in %	Volume in $m^3$	Average Water in %	Tonnage in MT
	Length in mts.	Width in mts.				
E-1000 E-1000	65.42	10.47	40	45	45	75.00
E-1000 E-1000	65.42	12.31	10	40	52.72	10.74
E-1000 E-1000	65.42	12.31	10	40	51.97	10.74
E-1000 E-1000	65.42	12.31	10	40	51.97	10.74
Total	65.42	42.31	10	40	12.72	10.74

Per:  
The average figure is arrived after considering the review percentage

DRAFTING LINES/AREA: M/S APL - VIML-Bhadrawali

DETAILS OF CROSS-SECTION AREA / SHARE IN AREA, VOLUME & TONNAGE CALCULATION FOR THE YEAR 10-11.					
Section	Average section area in $m^2$	Average Waste in %	Volume in $m^3$	Average Water in %	Tonnage in MT/MT
E-1000 E-1000	65.42	40	11.91	40	75.00
E-1000 E-1000	65.42	40	12.12	40	75.00
E-1000 E-1000	65.42	40	12.09	40	75.00
E-1000 E-1000	65.42	40	12.09	40	75.00
Total	201.24	12.42	12.09	40	75.00

Per:  
The average figure is arrived after considering the review percentage

DRAFTING LINES/AREA: M/S APL - VIML-Bhadrawali

DETAILS OF CROSS-SECTION AREA / SHARE IN AREA, VOLUME & TONNAGE CALCULATION FOR THE YEAR 10-11.					
Section	Average section area in $m^2$	Average Waste in %	Volume in $m^3$	Average Water in %	Tonnage in MT/MT
E-1000 E-1000	65.42	40	12.12	40	75.00
E-1000 E-1000	65.42	40	12.12	40	75.00
E-1000 E-1000	65.42	40	12.12	40	75.00
E-1000 E-1000	65.42	40	12.12	40	75.00
Total	201.24	12.42	12.12	40	75.00

Per:  
The average figure is arrived after considering the review percentage

DRAFTING LINES/AREA: M/S APL - VIML-Bhadrawali

DETAILS OF CROSS-SECTION AREA / SHARE IN AREA, VOLUME & TONNAGE CALCULATION FOR THE YEAR 10-11.					
Section	Average section area in $m^2$	Average Waste in %	Volume in $m^3$	Average Water in %	Tonnage in MT/MT
E-1000	65.42	40	11.91	40	75.00
Section	$\frac{65.42 + 35.42}{2}$	Total	$\frac{11.91 + 12.12}{2}$	Total	$\frac{75.00 + 75.00}{2}$
E-1000 E-1000	50.17	10	22.62	10	75.00
E-1000 E-1000	50.17	10	22.62	10	75.00
E-1000 E-1000	50.17	10	22.62	10	75.00
E-1000 E-1000	50.17	10	22.62	10	75.00
Total	201.24	10.45	100	10	75.00

Per:  
The average figure is arrived after considering the review percentage

DRAFTING LINES/AREA: M/S APL - VIML-Bhadrawali

DETAILS OF CROSS-SECTION AREA / SHARE IN AREA, VOLUME & TONNAGE CALCULATION FOR THE YEAR 10-11.					
Section	Average section area in $m^2$	Average Waste in %	Volume in $m^3$	Average Water in %	Tonnage in MT/MT
E-1000	65.42	40	11.91	40	75.00
Section	$\frac{65.42 + 35.42}{2}$	Total	$\frac{11.91 + 12.12}{2}$	Total	$\frac{75.00 + 75.00}{2}$
E-1000 E-1000	47.11	10	21.10	10	75.00
E-1000 E-1000	50.17	10	22.62	10	75.00
E-1000 E-1000	50.17	10	22.62	10	75.00
E-1000 E-1000	50.17	10	22.62	10	75.00
Total	262.11	50.45	100	10	75.00

Per:  
The average figure is arrived after considering the review percentage

*Kantharaj K.*  
KANTHARAJ K.  
BGP/GOA/110/260018

*Observe*  
K.T. RAMACHANDRA  
BOP/BNG/U40/AB/A

DRAFTING LINES/AREA: M/S APL - VIML-Bhadrawali

Section Cross Section	Average section area in $m^2$		Average Waste in %	Volume in $m^3$	Average Water in %	Tonnage in MT
	Length in mts.	Width in mts.				
E-1000 E-1000	65.42	10	40	45	45	75.00
E-1000 E-1000	65.42	12.31	10	40	52.72	10.74
E-1000 E-1000	65.42	12.31	10	40	51.97	10.74
E-1000 E-1000	65.42	12.31	10	40	51.97	10.74
Total	65.42	42.31	10	40	12.72	10.74

(a) Percentage figures are arrived after considering the review percentage

(b) Percentage figures are arrived after considering the review percentage

DRAFTING LINES/AREA: M/S APL - VIML-Bhadrawali

DETAILS OF CROSS-SECTION AREA / SHARE IN AREA, VOLUME & TONNAGE CALCULATION FOR THE YEAR 10-11.					
Section	Average section area in $m^2$	Average Waste in %	Volume in $m^3$	Average Water in %	Tonnage in MT/MT
E-1000 E-1000	65.42	40	11.91	40	75.00
E-1000 E-1000	65.42	40	12.12	40	75.00
E-1000 E-1000	65.42	40	12.09	40	75.00
E-1000 E-1000	65.42	40	12.09	40	75.00
Total	201.24	12.42	12.09	40	75.00

(a) Percentage figures are arrived after considering the review percentage

(b) Percentage figures are arrived after considering the review percentage

DRAFTING LINES/AREA: M/S APL - VIML-Bhadrawali

DETAILS OF CROSS-SECTION AREA / SHARE IN AREA, VOLUME & TONNAGE CALCULATION FOR THE YEAR 10-11.					
Section	Average section area in $m^2$	Average Waste in %	Volume in $m^3$	Average Water in %	Tonnage in MT/MT
E-1000 E-1000	65.42	40	12.12	40	75.00
E-1000 E-1000	65.42	40	12.12	40	75.00
E-1000 E-1000	65.42	40	12.12	40	75.00
E-1000 E-1000	65.42	40	12.12	40	75.00
Total	201.24	12.42	12.12	40	75.00

(a) Percentage figures are arrived after considering the review percentage

(b) Percentage figures are arrived after considering the review percentage

DRAFTING LINES/AREA: M/S APL - VIML-Bhadrawali

DETAILS OF CROSS-SECTION AREA / SHARE IN AREA, VOLUME & TONNAGE CALCULATION FOR THE YEAR 10-11.					
Section	Average section area in $m^2$	Average Waste in %	Volume in $m^3$	Average Water in %	Tonnage in MT/MT
E-1000	50.17	10	22.62	10	75.00
Section	$\frac{65.42 + 35.42}{2}$	Total	$\frac{11.91 + 12.12}{2}$	Total	$\frac{75.00 + 75.00}{2}$
E-1000 E-1000	50.17	10	22.62	10	75.00
E-1000 E-1000	50.17	10	22.62	10	75.00
E-1000 E-1000	50.17	10	22.62	10	75.00
E-1000 E-1000	50.17	10	22.62	10	75.00
Total	21.10	10.45	100	10	75.00

(a) Percentage figures are arrived after considering the review percentage

(b) Percentage figures are arrived after considering the review percentage

DRAFTING LINES/AREA: M/S APL - VIML-Bhadrawali

DETAILS OF CROSS-SECTION AREA / SHARE IN AREA, VOLUME & TONNAGE CALCULATION FOR THE YEAR 10-11.					
Section	Average section area in $m^2$	Average Waste in %	Volume in $m^3$	Average Water in %	Tonnage in MT/MT
E-1000	50.17	10	22.62	10	75.00
Section	$\frac{65.42 + 35.42}{2}$	Total	$\frac{11.91 + 12.12}{2}$	Total	$\frac{75.00 + 75.00}{2}$
E-1000 E-1000	47.11	10	21.10	10	75.00
E-1000 E-1000	50.17	10	22.62	10	75.00
E-1000 E-1000	50.17	10	22.62	10	75.00
E-1000 E-1000	50.17	10	22.62	10	75.00
Total	21.10	10.45	100	10	75.00

(a) Percentage figures are arrived after considering the review percentage

(b) Percentage figures are arrived after considering the review percentage

(c) Percentage figures are arrived after considering the review percentage

## BHADIGUND LIMESTONE MINE OF M/S SAIL - VISHI - BHADRAY/THY

YEAR WISE PROPOSAL FOR ITEM NO. 6 &amp; 7 OF PNCP (2013-14, FEB 2014)

ITEMS	DETAILS	PROPOSED		EXPENDITURE RS. PROPOSED	REMARKS
		AREA (HA)	QUANTITY		
A) DECLARATION AND REHABILITATION OF MINED OUT PIT AREA	(i) Backfilling (within the lease) (ii) Afforestation in the back filled area (iii) others (please specify) e.g. afforestation on escarpment borders, (iv) Erosion control (v) Seepage	NIL	NIL		
B) STABILISATION AND REHABILITATION OF DUMPS (within lease)	(i) Tarmac (ii) Construction of periphery (iii) Construction of check dam (iv) Construction of acting pond (v) Construction of drainage (vi) others - tarmac	10 13 250 9.75 1.00	- sqmtrs 100 0.5 0.5	43,300.00 103,306.00 - - 37,500.00	
C) REHABILITATION OF BARREN AREA (within lease)	(i) Afforestation - tree species (ii) others (please specify)	1.750	sqmtrs sqft	225.00	
D) ENVIRONMENTAL MONITORING (over lease) & Buffer zone separately	(i) Ambient Air Quality (ii) Noise Quality (iii) Noise level survey (iv) Ground Vibration (v) Air quality Due to mining	6 days a month Once a month Once a season as monitoring proposed NIL	in per STATE Guidelines by Environment Institute - - - - -	300,000.00 - - - - -	
	Total			957,500.00	

KANTHARAJ K.  
ROP/GOA/13/2014/RK.T.RAMACHANDRA  
ROP/BNG/040/BS/A

## BHADIGUND LIMESTONE MINE OF M/S SAIL - VISHI - BHADRAY/THY

YEAR WISE PROPOSAL FOR ITEM NO. 6 &amp; 7 OF PNCP (2013-14, FEB 2014)

ITEMS	DETAILS	PROPOSED		EXPENDITURE RS. PROPOSED	REMARKS
		AREA (HA)	QUANTITY		
A) DECLARATION AND REHABILITATION OF MINED OUT PIT AREA	(i) Backfilling (within the lease) (ii) Afforestation on the back filled area (iii) others (please specify) e.g. afforestation on escarpment borders, (iv) Erosion control (v) Seepage	NIL	NIL		
B) STABILISATION AND REHABILITATION OF DUMPS (within lease)	(i) Tarmac (ii) Construction of periphery (iii) Construction of check dam (iv) Construction of acting pond (v) Afforestation or comp (vi) others - tarmac	50000 200 0.75 1.00	50 0.75 1.00	200,000.00 - - - - 35,000.00	
C) REHABILITATION OF BARREN AREA (within lease)	(i) Afforestation - tree species (ii) others (please specify)	0.750	sqmtrs sqft	225.00	225,000.00
D) ENVIRONMENTAL MONITORING (over lease) & Buffer zone separately	(i) Ambient Air Quality (ii) Water Quality (iii) Noise Level in vicinity (iv) Ground Vibration (v) Air quality Due to mining	6 days a month Once a month Once a month as multiple proposed NIL	in per STATE Guidelines by Environment Institute Laboratory - - - - -	300,000.00 - - - - 250,000.00	
	Total			1,089,000.00	

KANTHARAJ K.  
ROP/GOA/13/2014/RK.T.RAMACHANDRA  
ROP/BNG/040/BS/A

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA  
MINISTRY OF MINERALS & ENERGY  
STATE GOVERNMENT OF GOA  
DEPARTMENT OF MINERALS & ENERGY

**PERMIT FOR EXCAVATION & TRANSPORTATION OF STONE**

EXCAVATION PERMIT NO. 17  
DATE: 10/09/2006

ITEMS	DETAILS	PROPOSED		EXISTING		REMARKS
		AREA (HA)	QUANTITY	AREA (HA)	QUANTITY	
(A) RECLAMATION AND REHABILITATION OF MINED OUT AREA	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(i) Backfilling (within the lease)</li> <li>(ii) Construction of the roads/paths</li> <li>(iii) others (please specify) e.g. afforestation or enhanced borders.</li> <li>(iv) Protection</li> <li>(v) Permits</li> <li>(vi) Fines etc.</li> </ul>	NIL	NIL			
		L	M	H		
(B) STABILISATION AND REHABILITATION OF DUMPS (within lease)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(i) Terracing</li> <li>(ii) Shoring</li> <li>(iii) Construction of pump well</li> <li>(iv) Construction of check dam</li> <li>(v) Construction of setting wall</li> <li>(vi) Afforestation</li> <li>(vii) others - mesh</li> </ul>	1,020.00	100.00	1.00	303,200.00	
		L	M	H		
(C) REHABILITATION OF BARREN AREA TANH (area)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(i) Afforestation - Non office</li> <li>(ii) others (please specify)</li> </ul>	0.200	sqft/ha	120	120,000.00	
		L	M	H		
(D) ENVIRONMENTAL MONITORING (cost of monitoring & buffering separately)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(i) Ambient Air Quality</li> <li>(ii) Water Quality</li> <li>(iii) Soils and water</li> <li>(iv) Ground Vibration</li> <li>(v) Other EIA submission</li> </ul>	8 days x month			300,000.00	as per Note Guidelines by Recognised Institutes.
		L	M	H		
		Others			250,000.00	
		L	M	H		
<b>Total</b>					<b>1,180,000.00</b>	

*[Signature]*  
KANTHARAJ K.  
RQP/GOA/130/2000/6

*[Signature]*  
K.T.RAMACHANDRA  
RQP/BNG/040/88/A

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA  
MINISTRY OF MINERALS & ENERGY  
STATE GOVERNMENT OF GOA  
DEPARTMENT OF MINERALS & ENERGY

**PERMIT FOR EXCAVATION & TRANSPORTATION OF STONE**

EXCAVATION PERMIT NO. 18  
DATE: 10/09/2006

ITEMS	DETAILS	PROPOSED		EXISTING		REMARKS
		AREA (HA)	QUANTITY	AREA (HA)	QUANTITY	
(A) RECLAMATION AND REHABILITATION OF MINED OUT AREA	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(i) Backfilling (within the lease)</li> <li>(ii) Construction of backfilled area</li> <li>(iii) others (please specify) e.g. afforestation or enhanced borders.</li> <li>(iv) Protection</li> <li>(v) Permits</li> <li>(vi) Fines etc.</li> </ul>	NIL	NIL			
		L	M	H		
(B) STABILISATION AND REHABILITATION OF DUMPS (within lease)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(i) Terracing</li> <li>(ii) Shoring</li> <li>(iii) Construction of pump well</li> <li>(iv) Construction of check dam</li> <li>(v) Construction of setting wall</li> <li>(vi) Afforestation</li> <li>(vii) others - mesh</li> </ul>	1,020.00	100.00	1.00	60,000.00	
		L	M	H		
(C) REHABILITATION OF BARREN AREA TANH (area)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(i) Afforestation - Non office</li> <li>(ii) others (please specify)</li> </ul>	1,000	sqft/ha	300	360,000.00	
		L	M	H		
(D) ENVIRONMENTAL MONITORING (cost of monitoring & buffering separately)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(i) Ambient Air Quality</li> <li>(ii) Water Quality</li> <li>(iii) Soils and water</li> <li>(iv) Ground Vibration</li> <li>(v) Other EIA submission</li> </ul>	8 days x month			300,000.00	as per Note Guidelines by Recognised Institutes.
		L	M	H		
		Others			230,000.00	
		L	M	H		
<b>Total</b>					<b>935,200.00</b>	

*[Signature]*  
KANTHARAJ K.  
RQP/BNG/130/2000/7

*[Signature]*  
K.T.RAMACHANDRA  
RQP/BNG/040/88/A

## ANNEXURE NO. 1B

BHADIGUND LIME STONE MINE OF MA. SAIL - VSL - BHADRAYATI

YEAR WISE PROPOSAL FOR ITEM NO. 6 &amp; 7, CF PMCP (2013-14 &amp; Fifth Year)



ITEMS	DETAILS	PROPOSED LOAD AREA/HA	MINIMUM LOAD CFT. HA.	REMARKS
(A) RECLAMATION AND REHABILITATION OF MINED OUT-SET AREA	(i) Backfilling (within the lease) (ii) Rehabilitation of the backfilled area (iii) other (please specify) e.g. afforestation or enhanced bonding (iv) Backfill (v) Other work	9.11	9.11	
(B) STABILISATION AND REHABILITATION OF DUMPS (within lease)	(i) Tressing (ii) Piling (iii) Construction of paper walls (iv) Construction of check dam (v) Construction of settling pond (vi) Afforestation of dunes (vii) other - trash	100 30 1 130 60 1.00 100 slopes	40,000.00 63,000.00 - - 15,000.00	
(C) REHABILITATION OF EX-LEASE AREA (within lease)	(i) Afforestation - tree plan (ii) Roads (construction)	300	explore	100,000.00
(D) ENVIRONMENTAL MONITORING (across the Buffer zone separately)	(i) Ambient Air Quality (ii) Water Quality (iii) Noise level survey (iv) Geosci. Studies and others (if any)	3 days a month Overall season Decade analysis as per the proposal	100,000.00	as per MCA Guidelines by Recognized Institution
		9.11	240,000.00	
	Total		1,520,000.00	

KANTHARAJ K.  
ROP/GOA/13D/2013/AK.T.RAMACHANDRA  
ROP/ENG/340/28/A

## ANNEXURE NO. 2D

स्टील अथोरिटी ऑफ इंडिया लिमिटेड  
STEEL AUTHORITY OF INDIA LIMITED  
विश्ववराया आयरन प्रूफ स्टील प्लान्ट  
VISHWAVARAYA IRON & STEEL PLANT



To,

The Regional Controller of Mines,  
Indian Bureau of Mines,  
679, Industrial Estate, Chikmagalur Polytechnic,  
Yelahanka Main Road - BANGALORE

Dear Sir,

Sub: Submission of Bank guarantee in respect of our Bhadigund Limestone Mine whose the M.L. No. 2000 extends over an area of 40.12 ha., situated in Bhadigund Village, Bhadravathi Taluk, Shimoga District of Karnataka State.

Ref: Email office letter No. KNT/AMGMS/Let-194-S24/919 Dated: 13/2/2013 received

With reference to the above subject, we have submitted the Scheme of Mining in respect of Bhadigund Limestone Mine, in connection with we are in receipt of the above said reference letter and requesting us to submit five bound copies of the scheme of mining for the approval. Hence in the matter we have to submit the Bank Guarantee for the approval of the same, accordingly the Bank Guarantee submitted during the last approval for an amount of Rs. Nine Lakh Twenty Eight Thousand only (Rs.9,28,000/-) has been increased up to 31/03/2013

We are herewith enclosing one PMCP plan for your reference. Kindly acknowledge the same. Which is required to enclose along with the five copies of the Scheme of Mining.

STALE DATE - 31/03/2013  
STA (Chairman)

Received  
20/3/13

For Steel Authority of India Limited  
Vishwavaraya Iron and Steel Plant

*[Signature]*  
Deputy General Manager (Mines & Raw Materials)

DEPARTMENT  
Indian Bureau of Mines  
No. 70, 2nd Stage  
Industrial Estate, Chikmagalur Polytechnic,  
Yelahanka Main Road - Bangalore - 560 024

Regd. Office - 377/301, Chaitanya, Gurugram - H-11, Sector-37, Gurgaon, Pin - 122001, Tel. +91-120-271450, +91-62-32237792, E-mail - [mba@ibm.gov.in](mailto:mba@ibm.gov.in), [mba@ibm.gov.in](mailto:mba@ibm.gov.in)  
Chennai - 677 021, Ramkumar, Phiroze Jeejeebhoy Marg, 24/1612, 2/F/1644, Tel. +91-44-2222745, E-mail - [mba@ibm.gov.in](mailto:mba@ibm.gov.in)

"There's a rule of S.A.I. in everybody's life."

*[Signature]*  
K.T.RAMACHANDRA  
ROP/ENG/340/28/A

STATE BANK OF MYSORE  
BHADRAVATHI BRANCH

Form No:

The Regional Controller of Mines  
Indian Bureau of Mines  
Bangalore, Karnataka.

Dear Sir,

Guarantee No : 40134/11/2012-13

Amount of Guarantee Rs. 9.28,000/-

Guarantee period from: 16/03/2013 to 16/03/2018

Last date for lodgment of claim 15/03/2018

This deed of Guarantee executed on 15<sup>th</sup> Day of March 2013 by State Bank of Mysore, an Associate of State Bank Of India, constituted under the State Bank of India Subsidiary Bank Act 1959 having its Head Office at Kempagowda Road, Bangalore and amongst other places, a branch at Bhadravathi (hereinafter referred to as "the Lender") in favour of the Regional Controller of Mines, Indian Bureau of Mines, Bangalore, Karnataka (hereinafter referred to as "the Beneficiary") for an amount not exceeding Rs. 9,28,000/- (Rupees Nine lakhs, twenty eight thousand only) at the request of Ms. Steel Authority of India Limited, Visvesvaraya Iron & Steel Plant, Bhadravathi (hereinafter referred to as "the Contractor").

This guarantee is issued subject to the condition that the liability of the bank under this guarantee is limited to maximum of Rs. 9,28,000/- (Rupees Nine lakhs, twenty eight thousand only) and the guarantee shall remain in full force up to 15/03/2018 (date of expiry) and cannot be revoked on or before 15/03/2018 (last date of claim) by the Regional Controller of Mines, Indian Bureau of Mines, Bangalore, Karnataka, in writing.

Subject to as aforesaid  
(Main guarantee 'noter' may be typed hereafter)

For STATE BANK OF MYSORE  
*[Signature]*  
BRANCH MANAGER  
BHADRAVATHI BRANCH

KESHARJI HIRAMONI MUSIGHE  
*[Signature]*  
Branch Manager  
BHADRAVATHI  
(Bhadravathi Branch)



INDIA NON JUDICIAL  
Government of Karnataka

e-Stamp



Certificate No.: IN-KA557984/12536126L  
Certificate Issued Date: 15-Mar-2013 12:29 PM  
Account Reference: NCNACC (FII) Asha/0E/BHADRAVATHI-RA-SM  
Unique Doc. Reference: QUBIN-KAKAKDFCL00779480014-2554L  
Purchased by: SAIL VISL BDVT  
Descriptor of Document: Article 12 Bond  
Descriptor: AGREEMENT  
Consideration Price (Rs.): 0  
(Zero)  
First Party: SAIL VISL BDVT  
Second Party: ROOM ITEM BANGALORE  
Stamp Duty Paid By: SAIL VISL BDVT  
Stamp Duty Amount(Rs.): 200  
(Two Hundred only)



Please write or type below this line

BANK GUARANTEE NO 40134/11/2012-13

BANK GUARANTEE AND CO-ACCEPTANCE BOND

- Agreement on production of a Bank Guarantee of Re. 9,28,000/- (Rupees Nine lakhs, twenty eight thousand only), under Rule 23 F of M.C.R. 1956.

For STATE BANK OF MYSORE

*[Signature]*  
DRAVINI NARASIMHA  
BHADRAVATHI BHADRAVATHI  
Branch Manager

For STATE BANK OF MYSORE

*[Signature]*  
DRAVINI NARASIMHA  
BHADRAVATHI BHADRAVATHI  
Branch Manager  
The execution of the Bank Guarantee can be verified by visiting [www.mca212.gov.in](http://www.mca212.gov.in) and entering the document number mentioned above.



2. We, State Bank of Mysore, Bhadravathi, Karnataka, at the request of Mr. Gopal, Authority of India Limited - Visvesvaraya Iron and Steel Plant, Bhadravathi, do hereby undertake to pay to the Regional Controller of Mines, Indian Bureau of Mines, Bangalore, Karnataka, or any other officer authorized by the Controller General, Indian Bureau of Mines, an amount not exceeding Rs. 9.28,000/- (Rupees Nine lakhs, twenty eight thousand only) against any loss or damage caused by the Government or to any person by reason of breach of any of the terms or conditions contained in the Mining Lease / Progressive Mine Closure Plan / Progressive Mine Closure Plan approved in respect of the mining lease for limestone over an area of 40.17 Hectares granted by State Government to Mr. Steel Authority of India Limited - Visvesvaraya Iron and Steel Plant, Bhadravathi situated in Survey No 1, in Ehdigudde village, Bhadravathi Taluk of Shimoga District, Karnataka State, by reason of any breach of the said lessee of any of the terms or conditions contained in the Mining Closure Plan / Progressive Mine Closure Plan.

3. We, State Bank of Mysore, Bhadravathi, do hereby undertake to pay the amount due and payable under this guarantee without any demand, to the authority merely on a demand from the Regional Controller of Mines, Indian Bureau of Mines, Bangalore, Karnataka, or any other authorized by the Controller General, Indian Bureau of Mines, stating that the amount claimed is due by way of loss or cost of damage caused to or would be caused to or suffered by the Government by reason of breach by the said lessee of any of the terms or conditions contained in the Mining plan / Mining scheme or by reason of Lessee's failure to perform the said Mine Closure Plan / Progressive Mine Closure Plan any such demand made on the bank under this guarantee. However our liability under this guarantee shall be restricted to an amount not exceeding Rs. 9.28,000/- (Rupees Nine lakhs, twenty eight thousand only).

4. We undertake to pay to the authority on a demand from the Regional Controller of Mines, Indian Bureau of Mines, Bangalore, Karnataka, or any other officer authorized by the Controller General, Indian Bureau of Mines or Government of India any money so demanded notwithstanding any dispute or disputes raised by the Lessee in any suit or proceeding pending before any Court or Tribunal relating thereto our liability under this present being absolute and irrevocable.

The payment so made by us under this bond shall be valid discharge of our liability for payment hereunder and Lessee shall have no claim against us for making such payment.

For STATE BANK OF MYSORE  
S/ MR. MANOHAR  
MANAGER, BHADRAVATHI

For STATE BANK OF MYSORE  
S/ MR. MANOHAR  
MANAGER, BHADRAVATHI

5. We, State bank of Mysore, Bhadravathi, further agree that the guarantee herein contained shall remain in full force and effect during the period up to the end of the Mining Plan / Scheme of Mining period of five years that would be given by the Government of India. Performance of the said Agreement shall that shall continue to be enforceable until the date of the Government under or by virtue of the said agreement have been fully paid and its claims satisfied or discharged. If Regional Controller of Mines, Indian Bureau of Mines, Bangalore, Karnataka, or any other officer authorized by the Controller General, Indian Bureau of Mines certifies that terms and conditions of the said Progressive Mine Closure Plan / Mine closure plan have been fully and properly carried out by the said Lessee and accordingly discharge this guarantee. Unless an demand or claim under this guarantee is made on us in writing or or before 15/03/2018, we shall be discharged from all liability under this guarantee thereafter.

6. We, State Bank of Mysore, Bhadravathi, further agree that the Regional Controller of Mines, Indian Bureau of Mines, Bangalore, Karnataka, or any other officer authorized by the Controller General, Indian Bureau of Mines shall have fullest liberty without our consent and without affecting in any manner our obligations hereunder to vary any of the terms and conditions of the said Agreement or to extend time of performance by the said Lessee from time to time or to postpone for any time or from time to time any powers exercised by the Regional Controller of Mines, Indian Bureau of Mines, Bangalore, Karnataka, again the said Lessee and to forbear or enforce any of the terms and conditions relating to the said Agreement, we, State Bank of Mysore, Bhadravathi, shall not be relieved from our liability by reason of any such variation, or excision being granted to the said Lessee or for any forbearance, act or omission on the part of the Regional Controller of Mines, Indian Bureau of Mines, Bangalore, Karnataka or any indulgence by the Regional Controller of Mines, Indian Bureau of Mines, Bangalore, Karnataka, to the said Lessee or any manner of thing whatsoever which under the law relating to sureties would give this provision no effect as relating to us.

7. This guarantee will not be discharged due to the change in the constitution of the Bank or the assets.

8. We, State Bank of Mysore, Bhadravathi, hereby undertake not to revoke this guarantee during its currency except with the previous consent of the Regional Controller of Mines, Indian Bureau of Mines, Bangalore, Karnataka, in writing.

For STATE BANK OF MYSORE  
S/ MR. MANOHAR  
MANAGER, BHADRAVATHI

For STATE BANK OF MYSORE  
S/ MR. MANOHAR  
MANAGER, BHADRAVATHI

5. Notwithstanding anything contained herein :

- a) Our liability under this Bank Guarantee shall not exceed Rs. 920,000/- (Rupees Nine lakhs, twenty eight thousand only).
- b) The Bank Guarantee shall be Valid upto 15/03/2016.
- c) The period of bank guarantee submitted is valid for the period of the processes given in the mining purgesscheme of mining / PMLF etc. We are liable to pay the guarantee amount or any part thereof under this bank guarantee and only if served upon us a written claim or demand on or before 15/03/2016.

10. If the bank guarantee is to be encashed through the court, in that case the Bangalore court will have jurisdiction.

11. It witness whereof, the Bank through its authorized officer has set its hand and stamp on this 15<sup>th</sup> day of March 2013.

For STATE BANK OF MYSORE  
*[Signature]*  
BRANCH MANAGER  
MAIN BRANCH, BHADRAVATHI

For STATE BANK OF MYSORE  
*[Signature]*  
S Branch Manager  
MAIN BRANCH, B.M.B.N.S.W.T.H.I  
(Bhadraavathi Branch)

