OFFICE OF
PRINCIPAL CHIEF CONSERVATOR OF FORESTS, HARYANA
VAN BHAWAN, C-18, SECTOR-6, PANCHKULA
HARYANA
Tel: +91 172 2563988, Fax: +91 172 2583158, E-mail: effcpanchkula@gmail.com

No: D-III-55/6/26.37
Date: 10/9/90/3

To

H. C. Chaudhary
Assistant Inspector General of Forests (FC)
Ministry of Environment of Forests
Government of India
New Delhi

Sub: Diversion of 48.486+98.75+29.609=176.845 ha. of forest land in favour of Project Director, NHAI, PIU, Chandigarh for 4/6 laning of Panchkula-Barnala-Saha-Yamuna Nagar road including construction of bypass (NH-73) upto Haryana/ U.P. Border, under Forest Division and District Yamuna Nagar, Ambala and Morni-Pinjore/Panchkula, Haryana.

Ref.: Your letter No. F.No. 8-47/2013-FC dated 25.08.2013

Kindly refer to your above mentioned letter. On the subject, it is informed that (i) the proposal for declaration of eco-sensitive zone around the Sanctuary has been submitted to the Government of India, Ministry of Environment and Forests vide this office letter No. 501 dated 20.05.2013. However, the notification is yet to be issued. The proposed eco-sensitive zone around the sanctuary in the proposal ranges from 0 to 925 meter from its boundary (copy enclosed).

(ii) A revised proposal for diversion of forest land for 4/6 laning of above said road has been submitted to you vide this office letter No. D-III-55/6/2534 dated 03.09.2013. In this revised proposal, the forest land proposed to be diverted does not fall within eco-sensitive zone of the Khol-Hai-Raitan Wildlife Sanctuary. It is once again mentioned here that the stretch of road from Km. 175.300 to 179.249 falls within the said Sanctuary. The eco-sensitive zone of 10 Km from the boundary of the Sanctuary, therefore, extends up to Km. 165.300 of the road towards Ambala/Yamuna Nagar and similarly, 10 Km. from Km. 179.249 on other side. In the original proposal, diversion of forest land was proposed from Km. 152.200 to 175.300. In the revised proposal, the forest land to be diverted has been proposed form Km. 152.200 to Km. 160.240 of the road and therefore eco-sensitive zone of 10 Km. has been excluded in the proposal.

This is for your information and necessary action.

Encl. as above

Principal Chief Conservator of Forests
Haryana, Panchkula

Endst. No.: Date.

A copy along is forwarded to the following for information and necessary action:
1. Addl. Chief Secretary to Govt. of Haryana, Forest Department.

Principal Chief Conservator of Forests
Haryana, Panchkula
विषयः Diversion of 48.486+98.75+29.609=176.845 ha. of forest land in favour of Project Director, NHAI, PIU, Chandigarh for 4/6 laying of Panchkula-Barwala-Saha-Yamuna Nagar road including construction of bypasses (NH 73) upto Haryana/U.P. border, under forest division and District Yamuna Nagar, Ambala and, Morni-Pirjore/Panchkula, Haryana – Revised Proposal for Panchkula District.

संदर्भः अतिरिक्त विशेष विश्वास, हरियाणा सरकार, वन विभाग, का वन कर्मकांड 2618-व-2-2013/8574, दिनांक 3-6-2013 (आपको समझते) तथा एफ.एफ.सी. की समा दिनांक 13-8-2013

विष्योल्य प्रस्ताव में दिनांक 13-8-2013 को हुई एफ.एफ.सी. की समा में हुए विचारविवाह के अनुसार परियोजना निदेषक, भारतीय राष्ट्रीय राजमार्ग प्रशासन, परियोजना कार्यान्वयन, चंडीगढ़ ने मोरनी–पिरजोर वन मण्डल, जिला पंचकुला के अंतर्गत एनएच73 को चौड़ा करने के समक्ष में संबंधित प्रस्ताव प्रस्तुत किया है। मोरनी–पिरजोर वन मण्डल, जिला पंचकुला के अंतर्गत एनएच73 के किमी 152.200 से 179.249 तक क्षेत्र आता है। इसमें सड़क के किमी 160.240 से 175.300 तक का क्षेत्र Eco-sensitive zone के अंतर्गत है। किमी 175.300 से 179.249 तक का क्षेत्र बाय प्रानी विवाह के अंतर्गत आता है जिसके लिए मोरनी अंक तथा कार्यालय में है। क्योंकि संस्थान केंद्र पंचकुला जिला के प्रभावित वन क्षेत्र में हुआ है जो कि अब 29.669 हैं 60 की ज्यादा 3.968 हैं रह गया है। इसलिए युगान्तगर्भ व अन्याय जिला का प्रभावित वन क्षेत्र वाचवन है। इस प्रकार अब यमुनानगर, अमृतगर्भ व पंचकुला का कुल क्षेत्र कम है 48.486+98.75+3.968=151.204 है बनाता है।

अब संबंधित प्रस्ताव में मोरनी–पिरजोर वन मण्डल (जिला पंचकुला) के अंतर्गत किमी 152.200 से 160.204 तक ही सड़क को चौड़ा किया जाना प्रस्तावित है जिसमें 3.968 हैं वन क्षेत्र प्रभावित होगा। इस प्रभावित वन क्षेत्र में अब 1054 वृक्ष बाधक हैं जो काटते जाने हैं। यह अब क्यों प्रतिबन्धित वन प्रानी क्षेत्र में नहीं आता है।

वन मण्डल अधिकारी, मोरनी–पिरजोर द्वारा लेख की गई संबंधित प्रतिप्रमाण स्क्रीन के अनुसार 4312422/– रूपये प्रतिवर्षीय प्रायोगिक वर्तना, 820404/— रूपये बाधक बृक्ष का कपड़ा खर्च व 3519616/— रूपये एफ.एफ.सी. अवधिय कूल 8652442/— रूपये की सस्ती मात्र सरकार की स्वीकृति उपरांत प्रस्ताव प्रस्तुत की गई।

अतः संबंधित प्रस्ताव से संबंधित पार्ट-1, पार्ट-2, ले आउट प्रान्त, सर्वेक्षण, वेरिनेट, चैक लिस्ट नं 6, चैक लिस्ट नं 7, बाधक बृक्ष के सारेंगे। इस प्रतिप्रमाण स्क्रीन की की एक-एक प्रति संबंध ग्रस्त है।

कृपया एनएच73 के मूल प्रस्ताव में मोरनी–पिरजोर वन मण्डल, जिला पंचकुला के भेजे गए प्रस्ताव के स्थान पर यह संबंधित प्रस्ताव शामिल करते हुए आगामी कार्यवाही करने का कार्य करे।

संलग्न /उपप्रेषित

पूर्णांक प्रशा–डी–तीन–5516/2534-37 दिनांक 3-9-15

एकः प्रति:

1. अतिरिक्त मुख्य सचिव, हरियाणा सरकार, वन विभाग।
2. अपर अधिकारी मुख्य वन सचिव (केंद्रीय), भारत सरकार, पर्यावरण एवं वन मन्त्रालय, उत्तर क्षेत्रीय कार्यालय, चंडीगढ़।
3. अधिकारी–पिरजोर वन मण्डल, जिला पंचकुला।
Forest Department, Government of Haryana
Office of Principal Chief conservator of Forests, Haryana

To
Sh. Satish C. Garkoti,
Director,
Ministry of Environment and Forests, (RE Division)
Paryavaran Bhawan, C.G.O. Complex, Lodhi Road,
New Delhi – 110003.

Sub: Notification on Kalesar Wildlife Sanctuary, Kalesar National Park,
Abubshaher Wildlife Sanctuary, Bir Shikargah Wildlife Sanctuary,
Chhilchhila Wildlife Sanctuary, Khaparwas Wildlife Sanctuary, Khol Hi
Raitan Wildlife Sanctuary, Nahar Wildlife Sanctuary, Bhindawas Wildlife
Sanctuary around the Protected Areas in the State of Haryana-regarding.

Ref: Your letter No. 31/1/2008-ESZ (RE) dated 31-01-2013.

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Kindly refer to this office letter No. 706 dated 13-01-2013.

The proposals of Eco-Sensitive Zones around National Park and Wildlife
sanctuaries sent by above referred letter were examined afresh keeping in view the site specific
conditions & other requirements and following the guidelines dated 09-02-2011 issued by the
Ministry on the subject.

Now the fresh proposals are being submitted based on the observations issued by
the Wildlife Division of the Ministry. It is further mentioned that the nearest natural or manmade
features existing near the Eco-Sensitive Zones have been indicated in Kalesar National Park,
Kalesar Wildlife Sanctuary, Bir Shikargah Wildlife Sanctuary and Khol-Hi-Raitan Wildlife
Sanctuary. In case of Chhilchhila Wildlife Sanctuary, Khaparwas Wildlife Sanctuary, Bhindawas
Wildlife Sanctuary, Abubshaher Wildlife Sanctuary and Nahar Wildlife Sanctuary, neither
natural / manmade features of administrative boundaries like village boundary or district survey
numbers are nor existing which can be indicated. When indicating the Eco-Sensitive Zones around
National Park/Wildlife Sanctuary demarcation will be done indicating the boundary pillars.

Therefore, it is requested to issue final notification of Eco-Sensitive Zones.

Encl. As above

Principal Chief Conservator of Forests,
Haryana, Panchkula.

A copy is forwarded to
APCCP(Wildlife)-cum-CWL.W. Haryana, Panchkula for
information and necessary action.

Principal Chief Conservator of Forests
Haryana, Panchkula.
MINISTRY OF ENVIRONMENT AND FORESTS
NOTIFICATION

New Delhi, the 2013

WHEREAS, the Khol Hi Raitan Wildlife Sanctuary of 4883 hectare is located in Shiwalik hill system which is very near to Bir Shikargah Wildlife Sanctuary and the aerial distance between the two is about three kilometers. Khol Hai Raitan has steep sloping hills and the soil of this sanctuary is also sandy loam and has red color because of more iron content;

AND WHEREAS, Khol Hi Raitan Wildlife Sanctuary is important and known for its fauna, leopard on the top of hierarchy, other animals are Cheetal or Spotted Deer, Sambar, Wild Boar, Rhesus Monkey, Langur, Hyaena, Jungle Cat, Common Mongoose, Indian Fox, Jackal, Porcupine, etc.;

AND WHEREAS, it is necessary to conserve and protect the area from 0 to 925 meters from the boundary of the protected area of Khol Hi Raitan Wildlife Sanctuary, Eco-sensitive Zone from zoological and environmental point of view;

AND WHEREAS, a draft notification under sub-section (1) read with clause (v) and clause (xiv) of sub-section (2) of section 3 of the Environment (Protection) Act, 1986 (29 of 1986) was published in the Gazette of India, Extraordinary, vide notification of the Government of India in the Ministry of Environment and Forests number S.O. 1770 (E) dated the 28th July, 2011, as required under sub-rule (3) of rule 5 of the Environment (Protection) Rules, 1986, inviting objections and suggestions from all persons likely to be affected thereby within a period of sixty days from the date on which copies of the Gazette containing the said notification were made available to the public;

AND WHEREAS, copies of the Gazette containing the said notification were made available to the public on the 30th July, 2011;

AND WHEREAS, all objections and suggestions received in response to the draft notification have been duly considered by the Central Government;

NOW, THEREFORE, in exercise of the powers conferred by sub-section (1) read with clause (v) and clause (xiv) of sub-section (2) of section 3 of the Environment (Protection) Act, 1986 (29 of 1986) and sub-rule (3) of rule 5 of the Environment (Protection) Rules, 1986, the Central Government hereby notifies the area from 0 to 925 meters from the boundary of the protected area of Khol Hi Raitan Wildlife Sanctuary enclosed within the boundary described below in the State of Haryana as “Eco Sensitive Zone” (hereinafter called as the Eco-Sensitive Zone).
Boundaries of Eco-Sensitive Zone

The said Eco-Sensitive Zone comprises the area from 0 to 925 meters from the boundary of the protected area of Khol Hi Raitan Wildlife Sanctuary situated in the Panchkula District of Haryana between 30° 40'09" to 30° 44'28" North latitude and between 76° 52'48" to 77° 00'34" East longitude.

(i) Starting from Ghaggar River side at Gunthala village in East upto Ghaggar bridge in Chandimandir Thapli Road. Than follow the both to Burj village to Ambwala village via Kotian upto the river bridge of Kolsu river on Chandimandir-Thapli road up to Chandimanderpur turn to south side or the road going to Mandhna. Than passes through the road from Panditwala Bas, Gabla Bas, Sisram to Kadyani and merged in the Dudhgarh Nadi at Firozpur village. The boundary of Eco-Sensitive Zones would be 20 mtrs. away from the Road-berm along the road on the internal side of the Eco-Sensitive Zones boundary.

(ii) The map of Eco-sensitive Zone is at Annexure-1 and the list of villages falling within 0 to 925 meters distance of the boundary of Khol Hi Raitan Wildlife Sanctuary in the Eco-sensitive Zone is appended as Annexure-II.

(iv) The total area falling under the Eco-Sensitive Zone works out to 1320 hectares approximately.

(v) All activities in the Eco-sensitive Zone would be in accordance with the provisions of the Indian Forest Act 1927, Wild Life (Protection) Act, 1972 (53 of 1972), Forest Conservation Act, 1980, the scheduled tribes and other traditional Forest Dwellers (Recognition of Forest Rights) Act, 2006.

2. Zonal Master Plan for the Eco-sensitive Zone-

(i) A Zonal master plan for the Eco-Sensitive Zone shall be prepared by the State Government within a period of one year from the date of publication of this notification in the Official Gazette and submitted for approval to the Central Government in the Ministry of Environment and Forests, Government of India.

(ii) The Zonal Master Plan shall be prepared with due involvement of all concerned State Departments, such as Environment, Forest, Town & Country Planning, Urban Local Bodies, Mines & Geology, Tourism, Irrigation, PWD (B&R) and Revenue Department and the Haryana State Pollution Control Board for integrating environmental and ecological considerations into it. The Zonal Master plan shall provide for restoration of denuded area, conservation of existing water bodies, management of catchment areas, watershed
management, groundwater management, soil and moisture conservation, needs of local community and such other aspects of the ecology and environment that need attention. The Zonal Master Plan may be prepared taking into consideration the already approved development plans of the Central/State Governments.

The Zonal Master Plan shall demarcate all the existing village settlements, types and kinds of forests, agricultural areas, fertile lands, green areas, horticultural area, orchards, lakes and other water bodies. Limited change of land use from green uses such as orchards, horticulture area, agriculture parks and others to non green uses shall be permitted in the Zonal Master Plan by the State Government subject to the condition that such limited conversion of agricultural lands is considered necessary for meeting the genuine and bonafide needs of increasing population of the local residents.

The Zonal Master Plan shall be a reference document for the State Level Monitoring Committee for any decision to be taken in this behalf including consideration for relaxations.

The Zonal Master Plan shall indicate measures and lay down stipulations for regulation of traffic.

Pending the preparation of the Zonal Master Plan for Eco-sensitive Zone and approval thereof by the Ministry of Environment and Forest, all new construction shall be allowed only after the proposals are scrutinized and approved by the Monitoring Committee as referred to in paragraph 4. There shall be minimal reduction in forest areas, green areas and agricultural areas.

The State Government may prescribe additional measures, if necessary, in furtherance of the objectives and for giving effect to the provisions of this notification.

**Prohibited/Regulated/Permitted activities in Eco-Sensitive Zone:**

All activities in the Eco Sensitive Zone shall be governed by the provision of the Wild Life (Protection) Act, 1972 (53 of 1972), the Forest (Conservation) Act, 1980 (69 of 1980) and the Environment (Protection) Act, 1986 (29 of 1986) and the guidelines dated 09.02.2011 issued by the MoE&F in this behalf. Subject to the provision of this paragraph, the activities in the Eco Sensitive Zone shall be regulated in accordance with the provisions contained in Annexure-III appended to this notification.
4. Monitoring Committee:

(1) Under the provisions of sub-section (3) of section 3 of the Environment (Protection) Act, 1986 (29 of 1986), the Central Government hereby constitutes a committee to be called the Monitoring Committee to monitor the compliance with the provisions of this notification.

(2) The Monitoring Committee shall consist of the chairman and not more than ten members. The constitution of the Monitoring Committee shall be as under:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Sr. No.</th>
<th>Particulars</th>
<th>Designation</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>i)</td>
<td>Deputy Commissioner, Panchkula</td>
<td>Ex-officio Chairperson</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ii)</td>
<td>Additional Deputy Commissioner, Panchkula</td>
<td>Member</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>iii)</td>
<td>A representative of the Ministry of Environment &amp; Forests, Govt of India</td>
<td>Member</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>iv)</td>
<td>One representative of a NGO working in the field of environment (including heritage conservation) to be nominated by the MoE&amp;F, Government of India</td>
<td>Member</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>v)</td>
<td>An Elected Sarpanch of any one of the included villages to be nominated by the Deputy Commissioner, Panchkula</td>
<td>Member</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>vi)</td>
<td>Regional Officer, Haryana State Pollution Control Board, Panchkula</td>
<td>Member</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>vii)</td>
<td>District Town Planner, Panchkula</td>
<td>Member</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>viii)</td>
<td>Deputy Conservator Forests (Territorial) Panchkula</td>
<td>Member Secretary</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ix)</td>
<td>Divisional Wildlife Officer, Panchkula</td>
<td>Member</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

(3) The powers and functions of the Monitoring Committee shall be restricted to compliance of the provisions of this notification only.

(4) In case of activities requiring prior permission or environmental clearance, such activities shall be referred to the State Level Environment Impact Assessment Authority (SEIAA) which shall be the competent Authority for grant of such clearance as per the provisions of the Environmental Impact Assessment Notification, dated 14th September 2006 as amended from time to time.

(5) The Monitoring Committee may also invite representatives or experts from concerned Departments or Associations to assist in its deliberations depending on the requirements on issue to issue basis.
(6) The Chairman or the Member Secretary of Monitoring Committee shall be competent to file complaints under section 19 of the Environment (Protection) Act, 1986 for non-compliance of the provisions of this notification.

(7) The Monitoring Committee shall submit its annual action taken reports by the 31st March of every year to the Ministry of Environment and Forests and the Central Government in Ministry of Environment and Forests shall give directions to the Monitoring Committee from time to time for effective discharge of the functions of the Monitoring Committee.